DISASTER AT RED BLUFF.

Best Business Portion of the Town Destroyed by Fire—Rapid Work of the Flames—Herculean Efforts of the Citizens to Stay their Progress—Half a Million Dollars Gone Up in Smoke—List of Losses and Insurance.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

RED BLUFF, August 18th.—About 10 o'clock last night the fire bell rung, the cry of fire was heard on Main street, and the people were flocking toward the scene with the swiftness that can be better imagined than described. Upon reaching Main street it was soon discovered that the fire had originated in the cellar of Colonel J. G. Stock's cigar store, in the old Luna House corral building, centrally located. The alarm spread all over the city, and the streets were alive with people.

THE BELLS RANG FURIOUSLY

And the whistle at the water works also sounded the alarm. The firemen were on the ground promptly, and both the hand engine and the steamer were put to work to try to stop the devouring element. By this time flames had burst out through the roof of the Luna House, and also through the roof of Edwards' saloon. Then the fruit store of Ed. Walbridge, north of Edwards' saloon, took fire, when the flames soon leaped over Paul Stoll's new brick harness shop, which he had moved into this week, and set fire to McCarthy's boot and shoe shop and George W. Vestal's meat market, still north of McCarthy; but by a terrible effort on the part of the firemen in charge of the steamer the fire was stopped without doing much damage to the two last-named buildings. W. H. Bahney's drug store, adjoining Stocks', was the next building to take fire, and then the wooden buildings in the rear of C. W. Fickert's furniture store.

THE WIND

Up to and before this time had been quite calm; now it commenced to blow from the north, and Fickett's furniture store was discovered to be on fire, as also the building adjoining on the south, occupied by the Bank of Tehama County, and Wells, Fargo & Co., and Signal Sergeant's office up-stairs. Then the brick building of L. H. D. Lange caught fire, the lower story of which was occupied by Gertsenberger & Kuhn, jewelers, and Charley Lange's barber shop, and offices and families up-stairs. A. J. Loomis' two-story frame building, on the corner of Main and Oak, next caught fire, and with the adjoining buildings on the west were soon

ENVELOPED IN FLAMES,

As was also the saloon of Fish & Weeks, M. R. Hook & Simpson's real estate and insurance office, and Henry Weitfeldt's blacksmith shop. The whole half of the block east of the alley, north of Oak and south of Pine, except the Luna corral stable, was one burning mass. The heat was now intense, and the firemen and citizens turned their attention to the Masonic Temple, to try to save it; but all exertions were futile, for in less than half an hour after the balcony took fire the whole building was in flames. About the same time that the Temple took fire, Major John Brady's elegant new wooden livery stable, the finest in northern California, became enveloped in flames, and it soon became a mass of ruins. Next came the Red Bluff Hotel, adjoining the Masonic Temple on the south, and the death-dealing and monster flames started heavenward with demoniacal fury. The two-story frame house of Mrs. Sally Smith, occupied by Misses Sallie Marshal and Waters as a dressmaking establishment, and Mrs. Sleeth's residence, took fire and soon were burned to ashes.

THE HEAT

At this time became so intense that the wood work of the recently constructed Good Templars' Hall, opposite the Red Bluff Hotel, took fire, as did also Johnny Clements' one-story brick, north of the latter building, and Olendorf's, occupied by Robinson as a restaurant, and the *Sentinel* building, occupied by the broom factory and Cady's tailor shop, on the south. The wind now was blowing a gale from the north, which caused the flames to spread to James Gooch's brick building, occupied by George H. Mayhew, general merchandise dealer, and Charles Brown's cigar manufactory. From the Marysville Store the flames leaped to J. C. Gooch's and D. W. Gebney's residences, both of which soon succumbed to the devouring element. Meanwhile the fire had completely enveloped the Good Templars' building and John Clements' building on the corner, in which was the Postoffice and store, and Haberland & Winters' I. X. L. Store, and Judge C. A. Comstock's Justice of the Peace office. The heat was intense while all these

MANY BUILDINGS WERE BURNING,

Which set fire to the residence of C. W. Lange, back of the alley, which was soon burned to the ground. As the fire spread from block to block, the engines took up a new position so as to stop the terrible destroyer. While Lange's building was burning the old Confidence tub made an attachment to the fire-plug at the bridge and got a stream on the burning buildings. Dr. Dodson's and Marshal McCommon's residences, south of Lange's, were with seeming superhuman efforts on the part of both fire companies, aided by citizens, saved from destruction. Meanwhile the steamer had been doing good work, and succeeded in checking the fire, after it had burned. Dr. Esterle's new residence back of Mrs. Sleeth's residence, on Washington street.

ESTIMATE OF LOSSES.

At this writing (3 A. M.) It is impossible to give anything like a correct estimate of individual loss, but we will simply give an estimate of the heaviest losers: Masonic Temple, $25,000; insurance $15,000; Red Bluff Hotel and furniture, $30,000; John Clements, $15,000; Good Templars' Hall, unfinished, $6,000; insurance $3,000; *Sentinel* building and office, $10,000; J. C. Gooch, $15,000; D. W. Gedney, building and furniture, $6,000; John Brady, livery stable, etc., $6,000; A. J. Loomis, building, etc., $4,000; L. H. D. Lange, two buildings, furniture, etc., $15,000; C. W. Fickert, furniture, etc., $25,000; W. H. Bahney, building, drugs, etc., $20,000; M. Corrigan, Luna House, $15,000—making a total of at least $500,000. This is the most terrible calamity that has ever befallen our city, and it will take a long time to recover from it.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

Another Account of the Disaster—Full List of Losses and Insurance.

RED BLUFF, August 18th.—Last night the largest and most destructive fire northern California has ever experienced occurred at 10 o'clock. The fire started in the old Luna House, on Main street, between Pine and Oak, in the heart of the business portion of the town. The adjoining frame dwellings on the north—all old structures—rapidly caught fire, and were almost consumed when the firemen got to work. The heat from these buildings communicated to the brick-work in Bahney's brick drug store, in which was stored a considerable amount of oils, paints, etc., and it was soon a blazing pile. Then followed in rapid succession the buildings containing Fickert's furniture store, and the United States Signal Service office, the Bank of Tehama county, the office of the County Treasurer, and Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express and the Western Union telegraph office. The two buildings containing these businesses belonged to C. W. Fickert, and were of brick. After them followed the Palace Saloon and Gerstenberger & Kuhn's jewelry store, both handsome places, and C. W. Lange's barber shop, all on the first floor, and law offices on the second floor, the property of L. H. D. Lange. The Loomis building on the corner of the street was the next to succumb, which contained a saloon on the lower floor, and law offices in the second story. West of it were Coughlin's paint shop, the Cozy Retreat, Hook & Simpson's insurance agency and Heitfieldt's blacksmith shop. At this point herculean efforts were made by the firemen to save the fire from crossing the street to the Masonic Temple and Brady's fine stable, but after a hard struggle they went with the rest, destroying the handsomest edifice in this part of the State. The Red Bluff Hotel was destroyed, Mosher & Burkitt's store, Mrs. N. Smith's property and Mrs. C. L. Sleeth's home. From the Masonic Temple the fire crossed to the east side of the street, rapidly destroying the Postoffice, Haberland & Winter's store, the Good Templars' Hall (in course of construction), the Olendorf property, the *Sentinel* block, the Gooch block and the residence of J. C. Gooch and D. W. Gedney, and crossing the alley destroyed C. W. Lange's residence, on Main street. A stiff breeze was blowing during the fire, and burning cinders were carried for more than a mile, some setting fire to the house of Dr. Supan, a half mile from the general fire.

The firemen and citizens worked strenuously, the fire keeping them busy until 4 A. M. to-day. Plundering was freely indulged in, and four Chinese and four white men are now in jail. The work of rebuilding will be commenced by many as soon as the insurance is adjusted. The burnt district comprises three blocks of the best portion of the business section. No lives were lost though several mishaps have occurred.

LOSSES AND INSURANCE.

The following is an estimate of the losses, procured direct from the sufferers: Vesper Lodge, No. 84, F. and A. M., $30,000; insurance, $15,000. Cornell & Alvard, $30,000; insurance, $15,000. Marysville Store, $21,000; insurance, $10,000. C. W. Fickert, $20,000; insurance, $16,000. Red Bluff Hotel, $20,000; insurance, $16,000. A. Townsend, $18,000; insurance, $8,000. John Clements, $10,000; insurance, $6,500. A. M. Esterle, $5,000; insurance, $3,000. Haberland & Winter, $18,000; insurance, $6,000. Gerstenberger & Kuhn, $15,000; insurance, $3,000. A. J. Loomis, $5,500; insurance, $3,600. C. F. Jones, $4,000; insurance, $2,000. J. Brady, $8,000; insurance $4,000. G. Geinzendorfer, $3,000; insurance, $1,500. E. Walbridge, $1,900; insurance, $1,500. Occidental Club, $1,200; insurance, $600. Bank of Tehama County, $2,000; insurance, $1,250. D. W. Gedney, $3,500; insurance, $2,500. C. J. Gooch, $8,000; insurance, $3,000. Mrs. L. Lages, $2,000; insurance, $1,000. T. H. Coughlin, $1,800; insurance, $500. James Bond, $6,000; insurance, $2,500. W. F. Edwards, $2,000; insurance, $1,000. Mrs. J. B. Hicks, $4,000; insurance, $2,000. James D. Logan, $250. L. H. D. Lange, $9,750; insurance, $6,500. Palace saloon, $3,500; insurance, $2,000. Saffel & Johnson, on Good Templars' Hall, $5,000; insurance, $3,000. Mrs. N. Smith, $8,000; insurance, $600. J. F. Ellison, $1,000; insurance, $350. C. H. Lange, house, $3,000; insurance, $2,000; shop, $1,500; insurance, $1,000. Dr. G. W. Westlake, $1,500; insurance, $300. United States Signal Service, $1,000; no insurance. J. M. Frantz, $1,000; no insurance. J. G. Stocks, $1,500; insurance, $800. Paul Stoll, $500; insurance, $150. H. C. Weitfeldt, $700; insurance, $500. Fish & Weeks, $1,000; insurance, $800. Misses Marshal & Waters, $500; insurance, $500. Braynard & Ashurst, $1,500; insurance, $1,000. Mosher & Buzkett, $2,500; insurance, $1,200. Postoffice Department, $1,000; insurance, $500. M. Corrigan, $5,000; insurance, $2,200. Morris & Campbell, $500; insurance, $200. W. D. Olendorf, $3,000; insurance, $2,000. Hook & Simpson, $400; insurance, $300. S. D. Schoenfeld, $600. Charles McCarthy, $600; insurance, $350; H. Kraft, $400. Oriental Club, $125; insurance, $80. J. Chadborne, $1,000; insurance, $400. J. W. Lewis, $2,000; insurance, $500. L. C. Graupner, $500; insurance, $500. Charles Christian, $500; insurance, $350. Mrs. C. A. Sleeth, $4,000; insurance, $2,500. And the following who had no insurance: Valentine & Manasse, on Good Templars' Hall, $400; C. A. Comstock, $300; C. R. Barry, $500; B. B. Lee, $250; W. R. Robinson, $400; Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine agency, $1,000; Charles Brown, $850; Chittenden Bros., $400; Robinson Bros.' broom factory, $600; Mrs. Croney, $300.

ADMIRAL NICHOLSON.—Admiral Nicholson, who commands the American fleet at Alexandria, is a man rather below the medium hight and of spare and wiry frame. He wears a long sandy beard and his bright sharp eyes look from under bushy eyebrows. His face has that peculiar appearance frequently seen in men who have lived most of their lives on the water, being seamed and crossed all over by minute wrinkles as if the tracings of the charts he has so often studied had been transferred to his countenance. The Admiral has the faculty of preserving his imperturbability under all circumstances. At dinner on his flagship, the Lancaster, one day, just previous to his departure for the Mediterranean last fall, a waiter, newly shipped, went to uncork a champagne bottle. He cut the strings, holding the head of the bottle toward the Admiral. The cork flew out with a loud "pop," and a fountain of wine spurted over the dignified commander of the Mediterranean fleet. The waiter was petrified with dismay and stood holding the bottle turned full upon his victim till one of the Admiral's staff told the man to turn around, which he did, distributing what was left of the wine impartially over the rest of the company. The Admiral did not move a muscle.

RAPID TRANSIT IN PARIS.—Necessity has at last overcome the reluctance of Parisians to countenance a system of municipal rapid transit. The project of elevated railroads has been abandoned, and the construction of a subterranean line seems to be practically agreed upon. MM. Siben and Soulie, the promoters, propose to form a central line from Saint Cloud to the Lyons terminus, from which would branch a large outer circle and a smaller inner circle, with additional branch lines to the various termini. In the south the railway would pass through the principal business quarter, intersect the boulevards at the Palace de l'Opera, but turn in the north also to the Terminus of the Eastern Company. If the present plans are followed out, the stations of the proposed railway will be very numerous and close to each other; and they will be so constructed as to contain commodious waiting-rooms above ground, communicating with the platforms by means of roomy and handsome staircases. A central station is to be erected at the Palace de la Bourse. The length of the railway, with all its branches, is to be nearly 24 miles. The cost of construction is estimated at $30,000,000. The fare will be 10 cents for any distance, first-class, and 4 cents, second-class. Two-cent tickets will be issued to workmen.

Professor Owen, in his last book, suggests as a title for the opponents of vivisection the "Bestiarians."

PACIFIC SLOPE.

Shooting Affray at Fresno—Santa Barbara Greenbackers—Depredations of the Apaches—Fire at Truckee—Judge Lynch in New Mexico—Locomotive Engineer Killed in Colusa County—Man Injured by a Cartridge Explosion—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

Shooting at Fresno.

FRESNO, August 18th.—Our usually quiet town was thrown into a fever of excitement this afternoon, at a quarter to 2 o'clock, by the report of the shooting of Pinckney J. Hess by Walter J. Brown. Brown had been playing a dice game in the Bank Exchange saloon, when Hensley came in and made some remarks, responded to by Brown in an insulting manner. Hensley went off, but returned, and going to the table where Brown was sitting playing, slapped him on the shoulder and said, "You run a big bluff on me awhile ago, and I think you are a d—d stinker." Brown jumped up and endeavored to throw his hand back to draw his weapon, but Hensley had already drawn his pistol and presented it at Brown, where he held it for a few seconds. In the meantime, Brown recovered himself, and, making a sudden grab, seized the pistol and wrenched it from Hensley's hand. In the struggle the weapon was discharged, the ball from it striking Brown on one of the thighs. The progress of the ball was stopped by a twenty-dollar piece in his pocket, which was bent nearly double, but did him no harm. After losing his pistol, Hensley ran toward the front door of the saloon. Brown pursued, and using Hensley's pistol shot him before he reached the door, the ball striking him in the middle of the back, and ranging upward passed through the right lung and out through the right breast. Hensley continued his flight, running down Mariposa street as far as Bernhard's store—a distance of some 400 feet—where he fell. He was picked up and carried into Bernhard's store, where he was made as comfortable as circumstances would permit. Brown was placed under arrest and taken to jail. Both were young men, Brown being 28 and Hensley 27 years old. They were raised in this county, and were natives of this State.

Railroad Accident in Colusa County.

ORLAND (via Willows), August 18th.—An engine and tender ran off the track to-day at Stony creek, one mile north of Orland. The engineer, W. C. Pickett, jumped, but was caught by the cab of the engine as it fell over, and was instantly killed. Three others on board saved themselves by jumping. Mr. Pickett leaves a wife and child at Willows.

Explosion of a Cartridge.

GRASS VALLEY, August 18th.—Last night at about 9 o'clock, while Z. Manson was preparing giant powder cartridges at the Ontario mine, one of them exploded, seriously if not fatally injuring Mansan and damaging the building to some extent.

The Fire at Truckee.

TRUCKEE, August 18th.—A fire occurred here late yesterday afternoon, in the lumber yard of E. Ellen. Between six and seven thousand feet of lumber was destroyed, and for a time the surrounding buildings were in great danger, but they were finally saved.

Suit for Damages.

NEVADA, August 18th.—Newell P. Reed to-day commenced suit in the Superior Court against Dawson Nichols for $10,000 damages. Last month Nichols had Reed arrested for an alleged attempt to rape his daughter, but upon an examination being held Reed was discharged, there being no evidence upon which to hold him. Reed, who is Nichols' son-in-law, claims damages for injury to his reputation, business, etc.

Santa Barbara Greenbackers.

SANTA BARBARA, August 18th. — The Greenback County Convention to-day nominated a full ticket. Sheriff, J. M. Garretson; Clerk, Miguel Carranza; Treasurer, Jas. A. Blood; Assessor, M. D. Miller; District Attorney, A. A. Oglesby; Superintendent of Schools, Miss Dorcas Wheelock; Surveyor, J. W. Leurs; Coroner, James A. Blood, Jr.; delegates to the State Convention—J. F. Halloway, J. M. Garretson, H. H. Koster, J. A. Cleale, R. T. Buell, James Morse, F. Pierce, Major Wm. Jackson.

A Judge Orders a Prisoner to be Put in Irons in Court.

LOS ANGELES, August 18th.—Yesterday afternoon Henry Gorben, the keeper of a saloon on Requena street, under the United States Hotel, was arrested for whipping his wife and taken before Judge Adams. Before the trial began he attempted to assault his wife in Court, but was ordered by the Judge to be put in irons. It took four men to complete the operations. Mrs. Gorben stated that she had been married to Gorben eight years, and that they had no children. Two months ago he commenced to whip her, but she had always kept the matter quiet on account of the scandal it would create. She was badly cut and bruised in the face, where her brutal husband had struck her. This time she merely meant to call in the police, and did not mean to have him treated so roughly. She said she was anxious to leave town at once, as she was afraid to live any longer with Gorben; but Judge Adams subpenaed her, and the arraignment took place this morning at 9 o'clock.

A Fortune in Hops.

LOS ANGELES, August 18th.—W. S. Maxwell, of this city, has purchased on account of New York dealers the entire crop of hops belonging to J. B. Raine, whose place is in the vicinity of Santa Ana. The crop consists of twenty acres, whose yield averages 3,000 pounds to the acre, making an aggregate of 60,000 pounds. The price paid is 25 cents a pound, running the gross receipts up to $15,000. Five thousand dollars is a liberal allowance for cultivating and handling the crop, which leaves for Mr. Raine the handsome profit of $500 an acre.

Suspension of a Bank.

LOS ANGELES, August 18th.—The Santa Ana Valley Bank has made an assignment and its doors have closed. It seems that the bank carried a very small reserve, and, as there were indications of a run upon it, Mr. Siebert, the manager, made an assignment, so as to save the depositors and creditors. The assets are said to be ample to cover all liabilities, as Mr. Siebert's loans are well secured and drawing a good rate of interest. If no untoward event occurs the institution will be able to resume again.

Republican Mass Meeting—The Delayed Trains.

LOS ANGELES, August 18th.—The Republicans held a mass meeting to-night, and nominated delegates from this city to the State Convention, to be voted for at the primaries to-morrow. The cold water wing, as they are called, got away with the boys, and nominated the following ticket: J. E. Hallenbeck, Cyrus Lyons, Frank A. Gibson, J. S. Slauson, John M. Thomas and G. Wiley Wells. A large minority are dissatisfied, and will undoubtedly put an opposition ticket in the field.

The delayed trains, with passengers and mails from the East, got in this morning. The train due this evening is eight hours late.

ARIZONA.

The Murderous Apaches.

TUCSON, August 18th.—The *Star's* special advices from Guaymas, Sonora, of the 16th say: Word has just been received from Trinidad, Sonora, that the Apaches are depredating fearfully, and committing frightful atrocities in the Sahuaripa district. A large force of Mexicans are in close pursuit of the redskins. At Taratuc ranch the Apaches killed six men; while passing Lamesa Polono, two; in La Cuchilla, two; in Arnico Honda, four; and three hours afterward they attacked El Carrigi, and killed eleven women and a child. The Indians first stripped the women, and, after outraging them in the most brutal manner, put them to death by the most cruel torture. Four of the men of the ranch who were returning saw the houses on fire and fled, the Apaches giving chase. Three of them took refuge in the rocks, and were defending themselves, when the fourth man, who escaped, brought the news to Trinidad. A large force of citizens started at once to the rescue, and couriers were sent in all directions to warn the settlers of the whereabouts of the hostiles. No mail riders have arrived for several days. It is believed all have fallen victims to the Apaches. The estimated number of hostiles is 200, and they are commanded by Juh, the Chiricahua chief, who escaped after the battle with General Feuro last spring. Athenticated reports state that a band of Apaches have penetrated to Alamer, and are depredating there. General Reyes, with a large force in the Sahuaripa district, declares he will not spare a buck, squaw or papoose if he again encounters them.

A New Indian Agent Refuses to Take Charge—Danger of Another Outbreak at San Carlos.

TUCSON, August 18th.—The *Star's* special says: Advices from San Carlos say that P. B. Willcox, the newly appointed Indian Agent, has refused to assume charge, as he found affairs in a frightfully confused condition. The Commissary and Sub-Agent have suddenly turned up missing. The evidence of gross fraud and peculation under Tiffany's administration is alleged to be overwhelming.

The Tonto Apaches are very restless. Last Friday night they had prepared to make a break, but one of their squaws gaves the whites warning, and the Mohave Apaches, the bitter enemies of the Tontos, were armed, and turned out and prevented the emeute. The Tontos offered twenty-five cents for all the cartridges they could get on the day they had fixed for the outbreak. Matters are assuming a serious aspect. Settlers around the reservation are now organizing for the movement. The anti-reservation people are increasing their force in every section. Special agents are visiting all of the principal towns and camps, organizing for any emergency which may arise.

NEW MEXICO.

A Dastardly Outrage Promptly Punished.

ALBUQUERQUE, August 18th.—A dastardly outrage in Socorro was perpetrated by a gambler named Juan Eleverate upon an eight-year-old girl Sunday night, which resulted in his arrest yesterday morning and his being sent to jail under bonds. During the night a mob of 200 men quietly took him from the jail, took him to the little girl, who identified him, and hanged him to a tree. There was very little excitement over the occurrence.

UTAH.

The Commissioners.

SALT LAKE, August 18th.—The Utah Commissioners arrived in the city this evening, accompanied by the Governor, Secretary of the Territory and a number of citizens. At their own request no general reception was given to-night, but one will be tendered them at the Walker Opera House to-morrow night. No developments as to their intentions.

Killed by a Train of Cars.

SALT LAKE, August 18th.—Yesterday morning David G. Bigelow, a brakeman on the Utah Central Railroad, while near Riverside Station, fell from a car and his body was severed in two, eleven loaded cars passing over him.

OREGON.

Arrested on a Charge of Murder—Arrival of a Bishop—Woman Shot and Killed.

PORTLAND, August 18th.—Late last night the police arrested, on a charge of murder, E. M. Jeanini, an Italian, who has been at work with other countrymen at Washougal, W. T., in manufacturing syrup. The arrest was kept secret, awaiting further developments. An investigation by a reporter this afternoon elicits the following facts concerning the crime: Tuesday afternoon a party of Italians started to hunt a pocket-book, which one of the number lost. Two of the crowd, the prisoner and George Ricco, remained at the camp. When the hunting party neared the camp on their return, they heard two pistol shots, and when they reached camp, Ricco had disappeared. Jeanini said he had found the pocket-book in Ricco's pantaloons, had discharged him, and he had started to walk to Vancouver. Subsequent acts of Jeanini led Ricco's friends to believe that the latter had been murdered, and caused the arrest. When questioned by the police the prisoner asserted that Ricco had gone to California. This evening, in an interview with the *Oregonian* reporter, he said he killed Ricco in self-defense, and dragged the body 200 yards up the creek, threw it in and covered it with branches. The Sheriff of Clark county, Washington Territory, has been notified, and will go in search of the body. The police have no jurisdiction in the matter, but will hold the prisoner.

A Yaquina City special says an Indian suspected of the murder of Dr. Hutchinson and son has been arrested and taken to Newport, and will have a preliminary examination to-morrow.

Bishop Hurst, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, arrived here overland to-night, via Boise City. He will preside over the Conference at Albany next week; Dr. Fowler, formerly editor of the New York *Advocate*, accompanies him.

Yesterday afternoon, as Mary Petch and her son, aged 12, were driving home in Moore's valley, Yamhill county, at the foot of the Coast Range mountains, she was shot in the back by an unknown party and instantly killed. The ball, evidently a rifle bullet, entered below the shoulder, ranged downward, and passed out the abdomen. It was fired from a hill about 200 yards above. There is no clue to the perpetrators. A quarrel has existed between a family named Smith and the Petch family over timber cut on disputed ground, and about four weeks ago Mrs. Petch was shot at by some party in concealment. She accused the Smith family of the deed.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Drunken Fracas—One Man Fatally Shot.

WALLA WALLA, August 18th.—Three men named Gus Allen, Harry Nesbit and Pawnee Ed., railroad men, employed on the Northern Pacific, started out to have a good time. They first visited the rooms of the demimonde in the Mix building, and there met Sergeant Dunwoody, of the First Cavalry, and here their fun commenced by pitching the soldier down stairs. They then bragged of what they had done, and visited different saloons in the city. About noon Dunwoody, Nesbit and Allen had a fight, the soldier getting the best of it. Two other soldiers then joined Dunwoody and remained together. The attention of the City Marshal was called to the belligerent state of affairs, but he concluded the trouble was about over, and went about other business. Allen and Nesbit went to Reed's saloon and asked Jack Kay, the bartender, for a pistol. He did not give them one, but soon after Nesbit showed him one, and he had it out, when Mr. Kay saw the three soldiers on the sidewalk, and begged him to hide the weapon. Just then the Sergeant entered, and seeing Nesbit said: "Come out here; I want to have it out with you." Kay told him he had better leave, and had almost succeeded in persuading him, when Allen came out of a water-closet, and after speaking to Dunwoody, struck him, and the fight commenced. Nesbit got a blow in the face, and Allen, armed with a billiard cue, beat the soldier out of the room, and was standing inside the door, when one of the soldiers named Reynolds fired his pistol from the sidewalk where he was standing, the ball striking Allen near the naval, inflicting a wound that will in all probability be a fatal one. Another shot was fired by Nesbit, the ball entering the right hand of Dunwoody. When shot Allen fell near the bar, vomiting, and laid down near the floor. He was taken to St. Mary's Hospital, where he lies in a very precarious state. His physician gives it as his opinion that he cannot survive many hours. He is now insensible. The soldier is suffering from lockjaw, and his situation is considered very critical. Mr. Kay had a very narrow escape, he being in the direct line of the flight of the ball. Shortly after, in the evening, another fracas occurred between two men, one named Alexander Johnson being beaten fearfully over the head with a gin bottle.

CLIPPINGS.

England's standing army numbers, counting all ranks, 133,210 men.

Miss Nellie Grace edits the largest paper at Eureka Springs—a daily and a double-sheet weekly.

The Empress of Germany has for many years given much of her time to the study and improvement of the people's stoves and kitchens.

It is said that a Cuban who has fought five duels to protect his sacred honor is now in jail for attempting to cheat his washerwoman out of $3.

San Francisco Stock Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 18 h.

MORNING SESSION.

400 Ophir	2 15@2 10	650 S. Nevada	4 30
63 Mexican	5	160 Utah	2
60 G. & O.	22	150 Bullion	16
310 B. & B.	5½	200 Exchequer	20c
220 California	20@15c	150 Oro	15c
250 Prize	65c	200 Argenta	70c
500 Savage	7c	100 Belcher	22c
340 Con. Vir.	4@4c	130 Union	5¾
1400 Chollar	1 25@1 40	50 Alta	45c
150 Potosi	50c	60 Occidental	2½
8 O. H. and N.	9c	500 Syndicate	10c
80 C. Point	55c	450 Albion	1 70@1
100 Y. Jacket	1	60 Scorpion	50
200 Eureka Con	55c	45 Pinal	1 60
400 Mt. Diablo	4	420 Belle Isle	40@45c
60 Kentuck	5c	30 Silver King	13½
50 Alpha	95c	2 0 Star	20c

AFTERNOON SESSION.

55 Eureka	12½@14	900 Potosi	6@65c
3 0 Metallic	15c	620 Savage	70@73c
150 Manhattan	1	330 Mexican	5
650 Prize	65c	550 Chollar	1 40@1 35
200 Argenta	65	520 Opnir	2 10
600 Navajo	56@55	10 Bodie	5
100 Day	14	160 B. & B.	5½@5
25 Albion	1	150 G. & O.	2 10
200 N. Belle Isle	50c	26 S. Nevada	4
1000 Syndicate	5c	20 Y. Jacket	1
50 Mt. Potosi	90c	250 Hale & N.	90@95c
50 No. Noonday	65c	150 Utah	2
80 Atlas	4	350 Alta	4½c
100 Oro	2c	150 Bullion	16c
150 Noonday	75	100 Overman	25c
200 Union	5½@5¾		

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 18th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Market active and prices steady. Best City Extra, $5 50@6 62½; Superfine, $4 50@4 75; Interior Extra, $4 75@5 25; Interior Superfine, $3 75@4 ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—An outside sale of No. 1 shipping at $1 67½ was reported to-day. On call there were no spot transactions. The fact is, there is too little Wheat for immediate handling to admit of any extended business. Farmers are holding back supplies, and buyers have to pay asking prices if their necessities be at all urgent. There is doubtless plenty of grain in the State, but it is very slow in coming forward. The speculative feeling is not very pronounced, though a few operators are disposed to purchase away ahead as far as January, but the extreme buying figures so far have been limited for No. 2 White to $1 63½ for September, $1 64½ for October, $1 61½ for November and $1 65 for January. Millers claim to be paying $1 70@1 71½ for small parcels of choice quality. Freights for a day or two have been somewhat easier, and if exporters should be able to charter hereafter on better terms, the farming interest would to some extent share in the advantage. At the Produce Exchange the only sales recorded this morning were 100 tons No. 1 White, August, Port Costa, alongside ship, $1 67½; 100 do October, regular, $1 60 ⅌ ctl. No. 2 White was offered at Port Costa in September for $1 64½ against $1 63½ ⅌ ctl bid.

Quotations of No. 2 grades at leading centers today are telegraphed as follows:

	Chicago.	St. Louis.	New York.
Spot, ⅌ cental	$1 70	$1 60½	$1 88½
August	1 69½	1 61	1 85½
September	1 64	1 62½	1 89½
October	1 62½	1 63½	1 91½
November	1 63½	1 65½	1 93½

BARLEY—At the Grain Exchange yesterday afternoon the operations in No. 1 Feed were rather lively, and some 1,200 tons changed hands in very brief time. The purchases were wholly on October account, varying in price from $1 24 to $1 24½ per ctl. Business at the Produce Exchange this morning was slow. There was a fair amount of bidding, but the views of operators seemed to be wider apart than usual, and transactions were consequently limited. The sales embraced 100 tons No. Feed, October, $1 25; 100 do September, $1 24; 100 do November, $1 26½ ⅌ ctl. Chevalier is wholly neglected. A month ago there was considerable inquiry for September and October delivery, but just now there is no demand. Brewing is meeting with some slight attention, and will likely soon become a more prominent feature in 'Change operations. A private circular, issued by Messrs. Brooke, of Philadelphia, under date of August 9th says: "The present indications are that the Barley market will be opened this year as last by the malsters, who will generally want to start their houses early if the grain can be offered at fair prices. This disposition is fairly indicated by the sales of about 100,000 ctls No. 1 Canada in New York at $1 for September and October delivery. Our general advices from the West and New York State, as well as Canada, are that an increased breadth was sown, that the yield is large, and that only the quality remained to be determined by the harvesting weather." Closing figures on call to day were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
No. 1 Brewing—		
Spot	$1 30	$1 37½
No. 2 Brewing—		
September	1 23	1 30
No. 1 Feed—		
Spot	.....	1 27½
August	1 24½	1 26
September	1 23½	1 24½
October	1 24½	1 25
November	1 26	1 26½
Seller 1882	1 21	1 21½
No. 2 Feed—		
August	1 20	1 22
September	.....	1 20
October	1 19	1 20½
November	1 19½	1 22
December	1 21	1 22
Seller 1882	1 16½	1 17

At the Grain Exchange this afternoon business was limited to 200 tons October at $1 24 ⅌ ctl.

OATS—Buyers are slow of movement. New crop is coming into market at the rate of about 800 bags daily, and increased receipts are expected next week. Prices keep fairly sustained, light transfers being reported within a range of $1 60@1 70 ⅌ ctl., the latter a full figure for No. 1 quality. On call there was some speculative inquiry, and about 500 tons No. 2 were recorded for October at $1 43½@1 44 ⅌ ctl.

CORN—The market is decidedly steadying. Buyers are in the market at prices somewhat in advance of rates a week ago. It is rumored that the Central American crop has taken an unfavorable turn, and the possibility of supplies being required from California is assigned by some as a cause for the increasing strength exhibited. Spot lots of No. 1 Yellow to-day were not offered below $1 75, though $1 62½ was the best bid.

RYE—Trading very light. Dealers do not think that over $2 could be realized for spot lots of No. 1 grade.

BUCKWHEAT—$1 40@1 50 ⅌ ctl.

HAY—Alfalfa, $11@13; Wheat, $14@15; Wild Oat, $12@13; Stable, $10@12 ⅌ ton.

HOPS—Offerings slim. Old crop about exhausted, while new so far make but a nominal exhibit. Dealers are not anxious to negotiate futures at less than 42½@45c for California and 40@42½c ⅌ lb for Washington Territory and Oregon.

SEEDS—Mustard, $2 50@2 62½ for Brown, and $1 90@2 for Yellow; Canary, 5@5½c; Hemp, 6c; Rape, 2½@3c; Timothy, 7@8c for Native, and 9@10c for imported; Alfalfa, 10@12½c; Flax, 2½@2½c ⅌ lb.

POTATOES—Market in tolerably fair shape. Demand about equal to the supply. Early Rose, in sacks, 50@50c; boxes, 75c@$1; Garnet Chile, 80c@$1 ⅌ ctl. Sweet, 2½@3c ⅌ lb.

ONIONS—No deviation in values. Quotable at 60@75c ⅌ ctl for Silverskins and 30@40c ⅌ sack for Red.

BEANS—Bayos, $2 50@2 75; Butter, $3 50@3 75 for small, and $4 for large; Lima, $3 75@4; Pea, $4@4 25; Pink, $2 40@2 45; Red, $2 40@2 45; small White, $4@4 25; large White, $3 25@3 60 ⅌ ctl.

VEGETABLES—The market is abundantly supplied. Marrowfat Squash, $7@10 ⅌ ton; Artichokes, 10c ⅌ dozen; Parsnips, 75c; Beets, 75c; Carrots, 50@65c; Turnips, 75c@$1 ⅌ ctl; Cauliflower, 60@65c ⅌ doz; Cabbage, 50@75c ⅌ ctl; Garlic, 1@1½c ⅌ lb; Cucumbers, 15@20c ⅌ box; Green Peas, 2@3c ⅌ lb; Green Peppers, 50@75c ⅌ box; Tomatoes, 25@40c ⅌ box; Spinach, 25c ⅌ sack; Celery, 75c ⅌ dozen; Summer Squash, 30@50c ⅌ box; String Beans, 1½@2c ⅌ lb; Green Corn, 5@15c ⅌ dozen; Okra, 50@75c; Egg Plant, 50c@$1 ⅌ box.

FRUIT—Limes have been very scarce, but liberal consignments came to hand last night by the Panama steamer. At this season of the year receipts do not generally turn out in first class order, and high prices for a good article will probably rule. Grapes are making a much more liberal display, while values are declining. Peaches are selling quite freely, and prices keep steady in spite of large supplies. Watermelons and Cantaloupes are in good request. We quote jobbing lots: Apples, 25@60c ⅌ bskt and 50c@$1 ⅌ box; Pears, 25@40c ⅌ basket and 40@60c ⅌ box; Bartlett, 40@50c ⅌ basket and 75c@$1 ⅌ box; Nectarines, 75c@$1 ⅌ box; Strawberries, $10@12 ⅌ chest; Raspberries, $8@11 ⅌ chest; Peaches, 25@60c ⅌ box and 25@30c ⅌ basket for common, 35@70c for Crawford; Figs, 50@ $1 ⅌ box; Grapes, 50@75c for common, 60@85c for Black Hamburg, 50c@$1 25 for Rose of Peru, and 75c@$1 25 ⅌ box for Muscat; Plums, 15@50c ⅌ box; Blackberries, $4@5 ⅌ chest; Apricots, 1½@2c ⅌ lb; Watermelons, $4@7 ⅌ 100; Cantaloupes, 60c@$1 ⅌ crate; Lemons, $9@10 ⅌ box for Sicily and $3@2 50 for California; Limes, $13@16 ⅌ box for Mexican; Tamarinds, 12@15c ⅌ lb; Bananas, $2 50@4 ⅌ bunch; Pineapples, $6@8 ⅌ dozen; Tahiti Oranges, $15@60 ⅌ 1,000.

HONEY—Very quiet. Comb, 14@