THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY.....MAY 31, 1881

Daily Meteorological Record—Signal Service United States Army.

SACRAMENTO, May 30, 1881—8:02 P. M.

Places of observation.	Height of Barom.	Thermom.	Direction of wind.	Velocity	Character of wind	Rain 24hrs	State of weather
Olympia	29.83	58	N.	4	Gentle.	....	Cloudy
Portland	29.89	59	S. W.	2	Light.	.01	Lt. rain
Roseburg	29.84	60	Calm		Calm	....	Fair
Red Bluff	29.92	62	S. E.	12	Fresh.	....	Cloudy
Sacramento	29.98	65	S. W.	8	Fresh.	....	Cloudy
S. Francisco	29.99	55	S. W.	12	Fresh.	....	Threat'g
Visalia	29.83	70	N. W.	2	Light.	....	Clear
Los Angeles	29.95	60	S. W.	1	Light.	....	Clear
San Diego	29.95	61	N. W.	4	Gentle.	....	Fair

Maximum temperature, 75; minimum, 56.
River above low-water mark, 15 ft 4 in.

JAMES A. BARWICK,
Observer Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, May 31st—Morning.—Indications for Pacific coast: Fair weather in California, light rains in Oregon and Washington Territory.

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 118 for 4s of 1907; 104½ for 5s of 1881; 110½ for 4½; sterling, $4 84@4 86; silver bars, 112½.

Silver in London, 51¼d; consols, 102 3-16; 5 per cent. United States bonds, 107½; 4s, 120½; 4½s, 113½.

In San Francisco half dollars are quoted at ½ discount to par; Mexican dollars, 90@90½c.

At Liverpool wheat is quoted at 9s 3½@9s 6d for good to choice California.

Yesterday being generally observed throughout the country as a holiday, no Eastern market reports or San Francisco stock quotations were received.

Jacob Guggenheim died suddenly at San Buenaventura yesterday.

As will be seen by our dispatches, Memorial Day was generally observed throughout the country yesterday.

Grizzly bears are troubling the farmers of Lake county, Oregon.

Matteo Radich was found dead Sunday in a barn near Gilroy.

The iron workers at Covington and Newport, Ky., will strike to-day for increased wages.

Every store in Chico was closed Sunday by law.

It was reported in New York yesterday that an extensive break of prisoners for liberty had occurred on Blackwell's Island.

Slosson, the billiardist, is anxious to play Vignaux for 1,000 francs.

Trouble again prevails in the Transvaal.

Midhat Pasha still insists that Abdul Aziz committed suicide.

Another steamer is ashore on the coast of Scotland.

A case of small-pox was discovered at Stockton yesterday.

Unmasked men robbed a stage yesterday near Ponca Springs, Col., and secured considerable coin, watches, jewelry, etc.

The negotiations in regard to the Fortune Bay outrages have been concluded, and England agrees to indemnify the sufferers.

A serious accident occurred yesterday on the Pennsylvania Railroad near Trenton, N. J., killing two passengers and injuring a dozen others.

Rain fell at San Francisco and Shasta last evening.

The American Institute of Mining Engineers is in session at Staunton, Va.

John Earlche shot his wife and her father yesterday at Indianapolis, and then killed himself.

C. O. Everetts was shot and killed Friday at Harshaw, A. T., by William Kelly.

First Lieutenant H. L. Winchester, of the Sixth Cavalry, died suddenly at Tombstone, A. T., Sunday night.

A Government telegraph line has been ordered built for use in case of trouble with the Utes.

A caucus of Republican Assemblymen was held at Albany last evening, but without transacting any business adjourned until 8 o'clock to-night. The Administrationists also held a conference, and resolved to support no candidates for Senator who were opposed to the Administration. The Democrats held a caucus, and nominated candidates to succeed Conkling and Platt.

THE CASE OF FISHER.

A young man named Fisher has disappeared in San Francisco. He was last seen on the water front, in company with a suspicious character, and as he was known to be a good sailor it is suspected that he may have been shanghaied. The question whether people ever are shanghaied at San Francisco has been discussed for some time to no practical result. The waterfront people who have much reason for denying the existence of such a practice, declare that nothing of the kind has ever been done. Others, who profess to know as much as the sharks referred to, assert that it has been always practiced more or less. Of course it is also possible that young Fisher may have gone somewhere voluntarily, or, to take the worst theory of all, it is possible that he may have been murdered. All that is known so far is that he has vanished suddenly, and as he had some money and other personal property about him, and as he was positively seen in very doubtful company, the apprehensions of his friends are measurably justified. It would seem that if it is really a case of shanghaiing the police ought to be able to get some clue to it. If it is something worse no doubt it will be more closely concealed. But it is worth noting that if young Fisher had not put himself in the company of bad characters there could be no special reason to suspect harm to him; and that every man can keep out of such company if he wishes to do so.

THE CONVICTION OF MOST.

Most, the editor of the *Freiheit*, has been convicted by an English jury of inciting to murder, and the English press with one or two exceptions approve the results of the trial. There is in fact no question of the liberty of the press concerned in it. The liberty of the press is like all other liberty: subject to metes and bounds; and when it passes beyond them it becomes License, and is at once amenable to control and if need be to punishment. This man Most is one of those ferocious and embruted revolutionists which are spawned by the slums of the great cities of Europe. His one idea was to advocate murder and anarchy, and he seized the occasion of the assassination of the Czar to deliberately urge the murder of the new Emperor and of the Emperor of Germany. He sought to put in motion the cowardly machinery of his fellow assassins against the lives of these rulers. It was an infamous act, and no shallow pretense of the freedom of the press ought to shield the perpetrator for a moment. We hope that Herr Most will receive a long sentence, and that he will be sent to work in Her Majesty's Dockyards, or elsewhere, with a ball and chain on his caitiff leg, *pour encourager les autres*.

SLIGHTLY INCORRECT.

The San Francisco *Examiner* in an editorial article yesterday had occasion to make a quotation from L. E. L., and took the opportunity of informing its readers that the poetess referred to "was known in private London life as Louisa Ellen Landor," and that her "tragic fate—she was accidentally drowned—gives an additional mournful interest to her lines." Our esteemed contemporary is correct in its statements, with the following trifling exceptions: The name of L. E. L. was not Louisa Ellen Landor, but Letitia Elizabeth Landor. As she married, however, she was known as Mrs. McLean in her later years. She was not "accidentally drowned," but died, at Cape Coast Castle, from an overdose of prussic acid, which she was taking medicinally. It is just as well to be correct about these little matters, and it is scarcely permissible to foist upon an indulgent public a Louisa Ellen Landor who has no *raison d'etre*.

THE CONDITION OF IRELAND.

Recent dispatches are to the effect that the state of Ireland is rapidly growing more unsettled and anarchic, and though it is certain that the most alarming reports concern only specific localities, and are not general, it is clear that the situation is one which cannot continue in its present shape without issuing in open insurrection, and which cannot be dealt with successfully through the methods hitherto employed. A dispatch to the New York *Herald* yesterday, quite possibly too highly colored, says that in several counties, notably Limerick, Tipperary and Leitrim, the position of affairs is already intolerable. It says: "The people are resisting "the processes of law with a recklessness "unequaled in the history of the country, "and yet with a counteracting restraint, "which is a new feature in popular Irish "agitation, and which shows that the "behests of the League leaders to throw "the onus of the first aggressive steps on "the military and police are not without "their effect." This last statement is particularly obscure. How can the people "throw the onus of the first aggressive "steps" upon the police and military, if they themselves are already defying the law in all possible ways? In such a state of affairs it is clear that the onus of aggression must lie upon those who break the laws, not upon those who undertake to see them executed.

A more significant statement is the following: "The police are rapidly becoming "demoralized. No men can long endure "a state of siege such as the force in the "disturbed districts are undergoing. Every man's hand is against them. No "carman will drive; no publican will "supply them with food. The people "stone them at every opportunity. The "women howl, yell and upbraid. The "children throw mud at them. After a "long and fatiguing march they find in "some country village that the wells are "defiled with mud and rubbish, so that "no man can quench his thirst. No patrol "can venture forth except in great force. "At night the country is left in the hands "of marauders, who carry on their lawless "practices with the utmost impunity." This is a picture of practical rebellion, and nothing less, and evidently it cannot endure. Either the Government must succumb, or it must change its tactics, unless indeed, which seems out of the question, the Irish revolutionaries can be made to listen to reason, and give the Government a chance to pass remedial legislation.

The present ostensible grievance is eviction, but to deprive the land-owners of the right of turning out tenants who refuse to pay any rent would be to hand over the land to the recalcitrant tenants for nothing, and to confiscate the property of the landlords. The Government is unable to compel the tenants to pay their rent, but it cannot tie the hands of the landlords and deprive them of their legal remedies. The tenants who refuse to pay rent are by no means all in impoverished circumstances. On the contrary, it is stated that many of the worst disturbances have occurred in prosperous districts. It is of course very difficult to understand from a distance all the multifarious influences which are at work, but on the surface it looks very much as though Paddy, with native shrewdness, had thought the opportunity a good one for forestalling the action of the land bill, and getting the land into his own hands without the trouble and embarrassment of an agreement to pay for it hereafter.

The position of the Government is extremely difficult, of necessity. It does not wish to have recourse to more stringent measures, but it is apparently being driven in that direction in spite of all that it can do. If it puts a stop to evictions the tenants who are holding lands for which they are paying no rent will of course continue to cling to these lands, and the landlords will be as effectually deprived of the property as though the Government had seized it and transferred it bodily to the tenant. If the evictions go on the people will keep up the present state of turbulence, and anarchy will spread over the country more and more. If the Government has recourse to extreme measures, and enforces the laws with the heavy hand, it will be obeyed just so long as the troops are on the spot, but no finality will have been reached. Meantime the rebellious disposition of large portions of the Irish people is strengthening the English Conservatives, who hate the Irish cordially, and who make no secret of their belief that the only way to deal with them is by coercion. Should the present condition of the country result in the failure of the Government programme it is on the cards that the Conservatives may be called to take the helm, and in that case the land bill would almost certainly be abandoned, and an entirely different policy be put in force.

The Irish leaders are, through their sanction of the intemperance of their followers, doing a great deal to render this change of policy probable. The Liberals have unquestionably desired to do justice to Ireland, but the Irish themselves have thrown all the obstacles possible in their way. If under these circumstances the Conservatives should be called upon to try their hand at the business, public opinion in England would probably indorse their rejection of the persuasive system, and approve their adoption of drastic measures. Of course Ireland has everything to lose and nothing to gain by a serious insurrection. Such a movement would merely give her worst enemies the excuse they seek for punishing her severely, and no sane observer can suppose for a moment that the rebels would be able to hold their own. They are in fact pursuing a suicidal course, and the indications are that it will result in the defeat of the land bill, and the consequent abandonment of all remedial legislation for years to come.

AN EASY METHOD.

There is one preacher in San Francisco who continues to believe in the efficacy of the theological bow-and-arrow, if we may judge from a report of one of his sermons printed by a local paper. The preacher is named J. S. Bromley. He has been discussing the alleged divinity of the Bible, which divinity he says is proved by its prophesies. Now considering that the prophesies of the Bible have been matter of dispute for fifteen hundred years or so, and that a literature of conflicting theories has grown up around them, it is somewhat rash for any one to depend upon them as evidence. Mr. Bromley, however, is not troubled by small difficulties or large ones either, unless the reporter has very cruelly misrepresented him, for we find him credited with the remarkable assertion that "the fact that every word of the "original text of the Bible was the in-"spired word of God should be "proof positive to all his creatures "that though some passages of the holy "book were incomprehensible, still they "were infallibly true." Here the preacher coolly begs the entire question by taking for granted the plenary inspiration of the Bible. It is true that this is the theological habit, but it is not often in these days that it is exhibited so ingenuously. The "fact" of the inspiration of the Bible is precisely what requires to be demonstrated in the most conclusive manner before any argument whatever is founded upon it; and it is just this fundamental and vital condition that our friend so coolly assumes. It is really astonishing that anyone should come before an audience of presumably intelligent men and women with such crude and indefensible propositions, and that they should think it due to their faith to make assertions so loose and illogical. Of course if all the foundations of a creed are to be admitted on simple hearsay, without inquiry or verification, it is just as easy to prove the inspiration of the Koran, the Popol Vuh, the Vedas or the Zend Avesta, as of the Bible. This consideration evidently did not occur to Mr. Bromley, but the fact that it did not is anything but creditable to his intelligence.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.

Great Britain.

THE TURBULENCE IN IRELAND—A BAILIFF STRIPPED BY WOMEN AND TARRED AND FEATHERED.

NEW YORK, May 30th.—A cable special to the *Herald* from Dublin of May 29th says: A bailiff went to serve writs on property of Mr. Hutchins, near Mallow, County Cork, on Saturday. Some women gathered around and seized him, destroyed the writs, and then stripped him naked and threw him into the river. They caught him as he came out and thrashed him with furze. The unfortunate man, more dead than alive, was then tarred and feathered and hunted through the country. A large party of police went out from Mallow to rescue him, but after scouring the country they were unable to find him.

On Saturday morning the head of the dragoon's horse, which was killed in the fight at Mitchellstown on Friday, was cut off and fixed on top of a pole. The pole was decorated with green paper, and crape streamers were appended to the head, and in the horse's mouth was placed a piece of paper bearing the following words: "Here's your rent." The *Herald* correspondent saw this ghastly spectacle early on Saturday morning. It was then surrounded by a crowd of women and children, who responded to the call of an old fellow for "three cheers for the English head on an Irish stick." The head with its appendages was taken possession of by the police and brought to the barracks.

Elaborate preparations are being made to renew the attempt to carry out the New Pallas evictions this week, but on what day is not known, as the authorities keep all dates of their movements strictly secret.

STRONG LANGUAGE ON THE IRISH DISTURBANCES.

LONDON, May 30th.—A Dublin special says: It is a notorious fact that all the recent disturbances have been raised in the agricultural districts where the farmers are well off. To speak of these people as objects of compassion, as down-trodden, rack-rented victims of the landlords' cruelty is untrue.

John O'Conner Power, replying to a letter from Egan to Brennan, wherein Egan abuses Power and McCoan for voting for the second reading of the land bill, taunts Egan with skulking in Paris, and warns his countrymen that if they allow themselves to be goaded into unarmed insurrection by the screaming of hired demagogues, who have already shown the white feather, they will be abandoned and betrayed in the hour of trial. McCoan also taunts Egan with hiding in Paris, and hints that Egan's letter was inspired by others.

IRISH SYMPATHIZERS.

LONDON, May 30th.—The proposed meeting in Hyde Park yesterday to protest against the arrests in Ireland, was postponed, Parnell having recommended that it be deferred until the House of Commons has voted on Justin McCarthy's motion to censure the Government.

ANOTHER ARREST.

LONDON, May 30th.—A farmer named Lynch, of Kilronan, Ireland, has been arrested under the Coercion Act and conveyed to Galway.

CABINET CHANGES.

LONDON, May 30th.—It is reported that Right Hon. Hugh C. Childers, the Secretary of War, will soon become Chancellor of the Exchequer.

EVARTS IN LONDON.

LONDON, May 30th.—Evarts, the representative of the United States in the International Monetary Conference, has arrived from Paris, and will remain in London until the reassembling of the Conference on the 30th of June.

THE COMING DERBY.

LONDON, May 30th.—Following is the latest betting for the Derby: 7 to 4 on Perigrine, 5 to 4 against Iroquois, 7 to 4 against Geologist, 7 to 2 against Don Felano, 4 to 1 against St. Charles, 5 to 1 against Barrett, 5 to 1 against St. Louis, 10 to 1 against Tristan, 10 to 1 against Lord Bradford's Boycott and Lewistone.

The jockey, Archer, will ride Iroquois only in the event of Lord Falmouth's bay colt, Great Circle, not running.

TRICKETT, THE OARSMAN.

LONDON, May 30th.—Edward Trickett, the Australian oarsman, and Kelly, ex-champion of England, sailed for New York on Saturday.

WILL DO SO NO MORE.

LONDON, May 30th.—In the House of Commons to-day, the Under Foreign Secretary said France admitted searching a British schooner at Tunis; that the result was to be regretted, but the misunderstanding would not occur again.

STEAMER ASHORE.

LONDON, May 30th.—A dispatch from Campbelltown, Scotland, says another line steamer is ashore near Kintyre lighthouse.

(SECOND DISPATCH.)

CAMPBELLTOWN (Scotland), May 30th.—The Anchor Line steamer ashore about a quarter of a mile north of the Mull of Kintyre lighthouse is the Macedonia, Captain Martin, from New York May 19th for Glasgow. She went ashore at 3:30 this morning during a dense fog, and lies on a rock in a bad position. All the holds and the engine-room are full of water. There is not much chance of floating her, but if the weather keeps fine a number of cattle on the main deck may be saved.

Germany.

BISMARCK AND THE HAMBURG QUESTION.

BERLIN, May 30th.—On finding his annexation designs resisted by the Hamburg Senate and House of Burgesses, and by the Reichstag, Bismarck quickly concluded a treaty which leaves Hamburg in possession of its coveted free-port privilege. The only change effected is a restriction to the smaller end of the privilege hitherto extending over the entire Hamburg territory, but as the area retaining the privilege is large enough for all purposes of international commerce, everything really remains in statu quo, except that the docks, warehouses and factories dependent upon tariff immunities must be transferred within the diminished free-port district.

Denmark.

THE FOLKETHING AND THE LANDSTHING.

COPENHAGEN, May 30th.—In the Folkething to-day, members of the Left declared that the result of the elections rendered a more conciliatory attitude on the part of the House towards the Landsthing impossible. The President of the Council replied that if the Folkething adhered to its present attitude the Landsthing would probably be no less resolute. This is considered to indicate a probability of another dissolution of the Diet.

France.

CHALLENGE TO PLAY BILLIARDS.

PARIS, May 30th.—Slosson, the American billiardist, challenges Vignaux to play a game for 1,000 francs, 3,000 points up. Slosson offers to play on a French table.

The Transvaal.

DIFFICULTIES WITH THE BOERS.

DURBAN, May 30th.—The feeling among the loyalists throughout the Transvaal is very disturbed. There are numerous reports of Boer outrages since peace was established. It is reported that the Boers have attacked bodies of natives and murdered ten, because they were loyal to the Queen and were working for the English. The Swazies and the Transvaal natives express a determination to fight the Boers if they are left in complete possession of the country.

India.

THE NEW FRONTIER.

CALCUTTA, May 30th.—The Government has received peremptory orders directing the evacuation of Pishon Valley as soon as practicable. Quettah is to be the extreme frontier position. This order has been issued in spite of the protests of the Indian Government and of all competent authorities here.

ALL cautious mothers should keep Kidney-Wort in the house to use for themselves and their children.

PACIFIC COAST.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.

IN REMEMBRANCE OF THE DEAD.

Decoration Day Generally Observed Throughout the Coast.

A SUDDEN DEATH AT SAN BUENAVENTURA.

The Sunday Law Enforced by the Chico Authorities.

Etc.....Etc.....Etc.

CALIFORNIA.

The Graves of Soldiers Decorated.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30th.—Decoration Day was observed here quite generally as a holiday. The principal places of business were closed, flags were displayed at half-mast, the streets were thronged with pleasure-seekers, the boats and trains to places of suburban resort were crowded. A procession consisting of the Guard Army (nearly 1,000 strong), the First, Second and Third Regiments of the National Guard, and visiting Posts of the Grand Army and companies of the National Guard, marched from Montgomery and Market streets at 10 A. M., and taking the cars at Tenth street, proceeded to the cemetery, where the usual exercises were carried out in a tent provided for the occasion. The floral decorations were on a scale far in excess of anything heretofore attempted, and the celebration, as a whole, was of exceptional excellence in design and execution.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 30th.—The weather has been cloudy, warm and sultry during the day, and this evening rain fell sufficient to lay the dust, with a prospect of more before morning. George H. Thomas Post, Grand Army of the Republic, held a memorial reception at Dashaway Hall this evening. Rev. Dr. Noble delivered the address, and a short speech and music filled out the programme.

STOCKTON, May 30th.—Memorial Day was not publicly observed, though the public offices and banks were closed and flags throughout the city placed at half-mast. Private parties decorated a number of the graves in the cemeteries.

MERCED, May 30th.—Decoration Day is being observed here by the closing of the postoffice and other offices, the banks, display of flags at half-mast, decoration of the soldiers' graves, etc.

CHICO, May 30th.—Decoration Day was observed in Chico as a half holiday. Shortly after 2 o'clock the Chico Guard, with music, escorted the members of Halleck Post, G. A. R., to the cemetery, where a regular programme of exercises was carried out. This was the first observance of the day in Chico, and a large number of citizens took part in supplying flowers for the purpose.

WATSONVILLE, May 30th.—Decoration Day was observed here by a procession of firemen, ex-Senators and citizens, who decorated the graves of all soldiers buried in the cemetery. Rev. Mr. Dibble delivered an address. This is the first regular observance of the day in this town. Appropriate music was furnished by a band and a male quartet.

SAN BUENAVENTURA, May 30th.—Decoration Day is being observed here by placing bouquets on the graves of soldiers, singing by the school children, etc.

LOS ANGELES, May 30th.—Decoration Day is being generally observed here. Flags are at half-mast on the hotels and public buildings, the business houses and many private residences. Public offices, county and Federal, have been closed all day. All the principal business houses were closed from 1 to 4 P. M. The procession was composed of the Grand Army of the Republic, fire companies, Los Angeles Guard and benevolent societies on foot, City Council, Mexican war veterans in carriages, and a large cavalcade of citizens on horseback. It was grand and imposing.

BODIE, May 30th.—Memorial Day was very generally recognized here. About sixty veterans turned out, escorted by the Fire Department and the Miners' Union. All business was suspended.

PORTLAND (Or.), May 30th.—Memorial Day was very generally observed here. Members of the Grand Army of the Republic and the various military organizations of the city formed in procession at 1 P. M., and after parading through the principal streets marched to Lone Fir Cemetery, where beautiful and impressive decoration ceremonies were observed. From 9 o'clock to 3 to-day a constant stream of ladies, gentlemen and children, laden with floral tributes, poured to Lone Fir and St. Mary's Cemeteries, to decorate the graves of departed friends and relatives. It is estimated that not less than 5,000 persons visited the cemeteries during the day. This evening memorial exercises were held at the New Market Theater. An oration was delivered by Hon. M. C. George. Flags were flying at half mast all over the city. The banks, stores and many offices were closed, and business was generally suspended.

At Vancouver the day was observed by the troops at the garrison. The members of the G. A. R., citizens and military formed in procession at the garrison and marched to the cemetery, where a great crowd assembled and the memorial ceremonies were carried out. Hon. J. N. Dolph, of this city, delivered the oration. In the evening the soldiers and members of the Grand Army visited Portland in a body and attended the exercises at the theater.

Case of Small-pox at Stockton.

STOCKTON, May 30th.—A case of small-pox was developed to-day on the corner of California and Sonora streets. The Board of Health have adopted stringent quarantine measures.

Progress of Civilization at Chico.

CHICO, May 30th.—The Sunday law was enforced in Chico yesterday, and every store was closed for the first time.

Raining Again at Shasta.

SHASTA, May 30th.—It commenced raining here this morning, and quite a shower is falling. The weather is changeable, with the wind from the south.

Narrow Escape of a Teamster.

MERCED, May 30th.—About a quarter to 10 o'clock this morning one of Miller & Lux's teamsters tried to cross the railroad track at the stock corral in this place, through a gap between some loaded stock cars and a train that was backing up to couple on the standing section, when the wagon was caught between the cars and completely wrecked. The team and driver escaped without injury. This is the first accident of the kind that has ever occurred in this place.

Found Dead.

GILROY, May 30th.—Matteo Radich, a Portuguese, was found dead yesterday in the barn of his employer, in the redwoods, five miles from here. He is supposed to have died from heart disease. Deceased was a brother-in-law of Antonio Svainas, proprietor of the Rockaway Restaurant, Market street, San Francisco.

Sudden Death.

SAN BUENAVENTURA, May 30th.—About 8 o'clock this morning Jacob Guggenheim, a clerk in the employ of Einstein & Bernheim, entered their store and took a seat at the bookkeeper's desk. At once his head fell on the desk, and he was caught and laid on the floor, where he died in about five minutes. He had for years been afflicted with heart disease, and was just about to take his annual vacation in hopes of renewing his strength. Mr. Guggenheim was very much respected by the whole community.

The Duke Approaches.

LOS ANGELES, May 30th.—The Duke of Sutherland, who is en route with a party, and will arrive to-morrow evening, has telegraphed for supplies, including a lot of wines. The party go direct to Santa Monica, where they will remain several days.

Railroad Rumor.

COLTON, May 30th.—It is reported upon good authority that a party of surveyors, under F. T. Perris, yesterday commenced the work of locating the line for the Southern California Railroad through the Cajon Pass. There is some excitement over the matter in San Bernardino, as there is expected to be trouble between them and the managers of the Southern Pacific Railroad, who are expected to commence work there immediately.

ARIZONA.

Items from Tucson.

TUCSON, May 30th.—C. O. Everetts was shot and instantly killed Friday at Harshaw by Wm. Kelly.

H. L. Winchester, First Lieutenant of the Sixth Cavalry, died suddenly last night at Tombstone.

The travel to and from Sonora is very large and increasing. A daily stage line from here to Hermosillo will soon be started; also one from here to Sam Brannan's grant, via Hermosillo.

The Duke of Sutherland, Major-General Henry Green and wife, Bull Run Russell, the famous war correspondent of the London *Times*, L. O. Stephens, Director of the London and Northwestern Railroad, Henry Wright, Secretary of the Duke, S. N. Townshend, special correspondent of the London *Field*, with W. F. White, general ticket and passenger agent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, passed here to-night en route to San Francisco. They had Pullman dining, sleeping and baggage cars.

OREGON.

Attempted Suicide—Grizzly Bears.

PORTLAND, May 30th.—A Chinaman, supposed to be insane, attempted to commit suicide to-day by leaping from the Stark-street ferry in the middle of the river. He was rescued with much difficulty.

Grizzly bears are committing ravages on cattle and sheep in portions of Lake county. The farmers of that section have organized and offered a liberal bounty for bear scalps. Several large grizzlies have been killed during the past week by old hunters.

PASSENGER LISTS.

CARLIN, May 30th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: Edward Phillips, San Francisco; James V. Watson, Philadelphia, Pa.; James W. Phillips, Wilmington, Del.; J. Maurice Bannet and wife, Nova Scotia; George I. Marie, Virginia City, Nev.; W. S. Davidson and wife, Scotland; E. S. Ruggles, A. Strauss Burgen, Charles Jones, San Francisco; H. F. Page, Placerville, Cal.; Mrs. E. M. Kearny, Mrs. M. Morgan, Lodi, Cal.; Mrs. A. E. Leete, Miss Hannah Leete, Miss Hattie Leete, Romeo, Mich., Mrs. A. S. Berry, Baxton, Me.; J. B. A. Lawson, London, Eng.; Miss Hunsaker, Louisiana; H. B. Tate, Missouri; Sarah Keedy, Maryland; George Joss, R. W. Evans, Canada; Miss M. Sheeley, Ohio; Mrs. F. C. Updyke and two children, Miss Jennie Phillips, Los Angeles; Dr. G. M. Slate, New York; James Hardy, R. C. McCormick, Wood River, Ill.; W. A. Chapman, Nova Scotia; H. L. Hall, New York; 51 emigrant passengers, including 5⅝ males, to arrive in Sacramento June 1st.

NEWHALL, May 30th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in San Francisco to-morrow: J. F. Johnston, Mrs. W. A. Deplar, San Jose; E. Orton, Mexico; S. Hall, M. C. Abell, William Johnson, Los Angeles; J. H. Jabress, wife and daughter, Mrs. J. D. Lyon, Mrs. G. Barter, Oakland; Nat. Bradon, traveling agent, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad; F. P. Tomran, Tucson; Mrs. N. Flood, El Paso; J. M. Aquirre, San Francisco.

OMAHA, May 30th.—Left here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento June 3d: D. D. Rosenbaum, Miss Sittah Rosenbaum, C. H. Merry, Dr. E. F. Mills and wife, A. H. H. Price, New York; V. C. Usking, A. W. Jackson, Mrs. Eleanor Elms, Miss F. Hill, Mrs. M. C. Patterson, San Francisco; Mrs. W. Reid, Portland, O.; M. S. Sayre, Denison, Iowa; H. Whalley, England; L. R. Doty, Mrs. Charles Meinerick, Genessee, N. Y.; Madison Square Theater Company—fifteen people.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Advices from Chile have been received to April 10th:

A strong shock of earthquake was felt on the 23d ultimo at Antofagasta, Chile.

Eight English wheat ships are loading at Talcahuano, Chile.

At Tocopilla, Chile, scarcely a day passes without earthquakes, preceded by loud subterranean noises, and on some days as many as three shocks occur.

Oliva Bay, Chile, is becoming quite an important place. Fifty carts are employed in bringing down nitrate from the Guillermo Matta and Santa Luisa offices. About 50,000 quintals are awaiting shipment.

Funeral services on a grand scale for the killed in the war have been celebrated in the Mercedi Church, San Diego.

A miner, writing to the *Chilean Times*, says: Casuta is supposed to be the richest ground in the north of Chile, but the gold is below the sand forming the river bed, and it is very doubtful that any amount of engineering could get it out at a profit.

Catapilco and Llampaico would be first-rate properties in California, where the public have confidence in similar undertakings.

The province of Arauco is probably as rich in gold as California or Australia, but under existing laws this will never be proved.

In February there were exported from Iquique 6,433,356 kilos of nitrate, valued at $456,348; and from Pisagua 5,385,006 kilos, valued at $876,951.

The *Chilean Times* of April 9th reports more frontier difficulties with the Araucanians. Fort Lumaco, March 24th, was attacked by 600 warriors on horseback, with firearms. They were driven off, and left 20 killed.

March 27th, 200 Indians attacked the settlement on the east bank of the Lumaco, and after burning some huts they drove off all the cattle. An Indian prisoner said there were 2,000 Araucanians ready to attack Lumaco.

On the 27th, a picket of cavalry near Fort Quino was surprised by Indians, who secured 60 horses.

March 12th, at Perquinco, a picket of 20 men was attacked by the Indians, and eight of their number killed before assistance came.

n31-2t SHERBURN & SMITH, Auctioneers.

SACRAMENTO EXCHANGE,

1008 SEVENTH STREET, BETWEEN J and K—Always on hand, choice Wines, Liquors and Cigars. The public will find this a pleasant resort. E. E. NEWETT, Proprietor. n31-4plm

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

GRAND FASHIONABLE EVENT!

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 2d.

Appearance of the Popular Tragedian,

THOS. W. KEENE,

Supported by a SPECIALLY SELECTED EASTERN COMPANY, under the management of

W. R. HAYDEN,

Presenting Shakespeare's Grand Historical Tragedy, in Six Acts, of

RICHARD III.,

—OR, THE—

BATTLE OF BOSWORTH FIELD!

GLOSTER (afterwards King Richard III.).....THOS. W. KEENE.

RESERVED SEATS, ONE DOLLAR.

For sale at the Box Office of Theater, MONDAY, MAY 30th, at 9 A. M. m30-4t

AUCTIONS.

BELL & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

WILL SELL ON

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 31st,

At 11 o'clock sharp, and without reserve, on the premises, the northwest corner of Sixteenth and D streets:

Lot 5, 80x160, C and D, Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets. Good House of six rooms and corner store, hard finished throughout; a large orchard of choice fruit trees; good barn, fencing and sidewalks, and all modern improvements. The property is very desirable, and in good condition.

—ALSO—

Lot 4, Southwest corner of Sixteenth and C streets, 80x140, and is a very desirable building lot.

The property belongs to C. Ackerman, and the sale will take place on the premises above stated. House now open for inspection. Terms given at sale. Sale positive and without reserve.

m18- BELL, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

CARPETS, ETC.,

TUESDAY, MAY 31st, AT 10:30 O'CLOCK,

AT 1120 ELEVENTH ST., BET. K AND L,

Parlor Furniture, two Rep Smoking Chairs, Easy Chairs, Lace Curtains, Black Walnut Bedroom Set, Painted Bedroom Set, Mattresses, Bedding. Also, a general variety of Kitchen Furniture; one No. 7 Rival Range, etc. Sale positive.

m28-3t D. J. SIMMONS, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE

AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ON

WEDNESDAY,.....JUNE 1, 1881,

At 11 o'clock.

EAST 45 FEET LOT 3, G AND H, THIRTEENTH and Fourteenth streets, being on G street, next to schoolhouse, with a good house thereon. Also, Barn, Stable, etc. Also, at the same time, the FURNITURE of the family, consisting of a general assortment of Household Furniture and Carpets.

Sale positive.

m28-4t D. J. SIMMONS, Auctioneer.

the residence of Chris. Horstman, H street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first, this afternoon at 4 o'clock.]

Mortality Report.

For the week ending May 28, 1881, made by S. R. CALDWELL, Superintendent of the City Cemetery. Office at the Chapel, City Cemetery:

May 23—S. Taylor, 42 years; Illinois. Lee Hoon, 31 years; China.
May 25—Ah Wah, 38 years; China.
May 26—Elizabeth B. Sauze, 11 months and 3 days; California.
May 27—Ah Lee, 19 months; China.

Besides the above there was brought here for interment the following:

May 25—Mary Clous, 36 years; Germany.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Meeting of Sacramento Royal Arch Chapter, No. 3, at the hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, May 31, 1881, at 8 o'clock. Sojourning Companions are cordially invited to attend. C. M. COGLAN, H. P. A. A. REDINGTON, Secretary. m31-1t

Special meeting of Concord Lodge, No. 117, F. and A. M., THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, May 31st, at 8 o'clock. Members of sister Lodges and sojourning Master Masons are cordially invited. By order of W. E. COGHTON, W. M. W. H. HEVENER, Secretary. m31-1t

There will be a Special Meeting of Pacific Encampment, No. 2, I. O. O. F., held THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, May 31st, to receive an official visit from the M. W. G. Patriarch, W. T. GALLOWAY. Every member in the city is requested to be present. Members of Occidental Encampment, No. 42, and visiting Patriarchs are cordially invited to be present.

JNO. WATT, C. P.
S. M. KEEZER, Scribe. m31-1t*

The services at Christian Chapel for last evening were postponed on account of Decoration Day ceremonies. Elder W. H. Martin will preach, by request, on the subject of "Baptism" THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at the above Chapel. m31-1t*

CARD OF THANKS.

I HEREBY TENDER MY SINCERE THANKS to the friends for the kindness shown to me in my affliction; also to Mrs. Carter, Miss Woods, and Messrs. Elwood Bruner and Dryden, for the appropriate music which they rendered at my late husband's funeral, and to the employes of the Central Pacific shops for their token of regard.

m31-1t MRS. WM. ALLAN.

Caledonian Games

—AT—

EAST PARK,

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1881.

ORDER OF THE DAY:

First—Street Parade will start from PIONEER HALL, at 8 A. M.

Second—Games will begin at 10 A. M. sharp, and continue until 7 P. M.

Third—Competitors will have to present themselves to the Secretary immediately after the call of the Bugle.

Fourth—The decision of the Judges will be final, and all the games will be governed by the by-laws of the North American Caledonian Club.

Fifth—The "OPEN AIR BALL" will begin at 7:30 P. M., and close with PRIZE WALTZ at 11 P. M.

Sixth—Ladies with escorts will be admitted to the ball free.

Seventh—Positively no disreputable characters will be allowed to enter the grounds.

Eighth—Astaff of officers will be on the grounds day and night to preserve order.

Ninth—The Park will be beautifully illuminated.

Tenth—The First Artillery Band will discourse sweet music to all who wish to spend a day with Scotia's sons and their manly sports.

ADMISSION, 50 cents; CHILDREN, from 5 to 14 years old, 25 cents. S. McDONALD, Chief.

A. MUNRO, Secretary.

N. B.—A list of over 120 prizes may be seen at W. B. Miller's Jewelry Store, J street, between Sixth and Seventh. m32-2tTuS

AUCTION SALE

—OF—

TWENTY ROOMS

—OF—

ELEGANT

Furniture, Carpets,

—ETC., AT—

RESIDENCE OF F. M. SKAGGS.

Northeast corner Second and J streets, on

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1st, AT 10:30 A. M.,

COMPRISING, IN PART:

BLACK WALNUT, MARBLE-TOP CHAMBER Suits, Mahogany Marble-top Chamber Suits, Black Walnut and Mahogany Wardrobes, Turkish Easy Chairs and Lounges, Sofas and Rockers, Mirrors, Pictures, Lace Curtains, Spring and Hair Mattresses, White Blankets, Spreads, Sheets, Comforters, Feather Pillows and Cases, etc.; 20 Brussels Carpets, Stair Carpets