GENERAL NEWS.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.

THE PRESIDENTIAL SICK-ROOM.

Another Surgical Operation Successfully Performed.

ONCE BEFORE IN DANGER OF BEING MURDERED.

Treatment of the Would-be Assassin in Prison.

CHILDREN BURNED UP IN MICHIGAN

Terrible Storm in the Interior of New York and Vermont.

MISCELLANEOUS FOREIGN NEWS ITEMS.

The Siberian Plague Attacking Cattle in Russia.

Etc.....Etc.....Etc.

DOMESTIC.

The President.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, July 26th—8:30 A. M.—The President was somewhat restless during the night, and the fever, which had subsided after our last bulletin, rose again about midnight, and continued till 3 A. M., after which it again subsided. He is now about as well as yesterday at the same hour. Pulse 102, temperature 98.4, respiration 18.

D. W. BLISS,
J. K. BARNES,
J. J. WOODWARD,
ROBT. REYBURN.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 26th—6 P. M.—The President had a comfortable day. In the opinion of the surgeons he is better now than he was at this time yesterday. His temperature during a greater part of the afternoon has been normal, his pulse not high and his general condition good. There has been no recurrence up to this hour of the afternoon fever.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

EXECUTIVE MANSION, July 26th—7 P. M.—The President has done well during the day. At the dressing of his wound, after the morning bulletin had been issued, a displaced portion of the broken rib, about half an inch long, was removed. The track of the wound at this point was dilated and a larger drainage tube inserted, for the purpose of facilitating the discharge of pus. Since that time he has had several fresh naps, has taken more nourishment than on any of the last five days, without gastric irritation, and when the wound was dressed this evening the discharge of healthy pus was abundant. At noon his pulse was 106, temperature 94.4, respiration 19. At 7 o'clock his pulse was 104, temperature 100.7, respiration 22.

D. HAYS AGNEW,
D. W. BLISS,
J. K. BARNES,
J. J. WOODWARD,
R. REYBURN.

Secretary Blaine's Telegram to Minister Lowell.

WASHINGTON, July 26th. — Secretary Blaine has sent the following to Minister Lowell:

To Lowell, Minister, London: At 11 P. M. the President's physicians regard his temperature and respiration normal, and pulse 96—the best report of the same hour for five nights. The entire day has been most encouraging. The feeling of confidence is rapidly returning. BLAINE, Secretary.

Another Operation.

CHICAGO, July 26th.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: Another operation was performed on the President by Dr. Agnew this morning. A piece of the fractured eleventh rib and one or two small pieces of splintered bone were cut away, the operation being made through the incision cut Saturday. The unfavorable symptoms last night and this morning are said by the doctors to be due to the irritation of the wound by the particles of bone in it.

Dr. Hamilton's Opinion.

NEW YORK, July 26th.—A *Post* reporter interviewed Dr. Hamilton, who said: "The deposit of pus which caused the recent trouble would have been opened by the attending physicians, but they thought it was a responsible duty, and they sent for Agnew and him. This complication does not effect the chance of recovery very materially, and though similar obstructions and complications may ensue, there is no cause for serious alarm. These pus pouches are not likely to occur at the old track of the wound. The special cause of this one was the projection of the fractured rib. The presumption seems to be, from certain indications, that the ball lies in the right iliac fossa, or the cavity between the front of the hip bone and the ribs, which contains the small intestines. I don't think it entered the peritoneum or the liver, although at first it seemed certain that it had. Every expedient will be used to disinfect the pus in the wound, and render it innocuous. I still think the chances of recovery are more equal, more especially since I have had an opportunity of seeing him." These are Dr. Hamilton's exact words. He is not so much changed as many patients would be under the same circumstances. The stories of his weakness are groundless. He could bear half a dozen more operations like the last, which was like removing a boil. There is no evidence of pyæmia.

The Feeling at Washington.

WASHINGTON, July 26th.—There is some feeling that the surgeons' reports would be more satisfactory if they were more explicit as to the President's condition. There is great satisfaction that Hamilton is to be here all the time, although there is unmistakably a bitter feeling, more so than at any time except just after the shooting. It is quieter and finds vent in talk and discussion. Myriads of rumors are in circulation, many of them built on the slight operation performed yesterday, such as Agnew has extracted the bullet; that the President was so weak that he could not rally, etc. It is believed the stories were started for the purpose of bulling stocks, as they were telegraphed by a person who could easily have learned the facts. The rumors were promptly denied. When the rumors were circulated, excited dispatches poured in from New York, requesting the latest news, saying rumors were on the streets that the President could live but a short time. The doctors have become noticeably reticent, but they agree that his condition is as favorable as could be expected.

Garfield Once Before in Danger of Assassination.

CLEVELAND, July 26th.—The *Leader* gives currency to a story, alleged to be well authenticated, that Garfield was once before in peril of his life from assassination, when a member of the Electoral Commission in 1876. A plot to kill him or Hoar was unearthed, and a body guard escorted them to and from their houses through a hostile-looking set of roughs, who once made a break for them, but were deterred by a ready presentation of clubs and revolvers. Charles S. Draper, who after eighteen years' service was discharged from the position of Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, had charge of the guard and can verify the fact, as can several other gentlemen. The idea of these ruffians and their prompters was that with Garfield or Hoar out of the way the Democratic House would reverse the 8 to 7 character of the Commission.

Mrs. Garfield's Health.

WASHINGTON, July 26th.—The surgeons took out the semi-circular drainage tube this morning, and inserted a straight one into the new incision. This will allow the mouth of the wound to heal, and drain through the incision. At 1 o'clock Mrs. Garfield told Treasurer Gilfillan that the President was decidedly better since the morning operation, and she felt very cheerful. Her debility continues, and occasions much uneasiness. Dr. Boynton and Mrs. Edson carefully watch her. They know her husband's recovery and a change of air and scenery must precede any radical change in her.

Guiteau in Prison.

CHICAGO, July 26th.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Bailey, who is Corkhill's stenographer, and sees more of Guiteau than anybody else, says he still says, whenever he has an opportunity, that he hopes the President will die. If, however, his act has restored harmony in the Republican party he feels that his mission has been sufficiently successful. He has a very bulky mass of short-hand manuscript, parts of which will be written out against the trial. A great part of it consists of autobiographical statements by Guiteau, whose vanity has prompted him to give very full accounts of his life. He keeps his health very well, though showing signs of his continued imprisonment. His treatment has not been altered from the first. He is confined in a cell so placed that communication with the world is entirely shut off, and the keepers are under strict orders to say nothing to him beyond what is necessary. He is not at all anxious to have greater liberty. He seems to be afraid his person is in danger, and could hardly be induced to go down to the Warden's office the other day to get better facilities for dictation, lest it might be a ruse to get him into the hands of the populace.

Gould's Railroad Operations.

ST. LOUIS, July 26th.—The *Republican's* Marshall, Tex., special says: It is reported that Governor Brown has filed his resignation as Vice President of the Texas and Pacific R. R.; that it will be accepted in a short time, and that he will be appointed to the position of General Solicitor for Gould's roads, with his headquarters at St. Louis.

A dispatch from Greenville, Tex., says it is now asserted that Jay Gould will change the East Line and Red River Narrow Gauge Railroad, recently acquired by him, to a broad gauge line, and extend it to Dallas. This road runs in between and parallel to the trans-continental line of the Texas Pacific, and when completed to Dallas will be 200 miles long. That Gould's object in changing its gauge is to enable him to get a more extensive control of the Texas Pacific, by threatening to construct a competing line to the Pacific coast, using the East Line and Red River Railroad as a nucleus to be operated in harmony with the Iron Mountain.

Cheaper than Walking.

CHICAGO, July 26th.—Passenger rates from Boston to Chicago have been reduced to $5. The regular fair is $22 50.

The Railroad War.

NEW YORK, July 26th.—The warfare in passenger rates is likely to continue for some time to come. All the roads are selling this morning at $8 to Chicago, $7 50 to Cincinnati and $13 70 to St. Louis. At half-past 10 General Samuel Carpenter, ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, ordered all the ticket offices on his line to sell tickets to Chicago for $8, Cincinnati $7 50, St. Louis $13 25. He said that they would not be undersold by scalpers or by other lines, and they could keep up the fight as long as anybody.

New Telegraph Company.

CHICAGO, July 26th.—A New York special says: A new telegraph company has been formed by well known capitalists in this country and in Europe. It is intended that it shall include every paying point covered by the Western Union lines. It is understood that James R. Keene is to be President. The Directors will include John Mackey, of the Comstock lode, and other well known California capitalists. George D. Roberts is also largely interested in the new company. The capital will be about $10,000,000 in money, and it is asserted that it is already subscribed. The lines are to be constructed on a pure cash basis, and be furnished with all modern improvements. A meeting is to be held to-morrow by those interested.

The Races at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26th.—In the race of colts and fillies to-day, Phil Thompson, three years old, won in three straight heats. Time —2:25—2:26¾—2:21. This beats the fastest three-year-old performance by 2½ seconds. The winner is owned by C. H. Raymond, of New York city, and his performance is noticeable on account of the fastest time being made in the last heat. Had he been sent in for time on the second heat he could probably have beaten the four-year-old record of 2:19¾.

The second race, for the 2:21 class, for a purse of $2,500, divided, with $500 extra to the winner of a faster heat than 2:17¼, was won by Piedmont, Lucy second, Alexander (owned by Mr. French) distanced. Time—2:18—2:19¾—2:19.

In the third race, for the 2:19 class, for a purse of $2,500, divided, with $500 extra for a better heat than 2:16, Wedgewood won, Driver second, Kittie Bates third, Orange Girl distanced. Time, 2:22½—2:19¼—2:19¾.

Little Brown Jug attempted again to-day to beat 2:12¼ for a special purse, but only succeeded in pacing a mile in 2:13.

The meeting has been a financial success, netting about $15,000 to the management.

The Chinese Students.

CHEYENNE (Wyo.), July 26th.—The *Leader* to-morrow will contain an interview with Tsu Soon Kee, an attache of the Chinese Embassy at Washington. He says that the Chinese students withdrawn from America will be sent to England, France and Germany. They number 100. The Chinese Government will hereafter educate its students in Europe and China, where military and naval schools are being established. The inference drawn by the interviewer is that the Chinese Government fears the progressiveness of American institutions. Tsu Soon Kee says the new Embassy, headed by Jum Tsou Roo, will go to Washington in December.

The Chinese Treaties Ratified.

WASHINGTON, July 26th.—A telegram was received at the State Department to-day from the United States Minister to China, announcing that the ratification of the two treaties between the United States and China was exchanged at Pekin July 19th.

Disastrous Tornado.

TROY (N. Y.), July 26th.—A tornado swept the country north and east of this city yesterday. A train on the Boston, Hoosac Tunnel and Western Railroad was thrown from the track at Hoosac Falls by a land slide. Barns and other buildings were destroyed by lightning. At West Granville, East Greenbush, Factory Mills, Schuylerville, Saratoga, and at Peru, Arlington and Shaftesbury, in Vermont, a number of horses and cows were burned to death. John Layden and Griffith Hughes were seriously injured by falling rocks in the State quarry at West Point. Trees were uprooted and buildings blown down in the path of the hurricane. Crops are seriously damaged. The rainfall was heavy.

Storms in New England.

BOSTON, July 26th. — Telegrams from various parts of New England mention heavy thunder storms. The lightning did considerable damage to barns and buildings, and horses and cattle were killed.

Indian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, July 26th.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with a view of effecting friendly arrangements looking to the gradual consolidation of the various Indian Agencies and bringing nearer together the various tribes of Indians now scattered over a wide area, has sent out letters to the Poncas, Omahas, Winnebagoes and Lower Agency Sioux, instructing them to send three delegates from each tribe to Washington by August 15th. Replies have been received from each tribe, declaring a willingness to do so. The especial object of the conference this time is to arrange for some better location for the Poncas in Nebraska, who refused to go to Indian Territory.

Proposed Excursion.

DENVER, July 26th.—The completion of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway to Durango, 450 miles southwest of Denver—to be opened to freight and passenger traffic August 1st—will be celebrated August 3d by an excursion embracing the State officials, municipal authorities of the principal cities, representatives of the press and commercial interests of the State. This opens up the San Juan mining regions, which so long have been isolated.

Justice Clifford's Funeral.

WASHINGTON, July 26th.—A dispatch from Portland, Me., says: The funeral of Justice Nathan Clifford takes place Thursday at 3 o'clock, from the First Parish Church. Service will be held at his late residence before the removal of the body.

The Supreme Court-room and the chair of Justice Clifford were draped to-day, as was also the Department of Justice. The flag upon the building was placed at half-mast.

The Late Judge Clifford and the Electoral Commission.

ST. LOUIS, July 26th.—Governor Crittenden, in a conversation with your reporter last night, regarding the death of Judge Clifford, of the Supreme Bench, stated that some time ago, when he (Crittenden) was in Washington, Judge Clifford told him that he had prepared a complete and detailed history of the proceedings of the Electoral Commission, of which he was a member; that it would be published after his death, unless his wife (who was the custodian of the manuscript) should otherwise decide, and that its publication would create a sensation.

Murderer Lynched.

DENVER, July 26th.—The *Republican's* Santa Fe special says: J. T. Jennings, who recently murdered a man on Animas river to secure the latter's wife, was lynched at Tierra Amarilla, N. M., Sunday.

Shocking Affair—Three Children Burned to Death.

DETROIT, July 26th.—A shocking accident at Muir, in this State, occurred yesterday morning. A small house occupied by Alonzo Derrick, his wife and six children, accidentally took fire and burned to the ground. The fire originated in an upper chamber where three children—one a deaf mute, aged 11, and two other boys, aged 8 and 5—were sleeping, and it was impossible to rescue them. They were suffocated, and burned so as to be unrecognizable. The remains were gathered up and buried in one coffin.

The Missouri Train Robbers.

ST. LOUIS, July 26th.—Governor Crittenden says the result of his conference with the railroad authorities is that he will issue a proclamation within forty-eight hours, to be scattered broadcast over Missouri, offering $50,000 for the arrest of the train robbers—$20,000 for the two ringleaders (probably the James boys), and $6,000 each for the other five men.

Husband Murder.

COLUMBUS (Miss.), July 26th.—Alfred Bordert was murdered by his wife and thrown into a cistern. The murderess is in jail.

Disastrous Fire.

BALTIMORE, July 26th. — The extensive pork-packing and lard-refining establishment of Cassard Bros. & Co., the tin can factory of George L. Krebs, and several adjacent residences, were burned to-day. Loss, $100,000; insured.

FOREIGN.

The Funeral of Dean Stanley.

NEW YORK, July 26th.—The *Herald's* special says: Following are additional details of the Stanley funeral: Never since the burial of Livingston has Westminster Abbey presented such an imposing spectacle as yesterday, when Dean Stanley was laid in his final resting place. The interment took place in the Henry VII. chapel by a decree of her Majesty. The place of sepulcher is in the south side of the chapel near to the grave of Montpensier. The inscription on the coffin plate was: "The Very Reverend Arthur Penryhn Stanley, second son of Right Reverend Edward Stanley, Bishop of Norwich; born on the 13th of December, 1815; died on the 18th of July, 1881." At the head of the coffin was a black satin cushion, bearing the insignia worn by the Dean of the Order of the Bath. Resting upon the black pall, with a border of white silk, was a wreath of immortelles, sent as a tribute of grateful and affectionate remembrance by the Crown Princess of Germany. There were also wreaths and crosses from the Prince and Princess of Wales, Princess Beatrice, the Duchess of Edinburgh and Prince Leopold. There were tokens of respect and affection from all countries in Europe, and also beautiful wreaths from many well-known Americans. A white China floral cross, on a purple velvet ground, was sent by Americans. One beautiful offering was inscribed "Auvaillant Patre De l'Amihie," the gift of French Protestants.

Military Establishments in Ireland.

LONDON, July 26th.—Owing to the unsettled state of Ireland it has been decided to maintain the military establishments at their present strength for some time longer.

Dangerously Ill in Prison.

DUBLIN, July 26th.—Boynton, a prisoner under the Coercion Act, is dangerously ill, and his eyesight is greatly impaired.

The Cattle Plague in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26th.—The epidemic among the cattle is extending to Livonia. The ravages caused such alarm that medical men have been sent in all haste from Dorpot. It is believed to be the Siberian plague, as in one case a peasant took the disease and died.

Committed for Trial.

LONDON, July 26th.—In the Bow Street Police Court to-day Patrick Talfound Hickey, a young Irishman, charged with threatening to kill Right Hon. W. E. Forster unless he released the Irish prisoners and resigned the Chief Secretaryship for Ireland, was committed for trial.

The Bey's Troops Deserting En Masse.

TUNIS, July 26th.—The Bey's troops have deserted en masse, hardly enough being left to guard the palace. No officer is willing to take the responsibility of leading the few who remain against the insurgents.

The Persecution of the Jews.

VIENNA, July 26th. — Telegrams report fresh persecutions and pillaging of the Jews in the Government of Pultova. Seventeen villages have been entirely deserted.

Ayoob Khan Negotiating for Peace.

LONDON, July 26th.—The Viceroy of India telegraphs as follows: News from Candahar to the 22d announces that Ayoob Khan, having arrived with his army within two marches of the Hamund river, is negotiating for peace.

THE STATE PRISON.

Eleventh Sitting of the Investigation Commission.

TESTIMONY OF CAPTAIN LEES.

Comparison of the Congregate and Graded Systems.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SAN QUENTIN STATE PRISON, July 26th.—To-day's sitting makes the eleventh of the San Quentin State Prison Investigation Commission. The three Commissioners, Director Everson and Warden Ames were present. Rev. Dr. Platt was also in attendance. The minutes of yesterday's proceedings were read and approved, and the Commission was then called to order.

CAPTAIN LEES ON THE CONGREGATE SYSTEM.

Captain Lees, the San Francisco detective, was called, and his opinions elicited relative to the treatment of criminals, and the management of prisoners.

Captain Lees—I have been in the detective business 28 years next October, principally confined to this State. I am familiar with the prison system as it exists here. The conclusions I have arrived at of the working of the prison system in California are unfavorable. The first object to be kept in view is, in my opinion, to make them reformatory. Such a thing is impossible under the present congregate system. The prisoners of the State should be first sent to one penal station. The criminals should then be graded, and hardened criminals separated from younger and first offenders. At present the prisoners cannot be classified. There are among criminals many whom we characterize as professionals. All second-termers are usually considered professionals.

To Mr. Watt—Many of them elude detection, and some of them escape from prison. That is why I advocate the establishment of a first general penal station, and at that place they should be graded and greater care taken to prevent older criminals from influencing younger ones.

THE GRADED SYSTEM IN ENGLAND.

That is the system in England. All prisoners in that country are first sent to Millbank or to Pentonville. There they remain not less than nine months. At the expiration of the first fourteen days he is permitted to address his friends and receive an answer. The prisoners are numbered, and they lose their identity. They are never called by their proper names, but always by their number. All prisoners get eight marks or credits a day. If he loses any of them from misconduct, he loses some of the privileges that are permitted to them, and at the end of each year the total is calculated, and there is either a certain number of days to his credit or a certain number to his debit, and his time is increased by the number of days against him. The English system and that laid down in the Goodwin Act are essentially the same.

THE DETECTIVE'S DETAILED STATEMENT.

Captain Lees here entered on a detailed explanation of the interior arrangements of the prisoner's cell in England. Captain Lees, resuming: During the nine months the prisoner is confined at the preliminary prison, the Warden and Surgeon make regular reports of him to the Governor. On those reports he is drafted to some other prison Strong, healthy men are sent to Portsmouth to work in the dockyards, and others to other prisons. Through all this a classification of the prisoners is kept in view. The second-time offender is never placed with the first offender. It is a corresponding system that will have to be adopted here in California, or the present existing obstacles in the way of making the prison a reformatory institution will not be overcome.

To Mr. Mills—The class of men deterred from the further commission of crime depends largely on the prison discipline.

PERFECT DREAD OF THE SILENT SYSTEM.

Prisoners have the greatest dread of the silent system. They have a perfect horror of isolation and confinement. It is not because they are more harshly treated, but simply because they are kept alone, never allowed to speak to any one, nor even allowed to look the Warden in the face when he comes in. I have heard many of them say they would rather die than have to go back to a prison worked on the silent system. To the professional thieves it is especially dreadful, and the recollection of the silent system will deter them from the committal of crime when nothing else will.

DR. W. H. PLATT,

Of San Francisco, was the next witness. After a few preliminary questions, Dr. Platt asked permission to submit a written statement of his views upon the causes of crime, the relation of education to crime, and kindred subjects, which he promised to furnish the Commission at an early date.

WARDEN AMES

Being recalled, submitted his views, in the form of a printed report, which he declared to convey all the testimony he desired to give on the subject of prison management.

Officer Hutton, of San Francisco, testified concerning the effect of the prison at San Quentin upon crime in San Francisco.

JUDGE ROBERT FERRAL

Was the next witness called. He gave it as his opinion, based upon his observation as presiding Judge of a Criminal Court, that the penal institutions of California did not restrain men from crime, and that they did not exert a reformatory influence upon convicts brought under the influence of the system. His observation confirmed him in the belief that the penal institutions of the State, as a rule, returned convicts to society more confirmed criminals than when they entered the prisons.

JUDGE DARWIN,

Of San Francisco, was the next witness called. He believed the prisons to be as good as they could be made; thought prison instrumentalities and discipline severe enough, and believed they excited a very wholesome influence upon the criminal element of the State. He believed crime to be hereditary, and thought the children of criminals should be cared for by the State.

REV. JAMES WOODWORTH

Testified that he had been Secretary of the Prison Commission for sixteen years. The Commission's task was a voluntary one, and its purpose benevolent. Its object was to do good to prisoners, both before and after their imprisonment; had followed the history of prisoners; knew instances of reform on the part of convicts; did not believe that the preaching of the gospel, as that term is understood, was certain to be practicable in prisons; the great variety of religious opinion was assigned as the obstacle to preaching; was himself a minister, and had sometimes preached to convicts, and received marked attention; did not believe in compelling convicts to attend divine worship in prison; founded his belief upon the great disparity of religious views entertained among them. A conscientious minister of the gospel must teach the doctrine which he believed to be true. If he believed in the tenets of his own church he would teach them; did not see how sectarian teaching could be avoided.

PUBLIC EXAMINATION POSTPONED.

Further public examination was postponed until Monday, August 1st. The Special Commission will devote to-morrow to an inspection of the interior of the prison. The session next Monday will be held to take the testimony of certain witnesses whose presence could not be obtained up to this time. The session will be held at the office of the Prison Directors in San Francisco. No further public sessions of the Commission will be held at San Quentin. Commissioner Gibbs was granted leave of absence until Monday, August 1st.

PASSENGER LISTS.

CARLIN, July 26th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: J. R. Stuart, Massachusetts; C. H. Lane, C. C. Huntley and wife, Washington, D. C.; A. R. Bush, U. S. N.; F. S. Akin, J. K. Gill, Portland, Or.; Geo. Heazelton, Pittsburg; C. R. Greathouse, J. Leiter, San Francisco; J. K. Smyth, Australia; T. J. Lambert, New York; Mrs. Leets, North Carolina; E. P. Adams, Corinne, Utah; H. Riemenschneider and wife, Honolulu; J. H. Condit and wife, Oregon; J. C. Glade and family, Honolulu; C. F. Henne, Boston; Miss E. Carr, Philadelphia; Mrs. C. N. Holmes, San Francisco; C. T. Malcolm, Chicago; W. A. Dunn, San Francisco; G. R. Runk, Pennsylvania; Miss M. Gray, New York; Mrs. Schubert, San Francisco; C. Coppenrath, Tahiti; 85 emigrant passengers, including 49 males, to arrive in Sacramento July 28th.

NEWHALL, July 26th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in San Francisco to-morrow: B. S. Lush, S. Wilson, San Francisco; E. O'Conner, New York; J. W. Thompson, San Diego; Wilson Hayes, Sacramento; Mrs. W. M. Monroe and three children, Los Angeles; B. J. Ellis, E. Robinson, San Francisco; M. Maxey, Mrs. J. H. Potts, Texas; Mrs. M. Dodsworth, Miss M. Dodsworth, Los Angeles; Mrs. W. Hayes, Sacramento; Miss E. Germain, Los Angeles; Hon. Judge Conklin, New York; William Hannon, Los Angeles; Frank Whitman, Silver City, N. M.

OMAHA, July 26th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento July 30th: D. E. Goodman, Parehault, Minn.; J. D. Redding and wife, San Francisco; W. H. Ferry, Chicago; Geo. H. Parker and wife, Mrs. Henry R. Tyner, Geo. Parker Tyner, Davenport, Iowa; Mrs. W. B. Brown, Harry Brown, Millie Brown, Mrs. McClellan, San Francisco; Emily Woodward, New York; Miss Alexander, San Francisco; Mrs. C. L. Walker, Gracie Walker, Belle Walker, Ottumwa, Iowa; Mrs. Peter Garrett, San Francisco; Miss Geneva Williams, Chicago; Mrs. N. C. Millett, Salem, Mass.; A. R. F. Young, Edinburg; Y. Ferguson, Mrs. Wm. Martin and son, New York; Miss Riley, San Francisco.

Fifteen through emigrants left on last night's emigrant train, to arrive in Sacramento August 2d.

Skill in the Workshop.

To do good work the mechanic must have good health. If long hours of confinement in close rooms have enfeebled his hand or dimmed his sight, let him at once, and before some organic trouble appears, take plenty of Hop Bitters. His system will be rejuvenated, his nerves strengthened, his sight become clear, and the whole constitution be built up to a higher working condition.

One way to make money is to take a half-pound trout, fill it up with shot and then go and bet it weighs a pound and a half.

HAMMER'S CASCARA SAGRADA BITTERS is not an ordinary beverage or drink, but a superior medicine, and one needed in every family. It acts gently, yet effectively, cleansing the system thoroughly of all impurities.

HABITUAL CONSTIPATION has a sure cure in Hammer's Cascara Sagrada Bitters.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

IS A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL Use.

PAIN KILLER has *never failed* when used according to *printed directions* inclosing each bottle, and is *perfectly safe even in the most inexperienced hands.*

PAIN KILLER is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, *and all Bowel Complaints.*

PAIN KILLER IS THE BEST remedy known for Sea Sickness, Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism, and Neuralgia.

PAIN KILLER is *unquestionably* the BEST LINIMENT MADE. It brings *speedy and permanent relief* in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, etc.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of the Mechanic, Farmer, Planter, Sailor, and in fact all classes wanting a medicine always at hand, and *safe to use internally or externally with certainty of relief.*

☞ No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills.

Sold by all druggists at 25c. 50c. and $1 a bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I. Proprietors.

jy31-1y2awSW

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Made from Grape Cream Tartar.—No other preparation makes such light, flaky hot breads, or luxurious pastry. Can be eaten by Dyspeptics without fear of the ills resulting from heavy indigestible food. Sold only in cans, by all Grocers.

Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

d18-1y

Hub Punch

Boston: C. H. GRAVES & SONS.

DRANK CLEAR, *AS A CORDIAL,*

OR

MIXED WITH ICE WATER, COLD TEA, LEMONADE, OR SODA.

"HUB PUNCH" IS UNANIMOUSLY PRONOUNCED UNRIVALLED.

Sold by Leading Grocers, Druggists and Wine Merchants Everywhere; Also at Hotels and Dining-Cars. Beware of Counterfeits and Worthless Imitations.

☞ The name and title—"HUB PUNCH"—is adopted as a Trade Mark. All unauthorized use of this Trade Mark will be promptly prosecuted.

C. H. GRAVES & SONS, Sole Manuf's & Prop's, Boston, Mass.

Trade supplied at Manufacturers prices by RICHARDS & HARRISON, Agents for Pacific Coast, San Francisco, Cal.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT

THE GREAT CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

As it is for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.

It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of Rheumatism can realize.

THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, in a short time PERFECTLY CURED.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT

has had wonderful success, and an immense sale in every part of the Country. In hundreds of cases it has cured where all else had failed. It is mild, but efficient, CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION, but harmless in all cases.

☞ It cleanses, Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully. In this way the worst diseases are eradicated from the system.

As it has been proved by thousands that

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT

is the most effectual remedy for cleansing the system of all morbid secretions. It should be used in every household as a SPRING MEDICINE.

Always cures BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, PILES and all FEMALE Diseases.

Is put up in Dry Vegetable Form, in tin cans, one package of which makes 6 quarts medicine.

Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated for the convenience of those who cannot readily prepare it. *It acts with equal efficiency in either form.*

GET IT OF YOUR DRUGGIST. PRICE, $1.00

WELLS, RICHARDSON & Co., Prop's, (Will send the dry post-paid.) BURLINGTON, VT.

TRADE KIDNEY-WORT

THE Admiration OF THE WORLD. Mrs. S. A. Allen's WORLD'S Hair Restorer IS PERFECTION!

For RESTORING GRAY, WHITE or FADED HAIR to its youthful COLOR, GLOSS and BEAUTY. It renews its life, strength and growth. Dandruff quickly removed. A matchless Hair Dressing. Its perfume rich and rare. Sold by all Druggists.

Established over 40 years. Enormous and increasing sales Throughout Europe and America.

ZYLO BALSAMUM (Mrs. Allen's)

A lovely tonic and Hair Dressing. It removes Dandruff, allays all itching, stops falling Hair and promotes a healthy growth with a rich, beautiful gloss, and is delightfully fragrant.

Price Seventy-five Cents in large glass stop Bottles. Sold by all Druggists.

PERUVIAN AN IRON TONIC SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, General Debility, Fever and Ague, Paralysis, Chronic Diarrhœa, Boils, Dropsy, Humors, Female Complaints, Liver Complaint, Remittent Fever, and all diseases originating in a bad State of the Blood, or accompanied by Debility or a low State of the System.

fe21-MWF&sw1yWS

THE PIONEER BOX FACTORY

Still Ahead of All Competitors.

COOKE & SON

CORNER OF Front and M streets.....Sacramento.

jy2-4tvf

A. J. VERMILYA

COUNTY CORONER AND UNDERTAKER, No. 108 J street, between Fourth and Fifth. Always on hand a large assortment of Metallic and Wooden Caskets, Burial Cases and Coffins. Shrouds furnished and Funeral Wreaths Preserved. Coffin orders will receive prompt attention on short notice and at the lowest rates. jy14-4plm

THE RED HOUSE TRADE UNION.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!

Must Have Room!

THE DAY FOR BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS HAS COME!

And all for your personal benefit, in order to reduce the Immense Stock on hand and Make Room for FALL GOODS TO ARRIVE!

15 Pieces Black Alpaca (silk finish), 15c. per yard.
28 Pieces Brocaded Dress Goods, 10c. per yard.
19 Pieces Brocaded Dress Goods, double fold, 15c. per yard.
60 Pieces Assorted Grenadines, 8c. per yard (worth 15c. to 35c. per yard).
50 Pieces Tycoon Reps, 12½c. per yard
250 Ladies' Linen Ulsters, $1.
The material cannot be purchased at what we sell the garment for.
Tapestry Brussels Carpets (Crosley's), all bright, handsome patterns, only 55c. per yard (regular price, $1 15 and $1 25 per yard).
Ingrain Carpets, 30c. and 35c. to $1 per yard.
Shirting, Stripes and Checks, 8c. per yard.
Domestic Ginghams, 8½c. per yard.
Ginghams—New Styles Plaids, 10c. to 12½c.
Lace Curtain Net, 10c. to 12½c. per yard.
Bleached or Brown Muslin, 8c. per yard.
Huck Crash Toweling, 5c. per yard.
Huck Towels, 5c. each.
Damask Towels (Linen), 12½c. each.
Ladies' White or Fancy Hose, 10c. or 12c. per pair.
Misses' and Children's Solid Hose, Silk Embroidered, 15c. per pair—regular price, 25c. per pair.
Misses' and Children's Fancy Hose, 10c. and 12½c. per pair (half price).
Misses' and Children's French Ribbed Hose, 12½c. per pair.
Ladies' Silk Ties, with Fringe, 10c.
Ladies' Lisle Thread Gloves (2, 3 and 4-button), 10c a pair.
Ladies' Skirts, with Fluted Ruffle, 35c.
Ladies' Seersucker Skirts, with Band of Embroidery, 45c.
Ladies' Fancy Shawls, $1.
10 Dozen Whalebone Corsets, 25c.
10 Dozen Bedspreads (Full Size), 70c.

☞ Again we come before you with our everlasting BARGAINS! This time they are SPECIAL. SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS MUST GO, with your kind permission and assistance of your DOLLARS AND CENTS. The inducements we shall offer, there can be but one result—that of ample room for the IMMENSE FALL STOCK TO ARRIVE. We have thousands of articles which we cannot enumerate, and the only way to get a BARGAIN is to call at once.

☞ We call the attention of everyone wishing anything in our line, and guarantee that they shall be courteously treated, and secure some of the BEST BARGAINS ever offered. Respectfully yours,

ANDERSON & HAMM, Managers.

☞ Country orders filled with our usual dispatch, and will receive the full benefits of the above price. Address all letters:

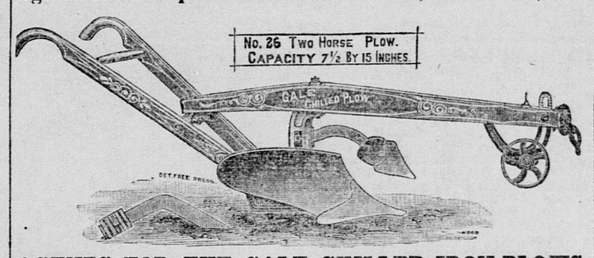
RED HOUSE!

NOS. 706, 714 and 716 J STREET.....SACRAMENTO, CAL.

BAKER & HAMILTON,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements and Machines, Hardware, Etc.



AGENTS FOR THE GALE CHILLED IRON PLOWS,

EUREKA GANG PLOWS,

GORHAM SEEDERS, TRIUMPH DRILLS, HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, CIDER MILLS, MOLINE Steel Plows, Cast Iron Plows, BAIN WAGONS, Cutlery, Rope, Wire, Belting, Powder, Shot, Fuse, Wads, Nails, Axes, etc.

SACRAMENTO AND SAN FRANCISCO.

MANUFACTORY.....THE BENICIA AGRICULTURAL WORKS

DR. SPINNEY & CO.,

OF NO. 11 KEARNY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, Treat all Chronic and Special Diseases.

YOUNG MEN

WHO MAY BE SUFFERING FROM THE effects of youthful follies or indiscretion, will do well to avail themselves of this, the greatest boon ever laid at the altar of suffering humanity. DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit $500 for every case of Seminal Weakness or Private Disease of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many at the age of thirty to sixty who are troubled with too frequent