THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

SATURDAY.....OCTOBER 2, 1880.

Signal Corps Report—October 1, 1880.

TIME	BAR	THR	HUM	WIND	RA'N	WEATH.
4:02 A. M.....	29.94	50	86	S. E. 8	...	Clear.
7 A. M.....	29.97	51	86	S. E. 5	...	Clear
8:02 A. M.....	30.01	53	80	S. 4	...	Clear
2 P. M.....	30.00	70	44	N. W. 4	...	Clear
8.02 P. M.....	29.99	59	70	S. W. 6	....	Clear

Max. ther., 71 degrees. Min. ther., 46 degrees.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, October 1st.—For Pacific coast regions: Partly cloudy weather and light rains north of California.

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Metropolitan Theater—Republican Rally, Hon. Henry Edgerton, Monday night.

Metropolitan Theater—Matinee and to-night—Widow Bedott Troupe.

A. O. U. W.—Union Lodge social to-night.

G. Haines, Republican candidate for Police Judge.

Pioneers' funeral notice.

Atlantic Gardens, Sunday.

Lost—Gold ring.

F and A. M., K. T., to-night.

Land League meeting, Sunday.

Republican meetings—H. Cox and R. Guy McClellan.

Auction Sales.

Bell & Co., to-day, at 1 P. M.

M. Pflug & Co., to-day, at 10 A. M.

Sherburn & Smith, to-day, at 10 A. M.

M. Pflug & Co., to-day, at 12, noon.

Business Advertisements.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Bruner & Bruner, attorneys.

Dissolution—Dreier & Weimar.

James I. Felter & Co.—Liquors.

Pioneer Box Factory—Cooke & Son.

Nathan's cigar store, K street, near Second.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

UNCALLED FOR WARRANTS. — Generally when money is due to people and tendered, they are ready to receive it, but it would appear that there are people to whom the State is in debt, and whom she is ready to pay, who prefer to await a request to come up and get the cash, and the following are those who can now get money by walking up to the Controller's office and taking uncalled-for warrants: Huntington, Hopkins & Co., $22 30; do, $12 90; Agricultural District No. 6, $1,200; A. H. Chapman, $185 70; Fabian Bros., $8 75; P. W. Sheehan, $7; do, $2; A. Steiger, $.50 50; H. F. Gullixon & Co., $3; Choynski & Co., $21 50; S. E. Russell, $25; Wm. F. White, $32 70; Bank Commissioners, $75; San Francisco Bulletin Company, $63; Holbrook, Merrill & Stetson, $2 25; Capital Gas Company, $180 25; do, $10 85; A. L. Bancroft & Co. $60 50; H. C. Kirk & Co., $9; do, $2 50; Pacific Dispensary for Women and Children, $500; Tatum & Bowen, $15; Tatum & Bowen, $193 17; J. H. Dorety, $32 53; F. Foster, $2 387 60; H. S. Crocker & Co., $23 52; Philip Cohen, $3 25; M. R. Rose, $16 10; Palmer & Co, $51; J. S. Wheeler, $8; American District Telegraph Company, $2 50; Whittier, Fuller & Co., $3 10; A. Flohr, $3 75; H. Newmark & Co., $170; W. C. Finney, $62 93; Stevens & Wilcox, $85 31; Spencer C. Browne, $200; H. Cronner, $131 99; W. Fisher, $6. State School Land Fund—A. S. Logan, $147 57; Alex. Rapette, assignee, $220 27; J. M. Lunstedt, assignee, $267 50; Hamilton, Nelson & Sheppard, $300; Pacific Ice Company, $5 20; ditto, $13; W. J. O'Brien, $23 87; N. L. Drew & Co., $5 52; J. Prichard (duplicate for canceled warrant), $3; State Board of Equalization, $37 17; *California Democrat*, $93 10; Edward Christy, $313 39; S. G. S. Dunbar, $15; Wm. B. Miller, $2 50; Capital Soap Co., $4; Company E, First Artillery Regiment, Fourth Brigade, N. G. C., $375; Sheriffs—Tompkins, Nevada county, $51 50; Tyrrell, Alameda county, $19 90; ditto, $119 25; Bowen, Kern county, $79 70; Heilbron, Sacramento county, $51 25; King, San Bernardino county, $137 75 and $143 45; Fulkerth, Stanislaus county, $23 90 and $102; Mahan, Contra Costa county, $20 70, $20 70, $20 70; Vogan, Amador county, $65 25, $136 78, $120 90, $105, $82 40, $90 50; Clark, Mariposa county, $84 20.

COUNTY HOSPITAL REPORT.—The following is the report of the Superintendent of the County Hospital, Dr. J. R. Laine, for the month of September: Number of patients in hospital September 1st, 113; admitted during September, 75; discharged, 66; died, 6; remaining September 30th, 116; highest number during the month, 116; lowest, 101; average, 110½; meals given destitute applicants, 49. The names of the deceased, their ages, nativities and causes of death, are as follows: Philip McGovern, 21, Ireland, consumption; Jos. Douglas, 21, Missouri (colored), consumption; John Murray, 48, Ireland, pericarditis and tumor; George Collaremed, 28, Illinois, congestive chill; Nicholas Knop, 29, Germany, pulmonary apoplexy; John Hodder, 51, Newfoundland, consumption. The current expenses have been as follows: Salaries of Superintendent and employes, $789; subsistence, $658 08; clothing, $46 24; miscellaneous expenses, $101 35; total, $1,594 67.

INCORPORATIONS.—There was filed in the office of the Secretary of State yesterday the certificate of the incorporation of the Georgetown Eureka Mining Company. Directors, J. B. Low, W. C. Baird, Charles B. Boynton, Frederick Pierson, F. L. Mabey, Jr., Rufus Hatch, Albert J. Hatch, and George H. Palmer; principal place of business, New York City; location of works, El Dorado county; capital stock, $100,000, divided into 100,000 shares. Also the International Water Elevating Company, to purchase and deal in patents for elevating water. Place of business, San Francisco; Directors, John Patten, F. W. Ludovici, M. J. Annick, Jonathan Kittredge, and Geo. R. Gluselin; capital stock, $500,000, in 10,000 shares.

MERCHANDISE REPORT. — The following freight for Sacramento passed Ogden on the 29th: For Hartwell, Hotchkiss & Stalker, 1 bundle iron pulleys; A. & W. H. MacEwen, 1 case note paper; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 7 coils packing, 1 box hardware; R. Stone & Co., 8 bundles cloth, 1 box castings; S. Lipman & Co., 1 bundle blankets; W. A. & C. S. Houghton, 2 boxes paper; A. Coolot, 1 box books; C. H. Gilman, 20 boxes hats; Mallone & Co., 1 case advertising matter; Fritz & Miller, 2 boxes coffins; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 19 tierces hams; Weinstock & Lubin, 1 box corsets, 2 boxes shoes; Billingsley & Co., 28 bundles paper; R. E. Gocings, 1 box drugs, 1 bale sponges.

FREIGHT MOVEMENTS.—The following carloads of freight were received in this city yesterday: Nine of wheat, 2 of oil, 1 of shakes, 1 of green fruit, 1 of barley, 1 of sash, doors and blinds, 2 of lumber, 2 of grapes, 1 of granite, 3 of wood, 1 of ice, 4 of cattle, 2 of canned fruit, 1 of steel. Also, the following through freight was forwarded East: Six of copper, 7 of merchandise, 3 of hops, 3 of wool, 3 of canned goods, 1 of brandy and wine, 1 of salmon, 4 of canned fruit, 1 of sugar, 1 of mustard seed, 1 of honey, 17 of barley, 17 of tea.

RAILROAD HOSPITAL REPORT.—The following is the report of Dr. A. B. Nixon, surgeon in charge of the Railroad Hospital, for the month ending September 30, 1880: Present in hospital September 1st, 29; admitted during the month, 67; total, 96. Discharged, 54; died, 1; total, 55. Remaining in hospital for the month ending September, 41. Private house and office patients treated, 151; total, 247.

NEW CHURCH ROOF.—The Congregational Church is receiving a new roof, which will add greatly to its appearance. The former flat roof, entirely obscured by the brick battlement and without cornice, gave the building a very box-like, unartistic look. The new one will be a truss frame, shingle roof, with projecting eaves and cornice, which will largely overcome and relieve its former appearance.

EN ROUTE FOR STOCKTON.—Sheriff Chas. Williamson, of Storey county, Nev., came down yesterday with an insane man named John Mehogan, whom he took to Stockton Insane Asylum on the forenoon train.

OUR ASSORTMENT of fancy brocaded velvets is complete at 75 cents to $1 15 per yard. Also, a full line of trimming silks and satins, at the Red House. *

ROCK AND RYE cures colds, coughs and bronchial diseases. G. W. Chesley, agent.*

REPUBLICAN RALLY.

Campaign Address by Governor George L. Woods.

Turner Hall was well filled last evening by a fine audience to hear ex-Governor George L. Woods upon the issues of the day. The meeting was called to order by W. A. Anderson, and the following officers were chosen: President, Hon. T. B. McFarland; Vice-Presidents, N. L. Drew, H. Eldred, A. L. Frost, C. N. Post, C. L. White, Henry O. Johnson, Frank Manuel, A. F. Chapman, Amariah Johnson, C. C. Brown and John Ryan; Secretaries, J. A. Woodson and J. J. Carter. Church, Jones & Beebe's band discoursed music preceding the call to order.

Judge McFarland opened the meeting with brief remarks, and then introduced Governor Woods, who was received with applause. He spoke in an eloquent strain, kept the attention of his hearers closely, and was often interrupted with loud applause. He reviewed the history of the party of liberty and the result of its achievements. He sketched the condition of the country when slavery was lawful, and that blot was one of the institutions of the country, an evil out of the existence of which grew the sentiment that gave birth to the anti-slavery party, and that advance of thought which crystallized finally in the form of the great Republican party. [Applause.] The friend of that evil was the proslavery party, which gave birth to the modern Democratic party that espoused the cause of human slavery, and in its cause it became a sectional party and so remains. Andrew Jackson believed that this is a nation, and so held to the day of his death. [Applause.] But the infamy cropped out that "this is not a nation," and that there is no such thing as national citizenship, but that the States are supreme, and cannot be coerced. So a division arose in the Democratic ranks, and all old Jackson Democrats remember the memorable struggle in which Jackson, the immortal hero, triumphed, and issued that sublime proclamation which stands as one of the giant monuments along the pathway of the advance of our nation. [Applause.] If the Central Committee would to-day print and circulate that grand old document of that grand old hero, half of these latter-day-Democrats would declare it to be a Black Republican lie. [Laughter and applause.] But though Jackson triumphed, Calhoun pushed his ideas constantly, until he finally absolutely Calhounized the entire Democratic party. The pro-slavery, sectional, Calhounized doctrine of that party became so aggressive that all clear thinkers saw that soon a great conflict must come on for settlement. Even when California was admitted into the Union the malcontents threatened to disrupt the Union because this State refused to stain its maiden robes with the blot of slavery. Finally in 1860 the issue came to the front too prominently to be longer evaded without a contest between the hosts of liberty and thought and right and the army of wrong, secession, slavery and States rights. And this latter army threatened that if the people elected Mr. Lincoln there should be a disruption of this Union. Mr. Lincoln was elected [applause], and there came a rebellion, which was the legitimate result of the doctrines of the Democratic party. [Applause.]

Mr. Woods then sketched the facts of history just before the outbreak of the rebellion, how Buchanan's Cabinet scattered the army and navy, secured the arms and munitions of war in the South, secured the money of the United States in the hands of rebels, and otherwise made ready to go out of the Union and leave the incoming administration without men, means, arms or ships to resist rebels with. He declared, therefore, that it was a Democratic rebellion, brought on by Democratic doctrines, and officered by Democrats. The people remembered how Democrats gloried over rebel victories and bowed their heads when the flag of the Union floated over Union triumphs, and everywhere discouraged friends of the nation and sneered at their attempts to secure free government to the world. [Applause.] The people remember that these Democrats, who now claim they saved the Union and fought the rebels, in the very midst of the mighty struggle, when the supremest moment of the nation had come and the heart of the world stood still in the face of the terrible crisis—how that party, in convention assembled, solemnly declared the war a failure and called for an armistice, which meant a recognition of the Confederate Government. [Applause.] He read from Pollock's secret history of the "Lost Cause" (Pollock was a Southerner and a rebel and a Democrat), wherein on pages 351 and 352 and 367 he bears testimony to the aid the Democratic party at the North gave to the rebels at the South, and how Jefferson Davis had constant secret correspondence during the war with Democratic leaders at the North. The speaker declared that between the doctrines of the Democracy in 1860 and in 1880 there is no difference, and that there is no true Democrat to-day who dare stand up and avow that he differs in political thought and sentiment from Jefferson Davis and the living leaders of the rebellion. He declared that the doctrine of States rights is as prominent to-day as ever, and is the great issue in the campaign, and he went on to show how the Democracy, if in power, can and will make it a national doctrine and carry it to its legitimate result—a practical disruption of the Union. He cited bills reorganizing branches of the Government already introduced into Congress, and the declaration of leaders that there shall be swept from the statute book all the laws obnoxious to it. He recited the methods by which the constitutional amendments are to be attacked and swept away. He cited the organization of Congress to show how the Democracy and ex-rebels are capturing it and getting all the power into their hands, and are shaping the legislation of the country in the committee, over the most important of which ex-rebels to-day preside, though they represent but one-sixteenth of the taxation of the nation. The rebel claims are being pushed and the proof of "loyalty" now required alone bars them, but they openly declare that that word shall be stricken from the law, and meanwhile they continue to file rebel claims. The Republican party is pledged to it that no rebel pensions and claims shall be paid [great applause]; that there shall always be kept alive the distinction between loyalty and disloyalty [applause] between right and wrong. [Applause]. He sketched the financial system given to the republic by the Republican party and declared it the greatest financial triumph ever known to the world—grandest to-day on the earth. [Applause.] His review of the financial affairs was clear, and filled with statistical statements drawn from official sources, and showing conclusively the wisdom and success of the policy of the Republican party. He pointed out that all the isms and ragtag and bobtail parties find it easy to consort with the Democratic party, it being one thing here and another there, but with the Republican party there is no such consorting, for it is a party of fixed principles. [Applause.] The one cohesive force of all other parties is a negative force, to wit, opposition to the success of the Republican party and a determination to beat it; but by the eternal they shall not do it. [Great applause.] He sketched the legislation of the Democracy in Congress to show it had not reduced taxation or worked promised reforms. Governor Woods then took up the two candidates, Garfield and Hancock, and reviewed them in the light of the campaign and the issues of the day, and their fitness for the chief magistracy. He compared the candidates for Congress in the Second District, and paid a high tribute to Mr. Page. With a happy peroration he concluded, leading the audience in three cheers for Garfield and Arthur.

THE WEATHER.—The past few days has been regarded by the weather prophets as strongly portending an early storm, but Sergeant Sickler, who, under Old Probabilities, has charge of the weather for this region, states that the barometer has indicated no local atmospheric disturbance which gives promise of an immediate cessation of our fine weather. The hazy appearance of the atmosphere for the past few days was occasioned by a storm which passed to the north of us, extending over Oregon and Washington Territory, and not extending to any amount as far south as California.

NEW INDICES.—Secretary of State Burns has introduced into his office the new directing system of indices for files of letters and papers. It consists of a handsome black walnut cabinet with double doors, in which are twenty drawers, in each of which is one of the index books held to place by springs, and within which letters and bills can be filed. The indexing is triple and cross, and enables the Secretary to place his hand on any given letter in almost an instant.

SPECIAL VALUES in whalebone and silk fringes, gimps and beadings, at the Red House. *

THE BEST VALUE in BLACK CASHMERE, at L. Bien's, Eighth and J streets. *

GREENBACK LABOR CONVENTION.

The County Convention of the National Greenback Labor party met at Jacobs' Hall at 2:20 P. M. J. D. Jost, Chairman of the County Committee, called to order.

F. Woodward moved that the Chair appoint a committee of five on credentials and five on organization. Carried.

E. G. Morton moved for the appointment of a committee of five on resolutions. Carried.

The Chair named these committees: On Credentials—Messrs. Norton, Burns, Smith, Woodward, Mahaney. On Organization—Messrs. Ringold, Welty, Lytle, Daly and Le Blanc. On Resolutions—Messrs. Woodward, Keller, Mrs. Smith, Boyne and Morton.

The Convention then took a recess.

The Convention reassembled at 3:20 P. M.

The Committee on Credentials presented its report, setting forth that the delegates reported entitled to seats as certified by the County Executive Committee were C. Butterfield, A. B. Burns, J. K. Houston, E. Daily, E. G. Morton, Sr.; F. Woodward, E. S. Lund, N. B. McKenzie, J. Mahaney, J. Casione, W. L. Smith, J. D. Jost, J. D. Moynahan, S. H. Kay, R. N. Johnson, J. Plimpton, James Harkin, J. Newbaur, Mrs. A. F. Smith, E. A. LeBlanc, Thomas DeRea, Geo. Hedgson, C. S. Ringold, Mathew Hodge, S. Read, Terence McCabe, Ben. Todd, Henry Dillman, B. Love, A. A. Vanine, J. C. Quinn, Geo. I. Lytle, N. Peterson, C. Schindler, J. Murphy, L. A. Vogel, C. S. Keenan, Thos. Howard, John Kane, Joseph Hull, James Riley, J. Welty, J. H. Treat, John Bonnetta, Matt. Keenan, C. B. Brockway, W. B. G. Keller, J. P. Sarsfield, T. O'Laughlin, W. S. Runyon, H. Ladd, Peter Crandall, Fayette Bell, W. Garrett, Morris Toomey, J. Dunning, C. M. Boyd, Charles Smith, J. M. Anderbech, E. G. Morton, Jr., John Cornell, S. F. Smith, John Donahue, George Wilson, Dr. Amos C. Lee, Caleb Arnold, J. H. Brown, Thomas Shaler, H. J. Smith, Thos. McConnell, J. M. Bell, T. L. Bell, A. M. Plumber, John Hahn, Henry Fay, C. Bandy, J. A. Simons, A. Hanlon, J. W. Gilgore, C. W. Siedel, Wm. Frazer, W. T. Eaves.

Houston was proxy for John Bonnetta and Joseph Hull; W. L. Smith for Joseph Plimpton and S. H. Kay.

The report was adopted.

The Committee on Organization reported, recommending as permanent officers Ferdinand Woodward for President, E. G. Morton, Sr., for Vice-President and Samuel F. Smith for Secretary. The committee also reported the usual order of business. The report was adopted.

Mr. Woodward, on taking the chair, was applauded, and briefly addressed the Convention, saying the party had a war to wage, but how long it would be he could not say, but hoped ere long to put a President in the White House. He believed the country now ruled by a pack of the greatest scoundrels that ever lived, and that the financial system is a fraud; that the whole national debt is a fraud, and not a dollar of it was ever necessary. The rebellion itself had not done the damage to the country that the present infamous currency system has.

The Committee on Resolutions reported.

The resolutions in brief:

1. Indorses the national platform of the party.

2. Declares against land monopoly as subversive of liberty, order and good government.

3. For the abolition of national banks, and that the Government loan its credit to the people for carrying on co-operative factories, foundries, mills, mines and farms.

4. For the establishment of State and National Bureaus of Labor Statistics.

5. That railroads and other public conveyances shall be owned and operated by State and National Government, and run at cost price.

6. For free industrial education, and that all citizens shall control and enjoy the full benefit of the produce of their labors.

7. No abridgment of the right of suffrage on account of race or sex.

8. Against Chinese immigration and against competition by Asiatic slave labor.

9. For a reasonable protective tariff.

10. Denouncing the burning of currency, the retiracy of greenbacks and the substitution of interest-bearing bonds.

11. That the bonds of the Government coming due be paid with money now on hand in the Treasury of the United States.

12. Against usury as a sin and a crime.

13. For protection of manhood and womanhood as well as lifeless property, and that "the law as administered to-day is the reverse of this proposition."

14. "Idleness and paupers' wages must cease or this republic cannot live."

15. That the Democracy was responsible for the rebellion, and the Republican party for the greater sin of creating and sustaining an unnecessary bonded debt.

16. That the changing of our circulating medium into untaxed interest-paying obligations for the benefit of the Shylocks of Europe and Wall street, has made 40,000,000 of slaves in place of 4,000,000 set free by the war.

17. For election of the President and United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

An assessment of 50 cents on each delegate was ordered.

Benjamin Todd nominated for Assemblyman Ferdinand Woodward. He declined, but the Convention, with applause, nominated him by acclamation. Mr. Woodward said he thought it a bad nomination. He was not popular. He was in the Republican party fifteen years, and never got any show to get a position, and he thought that party wouldn't let him in now. However as Mr. Todd had agreed to make a fight for him, and furnish the means, too, he'd stand in. [Laughter.]

George I. Lytle nominated E. G. Morton, Sr., for Assemblyman from the country, seconded by Mrs. Annie F. Smith. Mr. Morton declined, said he wasn't likely to win a fight, having been in one recent campaign, and, beside, he expected to leave the State on a trip East in about three weeks.

A. B. Burns nominated Elijah Daly of Antelope for Assemblyman.

W. L. Smith nominated C. S. Ringold of Sacramento. Mr. Ringold declined.

A. A. Vanine nominated W. B. G. Keller. Mr. Keller declined.

E. G. Morton nominated Thomas McConnell. He didn't know if he would run, but he knew he was with the party, heart and soul.

Mr. Ringold wanted to know if Mr. McConnell would support Weaver and Chambers.

George Wilson believed Mr. McConnell would run; he had recently talked with him.

Mr. Daly was then nominated by acclamation.

On motion of Lytle Messrs. Morton and Ringold were appointed to communicate with Mr. McConnell by telegraph.

The Convention then adjourned until 7 P. M.

The Convention reassembled at 7:30 P. M.

Mr. Ringold called attention to the seventh plank in the platform, regarding unabridged right of suffrage, and said it might be construed to admit the Chinese to the right. He moved to strike out the plank and substitute as follows: "The right of suffrage shall not be denied to any citizen of the United States who is 21 years of age and upwards."

His motion prevailed, and the substitution was made.

W. B. G. Keller spoke at length concerning and offered resolutions declaring:

1. In favor of five instead of seven county Supervisors.

2. Abolishing office of County Treasurer and in favor of letting out the county money for safe-keeping, or some similar plan by which the county will derive revenue by it.

3. In favor of strictest economy in public offices, and against all sinecure offices.

4. That no county officer shall receive over $2,500 per annum, except Superior Judges.

5. In favor of re-enacting the law abolishing the office of Public Administrator.

E. G. Morton, Sr., moved to amend regarding Supervisors so as to make the resolution call for three instead of five. The resolutions as amended were adopted.

The committee appointed to communicate with Mr. McConnell reported their inability to reach him through the medium of the telegraph.

Mr. Morton then withdrew the name of Mr. McConnell.

Mr. Le Blanc nominated E. G. Morton, Sr., of Brighton, who again declined, and said he was going East and could not make the canvass.

Mr. Morton was nominated by acclamation, and, being called on, addressed the Convention.

After nominating a Central Committee the Convention adjourned.

F. J. CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON.—This celebrated Whisky is for sale by all first-class druggists and grocers. Trade mark—Star within a Shield. *

CAMEL'S BASKET CLOTH and mohair dress goods, only 15 cents a yard, at L. Bien's, Eighth and J streets. *

HOMICIDE.

Mrs. George Hamilton Shoots Twice and Instantly Kills Her Husband.

Yesterday afternoon at about half-past 2 o'clock George Hamilton, an engineer on the Central Pacific Railroad, running between this city and Truckee, was shot by his wife at their residence on Twelfth street, between H and I, and instantly killed. This is the same Mrs. Hamilton who last winter shot Miss Nellie Winkleplek on K street, whom she charged with improper intimacy with her husband. She was tried in the Superior Court subsequently, and in the absence of the prosecuting witness was acquitted. After her acquittal she and her husband lived together again, but, as would seem from circumstances and transactions known to their friends and others, she was constantly jealous of him, and not only watched his every movement but frequently charged him with want of constancy toward her, and upon such occasions rendered their living together not only exceedingly unpleasant, but on frequent occasions she made serious threats and even attempted violence. One month ago yesterday, as he was about to leave their residence at the place where yesterday's tragedy occurred, she became very violent through jealousy toward him, and, as he subsequently stated to a friend,

SNAPPED A REVOLVER IN HIS FACE,

But it missed fire. He took his engine as usual and made his trip, but upon his return related the circumstances to others, and stating that he did not regard it safe for him to try to live with her any longer, rented a room in the Brown House at the corner of Fourth and K streets, where he has since remained, and she still living on Twelfth near I street. He, however, has continued to pay rent and all bills for his wife. Recently she has been several times to the depot to see him, and sought to compel him to return with her again. Upon some of these visits she has been very violent, and it was said that she was armed. On one occasion she is said to have remarked to him—only about two weeks ago, while at his engine at the depot—"I'm a good mind to shoot you." On another evening, about the same time, she followed him about the depot in such a threatening manner that she was taken by the officer and kept at the police station until after Hamilton was gone with the train. Such demonstrations have been open and very frequent of late, until she has finally made good the often expressed fears of his friends. Yesterday afternoon she sent a note to her husband, who was at his room at Brown's, requesting him to come and see her about some bills, and further urging him to call as she wanted to make up matters between them. Upon receiving the note Mr. Hamilton consulted with friends, who advised him not to go, but he concluded to go and see her, but wished some one to accompany him, as he said he was afraid she might shoot him. He finally went to see her, but whether accompanied by any one or not the statements were conflicting last evening. Soon afterwards George A. Basler was riding past the place on Twelfth street, and saw Mrs. Hamilton pacing the porch of her house, rubbing and wringing her hands and apparently greatly excited. Others had began to congregate and he went in, accompanied by Mr. McCrary. When they opened the front door they found Mr. Hamilton

LYING DEAD IN THE HALL.

He was lying on his face, with his feet in the sitting-room door. The little daughter, who is about 11 or 12 years of age, was piteously running to her mother and about the room, saying, "Oh, my dear papa, my dear papa; he's dead, he's dead!" and would say to her mother, "What shall I do? you shot my papa, and he's dead." Mr. Basler asked her what was the matter, and Mrs. Hamilton replied, "I have shot him." She then looked down on him as he lay on the floor, and clasped her hands together and said, "Oh, darling, I loved you, and rather than have anyone else have you I killed you." She made similar expressions repeated at the house and while on the way to the jail. She was asked whether she knew what would be the result, and she said, "Yes, I will go to any place, to prison or penitentiary," and at another time she said, "I am willing to go anywhere; I know I shall be hanged, but I would rather do anything than let anyone else have him." She said the pistol she shot him with was "in the other room," where it was found in the bedroom lying on the stand. It was a Smith & Wesson pattern, and two shots had been fired. Mr. Basler told her she would have to go with him to the police station, and she expressed willingness to go, and put on her shawl and hat. While doing so her little girl came again to her almost wild, and wanted to know what she should do, saying, "You have killed papa and taken poison yourself. Oh, for God's sake, what shall I do?" Her mother very affectionately told her that it would be all right; that she would be well taken care of, and told her to go to Mr. Bennett's on H street and stay. The little girl started away as directed, and Mrs. Hamilton accompanied Mr. Basler. On the way she wanted to go to the County Jail, and not to the Police Station, and she was taken to the Court-house Jail, where she now remains. She requested that her little daughter be sent to her grandfather, George Hamilton, who resides some place in the East. Although excited she seemed to understand perfectly what she was doing. On the way to jail she stated that she had a gold ring at Hyman's, on J street, and requested Mr. Basler to go and have it engraved "Mrs. George Hamilton," and given to her little daughter, remarking that the latter had money enough to pay for it. After she was lodged in jail Coroner Vermilya was notified and the remains were conveyed by him to his office. It was found that

HE WAS SHOT TWICE,

Once in the after part of the left cheek, and again about two inches behind and a little below the left ear, both balls lodging in the opposite side of the head. There was burnt powder about both wounds, showing that the pistol was held close by at each shot. It is believed from the statements of the little girl that the first shot was fired while she had her left arm around his neck, and it is claimed she pleaded with him to return and live with her. The second shot was probably fired after he had fallen to the floor. During the excitement the little girl several times referred to her mother having taken poison, and apparently expected she would immediately die from it. In the sitting-room on a table was a small bottle, labelled

"POISON—ONE-EIGHTH OUNCE STRYCHNINE."

Beside the bottle was a spoon, and it was thought at the time that she had taken a dose and intended to end her own life with her husband's.

When spoken to upon the subject at the jail, she replied that she hadn't poisoned herself. It was afterwards learned that she bought the bottle of strychnine at R. E. Gogings' drug store on the 25th of September under the statement that she wanted to kill rats, but she evidently had not used any of it for self-destruction as supposed, as she was still well at a late hour last evening.

There was a large crowd during the evening at the Coroner's office calling to view the face of the murdered man. An inquest will be held Sunday forenoon, by which time additional facts will probably be brought to light in connection with the affair.

REPUBLICAN RALLY.—Monday night, at the Metropolitan Theater, Hon. Henry Edgerton will address the people of Sacramento on the issues of the day. Seats in the theater are to be reserved for ladies. It is the intention of the Central Committee to have ushers who understand it, seat the people, by which fully 300 more can get seats than when left to seat themselves, in which case they seldom "move up." The stage will accommodate some 200 people if seated, and thus it will be easy by adroit management to put 1,200 people in the theater and make the meeting the largest indoor gathering held here for a long time. Mr. Edgerton's fame as an orator, and the deepening interest in the campaign, warrants the prophesy that this will be the most prominent campaign meeting yet held.

SOCIAL AND ENTERTAINMENT. — Union Lodge, A. O. U. W., gives a social and literary and musical entertainment at the Lodge-room to-night, to begin at 8 o'clock exactly. An invitation is extended to all members of the Order and their ladies, to be present. The "Unions" propose to outdo the "Sacramentos" with this fraternal reunion rivalry.

ALL CASH BUYERS well do well to examine prices and goods at H. H. Paulk's, No. 814 K street: "M. M. & Co." tea, 5-lb box, $2, "M. M. & Co." tea, 1-lb papers, 40 cents; choice pickled roll butter, 60 cents per roll; and everything at bedrock prices. *

LADIES' HEAVY MERINO UNDERWEAR for 45 and 60 cents, at L. Bien's, Eighth and J.* *

BRIEF NOTES.

There were six more cars of copper passed through yesterday for the East en route from Arizona. There were also three carloads of hops from this city shipped for Milwaukee and Chicago.

At a regular meeting of Company B, First Artillery, held night before last, ex Lieutenant J. W. Cooper was unanimously elected an honorary member of that company.

The number of police arrests in the city for the month of September was 282. Number of lodgers at police station, 17. Total number of meals furnished, 1,833.

Eighty-four immigrant passengers will arrive from the East this afternoon, including 47 males.

C. W. Reed, of Sacramento, will arrive from the East this morning.

POLICE COURT.—In the Police Court yesterday afternoon Frank Quinn, the man who was charged with attempt to steal the cow belonging to McCoy, at Thirty-first and J streets, was dismissed, for want of evidence against him; John Scott, drunk, case continued till to-day; M. Haley, otherwise Robert Mines, was found guilty of till tapping at Matt Johnson's saloon, Tenth and J streets, and will be sentenced to-day; the case of James Curtis, charged as implicated with M. Haley in the above transaction, was tried and taken under advisement; Michael Thomas, battery, was tried, found guilty, and to appear for judgment to-day; Giovina Bernaldi, charged with taking $55 from the trunk of an L street woman, was examined and held to answer before the Superior Court, with bail fixed at $1,000; No. 7 cell inmate, drunk, would not give name, forfeited $5 deposit for appearance; Jennie Cramer, drunk, forfeited like deposit; the cases of John Scott, drunk, and Fred Mier, violating the health ordinance, were continued till to-day; J. Fischel, charged with making threats against life, case continued till Monday.

SEPTEMBER WEATHER REPORT.—The following is the consolidated report for September of Sergeant M. M. Sickler, in charge of the signal station in this city: Highest barometer, 30.063—September 24th; lowest barometer, 29.730—September 4th; mean barometer, 29.897; highest temperature, 92, on 4th and 5th; lowest temperature, 48, on the 3d; mean temperature, 68.9; greatest daily range of temperature, 35, on the 9th; least daily range of temperature, 23, on the 17th; mean relative humidity, 54.9 per cent.; prevailing wind, south; total movement of wind, 4,014 miles; highest velocity, 16 miles, from the north, on the 1st; prevailing wind from the north on four days—the 1st, 18th, 25th and 27th; number of cloudy days, 1; number of fair days, 1; number of clear days, 28; solar halo on the 29th. The mean temperature in 1879 was 70.4; highest, 96; lowest, 52. In 1878 the highest temperature was 92, the lowest 48, and the mean 68.09, being precisely the same as the past month, which shows the equable and unchanging quality of the climate.

KILLED BY THE CARS.—Yesterday, while freight train No. 43, on the western division, was running between Galt and McConnell's, the engineer noticed a man walking on the track towards the train, and when about four or six hundred yards away, the whistle was sounded to make sure of the man's attention to the approaching train. The man was just about coming off from a trestle-work, and had but a few steps to take before he could step off at the side. When the whistle was blown, instead of leaving the track he stopped and stood still as if overcome with terror, and thus remained until the train struck him, when he was knocked off the trestle, falling a distance of about nine feet. The train at once stopped, but he was already dead when reached. He was brought to this city and placed in the hands of Coroner Vermilya, and an inquest will be held to-day at 10 o'clock. From naturalization papers found on his person the deceased is supposed to be Gerhard Hocke, a native of Germany, admitted to citizenship at St. Louis, Mo., July, 1855.

AUCTION SALES.—Sherburn & Smith sell by auction at 10 A. M. to-day, at 323 K street, a large variety of furniture, carpets, stoves, etc.; also a large lot of crockery, glassware, tinware, etc., removed from Third street, between M and N, for convenience of sale. Also a lot of tea, raisins, etc.....Bell & Co. will sell by auction to-day at 1 P. M. sharp, at 908 J street, one peddler's wagon, one sulky, one riding horse, one set double harness (new), one set single harness, two fine curled hair mattresses, one spring mattress, six tepoy tables, a large lot of iron, tin and woodenware, one hay cutting machine and one Florence sewing machine.....M. Pflug & Co. will sell by auction to-day at 10 A. M. sharp, at 1013 Fourth street, one pair road horses, two saddle horses, one family horse, one pony, one phaeton, two express wagons, two saddles and two sets single harness.

FIRE.—At 2 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in a small unoccupied cottage on the west side of Third street, between L and M, owned by Charles Vogel, and communicated to a like unoccupied cottage on the north adjoining the brick building on the corner of L and Third streets. The latter cottage was owned by John Donnavan. Both structures were destroyed. No insurance; loss about $600. The Fire Department was prompt, and saved the whole wooden row on the south.

POLICE ARRESTS.—Arrests were made in this city yesterday as follows: John Scott, a little "off," by special officer Stanardt; Mr. May, battery, by officer Campbell; Col. Martin and Captain Haley, disturbing the peace, by officers Frazee, Smith, Fredericks and Campbell; Elizabeth Duffy, safe keeping, by officer Atwood; Mrs. Russell, drunk, by officer Rider; Miss Dennis, disturbing the peace, by officers Fredericks and Campbell; Mrs. Belcher, battery, by officers Fredericks and Campbell.

CLARK ON TRIAL.—A. F. Clark is on trial in the Superior Court as an accessory in the Tullis murder, for which Troy Dye and Edward Anderson were executed. Some considerable difficulty has been experienced in getting a jury. The testimony will be entered upon this morning. District Attorney Buckley, C. T. Jones and Geo. A. Blanchard appear for the people, and Creed Haymond and Clinton L. White for the defendant. Clark has been out on bail for about a year.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.—This afternoon "Widow Bedott" will hold a matinee reception, at 2 o'clock, and Tim Crane, Elder Sniffles, Melissa and her beau, and all the rest of the "Thanksgiving party" will be there. This evening the last performance. The company has given satisfaction here and delighted large audiences.

AUCTION OF REALTY.—M. Pflug & Co. sell by auction at 12 o'clock, noon, to-day, a new two story frame house, with lot 80 by 160, on the corner of Ann and Second streets, Washington, Yolo county; also a building lot adjoining the house. Terms, one third cash, or the installment plan.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.—The regular announcements for Republican meetings to be addressed by Dr. H. Cox and R. Guy McClellan appear in the advertising columns today.

THE RIVER.—The steamer Harriet came down with the barge H. C. Miller loaded with grain yesterday. The steamer Modoc left with a heavy load at about 3 P. M.

LAND LEAGUE.—Friends of the Land League movement are to meet to-morrow at 2:30 P. M. at St. Rose's Hall to organize.

CANDIDATE.—G. Haines announces himself as the Republican nominee for Police Judge of Sacramento.

YOU CAN BUY BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLIN for 7½ cents per yard; crash (twilled), 8 cents per yard; dark or light calicoes, 5 cents per yard; felt skirts, 50c; full size bed-comforters, $1 15. The best line of brocaded dress goods in the city for 18 and 22 cents per yard. In waterproofs, we have everything that is new and desirable, and at our usual low prices, at the Red House. *

THE country is flooded with circulars of quacks and their nostrums. Do not be caught by these swindling vultures, but use remedies which are compounded upon a scientific basis, as the Oregon Blood Purifier, introduced by a standard house. H. C. Kirk & Co., wholesale agents, Sacramento. *

NO MORE trouble with indigestion and dyspepsia. Dr. Henley's celebrated I X L Bitters, when taken regularly before meals, cure and prevent all such ailments. *

NAGLEE BRANDY.—Purest and best in the world. S. R. Middleton, agent, No. 419 Pine street, San Francisco. *

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 1st—1 P. M.

FLOUR—We quote: Best City Extra, $5 12½; Bakers' Extra, $5@5 12½; Superfine, $3 50@4; interior Ext