GENERAL NEWS.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Speculation in Regard to the Organization of the Senate.

QUESTION REGARDING WRANGEL LAND.

A Woman in Illinois Lives a Year without Eating.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Mr. Gladstone's Reception at Leeds—His Speeches,

Etc.....Etc.....Etc.

DOMESTIC.

The Situation at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, October 7th.—The Senators of both parties to-night are averse to being interviewed as to what they will or may do in the organization of the Senate. There is a sentiment of concession on both sides, but no Senator knows just how far it will go, and he does not like to express an opinion which may embarrass him when he come to vote. It is freely admitted that there must be some concession and compromise, but what shape it will take cannot be foretold. Some suggest that a President pro tem. be elected for the express purpose of swearing in the new Senators, his term of office to be until next year, and after that an organization can be effected. There are precedents for this. The Senate has in the past elected a President for a specific duty or for a designated period of time. On one occasion a President was elected for one day. There are at least three Democratic Senators who are in favor of conceding the President to the Republicans if they will accord to the Democrats the Secretaryship and half of the committees, and let the remainder of organization stand as now. One of the most influential Democrats in the Senate to-night expressed himself in favor of this plan. He said he was satisfied that if the Democrats would accord the President to the Republicans, an amicable agreement can be reached in a short time, and the Senate organized by a unanimous vote; but if, on the other hand, the Democrats take advantage of their temporary majority to elect a President he believed the Republicans would fight on the question of Secretary, and the remainder of the organization to the last day of the Forty-seventh Congress. This Senator said that if another deadlock arises it will run, there is no telling how long, and will block legislation at the regular session of Congress. This would be ill-timed and disgraceful, said this Senator; therefore he considered that the easiest and best plan is to give the Republicans the office they most desire, which is President of the Senate. A conference committee will be appointed by both caucuses to-morrow, and the prevailing belief is that those committees will arrange a plan for organization which will be accepted by both parties if the Republicans will divide the committees with the Democrats to gain the President of the Senate. It is not improbable that this plan will be adopted, as naturally there are a number of Democrats who would like to get their former committees again. There is considerable speculating as to how Senator Davis, of Illinois, will vote, but nothing to indicate what he will do has yet been heard from him here. He will reach here to-morrow. At the beginning of the last special session of the Senate, when the contest over the organization was just opening, it was announced to the Democratic caucus, by the authority of Senator Davis, that he proposed voting for a Democratic organization. Judge Davis declined to filibuster, but said he would vote with the Democrats. Subsequently, after the Republicans obtained the committees, in a speech he said he thought the organization should go with the committees; but notwithstanding this opinion he voted with the Democrats, except upon dilatory motions. The Democrats here express confidence that he will vote with them this time, unless they should take some position calculated to bring about a deadlock.

The President and the Pastors.

WASHINGTON, October 7th.—The pastors of this city, accompanied by the Maryland Lutheran Synod, in session here, called on President Arthur this afternoon at his residence. Dr. Chester, pastor of the Metropolitan Presbyterian Church, was spokesman for the visitors, and read the address. The President responded substantially as follows: "I am glad to meet you, gentlemen, yet it is with deep sorrow, under circumstances which have sadly devolved such momentous duties upon me. In the performance of these duties, as chief of a God-fearing and religious people, I appreciate my dependence upon their moral support and approval and upon the Divine blessing and guidance. I thank you cordially for the assurances of your support, for your kind expressions of sympathy and confidence." At the conclusion of President Arthur's response the visitors were individually introduced and shook hands with the President. The party then retired, evidently much pleased with the interview.

The Senate Secretaryship.

WASHINGTON, October 7th.—A canvass of the Republican Senators shows a great lack of earnestness upon the question of Secretary, and there are several who say that if Democrats secure the presiding officer they might as well take all the Senate offices. This state of indifference is said to be due to Gorham's candidacy as the caucus nominee, and if he could be induced to withdraw the Republicans could undoubtedly secure the Secretaryship. He absolutely declines to withdraw, in a paragraph in the *Republican* of this morning.

Notorious Robbers Lynched — Copious Rains.

DENVER (Col.), October 7th.—The *Republican's* special says: Two robbers, known as Clark, alias Butch, and Frenchy, formerly of the notorious Stockton gang, were lynched last night at Socorro, N. M. A week ago they robbed Brown & Manzarie's commission house, at Laramie. William Nicholson was lynched at Saunders Station, N. M., for murder.

Rain continues falling copiously in New Mexico.

Train Robbers Plead Guilty.

LITTLE ROCK (Ark.), October 7th.—Cox, Stephens and Delaney, the Iron Mountain train robbers, pleaded guilty in the Hempstead Circuit Court to-day, and were sentenced to the penitentiary for terms of twenty years each.

National and International Garfield Memorial Hospital.

WASHINGTON, October 7th.—Senator Miller has been appointed on the Executive Committee for the establishment in Washington of a national and international Garfield memorial hospital, to the erection of which he asks popular subscriptions in any sum, from not only the people of the United States but from the world at large.

War Among the Authors.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—Joaquin Miller writes in reply to McKee Rankin's claim to having written "The Danites," and paid the poet merely for the use of his name: "The books which have borne my name were executed by patient toil. They have elicited from reviewers many severe criticisms. I have been charged, and perhaps justly, with many faults and follies; but the charge of want of originality is not one of them. In the 10,000 pages of comment upon me and my works, I have yet to find the accusation that I received the honor and the pay for the task performed by another. When, therefore, a man like McKee Rankin makes a charge of this kind, I find myself in the position of one who, when about to sit down to his boiled joint, finds that a dog has stolen it, has munched it out of palatable shape, rolled it in the mire, and claiming proprietorship. The exact result of such an incident is that morally the joint is the man's, but actually when he comes to look at it he doesn't care to own it, or to engage in a canine fight to prove that he ever did."

Nervous Prostration and Slow Death.

CHICAGO, October 7th.—Butte Creek, Ill., possesses a case which attracts much attention in the medical world. Mrs. Nellie Graham a year ago had a tooth extracted. The operation was so severe that it caused a nervous shock of paralysis of the stomach, which has continued ever since. For a year no food has passed her lips. She has been kept alive by enemata and nutritious baths. Her weight is reduced from 180 to 70 pounds. She sleeps two or three hours nightly, and upon awakening is seized with itching which continues throughout the day. She has lost her reason and her voice, and death is daily anticipated. The case has been frequently described, and letters are received by her physician from all parts of the United States.

The Peabody Fund Trustees.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—The Trustees of the Peabody Fund met to-day and approved the reports of the committees, and adjourned until next October. Anthony J. Drexel, of Philadelphia has accepted the place on the Board vacated by the death of Geo. W. Riggs.

The Wrangel Land Question.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—The *Herald's* Ottawa special says: After diligent search, I am unable to find authority for the claim of the Dominion paper that Captain Hooper invaded Dominion territory when he took possession of Wrangel Land. During the session of 1878 the Dominion Senate joined the Commons in an address to the Queen, asking that the boundaries of the Dominion and its possessions be more clearly defined. The address particularly asked that the 141st meridian should be the western limits of its possessions. The Imperial order which was made in accordance with this request contained no reference to Wrangel Land.

No Executive Business.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—The *Commercial Bulletin's* Washington special says: The session of the Senate next week will have no Executive business brought before it, other than the filling of a few existing vacancies.

State Greenback Camp-meeting.

DETROIT, October 7th.—The State Greenback Camp-meeting commenced at Jackson to-day. It continues to-morrow and Sunday, the last day being devoted to a sort of Free Thinkers' Convention.

Business Failures.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—Dun, Wilson & Co.'s Mercantile Agency reports 110 failures throughout the country during the past seven days, against 108 last week, which is considerably above the average. The Pacific coast reports eleven.

Another Unprovoked Murder.

LARAMIE CITY (Wyo.), October 7th.—At noon to-day James McKeon shot and mortally wounded James Smith, a former employe of the Union Pacific Railway Company. McKeon is a gambler, of a quarrelsome disposition, while Smith was a quiet, inoffensive man. The murder was unprovoked and there are threats of lynching.

FOREIGN.

Gladstone at Leeds.

LONDON, October 7th.—Gladstone received a great ovation at Leeds to-day. Eighty-six addresses were presented to him. He replied briefly, acknowledging the value of party criticism.

In his speech, referring to the unity of the Liberal party, Mr. Gladstone said he saw no sign of such division as led to its defeat in 1874. Everywhere there where signs of union, and he looked forward with satisfaction. There was much to be done, he said, in altering and modifying the land laws of England and Scotland, but circumstances in these parts are not those of Ireland. He urged that the depression in trade proceeded from the decreased purchasing power. He calculated that between 1878 and 1880 the country had lost £24,000,000 on her export trade, but as much as £100,000,000 from her bad harvests. Referring to the Fair Trade League, he said some persons complained about the American tariff. America sent us £3,000,000 worth of manufactures, while we sent America from £30,000,000 to £40,000,000 worth. The fair traders want America to cease to be our customer to this amount. Gladstone spoke for an hour and forty minutes.

At a banquet given Gladstone there were 1,400 persons present. Gladstone said: "Justice to Ireland is a sacred duty, but it can never be performed without equal justice to England and Scotland. The state of Ireland might not be a party question. Ireland is in a crisis, and on the working of the Land Act may depend the greatest issues with regard to her prosperity. There are powerful agencies working which will influence her fate in spite of persons. I do not believe there are laborers in any country that have made more progress than the Irish laborers." Gladstone warmly eulogized Sir Charles Gavin Duffy for his pamphlet advocating the grateful acceptance of the Land Act. Gladstone claimed Dillon as an opponent, but an opponent whom he was glad to honor, and added: "I now have the painful duty of dealing with a different class of opponents. A small body of men has arisen who are not ashamed to preach to Ireland the doctrine of public plunder. The state of things in Ireland is coming to a question of law on the one hand and their lawlessness on the other." Gladstone favorably contrasted O'Connell's fidelity to the Crown of England with Parnell's hostility to everything English. O'Connell, he said, on every occasion declared his respect for property; but Parnell has now a new gospel, that of plunder, to proclaim. He sees now that whereas the rental of Ireland is £17,000,000 the landlord is entitled to nothing but the original valuation of the land, amounting to £3,000,000. O'Connell's respect for human life was consistent. Parnell is very copious in his references to America, but in all these references he has never found time to utter a word of disapproval about the assassination literature of that country, which is not American literature. The Americans scorn, spurn and loathe it. [Loud cheers.] Parnell, during the last session of Parliament, made every effort to destroy the land bill, but he did not dare to vote against it like a man. But when the life of the bill was at stake, Parnell and thirty of his followers withdrew from the House of Commons, and tried to destroy the work which the Government had begun.

Affairs in Peru — The Feather Which Broke the Camel's Back.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—The Panama *Star and Herald* of September 28th says: A Lima special says: The Chilean leaders have probably another campaign in the Tiempo of San Diego. The State of Ariquipa will be attacked, and General Baque will command the expedition. Many Peruvians are leaving Lima to join the Monterreos. They go because they cannot work, even if such were obtainable. The order recently issued by Pierola to raise $15,000 in silver from a dozen persons in Tika and Canete, or to destroy their property, has been the feather which has broken the camel's back, and capitalists and property-owners now see that the pretense is made to carry on the war in order to enable the principles of communism to be carried out under the name of patriotism. Montero is preparing to occupy Trujillio when the Chileans abandon it. The Chilean troops have been withdrawn from Supe and Huachoa, and the Peruvian flag flies over those towns.

French Troops and American Officers.

PARIS, October 7th.—Yesterday, Morton, the American Minister, in presenting to General Favre, the Minister of War, those American officers who attended the autumn maneuvers, expressed his gratitude for the welcome given them by the French army. General Schofield congratulated General Favre upon the excellence of the maneuvers and the good condition of the troops. He said that he had been much struck by their order and discipline. General Favre begged Morton and the American officers to be interpreters to the American Government and people.

Looking to the Czar's Safety.

LONDON, October 7th.—Advices from St. Petersburg state that the most comprehensive measures have been taken for the safety of Annitohloff Palace, the Czar's St. Petersburg residence. A subterranean passage has been constructed all around the palace, which can be patroled by sentinels and immediately placed under water. The Czar is negotiating for the purchase of various houses surrounding the palace.

Public Buildings on Fire.

NEW YORK, October 7th.—A telegram by cable reports that the Exchange buildings on Rumford street, Liverpool, are on fire.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

LIVERPOOL, October 7th.—The fire in the Exchange building to-day was extinguished after burning some cotton samples and some office fixtures.

Comment on the "Yorktown Salute."

LONDON, October 7th.—The London *Standard* says the announcement that the English flag will be saluted at Yorktown is received with satisfaction on both sides of the Atlantic.

An Important Discovery.

LONDON, October 7th.—A Berlin correspondent says that he has a communication from St. Petersburg announcing that the headquarters of the Nihilists have been discovered, and sixty arrests have been made.

Revising Cuban Elections.

MADRID, October 7th.—A strong probability exists that the special committees of the home Congress will declare null the elections in Havana, and perhaps in Santiago de Cuba.

French Advances.

PARIS, October 7th.—General Leogrot telegraphs, under date of Thursday: Have occupied the Belvidere position with two battalions. The other forts will be occupied to-morrow. The flying-column, proceeding from Medjez to Testour, was attacked, but the assailants were repulsed.

The Chamber Called Together.

PARIS, October 7th.—A decree summoning a meeting of the Chambers is gazetted.

Outbreak of Zulus.

LONDON, October 7th.—A dispatch says: From Fort Amelia reports are received of a serious rising in Zululand. It is believed Ohara is implicated in it. No details.

The Extradited Brigand.

MADRID, October 7th.—The alleged Italian brigand, Esposito, arrived at Amsterdam and was temporarily imprisoned there yesterday.

The Cabinet Convoked.

LONDON, October 7th.—A Cabinet Council has been summoned for Wednesday.

COAST AND STATE.

Chico *Record* wants to take up the $10,000 subsidy for a woolen mill in Red Bluff.

Woodland proposes to have a theater. Won't Woodland please come over and cart off our old barn of a theater in Sacramento?

The electric light towers in Denver are not a success, and the *Republican* says that if the city is ever to be lighted by electricity, some other means will have to be devised.

On the death of S. C. Scoville the defendants in the Reno shooting scrape, already under bonds, were rearrested and placed under new bonds of $10,000 each on a charge of murder.

A child of W. T. Hendrick, of Dayton, W. T., swallowed a needle some six weeks ago, and last week the instrument was taken from its breast by a physician, having worked its way to the surface.

F. A. Horning, of Benton county, Oregon, is experimenting with strawberries, with a view to procuring a fall as well as spring crop of the same. His experiments have already proved partially successful.

An Indian Valley girl, after reading Oscar Wilde's new poem, in which he speaks of "unkissed kisses," says she has a stock of 'em—about 1,000,000,000—and she wouldn't mind unloading part of the cargo.

Mrs. N. S. Morrill, wife of the late Captain N. S. Morrill, was found dead at her place of residence, Vallejo, October 4th. An autopsy held by Dr. Frost revealed the fact that she died from the effects of a dose of strychnine. A Coroner's inquest revealed the fact that the poison was taken evidently with suicidal intent.

The Wood River (Idaho) *Times*, while admitting that Bellevue won the county seat of Alturas by one majority, declares that the vote of Indian Creek was not included therein, and that the Courts will establish the right to have that precinct counted, in which case Hailey will win the county seat by a majority of at least sixteen.

The Deer Creek Mining Company will begin washing as soon as they have completed a thorough system of brush dams for impounding the debris. General Briggs, of Boston, President of the company, has just returned from the mine, and has ordered that before operations begin every possible precaution shall be taken to impound all debris.—[Chico Record.

The Chico *Record* tells the following story: A Red Bluff editor got a letter from an unknown correspondent, asking how he contrived to flirt without his wife being able to catch him. He pitied the ignorance of the inquirer and wrote him an explanation of the racket. And when he found the inquirer was really his wife, he had delirium tremens without the fun of getting 'em.

Last week Will S. Green wrote for the Colusa *Sun* an article in which occurred this sentence: "The *Sun* is a local paper, and the advocate of local interests." Will went to San Francisco, and judge of his astonishment when he saw the paper at the hotel with this: "The *Sun* is a *bold* paper, and the advocate of *bold* interests." Will, you will have to go to writing "schule."—[Chico Enterprise.

John S. Mills, of Pasadena, has shown us a curious freak of nature, being a fruit half tomato and half muscat grape. It grew in a cluster of muscat grapes and was shaped like the oblate tomato, with a thin skin and the regular ridges of a tomato. Its taste was like the grape, but the pulp was soft like the tomato. The seeds were exceedingly few and small, shaped like the grape seed, but soft like the tomato seed. It was a little larger than the rest of the grapes, and the only one of the kind in a large cluster of grapes. It was a decided curiosity and case of miscegenation.—[Los Angeles Commercial.

The Tehama *Tocsin* learns that the Seizer, Government snag boat, has in all taken out so far this season from the Sacramento river, 533 snags, which at a cost of $62 50 per snag paid to other boats, has more than paid for the Seizer, first cost, of $30,000. There has been done some excellent work on the river; among the best is at Sam Soule bar. The barge Kate, which sunk sixteen years ago there, and had remained in the channel an obstruction, has been removed, and all other obstructions; two dams have been built of brush and sacks with rocks and sand, which have materially increased the volume of water in the channel leaving at low water mark at least four feet. The current is swift and lines will have to be put out, but the channel is much better than it ever has been before. The river is open and clear from there to Squaw Hill, except at Merrill's, where they are now going to put in a brush dam and drive the water into one channel, making a depth of thirty inches.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 7th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—The Chinese demand is still fairly active. Best City Extra, $5 25@5 50; Superfine, $4 25@4 75; Interior Extra, $4 50@5 25; Interior Superfine, $4@4 62½.

WHEAT—The situation is exceedingly uninteresting. Business drags badly, notwithstanding the apparent favorable surroundings for an active market. On 'Change to-day there was a good attendance of shippers, but we did not hear that they invested to any extent. It would hardly be sensible to construe their inaction as partaking of a bear movement, because it is thoroughly understood that holders are well fortified and hold the vantage ground in the situation. We are told that $1 70 was the offer of the export interest for No. 1 this morning, while it is almost unnecessary to say that such bids were unheeded. Tonnage is increasing, and cargoes will have to be secured sooner or later. English advices are not favorable for speculation under current local rates for freights and grain. A sale of about 1,200 ctls No. 1 milling was effected at $1 75, which was deemed a good operation for the seller. A lot of 4,000 ctls good shipping was parted with at $1 72½. With the market almost at a standstill, prices of course are somewhat nominal. No. 1 is quotable at $1 72½@1 75; No. 2, $1 65@1 70 ⅌ ctl.

BARLEY—Sales during the week have been tolerably good, averaging over 4,000 bags per day. There seems to be an absence of the speculative feeling that was largely prominent last week. Transactions are, therefore, on a more solid basis, and prices obtained are consequently better guides for legitimate trade. Although there is no marked change in values, the upward tendency is less pronounced. Sales include 250 sks old Bay Brewing, $1 57½; 300 do feed, $1 42½; 200 do, $1 40; 500 do good Coast Chevalier, $1 45; 300 do poor do, $1 37½ ⅌ ctl. We quote: Feed, $1 40@1 42½; Brewing, $1 55@1 60 for old, and $1 50@1 60 for new; Chevalier, $1 50@1 60 for choice standard Bay and $1 40@1 45 for coast.

OATS—Holders dislike to admit that the market is weak. But there is no secret that stocks are large, and buyers under such circumstances generally combine to force values down. Sales are light, and mostly in retail amounts. Some Oregon milling, to the extent of 400 bags, changed hands to-day at $1 50, though the quality was not choice. A small lot of 200 bags feed brought $1 47½ ⅌ ctl. We quote: Good to choice, $1 45@1 60; common, $1 30@1 40; Surprise, $1 65 ⅌ ctl.

CORN—The market is well supplied with Yellow. Some of the offerings are of very choice quality, while there is a fair proportion of inferior. Alameda county this year is likely to send in a tolerably good amount, as a large area has been devoted to its cultivation. From $1 52½@1 55 will about cover the range of asking prices.

RYE—$1 75@1 80 ⅌ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—$1 55@1 65 ⅌ ctl.

HAY—Wheat, $10@13; Oat, $9@11; Volunteer, $7@10; Cow, $8@9 50 ⅌ ton.

HOPS—Fair, 15@17c; choice, 19@23c ⅌ lb.

SEEDS—The stock of old Alfalfa is quite light. New crop will soon be coming forward, and until it arrives no reliable quotation can be obtained. Most dealers believe that 12c ⅌ lb would be the outside rate that would be paid for any reasonable quantity, though some seedsmen will not quote over 10c ⅌ lb. Whether higher or lower figures will prevail as the season advances, will depend entirely on the amount that is sent to market. Some 80 sks Yellow Mustard, fair quality, sold at $1 75. We quote: Mustard, $1 75@1 95 for Yellow, and $1 55@1 65 for Brown; Canary, 3½@3¾c; Hemp, 5c; Rape, 2½@2¾c; Timothy, 8@9c for native, and 10@11c for imported; Flax, 2@2¼c ⅌ lb.

POTATOES—The market is slowly getting into better shape. Petaluma, $1 15@1 30; Tomales, $1 15@1 30; River Red, $1@1 15; Humboldt, $1 25@1 35; Early Rose, 60c@$1; Sweet, 75c@$1 ⅌ ctl.

ONIONS—75@85c ⅌ ctl.

BEANS—White descriptions are firmly held. We quote: Bayos, $2 17½@2 20; Butter, $3 for small, and $3 25 for large; Castor, $3 50@4; Lima, $5 25@5 50; Pea, $3 75@4; Pink, $2 20@2 25; Red, $2 15@2 25; small White, $3 75@4; large White, $3@3 25 ⅌ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Some descriptions are less plentiful. We quote: Marrowfat Squash, $8@10 ⅌ ton; Green Peppers, 50c ⅌ box; Artichokes, 25c ⅌ dozen; Parsnips, 75c@$1; Beets, 65c; Carrots, 30@50c; Turnips, 75c ⅌ ctl; Cauliflower, 60@65c ⅌ doz; Cabbage, 40@60c ⅌ ctl; Garlic, ¾@1c; Green Peas, 2@2½c ⅌ lb; Tomatoes, 25@35c ⅌ box; String Beans, 2@2½c ⅌ lb; Cucumbers, 15@30c ⅌ box; Green Corn, 12@18c ⅌ dozen; Green Okra, 2@3c ⅌ lb; Egg Plant, 50c ⅌ box.

FRUIT—Business is regular in volume and prices keep fairly uniform. Grapes to-day were more abundant. Apples, 30@50c for common, and 75c@$1 ⅌ box for good to choice; Pears, 50c@$1 ⅌ box; Cantaloupes, 75c@$1 25 ⅌ crate; Figs, 75c@$1 ⅌ box; Grapes, 40@85c; Strawberries, $5@6 ⅌ chest; Watermelons, $3@8 ⅌ hundred; Lemons, $11@12 ⅌ box; Limes, $10@12 ⅌ box for Mexican; Tamarinds, 12@15c ⅌ lb; Bananas, $2 50@4 ⅌ bunch; Cranberries, $12 50@15 ⅌ bbl; Pine apples, $7@8 dozen.

HONEY—No large quantity offering. Comb, 15@20c; extracted, 8@9c for dark, and 10@11c ⅌ lb for white.

BUTTER—The market is showing increased strength for choice qualities. We quote as follows for jobbing lots: Fancy, 42½@45c ⅌ lb; good to choice, 32½@40c; inferior lots from country stores, 25@30c; firkin, 30@32½c; pickled roll, 32½c; Eastern, 18@25c ⅌ lb for ordinary grades and 30@32c ⅌ lb for creamery.

CHEESE—Sells freely. California, 12@14c; do in drums, 14@15c; Eastern, 17@20c; Western, 14@15c ⅌ lb.

EGGS—Are not plentiful. Prices steady. California, 36@39c; Oregon, 30@33c; Utah, 20@25c; Eastern, 20@27½c ⅌ dozen.

POULTRY—Dressed Turkeys were in light supply, selling at 15@16c. We quote as follows: Live Turkeys, gobblers, 15@16c; do, Hens, 13@15c; Roosters, $5@6; Hens, $6@7; Broilers, $3@4 ⅌ dozen, according to size; Ducks, $5@6 ⅌ dozen; Geese, $1 50@1 75 ⅌ pair.

GAME—Brought full figures this morning. Mallard Ducks, $3@3 50; Teal, $1 75@2; Quail, $1@1 25; Sprig, $1 75@2; Widgeon, $1@1 25; Hare, $1 50@2; Rabbits, 75c@$1 25 ⅌ dozen; Venison, 6@8c ⅌ lb.

PROVISIONS—There is a good demand and quick sale for most descriptions. Eastern Hams, 17@18½c; California Hams, 13½@14c; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 16@16½c; California Smoked Bacon, 15@15½c for heavy and medium, and 16@16½c for light and extra light; Clear Sides, 15@15½c; Pork, $16@16 50 for Extra Prime, $18 50@19 for Prime Mess. $21@22 for Mess, $22 50@23 for Clear and $24@24 50 for Extra Clear; Pigs' Feet, $14@15 ⅌ bbl; Mess Beef, $9@9 50 for bbls and $6@6 50 for half bbls; Extra Mess Beef, $10 50@11; Family Beef, $13 25@13 50 ⅌ bbl; California Smoked Beef, 12@12½c ⅌ lb; Beef Tongues, $8 ⅌ dozen; Eastern Lard, 16½@16½c ⅌ lb for all styles and sizes of packages; California do, 10-lb cases, 14@14½c; 5-lb cs, 14½@15c; pails, 15½@16c; kegs, 15@15½c; Royal do, 15½c for 10-lb, 15½c ⅌ lb for 5-lb and 16c for 3-lb pails.

WOOL—The seeming contradiction for a lively market at Eastern centers and a dull one here is explained by the fact that our product is largely neglected by operators. It is claimed that Fleece, Texas and Territory Wools are the chief descriptions that find favor, as being considerably cheaper for the use of manufacturers than clips from California. The absence of Eastern buyers from San Francisco at this season of the year is sufficient confirmation of this theory. A Boston circular issued a week ago quotes low grades of California at 12@16c ⅌ lb. The local nominal figure is 10@12c ⅌ lb. If the cost of handling—which is not less than 5c ⅌ lb, including 2½c for freight—be added to these latter figures, it is plain to the most obtuse person that there is no hope for business until either an advance occurs in the East or lower asking rates prevail here. We quote as follows for spring clips: Fancy Sonoma, Humboldt and Mendocino, 28@29c; Siskiyou, 22@25c for best grades; San Joaquin, 16@17c for fair Southern Coast choice, 16@18c; fair do, 15@16c; Nevada, 20@24c; Eastern Oregon, 20@22c for heavy and 23@26c for good to choice; Valley, 26@27c ⅌ lb. Fall San Joaquin is nominally quotable at 10@12c for poor and low grades, 12@14c for good, and 15@16c for choice; Lamb, 13@17c ⅌ lb.

Sacramento Market.

[Corrected daily for the RECORD-UNION.]

SACRAMENTO, October 7, 1881.

FRUITS—Apples, $1@1 40; Pears, 60c@$2; Peaches $1@2; Grapes, 60c@$1 10; Plums, $1 50@1 75 ⅌ box; Oranges, California, $3 50@4; Oranges, imported, $3 50; Lemons, Sicily, $12@14; Lemons, California, $8@4; Limes, $12@14 ⅌ box; Bananas, $3 50@4 ⅌ bunch; Pineapples, $8@9 ⅌ dozen; Cocoanuts, $7@8 ⅌ 100; Quinces, 2@3c; Figs, green, 7@8c ⅌ lb.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 6¼@7½c; do quartered, 5@6½c; pears, peeled, 16c; do, unpeeled, 7@8c; Plums, pitted, 12@13c; Peaches, 12@13c; do, peeled, 20c; Prunes, German, 10c; Blackberries, California and French, 13c; Figs, California, 5c ⅌ lb.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ⅌ doz, $2 50; Peaches, $3; Bartlett Pears, $2 75; Ickwith Plums, $2 75; Assorted Plums, $2 62½; Blackberries, $2 75; Gooseberries, $3 25; Strawberries $3 25; Apricots, $3; Muscat Grapes, $2 62½; Red Currants, $3 25; Cherries, $3 25.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ⅌ doz., $1 75; assorted, gallon cans, $4 50; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $1 85; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75.

HONEY—Los Angeles, 2-lb cans, ⅌ doz., $2 75; do comb, pint jars, $4; in frames, 12½@17c; strained, 5-gall. cans, 11c ⅌ lb.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, Early Rose, $1 25@1 50; Humboldts, $1 50@1 75; Sweet Carolina, $1 12½; Red, $1 60@1 70; Cabbage, 60@80c; Squash, ⅌ ton, $15@25; Onions, Red, 90c; Silverskins, $1 25 ⅌ 100; Garlic, new, 4@5c ⅌ lb; Carrots, $1; Turnips, $1 ⅌ 100; bunch vegetables 15c ⅌ doz; Green Peas, 4@5c; Green Peppers, 4@5c; Parsnips, 1½c; Beets, 1c; String Beans, 3c; Lima do, 6@7c; Wax, do, 2@3c ⅌ lb; Cucumbers, 5@6c ⅌ doz; Cantaloupes, 50@75c; Watermelons 75c@$1 50; Green Corn, 15c; Tomatoes, 50@75c ⅌ box; Celery, 75c ⅌ doz; Cauliflower, 90; Horseradish, 10@12c ⅌ lb.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $5 40 ⅌ bbl.; Oatmeal, $4 50 ⅌ 100 lbs; Cornmeal, $2 12½; Cracked Wheat, $3.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 15@16c ⅌ lb; young Roosters, $3@4 50 ⅌ doz; Hens, $5@6 50; Broilers, $2@3; Ducks, $4@5 50; Geese, ⅌ pair, $1 50@1 75;

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, fancy dairy, 38@41c ⅌ lb; Cheese, 14@15c; California Creamery, 17c; Factory, 15c; Eastern, full cream, 18c; Eastern, flats, 15½c; fresh Eggs, 40c ⅌ dozen.

MEATS—Beef, 5c; Mutton, 4@4½c; Pork, 8@9c; Veal, 7@8c.

HAY AND GRAIN—Oat hay, ⅌ ton, $10@12; alfalfa, ⅌ ton, $11@12; bran, ⅌ ton, $18; middlings, $24 per ton; barley, whole, ⅌ cwt, $1 35; barley, ground, ⅌ cwt., $1 65; wheat, ⅌ cwt., $1 70; tame oats, ⅌ cwt., $2 25; corn, ⅌ cwt., $1 50.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 17c; Timothy, 11@12½c; Red Clover, 16@18c; Red Top, 14c; Nuts—English Walnuts, 8@10c; Almonds, 16@18c; Peanuts, 7@9c; Wool, 20@28c; Tallow, 6c; Hides, green, 9@10c; dry, 19@20c; Hops, California, 15@18c.

Eastern and Foreign Markets.

BOSTON, October 7th.

WOOL—There is a good healthy tone to the Wool market. Full prices are obtained, with a good demand from manufacturers. Although the market is less active than for some previous weeks, the sales of all kinds amounted to 2,500,000 pounds, which include Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces, at 43@45c for X, XX, XXX and above. Michigan fleeces, 41@43c, principally 42c, at which most of the Michigan is held. Medium and No. 1 fleeces, 45@50c, the latter price for choice. Unwashed fleeces continue in demand. There have been considerable sales of carpet wool at 18@19c; coarse and low, 19@23c; fine, 24@32½c; medium, 25@35c. Combing and delaine fleeces have been in demand, with prices firm and a shade higher for delaine, with sales at 46@49c for Michigan and Ohio delaine, 47c@49c for combing. About 500,000 pounds of Kentucky, Missouri and others combined has been sold at 32c, and there is a more active demand for this description. California Wool is quiet, and fall is neglected. Pulled Wools are in demand at 33½@50c. Very choice supers are selling at 45@50c. There is a firm feeling for all kinds of foreign Wools, but sales have not been made to any extent.

NEW YORK, October 7th.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour is steady and Wheat is unsettled.

WOOL—Quiet.

CHICAGO, October 7th.

WHEAT—$1 37½ for October and $1 41 nominal for November.

CORN—72c for May.

PROVISIONS—Short Ribs, $10 20; Ribs, $9 52½@9 55 for November; Pork, $17 95 asked for November; Lard, $11 8½ for November.

LIVERPOOL, October 7th.

WHEAT—Cargoes nearly due, 5s 6d; just shipped, 5s; off coast, 5s 6s; spot, 11s 3d@11s 7d.

MARRIED.

Sacramento, October 7—At the residence of J. F. Hill, Fred. McLellan, of Plainfield, Yolo county, to Maggie McLaughlin, of Boston, Mass. (Boston papers please copy.)

Quincy, September 27—Walter J. Reed to Mattie Isabel Gott.

BORN.

Sacramento, October 6—Wife of L. Knowland, a son.

Sacramento, September 25—Wife of L. Neubourg, a son.

Vallejo, October 6—Wife of George F. McReynolds, a daughter.

Red Bluff, October 5—Wife of W. Glines, a daughter.

Beckworth, September 24—Wife of C. W. Johnson, a son.

Near Nelson, September 27—Wife of Phil. Ruggles, a son.

Greenville, September 27—Wife of J. D. Compton, a son.

Near Placerville, October 1—Wife of James M. Watkins, a daughter.

DIED.

Sacramento, October 5—Jerome C. Davis, a native of Ohio, 59 years and 28 days.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from his late residence, N street, between Sixth and Seventh, Sunday afternoon at 1 o'clock.]

Washington, October 6—Mrs. Eliza M. Havens, a native of Nova Scotia, 52 years, 11 months and 7 days.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from her late residence, Second street, Washington, Yolo county.]

San Francisco, October 2—William H. Wallace, 52 years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MECHANICS' STORE!

WEINSTOCK & LUBIN

Our Advertisements Are Changed Daily!

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1881.

TEMPERATURE FOR YESTERDAY:		TEMPERATURE CORRESPONDING DAY, 1880:	
Highest,	76	Highest,	71
Lowest,	46	Lowest,	55

WE HAVE SOME BROCADED SUITINGS AND CASHMERE SERGES WHICH ARE SURE TO ATTRACT ATTENTION BY THEIR EXCELLENCE. THE BROCADED SUITINGS ARE NEATLY FIGURED AND COME IN SHADES OF MYRTLE, SEAL, PLUM, GARNET AND NAVY BLUE.

PRICE, 8 1-3 CENTS A YARD.

THE CASHMERE SERGES ARE NEW STYLE, AND WELL SUITED FOR COMBINATION SUITS AND TRIMMING. AS THERE ARE A DOZEN DIFFERENT PATTERNS TO CHOOSE FROM, WE CAN ONLY MENTION THE GENERAL EFFECTS, WHICH ARE NARROW, SHADED STRIPES AND RICH PLAIDS.

PRICE, 20 CENTS A YARD.

LADIES' KID BUTTON SHOES, satin lined, and in all widths and sizes, $4. There are thirteen other varieties of these Shoes to select from, but these seem to meet with special favor, perhaps because of the medium price, or more likely it is their neat appearance and durability.

For a serviceable business wear we mention to-day a SACK SUIT of mixed black and gray Cheviot. Price, $12 50. Or for dress wear we have a straight FROCK COAT AND VEST, double-breasted, $16. The material is black honeycomb diagonal, finished with a neat silk binding.

TRUNKS, VALISES AND SATCHELS, in wide range of style, size and price. A Canvas Bellows Valise, finished with red leather and having a strong handle and good lock, $3 25.

Among the costly kinds to be found here (we keep the best of everything, as well as what is low priced) is a large Valise made of brown grain leather, with red leather lining, and patent locks and handles. Price, $15. There is nothing better in Valises.

MECHANICS' STORE,

Nos. 400, 402, 404, 406, 408 K st., Sacramento.

ONE PRICE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Meeting of Tehama Lodge, No. 3, F. and A. M., will be held at the Masonic Hall TO-MORROW (Sunday) at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Brother, Jerome C. Davis. Officers and members will please attend, and visiting brethren are cordially invited.
R. O. CRAVENS, W. M. pro tem.
JAMES A. ROBBIN, Sec'y. 08-1t

A special meeting of Sacramento Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar, will be held at the Asylum TO-MORROW (Sunday), October 9th, at 12 o'clock, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Sir Knight, Jerome C. Davis.
CORNELIUS KELLOGG, E. C.
A. A. REDINGTON, Recorder. 08-1t

A. O. U. W.—Union Lodge, No. 21, will meet THIS (Saturday) EVENING, October 8th, at Red Men's Hall, Masonic Temple, at 7:30 o'clock.
H. J. NORTON, M. W.
CHAS. COOLEY, Recorder. [B. C.] 08-