THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY.....AUGUST 17, 1880.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

In New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 109⅝ for 4s of 1907; 109⅝ for 5s of 1881; 111½ for 4½s; sterling, $4 82½@4 84½; silver bars, 113⅞; silver coin, ¼ discount buying, par selling.

Silver in London yesterday, 52 10-16d; consols, 97 15-16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, 105¾; 4s, 113⅝; 4½s, 113⅞.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at par; Mexican dollars, 91 buying, 91½ selling.

At Liverpool yesterday wheat was quoted at 9s 8d@10s 1d for good to choice California.

Mining stocks were generally firmer in San Francisco yesterday morning. There was an advance from the best prices of Saturday of from 5c to 75c per share on most Comstock descriptions. The assessment of $1 per share on Mexican and 10c per share on Consolidated Imperial were put on yesterday.

Rev. J. W. Guiberson, a pioneer of Ventura county, died at Santa Paula Sunday night from the effects of a rattlesnake bite received the day before.

August Meyer was thrown from a horse at East Portland, Or., Sunday evening, and fatally injured.

A disastrous incendiary fire occurred at Portland, Or., yesterday morning.

The Washington Territory Teachers' Institute opens at Seattle to-day.

Two notorious forgers were arrested at Providence, R. I., yesterday.

Fire at Quebec.

The report of the death of Marshal Bazaine is unfounded.

At East St. Louis, Sunday night, Edward Tronaire shot and killed Horace B. Vail.

Two men were injured near Santa Rosa yesterday by the explosion of a thrashing machine boiler.

Crops were considerably damaged by frost Sunday night on the Atlantic coast.

Robert Wilkes, his daughter and son, were drowned near Toronto, Ont., yesterday.

An International Food Exhibition will be held in London from the 13th to the 20th of October.

Major General Bryan Grimes, of the Confederate army, was assassinated in Pitt county, North Carolina, by some unknown person.

M. D. Boruck has resigned from the Republican State Central Committee.

In a faction fight Sunday in County Armagh, Ireland, many persons were badly wounded.

Further details of the fire at Oakland, with its horrifying results, are given this morning.

The establishment of a new National Bank at Los Angeles has been authorized by the Controller of the Currency.

A church was flooded in County Donegal, Ireland, Sunday, and several persons drowned.

Christopher McCannon kicked Hattie Wilson in New York, yesterday, probably fatally injuring her.

Great efforts are making in Ventura county to secure Executive clemency in the case of Sprague.

General Grant arrived at Denver, Colorado, yesterday, and met with a hearty welcome.

At Los Angeles, Sunday, Jose Maria Dominguez shot Juan Mendez, wounding him twice.

A man named Nelson cut his throat from ear to ear at Junction City, Or., Saturday.

In Lancashire, England, the cattle on fifteen farms are infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

THE SAN DIEGO INDIANS.

In our issue of last Saturday we gave some extracts from a letter written by W. M. Smith, District Attorney of San Diego county, to Governor Perkins, in relation to the San Diego Indians. Mr. Smith desired to ascertain if the Secretary of the Interior could not be induced to do something for these unfortunate creatures, whose condition is a burning disgrace to our boasted civilization, and adds a fresh discredit to our infamous Indian record. Mr. Smith writes that these Indians "have "been driven gradually from the grants "into the valleys by the grant-owners, and "later from the valleys into the brush "on the mountains by pre-emptioners, and "now have neither land to cultivate nor "game to hunt, and are left to pillage and "steal, or starve." A few years ago an effort was made to secure some equitable arrangement for these San Diego Indians, of whom there are from 2,500 to 3,000, and at that time their whole history was exhibited, showing how they had been robbed, and oppressed, and driven from pillar to post by every one. Spaniards, and Mexicans, and Americans have in turn ill-used them, and so utterly were their rights thrust out of sight that in making transfers of the land they occupied, and which was theirs even in a far higher and truer sense than can be alleged on behalf of any subsequent holders of it, it was not thought necessary to make any reference to them, and their homes were coolly given away or sold from under them, with as dense a disregard for their existence as if they had been mere *feræ naturæ*. They are, unfortunately for themselves, a peaceful, docile, gentle race. Had they been firm and capable of protecting themselves; had they been warriors, and able to avenge their own injuries, Congress would long since have given them a reservation. But because they are not "bad Indians," because they endure suffering without going on the warpath, they have been continually put upon, and at last every means of livelihood is taken from them, and they are reduced to the simple alternatives of theft or starvation. And now, because it is quite impossible for them to endure any more, it is sought to have something done for them. If they could have lived on acorns like hogs, if they could have been kept out of sight, they would doubtless have been suffered to perish; but there is danger now that they will rather steal than starve, and so another effort is made to persuade the Government to bestow a few minutes of attention upon these its cruelly betrayed and abandoned wards. Mr. Carl Schurz is an educated and an intelligent man. We should like to know what he really thinks of the monstrous infamy of the whole record of the Interior Department, and particularly what he thinks of this latest illustration of that infamy. Is it really impossible to get even such scant justice done to these miserable wretches as may prevent them from sinking into hopeless thieves, or dying of starvation? And if it is impossible to do this, must it not be admitted that our system of government is a failure in some of its most important details, and that its pretensions to equity and honor are hideous and abominable mockeries? Let us hear something from the talented and enlightened Secretary of the Interior in regard to the chronic neglect of these San Diego Indians, even if it be an admission of the impotence of the Federal Government to do anything it ought to do.

RUSSIA AND AFGHANISTAN.

It is alleged that European officers accompany Ayoob Khan, and this story has been reported from so many sources that it is beginning to be regarded as true. Of course these officers can only be Russians, and if they are the success of Ayoob Khan's attack upon General Burrows may be better understood. It seems unlikely, however, that Russian officers would, even if employed in such a work, venture to show themselves publicly. To do so would not only compromise their Government, but, if we may judge from its past policy, would be certain to result in their own repudiation. It is quite credible that Russia has a hand in the intrigues through which the British have been so baffled in Afghanistan, for intrigue is one of that power's favorite agencies. It would, however, frustrate its own purpose by allowing its hand to be seen, and therefore it may confidently be predicted that it will never acknowledge any of its officers who may be traced to the camp or council of Ayoob Khan.

THE MISSISSIPPI PLAN AND OTHER METHODS.

The order of the Southern Democratic managers, that there should be "no killing" at the South during the present campaign, threatens to be made a dead letter. The ardor of the Southern politicians appears to be quite irrepressible, and they are so accustomed to their peculiar political methods as to have lost faith in all others. An urgent appeal is already made for the restoration of the "Mississippi Plan," and this is the way the Memphis *Appeal* gives countenance to the proposition. The incentive, be it understood, is the allegation that a deep-laid conspiracy is on foot among the Republicans of a certain district to outvote the Democrats at the polls. "Such," says the *Appeal*, "is "the plan of the Republican managers, "and they have hope, in fact "have assurance, that Southern "Democrats will co-operate with them, "in the garb, dress and paraphernalia of "that political *ignis fatuus*, the National "Party, of which Denis Kearney is the "leader, the brains and capital. *Awake! "Let the Mississippi plan be restored!* Can "you stand idly, supinely, and witness "the consummation of a gigantic con-"spiracy, in conception deeper and more "poignant than the fraud of 1876? No—"a thousand times no. Then awake, *stir "up your clubs, let the shout go up, put on "your red shirts, and let the ride begin*, or "we will be sold into political slavery, as "was Joseph, without Divine favor to re-"store us to our heritage." To comprehend the full significance of this advice it is necessary to put ourselves in the place of these Southern Democrats. Suppose, for example, that there was danger that the Democrats of Sacramento county would outvote the Republicans; and suppose the RECORD UNION should advise the Republicans to arm themselves, start out on midnight raids, and thin out the Democratic vote with shot guns. There would be no difficulty in arriving at a correct estimation of the advice under such circumstances, and if the Republicans undertook to follow it there would very quickly be civil war. But this sort of thing has been practiced so long at the South that even Northern men read of it without special shock or wonder, and feel somehow as if that region was exempted from the obligations imposed on the rest of the country. When a journal like the Memphis *Appeal* prints such recommendations as the above boldly, it must of course be at once recognized that it knows its audience, and is confident that what it says will be approved. Is there any part of the North where such advice could be ventured upon by any journal? But the Mississippi plan is not the only one which is being discussed at the South. The Democrats there evidently believe that there are more ways of killing a dog than choking it with butter. Here is another pleasant extract, this time from the Memphis *Avalanche*: "White men who dare "avow themselves here as Republicans "should be promptly branded as the bitter "and malignant enemies of the South. As "for the negroes, *let them amuse them-"selves, if they will, by voting the Radical "ticket. We have the count.* We have a "thousand good and true men *whose brave "ballots will be found equal to those of five "thousand vile radicals.* * * The name "of every Northern man who presumes in "this community to aspire to office through "Republican votes should be saturated "with stench."

It will be seen that here another plan is suggested. This is less bloodthirsty than the other, but not less effective. The negroes are to be allowed to amuse themselves by voting the radical ticket, and then their ballots are to be destroyed, as they were in Alabama the other day. "We have the count," shrewdly observes the *Avalanche*, and therefore it is quite unnecessary to use the shot-gun policy. The morality of counting each Southern Democratic vote five times is frankly and boldly asserted, with a cheerful and shameless indifference to criticism quite diabolical in its ethics. The idea that a Republican should be permitted to exist at the South is indeed almost resented, and it is clearly intimated that for a white man there to be anything but a Democrat is the unpardonable sin. The open and reckless brutality and intolerance of all these Southern journals distinguishes them from the press of the rest of the country unmistakably. They appear to have no conception whatever of political rights as attaching to the opposition. The ruling doctrine with them is that adverse opinions must be suppressed either by force or fraud. There is some division of opinion as to the methods, but there is complete unanimity as to the aim. Whether by the Mississippi Plan or the Alabama Plan, the one thing sought is the extinction of the Republican vote, and the duty of stamping that vote out is preached constantly as the first requirement of Democratic allegiance. There is no thought of tolerating Republican principles. The man who dares avow them is at once denounced and branded as a leper and a villain. No Republican must raise his hand or his voice; may presume to aspire to office, or expect to have his vote counted. This is the condition of things by and through which the Democrats hope to elect General Hancock President. It is by the assistance of a South made solid in these ways that the governmental change is being attempted which, the Northern Democrats tell us, will place the country on the highest pinnacle of prosperity, and, in General Hancock's words, secure everywhere "a free ballot, a full "vote, and a fair count." Is it possible that sane men can vote the Democratic ticket in the light of such facts?

DEMOCRATIC ARGUMENTS.

In an article a short time ago we observed that "the population of the South "has failed to keep pace with that of the "rest of the country during the past ten "years. During that period bulldozing "has done its legitimate work. It has "driven out the more enterprising and in-"dustrious elements. It has prevented "immigration and investment. It has "hung as a curse over the whole South, "and has retarded its growth." To these statements the Louisville *Courier Journal* attempts a reply, denying their truth. What it says is, that 7,000 emigrants have settled in Tennessee during ten years; that 100,000 emigrants have settled in Arkansas; that Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, etc., are "rapidly filling "up with bona fide settlers;" that there is a certain amount of commerce and of manufacture at the South; and that "the "present census shows an increase of popu-"lation ranging from thirty to forty per "cent." To all these assertions we answer that they are loose, unverified, and as we are prepared to maintain, unverifiable statements; that the accounts of commerce and industry only show how far behind the North the South actually is; and that we must distinctly refuse to accept the Southern census statistics as valid evidence of the growth of that section. It is but a few days since the *Courier-Journal* itself inferentially admitted that the Southern enumerators had been chosen with a special eye to preventing the apprehended decrease in Southern representation based on previous exhibits and known facts. We have already in other articles analyzed the Southern census returns, and shown how utterly preposterous are the claims of increase made, and therefore it is not necessary to go over that ground again. The fact is that the pretended growth of from thirty to forty per cent. is a notorious impossibility, and an ill-disguised attempt to cheat the country into allowing the South a larger representation than it is entitled to. The *Courier-Journal* will find that it has more serious work before it than consists in putting forward empty and intrinsically absurd assertions as conclusive facts, and that it must produce much better proofs than any of its unsupported dogmatisms amount to. The strictures of this journal upon Southern politics, and its statements regarding the effects of those politics upon Southern prosperity, are fortified by a mass of evidence of all kinds. It is notorious that the South has not kept pace with the North, and no journalist of reputation would presume to question it, unless, like Mr. Watterson, he was engaged in a desperate endeavor to bolster up the declining fortunes of his section by forged census returns and similar agencies.

THE SILVER DOLLARS.

Just now attention is being called to the alleged profit of coining silver dollars, accruing to the Government. Such statements are calculated to mislead the public. The real truth is that no matter what show of profit on the coinage of silver may be exhibited, the whole operation is productive only of loss and injury. On the 30th of June there had been coined, since the passage of the Bland-Allison bill, 63,934,750 silver dollars of the eighty-eight cent variety. At the same date there were in the Treasury 45,108,296 of these silver dollars, and 18,826,454 of them were in circulation, or locked up somewhere outside of the Treasury. The Secretary of the Treasury has taken special and particular pains to get them into circulation, and every attempt has failed. On the other hand he has endeavored in every possible way to protect his gold reserve, but has been unable to prevent a steady drain of that metal. The silver organs have falsely asserted that it is as difficult to keep gold in circulation as silver. The fact is that while silver constantly returns to the Treasury vaults, no matter how often it is paid out, it is found impracticable to keep gold in the vaults. For example, on the first of last October there was $169,606,995 of gold in the Treasury. On the first of the present month it had declined to $126,145,427, showing a loss in nine months of $43,461,568. During the same period the silver had swelled from $31,559,870 to $45,108,296, showing a gain of $13,548,426. It must be remembered that under the silver bill the Treasury is compelled to purchase $2,000,000 of silver every month, and coin it, and it is in the process of coining that the fictitious profit referred to in recent dispatches, appears. But the actual tendency of the whole policy is to force the gold reserve out of the Treasury, and to supply its place with silver, and if the Bland bill is not repealed it is only a question of time for this substitution to be completed. The Government is now, and has for the last twenty-eight months been, engaged in buying silver with gold, and turning the silver into a depreciated and unpopular coin which nobody will take. Let this process go on without check, and it is clear that the last gold will presently have been expended in the purchase of silver, and that with the disappearance of the gold reserve must come the gold premium, and the familiar but not less disastrous experience of a fluctuating and depreciated currency, both coin and paper. But though this is perhaps the most important question the country has to deal with, neither party has had the courage to grapple it, and we are entering upon a momentous national canvass without any definite assurances from any source in regard to a subject which brooks no delay, and which ought to have been settled in accordance with the principles of enlightened finance long ago.

GRASS VALLEY REPUBLICANS.—A correspondent of the RECORD-UNION writing from Grass Valley under date of the 14th instant says:

The opponents in Grass Valley to Democratic principles and practices have just concluded this evening the first demonstration of the campaign held in this place. E. Coleman was President and E. A. Roberts Secretary. Though the notice of the meeting as a rally was but two days old, Hamilton Hall was well filled, and a club of 100 "Boys in Blue" organized in less than twenty minutes. John W. Brier, Jr., made a speech replete with current information, reason and eloquence, all of which is characteristic of that gentleman. His arraignment of the Democratic party, though kindly administered, was very severe, and was truthful in every particular, unless, indeed, the record published to the world by the Democratic party itself be false. The Republican party here is now in fighting order, and it means to continue to strike back "and shame the devil," if possibly he is capable of being shamed, until the election of Garfield and Arthur has convinced the Democratic party that the great majority of "this nation" will not trust it with the Government so long as it continues to resort to fraud and murder of the foulest kind to accomplish its purposes.

ANOTHER SAD DEATH AT SAN QUENTIN. The following is from the San Francisco *Post* of August 16th:

There died in San Quentin yesterday morning a convict, the history of whose alleged crime is familiar to the people of West Oakland, both from the youthfulness of the prisoner and the peculiar facts, or rather the lack of facts clearly criminating him, which were brought out on his trial. The deceased, whose name was J. Reverly, five years ago was established in a prosperous business at Oakland Point. About that time a forgery was committed and Reverly was arrested for it. On the stand he neither denied nor admitted the crime, and after a very weak defense he was convicted and sent over for a term of years. It was suspected then, as it is to-day, that he was not the forger, but that another a man of family and an intimate friend, was the real criminal. By excellent conduct Reverly shortened his term of imprisonment, and would have been released tomorrow had not the grim angel of death claimed him. The deceased had been ailing for some time with consumption. His friends were last week preparing to receive him and to assist to regain him his former business standing, but now their kind offices will be needed only in doing the last sad honors to his memory.

When the rich ironmonger B. was elected Mayor of C. he requested one of his friends to get up an orchestral concert for him in first-rate style. "How will you manage it?" asked he. "Well, I will engage eight first violins, six seconds." "Stop," said the rich man, "none of your second fiddles. I have money enough, let them all be firsts."—[London Music.

GENERAL NEWS.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.

GENERAL POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

New York Republicans Said to be United and Hopeful.

PASSENGERS COMING WEST BY RAIL.

Crops Injured by Frost in New York—Snow in Ulster County.

MANUFACTURE OF CIGARS IN NEW YORK

A Spark from a Cigar Causes the Death of a Young Lady.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

A Church Flooded and Several Persons Drowned in Ireland.

Etc.....Etc.....Etc

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Grant in Colorado.

DENVER (Col.), August 16th.—A committee of prominent citizens, headed by Governor Pitkin, left Denver for Manitou by a special train this morning, where they met General Grant and escorted him to Denver. The party arrived at the depot at 5:45 P. M. Upon the arrival of the train a salute was fired by the Chaffee Light Artillery, after which a procession was formed of military and civic organizations, and proceeded through the principal streets to the hotel. The General was mounted on a gray horse. The houses along the line of march were gaily decorated, and every available spot was a point of observation for the people. All along the line the General was welcomed with hearty cheers. Upon arriving at the hotel the General dismounted and entered the building, but in response to calls from the crowd soon appeared upon the balcony and bowed pleasantly. The General then turned to retreat, when the crowd clamored for a speech. Whereupon he smiled and said: "Comrades—I thank you, but all I wish to say is to introduce to you Governor Routt, whom I know to be very fond of talking to a large crowd." Governor Routt said but few words, and then retired. A reception was held at the Glenarm Hotel to-night. Tomorrow night there will be a banquet in the General's honor. General Grant stated to a knot of distinguished listeners at Manitou yesterday, that in his opinion Gen. Garfield would carry New York easily.

Another Church Scandal—This Time in New Mexico.

DENVER (Col.), August 16th.—The *Tribune* has a long special from Messila, N. M., to the effect that there is much excitement throughout Messila valley over the elopement of Father Todoro Roualt, priest of Las Cruces, and a brilliant and beautiful young lady, Miss Marguerata Carcia, from the Convent of the Sisters of Loretto, who recently entered the Convent, it is said, at the solicitation of the priest against the wishes of her parents. After continued scandalous proceedings the couple eloped, and were overtaken at a small hamlet, whence the priest appeared in deshabille and was struck, and would have been killed by an uncle of the girl if friends had not interfered. The priest and girl were finally married. The former tells horrible stories about the Bishops and other priests.

An Ex-Postmaster in Trouble.

DEADWOOD (D. T.), August 16th.—The United States Grand Jury has returned two indictments against R. O. Adams, ex-Postmaster of this city, for the embezzlement of $11,938 of Government funds. Adams has been placed under $12,000 bonds to appear for trial.

Seriously Injured by a Kick.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—Christopher McCannon, a seaman belonging to the Clifton, and who temporarily resided at 50 East Broadway, was this morning committed to prison for kicking Hattie Wilson, a young woman, in the abdomen. Wilson and another woman quarreled with McCannon's mistress, Blanche Stevens, and he took her part. The Clifton recently arrived from San Francisco, where it is said McCannon belongs.

New National Bank Authorized.

WASHINGTON, August 16th.—The Deputy Comptroller of the Currency to-day authorized the establishment of a new national bank—the First National—at Los Angeles, Cal., with a capital of $100,000.

Chinese Cigars in New York.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—The *Commercial* this evening learns that the report of large quantities of cigars being sent here by San Francisco Chinese is correct, but they are of an inferior brand, and the prices received are not so great as reported. The only fear entertained by the cigar manufacturers is if Chinese cigar labor proves profitable, it will interfere with the class of goods known as "tenement house cigars," manufactured for the most part by Bohemians. It is not known to whom the San Francisco cigars are shipped. The cigar trade in this city at the present time is exceedingly brisk, and manufacturers declare that they have great difficulty to obtain the goods to fill orders. The demand is far greater than it was seven months ago.

Westward-Bound Passengers.

OMAHA, August 16th.—The following through passengers were on to-day's train, leaving at 12:15 P. M., to arrive in Sacramento August 20th: F. B. Perkins, Grass Valley; Albert Hayman, Australia; Wm. Wood, Arizona; Miss Louise Pomeroy, New York; J. C. Wagner, Oakland; G. B. Rodney, U. S. A.; Mrs. A. E. Meredith, Cuba, La.; Mrs. H. M. Kaufman, San Francisco; Mrs. E. Greene, Miss Lillian Greene, Oakland.

Thirty through emigrants left on Saturday night's emigrant train, to arrive in Sacramento August 22d, and 38 last night, to arrive August 23d.

A Notorious Forger Arrested.

PROVIDENCE, August 16th.—Charles A. Brockway, a notorious forger, and pal, believed to be "Bully Ogle," were arrested today while cashing a forged check.

Destruction of Railroad Property by Fire.

DERBY LINE (Vt.), August 16th.—Two freight sheds with their contents, and 10 loaded cars of the Grand Trunk Railroad, was burned to-day at Richmond, Quebec. Loss, $75,000; insured.

Fatal Result of a Saloon Quarrel.

ST. LOUIS, August 16th.—Horace B. Vail, while drunk, went into the saloon of Edward Tronaine, in East St. Louis, about 12 o'clock last night, got into a quarrel with Tronaine, and was shot three times by the latter and killed. Tronaine gave himself up.

Silver and Stocks.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—Silver bars, 113¾; money, 2@3; Governments quiet; stocks closed firm; Western Union, 106½; Quicksilver, 11¼; Pacific Mail, 41¼; Mariposa, ½; Wells-Fargo, 108; New York Central, 133; Erie, 42; Panama, 182; Union Pacific, 94½; bonds, 112¼; Central Pacific, 76½; bonds, 112½; Sutro, 1⅝.

Crops Injured by Frost.

RONDOUT (N. Y.), August 16th.—Tender vegetation was killed by frost last night. The growing crops of corn and buckwheat were somewhat injured. The stage driver reports a light snow in Stony Clove, Ulster county.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—There was frost in the interior river counties last night. At Stamford, Delaware county, ice formed. The temperature there at 6 A. M. was 62 degrees.

International Food Exhibition.

WASHINGTON, August 16th.—The International Food Exhibition will open at London from October 13th to the 20th. The objects are to bring prominently before all classes, and in a comprehensive manner, the multitudinous articles applicable for food in both the animal and vegetable kingdoms, together with the various modes of producing and preparing the same for consumption, embracing all the different processes of manufacture, preservation and cooking.

A Spark from a Cigar Fatally Injures a Young Lady.

LANCASTER (Pa.), August 16th.—Miss Lillie Muler, aged 18 years, was walking with a gentleman this evening near Mount Joy, when a spark from his cigar set fire to her dress, and the girl was fatally burned.

Dr. Tanner and Emma Hardinge-Brittain Disagree.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—Dr. Tanner attended the lecture of Emma Hardinge-Brittain yesterday morning. It was not known by the audience or lecturer that he was present in the hall. Mrs. Brittain in closing her remarks on magnetism, referred to Dr. Tanner and the wonderful example he had given of the ascendancy of will over matter. She asserted that the density of population, the magnetic influence of the multitude and the aroma of food, made his feat possible in this city, while if attempted in the keen air of the country and in solitude, the body would soon be exhausted by the vigorous and consuming oxygen. At the close of her remarks a well-dressed, sharp eyed man, rose and obtained permission to address a question to the speaker, who introduced himself as the subject of the lady's remarks. All eyes were turned in surprise upon Dr. Tanner, who said: "If I had continued my fast in Clarendon Hall without the aid of the air in the park, I could not have continued twenty days. Indeed, the bracing air of the Minnesota prairie made it possible for me to continue forty-two days once without food. My experiment in this city was attended with far greater difficulty. Therefore my experience is not in accordance with your theory of magnetic forces." Mrs. Brittain did not attempt to sustain her theory. The Doctor looked fresh and vigorous, and talked to many who surrounded him before he left the hall.

Crop Reports.

WASHINGTON, August 16th.—Returns to the Department of Agriculture since August 1st show an increase in the condition of cotton as compared with July. The present average condition for the whole country is 102. The general average of the corn crop on August 1st is 98, against 100 on July 1st. The condition of spring wheat is 88, against 81 last year. The early months were very dry, and the rains which came were too late to restore the loss. California and Oregon report the highest condition since several years. Tobacco shows a general average for the whole country at 86.

The Great Issue in Connecticut.

CHICAGO, August 16th.—The *Times* says: Since the Connecticut Republicans closed the bloody chasm between Hartford and New Haven by nominating a man from one place for Governor and one from the other for Lieutenant-Governor the Democrats have became thoroughly alarmed. They meet in State Convention on Wednesday, and a big row is anticipated unless they are fortunate enough to effect as happy a compromise between the two towns as their competitors did. One or the other of them will probably go almost solidly against them.

Disgusted Immigrants.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—Sixty-seven Russian immigrants, some survivors of a party of 330 which left Russia in 1877 for Brazil, have arrived at New York sick and destitute. They found the South American climate unsuited to them, and after losing nearly all their funds, decided to leave the country where they had experienced so many hardships.

Hoarded Half Dollars Put in Circulation.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—At Southampton, Suffolk county, a great deal of curiosity has been excited by the sudden appearance in circulation of a large number of half dollars, all bearing the date of 1836 and as bright as when they came from the mint. The mystery is now explained. An old resident of Sag Harbor City, well known as a practicing physician, but who has for years past led a comparatively secluded life, at the time of the panic in 1836 hoarded 1,500 half dollars of that date, and has kept them, in total disregard of interest or premium, until the present time.

Assassination.

RALEIGH (N. C.), August 16th.—Major-General Bryan Grimes, of the Confederate army, while driving near his home in Pitt county, was shot dead by some unknown person.

New York Republicans United and Hopeful.

NEW YORK, August 16th.—The *Times'* letters, received from thirty-four of the fifty-eight counties of New York, outside of this and Kings, give a fair and unprejudiced showing of the political situation. In all these the Republican party is united, and nowhere is there talk of scratching, and from all comes the prediction that Garfield and Arthur will receive a much more solid support and larger majorities than did Hayes and Wheeler.

Captains' Licenses Revoked.

DETROIT, August 16th.—The local steamboat inspectors, as a result of their investigation into the recent collision of the steamboat Garland with the steam yacht Mamie, have revoked the licenses of both captains on the ground that it was entirely within their power to have prevented the terrible accident by the exercise of any sort of prudence in the management of their respective boats.

Ruinous Hail-storm.

DANVILLE (Va.), August 16th.—One planter has 100 hills of tobacco destroyed by hailstones, and others had large quantities ruined.

The Southern Census Frauds.

CHICAGO, August 16th.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: General Walker is not as sanguine as to the veracity of the census returns as at first. Then he stood ready to defend the veracity of the returns, and would not listen to criticism. Since South Carolina came along, and some of the counties show phenomenal results, he admits that it looks a little singular.

Nomination for Congress.

ERIE (Pa.), August 16th.—The Democracy of the Twenty-seventh District have nominated Alfred Short for Congress.

Death Under Suspicious Circumstances.

PITTSBURG (Pa.), August 16th.—Mrs. Isabella Smalley, wife of Henry Smalley, died last Friday evening. Upon her body were found marks and scars indicative of hard treatment, and the Coroner's jury held her husband for murder upon good evidence.

Trials of Strength and Speed.

BOSTON, August 16th.—A large crowd witnessed the trials of strength and speed to-day between the Irish-American and Scotch Canadian athletes for $1,000 and the championship of the world. The former were represented by Thomas Lynch, of Boston, and James C. Daley, of New York. The latter by Duncan C. Ross and E. W. Johnson, both of Canada. The Irish-Americans were the victors by three points.

Disastrous Cyclone—Fatal Fight.

GALVESTON, August 16th.—A *News* special says: A two-minute cyclone at Goliad demolished 25 houses. Five persons were injured.

Two farmers—Johnson and Odol—had a fight, and both were killed.

Convicted—A Bad Spell.

PHILADELPHIA, August 16th.—Dr. John Buchanan, of Eclectic College notoriety, has been convicted by the United States Grand Jury on a charge of devising a scheme to defraud, and with using the mails for illegal purposes.

Dr. David Wright, one of Buchanan's graduates, gave a certificate of death from "collary infantum." The Coroner's jury censure Wright as an unqualified physician.

Husband and Wife Drowned.

SPRINGFIELD (Mass.), August 16th.—John C. Taylor, Secretary of the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of Western Massachusetts, and wife were drowned in the Connecticut river to-night. Mrs. Taylor leaped from the boat in which were her husband and two other women. He sprang after her, and being unable to swim, both were lost.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Adelaide Neilson's Death—Marshal Bazaine Still Alive.

PARIS, August 16th.—Adelaide Neilson died at midnight Saturday at the Restaurant Duchalet, in the Bois de Boulogne.

The report of the death of Marshal Bazaine is unfounded.

Particulars of Adelaide Neilson's Death.

PARIS, August 16th.—Adelaide Neilson was taken Saturday night, while driving in the Bois de Boulogne with a lady who has been living with her as companion. She had been staying at the Continental Hotel for a few days previous to her death, with her companion, a servant, and a gentleman described as her secretary. The circumstances surrounding her death are so suspicious that police inquiry may become necessary. The rooms which Miss Neilson occupied at the Continental Hotel have been sealed up, and telegrams have been dispatched to her relatives.

Another report says that Miss Neilson had left her home with a party of friends, in the best of spirits and apparently in good health, to take breakfast in the famous Duchalet Restaurant, Bois de Boulogne. At the table she frequently alluded to her success in her profession, and spoke hopefully of what she expected to accomplish during the coming season and in her more distant future. Suddenly Miss Neilson turned pale, gave a low cry, pressed her hand upon her heart and fell back in her chair. Her friends sprang to her assistance, and attempted to bring her to consciousness, dispatching a messenger for medical aid; but all efforts were of no avail. Miss Neilson was dead.

Faction Fight.

LONDON, August 16th.—In a faction fight yesterday at Portadown, county Armagh, between Catholics and Orangemen, many persons were badly wounded. The Catholics were routed.

LONDON, August 16th.—The Catholics had demonstrations in various parts of Ireland yesterday, in connection with the festival of Assumption or Lady Day celebration. At Dungannon there was serious rioting. The police, who had been severely stoned, fired on the procession, and one man was killed and twenty wounded. There was also rioting in other parts of the country, and several of the police were injured.

Strong Talk at Irish Land League Meetings.

DUBLIN, August 16th.—John Dillon, member of Parliament for Tipperary, speaking at a land meeting at Kildare, said that as soon as the Land League had 300,000 men enrolled they would be able to strike against rents entirely if their demands were not granted, and all the arms in England would not be able to levy rent in Ireland. They would have no Coercion Act, and they could go out any hour of the night they pleased and carry rifles with them.

At the meeting of the Land League at Cork the Juno affair was condemned and the belief expressed that the raid must have been effected by persons desiring to see a renewal of the coercion acts and wishing to give the Government good value for their secret service money.

Father, Son and Daughter Drowned.

TORONTO, August 16th.—Robert Wilkes, a wholesale jeweler of this city, his daughter Florence, aged 15, and son Bertie, aged 11, were drowned at Sturgeon Point to-day. Florence and Bertie were bathing, and the boy getting out beyond his depth, the father, who was in a boat, jumped out to save him. The daughter also went to the rescue, and all were drowned.

Fatal Flood in Ireland.

LONDON, August 16th.—Floods swept down the Glen of Glendore, county Donegal, today, flooding the church at Cammionon and drowning several persons who were carried away by the rush of waters. Two bodies have been recovered.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

LONDON, August 16th.—Eleven persons are missing. Five bodies have been recovered.

The Stolen Jewelry—Attack Repulsed.

LONDON, August 16th.—The value of the plate and jewelry stolen from Eldon's residence, near Wartham, is £20,000.

A dispatch from Quettah to-day says: A large number of tribesmen attacked our troops at Ketch last night. The garrison of 300 of the Sixteenth Bombay (native) Infantry behaved with great steadiness. The enemy were repulsed, and left 80 dead. The garrison pursued the enemy for some distance.

The Question of Currency in Germany.

LONDON, August 16th.—The *Post's* Berlin correspondent says: It is expected that at the next session of the Reichstag the entire question of currency will be reopened, for despite the semi-official contradiction, the agitation against an exclusive gold currency is daily gaining ground in Government circles. It is said that Bismarck favors the readoption of silver as the legal tender. The President of the Imperial Bank has, in a remarkable treatise, exposed the mistake made in abolishing the silver standard.

Strangled—A Prince Injured.

BERLIN, August 16th.—A lady of the Sultan's harem, who took refuge in the British Embassy at Constantinople and was subsequently surrendered, has been strangled as an accomplice in the Palace conspiracy.

Prince Alexander of Bulgaria was thrown from his carriage to-day and received serious injuries.

An American in Trouble in England.

LONDON, August 16th.—Thomas McGrath, described as an engineer belonging to the American man-of-war Trenton, has been committed for trial for killing a man in an affray at Gravesend.

Will Return.

COPENHAGEN, August 15th. — In consequence of a telegram from the Government at Athens, the King of Greece will return there immediately.

Committed for Trial.

CALCUTTA, August 16th.—The man who fired at Lord Lytton in December, and was declared insane, has recovered and been committed for trial.

Pleuro-Pneumonia in England.

LONDON, August 16th.—It is officially stated that cattle on fifteen farms in Lancashire are infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

PACIFIC COAST ITEMS.

Candelaria, Nev., is to have a bank.

The Gilroy warehouses are fast filling up

The ferry-boat Carquinez has resumed her trips.

There are nearly three thousand Piutes in Nevada.

A temperance reform movement is in progress in Nevada City.

There is talk of starting a Republican daily paper in Grass Valley.

Two gentlemen, who have been in Upper Plumas, caught over 1,000 trout during their trip.

J. B. Burrill, of Santa Cruz, has asked the Equalization Board to increase his assessment.

William Vickers was shot and dangerously wounded by John Harris at Hanford last week.

William White, of Butte, M. T., a prominent merchant, has mysteriously disappeared recently.

Mrs. Lapp, who lives on Isthmus slough, Coos county, Or., killed a large wildcat last week with a shotgun.

J. Cross, engaged in sinking a well in Oroville, was seriously injured by the explosion of a blast last week.

The Washoe Indians will soon hold a big fandango near Truckee in honor of the arrival of the pokeberry season.

H. E. Barton, of Lake Valley, El Dorado county, has lost 800 acres of pasture and two miles of fence from fires this year.

A. Townsend, of the Chico *Sentinel*, was run away with last Tuesday, while driving with his grand children, and severely injured.

John A. Paxton proposes starting a bank in Reno, Nev., with $75,000 capital as a starter, and with more to follow if it can be utilized.

At the Tia Juana hot springs, San Diego county, the baths lately indicated by thermometer a temperature ranging from 102 to 115 degrees.

A harvesting machine is at work in Contra Costa county which cuts, thrashes and sacks the grain at once, and at the rate of fifty cents per acre.

A letter from one of the campers at Soquel says that on Tuesday, at Aptos, a shark was caught that was 31 feet in length and weighed over three tons.

The San Jose *Mercury* says that the Chinese opium dens of that city are patronized by numbers of boys and girls—some of them well known in society circles.

The Republican candidates for Presidential Electors in Nevada are R. H. Taylor, of Storey county; O. H. Grey, of White Pine; A. E. Morton, of Esmeralda.

On account of the lateness of the season, and, among other causes, as farmers are now very busy, the camp meeting at Pacific Grove has been put off till next year.

Last year's grain exhibit in Powder River Valley, Or., foots up as follows: Wheat, 13,533; barley, 30,660; oats, 80,450; making a total of 124,643 bushels of grain.

Citizens of Ormsby county, Nev., have subscribed $500 as a reward for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of old "Jack Hans" (Christopher Hill) at Jack's Valley.

The buzz-saw asserted itself at Fort Jones a day or two since by catching the foot of a young mill hand and mangling it so seriously that amputation was necessary.

A band of 140 horses and mules arrived in Walla Walla from Battle Mountain, Nev., having while crossing the desert no feed for six days, during which time two of the animals died.

Thursday morning a young man named William Lewis, employed on the ranch of A. O. Peden, about seven miles from Tehama, was crushed between a wagon and a tree, and died in about an hour.

There are no vacant houses in Nevada City, says the Dutch Flat *Forum*—none to let to persons who wish to stop at that lively city. Almost the same at Dutch Flat. The mining towns throughout the State are generally prosperous and lively this year.

The Oroville *Register* says: Several flocks of cranes have passed over our town during the week, going south. The leaves on the trees in the mountains are beginning to turn yellow, and the acorns are falling. These signs are taken by many to be warnings of the early approach of fall.

The Tuscarora (Nev.) *Times-Review* retorts, in kind, in the following: "The Eureka *Sentinel* says it always knew there were more sinners to the square yard in Tuscarora than elsewhere on the coast. The editor of the *Sentinel* is a liar, a horse thief and—a candidate for Congress.

Miss Rosa Smith of San Diego recently read a paper, describing a new fish discovered by her, before the Natural History Society