THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

SATURDAY.....JULY 17, 1880.

TELEGRAPHIC.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD UNION.

THE PENNSYLVANIA OIL FIRES.

A Burning Petroleum Tank Attacked by Solid Shot.

GENERAL ITEMS OF POLITICAL NEWS.

Fuss and Feathers of Democratic "Statesmen" at New York.

PASSENGERS COMING WEST BY RAIL.

Remarkable Desperation of a Tramp in Arkansas.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Forty-one Montenegrins Killed in an Albanian Attack.

Etc.....Etc.....Etc.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Political Affairs.

THE CAMPAIGN IN VIRGINIA.

WASHINGTON, July 16th.—A prominent Republican from Virginia yesterday said that in the Congressional Districts in that State the State of feeling between the sections of Democrats is such that members of either declare that should any attempts be made by their leaders looking towards compromise they will support the Republican ticket. The Republican campaign will be formally opened in South Carolina on the 27th instant. The first mass meeting is to be held at Blackville, Bartwell county. Other meetings are announced at Columbia, July 31st, and Florence, August 3d.

HANCOCK TAKING HIS TIME.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—General Hancock says his letter of acceptance will not be ready for a fortnight. He has not begun writing it yet, visitors and business taking up his time.

IOWA DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The Iowa Democratic State Central Committee have decided to hold their Convention September 2d.

CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The Democrats of the Fourteenth District have renominated A. J. Sparks for Congress.

CINCINNATI, July 16th.—The Republican Congressional Convention of the Twelfth Indiana District nominated Robert S. Taylor for Congress.

DEMOCRATIC FUSS AND FEATHERS.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—The *Herald* thinks the behavior of the multitude of Democratic "statesmen" who are visiting this city during the present week evinces a deplorable ignorance of the method in which the campaign should be conducted. They are managers of the Democratic canvass. They have been meeting daily in conference at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and elsewhere, have been making excursion trips down the harbor on visits of congratulation to Governor's Island, and have been lunching and wining in Gramercy Park, with a profusion of spread-eagle speeches on these occasions; but not a word has been said by any of them to the public, which shows a sound appreciation of the real nature of this Presidential canvass—not a word designed to argue that the people will be any better off in their home comforts by electing the Democratic candidates. On the contrary they have been dealing in nothing but fuss and feathers.

CONNECTICUT POLITICAL AFFAIRS.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: General Hazen, Third Assistant Postmaster-General, has just returned from Connecticut. He says a lively interest is beginning to be felt in that State in political matters. A vigorous campaign will be inaugurated, and the State is sure to go Republican. The next Legislature will easily have a clear Republican majority to elect a successor to Eaton, at present United States Senator—a State Rights Democrat.

The Wallace Committee—Fraudulent Naturalization.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—Before the Wallace Senatorial Committee to-day John J. Davenport, Supervisor of Elections, continued his testimony in regard to the manner in which Judge McCann conducted the naturalization business. The proceedings were conducted in an irregular manner and a kind of mock Court held. Witness gave the names of men who had been naturalized before being in the country six weeks. Witness said the number of persons who registered on fraudulent certificates in 1876 was 10,050, and in 1878 it was reduced to 3,200. Of these about 1,200 voted, and he would have prevented them if he could. He denied conducting the affairs of his office in any partisan manner, and in fact had been accused by Republicans of favoritism. Davenport mentioned the name of Patrick Goff, who he said appeared as a witness for persons desiring to be naturalized in 1,096 cases. Certificates were sold in blank to applicants for naturalization, and they were charged from 50 cents to $2. Four hundred of these papers were taken in one day by Goff to Kings county. Many of the blanks were also taken to the river counties for sale, and in Saratoga county 400 were offered for sale. Davenport then continued, and read from a number of records of the Superior Court, to show that the certificates issued exceeded the number of persons who actually applied for naturalization papers, and also to show that a large number of names from the books of the Court were fictitious, and that the addresses given had no existence, and frequently represented vacant lots and stoneyards.

Further Crop Reports.

WASHINGTON, July 16th.—Oats—The condition of the oat crop shows some improvement since the June report, and is now 96, against 93 in June. New England and the Middle States report a high condition, but from Delaware to the Gulf the condition is very low, except in portions of Texas, where the average is high. Tennessee reports only a percentage of 64, owing to the drought. Kansas and Nebraska, from some causes, report only 84 in the former and 63 in the latter. In all sections of the country the prospect is good for a full crop.

Potatoes—There has been no change in the area planted in potatoes in the whole country, the deficits of one State being counterbalanced by the increase in another. The condition of the crop is very favorable, fully as good as in 1879. In all the South Atlantic States the condition of the crop is rather below that of last year, while in the Western and Southwestern States it is reported above.

Rye and Barley—A full average condition is found in all States where sown, except in the State of Nebraska, where the condition is very low.

Wool—All the States show a wool clip equal to or greater than last year, except New Hampshire and California. Kansas reports an increase of 42 per cent., and Nebraska 15. A vast increase in the Territories is indicated by the reports received, amounting to 20 per cent. In Texas alone 15 per cent. increase is reported.

Fruit—In apples, a full average condition is reported everywhere, excepting in the Southern Atlantic and Gulf States, where there is a falling off. In peaches, reports show the condition of the crop about the same as apples—a full average, excepting on the Pacific coast, where the prospect is not very good. In grapes, the crop is reported favorably in all localities, as having enjoyed better conditions of growth so far than either.

The Sugar Question—Gross Frauds Exposed.

WASHINGTON, July 16th.—The committee appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury to visit the sugar plantations of the West Indies and investigate the process in use among the planters, with a view of determining the truth or falsity of the prevailing reports that artificial means were being used to color the sugars intended for export to the United States, has made its report. It shows that the frauds which have been attempted in the introduction of sugars into this country are even greater than have generally been supposed; that in Demarara, among the sugar planters, no secret whatever was made of the practice of artificially coloring sugars intended for the United States market; that sugars testing 13 to 16, Dutch standard, which were exported to Great Britain nearly white, were, when prepared for export to this country, artificially colored to a low grade, and that such sugars, which from their color would be expected to test 85 degrees of saccharine strength, were found, when submitted to the polariscope, to contain 97 degrees of pure sugar.

The Philadelphia Postoffice—Postal Decisions.

WASHINGTON, July 16th.—Assistant Postmaster Bingham, at Philadelphia, has been designated by the sureties of Governor Hartranft to act as Postmaster of that office until his successor is commissioned.

Judge Freeman, Assistant Attorney-General for the Postoffice Department, has decided that where third or fourth-class mail matter is deposited in a Postoffice insufficiently prepaid, or where first-class matter is deposited without one full rate, the Postmaster should not forward it, but if by inadvertency it is forwarded, the Postmaster at the office of delivery should only collect the postage remaining unpaid. He also decides that if first, third or fourth-class matter be deposited in a Postoffice without any payment, it should be held; but if forwarded by mistake, the amount collected upon delivery should be double the postage which should have been prepaid.

Exciting Event in Arkansas—Remarkably Desperate Tramp.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The *Times* has a special detailing the exciting events in Carroll county, Arkansas, by which a thievish tramp and two citizens lost their lives. J. W. Myers, a farmer living in that county, found upon returning to his house from the fields that it had been plundered in his absence. He immediately gave chase, and ran the thief down in Scott county, Missouri, where he was stopping over night at the house of Mr. Kimberling. He soon had him covered with a rifle, and the tramp, smiling, said he would surrender, but five seconds later drew a pistol while his captor was off his guard and shot him through the heart. The tramp then escaped back into Arkansas, where a Sheriff and eight men finally ran him down at the house of an old man supposed to be his father. They surrounded the house, and when he appeared in the door opened fire simultaneously, causing the dust to fly from his clothes, but not fatally wounding him. He returned the fire with a pistol in either hand, and while they were reloading took to the fields. The posse followed him, and firing another volley brought him to the ground apparently; but when one of the party—a Mr. Jones—went up to take a look at "the most daring man that ever lived," the fellow pointed a pistol directly at his head and fired, Mr. Jones falling back dead. The desperado, desperately wounded in several places, soon after expired. He is believed to have been concerned in many dark deeds of late in this section.

The Oil Fire—Affairs at Custer City.

BRADFORD (Pa.), July 16th.—Solid shot were fired into the second burning tank at Custer City at 1 o'clock this morning, to draw off the oil and thereby prevent an overflow. However the work was commenced too late, and after a while the oil boiled over furiously and set fire to the side tank, one of which is now a seething sea of fire. There are three other tanks in the immediate vicinity.

OIL BURNING AT BRADFORD.

BRADFORD, July 16th.—Another thunderstorm passed over this city this morning, and considerable damage was done by lightning. A rig near the center of the city was struck, and two oil tanks—one of 1,200 barrels, the other of 600—were set on fire and are now burning. Great excitement prevails. The people are out in force fighting the fires. The damage will be very great.

BRADFORD, July 16th.—The last burning tank at Custer City spent its force at 8 o'clock to-night. Three were burned at Custer and at the Kansas branch. The loss on these, together with the wooden tanks destroyed by Wednesday night's storm, will reach $130,000. The loss on oil in the iron tank burned is sustained by a general average assessment.

Regatta on Lake George.

LAKE GEORGE, July 16th.—The Collegiate regatta occurs at 6:30 to-night on account of the wind.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

LAKE GEORGE, July 16th.—The intercollege four-oared race between Cornell, Columbia and the University of Pennsylvania crews was rowed this evening, and resulted in an easy victory for Cornell. The betting was Columbia 10, University of Pennsylvania 6, and Cornell 4. Within twelve strokes Cornell forged to the front, and was never headed. Pennsylvania took the second place at the same time, and held it to the finish. Time—Cornell, 9:12; University of Pennsylvania, 9:20½; Columbia, 9:27¾. At 3:30 the Captain of the Columbia crew sent a protest against Lewis rowing in the Cornell boat, at the same time saying that no official action would be taken. The Commodore of Cornell replied, saying that he knew Lewis was qualified to row, and was fully prepared to answer an official protest before the race.

Chicago, Hannibal and St Joseph Railroad.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The Act of incorporation of the Chicago, Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad was filed to-day with the Circuit Clerk. The incorporators are Wm. Dowd, Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Myron P. Bush, Sidney Dillon and Elihu Root, of New York; John B. Tyson, Charles B. Farwell, George C. Walker and J. S. Medville, of Chicago; John B. Carson and James W. Singleton, of Quincy. The capital stock is $6,000,000, divided into shares of $100 each. The road is to be built, as heretofore explained, by the shortest route to Chicago. The offer of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy to sell their lines from Quincy to Carthage was refused by the new company.

A Remodeled Steamship.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—The *Commercial Bulletin* says: The steamship Cyphrenes, now at Montreal, was one of the successful pioneer mail steamers on the Pacific. At one time she ran in the monthly mail line between Sydney, N. S. W., and San Francisco. She then entered the China trade, and on her last voyage her gross freight in tea, from Hongkong to New York, was over $70,000. She was then chartered by Hart Brothers & Co. of Montreal, to bring a cargo of 1,700 tons of Welsh coal. She has had her saloon and passenger accommodations taken away, and is fitted up for carrying cattle instead, which pays much better than carrying passengers. Among her crew are some twenty veritable pigtails, shipped at Singapore—perhaps the largest number of Celestials ever seen in Montreal.

Westward-Bound Passengers.

OMAHA, July 16th.—The following passengers were on to-day's train, leaving at 12:15 P. M., to arrive in Sacramento July 20th: W. W. Bailey, Mrs. D. Crain, H. A. Pearson, W. L. Dickinson and wife, S. F. Bufford, wife and child, San Franciseo; Mrs. J. H. Kirsner, Forbestown, Cal.; J. H. Comstock and wife, Washington; Mrs. Hudson, New York; S. Firth, New Zealand; W. L. Libby, Boston.

Sixty-one through emigrants left on last night's emigrant train, to arrive in Sacramento July 23d.

Tanner's Fast—Gaining in Flesh on a Water Diet.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—Dr. Tanner is cheerful and good-humored to-day. He has gained half a pound since Thursday night. He has taken 28½ ounces of water to-day. His pulse is 82, temperature 98 2-5, respiration 16. He took a drive in Central Park this morning, which was much enjoyed by the "faster."

NEW YORK, July 16th.—At 5:30 this evening Dr. Tanner returned from a long ride. His pulse was 76 and temperature 98 4-5. He felt cheery, and seemed in good spirits.

Wages of Farm Laborers.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: The annual report of the Statistician of the Agricultural Department gives interesting facts concerning farm labor and wages in the Pacific and mining States and Territories. The range of wages for farm laborers, without board, is between $30 and $75 in Montana and $22 to $50 in Washington Territory. Of the Northern States east of the Missouri, Minnesota pays her farm laborers, with board, $16 to $33, while Vermont pays only $12 to $26. In the Southern States the prices paid range from $12 to $26. The demand for labor is good in all sections.

Recommendation Disapproved.

WASHINGTON, July 16th.—General Wright, Chief of Engineers, has disapproved of Colonel Mendell's recommendation that a snag-boat be built for the purpose of removing obstructions from the Sacramento river. In his letter of disapproval to the Secretary of War he assigns as a reason for disapproving Mendell's plan that the work can be done as well and as cheap by contract.

Silver and Stocks.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—Silver bars, 114; money easy, at 2@2½; Governments strong; stocks closed firm; Western Union, 105¾; Pacific Mail, 40¾; Mariposa, 1½; Quicksilver, 11½; Pacific, 41½; Mariposa, 11½; Wells-Fargo, 106½; New York Central, 29⅝; Erie, 42⅜; Panama, 180; Union Pacific, 90⅝; Union Pacific bonds, 112; Central Pacific 70; Central Pacific bonds, 112; Sutro Tunnel, 1¾.

The Case of Cadet Whittaker.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—The report of General Dunn, Judge Advocate General of the Army, upon the Whittaker case, was read to the Secretary of War this morning. The document reviews critically the evidence and findings of the West Point Court of Inquiry. Nearly an hour was occupied in the reading. The Secretary will not pass upon it for some days, and declines to make public its recommendations.

Execution for Murder—Cox Hanged at Last.

NEW YORK, July 16th.—Christine Cox, the convicted murderer of Mrs. Hull, was hanged this morning in the jail-yard of the Tombs in the presence of 200 persons. At 8:37 the noose was placed around the neck of Cox and attached to the pendant rope, and he was at once jerked into the air. After hanging sixteen minutes, Cox was pronounced dead. He was collected and earnest at the gallows, and had a serious air.

A Three-quarter Dash.

DEADWOOD (D. T.), July 16th.—The race yesterday between the Montana mare Premium and Hardwick's Rambler, a three-quarter mile dash for $2,000, was won by Rambler. Time, 1:16¾.

The census returns give Deadwood a population of 4,258.

Wind-Storm in Pennsylvania.

CHESTER (Pa.), July 16th.—A violent windstorm passed over the southeastern portion of this county this afternoon. In South Chester thirty-five houses were unroofed and seven partly completed dwellings blown down.

Whirlwind in New Hampshire.

HANOVER, July 16th.—A whirlwind swept over the southeastern portion of this village this afternoon, lifting a couple of residences and some barns from their foundations, and completely wrecking them. Roofs were torn off, chimneys leveled, trees uprooted, fences prostrated and two men severely injured.

Health Outlook in the South.

CHICAGO, July 16th.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: The National Board of Health continues to hear encouraging reports from the South. So far there is no indication of yellow fever at Memphis, which is being very jealously watched by officers.

JACKSON (Miss.), July 16th.—The State Board of Health established a semi-quarantine to-day against New Orleans.

The Indian Territory Invasion—Payne and his Men Arrested.

LEAVENWORTH, July 16th,—The following dispatch was received by Adjutant-General E. R. Platt at Fort Leavenworth this morning:

FORT RENO, July 16th.

Donald and the scouts arrested Payne and twenty-two men on the 14th instant. Pinder took charge of the party yesterday. He has been instructed to take Payne and the men to Polecat creek and turn them over to Robinson.

RANDALL, commanding.

Bogus Medical Diplomas.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16th.—Eleven thousand of Dr. Buchanan's bogus diplomas are current throughout the world. A list of these diplomas which were not antedated will be published, with directions for applying twenty-one different methods of detecting antedated diplomas and establishing their fraudulent character. The doings of the National Eclectic Medical Association, which, under Buchanan's management, sold its diplomas for $5, will also be laid bare.

The Striking Philadelphia Iron Workers.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16th.—The striking puddlers and helpers of the Kensington Iron Mills reject the proposition of the employers to renew operations on a sliding scale of wages. If the men do not accept the proposition by the 23d instant the mill-owners will refuse to receive them back on any terms.

Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of Pennsylvania.

GETTYSBURG, July 16th.—The encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic of Pennsylvania began to-day, under the most favorable circumstances.

Trains all Right.

DENVER (Col.), July 16th.—Trains on the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad are running as usual. No further reports of damage by the storm are received.

Murderer Captured.

BRADFORD (Pa.), July 16th.—English, who shot Constable Warmoth in resisting arrest at Caledonia, Elk county, Pa., in April last, has been arrested in Sheboygan, Mich. A reward of $1,200 had been offered for his capture.

Cheap Daily Paper.

CINCINNATI, July 16th.—The *Gazette* tomorrow begins the publication of a two-cent daily paper, to make selections and condensations from its regular daily. The cheap daily will have four pages of the same size as the regular daily.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Albanian Outbreak—They Kill Forty-One Montenegrins—A Council of the Tribes Summoned.

SCUTARI, July 16th.—The Albanian leaders secretly decided some days ago to take the offensive. Last Sunday night seventy clansmen were sent by a circuitous route to fall on the rear of the Montenegrin position near Goloubusche. On Monday morning they surprised a picket of sixteen Montenegrins, only six of whom escaped, and those were badly wounded. A simultaneous attack was made on the Montenegrin front. Seventy clansmen returned to camp with thirteen Montenegrins' heads, and about twenty rifles and ammunition cases. A mountaineer, who has just arrived, reports a renewal of the attack at Biementi, near Devosi. He says that twenty-eight Montenegrin heads, three of them of officers, were brought in. Cannon firing is heard here this evening. The Albanian clans are hurrying to the front. The committee here has telegraphed to the powerful Dibra tribe for 5,000 men. The League is undergoing an important development, and the committee at Prizerend has summoned the Great Council of the Albanian nation to meet there and concert measures for the future. The Turkish Governor here continues to support the Leaguers, and Hodobosg, the Albanian Commander-in-Chief, continues to receive pay as a Turkish officer. The attack causes great excitement, and the Prince of Montenegro can scarcely persuade his warriors to await the result of his appeal to Europe.

The French Fete—Ceremony at Long Champs.

LONDON, July 16th.—A Paris correspondent, describing the ceremony at Long Champs on the 14th, says: Of the old faces which became notorious or celebrated in official regions when Bonapartism and moral order were paramount, few showed themselves at the review. One of the few was Marshal Canrobert; another, Marshal MacMahon, was expected, and a place was reserved for him, but he did not come to occupy it. Harrassed by creditors and the reproaches of old friends, and grieved at the blow which had been inflicted, he has become out of sorts and sees life in its gloomiest colors. It is said he attempted last week to advance to the point from which Hamlet recoiled, and that a somber idea has taken hold of him which is the cause of profound anxiety and affliction to his family.

The Sultan in a Bad Way.

LONDON, July 16th.—A cipher dispatch from Constantinople conveys the intelligence that the Sultan is greatly perplexed over serious palace intrigues, and signifies a willingness to abdicate.

House of Commons.

LONDON, July 16th.—The House of Commons, in Committee of the Whole to-night, resumed consideration of the compensation for disturbance bill.

Gladstone moved the amendment of which he gave notice on Monday last, viz., that the last clause of the bill should read as follows: "And tenants shall be entitled to compensation in the discretion of the County Court Judges, if the non-payment of rent is caused by the prevailing distress, and the tenant is willing to continue in occupation upon reasonable terms as to rent, arrears of rent and otherwise, and if such terms are refused by landlords without reasonable alternative."

Parnell moved to add after the word "alternative" the following: "Compromising just and reasonable terms as to rent, arrears of rent and otherwise to the incoming tenant, if any."

Gladstone objected.

After a warm discussion Parnell withdrew his amendment, and Gladstone's amendment was adopted—225 to 25.

Briggs (Liberal) offered a resolution that the erection of a statue to the late Prince Napoleon in Westminster Abbey was inconsistent with the national character of the edifice, and calculated to impair the good feeling between England and France.

Gladstone said the Dean's authority over Westminster Abbey was absolute. He advised the House not to interfere.

Briggs' motion was carried—161 to 147.

The House again went into Committee of the Whole on the compensation bill, and several motions to report progress were rejected. Gladstone pointed out that every day that the debate is prolonged prolongs the duration of the session, and now again a motion to adjourn is proposed. Progress was then reported.

English Grain Trade.

LIVERPOOL, July 16th.—A leading grain circular says: In the face of the wet and generally unsettled weather the wheat trade of the country has further improved. A healthy consumptive demand was experienced in the principal markets at an advance of about a shilling per quarter on the spot, and in neighboring markets transactions were effected to a fair extent at two pence advance.

Cossacks and Austrians.

LEMBERG, July 15th.—Cossacks crossed the Austrian frontier near Podwolvezyska and attacked the guard-house of the Austrian gensd'arme, for the purpose of releasing some Russians in custody there, and conducting them back to Russia. The gensd'arme repulsed the Cossacks with firearms.

The Americans at Wimbledon.

WIMBLEDON, July 16th.—There was a dense haze early this morning, and it was impossible to do anything at long ranges. In the extra series of prizes Scott made 34 out of a possible 35. Clark, Rathbone and Fisher sail with Colonel Bodine on the 22d instant for New York.

Affairs in Afghanistan.

SIMLA, July 16th.—Dispatches from Candahar announce that when Shere Ali was appointed the Wali of Candahar by the British he ordered his forces to retire towards Girzhk. The infantry deserted in a body, taking their guns, arms and ammunition, and went in the direction of Zamidivar. General Burrows' force crossed the Holmand river, overtook and routed the deserters. They killed 200 of the deserters, and recovered the guns and baggage. Shere Ali's cavalry and his officers remained faithful. Mohammed Jan and Musa Khan, it is stated, have gone to Chardk.

Importation of Italian Marble into the United States.

ROME, July 16th.—In the Chamber of Deputies, Signor Peruzzi asked the Ministry if they had taken into consideration the prejudicial effect which an increase of import duties on marble imported into the United States would have upon Italian commerce. Premier Cairoli stated that the Cabinet had called the attention of the United States to the matter, and they had promised to examine the question. The United States, he said, further informed him that meanwhile orders had been issued to the Custom-house authorities of the United States to give greater facilities to the importation of Italian marble.

Destructive Forest Fires.

ST. JOHN (N. B.), July 16th.—Fires are raging along the line of the St. John, Maine and European and North American Railways, through to Mattowamkeag. Wednesday night a fire swept the railway between Cork and Harvey stations, and burned a bridge across Lyons stream. The bridge was nineteen spans. The section men got to work as soon as the fire passed, and after hard work got it repaired so that trains yesterday morning passed over safely. The woods near Harvey and McAdam are on fire.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Newport, R. I., dispatch says: Prince Leopold is obliged to cancel all his Newport engagements, owing to an injury to his ankle while salmon fishing.

At Shelbyville, Ind., yesterday, George West was fatally stabbed by Samuel Hunter. Both are negroes, and strangers in that place. A drunken quarrel over money was the cause.

General McDowell has been relieved from the operation of the special orders convening the Board of Officers to examine and report upon the codification of the regulations of the army, and has been ordered to return to his proper station.

A London dispatch says: A bottle has been found at Bally Bunion containing a paper signed George Campbell, second engineer of the steamer Zanzibar, dated January 15th, with the following memorandum: "The ship is filling rapidly. We are preparing to take to the boats. The weather is moderating, but we have little hope of saving ourselves." The Zanzibar, Captain Page, left New York January 11, 1879, for Glasgow.

The Catholic priests in Constantinople refused to sing the Te Deum in honor of France on Wednesday. The Greek clergy thereupon celebrated the occasion, and the Greek residents made demonstrations in honor of France.

At a public meeting in London Thursday night a protest was entered against the erection in Westminster Abbey of a statue of the Prince Imperial.

OREGON.

Items from Portland.

PORTLAND, July 16th.—The weather is dreadfully sultry—thermometer 93° at 12 M.

Dr. James Keck, who was tried on a charge of manslaughter for abortion, in the United States Circuit Court, has been acquitted.

Lieutenant E. S. Farrow, Twenty-first Infantry, has been ordered to the Umatilla Indian reservation to enlist a number of Indian scouts for service in the department. When enlisted these Indians will be brought to Vancouver barracks for drill and instruction.

The funeral of the late D. J. Malarky took place this forenoon from St. Mary's Cathedral. An immense cortege followed the remains to their last resting place.

Census returns show that Portland contains a population of 22,000. It is thought the population of the State will reach 170,000.

News has been received here of the sudden death of Harry L. Koons, one of the prominent surveyors in the employ of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company. He died yesterday at Camp Colie, a few miles below Umatilla. Koons was a member of the Masonic fraternity, and highly esteemed here.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Northern Pacific Railroad—Favorable Outlook.

NEW TACOMA, July 16th.—The Northern Pacific engineer party, in charge of J. Tilton, special engineer to examine Natchez Pass of the Cascade Mountains, has just been heard from. The summit was crossed about forty miles southeast of Wilkeson, at an altitude of less than 4,800 feet. The ascent from this side is without difficulty until reaching the backbone near the summit, where a one-mile tunnel will avoid 800 feet of elevation. The descent into Yakima valley is much superior to the approach from the west. The report is favorable beyond expectation. The location is most fortunate, as it secures a direct line on the eastern side of the Cascades from Ainsworth to the Sound. The snow problem is also said to be solved. In this pass little or no shedding will be required.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Suicide of a Woman—New Postoffice—In Session all Night—Grand Ball.

VICTORIA, July 16th.—A woman of the town named Ruby Edwards, alias Edna White, aged 22 years, and a native of New Orleans, committed suicide in her house on Broad street yesterday with laudanum.

Nanaimo is to have a new postoffice of stone and marble.

The last City Council meeting was entertained by one of the Councilors till 3 in the morning against time. He finally fell asleep, when the rest of the Councilors rushed through business and went home in broad daylight.

At a ball given by the citizens of Victoria to the fleet last night, 450 guests, including many American tourists, were present.

Sandy Young, a pioneer of Tehama and Butte counties, says the Red Bluff *People's Cause*, and who was for years a terror to the Indians in this vicinity, has not been seen or heard of since the 19th of June. He had a small farm on Klamath river which he left on the date referred to, and all search for him has been unavailing. He was associated with Hi Good in leading the war of extermination against the various tribes of Indians infesting the foothills of the Sierra up to about the year 1870, when Good was murdered by a domestic Indian. Jack Drennon and other associates of Good and Young completed the conquest already nearly ended, by closing the career of the remnant of the tribe.

The Carson (Nev.) *Appeal* furnishes the following information: A fisherman from Empire writes us to make inquiries regarding the best way to plant trout. Trout, to grow well, should be planted with the tails down, and pretty well watered to insure success. Plant in soft moist soil, the moister the better, and see that the worms don't get to them. This is about all the information we can give until our regular agricultural editor gets back from the springs.

COAST DISPATCHES.

SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION

A DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Operations of Two Undisguised Footpads near Oroville.

PASSENGERS FROM THE EAST BY RAIL.

A Miner Dashed to Pieces in the Yellow Jacket Shaft.

CALIFORNIA.

The Female Pedestrian Contest.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16th.—In the women's walking match the score at 9 P. M. stood: Howard 307, Young 301, Tobias 297, Denman 288, Donley 268, Lee 258.

The Great Yacht Race—Lively Betting.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16th.—The race to come off to-morrow between the crack yachts Con O'Connor and Consuelo creates much interest in yachting and general betting circles. The two vessels had a race last summer, which was contested almost inch by inch, the O'Conner gradually drawing away from her antagonist on each course, and finally winning by a few minutes only. It was then claimed by the backers of the Consuelo that she labored under a disadvantage from having removed some of her ballast, and added one cloth to her mainsail, and that otherwise she would have won the race, as she had at that time won every other race in which she had entered. The contest is for $1,000 a side, and outside betting has been very heavy. To-night the O'Connor is ahead in the pools, which are very lively, and thousands of dollars will change hands on the result. Both yachts are in first-class condition, and will be handled by experts who will get out of them the best work of which they are capable.

Pay or Quit—Removal of the "Rostrum of Liberty."

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16th.—The Workingmen were to-day advised by the owners of the sand lots that they would hereafter be charged $30 per month for the use of the lots for their meetings. In consequence the "rostrum of liberty" has been removed to a public avenue yet unopened in the immediate vicinity.

San Joaquin County vs. the Central Pacific Railroad Company.

STOCKTON, July 16th.—The Board of Supervisors to-day adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That D. S. Terry is hereby authorized to employ A. A. Cohen of San Francisco as an attorney in the matters in litigation between the county of San Joaquin and the Central Pacific Railroad Company, at the price of $3,000, the said sum to be in full for all services rendered by said Cohen; said sum to be paid on or before January 15, 1881.

Crushed to Death—Merced Committee of Safety.

MERCED, July 16th.—A fatal accident occurred in the Washington mine, near Hornitas, Mariposa county, late yesterday afternoon. A man named Thomas Cuff, a native of Cornwall, England, aged about 42 years, was the victim. He got into the bucket at the mouth of the shaft to be lowered into the mine, and when the bucket reached the bottom his fellow-workmen found him dead, he having been crushed to death in the descent by the bucket coming in contact with some projecting timbers. Deceased was a married man, and has worked in the deep mines of Tuolumne and Mariposa counties for the past sixteen or seventeen years.

The Merced Committee of Safety had a meeting to-night, but the object of the gathering is not publicly known. The organization has made the town very quiet for the past week, having relieved it of the presence of numerous vagrants, idlers, gamblers and suspected persons.

Suicide with Strychnine.

SAN JOSE, July 16th.—This morning, between 9 and 10 o'clock, a laborer named John Brown, who has resided in and near this city for several years past, was found near the Southern Pacific track, about two and a half miles north of this city, dying from the effects of strychnine administered by himself, as shown by a memorandum book beside the body. Deceased gave as a reason for his act that he wanted to die, as he could not make a living any longer. An inquest was held this afternoon, and it was learned that deceased was an Irishman, aged 40 years. He was without family or relatives in this State. A verdict of suicide was rendered.

Weather and Crops.

SAN DIEGO, July 16th.—We have had quite heavy showers of rain during the last two nights—an unusual occurrence at this season. It is not injurious to grain, however. The estimated crop, based on the number of grain sacks sold, is 27,500,000 pounds wheat and 9,000,000 pounds of barley.

Enthusiastic Republican Meeting.

DIXON, July 16th.—The Republicans are holding an enthusiastic meeting at Pearson's Hall to-night. R. Clark is the principal speaker.

Highway Robbery in Daylight by Undisguised Footpads.

OROVILLE, July 16th.—Charles Watkins, a peddler of vegetables, etc., on the Quincy road, was stopped to-day, at about 1 P. M., by two footpads, about two miles above this place, and robbed of $160. Neither was disguised, and one was armed with a shotgun. One had a sandy beard of four or five weeks' growth, a dirty white shirt and red overalls. The other had a black mustache, dark shirt and blue overalls. The Sheriff and a posse are now in pursuit.

NEVADA.

Dashed to Pieces in a Mining Shaft.

VIRGINIA, July 16th.—Another accident occurred at the Yellow Jacket mine to-day. The nose-piece of No. 7 bob broke, disarranging the shaft somewhat. William Pollard soon thereafter started in the skip to go from the bottom to the top. The skip stuck near where the bob broke, upset and dumped Pollard to the bottom again. Most of his remains have been gathered up, one arm and part of a leg only being gone.

Suicide of a Frenchman.

CARSON, July 16th.—At 8 o'clock last evening one Beadau, a Frenchman, cut his throat at Washoe City, and died at 3 o'clock this morning.

Mining Matters—The Yellow Jacket Accident.

VIRGINIA, July 16th.—The Quinn Company are raising ore taken from the workings as they progress. The specimens are certainly very rich, but the parties are very reticent about what is going on where the ore comes from; but they promise all desired information in the swern weekly statement Monday.

Belcher has broken its pump-rod again, and stopped the drills, which had just been started.

Hall & Norcross has been compelled to select a new place to bulkhead against water.

The inquest as to the Yellow Jacket accident shows that the eye of one of the straps of the No. 7 bob gave way as the pump was making an up stroke. This caused one brace to fall over into the middle compartments, knocking out the timbers and breaking the guides. When the skip came up it was thrown against the wall plate and dumped, throwing Pollard out.

Passengers Passing Carlin.

CARLIN, July 16th.—The following passengers passed Carlin to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: B. B. Brunner, C. A. Hooper and wife, Rev. A. S. Fiske, A. E. Magill, F. L. Unger, C. H. Cannon, San Francisco; Mrs. J. Chase and child, Adin, Cal.; George Gaches, Washington Territory; J. W. Clark and wife, Alameda, Cal.; D. S. Parker, wife and child, Salmon Islands; R. Isaacs, New York; Ward Priest, Arizona; A. B. Goldstine, J. Q. Pattee, Frisco, Utah; C. L. Goodell and wife, Miss A. Mulhall, St. Louis; J. Travis, St. John, N. B.; Mrs. A. S. Evarts, Kansas; G. E. Stevens, Mrs. M. Louis, Omaha, Neb.; Daniel Bagley, Washington Territory; C. E. Eddey, R. W. C. Merington, New York; Henry Bird, Salt Lake; A. Dam, wife and four children, Racine, Wisconsin; S. B. Wright, Santa Rosa; B. Sabiman, New York; B. T. West, San Francisco; 78 emigrants, including 50 males, to arrive in Sacramento July 17th.

The prospect is very favorable, says the Lodi *Review*, for the new bridge to be located at the old Staples' ferry crossing instead of at Lockeford, on the San Joaquin.

HAMMER'S Cascara Sagrada Bitters stimulates a torpid liver.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 16th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Over 9,000 bbls was carried away yesterday by the China steamer. We quote the various brands as follows: Best City Extra, $5 62½; Bakers' Extra, $5 40@5 55; superfine, $3 50@4; interior Extra, $5@5 50; interior Superfine, $3 50@4; Oregon Extra, $4 50@5; choice do $5@5 25; Oregon Superfine, $3 50@4; Walla Walla Extra, $4 90@5 12½ ₩ bbl.

WHEAT—The market for the new harvest has not yet got under good headway. Receipts are coming in only moderately, but possibly an advance on present offerings would induce heavy consignments. Reports from nearly every county of the State show a generous yield. Shippers bid $1 42½ and express a willingness to pay $1 45, but that at present seems to be their limit. Millers are buying sparingly of both old and new crops. Some exporters are said to be operating in the interior, but the results of their transactions are withheld. Sales to-day on 'Change were limited, embracing 500 ctls choice old milling, $1 60; 200 do choice new Sonora, to a miller, $1 55 ₩ ctl. A small lot for superfine was taken at $1 40 ₩ ctl. We quote No. 1 at $1 50@1 55; No. 2, $1 42½@1 47½ ₩ ctl.

BARLEY—The stock on hand at the commencement of the harvest year will probably be known in a day or two. Pending the publication of the information, the market keeps steady, with no signs of wavering. Holders have about concluded to carry their stocks, and sell as opportunity offers without forcing matters. By this course of procedure it is believed that not only will present values be maintained but that an advance to a certain extent is not improbable. Some slight inquiry is noted for Chevalier, but so far it appears to be more for curiosity than actual business. About the only transactions of consequence to-day was a lot of 1,200 sks coast feed at 72½c ₩ ctl. Brewing is quotable at 77½@87½c; feed, 70@75c; Chevalier, $1 40 for choice bay and $1@1 25 for coast.

OATS—More than usual interest was manifested in the offerings to-day on 'Change. The feature of the occasion was the transfer of 1,000 sks good new California milling at $1 45 ₩ ctl. Some minor sales were made within our figures, including 200 sks good new State at $1 40 ₩ ctl. We quote: Humboldt, $1 40@1 50; coast, $1@1 25; Oregon and Washington Territory, $1 20@1 45; Surprise, $1 55@1 60 ₩ ctl.

HAY—Sale of a cargo of new good wheat and oat at $10 50 ₩ ton. Cargo lots on the wharf range from $8 to $12 50 ₩ ton.

FRUIT—H. B. Porter, of Winters, to-day sent in the first cantaloupes of the season, selling at $6 ₩ dozen. Telegrams received last night report that the peach crop of Delaware this season is expected to be very large, and that the canning factories propose to put up about 30 per cent. more than usual. Some fears are entertained that the price of the California product will be more or less affected in consequence. It is said that Eastern canners are already feeling the market here, with a view to prospective shipments. So far this year, the receipts of peaches have not been