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FOREIGN EVENTS.

The Situation in Egypt—Report of Disorder in Syria Denied—An Italian Painter Dead—Wharves on Fire—Strike of Glasgow Ship Joiners—Affairs in Ireland—Renewed Outrages Upon Polish Jews—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

The War in Egypt.

LONDON, August 25th.—The dispatch announcing the capture of Tel-el Kebir, with 2,000 prisoners, was received with incredulity, as it was not believed that the British advance could possibly have traversed nearly forty miles of difficult country and captured an intrenched position within less than twenty-four hours. The War Office communicated at once with General Wolseley, and learned that Tel-el-Mahuta, ten miles from Ismalia, and but three miles from the British outposts at Nefiche, was the place occupied by the van of the British column. The position was not seriously defended by Arabi's troops, and the prisoners taken, about 200 in number, were mostly sick and wounded. Arabi's recent movements fully confirm the intimation conveyed in previous dispatches, to the effect that the Egyptian leader would not risk a general engagement with the British at any point near their immediate base, but would fall back to Tel-el Kebir, or even Zagazig, in order to deprive them of the support of their ironclad fleet, and at the same time afford an opportunity for the effective use of his large force of Bedouins and other irregular cavalry in the open country on their flank. It is not believed that Arabi will make a decided stand at Tel-el-Kebir, and it is probable that the decisive engagement of the campaign may occur between that place and Zagazig. Natives who have just come into the British lines report that there is a strong covering to all approaches to the town, which is mounted with heavy guns, and that Arabi has strengthened his force at Burden, and also posted a detachment of infantry and artillery at Belbec, on the fresh-water canal, about fourteen miles south of Tel-el-Kebir, to guard against any attempt to flank his present position. A deserter from the Fourth Egyptian Regiment, of which Arabi was Colonel, says that the latter will make every effort to retard an engagement, in order to gain time to allow the False Prophet, who is now making rapid marches northward, to form a junction with him at or near Cairo.

GENERAL WOLSELEY'S REPORT.

LONDON, August 25th.—General Wolseley, in a dispatch to the War Office, recounts the engagement at Magfar on Thursday, in which he held the ground the whole day against 10,000 Egyptians. His forces numbered 2,000. In the details Wolseley says: "I advanced in the morning before daybreak with the Household Cavalry, the horse artillery guns, thirty mounted infantry, 1,000 men from the York and Lancaster regiments, and marines. After some skirmishing I took possession of the dam which the enemy had constructed across the canal between the villages of Magfar and Mahsta. During the operations two squadrons of the Household Cavalry charged the enemy's broken infantry very gallantly. I soon found the enemy was being largely reinforced from Tal-el-Kebir. I could see the trains arriving. I thought it inconsistent with traditions for the Queen's army to retire before any number of Egyptian troops, and so I decided to hold the ground until reinforcements arrived. All day long I had the Egyptian force of 10 000 with two guns, in my front and on my right flank. The precision of the enemy's artillery fire was very good, but fortunately they fired common shell nearly all day, and when they did fire shrapnel the fuse was badly adjusted. The enemy had cavalry regiments in line. Our horses, having been recently on board ship, were not in a condition to gallop much. The two horse artillery guns were used with pluck and ability. Our casualties have been slight. Captain Hallam was wounded through the leg, and Lord Melgund was wounded through the hand. Captain Parr's mounted infantry distinguished itself. All the troops did well. To-morrow (Friday) I shall attack the enemy's position at Holenke, and hope to take possession of the dam which they constructed." In a telegram dispatch at 2 o'clock this morning General Wolseley adds: "I omitted to say that I had with me yesterday two Gatling guns, worked by seamen, who handled the guns admirably."

ANOTHER REPORT FROM GENERAL WOLSELEY.

LONDON, August 25th.—The War Office has received the following from General Wolseley:

ISMAILIA, August 25th — Evening. —I pushed in again this morning at daybreak. The enemy had a strongly-intrenched position at Mahalla, and from the bold way in which they attacked yesterday, I hoped they would stand their ground to-day. They withdrew their guns, however, last night. They had twelve in action yesterday. The force at my disposal this morning is the First Division and all the English cavalry, with sixteen guns. My intention was to pivot on my left at the dam we took yesterday, and swing round to my right, to take the enemy's position in the flank, and drive them into the fresh water canal. I sent the cavalry completely around their position, to occupy the railway in their rear and if possible capture their engines and rolling stock. This operation was very well carried out. All the heavy work devolved on the cavalry and artillery, which were well handled by Major-General Lowe. He attacked the rear of the enemy, who had a large camp at the Mahsameh railway station, which he took, routing the enemy, with considerable loss, taking five Krupp guns, 75 railway carriages laden with provisions, and a large quantity of ammunition and rifles. Notwithstanding the fact of our horses being unfit for heavy work, and the long march which the reinforcements I ordered yesterday had to make, I have reason to be pleased with what has been done. Although I did not intend advancing beyond Mahalla for some days, such has been the success of the cavalry to-day that I intend to-morrow to occupy Kassadin lock of the fresh water canal, about two and a half miles west of Meshameh station. Its position will secure us a safe passage across the desert lying between Ismailia and the cultivated land of the delta. The enemy seem so demoralized, and so averse to await the attack of our infantry, that it is possible they will not make the determined stand I anticipated before we reach Zagazig. The Guards, under the Duke of Connaught, made a very trying march yesterday across the desert. They were well handled by him. The losses yesterday were: Household Cavalry, one private killed and five wounded and ten horses killed; horse artillery, two privates killed; York and Lancaster regiments, one private killed and five wounded; marine artillery, one private killed; mounted infantry, two officers wounded. There have been forty-eight sunstrokes among the privates, one fatal, to-day. So far as I have been able to ascertain, Major Bibby and seventy-eight dragoons have been severely wounded. I will send further particulars to-morrow. Admiral Seymour has organized a boat service along the canal, on which we have mainly to depend for supplies until the locomotives get to work. The army owe the navy a deep debt of gratitude for the assistance they rendered.

A TRIUMPH FOR DUFFERIN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25th.—The Porte has addressed a protest to Lord Dufferin in regard to the interruption of telegraphic communication with Egypt, the Porte being unable to communicate with its officers at the Khedive's palace. General confidence is expressed in diplomatic circles and by the press that the moderate party has triumphed, and that the Military Convention will be concluded. Lord Dufferin's essential demands are already conceded, and only the question of form awaits decision.

LORD DUFFERIN'S LAST PROPOSITION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25th.—Lord Dufferin to-day informed Said Pasha and Aussim Pasha, that his Government, by yielding to the objections raised by the Sultan, was prepared to waive the demand that any movement of the Turkish troops should be first approved by the British. Lord Dufferin therefore proposed that the English and Turkish commanders should first deliberate together, and if the English Generals should not approve the proposed operations, the Turkish commanders will be at liberty to carry them out. Said Pasha then urged that the landing of the Turkish troops at Alexandria was indispensable for the future combined action of the two armies. He suggested that the Turkish make Alexandria, which the English would evacuate, their base of operations, while the British base of operations would be Ismailia.

NEW DEMANDS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25th. — Said Pasha and Assam Pasha, the Turkish delegates to the Conference, have advanced fresh demands relative to the Military Convention with England, to the effect that the Turks should land at Alexandria, and that the proclamation relative to Arabi Pasha, instead of declaring him a rebel, should summon him to submit to the Khedive.

GERMANY ADVISES THE SULTAN.

VIENNA, August 25th.—It is reported from Constantinople that the Sultan has consulted Germany in regard to the military convention, and that Germany advised him to come to an understanding with England, as cooperation with that nation only means the defeating of Russian plans.

THE ENEMY'S MOVES.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25th.—The enemy are pitching a number of tents in front of their positions. It is believed to be a ruse to mask the withdrawal of their troops. It is now known that the enemy are intrenching at Heliopolis, within a few miles of Cairo.

POISONED FOR HAVING AN OPINION.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25th. — Deserters from Arabi Pasha's forces state that Hanfi Pasha has been poisoned for disputing with Arabi Pasha.

THE CAPTURED AUSTRIANS.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25th.—The Austrian man-of-war Nautilus remains off Aboukir. The efforts to obtain the release of her boat's crew, which were captured by the Egyptians Monday, have been fruitless. Emissaries have been sent to Abcukir and Kafr-el-Dwar to endeavor to secure their release, but have not yet returned. The Austrian Consul has telegraphed De Lesseps regarding the detention of the crew, but he replied that he could give no assistance.

A PRICE SET ON DE LESSEPS' HEAD.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25th.—The British have occupied Maxama.

It is rumored that Arabi accuses De Lesseps of having deceived him with a false promise so that he might sell the Suez Canal to the English, and has set a price on De Lesseps' head.

PROTECTING THE FRESH WATER CANAL.

LONDON, August 25th.—General Wolseley, telegraphing the War Office from Ismalia, Thursday, says: The water in the fresh canal having been falling for the last three days, I thought it necessary, although I had possession of Serapeum, to push forward and occupy a point on the canal seven miles west of Ismalia, where I had been warned the canal could be most seriously damaged.

DREDGING SUSPENDED—CAPTURE OF DAMIETTA.

PORT SAID, August 25th.—Owing to the fall in the canal at Ismalia, the company have suspended dredging.

The English made a reconnoissance on the 24th inst. towards Fort Gheimleh, which they found still garrisoned by Arabs.

Damietta has been captured. The sanitary agent of the English Government, a postoffice official and two priests were found there. They had been loaded with chains the last six weeks, and subjected to the most terrible cruelties.

THE NILE RAPIDLY RISING.

ALEXANDRIA, August 25th.—Reliable information is received from the interior to the effect that the Nile is rising rapidly, but is much below the level reached this time last year.

Polish Jews Assaulted.

WARSAW, August 25th.—The renewal of outrages against the Jews is reported from the interior of Poland. The assailants are encouraged in their attacks by the apathy of the officials.

Let the Law Take Its Course.

DUBLIN, August 25th.—Lord Spencer, the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, has declined to interfere with Judge Lawson's course in the case of Gray.

An Accessory.

DUBLIN, August 25th.—A man named Gavin has been arrested in Ennis, County Mayo, charged with being concerned in the murder of the Joyce family.

Expenses All Right.

LONDON, August 25th. — The necessary £100 for the expenses of the British rifle team, which sails on the steamer Alaska, has been subscribed.

Night Patrol.

LONDON, August 25th.—In consequence of the disturbed state of the country in the vicinity of Athlone, soldiers and police on cars scour it nightly.

Formal Denial From the Porte.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 25th.—The Porte has formally denied the report of the murder of a Christian at Beyreuth, and other rumors of disorder in Ayria.

Strike of Ship Joiners.

GLASGOW, August 25th.—Three hundred ship joiners have struck.

The Hillsdales in Training.

LONDON, August 25th.—The Hillsdales are training for the race September 14th.

Death.

LONDON, August 25th.—Louis Rubio, the Italian painter, is dead.

Statutes Sanctioned.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 25th.—The Emperor has sanctioned the statutes of the Moscow Society for developing the cotton industry in Central Asia.

Wharves in Flames.

ANTWERP, August 25th.—The wood wharves of Fieve, Goemaes Versproeuiven and others are on fire. Damage to the amount of $200,000 has already been done. The fire is still spreading.

Advices from Mexico.

GUAYMAS, August 23d.—Everything is yet tranquil in the State, although there is considerable excitement among the officials; but they are close-mouthed, and nothing of any interest can be ascertained. The private secretary of General Reys returned on the steamer Mexico from Mazatlan, where he had been to see General Carbo, and immediately left Guaymas for the headquarters of the former General, which is about 100 miles east of Hermosillo.

MAZATLAN, August 20th.—Ex-Governor Torres has just arrived in this city from Culican. He and Carbo are closeted together. The general opinion seems to prevail that they will embark at an early day with a large force for Guaymas.

Destructive Fire.

HALIFAX, August 25th.—The spool factory, rope factory, sawmill and forge, owned by Moire Sons & Co., at Bedford, were destroyed by fire. Loss heavy. A large number of hands have been thrown out of employment.

PASSENGER LISTS.

CARLIN, August 25th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: J. V. Tourney, wife and child, F. B. Kennett, wife and two children, Missouri; Mrs. R. A. Coning and child, E. L. Griffith, Max Hellman and wife, S. Selig, Henry Janin, A. J. Bowie, Jr., I. C. Crane, W. H. Jordan, William Beklow, San Francisco; J. H. Winters and family, Dayton, O; J. E. Wilkins, Washington, D. C.; E. Miller, Havana; Henry Bass and wife, Philadelphia, Pa.; Miss I. Kaafman, M. S. Fechheimer, Miss Henrietta Haauity, Morris May, New York; Mrs. J. M. Cushing and two children, Washington Territory; W. W. McGregory, Mrs. S. B. McGregory, Virginia City, Montana; Mrs. C. M. Patterson, Miss J. M. Patterson, Walla Walla; Rev. T. H. Rouse and wife, Hawaiian Islands; J. R. Morrison, Denver, Cal.; M. D. Wilson and wife, New Haven, Conn.; Thomas Poyzer, Alameda, Cal.; N. H. Latimer, Illinois; Geo. Featherstone, Chicago; Miss Ida L. Eckhart, Gilroy, Cal.; Frederick Zech, Jr., and wife, San Francisco; Mrs. B. Tarpie, California; Ernest Ford, Chris. Linde, T. K. Trudell, Wisconsin; Mrs. Lovina Bell, Iowa; Mrs. M. Martin, Boston, Mass.; F. Cloggage, Carson; J. F. Shelter, H. Kenoyer, H. Shelter, Kansas; 65 emigrant passengers, including 44 males, to arrive Sacramento August 27th.

OMAHA, August 25th.—Left here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento August 29th: Governor Wm. A. Newell, Mrs. Newell, Miss Edes Newell, Miss Addie Newell, Olympia, W. T.; G. K. Fitch, M. Schussler, San Francisco; A. M. Mattoon and wife, Albany, Oregon; F. H. Popper, Manila, Philippine Islands; G. Bustelli and wife, Napa; A. Norr, Washington; Miss Dullick, Colliwater, Mich; Miss S. L. Harrington, Bloomfield, N. J.; Ida Cleveland, Knoxville, Ill.; Mary Lawson, Halifax; Mrs. J. M. Lakeman, Grass Valley; J. Beeman, England.

NEWHALL, August 25th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in San Francisco to-morrow: C. Dixon and wife, F. L. Riche, Los Angeles; Dr. W. Hoffman, wife and son, Washington, D. C.; Wm. Mansfield, Los Angeles; J. R. James, wife and son, Tucson, A. T.; D. McReary, Suisun, Cal.; J. S. Waterman, Waterman, Col.; J. A. Stackpole and wife, Anaheim; F. Seldnor, S. Blath, San Francisco; E. J. Malvehill, Geo. E. Gard, J. M. Thomas, Colonel J. Mudge, Los Angeles; Peter Ellinger, Tomales; J. M. Brooks, Ventura, Cal.; Deputy Sheriff Huber and one prisoner, Cal.

A circus which visited Texas was mobbed because it insulted the inhabitants with the insinuation that they were infernal fools, by putting on the leopard's cage the sign: "Don't stick your fingers through the bars."—[Somerville Journal.

PACIFIC SLOPE.

Advices from Camp Haymond—The Damaged Railroad in Arizona—Forest Fires in Nevada County—Santa Clara County Greenbackers—The Lynched Highwaymen—Decision of No Compromise in Kern County—The Utah Commissioners—Races at Santa Rosa—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

The Citizen Soldiery in Camp.

SAN RAFAEL, August 25th.—Last night Camp Haymond was all ablaze with military dignitaries. All the commanding Generals and Colonels of the National Guard who live in San Francisco came to the camp, accompanied by their staffs. General Tozer received them, and spread a table for their benefit.

During the festivities last night W. T. Coleman was called out and made a speech. He said that he made his first start in California in Sacramento. There he begun his mercantile life, in fact. For that city he had the kindliest regard, indeed a fond one. Around that city some of his most satisfactory recollections clung. He was its friend, and if its military wanted his grounds at Laurel Grove or elsewhere for camp grounds for all time, they were welcome freely and fully to use them. He was glad that his offer thus far had been accepted. All here was free to the citizen military of Yuba, Nevada, Sacramento and Yolo, and he bade them take and enjoy.

Colonel Sheehan responded with thanks, and said that from present indications the First Artillery Regiment would accept Mr. Coleman's offer and camp with him every year. Surely it had found no finer place.

Three cheers were given for Mr. Coleman.

A grand concert and ball on the platform near Camp Coleman followed.

The camp at night has a very handsome appearance, all the avenues and streets being hung with colored lanterns and flags, and decorated with evergreens. From any of the surrounding hillsides the view in the little valley at night is almost magical in its beauty.

Among the visitors from Sacramento and the northern country are Mrs. C. H. Hubbard, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Jackson, Miss Katie Quinn, Miss Nellie McNiff, Gus. Haglestein, Mrs. R. O. E. Rivett, Mrs. M. Barber, Mrs. C. M. Coglan, Attorney-General Hart, John Boggs of Colusa, and others.

One lady, a Sacramentan, staying in camp, is prostrated by illness to-day.

Among campers in Camps Haymond and Coleman are Mrs. Captain Brown, of Camptonville; Mrs. C. M. Casler, Woodland; Mrs. Card and daughter, Woodland; Mrs. Bann, Woodland; Mrs. John Miller and sister, Sacramento; Mrs. Crofton, Woodland; Mrs. E. H. McKee, Sacramento; Mrs. J. W. Guthrie, Sacramento; Mrs. Wm. McLaughlin, Sacramento; Mrs. Charles Joy, Sacramento; Mrs. Wolf, Sacramento.

The result of the rifle practice to-day for the Weinstock & Lubin prize—a large engraving, entitled "The Roll Call After the Battle"—was: Staff team, 209; Company A, City Guard, 200; Company F, Woodland Guard, 228; Company G, Sarsfield Guard, 244. The best shooting done was by Rivett, who made 45 out of a possible 50. Six men were in each team.

No Compromise.

BAKERSFIELD, August 25th.—The Board of Supervisors met again to-day to consider some dispatches received from San Francisco regarding the tax compromise. They sent dispatches to the attorney of the railroad company that they would not listen to any compromise, and that they were determined to collect the full amount of taxes due the county.

Forest Fires in Nevada County.

GRASS VALLEY, August 25th.—Forest fires are raging in this section, destroying much valuable timber and wood. Men are now engaged in fighting the fire. Last Wednesday a fire near the Iron mine destroyed 1,000 or 1,500 cords of wood.

NEVADA, August 25th.—A fire broke out in the woods near Murchie's ranch, about a mile east of town, this afternoon, and spread with such alarming rapidity that within an hour's time it had traversed a section of country half a mile in length. Several dwellings and the works of the Murchie Mining Company were threatened, but by hard work the flames were prevented from reaching them. All the men employed at the mine turned out and fought the fire. Two or three wagon loads of men were sent out from town to assist them, and by 6 o'clock this evening they had obtained control of the flames. Much young timber was destroyed, but the loss cannot now be estimated.

Rewards Offered.

NEVADA CITY, August 25th.—At a special meeting of the City Trustees, last evening, it was resolved to offer a reward of $500 for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who set the three fires in this city Wednesday night. Two extra policemen have been put on.

The Races at Santa Rosa.

SANTA ROSA, August 25th.—The only race to-day was a trot for all horses that had never beaten 2:40, for a purse of $500, mile heats, best three in five—first horse $300, second $150, third $50. Vanderlyn, Moscow, Marin and Freestone started. Vanderlyn was a long ways the favorite in the pools. Moscow took the first heat in 2:32, Freestone a head behind, Vanderlyn third, Marin last. In the second heat Vanderlyn was still the favorite. Moscow won in 2:32½, Vanderlyn second, Marin third. Vanderlyn now sold at $20 to $13. In the third heat there was a rattling struggle at the outcome between Moscow and Freestone, with Moscow visibly ahead; but the judges gave the heat to Freestone. Time, 2:32. Vanderlyn was second, Moscow third for running, Marin last. There was much dissatisfaction at the decision in the third heat. Vanderlyn was selling at $20, and Moscow at $11. In the fourth Vanderlyn and Moscow came in close together, and the judges gave the heat to Vanderlyn in 2:33, causing more dissatisfaction. Moscow was second, Freestone third, Marin last. Moscow was now selling for $20 to $20 for the field, and down to $17. Vanderlyn got the fifth heat in 2:34, Marin second, Moscow third, Freestone last. Maria was now out of the race under the rules. Moscow took the sixth heat in 2:32½, and first money, Vanderlyn second, and Freestone third. It was now 6 o'clock, and the other trotting race was postponed. To-morrow the 2:30 class trot will take place, and fine sport is expected.

Hand Lost—Santa Clara County Greenbackers.

SAN JOSE, August 25th.—V. Davis, while feeding a steam thresher at Harrison's ranch, beyond Milpitas, this afternoon, had his right hand caught in the cylinder and so terribly mangled as to necessitate amputation.

The Greenbackers will meet in Convention on Tuesday next, to nominate a county ticket.

Serious Runaway Accident.

OAKLAND, August 25th.—Mrs. Vandernaling, Mrs. Merrick, Miss Nellie Vandernaling and two children were out driving this evening in a carriage. When near Fourth and Broadway streets, the horses became frightened and ran away. Mrs. Vandernaling attempted to grasp the lines from the hand of her daughter, but caught hold of only one. This pulled the team short around, capsizing the buggy in a ditch. The occupants were all hurled violently to the ground, and were caught under the vehicle. Mrs. Vandernaling had her head cut, and received serious internal injuries. Mrs. Merrick sustained severe bruises, and dangerous internal injuries. Miss Nellie Vandernaling was severely cut on the head. Both children escaped with only a few slight bruises.

Delayed Passengers and Mails.

LOS ANGELES, August 25th.—A train with the delayed passengers and mails left Casa Grande, Arizona, at noon to-day, and is expected here some time to-morrow. There has been no through train since Monday.

ARIZONA.

The Delayed Trains — Badly Damaged Track—Body Found—Weather.

TUCSON, August 25th.—Advices last night from Maricopa say that Monday's east-bound passenger train is lying at Maricopa, and Monday's west-bound passenger train is at Casa Grande. Wednesday's east-bound passenger train is laid over at Yuma. It will lie there to-day. A freight train, with twenty-two cars of east-bound freight, arrived at Maricopa about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, bringing also an abundance of ice. The freight train west left Maricopa about 9 o'clock this morning, taking the delayed freight. The trouble lies now between Maricopa and Casa Grande. Since the water has gone down the track has been found in a much worse condition than expected. The foundation in some places is washed to a depth of six feet. Trains with large gangs of men, working east and west, are still about four miles apart. The force is being increased as fast as possible. Three thousand sheep, east-bound, for Texas, are unloaded here until the trains get to running. Grazing for them is not luxuriant. Colonel Bean is doing his utmost to get the track passable, and hopes to get through by to-morrow evening, perhaps before. The through stage from Prescott is thirteen hours late. It camped all night on the banks of the Santa Cruz, waiting for the river to go down. The water is about fifteen feet deep.

The body of a laboring man was found near the Gila by the repairmen of the military line. He had been dead some time, and the coyotes had eaten the greater part of the body. He had a bundle of blankets.

The weather is clear, the thermometer marking 110°, with no signs of a storm.

The Lynched Highwaymen—Another Account.

TUCSON, August 25th.—A *Citizen* special gives the following further particulars of the hanging of Hawley and Grimes: Andy Hall was one of the most trusty of the company's messengers, and had a very favorable record as one of Powell's men, who some years ago explored the Colorado canyon. They also acknowledge the killing of W. F. Vail, a native of Syracuse, N. Y., who accidentally happened to be in the vicinity of the robbery. Last evening, between 7:30 and 8 o'clock, the Sheriff and posse brought in from the bloody tanks the two prisoners, Hawley and Grimes, and at once placed them in the jail. As soon as it became known that they were in town a large meeting took place at the jail, and after considerable parley between the officers and the people the prisoners were surrendered and taken to Dr. Stalla's hall, where a court of inquiry was organized and a full hearing had. It was decided to hang them without delay. The prisoners asked for three hours' time, and promised to reveal the hidden place of the money stolen. This was accided to, and they, in company with about thirty citizens, repaired to the foothills of the Pinal mountains, about four miles from town, and there pointed out the hiding-place of the money. Most of it was found and taken in charge by Mr. Vosburg, agent of the express company at this place. The party then returned to town and reassembled at the hall, when Hawley asked for time to make out a written confession and arrange his worldly affairs. This was granted, and at a quarter before 2 o'clock this morning the church bells were heard to toll. A procession was formed, guarding the prisoners on either side by well-armed men, and moved in the direction of a large sycamore tree on Main street, near Pinal creek. All was quiet and orderly, not a word being spoken or a whisper heard as the solemn march advanced, the prisoners not even flinching or expressing a sign of fear; but advanced with a firm step, and in a short time were dangling in the air, both fastened to the limb of the same tree. The business houses, including the saloons, closed their doors early in the evening, and not the least disorder occurred, and not a drunken man was seen on the streets. Thus ended this terrible scene of retributive justice to hardened criminals. A brother of the young Grimes executed, who was engaged here in the photograph business, is also a confessed participant in this affair, but owing to his not being on the ground when the shooting was done, he was remanded back to jail to await further action. The dead men were left hanging to the tree until 8 o'clock this morning, when an inquest was held by the Coroner and the bodies handed over to the Sheriff.

NEVADA.

Stage Robbers Brought In.

EUREKA, August 25th. — Officers have brought in the two stage robbers arrested in the southern part of the State on Tuesday. They gave the names of Jack King and Billy Adams, and are young-looking fellows, not over 25. They are, however, rated as desperate men, and when captured one had three revolvers in his belt, and the other two. They were surprised in camp at Parker's station, Lincoln county, early in the morning. They are the same parties who stopped the stage at American Falls, Idaho, July 25th, and robbed the messengers and treasure-box. A valuable watch belonging to one of the passengers was recovered. Evidence of the Sprucemont robbery is also found on their persons. The rascals will be taken to Idaho for trial.

UTAH.

The Commissioners at Work.

SALT LAKE, August 25th. — To-day the Utah Commissioners adopted rules for the registration of voters in the November election for delegate to Congress. Supervisors of registration are to be appointed for each county, and the lists now in the hands of the County Clerks will be taken, and each person whose name appears on the list will have to take an ironclad oath that he is not in polygamous relations. Failing to do this, his name is stricken off. The Register has power, also, to strike the names of polygamists off arbitrarily. The Governor will make his appointments to fill county offices to-morrow.

A Former Resident of Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, August 25th.—One of the express robbers who was lynched in Arizona on Thursday formerly resided in Salt Lake, and has a wife and several children living here now.

IDAHO.

Delegate to Congress.

BOISE CITY, August 25th.—The Republican Senatorial Convention to-day nominated Hon. F. Singiser for delegate to Congress. The nomination is a strong one, and gives general satisfaction.

OREGON.

The Excursion Steamer Dakota.

PORTLAND, August 25th.—A Nanaimo (B. C.) special says: The Dakota, with the excursion party, reached here this evening from Alaska. The trip was highly satisfactory.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Died of His Wound.

WALLA WALLA, August 25th.—Gus Allen, the railroad man shot in the fracas on Friday last, died this afternoon.

THE NEGRO'S EL DORADO.

We had to wait for half an hour between Charleston and Savannah for the waycross train, and during this time a black man came up to me and inquired:

"Say, boss, doan' you lib up Norf?"

"Yes."

"Dat's what I reckoned on. Kin I ax a few questions?"

"You can."

"Wal, sah, does ebery cull'd man up dar own a brick house wid a cupulo on top?"

"Oh, no."

"Does he walk aroun' wid a bag of gold in one han' an' a bag of silver in the odder?"

"I never saw any of them taking a walk."

"Do they all own hosses an' keraidges?"

"No."

"Do they all have diamonds an' pearls an' welvets?"

"No."

"Say, boss, my name's Jones, an' I lib ober ter dat pine woods. My ole woman and the time stirrin' me up to go Norf, an' she really believes dat if we once get up dar we kin go out befo' breakfast an' pick up a pailful o' diamonds. Now, sah, tell me de solemn truf 'bout it! Could we do it?"

"No."

"Could we pick up a peck?"

"No."

"Fo' quarts?"

"No."

"Two quarts?"

"No."

"Dat's nuff, boss—dat settles me! I reckon if I axed 'bout one quart, you'd say yes, but if anybody 'spected I'ze gwine to fool aroun' wid any sich small 'taters as dat dey am sadly tooken in. I'ze kept house long 'nuff to know dat a quart o' diamonds a day wouldn't keep a fam'ly in co'n cake an' bacon haff de time. 'Bleeged to ye, boss. Mebbe I'll git up dat way arter awhile, but I shan't 'spect to own no brick house wid a cupulo on top till I've been dar a full week or longer."—[Detroit Free Press.

A German merchant of this city, going to his summer residence at Nantasket, was accosted by a chance acquaintance with, "Ah, Mr.——, how are you? Going down the harbor?" The gentleman nodded, and after the querist passed on, remarked to a friend: "That man's a tam fool; does he tink I'm going to Europe in dis boat?" [Boston Herald.

COMMERCIAL.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 25th—1 P. M.

FLOUR—Free orders are on the market on Chinese account. Best City Extra, $5 50@5 62½; Superfine, $4 50@4 75; Interior Extra, $4 75@5 25; Interior Superfine, $3 75@4 ⅌ bbl.

WHEAT—Although but few public sales are being recorded, it is understood that there is a very good inquiry on export account. Shippers insist that they will not give over $1 67½, but instances are not wanting where higher figures have very recently been paid. Lots of from 200 to 400 tons fair shipping are changing hands for steadying or filling at not less than $1 68¾. Good milling cannot be had below $1 70, while $1 71½ is not considered an extreme rate for strictly choice milling. The market seems to be in good shape, and operators are still cautious in making future contracts. The only sale at the Produce Exchange to-day was a lot of 100 tons No. 1 for October delivery at Port Costa at $1 71 ⅌ ctl. The following figures represent the views of operators on call this morning:

	Bid.	Asked.
No. 1 White—		
Spot	.....	$1 70
August	1 69	1 70
September	1 68½	$1 70
September, Port Costa	1 68½	1 69½
October	1 70½	1 71½
October, Port Costa	1 70½	1 71½
No. 2 White—		
August	1 65	.....
October	1 65½	.....
October, Port Costa	1 65½	.....
No. 1 Amber—		
Spot	1 67½	1 69
No. 1 Sonora—		
August	1 66	1 70

Quotations of No. 2 grades at leading centers today are telegraphed as follows:

	Chicago.	St. Louis.	New York.
Spot, ⅌ cental	$1 77½	$1 64¾	$1 90¾
August	1 77½	.....	1 90½
September	1 66¾	1 64	1 90¾
October	1 65¾	1 65¾	1 92½
November	1 65¾	1 65¾	1 94½

At the Grain Exchange this afternoon the sales included 100 tons No. 2 October, $1 65; 700 do, $1 65½; 900 do January, $1 65½ ⅌ ctl.

BARLEY—Receipts this month have not been very large, and the local requirements have about exhausted all arrivals, besides using up most of the surplus that may have been carried over from July. Contracts for August delivery will mature next week, and sellers who are short evince considerable anxiety to obtain stock enough to fill their several obligations. As a consequence, the spot market has a very strong and buoyant tone, the maintenance of which will depend more or less on the quantity of grain that existing high prices may cause to be sent forward. A week ago no one was willing to pay over $1 2½ for August No. 1 Feed, while offerings were free at $1 26@1 26½. To-day like deliveries could not be had below $1 33½, while as high as $1 35 was paid in one instance. Very little interest is given to either Chevalier or Brewing descriptions. Sales on call this morning embraced 50 tons No. 1 Fed, August, $1 33½; 100 do, $1 34; 200do, $1 34½; 100 do, $1 35; 100 do No. 2 August, $1 30; 100 do, $1 32½; 100 do November, $1 23½ ⅌ ctl. Bidding for other months was as follows:

	Bid.	Askd.
No. 1 Brewing—		
September	.....	$1 40
October	.....	1 45
No. 2 Brewing—		
Seller 1882	.....	1 32½
No. 1 Feed—		
September	1 26½	1 27½
October	1 26½	1 27½
November	1 26½	1 27½
December	.....	1 30
January	.....	1 30
Seller 1882	1 24	1 25
No. 2 Feed—		
November	1 23½	1 23½
December	.....	1 25
Seller 1882	1 17½	1 20

OATS—Although business is not rushing, there is said to be a pretty good inquiry, and considerable quantities are changing hands, though in small parcels. Prices show a wide range. Sales are mostly negotiated through private sources, rendering it somewhat difficult to get at the exact situation. Reliable parties give us $1 60@1 85 as the extremes of the market for a good to choice article. On call, offers were made to sell No. 2 spot at $1 56½, but $1 52 was the best bid. For deliveries of No. 1 from now till the end of the year, $1 57½ is the current asking figure.

RYE—New crop is very poor in quality, and a scarcity of No. 1 is feared. Choice old sold a short time since at $2 40, and a speculative sale of No. 1, new crop, was made a day or two ago for September delivery at $2 25 ⅌ ctl. A bid of $1 73½ was made on call for September delivery of No. 2, but it met with no response.

CORN—There is very little trading. Buyers are not willing to pay $1 75, and it is said that holders will not take less.

BUCKWHEAT—$1 40@1 50 ⅌ ctl.

HAY—Alfalfa, $11@13 50; Wheat, $13@16; Wild Oat, $12@15 50 ⅌ ton.

HOPS—New crop is coming forward from more than one direction, though not in very large amounts. Accounts from Eastern and foreign sources are still represented as favorable to the growing interest, and the market is therefore not wholly free from excitement. Local operators are asking from 40c to 50c ⅌ lb for good to choice. A sample of new California Hops was exhibited at the New York Produce Exchange on the 14th inst.

SEEDS—Mustard, $2 50@2 62½ for Brown, and $1 90@2 for Yellow; Canary, 5c@5½; Hemp, 6c; Rape, 2½@3c; Timothy, 7@8c for native, and 9@10c for imported; Alfalfa, 10@12½c; Flax, 2½@2½c ⅌ lb.

POTATOES—Early Rose, in sacks, 60@90c; boxes, 80c@$1; Garnet Chile, 80c@$1 ⅌ ctl. Sweet, 75c@$1 50 ⅌ ctl.

ONIONS—Silverskins are doing better, sales being reported within a range of 60@65c ⅌ ctl, while Red are still quotable at 30@40c ⅌ sack.

BEANS—Market weak, with prices tending downward. Bayos, $2 50@2 60; Butter, $3 50@3 75 for small, and $4 for large; Lima, $3 75@4; Pea, $3 50@3 75; Pink, $2 40@2 45; Red, $2 40@2 45; small White, $3 50@3 75; large White, $3@3 50 ⅌ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Dealers report very dull business today. Supplies of nearly all descriptions were somewhat large this morning, and lower asking rates failed to clear up receipts. Tomatoes are far in excess of market wants, and unless canners start in and buy freely, many consignments will have to be thrown away. One dealer yesterday closed out his surplus at 15c ⅌ box to the canneries. The inquiry for Green Corn is limited, while arrivals are quite free. We quote as follows: Marrowfat Squash, $7@10 ⅌ ton; Artichokes, 10c ⅌ dozen; Parsnips, 75c; Beets, 75c; Carrots, 75c; Turnips, 75c@$1 ⅌ ctl; Cauliflower, 60@65c ⅌ doz; Cabbage, 50@75c ⅌ ctl; Garlic, 1@1½c ⅌ lb; Cucumbers, 15@30c ⅌ box; Green Peas, 2@3c ⅌ lb; Green Peppers, 50@75c ⅌ box; Tomatoes, 15@40c ⅌ box; Spinach, 25c ⅌ sack; Celery, 50c ⅌ dozen; Summer Squash, 30@50c ⅌ box; String Beans, 3c ⅌ lb; Green Corn, 5@10c ⅌ dozen; Okra, 50@75c; Egg Plant, 50@75c ⅌ box.

FRUIT—Further supplies of California Lemons have caused another fall in values. Figs are also lower in price, owing to more liberal receipts. Grapes are more plentiful, and there is more or less shading on our figures to effect sales. Berries vary but little in price. Bartlett Pears have been in fair request all the week. Apples, 25@30c ⅌ bskt and 50c@$1 ⅌ box; Pears, 25@40c ⅌ basket and 40@60c ⅌ box; Bartlett, 50@75c ⅌ basket and $1@1 50 ⅌ box; Nectarines, 75c@$1 ⅌ box; Strawberries, $10@12 ⅌ chest; Raspberries, $10@12 ⅌ chest; Peaches, 35c@$1 ⅌ box and 30@60c ⅌ basket for common and 50c@$1 for Crawford; Figs, 50@75c ⅌ box; Grapes, 35@50c for common, 50@75c for Black Hamburg, 50@75c for Rose of Peru, and 60@90c ⅌ box for Muscat; Plums, 25@75c ⅌ box; Blackberries, $4@5 ⅌ chest; Apricots, 2@3c ⅌ lb; Watermelons, $5@10 ⅌ 100; Cantaloupes