THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY.....JUNE 23, 1882

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Sacramento Lodge F. and A. M. this evening.
Notice—Capitol Lodge I. O. O. F. to-night.
For Sale—Merino rams at Whitney's ranch.
Estrays—Three horses found.
For Sale—House and lot.
For Sale—A foothill ranch.
To druggists and dry goods men.
Harbin Hot Sulphur Springs, Lake county.
Anderson's Springs, Lake county.
Attention—A. O. H. meet to-night.
Wanted at the Mechanics' Store—Dressmakers.

Business Advertisements

Weinstock & Lubin—Camping tents.
Baker & Hamilton—Baling wire.
James I. Felter & Co.—Wines and liquors.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

FOURTH OF JULY MATTERS.—The collecting committee to raise funds to defray the expenses of a celebration of the Fourth of July in this city report that citizens as a general thing respond liberally, and there is no doubt but that funds sufficient will be raised. This evening all the committees will assemble at the Court-house, and perfect all the arrangements for the celebration. The Mayor expresses a desire that there should be a full attendance. Three hundred and fifty school boys will form one division of the procession, and will march to the music of their own drum corps. The school boys will meet at the Grammar School grounds this afternoon to perfect an organization, and for the purpose of drilling. The citizens of Chico and Red Bluff, having concluded not to celebrate at home, many of them will come to Sacramento and assist in the festivities of the occasion at the capital city. The fireworks will be the finest display ever made in the city. The Fantastics promise to out-do all their former efforts, and Sacramento can say to all the citizens of the interior towns and villages, "Come and join with us in our celebration; we know you will enjoy yourself and have a good time."

NEW BUILDING.—Ground was broken yesterday for the erection of a large and handsome brick and iron building on Second street between I and J, at the corner of the intersection of the alley. The property belongs to Schofield & Tevis, and will be occupied by them as a store for oils, paints, glass, etc. The building will have a frontage of forty feet on Second street, and a depth of one hundred feet, and will be two stories and a basement high. The basement will be seven feet high in the clear, the first story seventeen feet and the second story fourteen feet. The brick walls will be six feet wide at the base and be heavy throughout. The inside of the building is to be finished in elegant style. Material for the construction of the building is already upon the ground, and the entire structure is to be completed within sixty days. The building when complete will cost about $17,000. The contractor of the entire work is George D. Nagle, of San Francisco. Mr. Nagle was one of the pioneers of this city. Newsom & Gash, of San Francisco, are the architects.

HARVEST HANDS SCARCE.—From every side, not only in the vicinity of Sacramento, but throughout the Sacramento, valley there comes the complaint of a scarcity of men to handle the crops. The Modesto *Journal* says: This scarcity of laborers in Stanislaus is perhaps attributable to the reports of a dry year and short crop which have gone abroad; but, doubtless, the absence of many men at this time is in consequence of the heavy draft for laborers made by the northern railroads now in course of construction, and which have almost swept the labor market bare. Still from San Francisco continually comes the cry of men wanting work. If some of those fastidious individuals who prefer the vices of the city to the healthful employments of the country would take off their coats and put in their time in the harvest field they would find themselves improved, both financially, morally and physically.

THE SLING ORDINANCE.—Two boys, N. Miland and Fred. Dulan, were tried and convicted in the Police Court yesterday for the violation of ordinance No. 186. They will receive their sentence to-morrow. The ordinance was passed February 9, 1880, and intended to prevent the carrying and use of slings within the city limits. The following is a copy of the ordinance: "Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to carry or use a sling, for the purpose of throwing a missile of any kind, within the city limits. Sec. 2. Any person violating the provisions of Section 1 of this ordinance, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding $500 nor less than $20, or imprisonment in the County Jail not more than 500 days or less than twenty days, or by both fine and imprisonment. Sec. 3. This ordinance shall take effect on and after its passage."

MERCHANDISE REPORT.—The following freight passed Ogden for Sacramento on the 19th: For A. A. Van Voorhies & Co., 11 boxes hardware, 1 case hames; Kirk, Geary & Co., 1 box advertising matter, 3 cases drugs, 5 cases medicine; John Breuner, 2 boxes furniture; Weinstock & Lubin, 2 boxes boots and shoes; Holman, Stanton & Co., 200 reels barbed wire; Waterhouse & Lester, 83 sets carriage wheels; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 5 pails tobacco; Lindley & Co., 10 pails tobacco; Adams, McNeill & Co., 5 pails tobacco; N. S. Arnold & Co., 5 bundles poles, 3 bundles shafts; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 4 cases hardware, 6 bundles hose, 1 barrel glassware; Billingsley & Co., 3 barrels broom wire; Hale Bros. & Co., 2 boxes hosiery; Central Pacific Railroad, 50 bundles car springs; Mebius & Co., 7 pails tobacco, 5 boxes Limburger cheese.

WILL LAY A CORNER-STONE.—The First Artillery Regiment have concluded to lay the corner-stone of their drill hall on the Fourth of July. The ceremony will be performed by the Masonic Fraternity of this city. The military will be out in full force, an oration will be delivered, and the whole thing conducted with the usual pump and splendor of such occasions. Among the articles that will be deposited will be an entire roster of the First Artillery Regiment, and an historical sketch of the National Guard of California.

POLICE COURT.—The following cases were disposed of in the Police Court yesterday: Francis Lobb, charged with manslaughter, continued until 10 A. M. to-day; witnesses recognized in the case to appear. N. Miland and Fred. Dulon, charged with violating the sling-shot ordinance, pleaded guilty and will be sentenced on the 24th. Ah Sam, Ah Leu, Ah Jow, Ah Hong, Lee Hong, Ah John, keeping and visiting a gambling-house, continued until the 24th.

MONEY IN COUNTY TREASURY.—Yesterday the officers directed by law to count the money in the hands of the County Treasurer counted the same, and found on hand the following amounts: Gold coin, $40,205; silver coin, $5,826 39; warrants and coupons, $17,126 85. Total on hand, $63,158 24. This amount is correct as attested by the books of the County Auditor.

PAID INTO THE TREASURY.—Joseph W. Houston, County Assessor, paid into the County Treasury yesterday $12,078 20, as follows: On account of poll tax, $4,000; State and county personal tax collected, $8,078 20.

IMMIGRANTS.—One hundred and three immigrant passengers, including seventy males, passed Carlin yesterday, en route to California. They will arrive in Sacramento by the overland train this afternoon.

NEW CITIZEN.—In the Superior Court yesterday, Judge Clark's department, James Krehen was admitted to citizenship upon the testimony of Jacob Frees and George Mack.

MEN'S white duck vests, 85 cents; also, white Marseilles for 85 cents; a large size duck ulster, $1 40; and a full line of linen and mohair summer goods at lowest figures, at Red House.

A FACT THAT ALL SHOULD KNOW.—Investigate it for yourselves; it will stand the test. Hale Bros.' prices on boots and shoes are from 20 to 30 per cent. below their competitors.

Only one left—Reached table damask, at 35 cents per yard, cannot be matched for value on this coast. Hale Bros. & Co.

Gents' linen handkerchiefs, only 10 cents. Furnishing Goods Department, Hale Bros. & Co.

CLOTHING!—Clothing for men and boys. New stock, new styles, at new prices. Hale Bros. & Co.

A FINE line of gold plate, enameled and celluloid bracelets, in new patterns, direct from New York, at the Red House Dry Goods Department.

GENTS' cuff buttons, in all the newest styles, at the Red House Furnishing Goods Department.

WHIPS, lap-robes, fly-nets and light horse blankets, 15 per cent. cheaper than at any other house, at Red House.

A FINE polka dot bicycle shirt, $1, Red House. Also, a fine line of dark percale shirts, $1 25.

HUNDREDS testify of the benefits received from Rock and Rye. G. W. Chesley, agent.

GREAT demand for curtain net at Hale's—this is owing to large stock and low prices.

TOURISTS, in looking for trunks and valises, visit Hale's—largest variety, lowest prices.

A MAN'S fine full stock calf Oxford tie for $2 50, at Red House.

WHITE CORDED PIQUE, 5 cents per yard, at Hale's.

BURT & PACKARD'S gents' fine boots at Hale's.

THE FORESTER GUN CLUB.

The Forester Gun Club had their monthly shoot for prizes at Agricultural Park yesterday afternoon. There was a large number of persons present to witness the shooting. The scores made were not good, in fact way below those usually made by the Foresters. The party who furnished the pigeons gave them all young birds; in fact most of them were what would be termed squabs. When thrown from the trap they would not fly, but hop around in the grass. The following is the score for the match at ten birds:

Young	1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0—5
Vermilyea	0 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 1—5
Rubstaller	0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 0—5
Todd	0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 1 1—8
Kane	0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1—6
Sheplar	1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0 1—8
Stevens	1 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0—8
Zuver	1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1—7
J. Gerber	1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1—8
Verity	1 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 1—7
Eckhart	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1—10
Miller	1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 1 1—8
Beede	1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—5
Keegan	1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1—8

Henry Eckhart, having killed all his birds, was presented with the first prize, a handsome gold medal.

Those having tied on eight birds shot off at freezeout for the second prize, with the following result: Miller went out on the second, Stevens on third, Todd and Sheplar on fourth, Gerber on seventh, and Keegan, after killing his eighth bird, was awarded the second prize, a handsome gold medal.

Pool shooting at five birds was engaged in with the following result: Sheplar 5, Noble 4, Burnham 2, Stevens 5, Todd 5, Rogers 5, Verity 5, Rubstaller 4. Those making a clean score divided the money. The birds in the last match were tossed into the air by hand. They were such poor flyers that the traps could not be used. The club will not meet again until the next State Fair, when they will give a grand tournament, open to all the State. At that time matches will be had at pigeons, clay pigeons, glass balls and bats.

CAPITAL CHIPS.

One week from to-day the assassin Guiteau will be executed.

The police made but one arrest yesterday and last night, and that was a crazy Chinaman.

The Board of Supervisors met yesterday, but did no business more than to audit a few bills.

The delegates to the Grand Lodge of colored Masons returned from Marysville yesterday.

Peaches, apricots, plums, apples, pears and berries of all kinds are plentiful in the Sacramento markets.

Pools on the nomination for Governor were sold at several places in the city yesterday afternoon and last evening.

Candidates for county offices are springing up on every side. There are several names mentioned in connection with every office.

Messages addressed to the following-named persons are at the Western Union Telegraph office: E. B. Polk, J. L. Sanderson, Mrs. J. K. Dorsey.

The old and decrepit Chinese of this city are being shipped back to China. About twenty of the measly creatures left for Hongkong on Wednesday.

The Y-street levee is being made one of the best drive-ways in the city. Street Commissioner Ryan has a large force laboring upon it, and they are doing good work.

The Sacramento river at noon yesterday stood at the 17-foot mark. The American river during the twenty-four hours preceding 12 o'clock yesterday fell two and a half feet.

Yesterday a large number of persons stood in front of the RECORD-UNION bulletin-board all day, anxious to see the latest dispatches from the Democratic Convention at San Jose.

Three of the China tan-players have been released on bail. They have employed counsel, and are going to fully test the legality of the ordinance under which they were arrested.

FOURTH OF JULY AT PLACERVILLE.—The citizens of Placerville have concluded to have an old time barbecue, procession, oration, etc., at Placerville on the Fourth of July. In the afternoon there will be racing over the Placerville track. The first will be a running race, free for all; distance, a half mile and repeat. On the 5th of July there will be a half mile and repeat race, free for all horses owned in the district May 20, 1882, barring Rondo, Red Oak, Betsy McGuire and Minnie Norris. Purse, $150. First horse, $100; second horse, $50. Isaac Eddy, the genial proprietor of the track, has had the track put in excellent condition, and it is said to be equal to the best in the State.

OPEN AIR CONCERT TO-NIGHT.—The First Artillery band play at the Plaza Park this evening. The following pieces of music will be rendered: March, "First Artillery;" grand fantasia, overture; andante and waltz; serenade, "Sweet Spirit Hear My Prayer;" andante and polka, from "Patience;" "Dancing in the Moonlight," schottische; "Home, Sweet Home."

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

W. G. Brown, of Nicolaus, is in town.
S. Ahrendt, of Stockton, is in the city.
Irish and flecile laces are both in high favor.
J. C. Goldsmith returned to the bay yesterday.
Side robes are seen on all very dressy costumes.
P. F. Scott came down from Blue Canyon yesterday.
Mrs. J. D. Bailey, of Allen Springs, is visiting the city.
Frank Gilman came down from Marysville yesterday.
Silk skirts are preferred to all others for underwear.
Stockings have become marvels of lace and openwork.
The capote of medium size is the bonnet of full dress.
Few underskirts are worn, and those are not starched.
Drawers are not gathered in at the knees for summer wear.
Underskirts are short and trimmed with heavy lace or embroidery.
George H. Hunt, of Oakland, and A. C. Niles, of Nevada city, are in the city.
Charles Traver has returned to the city from his ranch in Mendocino county.
Mrs. Laura Perry (nee Dray) is spending a few days with her friends in this city.
J. J. Meacham, of Nevada city, passed through yesterday on a visit to Courtland.
Very low embroidered slippers are worn with embroidered stockings; the embroideries should match.
Black lace insteps for stockings are worn with black dresses, and colored lace ones with colored toilets.
J. W. Shanklin passed Newhall on the Southern route yesterday. He will arrive in Sacramento this afternoon.
Arrivals at the Eldred House: B. F. McCafferey, Hicksville; D. D. Lawton, Theodore Sanders, Samuel Gamble, Cosumnes; J. W. Gafford, Davisville; Henry Fay, Stone House; Wm. Love, Grayson; Chas. Ferguson, Tulare.
A new caprice in millinery shows narrow turned-over collars of lace or embroidery that are open on the side of the neck instead of in front. A neck-ribbon of plain tinted gros grain passes around the neck, and there is a small bow at the side.
At 2 P. M. yesterday, E. H. Tryon and Addie I. Eskridge were married at the residence of the bride's mother, 1116 Ninth street, by Rev. I. E. Dwinell. Quite a number of invited guests were present, some of them from San Francisco. The newly married couple left on the 3:50 train for San Francisco. During their wedding tour, which will extend over four weeks, they will visit Monterey, Santa Cruz and the various summer resorts of the coast.

THE USE OF AMMONIA IN BAKING POWDERS.

Its Importance as a Culinary Agent.

[Scientific American.]

The recent discoveries in science and chemistry are fast revolutionizing our daily domestic economies. Old methods are giving way to the light of modern investigation, and the habits and methods of our fathers and mothers are stepping down and out, to be succeeded by the new ideas with marvelous rapidity. In no department of science, however, have more rapid strides been made than in its relations to the preparation and preservation of human food. Scientists, having discovered how to traverse space, furnish heat, and heat time itself, by the application of natural forces, and to do a hundred other things promotive of the comfort and happiness of human kind, are naturally turning their attention to the development of other agencies and powers that shall add to the years during which man may enjoy the blessings set before him.

Among the recent discoveries in this direction, none is more important than the uses to which common ammonia can be properly put as a leavening agent, and which indicates that this familiar salt is hereafter to perform an active part in the preparation of our daily food.

The carbonate of ammonia is an exceedingly volatile substance. Place a small portion of it upon a knife and hold over a flame, and it will almost immediately be entirely developed into gas and pass off into the air. The gas thus formed is a single composition of nitrogen and hydrogen. No residue is left from the ammonia. This gives it its superiority as a leavening power over soda and cream of tartar when used alone, and has induced its use as a supplement to these articles. A small quantity of ammonia in the dough is effective in producing bread that will be lighter, sweeter and more wholesome than that risen by any other leavening agent. When it is acted upon by the heat of baking the leavening gas that raises the dough is liberated. In this act it uses itself up, as it were; the ammonia is entirely diffused, leaving no trace of residuum whatever. The light, fluffy, flaky appearance, so desirable in biscuits, etc., and so sought after by professional cooks, is said to be imparted to them only by the use of this agent.

The bakers and baking powder manufacturers producing the finest goods have been quick to avail themselves of this useful discovery, and the handsomest and best bread and cake are now largely risen by the aid of ammonia, combined, of course, with other leavening material.

Ammonia is one of the best known products of the laboratory. If, as seems to be justly claimed for it, the application of its properties to the purposes of cooking results in giving us lighter and more wholesome bread, biscuit and cake, it will prove a boon to dyspeptic humanity, and will speedily force itself into general use in the new field to which science has assigned it.

THE Magnetic Corset at Hale's.

THE CONVENTION.

Continued Proceedings at San Jose—An Addition to the List of Candidates—Speeches of the Nominees—They All Indorse the Platform—The Unit Rule Broken—Balloting for Governor—Hearst and Stoneman Steadily Gaining—Seven Ballots Taken without Choice—Adjournment Until This Morning.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SAN JOSE, June 22d.—The convention was called to order at 9:30, President Boggs presiding.

Lovell, of Santa Clara, said he had been requested to place in nomination for Governor Lawrence Archer, a gentleman not without his history or record. He had always with ready ability sustained the principles of the Democratic party. The services of Archer in the Legislature were commended.

C. W. Quilty, of Santa Clara, seconded the nomination in a speech of flowery eloquence.

Wallace Leach, of Los Angeles, also seconded the nomination of Archer. He found Archer a Democrat at the time the shovelry had gone to the sand-lot, and when the chivalry were reclining in easy chairs smoking imported cigars. If he were not nominated he would not intimate, as was intimated yesterday, that there would be a third party. [Loud and prolonged cheering.]

This referred to an intimation in Terry's speech last evening, when seconding Stoneman's nomination.

Ball of Yolo eulogized Jo Hamilton, and withdrew his name, because of illness.

THE CANDIDATES ON THE PLATFORM.

The President announced that the candidates, according to the resolution, would subscribe to the platform before the balloting begun.

Clay W. Taylor was the first introduced, and was greeted by a storm of applause. Taylor recognized the compliment, saying there was never a time in the history of the State when more auspicious circumstances surrounded the Democracy. He referred briefly to the grand old Jeffersonian principles, and predicted that the immortal party would wrest the State from Republicanism. Democracy was opposed to centralization, legislative monopoly and corporate oppression. The party steadfastly holds that the creature must be subservient to the creator. Corporations must be controlled by the people and for the people. The record recently made by the Democratic party in Congress on the Chinese question was commended and glorified. He spoke also of loyalty to the party, and said the greatest danger besetting the organization was the exhilaration which springs from the confidence of victory. Work was needed to insure success, and each member must participate. If elected Governor, he would be the Governor of the whole people, discharging his duty with love of country and fear of God. If your choice should fall upon another, I shall cheerfully acquiesce. I heartily and cordially indorse your platform.

Griffith of Fresno indorsed the platform on behalf of Berry.

Johnson was next introduced, and the applause was tremendous. Three cheers were given.

Johnson indorsed every Democratic platform. He abided by the declarations of Democratic Conventions. I am a candidate for Governor. If you believe it to be your duty to nominate me, do so. I am not in a position to tell you your duty, but I can ask you to reflect the wishes of the party. If I am nominated I will lead you to victory. If not, I shall cheerfully support whoever is your choice. I spit upon with loathing and contempt the hired followers who come to San Jose to howl monopoly against my name. God knows, and I know, and every man in the Convention who knows me knows, that I have been a defender of the people. My history is an open book. It is written that I was the first man to take the stump in California against the encouragement of corporate power. Is there one single act of my life to justify the charge that I am interested with corporate power? [Cries of "No, no."] I am making these utterances to go out among those who do not know me so well as you here assembled.

George Hearst's name was hailed with applause. Mr. Hearst said: If any of you expect a set speech from me, you will be disappointed. I am more of a worker than a speaker. I am a candidate for the high office of Governor, and think I understand and appreciate the wants of the people. I indorse your platform, and every line written therein. If I should be called to the exalted place, I shall endeavor to give you a good, pure, honest Democratic administration, in the interests of the people. If not nominated, I will be found in the ranks working for the nominee of your choice. I think I have done my share to develope the resources and wealth of this State. He spoke of his constant employment of white men, and said: I make no apology for myself. I have lived here for thirty-two years, and you know what I am. That is the best evidence of a man.

General Stoneman was loudly and heartily cheered. He said: I am cited to appear before you to indorse the platform of this Convention. I have carefully considered your resolutions, and indorse them in detail and as a whole. I have no security to offer you for the future but my record of the past.

Lawrence Archer made a long speech, indorsing the platform and reviewing many of the principal political issues of the century. He recognized the tacit pledge of every man to perpetuate the good of his country. He pledged himself, if elected, to see the laws executed faithfully, as the Constitution requires. If an attempt should be made to organize a third party, it would meet with my hearty condemnation. [Prolonged cheering.]

THE CANDIDATES IN A BODY.

The five candidates for Governor were then trotted out together, to bow their acknowledgments.

President Boggs said this was done to gratify a little vanity on the part of the candidates, who desired the ladies to see them.

After reviewing the squad, and when the Convention had ceased cheering, the President said: "If this is not a bouquet of beauty, it is certainly a galaxy of statesmanship. The candidates have pooled their issues and agreed to support the nominee of the Convention."

The Convention then proceed to the roll call for Governor.

A BREEZE OVER THE UNIT RULE.

The first fight was on the unit rule.

The vote of Alameda was cast, twenty for Stoneman.

Gibbons rose and said: "I claim the privilege of voting my own convictions."

McCleverty, Chairman of the delegation, said the delegates had been instructed to vote as a unit.

Gibbons replied that he did not recognize the unit rule. The instructions were a farce, and the attempt to make the delegation vote solid was a piece of machine bossism. "I claim the right to have my vote recorded as I cast it. I ask it—I demand it."

Hirschberg said the Convention in Alameda county, by a large majority, adopted the unit rule.

Cries of "Call the role."

It was moved as the sense of the Convention that each delegate be allowed to cast his vote as he saw proper.

Hirschberg of Alameda was recognized, and resumed his speech. He read the resolution of the Convention of Alameda instructing the delegates to vote as a unit for the choice of the majority.

McGarvey of Mendocino raised the point of order that the Convention had no right to interfere with the instructions of Alameda county.

The Chair ruled that the unit rule had been recognized in the Convention, and he would decide that the delegation had the right to cast the vote as the majority directed.

Instantly an appeal was taken from the Chair.

Dibble of Nevada spoke of the attempt of Fagan, Cameron and other "bosses" to enforce the unit rule, but it was broken in that party.

The roll call on the appeal was demanded.

Dr. Shorb explained his vote, saying that he disliked to vote against the Chair, but he could not vote to maintain a rule in a Democratic Convention so infernally mean that the Republican party had repudiated it.

This remark excited the ire of an Alameda delegate, and a side scene looked imminent.

The Chair announced that the Convention had refused to sustain the Chair.

The vote stood 166 ayes to 286 noes.

The San Francisco delegation voted 98 noes and 8 ayes.

Scenes of confusion followed.

The Chair ordered the roll of the Alameda delegation.

More confusion resulted, and many indignant remarks were made by the delegates concerning those who came to the Convention to break pledges and the instructions of the people.

Martin of Alameda explained his vote. Referring to the resolution of instruction of the Alameda Convention, "Seventeen of the 20 delegates," he said, "are here to obey the will of the people who elected them."

FIRST BALLOT.

The delegation voted 19 for Stoneman and 1 for Berry.

San Francisco voted 77 for Hearst, 19 for Johnson, 8 for Stoneman, 3 for Taylor, and 2 for Berry.

First ballot—Whole number of votes cast on first ballot, 455; necessary to a choice, 228. Hearst, 126; Johnson, 67; Stoneman, 117; Berry, 65; Taylor, 60; Archer, 20.

The following is an analysis of the first ballot by counties:

COUNTIES.	Hearst.	Stoneman.	Johnson.	Taylor.	Berry.	Archer.	Total.
Alameda	..	19	..	..	1	..	20
Alpine	..	1	..	..	..	..	1
Amador	5	..	1	2	..	..	8
Butte	6	3	..	1	..	..	10
Calaveras	5	1	1	..	..	..	7
Colusa	..	..	..	..	1	8	9
Contra Costa	1	3	2	..	..	..	6
Del Norte	..	..	..	..	2	..	2
El Dorado	..	2	..	3	4	..	9
Fresno	..	1	..	..	6	..	7
Humboldt	..	..	..	..	5	..	5
Inyo	..	2	..	..	..	..	2
Kern	..	3	..	..	1	..	4
Lake	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Lassen	..	..	..	..	3	..	3
Los Angeles	..	9	6	..	..	..	15
Marin	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
Mariposa	..	1	3	..	..	..	4
Mendocino	..	4	1	3	..	..	8
Merced	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
Modoc	..	..	..	4	4	..	8
Mono	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
Monterey	..	2	4	1	..	..	7
Napa	..	..	..	..	6	..	6
Nevada	10	..	1	..	..	..	11
Placer	..	1	2	..	5	..	8
Plumas	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
Sacramento	..	1	2	..	12	..	15
San Benito	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
San Bernardino	..	..	5	..	..	..	5
San Diego	..	1	2	..	1	..	4
San Francisco	76	8	13	6	2	..	108
San Joaquin	..	13	..	..	..	..	13
San Luis Obispo	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
San Mateo	..	4	..	1	..	..	5
Santa Barbara	..	3	1	1	..	..	5
Santa Clara	..	3	3	..	3	1	11
Santa Cruz	..	4	3	..	..	..	7
Shasta	..	..	..	5	..	..	5
Sierra	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
Siskiyou	..	..	..	6	..	..	6
Solano	..	2	3	2	4	..	11
Sonoma	..	3	7	..	4	..	14
Stanislaus	..	5	2	1	..	..	8
Sutter	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
Tehama	..	2	..	4	..	..	6
Trinity	..	..	4	3	..	..	7
Tulare	..	..	8	..	..	..	8
Tuolumne	..	..	2	3	1	..	6
Ventura	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Yolo	..	2	2	..	3	..	7
Yuba	..	1	1	..	5	..	7

Great confusion ensued, and a motion for a recess until 1:30 P. M. was declared carried.

Hearst's vote is a disappointment to his followers.

AFTERNOON SESSION—ANOTHER RESOLUTION.

The Convention reassembled at 1:30 P. M., President Boggs in the chair.

The annexed resolution was read, and a question arose whether the Committee on Resolutions had reported favorably to it:

Resolved, That the correct principle which should govern the Railroad Commissioner, elected under the Constitution of this State, in fixing rates of fares and freights to be collected by the railroads of this State, is first to ascertain the value in cash of the franchise, rolling stock, road bed and appurtenances, and upon such valuation to fix the rate of fares and freights; that after paying the running expense of the road, to pay to the shareholders six per cent. per annum on the valuation made as aforesaid.

The closing paragraph pledges the nominees for Railroad Commissioners to this plan.

Wallace Leach threatened that his people would not be governed by the decree of the Convention on this subject.

The point of order was raised and sustained that only balloting for Governor was in order.

SECOND BALLOT.

All resolutions were then referred, and the second ballot for Governor began, resulting as follows: Hearst 128, Johnson 65, Stoneman 117, Berry 66, Taylor 61, Archer 17, B. D. Murphy 1. Whole number of votes cast, 454; necessary to a choice, 228.

THIRD BALLOT.

The third ballot resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast, 452. Hearst 120, Stoneman 123, Johnson 63, Taylor 62, Berry 66, Archer 12.

The San Francisco delegation voted: Hearst 75, Stoneman 9, Johnson 19, Taylor 3, Berry 2.

Rogers of Mendocino said that in obedience to the wishes of his constituents he had been voting for Berry; but now, exercising the right of his own judgment, he voted for Taylor.

Hearst gained one in Alameda.

FOURTH BALLOT.

The fourth ballot resulted: Whole number of votes, 452. Hearst 134, Stoneman 120, Johnson 62, Taylor 72, Berry 55, Archer 8.

San Francisco voted: Hearst 76, Stoneman 9, Johnson 18, Berry 2, Taylor 3.

FIFTH BALLOT.

The fifth ballot resulted: Whole number of votes, 457. Hearst 143, Stoneman 122, Johnson 55, Taylor 91, Berry 97, Archer 9.

Hearst gained three votes in Contra Costa and one in San Diego.

At 5 P. M. a motion to adjourn was lost.

SIXTH BALLOT.

Sixth ballot: Hearst 146, Johnson 52, Stoneman 130, Taylor 96, Berry 23, Archer 7.

SEVENTH BALLOT.

Before the seventh ballot was taken a motion was made to adjourn. The Chair declared it lost, and for ten minutes the utmost confusion prevailed in an endeavor to override the decision.

Quiet was finally restored and the seventh ballot proceeded, resulting as follows: Hearst 151, Stoneman 136, Johnson 52, Taylor 92, Berry 17.

SEVENTH BALLOT BY COUNTIES.

COUNTIES.	Hearst.	Stoneman.	Johnson.	Taylor.	Berry.	Archer.	Totals.
Alameda	..	19	..	..	..	..	20
Alpine	..	..	..	..	..	..	3
Amador	4	..	1	3	..	..	8
Butte	6	3	..	1	..	..	10
Calaveras	5	1	1	..	..	..	7
Colusa	..	1	..	6	2	..	9
Contra Costa	..	1	..	..	..	..	6
Del Norte	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
El Dorado	4	1	..	4	..	..	9
Fresno	3	3	..	..	1	..	7
Humboldt	1	..	..	..	4	..	5
Inyo	2	..	..	..	..	..	2
Kern	..	3	..	1	..	..	4
Lake	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Lassen	..	..	..	3	..	..	3
Los Angeles	..	9	6	..	..	..	15
Marin	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
Mariposa	..	1	3	..	..	..	4
Mendocino	..	..	4	..	4	..	8
Merced	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
Modoc	..	..	..	4	..	..	4
Mono	5	..	..	..	..	..	5
Monterey	..	1	3	3	..	..	7
Napa	1	5	..	..	..	..	6
Nevada	10	..	1	..	..	..	11
Placer	..	1	2	..	5	..	8
Plumas	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
Sacramento	1	2	..	12	..	..	15
San Benito	..	..	..	4	..	..	4
San Bernardino	..	..	5	..	..	..	5
San Diego	1	2	..	1	..	..	4
San Francisco	76	8	13	6	2	..	108
San Joaquin	..	13	..	..	..	..	13
San Luis Obispo	..	5	..	..	..	..	5
San Mateo	4	..	1	..	..	..	5
Santa Barbara	3	1	1	..	..	..	5
Santa Clara	3	3	..	3	1	4	14
Santa Cruz	4	3	..	..	..	..	7
Shasta	..	..	..	5	..	..	5
Sierra	..	..	4	..	..	..	4
Siskiyou	..	..	..	6	..	..	6
Solano	2	3	2	4	..	..	11
Sonoma	3	7	..	4	..	..	14
Stanislaus	5	2	1	..	..	..	8
Sutter	..	..	..	..	4	..	4
Tehama	..	2	..	4	..	..	6
Trinity	..	..	4	3	..	..	7
Tulare	..	..	8	..	..	..	8
Tuolumne	..	..	2	3	1	..	6
Ventura	..	4	..	..	..	..	4
Yolo	2	2	..	3	..	..	7
Yuba	3	1	1	3	..	..	7

Adjourned until 9 A. M. to-morrow.

THE SITUATION AT MIDNIGHT.

SAN JOSE, June 22d—Midnight.—The fight is now fiercer than at any time since the first car-load of delegates arrived. Terrific efforts are being made to fix things so that a choice for Governor can be arrived at on the first or second ballot to-morrow morning. It is feared that otherwise another whole day will be passed with no advance towards the end. Rumors are rife of compromises and combinations, but nothing definite is known outside of the rooms where the pooling arrangements are supposed to be going on.

A half dozen district delegate meetings were held early in the evening, but most of them adjourned early to give the anxious delegates an opportunity to return to the streets and join in the general and excited discussion and hard work. The Second and Third Congressional District delegates met to nominate Congressmen, but neither did any work. There is a feeling that any Congressional nomination made at this time might affect the gubernatorial fight, and it is not likely that any such work will be done until the principal battle is decided.

The First Railroad Commission District delegates are the only ones who stuck at work. They are now voting for a Railroad Commissioner in the California Theater, with every prospect of an all night session. The candidates are Geo. J. Carpenter, of El Dorado; W. S. Green, of Colusa; William M. Crutcher, of Placer, and H. M. Larue, of Sacramento. Carpenter leads in the fight, but the disposition to create deadlocks is contagious, and the fight is a hard one.

The Third Railroad Commission District delegates also met, but the anxiety to take a hand in the general fight was too strong to admit of any business being done.

The First Congressional District fight between Ferral, Wallace, Rosecrans, Sumner and Frost, is waxing warm. The latter's position in the fight is merely ornamental, as he cuts no material figure here. Sumner will be satisfied with Congressman at large if Ferral takes the First District, and the general impression here now is that he will.

Mr. Hearst's delegates caucused to-night, and there are fresh rumors afloat to the effect that an effort has been made to effect a combination in the interest of their candidate.

A pretty reliable authority announces that Berry will be withdrawn from the fight tomorrow, and it is the prevailing impression that the conflict will soon be narrowed down to Stoneman and Taylor, with the chances in favor of the latter.

Rumors, too, are rife that another "dark horse" will be trotted out to counteract the effect of the stampede in favor of Taylor.

Johnson's friends are still pretty confident that in the event of a break in the Hearst ranks—an event which they confidently predict will take place—a good number of the latter's supporters will fly to Johnson's standard.

Messrs. Haggin and Tevis are now here in the interest of Hearst. It is announced that they will do all in their power to secure his nomination.

LATER.—The First Railroad Commission District delegates have adjourned without a nomination. Five ballots were taken. The last ballot stood: Carpenter 66, Green 3, Larue 70. Necessary to a choice, 84. Crutcher was withdrawn after the fourth ballot.

COAST AND STATE.

The Stockton Gun Club held a pigeon-shooting match on its grounds, near Stockton, last Wednesday.

Merced has a fat boy who is 15 years old and kicks the beam at 285 pounds. The town has hopes of his reaching 300.

Two new schooners, the Fidelity and the Mary Dodge, were successf