THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY.....OCTOBER 12, 1880.

Signal Corps Report—October 11, 1880.

TIME.	BAR.	THR.	HUM.	WIND.	RAIN.	WEATH.
4:02 A. M.....	30.03	50	45	N. 7	....	Clear
7 A. M.....	30.05	51	46	N. 4	....	Clear
8:02 A. M.	30.06	53	36	N. 6	....	Clear
2 P. M.....	29.95	75	16	N. 5	....	Fair
8:02 P. M.....	25.94	62	31	N. 8	....	Clear

Max. ther., 75 degrees. Min. ther., 48 degrees.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, October 11th.—For Pacific coast regions: Clear or fair weather.

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Republican Reunion and Barbecue Committee, to-day.

Campaign papers at 529 K street.

Occidental Encampment, I. O. O. F., to-night.

Boys in Blue—Meeting this evening.

A. O. U. W., Sacramento Lodge, to-night.

Company A, First Artillery—Meeting and drill to-night.

Company B, First Artillery—Meeting and drill to-night.

Republican meetings—Dr. H. Cox.

British Mutual Social and Benefit Society, to-night.

Lost—Gold chain and blue locket.

Sealed proposals for furnishing wood.

Good Templars' Band of Hope, to-day.

Concord Lodge, F. and A. M., to-night.

Second Ward Garfield and Arthur Club, to-night.

Auction Sales.

D. J. Simmons & Co.—Duck's chicken ranch.

Father Mathew T. A. Society—Properties and fittings.

Business Advertisements.

The Davis vertical feed sewing machine.

D. O. Mills & Co.—Bank statement.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

BOARD OF CITY TRUSTEES.

The Board of City Trustees held its regular weekly session yesterday, all the members present.

The Water Works report was received from John A. Cunningham, Chief Engineer, stating that during the past week the works had been running 168 hours; the total number of gallons of water pumped was 16,305,850, and the amount of fuel consumed was 1,997 cubic feet of gas coke.

R. D. Scriver also reported that water taps to the amount of $225 were furnished to the City Tapper for the same period.

A petition numerously signed by property owners in the block between Second and Third and M and N streets, was presented, asking that H. Winters' sidewalk be permitted to remain unchanged for the present. A counter petition was also presented from other parties urging that the previous petition be not granted. The subject was upon motion referred to Street Commissioner Davis.

A. J. Painter submitted a written request and on behalf of the street railway company, asking authority for said company to remove its track along Third, from K to O, and upon O from Third to Tenth streets, and to abandon that portion of the O-street line. Read, and action deferred for one week.

A petition was received from people residing upon the block lying between E and F, Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, and vicinity, asking that the said square be provided with street lamps, which matter was referred to the Street Commissioner.

The City Surveyor was, upon motion, directed to prepare the necessary specifications for continuance of the brick tunnel at Sixth and Y streets, for improvement of the escape from the city sewage, and the Street Commissioner was instructed to advertise for proposals for doing the work.

The City Board of Health submitted a statement relative to the cesspools in the eastern portion of the city. Also recommending that the Board of Trustees have a sewer constructed along Fifteenth street, which is deemed necessary for the preservation of the public health. The communication was read and placed on file for further action.

Consideration of the proposed ordinance for protecting the wires and apparatus of the fire alarm telegraph by providing punishment for interference with the same, was postponed one week.

W. S. Messick came before the Board and made a statement relative to the improvement of Chica Slough, so as to remove the present unhealthful and unsightly condition of that locality and transform it into a lake, which should be an ornament and void of impurities. He desired to ascertain what action the Board would take, in conjunction with the Central Pacific Railroad Company, towards that end. Upon motion the City Surveyor was instructed to make a survey and report to the Board an estimate of the cost of filling in through the slough for an 80-foot street, midway between H and I streets, and from Third to Fifth streets; also to extend Third street up on to the grade, from the north side of I to the above proposed street.

The following claims were considered and allowed: Pacific Ice Company, $24 56; Postoffice Department, $1 50; Geo. Kubur, $18; Owen Wood, $8; Antone Brason, $10; John Lynch, $8; August Meiss, $28; Thos. Cotter, $12; M. Daley, $15; Samuel Harper, $24; J. Gribble, assignee, $6; F. Foster, $11 50; Capital Gas Company, $17 50; Whittier, Fuller & Co., $3 25; Carrie C. Hancock, $75; P. A. Byrne, $50; S. H. Gerrish, $10; Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company, $53 70; Martin Devine, $100; H. B. Burlingame, $4 75; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., $33 16; Sacramento Lumber Company, assignee, $112 47; A. M. Smith, $12 05; J. D. Lord, $100; Mellor & Son, $84 30; J. A. Wilson, $2; S. Lipman & Co., $2 50; John Shellars, $1 50; P. Herzog, $36 04; J. B. Stillson, $1; M. J. Carroll, $2.

The Board then adjourned.

MERCHANDISE REPORT.—The following freight for Sacramento passed Ogden on the 9th and 10th: For Capital Furniture Company, 8 boxes walnut stock, 1 box looking-glasses; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 10 bundles tobacco, 18 boxes matches; C. H. Gilman, 1 box shoes; Weinstock & Lubin, 2 boxes boots and shoes, 1 box corsets, 2 boxes shirts; C. H. Stevens, 5 boxes boots and shoes, 1 box corsets; M. Lash, 1 barrel quartz; Locke & Lavenson, 2 boxes oil cloth; Adams, McNeill & Co., 10 barrels currants; J. Kearth, 1 box shoes; Parsons, Kilgour & Co., 2 cases cloaks; W. A. & C. S. Houghton, 1 box dry goods, 3 boxes and 1 case books, 1 box copy books; S. Nathan, 1 box hats; H. C. Kirk & Co., 4 cases glycerine; Geo. D. Almond, 1 box oil; Waterhouse & Lester, 105 bundles rims, 8 bundles and 12 crates spokes, 19 bundles shafts, 6 crates singletrees, 2 crates burs; Booth & Co., 23 bundles tobacco, 20 boxes maple syrup; Mebius & Co., 10 bundles tobacco; C. W. Rapp, 1 case crackers; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 2 boxes bolts, 260 kegs nails, 1 box and 12 casks hardware, 3 cases sledges, 92 plates iron; S. Lipman & Co., 1 box hosiery, 1 box and 2 cases dry goods, 1 box shirts, 1 box domestic woolens, 1 case corsets; Rothfeld Bros., 2 boxes dry goods, 1 case corsets.

POLICE COURT.—In the Police Court yesterday John Clark, John Taske, Thomas Brooks and William Smith, heretofore convicted of vagrancy, were sentenced to twenty days each in the County Jail. William Steadman, drunk, was discharged. Dan Smith, drunk, pleaded guilty and was fined $5 and costs. Mah Suie, carrying concealed weapons, pleaded guilty, and will receive sentence to-day. Same, for exhibiting deadly weapons, tried, found guilty and discharged. Antonio Tonano, disturbing the peace, pleaded guilty and fined $10 and costs. Madame Blanch, petit larceny, continued till to-morrow. James Wright pleaded guilty of battery and fined $5 and costs. Barney Dean, on charge of battery, was tried, found guilty and to be sentenced to-morrow. The two case of Johanna Hopper of disturbing the peace, that of Minnie Western, same charge, May Baby, petit larceny, and Wah Sing, embezzlement, were continued till to-day.

THE RIVER.—Since last report the steamer Daisy, with barge Rosalind, passed up, both light. The Empire City came down with the barge City of Stockton, loaded with grain. San Joaquin No. 3 came down with barge Grand Island, both loaded with grain. The Dover, light, came down with barge Garfield, loaded with grain. San Joaquin No. 3 again went up with merchandise, also taking barge Granger, loaded with lumber and merchandise. San Joaquin No. 2 passed through, going to Washington Point, with piles for P. A. Miller, and after unloading, passed down again.

HENRY THE VIII.—Ladies, this new style of soft beaver hats can be seen at Mechanics' Store, in all the latest and most fashionable shades. *

MRS. DR. POTTS invites the ladies of this city to her first private lecture this afternoon at Congregational Church. *

THE GILMAN PIONEER KIP BOOT, two solid soles and warranted, at the Red House. *

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

Speeches by H. F. Page, S. Solon Holl and T. B. McFarland—Torchlight Procession.

The Republican party held a rousing mass meeting at the theater last evening. The building was filled, ushers packing the people as closely in the seats as if the sittings were sold for a benefit, and hundreds stood up the entire evening in the lobbies of the dress circle and the gallery. Previous to the meeting there was a torchlight procession, led by the Artillery band, and composed of the Republican Legion, Commander Post, Company A, Captain White; the Boys in Blue, Commander Houghton; the Sailor Boys, Lieutenant Weiman; a club of citizens, and Church, Jones & Beebe's band. The three commands were out in full force, and never appeared to better advantage. The procession moved through the principal streets. At the theater the Boys in Blue and Sailor Boys occupied seats on the stage, while the Legion had seats in the parquet. The stage was very neatly decorated. The audience included many ladies, and was an enthusiastic and superior body of people, who listened to the principal speaker, Congressman Page, with undivided attention, and gave him much applause. His speech was the best he ever made here, and he was warmly complimented on its vigor, force and clearness. N. L. Drew called the meeting to order, and announced as officers of the evening the following:

President, Hon. S. Solon Holl; Vice-Presidents—George Cadwalader, General S. W. Backus, T. M. Lindley, C. T. Wheeler, Matt Karcher, P. J. Hopper, W. R. Cantwell, M. K. Hammer, Fred Kirn, Gus Weiman, W. A. Anderson, Hon. D. M. Burns, Robert Hamilton, Ed. F. Taylor, John K. Ridder, Wm. S. Mesick, Ben Welch, Robert Miller, Louis Elkus, A. Heyman, Hon. Chris. Green, C. H. Cummings, Hon. D. Kentfield, O. Walthers, Henry Buckley, Clinton L. White, Philip Herzog, George W. Chesley, Albert Hart, Joseph Routier, M. M. Drew, Jas. H. Sullivan, Thomas H. Reynolds, S. A. Howell, John Milliken, John Ryan; Secretaries—Wm. J. Davis, Frank D. Ryan.

Judge Holl, on assuming the chair, made a brief and witty speech, in which he expressed his surprise at the speech of Judge Wallace on Saturday night, and that it had proceeded on a plane such as it did. He then introduced, with complimentary remarks, H. F. Page, candidate for re-election to Congress.

Mr. Page, on being introduced, was received with three cheers. He said that he had not expected to be again nominated for Congress. He was absent from the State when nominated. He knew several good men were applicants for the place, and any one of them he should cheerfully have supported. [Applause.] If elected he would be a representative of all the people, Democrats and Republicans alike, still remaining as before, a firm adherent and disciple of the Republican party. [Applause.] The Republican party needed no defense from him, no defense of the distinguished citizen now put forward as its standard-bearer. [Applause.] He had served eight years by the side of General Garfield, and he knew him to be an honest man, a brilliant orator, a patriot and a wise statesman. [Applause.] Garfield has a national history. He has served not only on the field, but in the halls of Congress for eighteen years, and during the most critical period of the nation's existence. [Applause.] A Convention such as that which assembled at Chicago could not have selected a man of whom the people and the party could not be proud. [Applause.] He should not waste time in replying to Judge Wallace and Democratic paid orators, and Mr. Glascock, who travel about slurring General Garfield's character. At the East intelligent Democrats do not attempt such a line of attack. Only last week Horatio Seymour paid Mr. Garfield a high tribute, and scorned the cheap slanders circulated against him. [Applause.] Mr. Page said he had now canvassed seven counties of the Second District, and had never seen the Republicans more enthusiastic or determined. He proposed to speak first of the Chinese question. The Republican party alone has a good record on that subject. The Democratic party is responsible for the Chinese influx. The Democrats had the National and State Government in the period when the greatest influx of Chinese took place. Every treaty for 11 years was made by Democrats, under which the Chinese came here, and in all that time the Democratic party never opened its mouth against the immigration. [Voices, "That's so"] More than that, that party attempted by legislation to legalize coolie contracts, and came near effecting it. No more Chinese came here pro rata after the Burlingame treaty than before. "But President Hayes vetoed the fifteen-passenger Act," they say. The Pacific delegations agreed on that bill as the best that could be had, but the Democrats called a caucus (seeing a chance to make political capital). They agreed to have the bill called and its passage moved under the previous question. That was to shut off debate by Republicans who desired to explain their votes, and who, without it, would go against the bill. Representatives at the East don't look at the Chinese question as we do. They say no bill ever yet was attempted which restricted immigration. General Garfield and such leading men as he had agreed to go for the bill if allowed to speak on it and explain, and perhaps move to amend in some slight respects. But the previous question cut him off, and it also cut off fourteen Democratic votes, and hence it passed, went to the Senate, was amended and passed and the House concurred, and the bill went to the President. He called in the Attorney-General, and took counsel, and it was agreed that the Senate amendment violated settled laws of nations regarding the abrogation of treaties, and that the President could not sign it without setting a dangerous precedent. So the bill was vetoed, and could not be passed over it. But the President promised that steps should be taken looking to the abrogation of the treaty and legislation on the subject, and he named the Chinese Commission, which is already on the ground. [Applause.] The Democratic party in its platform declares against Chinese immigration, except for purposes of education, travel or foreign commerce. That admits all the Chinese that ever want to come. [Applause.] The Republican party, on the other hand, declares in its platform that Congress has the right to legislate on the subject, and that treaties shall be made to permit the correction of the evil. That is manly, lawful and bold. [Applause.] Following it comes the declaration of General Garfield on the subject, and what he says cannot be better said, or more forcibly put. He says, in brief, if the Chinese Government refuses to consent to just restrictions, they shall be enforced. [Applause.] But what does General Hancock say about it? Has anyone heard? [Applause.] The Democrats say they are in favor of abolishing the national banks, and Mr. Glascock says he is in favor of returning to the old Democratic system. That was when the States had their own banking systems. Most mature men here remember what that system was. Every village had a bank, nearly, and ten miles away their money was discounted, and out of the State it was nearly worthless. In one county where he once lived, there were no less than six banks in six small towns, and the bills of none would pass twenty miles from home. Now, under national banking laws, those wishing to found a bank make the necessary deposit of bonds, and the Treasurer of the United States issues 90 per cent. of it in national notes. The Government stands behind the bank, and it can't fail to redeem the issue. But why not have the Government cease paying interest on the bonds, and issue its own bills or greenbacks? Why, because when the bonds are deposited, they become capital stock and pay taxes. In New York city alone they pay $2,000,000 more to the Government than the Government pays as interest on the bonds. [Applause.] Why not use the $160,000,000 in the treasury and take up the debt, and thus stop the interest? they ask. That would cripple resumption by taking from the treasury the money by law required to be kept there to make good the credit of the Government. Suffice it to say that, under the administration of the Republican party, resumption is a fact [applause]; that the era of prosperity shines over all the land; that national credit is at the highest point ever reached. [Applause.] The Democratic speakers, like Mr. Glascock and Judge Wallace, say the Republicans have stolen ever so many millions in the last few years. If so, what have the Democrats been about? They have, for five years, had control of the lower House, and had power to call up, at any moment, every officer at the Capitol, and examine their accounts and impeach them. One man thought he did discover a discrepancy in the footings of the treasury accounts. A Democratic Committee was named to investigate and they reported unanimously that the accounts were all right. [Applause.] Since then no one has ever had the effrontery to repeat the bald story but Judge Wallace. If it is true, as he says, then the Democratic House is responsible for dereliction of duty. [Applause.] The war, which Judge Wallace says the Democrats put down [laughter], entailed a debt on the country of $6,000,000,000, and the Republican party has paid of it about $900,000,000, and taken off internal taxes on all but a few articles. Mr. Page then read statistics to show the losses under the various administrations, by which it was shown that the Republicans have had far less defalcations and losses than any others. Under Democratic administration the bonds of the Government sold at 13 per cent. discount when that party went out of power. Today the bonds sell at six per cent. premium. [Applause.] Mr. Page then explained the national election laws, which apply only to towns of 20,000 inhabitants, and were rendered necessary to prevent frauds at the South and in the great cities of the East. The people almost unanimously demanded the law, and no citizen honestly entitled to vote has been deprived of his right under it. Mr. Page then reviewed the situation in the South, to show that since the withdrawal of the troops the Republican majorities have disappeared almost utterly, and that in Congressional Districts where there are from 15,000 to 30,000 Republican majority, if the vote is properly counted or permitted, the Democrats now elect their men, and few Republicans dare even to nominate candidates, let alone run them or vote for them. He read from the Congressional Directory many names of ex-Confederates elected as Democrats from Southern Congressional Districts, *without opposition*, where formerly, under Grant's Administration, the voters were protected, and were overwhelmingly Republican. He cited these facts to call the attention of the people to them, and asked if they are willing longer to submit to the clearly established terrorism of the South, under which fair representation is impossible, the election laws are overridden, and the citizens prevented from freely and uninterruptedly casting their votes as they please. [Applause.] Failure to protect the citizen in that right is a failure of a republican form of government. [Applause.] This Government is not entitled to the support of the people unless it will, in every place and spot in the Union, protect, by the bayonet if necessary, every citizen, black or white, in the exercise of the elective franchise. [Applause.] But the Democrats declare in and out of Congress that the election laws shall be repealed, and the last vestige of protection obliterated. They attempted once to repeal the laws, but thank God a Republican President stood firm, and would not permit it. [Applause.] Why is the South solid in 1880? It was solid in 1860. It gave no electoral vote to Mr. Lincoln. It was solid then for a purpose. It is solid now for a purpose. Is it on the questions of tariff, finance or internal improvements? No; but it is solid, as Wade Hampton said, for the restoration of the principles for which Lee and Jackson fought. On that issue the Boys in Blue once met the solid South, and the rebellion went down before the invincible tread of the people and the nation. [Great applause.] Let the North, too, be solid. [Applause.] Let it meet the solid South, not with bayonets, but with ballots cast for the principles for which Grant and Sherman and Sheridan fought. [Great applause.] The men who advised Buchanan in 1860 are to-day supporting Hancock—Toombs, Harris, Hill and others in the South; Hendricks, Gwin, Black and others at the North. They told Buchanan he had no power to save the life of the nation, and the Democratic Convention of California in 1861 declared that it was opposed to the employment of force to coerce the South, and refused to support Lincoln in his effort to raise men to crush the rebellion. Senator J. T. Farley was in that Convention. Yet these Democrats to-day say *they* put down the rebellion. They declared against the call for 75,000 men, against the call for 300,000 men, against the draft, against the Emancipation Proclamation, against greenbacks and so on, and yet Judge Wallace and his followers say they put down the rebellion, and now their want is more greenbacks. [Laughter and applause.] In 1864 the Democratic party demanded that the war cease then, and that a cowardly peace be negotiated. At that very hour the rebellion was on its last legs. [Applause.] At that very hour Sherman was marching to the sea [great cheering], and soon after Lee surrendered to Grant under the apple tree at Appomattox. [Applause.] But in 1868 the same party resolved against the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments. Then in 1872 they declared in favor of a return to specie payment, and the Republicans accomplished it. What then? The Democrats met and declared against the resumption Act, and demanded its repeal. [Applause and laughter.] Now, in 1880, they declare in favor of still another system of finance, and with such a record ask to be restored to power. Will the people trust such a party with such a record? [Applause.] Mr. Page said as to the tariff he stood with the Republican party, and regretted that he had not time to discuss the question at length, as he had done in all his speeches in the campaign, and as he believed himself familiar with it. He concluded with a brief and neat peroration. After music by the band, Judge T. B. McFarland was introduced. He said it was too late an hour to enter upon a set speech, but he would exhort briefly. He then made a concise, patriotic address, which was an earnest appeal to the people to think, reflect and decide if they would trust the destinies of a nation to men who are by act and doctrine its declared enemies. His address was full of historical citations, and in it he drew a striking picture of what may be under Democratic rule, as the legitimate fruit and result of Democratic teachings of this hour, and concluded by a witty and incisive hit at those who had gone out of the Republican party and wandered off into new-fangled and impracticable financial theories, while the country is struggling with mightier issues which involve its very life.

With much loud cheering the meeting adjourned.

PERSONAL.—Judge S. C. Denson has gone to San Francisco. From there he will go to Lassen county, where, at the request of the Governor, he will hold Superior Court for a few days, commencing on the 15th instant, in place of the Judge of that county, disqualified in relation to cases to be tried. Dr. G. L. Simmons has gone to Silver City, N. M., to attend Dr. Fisher, formerly of this city, a dispatch having been received that the bones of the leg which were recently fractured have not knit together, but suppuration has followed it. He will probably lose his limb, if not his life, from blood-poisoning, which is feared. J. E. Dixon leaves to-day for Fresno, to be absent about two weeks, in relation to the estate of a deceased relative. General J. F. Miller passed through yesterday afternoon, to Auburn, where he spoke last evening. Hon. W. T. Wallace and General Walsh went to Oroville, to address a Democratic meeting. Hon. H. F. Page goes to Elk Grove to-day. Hon. J. N. Young, W. C. Van Fleet and J. E. Baker will speak at a Republican meeting at Georgetown this evening. Dr. E. C. Rhodes, of Folsom, was in the city yesterday. Wm. O'Brien has returned from Grass Valley.

TOO LATE TO REGISTER.—If the opportunity to register had been continued until the day of election there would still have been some who would not have thought of it until the day after. Several appeared yesterday at the County Clerk's office and wanted to be put on the Great Register, and could not understand how it is that, if this is a "frea counthry," they cannot be allowed to register at any time, and "voht for Hancock, be gorry! And is this another Radical dodge to chate a mon out of his right to vote for the nixt President, I don't know? Weel, I'll register now, oinyhoo, and be riddy, be gorry, to voht for the nixt mon the Dimmicrats put up, whooiver he is; and d'ye mindht that, noow!"

FREIGHT MOVEMENTS.—The following carloads of freight were received in this city yesterday: One of pears, 3 of wood, 5 of nails, 1 of barley, 7 of wheat, 10 of lumber, 4 of flour, 1 of shakes, 7 of agricultural implements, 3 of coal, 7 of granite, 1 of granite chips, 1 of charcoal, 1 of wheels, 1 of horses, 1 of wire, 1 of beer, 1 tank of oil, 1 of merchandise, 1 of canned fruit, 2 of oil, 3 of copper ore, 1 of sub oil and 1 of vinegar. Also these car loads East were forwarded as follows: One of fruit, 6 of tea, 4 of merchandise, 1 of wine, 2 of canned goods, 1 of hides, 3 of barley, 2 of sugar, 1 of whalebone, 1 of hops, 1 of wool and 1 of bark and herbs.

SURGICAL.—A physician yesterday performed a delicate surgical operation. Two years ago a pen-knife fell and broke off in the foot of A. Wassoman, an inch in length of the blade remaining in the foot. At that time it was found not possible of removal. The wound healed. Lately the foot became sore on the bottom, and yesterday it was opened on the sole and the blade removed. On account of the peculiar sensitiveness of the locality, the operation was a difficult one, and involved, as a consequence, the possibility of lockjaw.

STORING GRAIN.—H. G. Smith & Co. are using the vacant space in rear of the old water works building as a temporary place for storing grain, and are getting a larger bank there, which is in an unfavorable condition for an early rain.

THEY SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES.—Unprecedented sale of carpets, floor oilcloths, window shades and lace curtains. Heavy ingrain carpets, 45 and 50 cents per yard; floor oilcloths, splendid quality, 50 cents per yard; hemp carpets, 25 cents per yard; curtain lace, 12½ cents per yard; 5-4 table oilcloth, the very best, 37½ cents per yard, at the Red House. *

THE LARGEST, best and most select stock of hats to pick from. Mechanics' Store Hat Department. *

FREE LECTURE TO-NIGHT by MRS. DR. Potts at Congregational Church. *

IF YOU DESIRE late styles in hats go to Mechanics' Store. *

BRIEF NOTES.

A free lecture on "Roman History" will be delivered this evening at the Presbyterian Church, by K. W. Brier of the High School, under the auspices of the C. L. S. C. Society.

The Second Ward Garfield and Arthur Club, A. J. Senatz, President, will hold a meeting this evening at its headquarters Grand Hotel, Front and K streets.

Hon. H. F. Page will address the people at Elk Grove this evening upon the issues of the day, and will provide an intellectual feast to all who may hear him.

The city companies of the First Artillery Regiment will hold a full dress battalion drill this evening on J street at the south side of the Plaza.

The children of the Good Templars' Band of Hope meet to-day at Mrs. Gouldin's, 1426 Twelfth street, this afternoon.

Announcement is made of Republican meetings, to be addressed by Dr. H. Cox, at various places in the State.

Two carloads of lumber for Benson, Arizona, were forwarded from the market in this city yesterday.

The Boys in Blue hold a meeting at the hall of the G. A. R. at 7:30 this evening.

There is a message at the Western Union Telegraph Office for Hugh Krue.

OLD GAMES RENEWED.—Harry Friedlander, who recently left the County Jail and this city, after a prolonged imprisonment for robbery of a man through the use of the strap-game, has been heard from and seems to be still following his former calling. In company with several others of the same feather he left this city for Chico to "attend the Fair." They purchased tickets here for Marysville and were given conductor's checks as usual, which were taken up just after leaving Wheatland. When the train pulled out of Marysville they were found still aboard, and claimed with vehemence to conductor J. D. Hatch that they had purchased tickets to Chico, and that he by mistake had given them checks to Marysville only. This would not win with the conductor, and he pulled the bell-rope and put them off. Finding his metal would not bear chaffing they got on again, and came down with the cash for tickets between Marysville and Chico, but paying under protest. Conductor Hatch and his assistant, W. L. Curtis, having returned to Marysville, that evening swore to complaints against Patrick Griffin, Harry Friedlander and G. S. Tate, of the gang, charging them with disturbance of the peace. The Marysville *Appeal* of the 10th instant contains the sequel, as follows: "Friday evening, accompanied by Railroad Detective Burke and Deputy Sheriff J. M. Taylor of this city, they went up to Chico to identify and arrest the offenders. They found Friedlander and Griffin each conducting some kind of a mysterious game in which dice and numbered checks are used, and no man except the manipulator can tell how the game is going, and which no one ever beat. Constable True assisted in arresting them. Tate, however, was not found. The two, who claim to be partners, had together $834 at their games. They were allowed to give cash bonds of $400 each for their appearance here yesterday morning, and of course did not fail to follow the 'sack.' They appeared before Justice Eilerman. The case was continued until October 22d, the defendants being released upon a deposit of $200 each."

A CHALLENGE POLITICAL.—In his speech in Sacramento Saturday night Judge Wallace, Democratic Presidential Elector, regretted that he had no opponent to speak from the same stand, and declared warmly in favor of joint discussions, that the truth may be thereby made clear. Yesterday the following communication was forwarded to Judge Wallace: "Sacramento, October 11, 1880. General W. T. Wallace, Oroville—Dear sir: In your speech here you challenged the members of the Republican party to a discussion. I am authorized to say that Creed Haymond will meet you in friendly discussion, extending through the campaign, time, places and order of discussion at your will. Respectfully yours, A. J. Rhoads, Secretary Sacramento County Republican Committee."

REPUBLICAN MEETING AT GALT.—There was a grand rally of the Republicans at Galt and vicinity, Saturday evening, to hear the Republican county candidates. The meeting was called to order by Dr. Obed Harvey, and Judge Ferris was chosen Chairman. Stirring addresses were then by made J. E. Baker, W. C. Van Vleet and J. N. Young, candidates for the Assembly; Judge Holl, candidate for District Attorney; T. J. Berkey, candidate for County Clerk, and A. S. Greenlaw, candidate for Treasurer. The meeting adjourned at a late hour, with three rousing cheers for Garfield and Arthur and the county ticket.

THE BARBECUE.—The Republican Barbecue Executive Committee is called to meet at 4 P. M. to-day, at E. F. Taylor's office. The Finance Committee met at the same place yesterday. It was a spirited meeting, and the committee resolved to raise the funds necessary, and start in on the work this morning. The Printing Committee met yesterday, and ordered posters and dodgers by the thousand, and arranged for their distribution throughout the interior.

CITY FREE LIBRARY REPORT.—The following is the report of the Superintendent of the City Free Library for the past week: Number of books issued during the week, 603. Fiction and juvenile 487, history 15, biography 18, travels 20, general literature 34, poetry 13, theology 4, science and arts 12. Average number issued per day, 86. Percentage of fiction and juvenile, 80. Average number of readers per day, 65.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—D. J. Simmons & Co. will sell at 11 A. M. to-day the property known as Duck's chicken ranch, at Thirty-first street, on the line of the S. V. R. R., and about a block from Guthrie's. The tract contains seven acres. Also, the new houses thereon, which will be sold separately or together with the land; also, all the barns, out-houses, machinery, incubators, boilers, wagons, etc.

CONTRACTS FOR PAPER.—Contracts were recently let for supplying the State Printing Office with paper for the ensuing year. Blake, Robbins & Co. received that for 1,200 reams of 40-lb book and the required ledger papers; Payot, Upham & Co. that for 400 reams of 48-lb book and the required flat papers, and Cunningham, Curtiss & Welch that for 400 reams of 56-lb book.

SENTENCED FOR VAGRANCY.—John Clark, John Taske, Thomas Burke and William Smith, heretofore convicted of vagrancy, were yesterday sentenced in the Police Court to 20 days each in the County Jail, from which place they will lend active daily assistance in doing the fall cleaning of the city—along the streets and alleys.

AUCTION SALE.—The Father Mathew Total Abstinence Society will sell at public auction October 14th, at 10 A. M., the property and fixtures in the Father Mathew Hall, consisting of a piano, bound sheet-music, chairs, benches, mirror, carpets, etc.

POLICE ARRESTS.—Arrests were made yesterday as follows: James Minor, battery, by officer Coffee; William Lovejoy, disturbing the peace, by officer Carroll; R. Reeves, battery, by officer Woods.

ADMITTED TO CITIZENSHIP.—Frank Weightman, a native of Scotland, was yesterday, in the Superior Court, upon the testimony of H. W. Johnson and Richard Owens, admitted to citizenship.

SOLE TRADER.—Upon application in the Superior Court, Mrs. Helen Schindler was yesterday granted the rights of sole trader.

"Sells better than any other proprietary medicine," is what every druggist on the Pacific coast says, meaning, of course, Pfunder's Oregon Blood Purifier. H. C. Kirk & Co., wholesale agents. *

NO MORE trouble with indigestion and dyspepsia. Dr. Healey's celebrated I X L Bitters, when taken regularly before meals, cure and prevent all such ailments. *

CITY LICENSES AND WATER RATES now due. Pay on or before 15th inst. and save costs. *

YOU CAN SECURE the best value in white and colored blankets and comforters at the Red House. *

ROCK AND RYE cures colds, coughs and bronchial diseases. G. W. Chesley, agent. *

MRS. DR. POTTS will give another free lecture to-night. *

WHOLE-STOCK KIP DOUBLE SOLE, warranted brogans, only $1 35, at the Red House. *

LADIES' FINE KID BUTTON BOOTS, $2 50. Sewed, warranted not to rip. Red House. *

GENTS' HATS of every style and shape. Mechanics' Store. *

FOR NOVELTIES IN HATS go to Mechanics' Store. *

HAMMER'S CASCARA SAGRADA BITTERS touches the right spot in dyspepsia, constipation and liver complaint.

THE COURTS.

SUPERIOR COURT.

CLARK, Judge.

MONDAY, October 11th.

Julia Coyle vs. James Coyle—Hearing upon demurrer submitted upon briefs to be filed by parties.

Estate of W. H. H. Lee—Petition of widow for letters of administration dismissed by consent.

John Bauer vs. Carrie Bauer—Citation issued to plaintiff returnable October 25th.

Estate of Jesse Lee, deceased—Letters of administration granted to Mark Weightman. No bonds required. Notice in RECORD-UNION. Appraisers—John Reith, R. Owens and H. W. Johnson.

C. L. Scudder vs. Oliver Scudder—Motion for bill of particulars overruled. Demurrer to plaintiff's complaint overruled, and defendant allowed to November 1st to answer.

Frank Weightman, a native of Scotland, filed his declaration of intention and, upon testimony of H. W. Johnson and Richard Owen, was admitted.

William Meister vs. Conrad Schepp—Motion to dismiss appeal overruled at cost of defendant and attorney fees, and case not to be tried till same are paid.

Mary A. Linde vs. E. D. Linde—Title of defendant corrected to Charles E. Linde, and default of defendant entered.

W. W. Barlow et al. vs. W. S. Hunt—Demurrer to amended complaint argued and submitted.

Estate of Belle Scudder, deceased—Hearing of final account of J. P. Counts, one of the executors, and petition for distribution set for hearing October 25th.

Estate of Frank Downey, deceased—Decree of distribution entered.

Estate of James C. Burress, a minor—A. Lowell appointed administrator. Bond fixed at $800.

Estate of George Thisby, deceased—Letters of administration granted to Rebecca Thisby. Bond fixed at $10,000. Appraisers—Sol Runyon, G. A. Smith and T. Olsen.

Application of Helen Schindler to be declared a sole trader—Granted.

Albert Semanza vs. Mary Semanza—Plaintiff, on motion, allowed to file amended complaint.

Claus Anderson vs. Joe Davis et al.—Amended complaint allowed to be filed.

George T. Bush vs. P. Conlan—Motion to open judgment and renew the defense overruled.

Elizabeth Brown vs. Joseph Brown—Motion to dismiss action continued.

W. C. Felch vs. Margaret Howe et al.—Judgment for plaintiff for $904 35 and costs.

TO DAY'S CALENDAR.

William Meister vs. Conrad Schepp.

Clara S. Brown et al. vs. P. D. Burbank, et al.

AUCTIONS.

ASSIGNEE'S AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE!

Houses, Machinery, Etc.

D. J. SIMMONS & CO.....Auctioneers

WILL SELL ON

Tuesday, October 12, 1880,

At 11 o'clock, the property known as

☞ DUCK'S CHICKEN RANCH! ☜

Being a few feet east of Thirty first street, on the line of S. V. R. R., and about a block from Guthrie's. The tract contains seven acres. Also, the new Houses thereon, which will be sold separately or together with the land; also, all the Barns, Out-houses, Machinery, Incubators, Boilers, Wagons, etc.

☞ Parties having lots and desiring nice houses will do well to attend this sale, which will be positive

By order. W. KLEINSORGE, Assignee.

D. J. SIMMONS & Co., Auctioneers. 07-5t

SHERBURN & SMITH,

GENERAL

Auctioneers,

No. 323 K street, bet. Third and Fourth.

—ALSO—

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS

—OF—

SECOND-HAND CARPETS, STOVES,

ETC., ETC. o1-tf

Blankets!

Blankets! Blankets!

EASTERN AND CALIFORNIAN

BLANKETS

—IN—

WHITE, SCARLET,

GRAY,

BROWN, VICUNA!

☞ We offer special inducements to the trade and at retail in these goods, having purchased largely at New York and San Francisco Auction Sales.

COMFORTERS,

IN ALL GRADES.

"Foster" Kid Gloves. (TRADE MARK.)

PATENTED JUNE 13, 1876.

—FOR SALE BY—

S. LIPMAN & CO.,

Fifth and J sts., Sacramento.

Portland, Or.; Virginia City, Nev.; Napa City, Cal.; No. 20 Walker street, New York. s21-3p1m

NOW READY

—AT—

C. H. STEVENS & CO'S

FALL IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

DRESS GOODS,

SILKS,

SATIN and VELVETS,

Brocaded and Plain.

Brocade Trimmings to Match.

NEW CLOAKS!

DOLMANS and ULSTERS!

Prices the Very Lowest.

☞ REMEMBER OUR

SHOE DEPARTMENT!

FINEST STOCK OF

FRENCH KID SHOES,

IN ALL THE NEW STYLES!

CHILDREN'S SOLAR-TIP SHOES,

THE BEST MADE.

Send for Samples and Price Lists to

C. H. STEVENS & CO.,

Corner Eighth and J streets.

s21-2m&s&w1awW

IMPORTERS.

NEW ALL-RAIL GOODS!

BLACKWELL'S GENUINE DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.....(¼, ½, ½, 1s)

ZANTE CURRANTS.....(bbls)

S. W. Venable's Superior Tobaccos:

DE SOTO BRIGHT.....3 oz. Cable Coil

POMONA BRIGHT.....3 oz. 6-inch Twist

POMONA BRIGHT.....7 oz. 12-inch Twist

ARMIDA BRIGHT.....7 oz. 12-inch Twist

CHIEF.....15 oz. (large plugs)

HORSE HEAD (White Burley Fillers)..(16 oz. plug)

LIGGETT & MYERS' ROYAL.....(pounds)

STANDARD EXTRA YELLOW PEACHES.(3 lb tins)

OLD HOME SMOKING TOBACCO.....(¼ and ½s)

STANDARD EX. H. G. SYRUP.

SCHUMACHER'S GERMAN OAT MEAL.

SCHUMACHER'S CELEBRATED FARINA.

J. B. PACE'S EXTRA "DIANA" NAVIES....(3, 4 and 16 oz. plugs.

VERMONT SUPERFINE MAPLE SUGAR.

Adams, McNeill & Co.,

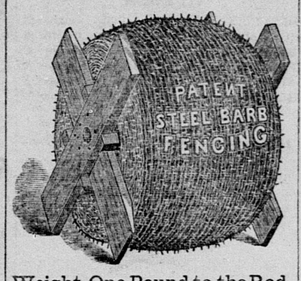
WHOLESALE GROCERS.

91, 93 and 95 Front street, Sacramento.

STEEL BARB WIRE

(KELLY'S PATENT),

BOTH WIRE AND BARBS MADE OF STEEL.



Weight, One Pound to the Rod.

RETAIL PRICES:

Mineral Painted.....14 cents per pound

Galvanized.....15 cents per pound

☞ PRICE TO JOBBERS ON APPLICATION.

—FOR SALE ON