THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY.....JULY 13, 1880.

THE San Francisco office of the Daily RECORD-UNION and WEEKLY UNION is at 208 Montgomery street.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

In New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 103 for 4s of 1907; 103½ for 5s of 1881; 109⅝ for 4½s; sterling, $4 84@4 86; silver bars, 114½; silver coin, ¼ discount buying, par selling.

Silver in London yesterday, 52½d; consols, 98 7-16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, 105¾; 4s 110½; 4½s, 112¾.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at par; Mexican dollars, 92 buying, 92½ selling.

At Liverpool yesterday wheat was quoted at 9s 6d@9s for good to choice California.

Mining stocks opened very flat in San Francisco yesterday. A variation of 5 cents in this stock and 10 cents in that is about all there is to the market at present. A change of $1 per share is a rarity.

Harvey Mortier was sentenced at Ukiah yesterday to be hanged August 20th.

Hammerland, who killed his wife and her paramour last fall, was sentenced at Ukiah yesterday to eleven years' imprisonment.

A. C. James has been found guilty at Salinas of manslaughter.

The organization of the Arizona Central Railroad Company was completed at Phœnix yesterday.

A portion of Waterloo, Ia., was suddenly flooded Sunday, the water doing great damage to property and drowning two boys and a girl.

Crops have been seriously injured in Wisconsin and Michigan by storms.

Fire at Michigan, Ind.; also at New York.

For the past four days at Chicago the thermometer has registered daily over 90°.

Mrs. Brown has been convicted of murder in the first degree at Indianapolis, for killing her husband.

The President has commissioned John B. Neil of Salt Lake City, as Governor of Idaho Territory.

S. P. Bowles, ex-County Engineer, convicted of forgery, was yesterday sentenced at Cincinnati to ten years' imprisonment.

The New York Orangemen observed the 12th of July yesterday by an excursion up the Hudson.

The Leopard Company's quartz mill, near Cornucopia, Nev., was destroyed by fire Sunday night.

Two boys, aged 12 and 11 years, were found murdered in Mendocino county Sunday—one shot through the heart and the other through the head.

Paris is filling up with visitors to attend the national fête, which opens Wednesday.

General Hartranft yesterday took the oath of office as Collector of the Port at Philadelphia.

Orange Judd of the New York *American Agriculturist*, has been appointed a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners.

Pierre Paul de Pommagroc, the French painter, is dead.

Rumors are afloat in London of the contemplated abdication of the Czar.

Forty persons were drowned on the river Dnieper, in Russia.

The carpenters of Denver, Colorado, have struck for an increase in wages.

The full text of General Garfield's letter of acceptance of the Republican nomination for the Presidency will be found in this morning's RECORD-UNION.

Secretary Schurz is to take an active part in the canvass in Indiana.

On Lake Winnebago a woman clung to the bottom of a capsized boat twenty-four hours with a 15-year-old boy lashed to her back.

THREATENING ALREADY.

General Preston made a speech at Louisville after the Democratic nominations had been made, and in the course of it he took a line which is certainly quite natural to a Southern Democrat, but which is hardly compatible with the "truly loyal" attitude the Northern Democracy are just now endeavoring to assume. He congratulated his audience upon the fact that Hancock was a soldier, saying, "They talk to me of "pacific candidates, but I have been so "long under pacific leaders that I want a "little powder and ball now. Even if it "comes from the other side again, let us "have it." He then declared that it was necessary to take a bold, aggressive stand, and to "tell every Republican that if they "ever attempt to steal another electoral "vote from you you will kill him wher-"ever he stands. Tell them, to the devil "with their bonds, but that you propose "that another electoral vote shall never be "stolen from you again." He said further: "If you will only keep up the old Demo-"cratic flag, and elect Hancock, I "pledge you my life and fortune "that no man will dare to take the "Presidency from his grasp. They "may have taken it from the old and "kindly hand of Tilden, but, before God, "I would as soon seek to take the meat "from under the paw of a hungry tiger as "to let the visiting statesmen steal Han-"cock's victory." This is "Erceles' vein." General Preston no doubt suits his talk to his latitude, however. He knows that his Southern audience are not pacific, and that they regard Hancock's nomination as a possible means of reversing the verdict of the war. At the very outset of the campaign they are told that it may be necessary to fight for the Presidency, and meantime the population of the South is being carefully increased in order to manufacture majorities sufficient to solidify everything. This is not the first time that Northern and Southern Democratic talk has disagreed, but it is specially desirable this year that the Northern Democrats should not be embarrassed by their fire-eating Southern friends, since it behooves them to play out their new role of loyal and patriotic citizens, who always favored the Union cause, and who have always been yearning for a Union General as their candidate.

WHAT GENERAL DEVENS THINKS.

Attorney-General Devens "believes that "it is the determination of the Democratic "leaders at the South not to permit the "Republicans to organize nor to conduct "an active campaign in any of the States "of the South except Virginia." He states that it will be impossible for the Government to appoint any election officers in the South, for that notice has already been given that whoever accepts such positions will do so at the risk of his life. His information satisfies him that thorough preparations have been and are being made to carry the South solid on the shotgun plan, and that the Government, being powerless to prevent this, must stand by with folded hands and witness the process of Mexicanization. The Democrats knew what they were doing when they cut down the army, as a matter of course. They have been clearing the ground for this campaign during the past four years. The South will no doubt be carried by the shotgun if it is carried at all, and there remains only one remedy, namely the active Republican campaign in that region which we have already shown the need of. The Southern bulldozers can suppress the Republican vote there. They can abuse the negroes. They can prevent free speech. But what they cannot do is to keep the knowledge of their outrages from the Northern people, and therefore what the Republicans should do is to force them to show their hand. Northern speakers must go down to the South and call meetings. Then let the bulldozers come out and break them up. The exposure of their policy is the one thing which they cannot withstand, and it is precisely the one thing which will destroy the Democracy if it is properly handled. The American people will never countenance the party which is responsible for the Mexicanization of the South, but they want full evidence of the wrong, and this it is the duty of the Republican leaders to supply, and by the method indicated.

Redwood City has a night-blooming cereus in flower.

THE FESTIVAL OF THE BASTILE.

Paris is making great preparations for the celebration of the Festival of the Capture of the Bastile, which momentous event occurred on the 14th of July, 1789. The French residents in the United States are eager to join in the national celebration, and, as will be seen from an address we print elsewhere, the patriotic Frenchmen of Sacramento propose to add their mite to the congratulations. The taking of the Bastile was indeed a great event for France. It was the triumph of the People over the hideous system of feudalism which for so many centuries had crushed the French masses, and which had at length fatally corrupted the aristocracy, and undermined the dynasty. The Bastile was the embodiment of irresponsible Power. It was the disdainful answer of Royalty to the appeals of the people. Its grim and dreadful cells had closed over every feeble effort at progress and justice made by patriotic souls, for generations. It had served the fierce and cruel aristocrats as an earthly Hell, where they could consign their enemies. It was natural that it should have become the focus of popular hatred and loathing, and that when in the fullness of time its doom was sealed, the infuriated populace should rend its very stones apart, with a vindictiveness which sought in the passive granite some power of suffering vengeance. The Bastile was a terrible nightmare, and the Revolution dispelled it. Nor could it have fallen more fitly or dramatically. To the last its black walls and frowning battlements loomed sternly over Paris. To the last it remained cruel and defiant. But when it fell there was no resurrection for it or for the system it symbolized, and feudalism received its death wound when the chains of the drawbridge were broken, and all Paris poured shrieking for revenge over the echoing planks. Americans may well sympathize with Frenchmen over this event, for it was the dawning of Liberty for France. Then for the first time it seemed possible that all the overshadowing might, all the pomp and circumstance of royalty, might be susceptible of popular influence. There for the first time the masses learned that they could do something besides endure. And in truth all human progress is the taking of fresh Bastiles, where intolerance, and bigotry, and caste pride, and cruelty, ever seek to intrench themselves, and whence, if they succeed, they scatter plagues upon mankind. "Down with the Bastile!" is a typical war-cry of Progress, and France may well celebrate with all her energies and powers the glorious day when her Fortress of Privilege was cast down, and God's sun first shone full and fair upon the uplifted faces of the common people.

KEARNEY AND HIS RIVALS.

The contest in the San Francisco Workingmen's organization has resolved itself into a scarcely disguised contest between Kearney and Kalloch. The former, as we long since pointed out, was undermined as soon as he went East, and while he was wasting his time at the Greenback Convention his wily adversary was cutting the ground from under him. When he returned he found that half his party had been juggled into the Democratic camp, and that the other half was by no means disposed to accept Weaver as a candidate. Kalloch has continued to keep himself well in the background lately, and for some reason he has been let alone by his former assailants. He is pulling the wires so skilfully as to make it apparent that he must have had a pretty thorough political training in Kansas or elsewhere, and it looks as though he was going to be too many for Kearney, who seems to have "lost his "grip," and to be considerably bewildered. The truth is that the Greenback programme has hardly substance enough in it to make a serious fight upon, and this circumstance hampers Kearney greatly. If he had as strong a national organization behind him as Kalloch has now got, he would no doubt make a much better showing. As it is, there is reason to doubt whether the Kearney faction can be kept from following its late friends into the Hancock camp, which is of course Kalloch's object.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

[From San Francisco exchanges of July 12th.]

The United States Circuit Court was opened at 11 o'clock this morning, in the new Court-room, Appraiser's building.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company last month carried 2,840 passengers East and 3,100 West, making a total of 5,940.

The demands for duties at the Custom House for the past week were $92,301 06, making a total since January 1st of $2,968,480 98.

Professor George Davidson of the Coast Survey has just established the hight of the summit of Mount Diablo at 3,848.63 feet above tide level.

Collections of internal revenue in this district during the past week amounted to $35,826 55, making a total since January 1st of $1,510,662 55.

Examinations were conducted to-day at the High Schools for admission to those institutions. The regular examinations took place in May. About 100 girls and 40 boys failed to get the requisite per cent.—75—in the examinations.

George B. Hastings, the young man who was injured by the recent explosion of powder at Monterey, died this morning at 1 o'clock. He seemed to be much better yesterday, and sat up for awhile. But a relapse occurred and death followed. He was an active member of Company C.

THE SUBSTITUTION OF STEEL FOR IRON.—The substitution of steel for iron has made another step in advance, and in a direction where, if the the hopes of the inventors are justified by the result, we may expect to see considerable changes. Hitherto the metal work of our ordinary driving carriages has been wholly iron, except in those instances where the partial introduction of steel took the place of an additional ornament. A well-known coach-building firm at the East has now on view the specimen of a carriage built wholly of steel—spring, tire, frame-work, etc.; and it is calculated that the saving in weight will be nearly 25 per cent, with possibly better results in the future; whilst for supporting wear and tear the preference for steel over iron will, when its advantages are known, be as strongly indorsed by owners of carriages as they now are by directors and managers of railroads.

EXTENSIVE FILTERING EXPERIMENT.—A filtering experiment on a large scale is about to be tried by a company in Holyoke, Mass., to obtain pure water for washing purposes in the manufacture of paper. Quite near the mills is a piece of land lying lower than the canal, and this the company proposes to fill with water to the extent of about three acres. Pipes will conduct the water from the canal bank into a bed of gravel some eight feet in thickness, through which it will pass, and it is expected that the filtering and the subsequent standing of the water in the reservoir will purify it sufficiently. The water will be about ten feet deep on an average, and will be pumped from a point about midway between the surface and the bottom. The experiment is a new one, and will be watched with interest.

The moral of such catastrophes as the wreck of the Princess Alice is that when people are able to "swim a little"—in other words, if they are only able to keep themselves afloat—they multiply their chances of life a hundredfold when suddenly precipitated into the water.

GENERAL NEWS.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION

INUNDATION OF AN IOWA TOWN.

Two Boys and a Girl Drowned—Damage to Property.

PASSENGERS COMING WEST BY RAIL.

Terrible Accident Near the Summit of Mount Washington.

VARIOUS ITEMS OF POLITICAL NEWS

Secretary Schurz to Take the Stump in Indiana.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Preparations in Paris for the Great Celebration.

Etc.....Etc.....Etc.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

An Iowa Town Suddenly Flooded—Three Lives Lost.

WATERLOO (Ia.), July 12th.—Yesterday the dry run which crosses this city became suddenly flooded by the heavy rain which has been general in this section, and the First and Second Wards were speedily under water. Dwelling-houses and all kinds of property were endangered. The fire department worked heroically in rescuing property and saving life. The railroad track of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railroad was soon three feet under water for a distance of 500 feet. The water was nine inches deep on the floor of the Congregational Church, and three feet deep on the Opera House floor. The water subsided nearly as suddenly as it came. Two boys—Fred. Weiberling and young Morning—and a girl, name unknown, were drowned. The damage to city property is $25,000. Reports from neighboring villages state that damage has been sustained there on account of the wet weather and floods.

Storms in Wisconsin and Michigan.

CHICAGO, July 12th.—Reports are received of heavy and damaging storms in Wisconsin and Michigan, although the loss is confined chiefly to the crops, which are represented as having suffered great injury in some sections of both States.

A Lake Disaster—Heroism of a Woman.

MILWAUKEE, July 12th.—During the storm Friday night a boat containing a man named Miller, his wife, two children and a boy named Rose, was capsized in Lake Winnebago. The boy Rose was drowned. The rest clung to the bottom of the boat for 24 hours, the woman having a 15 year-old boy lashed to her back. The boy died Saturday, and the others are in a critical condition.

Terrible Accident on Mount Washington.

GLEN HOUSE (N. H.), July 12th.—A terrible accident, caused by a drunken driver, occurred on the carriage road from Glen House to the summit of Mount Washington this afternoon. About a mile below the Half-way House one of the six-horse mountain wagons, containing a party of nine persons, the last load of excursionists from Michigan to make the descent of the mountain, was tipped over. One lady—Mrs. Ira Chichester, of Allegan, Michigan—was killed and five others (all Michigan people) injured. The driver was probably fatally hurt. His mistake was in driving recklessly around a curve.

The Nicaragua Canal.

WASHINGTON, July 12th.—The projectors of the American Nicaragua Canal scheme here are very enthusiastic this evening over reports which were to-day received from Captain Phelps, who was sent to Europe to confer with the foreign friends of the enterprise, and to see what prospect there was of obtaining European capital. The information from Captain Phelps is that his mission has been entirely successful, and that he will return to this country about August 1st with the financial interests of the scheme assured. The persons locally connected with the enterprise say that there no longer will be any doubt; the canal will be built, and they think that arrangements will be made this fall to proceed to the work of the actual construction of the canal.

Orange Demonstrations.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—The Orangemen are observing the 12th of July by an excursion up the Hudson. There is a general flutter of orange ribbons among the Orangemen, and bands on the steamer and barges are playing "Boyne Water," "Croppies Lie Down," "Protestant Boys," and such party tunes.

MONTREAL, July 12th.—The anniversary of the Battle of the Boyne is passing over very quietly here.

CLEVELAND (O.), July 12th.—The Orangemen paraded to-day in greater numbers than usually. They were unmolested. A steamboat load of the fraternity from points in Canada participated.

OTTAWA (Ont.), July 12th.—The Orangemen generally went to monster picnics at Almonte. There was no demonstration here.

Dr. Tanner's Fast.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—Dr. Tanner completed his fast of fourteen days at 12:30, and expresses confidence of completing the forty days. His weight is now 133 pounds, and shows a loss of 24½. The doctor in attendance said though outwardly Tanner remains the same, his request for more blankets, his desire for more sleep and his pulse and temperature show him to be weaker.

Symptoms of Yellow Fever at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12th.—A sailor from the bark Excelsior, from Rio, died at the hospital to-day with symptoms of yellow fever. The Board of Health has taken every precaution to protect the health of the city.

Sad Ending of a Pleasure Excursion—A Lady Drowned.

WASHINGTON, July 12th.—To-night a party of excursionists from the Wesley M. E. Church, who had been down the river, was landed at the Seventh-street wharf in this city. The wharf not being lighted, a gentleman named Hoeflinger and a lady named Mrs. Sarah E. Rollins walked over the side into the water. Mrs. Rollins was drowned, but Hoeflinger was saved.

Arrests for Fraud—A Sensation at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 12th.—J. W. Christy, H. N. Christy and H. C. Cobb, of the firm of Christy, Cobb & Co., and Oscar A. Christy, their bookkeeper, were arrested this afternoon on a charge of fraud, at the instance of their creditors, the Fourth National Bank and the Commercial and Merchants' National Bank, representing an indebtedness of $58,000. The case is of unusual importance in commercial circles. The fraud charged is converting to their own use the property of defendants; embezzling and issuing fraudulent warehouse receipts. Bail was taken in the sum of $9,000 each. A final hearing is to be made July 20th. Defendants are leading grain merchants of long and excellent standing, and have the operating of the T. and C. elevator. Recently becoming embarrassed, they asked an extension. The investigation which followed caused the banks to take this course, the result of which is looked forward to with interest among merchants.

The Republican Split in Minnesota.

CHICAGO, July 12th.—The *Times* says: The Republican split in the First Congressional District of Minnesota is generally deplored by members of the party in that State. Warder, the bolters' candidate, would be acceptable to many Democrats, and as the district has a large Republican majority, it is feared the Bourbons may indorse and elect him over Dunnell. Efforts are making to effect a compromise. Possibly another Convention will be called.

The Heated Term at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 12th.—The weather for the past four days has been unusually warm, the thermometer registering daily above 90°. To-day appears to be the warmest of the series, and an occasional cooling breeze alone prevents a recurrence of the numerous sunstrokes which characterized the heated season two years ago. So far only six cases of sunstroke are reported, and but two of them were fatal. Comparatively cool nights have prevented the usual serious consequence of a prolonged heated spell.

Beecher's Belief.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—Beecher yesterday, in a sermon bidding his congregation farewell before leaving for the White Mountains, denied the story of the New York papers that he had abandoned the orthodox faith, and announced himself a believer in the inspiration of the Bible, accepted the doctrines of the Trinity and the atonement, and said: "From out the subtleties and puerilities of mediæval and modern theologians, I believe in the sublime simplicity of the Apostles' creed," which he repeated to his congregation. "If I am a heretic," he continued, "I am a heretic after the pattern of the early Church."

Westward-bound Passengers.

OMAHA, July 12th.—The following passengers were on to-day's train, leaving at 12:15 P. M., to arrive in Sacramento July 16th: F. M. Lawler, George F. Sharp, San Francisco; Hon. T. K. Pickering, Commissioner to the Melbourne Exposition, wife and daughter, Connecticut; J. C. Earl, New Haven; Mrs. Riordan, Sonora; B. Peyton, California; H. G. Bixby, A. Bierstadt, New York.

Sixty-eight through emigrants left on Saturday night's emigrant train, to arrive in Sacramento July 18th, and 44 last night, to arrive July 19th.

Democratic Campaign Lie Squelched.

WASHINGTON, July 12th.—Democrats have put in circulation a story to the effect that Secretary Sherman has directed the disbursing officers of his department to withhold 2 per cent. from the salaries of all clerks who refuse to contribute money to carry on the campaign. Secretary Sherman is absent, but it is ascertained at the Treasury Department that the story is utterly without foundation. The Secretary has not the power to compel a disbursing officer to withhold any part of the salaries of the clerks if he wanted to. This is a sample of the Democratic campaign lies concocted here and sent broadcast over the country.

Secretary Schurz to Canvass Indiana—Spanish Mackerel.

CHICAGO, July 12th.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: Secretary Schurz, having accepted the invitation of the Republican State Central Committee of Indiana to take an active part in the canvass in that State, will make his first speech there next week.

Professor Earl, of the Fish Commission, has discovered that Spanish mackerel can be artificially hatched, and that its capacity for reproduction greatly exceeds that of either cod or shad. The Professor is making further experiments with hatching apparatus in Chesapeake Bay.

Hancock's Loyalty.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—It is stated from Washington that documents are now in course of preparation, and will shortly be published officially, to prove the truth of the statement that Hancock entered into a conspiracy with Fitz John Porter and other Democratic Generals to resist the removal of McClellan from the command of the army of the Potomac, and to depose President Lincoln and Secretary Stanton.

Another Alleged "Expression" from General Grant.

CHICAGO, July 12th.—The *Times'* Washington special gives a roundabout story, coming from Emporia, Kansas, which is in brief that General Grant, while there, said the Democrats had hit the nail squarely on the head in nominating Hancock. His record he admired. While he had nothing to say in depreciation of Garfield, he thought that candidate had too many volumes of Congressional debates behind him for a smooth canvass.

Decision Regarding the Mail Service.

WASHINGTON, July 12th.—Judge Tarbell, Deputy First Comptroller of the Treasury Department, has rendered a decision, in which he holds that the existing law does not make it compulsory upon the Government to pay sub-contractors for carrying the United States mails the extra month's compensation provided for in the event of a discontinuance of the route, and unless sub-contractors make special provisions in their contracts with the original contractor to receive this allowance, it falls to the original contractor when the route is discontinued.

Woman Convicted of Murder in the First Degree.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 12th.—The jury in the case of Mrs. Brown, on trial for the murder of her husband, returned a verdict of murder in the first degree and death sentence.

Duelist Arrested.

CHARLESTON (S. C.,) July 12th.—Colonel Cash was arrested this afternoon by the Sheriff of Chesterfield county, on a warrant from the Coroner of Kershaw county, charging him with killing Colonel Shannon.

Railroad Completed.

ST. LOUIS, July 12th.—The railroad to Leadville, Col., was completed to-day.

Silver and Stocks.

NEW YORK, July 12th.—Silver bars, 114½; money easy, 2@3; Governments steady; stocks closed firm; Western Union, 105½; Quicksilver, 10½; Pacific Mail, 14½; Mariposa, 1½; Wells-Fargo, 18; New York Central, 128⅞; Erie, 41⅞; Panama, 180; Union Pacific, 87; Union Pacific bonds, 112; Central Pacific, 70; Central Pacific bonds, 111; Sutro Tunnel, 1½.

Unfavorable Showing.

CHICAGO, July 12th.—The *Tribune* says: The crop reports received by telegraph and given in our columns are conflicting in character, and vary according to the different localities from which they proceed. In general, however, the showing is not so favorable for the wheat harvest as a few days ago.

The New York "Tribune" and "Times" on Garfield.

NEW YORK, July 13th—A. M.—The *Tribune* says of Garfield: "James A. Garfield was well chosen as the Republican standard-bearer, and his voice is the voice of the American people."

The *Times* says: "Garfield evidently appreciates the fact that it is in his declarations rather than the platform of the Convention that the country will seek the principles which he represents."

Mortality Among Children in New York.

NEW YORK, July 13th—A. M.—Of the deaths yesterday 72 were children under five years of age.

FOREIGN NEWS.

House of Commons.

LONDON, July 12th.—In the House of Commons this evening Gladstone moved that Wednesday's and part of Tuesday's sitting, heretofore both devoted to private business, be, the rest of the session, surrendered to the Government. This will leave for private business only the evening session of Fridays. Gladstone said the Government intended to confine themselves, in regard to the ballot, to a simple continuance of the existing Act. He hoped there will be no reason for Parliament to sit into the month of September. He thought the necessary business could be finished before the last week in August.

Gladstone gave notice of an amendment to Forster's compensation for disturbance in Ireland bill, so that the last clause shall read as follows: "And tenants shall be entitled to compensation in the discretion of the County Court Judge, if the non-payment of rent is caused by the prevailing distress and the tenants are willing to continue in occupation upon reasonable terms as to rent, arrears of rent and otherwise, and if such terms are refused by the landlord without reasonable alteration."

Sir Charles Dilke, Under Foreign Secretary, stated that information had been received from the Bulgarian Government that it does not regard a disturbance of the peace probable, and strongly objects to a union of Bulgaria with Eastern Roumelia.

A fiat has been applied for to carry the appeal in the Tichborne claimant case to the House of Lords.

Movement in Favor of Gladstone.

LONDON, July 12th.—A movement is afloat in the House of Commons to present an address to Premier Gladstone, assuring him of the willingness of a large number of the members to support him in continuing the session as long as he may deem necessary to carry out the Government programme.

The Irish Compensation Bill.

LONDON, July 12th.—It is said the chief subject for consideration at Saturday's Cabinet was the Irish compensation bill.

The general impression is that the bill will not become a law.

The report that the Earl of Kenmore, Lord Chamberlain, has intimated a wish to resign in consequence of objections to the compensation bill, is unfounded.

The French National Fete.

PARIS, July 12th.—The national fete has virtually begun. The exterior quarters of Paris are already profusely decorated with banners and devices of various kinds. Pleasure fairs are organized in all the open spaces and were in full swing during last night. Many thousands of persons from the provinces have already arrived, and the railways are bringing huge accessions. The weather is magnificent.

English Grain Trade.

LONDON, July 12th.—The *Mark Lane Express* says: The farmers express great anxiety about the weather. Unseasonable weather never falls at this season to exercise a hardening influence on the grain trade, and the copious showers of the past fortnight have increased the activity in wheat. Supplies of home-grown were small. Sales were more readily effected at an advance of a shilling per quarter. Farmers now hold so little grain that holders felt justified in declining to sell except at higher prices. Both English and French stocks of native wheat are practically exhausted. The consumption of both countries has to be met by the foreign product, for which a fair trade was experienced at advancing prices. At the moment the situation is decidedly critical. Stocks have been worked so low by the disinclination of buyers to operate for future delivery, that it needs only a week of wet weather to bring about such a state of activity as will materially change the present values. There is no abatement in the Continental demand. Exports for the past month were nearly 36,000 quarters. During the same month last year the imports were only 30,000 quarters. Red wheat was held with extreme firmness. The market closed Friday with stocks at the lowest and prices at the highest. Maize was 3d@6d dearer. Oats were in fair request, but unaltered. The feature of the week has unquestionably been the large demand for foreign white wheat, such as Australian and New Zealand, for the north of England and the Continent. The trade closed very strong for these descriptions at an advance of fully a shilling since last Monday. Sales of English wheat last week were 15,753 quarters at 43s 9d, against 29,727 quarters at 43s 4d for the same period last year. Imports for the week ending July 3d were 889,964 cwt. of wheat and 195,832 cwt. of flour.

Grievances of the Butchers.

LONDON, July 12th.—Representatives of the butchers in the northern counties are to have an interview with the Lord President of the Council in reference to the disadvantages arising from the compulsory slaughter of foreign animals at Berkenhead and elsewhere.

Welsh Parliamentary Party.

LONDON, July 12th.—Representatives of Welsh constituencies in the House of Commons are about to combine for the formation of a distinctively Welsh Parliamentary party.

War Between Rival Chiefs.

CABUL, July 12th.—The British Commissioner received a letter from Abdurrahman Khan Friday last, expressing a strong desire for a friendly settlement. Abdurrahman has with him less than 1,000 troops, horse and foot, and six guns. The chiefs and Maliks of Logar loudly declare against him as Ameer, but want Yakoob or his son.

CANDAHAR, July 12th.—Yakoob Khan has plenty of ammunition, except gun caps, of which several millions sent from Meshed were recently seized by the Persian authorities.

The Shah's Thanks.

LONDON, July 12th.—The Shah of Persia returns thanks to the British Minister at Teheran for having sent stringent orders to prevent the export of munitions of war.

Demolition of Forts.

LONDON, July 12th.—Engineers have been ordered to begin preparations for the demolition of the forts erected by the British around Cabul.

Death of a Painter.

PARIS, July 12th.—Pierre Paul de Pommagroe, the celebrated French painter, is dead.

Rumor's of the Czar's Abdication.

LONDON, July 12th.—There are sensational and improbable rumors of the Czar's contemplated abdication.

Forty Persons Perish.

ODESSA, July 12th.—A timber raft with forty persons on board was dashed to pieces in the rapids of the Dnieper, and all perished.

An American Decorated.

BUCHAREST, July 12th.—Lieutenant Francis V. Green of the United States Army, an American military attache with Grand Duke Nicholas during the Russo-Turkish war, has been decorated with the Order of the Star of Roumania.

Arrest of a Prince.

CALCUTTA, July 12th.—The Burmese Prince Wyoungoke has arrived under arrest.

Arrival of Rochefort at Paris.

PARIS, July 12th.—Henri Rochefort arrived to-day. Six thousand persons welcomed him, and cheered him enthusiastically. He was escorted to his hotel by crowds singing the "Marseillaise" and shouting "Long live Rochefort."

The French Jesuits.

MADRID, July 12th.—The French Jesuits have requested permission of Spain to establish a colony on the island of Fernando Po. The request is receiving consideration of the Government.

Compliance Promised.

ATHENS, July 12th.—Tricoupise, the Greek Premier, has promised to comply with the request of England and France, to postpone calling out the reserves, but could not undertake to suspend preparations for future mobilization.

The Election in Mexico.

HAVANA, July 12th.—Election returns from the interior of Mexico show that General Gonzales is far ahead of all competitors, and is without doubt elected President. There is some apprehension on the part of persons not understanding the situation of a revolution if Gonzales is inaugurated. Better informed persons believe that with the present combination between Gonzales and Diaz, a revolution is impossible; that every attempt will be crushed instanter. Some excesses were committed upon a free suffrage by the troops in Jalisco. Commander-General Talontine is ordered to the capitol to explain.

A band of revolutionists who made their appearance in the State of Zacatecas on the 19th inst. were defeated, with ten killed and several wounded. Only one man was injured among the Government troops.

The South American War.

BUENOS AYRES, July 12th.—The capture of Arica by the Chileans is considered a deathblow to the hopes of Peru, but President Peirola still urges war to the bitter end, and is taking most energetic measures.

Death of Tom Taylor—The Twelfth in Ireland.

LONDON, July 13th—A. M.—Tom Taylor, the dramatist, died suddenly yesterday.

The usual twelfth of July Orange demonstrations took place in various parts of Ireland yesterday. No disturbances occurred.

MISCELLANEOUS.

An urgent appeal for money is made by the Washington *Gazette* (Bourbon organ), which solicits contributions averaging $5 each from 300,000 ex-Confederate soldiers, and an equal amount from Democratic soldiers who fought on the other side. In this way it is expected that about $3,000,000 can be raised for campaign purposes.

The President has signed the commission of John B. Neil, of Salt Lake City, as Governor of the Territory of Idaho, vice Mason Brayman, whose commission expires July 23d.

At Baltimore the American District Telegraph Company are trying to consolidate with the Telephone Company.

The carpenters of Denver, Col., have struck for $3 50 per day, the old rate being $2 50 to $2 75.

Sam P. Bowles, ex-County Engineer of Cincinnati, convicted of forging county bonds, was yesterday sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary.

William H. English visited General Hancock at New York yesterday.

At New York yesterday Howell's fireworks establishment, Front street, was burned; insured. Howell, his clerk and two others were somewhat burned.

A Chicago dispatch says: Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage will pass his vacation in Colorado.

At Michigan, Ind., yesterday, a fire in the Haskell & Barker Car Company's lumber yard, caused by small boys letting off firecrackers among the shavings, destroyed lumber to the amount of $25,000 to $30,000. James Mitchell, who was fighting the fire, was overcome with the heat and fatigue and will probably not recover.

The sureties of Gen. Hartranft justified yesterday, and the General took the oath of office as Collector of the Port at Philadelphia.

The President has recognized O. J. B. Brice as Consul of Belgium at Green Bay, Wis.

The Treasury Department yesterday purchased U. S. bonds to the amount of $237,600 for the Sinking Fund of the Union and Central Pacific Railroads.

The President has appointed Orange Judd of the New York *American Agriculturist* to be a member of the Board of Indian Commissioners, vice Barstow, resigned.

CURRENT ITEMS.

Recognized small vices—Vice-Presidents.

Miss Elizabeth Stuart Phelps has a badly sprained ankle. Her "Gait's Ajar."

It is a strange thing in art that an actress must learn to paint before she can draw!

Some one inquires: "Where have all the ladies' belts gone?" Gone to waist, long ago.

The baker's business should be profitable; a good part of his stock is rising while he sleeps.

The man who wears paper collars cannot even secure the respect of a first-class washerwoman.

When two women with new hats on pass each other in the street, there is a pair of back stares built immediately.

A city missionary was asked the cause of his poverty. "Principally because I have preached so much without notes," he said.

The property of the city of Paris, which comprises all buildings devoted to public use, is estimated at 1,052,000,000 francs ($210,400,000).

He kissed her pretty, rosy cheek,
And when he finished up the biz,
He found he had transferred some paint
From her sweet visage unto his.

When a man scornfully remarks, "I hate a baboon!" don't you get mad and ask him what he's blackguarding you for. Just look around and see what other fellow he's referring to.

A god of the gallery once rebuked a slovenly scene shover by remarking aloud during the play: "We don't expect actin', and we don't expect grammar, but ye must push yer flats together."

At Waterloo a Highland regiment and the Scots Greys met in the thickest of the fight, and raised the cry of "Scotland for ever!" "An' ould Ireland for longer!" exclaimed an Irish dragoon.

The sexton flew around and opened the windows as if he were going to clean house when the preacher said the air was so bad in the close church that it put the organ out of tune using it to blow with.

PACIFIC SLOPE NEWS.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.

ANOTHER MENDOCINO TRAGEDY.

Two Boys of Eleven and Twelve Years Found Murdered.

PASSENGERS FROM THE EAST BY RAIL.

Organization of the Arizona Central Railroad Company Completed.

CALIFORNIA.

The Female Tramps.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12th.—In the female pedestrian contest the score at 9 P. M. stood: Howard 134, Young 133, Tobias 128, Lee 126, Sadie Donley 115, Denman 114, Atler 101, Walton 101, White 96.

Barn Destroyed by Fire.

SAN JOSE, July 12th.—A barn containing about 100 tons of hay, situated on Market opposite Balback street, was burned, together with its contents, about 8 o'clock this evening. The barn belonged to the estate of Morgan Schroder, the hay to Mr. Stephens, of the Twelve-Mile House. The fire was undoubtedly the work of an incendiary. There was an insurance of $500 on the barn, and the hay was partially covered by insurance.

Sentenced to be Hanged—Eleven Years' Imprisonment.

UKIAH, July 12th.—Harvy Martier, convicted of the murder of McPherson on the coast, received his sentence this morning—that he be hanged by the neck on the 20th of August next.

Hammerland, for the murder of his wife on Nevada ridge last fall, and the killing of her paramour, was sentenced at the same time. The jury found him guilty of murder in the second degree, and sentenced him to the Penitentiary for eleven years from the date of arrival at the prison.

Mysterious Tragedy—Two Boys Found Murdered in Mendocino County.

UKIAH, July 12th.—On the road leading from Potter valley to Little Lake, west of the ranch of Ruben Cave about three miles, M. Gardner, son of Constable Gardner, of Willib, aged 12 years, and H. Fitch, son of J. B. Fitch, now employed on the *Mendocino Beacon*, aged 11 years, were found dead yesterday—one shot through the head, the other through the heart. There was no difficulty between the boys, and suspicion now points to a murder. It is rumored that the track of a man was found leading from Little Lake and near the boys, and for some distance back.

Verdict of Manslaughter.

SALINAS, July 12th.—The trial of A. C. James, charged with the murder of Geo. W. Mattart, near this place, on the 23d of last April, commenced before Judge Alexander in the Superior Court here last Tuesday. The case went to the jury on Saturday night, and after being out twenty-two hours they came into Court with a verdict of manslaughter. Sentence will be pronounced next Thursday.

NEVADA.

Small Loss.

VIRGINIA, July 12th.—The real loss by the fire in the Gould & Curry shops last evening is very trifling; as the buildings had been practically abandoned, and were only used to store up odds and ends. As they will not require to be rebuilt, $1,000 will cover all the loss.

Quartz Mill Burned.

TUSCARORA, July 12th.—The Leopard Company's mill at Milltown, two and a half miles from Cornucopia, was burned to the ground about 12 o'clock last night. The mill was shut down and a watchman was guarding it. The fire started in the upper part of the building, and it was evidently the work of an incendiary. It was insured by the company's creditors for $15,000.

Passengers Passing Carlin.

CARLIN, July 12th.—The following passengers passed Carlin to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: H. Steinway, F. Steinway, New York; A. Fricker, Berlin, Germany; A. J. Baker, Kansas City; P. H. McCullough and wife, Philadelphia; S. McClure, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mrs. J. H. Martin, Oil City, Pa.; J. Fryet and wife, San Francisco; S. C. Lellis, Sacramento; C. A. Holmes, San Francisco; A. Dumelin, New York; C. P. Sykes, San Francisco; Miss Lizzie Hoffman, Schenectady; C. D. Shain, wife and child, Arizona; Mrs. J. T. Taylor, Bloomington, Ill.; H. Perry, Ireland; V. Stowe, W. W. Stowe, San Francisco; D. Campbell, Oakland; F. H. Wheelan, Santa Rosa; A. Neilson and wife, Sacramento; A. Crosby Bentlain, Maine; Jno. Wheatley, P. R. Williams, Millville, Cal.; J. M. Thompson, Austin, Texas; H. Mewhinney and son, Texas; W. C. Jones, Berkeley, Cal.; F. M. Noltoge, San Francisco; 65 emigrants, including 35 males, to arrive in Sacramento July 14th.

UTAH.

New Mining Camp—Snow-Storm—The New Governor of Idaho.

SALT LAKE, July 12th.—A letter received here this evening from Green River says: Seventy-five prospectors from Leadville have located a camp on the headwaters of Brush Creek, Uintah mountains, 110 miles east of Salt Lake. They have discovered a body of carbonate ore 3,000 feet in length, assaying from $300 to $700 in silver, and have located for eight miles. This new camp is in Utah, and it has been known that prospectors were in that section of the Territ