

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 111 for 4s of 1907; 101 for 5s of 1881; 113 for 4s; Sterling, 84 5/16; silver, 60; 11 1/2; 4 1/4.

At Liverpool yesterday wheat was quoted at 94 1/2 @ 95 1/2 for good to choice California.

There was a fair business in mining stocks in San Francisco yesterday morning. Union Consolidated closed at \$15.45; a decline of \$1 from the best price.

At San Francisco gold dollars are quoted at 4 1/2 discount by par; Mexican dollars, 90, quoted at 91 1/2 @ 92 1/2 for good to choice California.

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EDUCATION AND POLITICS.

There is a great deal of friction in our politics, and it is largely if not altogether due to defective popular education.

Two-thirds of the hardest work done in political discussion is devoted to combating unapprehensions and exposing fallacies propagated by demagogues, but which never could have obtained any hold upon the public mind had the latter been prepared to appreciate the value of elementary laws by all the departments of government.

By far the greatest part of the bitter feeling which so constantly crops out in our political contentions may be traced to erroneous conceptions of principles which in themselves afford no ground for such sentiments than do the laws of physical science.

The most potent part of the demagogue is done by persuading the ignorant that whatever propositions it suits his purpose to oppose are advanced with sinister intent.

By ascribing selfish or malignant ends to his opponents, he excites the prejudice of the unthinking, and so incapacitates them for judging issues fairly.

From the moment they begin to believe in the reality of the selfish and repulsive purpose of the accused, they cease to be susceptible of rational con- sideration, and thereforward are the blind thralls of cunning impostors.

It is evident that this could not be the case if the people were enabled, by a broader and larger education, to discriminate between scientific laws and principles, and the intricate inventions of self-seekers.

For example our schools taught sound doctrine in relation to the science of government, finance, fiscal policy, and so forth, it would be no longer possible for partisans to play with these subjects as they do, and to delude the masses so easily by putting forward the most crude and even preposterous theories on all related questions.

There are some topics in regard to which the possession of constitutional definitions is by no means a blessing, moreover, for the habit of setting up the constitution as the be-all and the end-all of human wisdom tends to cramp and narrow the understanding, and to prevent men from seeking the best methods of doing whatever is attainable.

No Republican, black or white, can have anything to regret in losing the society of such hopeless imbeciles as the men who adopted these resolutions. It is possible, however, that this is one of the last flashes of expiring Southern intolerance.

We certainly hope so, and we can only regret that any Southern community should have been so foolish as to commit itself to a policy of rampant hostility to the dominant party, just at the threshold of an administration which is certain to make that kind of folly unprofitable.

Professor Nordenskiold has written a letter to the New York Herald in regard to the fate of the Arctic exploring vessel Jeannette, and like all the experienced Arctic voyagers who have spoken on this subject, he is of the opinion that no ground for apprehension as to the fate of the vessel exists there.

Either Captain DeLong may have steered southward to avoid the ice, and consequently wintered somewhere near the New Siberian islands on the west coast of Wrangel Land, or he may in his eagerness to advance have become entangled in the ice east of Wrangel Land.

TELEGRAPHIC.

until they prove their sincerity to honest government and the Democratic party by words and deeds. That we earnestly call upon the people of our country and State to join hands with us in this matter, as the only course for the people to save the Government from corruption.

And fraud, that we beg the citizens and merchants of Greenville City to dis- charge from their employ any white or black Radical and fill their places with Democrats. That we discontinue any man who will violate any of the above resolutions, and consider him wanting in loyalty to his party, and spot him as an enemy to good government.

That we may have on our places shall be allowed to have in their employ any white or black Radical. That any voter or stranger to us who may apply to us for employment must produce satisfactory evidence that "he is a Democrat."

We think it may be regarded as tolerably certain that these are genuine resolutions, since it is in the last degree improbable that any one would have fabricated them. They are, it is true, local only, and perhaps represent nothing more than the political bigotry of a little group of Bourbon fossils.

That they should have been adopted at all or anywhere, however, is remarkable, and even regarded as an extreme illustration of fanaticism, they indicate the existence of a condition of feeling in regard to politics which has long been emanating outside of the Southern States.

Another peculiarity is that they emanate from the victors in the locality. The Democrats have carried South Carolina, and this is the use they propose to make of their victory. If Greenville county is at all representative of the country may congratulate itself again upon its escape from Southern rule through the election of General Garfield to the Presidency.

Of course the adoption of such rabid propositions can only injure those who have recourse to this new variety of Boycottism. The Greenville county fanatics may succeed in driving all the Republicans out of their neighborhood, but that will be equivalent to banishing all the enterprising and industrious.

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The Democratic ticket of contesting the vote of New York appears to have died out. A member of the New York Democratic State Committee is reported as declaring that "there has been no intention" to oust Garfield. That the County Com- mittees were not directed, but advised, "to protest against returns on the ground" of fraud, and that there never was any "intention of protesting against any return" of the Republican ticket.

If the Democrats who thought it possible to play the fraud game in New York have really abandoned the idea, so much the better for them. It is probable, however, that they have done so in a conviction of their utter futility, and not from any special repugnance to resort to such methods. The truth is, that an attempt to dispute the vote of New York would involve the necessity of permitting contests of the votes of half the Southern States, and therefore even under the most detestable manipulation nothing could come of it.

WESTWARD-BOUND PASSENGERS.

The Haat Ton of Chicago Experience a Sensation. The annual meeting of the National Association of Trotting Horse Breeders elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, G. W. Jewett, of New York; First Vice-President, G. W. Jewett, of New York; Second Vice-President, L. V. Baker, of New York; Treasurer, J. W. Packer, of New York; Secretary, L. V. Baker, of New York.

Official Vote of New York City. NEW YORK, November 17th.—The official vote of New York City for Garfield, 147,440; for Blaine, 103,311; for Weaver, 11,498; Dow, 237. Hancock over Garfield, 43,135; over all, 31,790. Total vote of the President in 1880, 253,182.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO PRINCIPALS. Teachers and City Board. THE MEETING OF THE CITY BOARD OF Education, held on WEDNESDAY, November 15th, 1899, at 8 o'clock, was held in the City Hall, New York City.

THE TURKS FORTIFYING. CONSTANTINOPLE, November 17th.—The Turks are fortifying the borders of Thessaly. French Journalists Published. PARIS, November 17th.—The Director of Le Christian has been condemned in contumacia to three months imprisonment.

FLOODS IN ENGLAND. LONDON, November 17th.—Floods are causing much damage in the counties of Derbyshire, Warwickshire, Nottinghamshire, Lancashire, and the water of the Thames is rapidly rising.

THE COLLIERIES FIRE SUBSIDED. ST. ELIZABETH, November 17th.—The water has subsided at the colliery, and the fire is rapidly being extinguished.

HAMILTON (Ont.), November 17th.—Information is received that a body, apparently a deserter from the United States Army, named "Zeland," attached to the 1st Cavalry, was washed ashore.

MISCELLANEOUS. At Leesville, Va., yesterday, in the United States District Court, Judge Rives presiding, a motion was made for the arrest of a negro, named "Zeland," who had been arrested for putting negroes on juries.

At Gosden, Ind., yesterday, the Manufacturers' Association is holding a meeting for the purpose of organizing a union of the Albright & Davis sawmill; also the business houses of several other towns and tenements.

A protest to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen for the prohibition of the "Passion Play" is circulating for signatures in New York City.

The steamer P. Olin brought to New York yesterday from Europe 229,000 in specie. The Government of France will not allow the export of gold to the United States.

A delegation of Don Cameron was made to the son of Justice Bradley of the United States Supreme Court yesterday at Harrisburg, Pa.

St. Louis yesterday Mary Burns stabbed and killed George Bates (colored), a deck hand, who attempted to compel her to live with him, as she had no effort to escape. Mary and her husband are in the calabos.

General Term at Albany, New York, yesterday affirmed the decision in the case of Henry Meets, who murdered his wife on the 22d of September, 1878. When informed of the decision, Meets was very cool, and remarked: "As you see me now, so you will see me when I am hanged."

A London dispatch says that the reports of a revolt of the tribes of northern Cashmere are probably unfounded. The American Minister, has submitted to the London Board of Trade a project for an international copyright treaty.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

WILL GIVE LUNCHEONS FROM 11 TO 12 AND FROM 4 TO 5 O'CLOCK, TO-DAY, COFFEE, BAKED APPLES AND BREAD, BROWN BREAD, OLD SWEETENED BUTTER, AND OTHER DELICIOUS DISHES. The ladies of the church are cordially invited to give a luncheon to the members of the church on Friday, November 17th, at 11 o'clock.

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Advertisement for Union India Rubber Co's products, including rubber boots, coats, and various accessories. The ad lists various styles and prices, and provides contact information for the company.