GENERAL NEWS.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.

COLLAPSE OF THE RAILROAD WAR

Further in Regard to the Great Storm in the Northwest.

PASSENGERS COMING WEST BY RAIL.

Description of the Tehuantepec Interocean Railroad Project.

LONG AND BITTER PATENT CONTEST DECIDED.

Particulars of the Recent Mysterious Arrest in Chicago.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN NEWS ITEMS.

Resignation of the Ministerial Officials of Greece and Servia.

Etc.....Etc.....Etc.

DOMESTIC.

That Mysterious Arrest at Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 22d.—Great mystery still attends the arrest of the unknown man yesterday, and he was guarded all night by a trio of officers. It is stated that his valise contained $204,000 or more in Government bonds, and that he had several thousand dollars in money on his person. He submitted gracefully to the arrest, and expressed no surprise when taken into custody. The Government officials have telegraphed enjoining the utmost secrecy in the matter, consequently no facts can be gleaned from the United States officials here—not even the name or residence of the unknown. It is conjectured that he is not the principal in the matter, but is an accomplice or middleman, and that the others are being watched. This would account for the extraordinary mystery attending the arrest. No information can be extracted as to whether the bonds are counterfeit or stolen, or whether the Government or private individuals or a corporation is the loser. From the fact that Government officials made the arrest, and that several dispatches from Washington have been received here, giving instructions and cautioning the detectives, it is regarded as probable that the Government is involved in some way.

WASHINGTON, October 22d.—The man mysteriously arrested at Chicago is James B. Doyle of Bradford, Ill. He married a daughter of the noted counterfeiter, Brad. Foster, and has spent much time in Colorado. He is a farmer and lumberman, and is reputed very wealthy. The Secret Service learns that he has been engaged in crooked operations since the war. A Government defalcation was given as the cause of his arrest, but this is a mistake. According to advices received, Doyle had on his person a number of $1,000 United States coupon bonds—sixes of the loan of July 17 and August 5, 1861. The prisoner maintains that there is some mistake about his arrest. The aggregate amount of money on his person is estimated at $210,000. After considerable delay, Chief Brooks has received from his Chicago agent the numbers of eighteen bonds. Upon comparing them with the records of the loan division of the department, it is found that eleven of the genuine bonds, bearing numbers similar to those found in the list, had been redeemed, and of the remainder of the list it is shown that the numbers now on these bonds were not those originally issued to the parties whose name is in the body of the bond. They are bonds that have been stolen and their numbers changed, so as to enable their being sold in open market. The bonds will be brought to Washington and will be examined to ascertain their original numbers. This will probably enable the return of the bonds to their owners, should they prove genuine. Doyle left New York on Tuesday last. Secret Service agents at New York telegraphed Chief Brooks of Doyle's departure. He was supposed to have in his possession a large amount of counterfeit money. This information was the real cause of his arrest in Chicago, although he was given to understand that he was taken into custody as a Government defaulter.

CHICAGO, October 23d.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: Perhaps the bonds recovered from Jas. D. Doyle at Chicago were part of those stolen from the Manhattan Bank. The object of his arrest was to secure a large amount of counterfeit money which he was said to have taken from New York. Agent Brooks hoped to find a clue through him to the $100 counterfeit plate that has eluded detection so long. Although there is much mystery about the matter, it is believed that the bonds are genuine; but perhaps the numbers have been altered, as it would hardly pay to make the plate of a bond so soon to be called in as those in Doyle's possession. It is believed that the twenty-seven $100 bills in his possession are counterfeit, but a careful comparison alone will reveal that fact. Doyle is known all over the country as the associate of the worst "crooks," as well as related to one of them.

Glowing Description of the Tehuantepec Interocean Railroad Project.

NEW YORK, October 22d.—The *Times* says: The Tehuantepec Interocean Railroad Company, now engaged in the construction of a railroad across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec, Mexico, intends to send in a few days three parties of engineers from this city to the Pacific coast. One of them will survey the harbors on the Pacific side to ascertain the cost of completing improvements there. Another will lay out the route of the road on this side of the isthmus, so that the work of grading can begin early in winter. A third will make more extensive surveys of the line of the road in the interior. The isthmus railroad shortens the route between New Orleans and San Francisco about 2,300 miles, or seven days, as compared with the Darien or Panama route. The company is authorized to establish a Board of Directors in the United States, having an agent in Mexico duly empowered to transact all necessary business in that country. The estimated cost of the road is $6,000,000, which includes the building of a harbor at each end. The engineers say the harbor on the Gulf side can be cheaply made the best harbor on the Atlantic side of the continent south of Norfolk and north of the equator. The harbor on the Pacific side is not yet examined. The country through which the line of the road passes is fertile. It produces the finest tobacco, coffee and corn, and all well known tropical fruits grow in abundance and attain great perfection. Oranges are very juicy and of the finest flavor. Bananas are abundant. There is plenty of game, such as deer and birds of the pheasant family; the rivers and lakes abound with fish of excellent quality. In the forests grow mahogany, cedar and other valuable woods, with plenty of oak and pine on the mountains. The climate twenty miles from the coast is healthy the year round, and on the mountains as delightful as anywhere in the world. A case of yellow fever has never been known. In the lowlands near the coast, a mild form of malarial fever attacks unacclimated persons, but the natives do not suffer from it.

Chinese Operations Through the New York Postoffice.

NEW YORK, October 22d.—The *Evening Commercial* says: The number of Chinese frequently seen at the money order department in the New York Postoffice led to some inquiry respecting the number and amount of their transactions through this channel. Investigation showed that within the past month the total number of orders issued was fourteen. The aggregate amount was $562 50. The average was $80 38. Nearly all of the orders taken were on San Francisco. It is well known that the Chinese laundrymen and venders of all sorts succeed in gathering much money, which they carefully hoard and send to their native country, but there is good evidence, as stated by a Wall street bullion broker, that their principal dealings are with a sort of head man well known in the region of Mott street, and who has a partner now in Europe.

The Episcopal Convention.

NEW YORK, October 22d.—In the Episcopal Convention to-day a message was read from the House of Bishops, setting forth that "We, the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church, assembled in Council as Bishops in the Church of God, asserting the principles declared in the Lambeth Conference, and in order to maintain true divinity, which must be unity in truth, do hereby offer that the great primitive rule of the catholic Church imposes upon Episcopals of all national churches holding the primitive faith and order, and upon the several Bishops of the same, not the right only, but the duty also, of protecting in the holding of that faith and the recovering of that order, those who, by methods before described, have been deprived of both; and further, the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America, assembled in Council, not meaning to dispute the validity of the consecration by a single consecration, put on record their convictions that in the organization of the reformed churches with which we may hope to have communion they should follow the teachings of the canons of Nice, and that where the consecration cannot be had by three Bishops of a province, Episcopal orders should at all events be conferred by three Bishops of a national character." The message was placed on record.

Long and Bitter Contest Decided.

WASHINGTON, October 22d.—One of the longest and hitterest contests ever known in the United Stated Patent Office was ended yesterday by the issue of a patent to Richard P. Knox and Joseph E. Osborne, of California, for a process of reducing mercury ores. The application for this patent was filed in April, 1875, and the opposition to the inventor's claim has been constant and aggressive in both the United States Courts and in the Patent Office up to the issuance of their patent. The nominal adverse parties in the contest were Hultner and Scott, also of California, but a real party in interest was the New Almaden Quicksilver Mining Company, which is understood to have defrayed the heavy expenses of the long contest by eminent counsel against the issuance of the patent, as it covers much of the valuable machinery now in use in the company's mines, and will undoubtedly lead to further costly litigation and possibly heavy damages. The patent was forwarded by A. H. Evans & Co. to their clients by yesterday's mail.

The Railroad War Brought to an Abrupt Close.

ST. LOUIS, October 22d.—The Chicago and Alton Railroad gave its throttle-valve another pull to-day, and still further reduced all previously reported rates one dollar and added several interior Ohio points to its list; but the war was brought to an abrupt close late this afternoon by the reception of the following telegram:

J. C. Gault, General Manager Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railroad: You are hereby ordered to restore all passenger rates immediately from the receipt of this message.

Signed by Solon Humphreys, Hugh Riddle, E. B. Blackstone, Jay Gould, C. E. Perkins, Wm. Doud.

These signatures are those of Presidents of the Wabash, Rock Island, Pacific, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and Hannibal and St. Joseph roads. All agents of the Wabash road were notified this evening to restore the rates.

The Case of Agent Berry.

DENVER (Col.), October 22d.—Governor Pitkin last night sent an order to the Sheriff of Gunnison county, directing him to take a sufficient force and proceed to the reservation and arrest Agent Berry. In the order the Governor says: "If the Ute Indians attempt to resist the process, they will be swept away." The order continues: "If a sufficient force and ammunition cannot be procured in Gunnison, it will be furnished from Denver, and the force should be either partly or wholly mounted, and well supplied with ammunition. In case of Berry's arrest, you will be expected by the people of the State and myself to see that he is protected against violence."

Labor and Capital Employed in Chicago.

CHICAGO, October 22d.—Charles Randolph, Secretary of the Board of Trade, has completed a census of the labor and capital employed in Chicago manufacturing establishments, and returned the same to the United States Census Bureau. There are 3,757 manufactories, employing 113,507 hands, and representing a capital of over $80,000,000. The number of women employed is 15,718, and boys and girls under 16 years, 4,797. The value of the products made per annum is $249,000,000; value of material used, $178,000,000; wages paid, $37,000,000.

Westward-bound Passengers.

OMAHA, October 22d. — The following through passengers were on to-day's train, leaving at 12:15 P. M., to arrive in Sacramento October 26th: Mrs. R. W. C. Farnsworth and two children, Pasedina, Cal.; Mrs. C. A. Jaquith, San Francisco; Mrs. M. V. B. Millard, Fall River, Mass.; Mrs. Frank Reynolds, Brooklyn; A. L. Maxwell, wife and child, Kansas City; Wm. Bunting, New York; F. G. Knight, Boston; Richard Westoby, Benicia; Miss McNair, New York; Mrs. W. E. Morris, Philadelphia; Miss Clara McFarland, Indiana, Penn.

The Lake Disaster.

CHICAGO, October 22d.—The only additional news regarding the missing propeller Europe is a dispatch from her owner, saying that the Neelon, her tow, had not been lost, and is now in port at South Manitou. He believes the Europe is wind-bound in some place, and will turn up safe.

The Propeller Europe Safe—Barge Sunk.

CHICAGO, October 22d. — The propeller Europe arrived in port to-day, after having been in the greater part of the terrific storms of Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday. She is not seriously damaged.

It is learned to-day that a steam barge, name unknown, was sunk off Two Rivers, Wis., and about ten miles higher up, and that her masts are visible above the water's edge.

New Church Organized.

CHICAGO, October 22d.—A church has been organized for Dr. H. W. Thomas, to be known as the Metropolitan Church. The first sermon will be preached Sunday week in Central Music Hall, in the evening.

Mutilated and Killed by a Bear.

DEADWOOD (D. T.), October 22d.—Fritz Wolikin, while bear hunting with two companions near Spearfish Falls yesterday, was attacked by a large cinnamon bear, and his head was nearly torn away from the shoulders, both arms broken, the lower jaw, nose and one eye completely torn away before the animal was killed. Death occurred in a few hours.

En Route for Denver.

DENVER (Col.), October 22d.—The *Tribune's* special, dated at Cline's ranch, says: Berry, Meacham and Hoyt, with Deputy Marshal Smith, attorney Johnson and witness Bradshaw, left the Agency early yesterday morning for Denver. Commissioner Shenck and three witnesses are here en route for Denver.

Preparing for the Meeting of Congress.

WASHINGTON, October 22d.—The House Committee on Appropriations will meet in this city about the 19th of November, to prepare appropriation bills and have them in readiness to be acted upon when Congress meets, December 6th. It is expected, if the estimates are forthcoming, that the army, navy, pension, military academy and diplomatic bills will be in an advanced state of preparation by the time Congress meets.

Immense Transfer of Bullion.

WASHINGTON, October 22d.—The Treasury Department to-day transferred to the bullion fund of the New York Assay Office $30,000,000 in gold coin, to enable the Superintendent to pay for the foreign gold bullion and coin which is expected to arrive soon. This makes $60,000,000 transferred for the payment of foreign gold since the 16th of August.

Request Granted.

WASHINGTON, October 22d.—The Postmaster of New York having received a cable message from the Director of Posts at Hamburg, Germany, requesting, for important business reasons, the return of a letter from Hamburg, now in the American mails, addressed to a business firm in this country, the Postoffice Department instructs: "You may, upon application of the sender, if approved by the Director-General of Posts at Berlin, and on condition that the Department of Posts of Germany will be responsible for any damage caused by your action, return the letter from Hamburg as requested by cable, to the Department of Posts at Hamburg, for disposition under the laws of Germany."

An Interesting Land Decision.

WASHINGTON, October 22d.—The acting Commissioner of the General Land Office to-day rendered an interesting decision on the application of C. T. Wheeler for a patent for Wildman Hodien of Amador county, Cal., holding that all proceedings in the Land Office must be stayed, in consequence of the commencement of a suit in a local Court by David T. Davis, setting up an adverse title, on the ground that an applicant for a mineral patent had abandoned the claim before making the application. The new point thus raised and decided was whether the Department had not jurisdiction to decide the question of abandonment for itself.

Silver and Stocks.

NEW YORK, October 22d.—Silver bars, 112⅞; money, 2@3; Governments strong; stocks closed strong; Western Union, 103; Quicksilver, 12; Pacific Mail, 45½; Mariposa, 1½; Wells-Fargo, 112; New York Central, 134½; Erie, 43⅞; Panama, 198; Union Pacific, 91⅝; bonds, 113¼; Central Pacific, 72; bonds, 113½; Sutro Tunnel, 1⅛.

A Murderer Captured.

MILWAUKEE, October 22d.—Luke Walton, who murdered his daughter in Beaver Falls last September, has been captured, and confessed that he did the terrible deed to prevent her coming to shame or starvation through his poverty. He supposed he had killed the youngest daughter also. He has been hiding in straw-stacks for three weeks, and claims not to be insane.

Proof of the Fury of the Recent Storm.

CHICAGO, October 22d.—The *Tribune* learns that the paddle-house of the wrecked Alpena, which came ashore to-day at Holland, was ingeniously arranged to float and support a number of persons; that nobody remained upon it is sufficient proof of the fury of the storm.

Interesting Developments Promised.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.), October 22d.—A prominent citizen has been arrested on a charge of belonging to a gang of counterfeiters. Interesting developments are promised.

The President Expected at St Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 22d.—The President and party are expected to come here on their way home, and preparations are making for that event.

Another Missing Vessel.

DETROIT, October 22d.—The schooner Mary Garrett, coal laden, which left Cleveland a week ago for Amherstburg, at the mouth of the Detroit river, has not been heard of since. It is feared she is lost, with all on board.

The Slaughter of Victorio and His Band.

SANTA FE (N. M.), October 22d.—Terrasas, chief of the Mexican troops, writes to General Hatch that on the 15th instant he killed Victorio and 60 warriors, and 18 women and children. There are still 30 Indians at large. Terrasas has 1,800 men operating, and there are 800 United States troops out on the borders of New Mexico. Coldburn, with 500, is ordered to drive all the Mescaleros absent from their Agency back to the same.

Another Scandal.

CHICAGO, October 22d.—The *Times'* Boston special says: It is rumored from Providence that Sprague, in endeavoring to find the whereabouts of his wife, ascertained that she was accompanying Conkling in the campaign in New York State, traveling in his special car and registering at the hotels where he stopped, but the story is not credited here.

FOREIGN.

A Train Thrown Down an Embankment.

LONDON, October 22d.—A railway train from Dartmund, Westphalia, to Berlin, was to day precipitated down an embankment. Two persons were killed and twenty-six injured.

The Trouble in South Africa.

CAPE TOWN, October 22d.—The Colonial loss in the fighting at the relief of Mafetung was trifling. Previously a party of yeomanry fell into an ambuscade and suffered a loss of twenty killed and seventeen wounded.

The Dulcigno Question.

VIENNA, October 22d.—It is reported that in view of the difficulties raised by the Porte, Austria, France and Italy have instructed their Embassadors at Constantinople to remind the Sultan that his promise was that the surrender of Dulcigno should be unconditioned.

The Turks have dropped two conditions objected to by the Montenegrins, owing to the efforts of the Embassadors at Constantinople.

Affairs in France.

PARIS, October 22d.—As indications of the campaign in preparation against the Farre Cabinet, the Gambetta organs are beginning to press the Ministry to enforce the religious decrees once for all. The Cabinet may be overturned if it refuses to go on to the end, but it seems disposed to effect a compromise with the religious orders.

Alleged Frauds in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 22d.—The arrest of Warschafsky, the well-known capitalist and purveyor to the Russian army, is in connection with the army supply contract in the last war. It is stated that evidence will be forthcoming to show that Warschafsky defrauded the authorities out of 22,000,000 roubles. The Bonds Secretary and Chief of the army administration during the late war have also been arrested at Odessa, simultaneously with the arrest of Warschafsky.

Resignation of the Greek Ministry.

LONDON, October 22d.—A dispatch from Athens announces that in the Chamber of Deputies to-day the candidate of the opposition party for the Presidency of that body was elected, obtaining 92 votes, against 55 for the Ministerial candidate. The Ministry consequently resigned.

Churching the Queen.

MADRID, October 22d.—The public ceremony of churching the Queen took place today in the Cathedral. Their majesties proceeded to the Cathedral, accompanied by all the members of the royal family and court dignitaries, drawn by 76 horses in prece sion. The weather was fine. The streets were thronged and profusely decorated.

Resignation of the Servian Ministry.

BELGRADE, October 22d.—The Ministry have resigned. Marinovitch, the Servian Minister at Paris, has been summoned to Belgrade.

Bequest Complied With—The New Turkish Proposals.

CETTINJE, October 22d.—The Montenegrin Commission has received a telegram from the Turkish Commissioner, asking him to transfer the negotiations from Rjeka to Vierbazar, where he would arrive on the 22d instant. The request has been complied with.

It has now transpired that the new Turkish proposals seek to postpone the surrender of Dulcigno much longer than was expected. It is still possible that an understanding will be effected, as the Turks are now ready to discuss the military part of the cession.

Another Journalist Sentenced.

PARIS, October 22d.—The manager of the *Journal Boccace* has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and 500 francs fine for immoral publications, and the printer of the paper to three months' imprisonment and 500 francs fine. The journal has been suspended for two months.

Hurricane in Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, October 22d. — A terrific hurricane passed over Denmark Wednesday, doing much damage to shipping.

The Irish Agitators.

DUBLIN, October 22d.—Sergeant Sperlock, formerly a member of Parliament for King's county, has also been retained by the Crown to prosecute the agitators. There is now no doubt that the charge will be conspiracy.

Mr. Dillon, member of Parliament for Tipperary, speaking at Donegal to-day, said that before Christmas there would be a branch of the Land League in every county of Ulster.

Precaution Against Trouble.

CORK, October 22d.—In consequence of the disturbed state of West Riding a detachment of troops will be sent to Bantry. These precautions are believed to indicate the intention of the Government to place that district under a proclamation. A gunboat is anchored in Bear Haven, near Castletown, where a meeting will be held Sunday. The police have also been ordered there.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The census returns of Chicago show only 194 Chinese in the city, not a woman among them.

The steamship Maine, from Europe, brought to New York yesterday $2,288,951 in francs.

Rain is falling in New York, with prospects of more, gladdening the hearts of the farmers and manufacturers, who are in enforced idleness on account of the lack of water.

J. Herbert Reed, prominent in the insurance business at Boston, deranged for some time, jumped from a third-story window of his residence yesterday and died instantly.

Harry Bruno, a variety actor, was probably fatally stabbed by a printer in New York yesterday.

Rev. T. Houston Eccleston declines the offer of Missionary Bishop of Washington Territory, tendered by the Episcopal Convention in New York.

A Rome dispatch announces that the distinguished German authoress Eliza Lin Sardt committed suicide at Civita Vechita by throwing herself into the sea.

At the election in Saxony for a member of the Imperial Parliament, the sitting member—a high conservative—was re-elected, polling 4,221 votes, closely followed by a Socialist with 3,786 votes.

An earthquake shock was felt throughout Spain and Portugal yesterday, and there was a violent storm at Lisbon.

Prince Nikita has invited all the leading men of the country to a council of war in Cittinge to-day.

A dispatch from Rome says that a violent hurricane occurred in the province of Reggis Li Calibera. Several houses were washed away, and there was some loss of life.

The elevator at the Omaha linseed oil mill was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, together with its contents—30,000 bushels of flaxseed. Loss, $35,000; covered by insurance.

A whole block of buildings in Russell street in Bermondsy, London, was burned yesterday. Loss, $250,000.

The steamer Ayton, Captain Robinson, at Bristol, England, from Montreal, experienced fearful weather and lost two-thirds of her cattle and sheep. The decks were swept, boats, rails and hatches smashed, and the cargo damaged.

PACIFIC COAST ITEMS.

Denver, Col., is to have a large rolling-mill.

Parlor skating is the rage in Nevada City.

The Leadvillians are indulging in sleigh-riding.

Measles prevail in parts of Santa Cruz county.

Deer Lodge, Montana, is more than 125 miles long.

The fall round-ups of cattle in Idaho are now in progress.

The Great Register of Inyo county contains 1,444 names.

In population Santa Cruz is the fifteenth county in the State.

Over 3,000 Chinese are employed near Lake Tahoe, cutting wood and timber.

The sanitary condition of Bodie is much better now than at this time last year.

The rare phenomenon of a lunar rainbow was witnessed at Helena, Montana, last week.

There is a good flowing artesian well within three miles of the Merced Court-house.

The population of the southeast part of Merced county has increased largely during the present year.

Another coal famine is threatened in Salt Lake, the whole supply being controlled by one man.

The Nevada *Transcript* continues to urge the purchase of bloodhounds with which to chase stage robbers.

At Alpine, Col., the snow was 26 inches deep and still falling, last week, and at Buena Vista a snow-fall of 18 inches is reported.

The collections at the port of New Westminister, B. C., for the quarter ending on the 30th of September, foot up $33,211 20.

The Sonoma *Index* is indignant at the condition of the plaza in that ancient city. An appeal has been made to the citizens, but they do not respond with the coin.

All kinds of game are in force on the San Joaquin. Curlew are plentiful on the plains, and a few geese have appeared on the stubble fields along Mariposa creek.

The people in Merced and Mariposa are beginning to make bacon. Last year's supply went to Bodie and brought fair prices. This year the quantity put up will be much larger.

San Luis de Calabra is the county seat of Costilla county, Col. It is a Mexican village of a plaza and a few adobe houses. There are but few Anglo-Saxons in the vicinity.

The valleys along Payette and Crane creeks, in Eastern Washington, are visited with a fatal cattle plague. Many cattle are dying. A little black speck on grass causes the disease, which is called the black-leg.

The *Northwest Tribune* has been moved to Cheney, a town recently sprung up on the North Pacific Railroad, sixteen miles from Spokan Falls, W. T. It is said to be the coming town between Spokan and Ainsworth.

In raising the Nanaimo (B. C.) telegraph cable at Saanich Inlet lately, the workmen found the outer covering in places encrusted with beautiful specimens of coral lace, and in others thickly covered with devil or jelly-fish.

At Fort Benton, Montana (elevation 2,754 feet), the average temperature is about 42°; at Virginia City (elevation 5,286 feet), about 46°; at Deer Lodge (elevation 4,768 feet), about 42°; and Fort Owen (elevation 3,284 feet), 47°.

The Dalles (Or.) *Times* says: The beach is now almost covered with piles of substantial wood, boated here on barges. In a few years we shall have to depend on pine and fir wood, as our forests are being rapidly thinned of oak trees.

A peculiar disease is affecting the horses of Shasta. The *Courier* thus describes it: They are first attacked by something that in effect appears like a paralytic stroke in the hind legs, then it passes into the fore legs and through the whole body.]

Indians have killed in four months 260 peasons in Grant county, New Mexico, so far as is known. The people are holding public meetings to urge more active measures upon the Government, and to denounce the course hitherto pursued.

The Truckee *Republican* states that two officers—one from Truckee and the other Sheriff of Sierra county—lately met at Sierraville. During the night the thieves they were in pursuit of robbed the Truckee officer of $20 and the Sheriff of a gold watch and $4 20.

The Ukiah *Dispatch* says: Parties traveling from Long valley to Round valley came to a point on South Eel river where the trail had caved in. Half a mile or more of the mountain had slid into the river, forming a dam and backing up the river for more than a mile. The water flows over, making a fall of from 20 to 30 feet.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* states that the museum of that city has received another addition to the collection of Manti fossils. One specimen is very interesting to visitors, and will doubtless be so to scientists. It is the upper jaw and upper part of the head of a large fossil fish, with teeth of the saurian type, cylindric and conical, suggestive of a carnivorous appetite that would do justice to an alligator.

An enterprising tramp was lately in Gilroy preparing himself for a trip. With a blacksmith's hammer he broke sand-rock and filled a candle box with small pieces, telling the smith that he intended to make the stones pay his way. At San Ysidro several families were persuaded to buy them at ten cents each. The humbug avowed that no lamp would explode if one of the stones were kept constantly in it.

Two cars recently got away from the men at the head of the Sierra Nevada Wood and Lumber Company's incline at Lake Tahoe. The Reno *Gazette* says: They fairly flew down the track, which rises eight feet in every twelve, making the mile and a half in the quickest time on record. They struck a big pile of trees that stood at the bottom of the road. The cars were demolished utterly. Wheels, axles and timbers flew into little pieces.

Says the Eureka (Nev.) *Sentinel:* There is a band of 8,000 sheep grazing over on Hunter creek, that were started from Southern California last spring. Through the Mexicans in charge we learn that it has been a hard trip. At one place, in one night, they got hold of some weeds that killed 1,200 before they could be got off the range. The flock will move up Hunter creek, down Newark valley to Ruby, and thence to the Wells and on to Ogden.

The Napa *Register* says that a party went up the valley on a hunt, October 19th, and while in one of the deep canyons east of Calistoga they met with an exciting experience. The members of the party were on horseback, when a terrible whirlwind, sweeping down the canyon, unhorsed Abram Gridley, a man weighing 190 pounds, and carried him twenty or thirty feet upon the large rocks and boulders. He sustained severe injuries. Several of the party while in the saddle were blown, with their horses, twenty-five feet or more, and a boy was struck in the head with a large stone.

Says the Napa *Reporter:* The Vallejo excursionists were delayed at the Napa depot until after 2 o'clock Saturday morning, on account of the railroad company's refusal to move the train until the excursionists put up $90 more for the cars. The people from Vallejo on this occasion crowded the coaches with many more than the number allowed, and when the company ascertained this they told the excursionists that they could either pay $90 more or go home the best way they might. After considerable parleying the necessary money was raised.

GARFIELD'S SAYINGS.

I affirm, and I believe I do not misrepresent the great Democratic party, that in the last sixteen years they have not advanced one great national idea that is not to-day exploded and as dead as Julius Cæsar.

Every triumph that the Republican party has achieved in the last twelve years has been grumblingly and hesitatingly adopted by the Democratic party about five years after it was done. There is not an element of power, of strength, of manhood or decency in that party to-day that they did not borrow from us.—[Campaign speech, 1871.

Often the blunders and faults of the Republican party have been condoned by the people because of the violent reactionary and disloyal spirit of the Democracy.

The reason there is no great political conflict this fall is because each party is firing at a mark, each in its own way—the Democratic party firing to the rear; the Republican party to the front.—[Campaign speech, 1873.

In short, the Democratic party has sounded the recall, has returned from its departure, has recrossed the river, has burned the bridges it constructed last year, and has encamped again in the graveyard of the past. The tramp of its footsteps echoes hollow from the dead beneath.—[Ibid.

I walk across that Democratic camping-ground as in a graveyard. Under my feet resound the hollow echoes of the dead. There lies Slavery, a black marble column at the head of its grave, on which I read: "Died in the flames of the civil war; loved in itself; lamented at its bier by its only mourner, the Democratic party, but dead." And there is another grave: "Sacred to the memory of Squatter Sovereignty. Died in the campaign of 1860." On the reverse side: "Sacred to the memory of the Dred Scott-Breckinridge doctrine. Both dead at the hands of Abraham Lincoln." And here is a monument of brimstone: "Sacred to the memory of the Rebellion; the war against it a failure; Tilden et Vallandigham fecerunt, A. D. 1864. Died on the field of battle; shot to death by the million guns of the Republic." The doctrine of Secession, of State sovereignty, dead. Expired in the flames of civil war amid the blazing rafters of the Confederacy, except that the modern Æneas, fleeing out of the flames of that ruin, bears on his back another Anchises of State sovereignty, and brings it here in the person of the honorable gentleman from Virginia. All else is dead.—[Speech in Congress, 1876.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

[From San Francisco exchanges of October 22d.]

The United States steamer Lackawanna was off Callao September 15th. All well on board.

The Nevada Bank sold 150,000 ounces of fine silver to the Mint yesterday at $1 13.37½ per ounce.

Duties paid at the Custom-house yesterday were $13,378 60, making a total of $347,903 83 for the month.

Bathing in salt water is represented by a local physician to be an effective cure for opium-eating.

The steamer Gaelic left Yokohama on the 9th and will be due here on the 25th instant, and may possibly be in on the 24th, as she has just been cleaned.

There were no further arrests yesterday for false registration, but a batch of fifty-four additional complaints was received from the new City Hall, and warrants are now being made out for the arrest of the parties.

During the first three weeks of this month twenty-six grain ships were cleared for this port. We shall easily raise the number to forty by the end of the month, as several are full, but, owing to the difficulty of getting sailors, there is delay in clearing.

Yesterday the work of excavation beneath the old Hall of Records, old City Hall, preparatory to the enlargement of the City Prison, was begun. The space which can be utilized is about 30 feet by 100. It is proposed to enlarge the Receiving Hospital and improve its sanitary condition.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 22d—1 P. M.

FLOUR—We quote: Best City Extra, $5 37½; Bakers' Extra, $5 12½@5 25; Superfine, $3 75@4 25; Interior Extra, $4 75@5; interior Superfine, $3 75@4 12½; Oregon Extra, $4 50@4 75; choice do, $5; Oregon Superfine, $3 75@4 12½; Walla Walla Extra, $4 75@5 ⅌ bbl

WHEAT—The market is shaky. Cable advices this morning stopped all export inquiry. The Liverpool quotation has taken another downward turn, and holders are far from feeling comfortable. Still the situation is likely to change at any moment, and any improvement at European centers would materially affect matters here. Prominent shippers claim that $1 40 ⅌ ctl for good No. 2 is too risky a figure to give with the present outlook. But we hear of no parties as yet willing to sell standard No. 2 below this rate. The receipts to-day were among the largest of the season, reaching 125,000 centals including two cargoes loaded respectively at Port Costa and Vallejo. Sales include 5,000 ctls No. 1 shipping, deliverable at Benicia, $1 47½; 1,000 do do, $1 47½; 675 do good shipping, $1 45; 500 do No. 2, $1 42½; 540 do do, $1 41½; 1,000 do do, $1 40; 1,500 do poor do, $1 40; 1,400 do off grade, $1 37½; 200 do do, $1 37½; 200 do, to a miller, $1 35; 300 do coast shipping, $1 30; 400 do off grade, $1 20 ⅌ ctl. We quote: No. 1, $1 45@1 47½, with choice milling at $1 50; No. 2, $1 40@1 42½.

BARLEY—Operators seem to have temporarily retired from the field. The week about ending is the dullest in some time. The inquiry for brewing for shipment East appears to have entirely ceased, while the expected European demand for Chevalier looks as distant as ever. Sales of 300 sks bay brewing, 90c; 1,660 do coast feed 75c ⅌ ctl. Brewing is quotable at 90@92½c; feed, 75@80c; Chevalier, $1 25@1 50 for choice standard bay, and 85c@$1 for coast.

OATS—Holders are willing to accept low rates, but experience difficulty in finding buyers. The reported sales this week would not foot up 2,000 sacks, while receipts have been quite liberal from all directions. Sales of 700 sks coast feed, $1 11½ ⅌ ctl. We quote: Humboldts, $1 10@1 25; coast, $1@1 12½; Oregon and Washington Territory, $1 10@1 25; Surprise, $1 25@1 35 ⅌ ctl.

HAY—The market is very firm. Receipts for several days have been light, while the demand is good. A sale of good wheat was reported this morning at $14 ⅌ ton. From $9 to $10 will probably cover all transactions.

FRUIT—All descriptions are easier to-day, the weather not being favorable for any great consumption. Grapes are particularly heavy, owing to the market being glutted. Light consignments of raspberries realized $15@18 ⅌ chest. Blackberries, peaches and choice pears have about disappeared. We quote the several varieties as follows: Apples, 40@60c ⅌ box for ordinary, and 75c@$1 for choice qualities; Pears, 50@60c ⅌ box for common, there being no choice in market; Quinces, 50@75c ⅌ box; Cantaloupes, 50@75c ⅌ crate; Sweetwater Grapes, 35@50c ⅌ box; Tokay, 30@50c ⅌ box; Black Hamburg, 30@50c ⅌ box; Muscat, 30@60c ⅌ box; Rose of Peru, 30@50c ⅌ box; Watermelons, $4@8 ⅌ hundred; Strawberries, $10@12 ⅌ chest; Figs, 30@60c ⅌ box; Peaches, $1 25@2 ⅌ box; Plums, 2½c ⅌ lb; Lemons, $9@10 ⅌ box for Sicily, and $5@6 for Australian; Limes, $25@30 for Mexican; Tamarinds, 12@15c ⅌ lb; Bananas, $2@4 ⅌ bunch; Pineapples, $8@9 ⅌ dozen; Wisconsin Cranberries, $10 50@12 ⅌ bbl.

HONEY—Steady and firm. Some fancy lots occasionally bring a shade over our figures. We quote: Comb, 10@13; strained, 6@6½c for dark and 7@7½c ⅌ lb for white.

BUTTER—Strictly choice parcels leave first hands directly on arrival, but other grades of fresh move slowly. Pickled and firkin are in good request. Some dealers are asking 35c ⅌ lb for pickled, but sales at that figure are not quick. Probably one-barrel lots would command 33@35, but dealers will fill moderate orders at our quotation, though the belief is pretty general that 35c ⅌ lb will be obtained in a short time. We quote as follows: Fancy, 42½c; choice roll, 37½@40c ⅌ lb; fair to good, 27½@32½c ⅌ lb; inferior to ordinary, 23@26c, inside rate for mixed lots from country stores. Firkin is quotable at 30@32½c ⅌ lb. Pickled, 30@32½c. Eastern is in fair supply, and 23@25c ⅌ lb will probably cover the bulk of offerings.

CHEESE—Continues firm. We quote: California, 12@14c; do, in drums, 14@15c ⅌ lb; Eastern, 16@18c; Western, 14@15c ⅌ lb.

EGGS—There was a good inquiry for choice lots this morning, but they were difficult to find. Very few sales are made over our figures. We quote: California, 32@35c; Oregon, 25@30c; Salt Lake, 25@27½c, with occasional sales at 30c; Eastern, 25@26c; Lime, 25c.

POULTRY—The market this morning was quite firm at our rates. We quote the following prices: Turkeys, 15@19c ⅌ lb for live; Roosters, $4 50@5 for old and $5@6 50 for young; Hens, $5 50@7; Broilers, $3@4, according to size; Ducks, $3@4 ⅌ dozen; Geese, $1 75@2 ⅌ pair.

GAME—There was a further improvement in quail to-day, but other descriptions show no variation of consequence. We give the following quotations: Quail, $1 12½@1 25; Mallard Ducks, $3@3 50 ⅌ doz; Sprigs, $1 50@1 75; Teal, $1 50@1 75; Widgeon, 75c@$1; Snipe, 30@50c for common, and $2 ⅌ doz for English; Venison is quotable at 4@7c ⅌ lb; Hare, $2@2 25; Rabbits, $1@1 25; Doves, 75c ⅌ dozen.

WOOL—A fair amount of business has been done during the week, and but for the firmness of holders sales would have been on a much larger scale. Stocks are accumulating, but the bulk on hand is more or less defective. As yet the receipts from Humboldt and Mendocino are comparatively light. Owing to large accumulations at many interior points adjacent to consuming centers, manufacturers and dealers are not apprehensive of any scarcity of supplies. Until after the election, the trade generally are of the opinion that business will not be very active. Spring goods are opening in the East, but at no appreciable values of consequence. We quote: Southern fall, 12@14c ⅌ lb for fair to good, and 10@12c for ordinary to inferior; San Joaquin, 10@12c for fair to good, and 12@16c for fair to choice mountain; Northern, 13@15c for poor defective Sacramento, 15@18c for good Red Bluff and Chico, and 20@22c ⅌ lb for Humboldt and Mendocino. Eastern Oregon sells at 16@20c for inferior, and 21@24c for choice. Fine light fleece Valleys come about 20@22c, while common grades are nominally 25@26c ⅌ lb.

Sacramento Market.

FRUIT—Our Sacramento quotations are from the price-lists of W. R. Strong & Co., and are revised up to 6 P. M. yesterday. They represent trade prices, and have in view selected fruits suitable for shipment: Apples, Spitzenburg, $1 25; red, $1@1 25; cooking, 60c@$1; papered for long shipment, $1 35@1 50; pears, ordinary varieties, $1 40@1 75c; Bartlett, $1 75@2; prunes, $1 25 ⅌ box; peaches, $1 50@1 75 ⅌ box; figs, 6@10c ⅌ lb; oranges are quotable at $40@45 ⅌ M, Tahiti; lemons, Sicily, $9@10 ⅌ box; California, $4@4 50; Australian, $6@6 ⅌ box; limes, Mexican, $20 ⅌