THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

THURSDAY.....FEBRUARY 1, 1883

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Concert—Congregational Church.

Lodge meetings—Sacramento Commandery, Knights Templar; Court Sacramento, A. O. F.; Friendship Council, O. C. F.

For sale—Hop roots.

Notice—Constable's sale.

Notice—Inman Steamship Line.

Military notices—Company G and Cadets.

For sale—Hop ranch.

Lost—Horse from Washington.

Lost—Horse from Johnson's ranch.

Notice—Estate of John Price, deceased.

Business Advertisements

Capital Furniture Company—Manufactures furniture.

L. L. Lewis & Co.—"Garland."

T. R. Grindley, M. D.—Office, Sixth and K streets.

Charles Zeitler—Hardware.

Anker & Moore—"Cash will tell."

Mechanics' Store—"Fireside shopping."

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

The times of departure of trains are announced in the published cards of the several railroads leading out from this city, but not the arrivals. The following table is given for the convenience of the public, showing the time of arrival at this point, and departure of all trains upon which passengers are carried:

ARRIVALS.

Overland from the East	6:15 A. M.
Emigrant from San Francisco, going East	7:20 A. M.
Southern emigrant via Stockton	8:15 A. M.
From Knights Landing and Woodland	8:30 A. M.
From Folsom	9:45 A. M.
From Redding, Red Bluff, Chico and Marysville	11:15 A. M.
From Colfax, Auburn, etc	11:20 A. M.
From Lathrop and Stockton	11:40 A. M.
From San Francisco	12:05 P. M.
From San Francisco, Los Angeles, etc., via Lathrop	2:10 P. M.
From Shingle Springs and Folsom	2:20 P. M.
Emigrant train from the East	2:30 P. M.
From Tehama via Willows	4:30 P. M.
Overland going East	7:30 P. M.
From Oregon Division (accommodation)	7:55 P. M.

DEPARTURES.

For Marysville and Red Bluff (accommodation train)	5:50 A. M.
Overland for San Francisco	7:20 A. M.
For Folsom and Shingle Springs	7:30 A. M.
For San Francisco via Stockton (accommodation)	8:45 A. M.
Emigrant train for the East	9:00 A. M.
For Woodland, Willows and Tehama	11:30 A. M.
San Francisco and San Jose via Lathrop	11:40 A. M.
Marysville, Chico and Red Bluff	2:30 P. M.
For Auburn and Colfax	2:40 P. M.
For San Francisco via Benicia	3:50 P. M.
Folsom (accommodation)	4:00 P. M.
Overland emigrant for San Francisco	4:00 P. M.
Southern-bound emigrant train	4:35 P. M.
Woodland and Knights Landing	6:15 P. M.
Overland train for the East	7:55 P. M.

NEW DEGREE, I. O. O. F., CAMP ONE.—The Patriarchal branch of the I. O. O. F. of this city was in a furor of commotion upon the inauguration and institution of the first Uniformed Degree Camp upon this coast, which took place on Tuesday evening, Sacramentans having the honor to bear off the palm, and with the aid of E. H. Black, Grand Patriarch, assisted by W. B. Lyon, Grand Scribe, who had come especially for the purpose from San Francisco, Sacramento Degree Camp of Uniformed Patriarchs, No. 1, of California, was formed. Patriarch W. F. Norcross, editor of the *New Age*, also accompanied these brothers, and was made No. 1 Initiate of this new Camp, and Patriarch John Carlaw, of this city, No. 2, upon both of whom the degree was conferred with great ceremonial pomp and careful precision, much to the interest of the members and officers, and satisfaction of the Grand Officers and candidates. Forty-three charter members were enrolled and two initiated. The following officers were elected and instituted: Ed. M. Martin, Commander; Frank Hogeboom, Vice-Commander; Wm. A. Stephenson, Secretary; Nelson Wilcox, Treasurer; H. A. Burnett, Guard; W. E. Platt, Picket; F. P. Lowell, Banner; Chas. Cooley, G. of T. This very interesting meeting concluded with the approbation of all, when a fine banquet, prepared at Fisher's dining-rooms, was sat down to, and discussed amidst expressions of wit, sentiment, and an interchange of general good feeling, dispersing with the closing ode of the Order at about 1 o'clock.

REPRIEVED.—Yesterday Governor Stoneman signed another reprieve for the San Francisco Chinese murderer, Sing Lum. Lum was sentenced to be hanged on the 19th instant, but at the request of the sentencing Judge and the counsel in the case, the Governor signed a reprieve for two weeks, while the matter was being presented before the Supreme Court. On Tuesday the appeal from the judgment of the lower Court was dismissed in the Supreme Court. The Court has not yet passed upon the appeal from the order of execution. The reprieve granted yesterday was at the request of Chief Justice Morrison and the counsel on both sides. Had the reprieve not been issued the murderous Mongol would have been launched into eternity to-morrow, but he is now assured of another month on this terrestial sphere.

MERCHANDISE FOR SACRAMENTO.—Freight for Sacramento passed Ogden on the 28th instant as follows: For Lindley & Co., 9 packages tobacco; Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 2 boxes braces, 1 box bed fasts, 1 box walnut knobs, 1 barrel clamps, 2 boxes hardware, 1 barrel pulleys, 1 box butts, 1 barrel twine; W. Weinrich & Co., 1 box cigars; M. R. Beard & Co., 2 boxes blank books; Holman, Stanton & Co., 3 dozen shovels; A. A. Van Voorhies & Co., 11 boxes saddlery, 3 cases and 2 boxes hames; T. G. Kingsland & Son, 1 plow, 1 plow casting; W. D. Comstock, 4 boxes chairs, 2 boxes marble; Baker & Hamilton, 8 cases grindstones, 3 bundles shafts, 1 case hay rakes; Henry Eckhardt, 3 cases cartridges; Whittier, Fuller & Co., 1 box moldings.

A SURPRISED SENATOR.—Last evening Senator Tim McCarthy, of San Francisco, arrived from his home. He found awaiting him a long box, shipped from New York, and supposed to contain a cane. The Senator anxiously opened it and found it contained a stick cut from an orange tree. The joke was on the Senator, and was heartily enjoyed by his friends until it leaked out that "the boys" had "doctored" the box before his arrival. The original contents of the box were then produced in the shape of a very handsome gold-headed cane, bearing the inscription, "Senator T. McCarthy, from Tom Gould, New York, Dec. 25, 1882."

SWAMP LAND PATENTS.—The Governor yesterday signed patents to swamp and overflowed lands, as follows: J. B. Haggie, Sacramento county; Calvin Munger, Sacramento county; J. W. Taylor, Marin county. Also to the following under the grant of the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections: John F. Smith, Fresno county; Amos Calp, Amador county; John H. Inwall, Monterey county; Alfred H. Blassingame, Fresno county; D. Hardy, San Benito county; A. C. Hubbard, Santa Clara county; F. A. Sackett, San Benito county; John Williams, Mendocino county; Delia Watson, El Dorado county.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH CONCERT.—A vocal and instrumental concert will be given in the Congregational Church this evening by Mrs. Addie Carter, assisted by the following ladies and gentlemen: Mrs. Dr. A. E. Brune, Mrs. G. R. Hansbrow, Mrs. O. H. P. Sheets, Mrs. E. M. Berkey, Miss Minna Fleissner, Miss Mary Milliken, Miss Amelia Bohl, Miss Jennie Woods, Messrs. Otto Fleissner, O. H. P. Sheets, Chas. Beaumont, J. A. Baillargeon, Harry Carroll, — Bruner, — Terry. The programme will be made up of selections of solos, duets, trios and quartets.

POLICE COURT.—Business was transacted in the Police Court yesterday as follows: Jack Shields, disturbing the peace, pleaded guilty, fined $20; Barney McElroy, drunk, discharged; Juan Celizar, drunk, pleaded guilty, fined $5; Henry Jackson, petit larceny, pleaded guilty, judgment deferred to May 9th; Ah Luey, petit larceny, discharged; Ed. Short, judgment for violating runners' ordinance, fined $1 and costs.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was a very warm day in comparison to the temperature recently, the thermometer reaching 65°. Last evening Sergeant Barwick, from reports received and observations taken, predicted a wind-storm, with a maximum velocity of somewhere between thirty and forty miles per hour.

"BOOMING!"—Crowded daily, and not without cause, for we are offering our stock of winter goods (regardless of cost) at prices which demand the immediate attention of the public. Take advantage of this golden opportunity presented by Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

NOW is the time to get eggs at 30c per dozen at Anker & Moore's, Nos. 1100 and 1102 J street, corner Eleventh. Read the price-list. *

ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF buys a lady's kid, buttoned shoe, with worked buttonholes, at Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

A BOLD ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY.

Yesterday morning, about 2 o'clock, Eberhardt's gun store, at 602 K street, was the scene of a bold attempt at burglary. In fact the burglars probably accomplished their purpose. Eberhardt has been in the habit of leaving some of his goods in the show-window of his store during the night, and simply protecting the window with a wooden shutter. This shutter was removed by the men, and the window pane broken. The noise attracted some persons in a saloon on the opposite side of the street, and they rushed out to see what the matter was. As soon as the burglars, which were two in number, saw they were discovered, they ran around on Sixth street, and thence down L street towards the river. The blowing of police whistles attracted officers Carroll and Farrel, and special officer May. The officers found two men on L street, and arrested them on suspicion. There was considerable doubt as to the men being the burglars, and a further search was instituted. At the bridge leading to Washington it was learned that two men answering the description given had crossed there about 3 o'clock in the morning. Officers Farrell and Jackson started for Davisville in the morning in a buggy, having previously telegraphed to the conductor of the west-bound overland train to arrest any suspicious-looking men who might board the train at Davisville. Sheriff Kirby, of Solano county, arrested two men on the train when near San Pablo, and they were taken to San Francisco and turned over to Chief Crowley. Last evening a young man, who was coming from the Sarsfield Guard ball at the time the two burglars ran down Sixth street, went to the station-house and identified one of them as one of the men he saw. A dispatch was then sent to Chief Crowley, of San Francisco, to release the two men arrested on the train. Upon examination of the premises of the gun store it was found that two new revolvers had been stolen. This was undoubtedly all the burglars wished to take from the place, they simply wishing to arm themselves for some other and more profitable business.

BRIEF NOTES.

George Schroth & Co. shipped yesterday to Liverpool, England, 1,200 half sacks of flour.

The steamer Neponset arrived from the upper Sacramento yesterday with a cargo of general produce to master.

A. I. Hall & Co., of San Francisco, yesterday filed with the Secretary of State their claim to a trade-mark for patent roller flour.

Two County Treasurers settled with the State yesterday. That of Santa Barbara paying $20,222 82 and Shasta $15,657 16.

A decree of divorce was entered in the Superior Court yesterday in favor of the plaintiff in the case of Martha A. Myers vs. John Myers.

A Chinaman, charged with battery, and Peter Murphy, drunk, were the only two arrests made by the police up to 12 o'clock last night.

The officers and members of Company G (Sarsfield Guard) and of the Governor's Guard Cadets will assemble at their respective armories this evening for review.

A paper very numerously signed by the business men and others of this city, protesting against the enactment of any law by which a license shall be required for traders and other business, will be presented to the Legislature this week.

The fog of Tuesday deposited in the rain gauge kept by S. H. Gerrish .006 of an inch of water; that of Wednesday, .004 of an inch, making the total of fog and rain for the month 2.158 inches, and for the season, 9.591 inches. The records of rainfall for other recent seasons to corresponding date, as kept by Mr. Gerrish, are as follows: 1882, 6.986 inches; 1881, 17.905 inches; 1880, 7.408 inches; 1879, 5.047 inches; 1878, 11.483 inches; 1877, 6.240 inches; 1876, 17.205 inches.

THE WALDEN TRIAL ENDED.—The argument in the Walden perjury case was brought to a sudden close yesterday morning by the announcement in Court that Charles T. Jones, associate counsel for the prosecution, was sick and unable to attend. The prosecution asked for a continuance until noon, but Mr. Turner, whose argument was but half concluded the day before, offered to submit the case without any further argument, which was agreed to by the District Attorney. The Court then instructed the jury, and they retired. In sixteen minutes they returned, and the foreman announced they had agreed on a verdict. Amid breathless silence in the crowded Court-room, the Clerk recorded it, and announced a verdict of not guilty. A motion was then made by defendant's counsel to dismiss the other indictment for perjury against Walden. Judge McFarland said that it appearing to the Court that the evidence adduced in the trial just closed is the same substantially that would be used and developed in a trial under the other indictment; that the former case had consumed fourteen days in its trial, and was fully tried; that the same results would follow, to wit: an acquittal of the defendant; that great inconvenience to the witnesses and an enormous expense to the county would follow, and that it is accordingly ordered that said indictment be dismissed and the defendant be discharged from custody. The same order was made in the case of the People vs. Oscar Lyon, indicted for perjury alleged to have been committed in the same trial. The witness fees alone in the trial of Walden, for perjury, which was commenced in September, amounted to $1,606 45, without the fees paid at the preliminary examination. Judge McFarland refused to allow fees to many witnesses in the trial just closed, claiming that they were willing witnesses, could afford to lose the time and the expense incurred, and that many of them appeared to be interested in the result. However, the witnesses' fees allowed on Saturday, with the two allowed yesterday, amount to $1,306, which makes a total for the two trials of $2,902 45. This does not include the expenses of the officers of the Court, or those incurred by the Grand Jury in finding the indictments. The Stanislaus county people interested in the trial nearly all returned to their homes on Saturday, and the remainder will depart this morning.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Creed Haymond went to Nevada City last evening.

George F. Grant, of San Francisco, is in the city.

George P. Royster returned from St. Helena last evening.

W. M. Donohue, of Placerville, is in the city for a few days.

N. D. Ridout and wife, of Marysville, came to the city yesterday morning.

Henry Liddell, general subscription agent of the *Overland Monthly*, is in the city.

Harvey Hollister, of Truckee, was in the city yesterday, and went to San Francisco in the evening.

Mrs. Hoyt, a teacher in one of the Oakland schools, has been visiting in Sacramento for several days.

R. E. Warren, who was the first man married in Colusa county, is the Democratic candidate for Police Judge of Chico.

R. N. McLennan, for several years in the employ of Adams, McNeil & Co., goes to San Francisco today to engage in business.

Misses Annie and Mary Jamison came down from Ophir, Placer county, yesterday, and will visit friends in Sacramento for a few days.

There will be but one hundred tickets issued for the Undines' thirteenth annual party, to be given at the Crocker Art Gallery to-morrow evening. The grand march will begin at 9 o'clock.

R. B. Ellis starts for Seattle to-day, to engage in business and make it his permanent residence. He has been in the employ of the Central Pacific Railroad Company for many years as patternmaker.

Mrs. Governor Stoneman gave her second reception yesterday afternoon and evening in the parlors at the Langham Hotel. In the afternoon she was assisted by Mrs. Senator J. V. Coleman and Mrs. Charles Sonntag. Owing to the weather being much finer than a week ago the callers were much more numerous, and the attendance much larger in the evening. These weekly receptions will continue at least during the session of the Legislature.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: S. M. Fielding, I. Aron, S. Alexander, H. C. Blebe, C. H. Carter, R. Luscombe, H. C. L'hote, H. Cowell, T. M. Grant, G. Landaw and wife, P. McG. McBean, William Sharp, A. M. Sayre, L. L. Baker, R. L. Hamilton, P. J. Murphy, San Francisco; J. R. Glascock, J. S. Wall, C. H. Swift, William H. Glascock, Oakland; T. P. Cory, Alameda county; J. Ferrin, Benicia; S. Crane, William McCrane, N. D. Rideout and wife, Marysville; D. P. Durst, Wheatland; M. E. C. Munday, Petaluma; G. S. Kimball, Red Bluff; J. S. Judd, Daniel Collins, Grass Valley; D. B. Guile, Davisville; J. H. Barrett, Elmira.

APPLES! APPLES! APPLES!—We are receiving daily a large variety of choice mountain apples, in fine condition. For sale in lots to suit the purchaser, and delivered to any part of the city free of charge. D. De Bernardi & Co., 308 and 310 K street. *

HALE BROS.' full-stock calf boot, of finest workmanship, any desired width, gives universal satisfaction. On exhibition at Ninth and K streets. *

REMNANTS.—Through our immense clearance, these accumulate. We have a large variety at prices never equalled. Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

KEEP your eyes open and read the new price-list. Cash will tell at Anker & Moore's, 1100 and 1102 J street, corner Eleventh. *

"STILL LOWER."—Brown Canton flannel reduced from 16⅔ to 12½c per yard. Ask for it at Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

LADIES' pebble buttoned shoe (sizes, 3 to 7) only $1 25—a serviceable article. Hale's clearance sale. *

THE LEGISLATURE.

Hard Work in Both Houses—The Debris Question in the Assembly—The Miners Win by One Vote.

Yesterday was an active day in both houses of the Legislature, a large amount of business being transacted. In the Assembly there was an exciting contest over the second reading and engrossment of Cutter's bill relative to the joinder of parties in actions to abate a nuisance, commonly known in the present Legislature as the "slickens bill." It was finally defeated by one vote.

The Senate met at 10 A. M. with Lieutenant-Governor Daggett in the chair.

After the reading of the journal, the Senate resolved itself into executive session for the purpose of considering the appointments made by the Governor. The appointments were confirmed, as follows: Walter Turnbull, of San Francisco, Major-General Commanding Division National Guard of California; William H. Dimond, of San Francisco, Brigadier-General; Charles Cadwalader, of Tehama, Brigadier-General; and Joseph G. Wall, of Del Norte, Brigadier-General. The vote was a unanimous one in each case, except that Fraser voted no on the appointments of Dimond and Cadwalader.

Taylor, from the Committee on Education, reported back S. B. 49, to provide an industrial department at the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum, without recommendation, stating that there were four members of the committee present when the bill was considered, two of whom favored the bill and two opposed it. He also reported back adversely S. B. 140 and S. B. 175, proposing to amend Article IX of the Constitution in regard to the State University.

McClure introduced a bill providing the machinery for submitting to the people proposed amendments to the Constitution. It is the same bill introduced by him at the last session on the same subject.

Reddy introduced a bill to amend Section 473 of the Civil Code, relating to the consolidation of the capital stock, debts, profits, assets and franchise of railroad corporations, and to authorize such consolidation between railroad corporations organized in this State and railroad corporations of adjoining States. The object of the bill is to save doubling the expense of a company operating a railroad in two States. For instance, there is a line of railroad running from the Mound House, near Carson City, State of Nevada, down through Candalaria and Owens River Valley, connecting with the Southern Pacific Railroad. In case it becomes necessary to raise money all the forms must be gone through with in both States. This bill will permit a consolidation, under which half of the expense will be saved. He also introduced a bill amending the Insolvent Act of 1880, so as to make the Sheriff the receiver of the insolvent estate until the regular assignee is appointed.

Sullivan introduced a bill to amend Section 737 of the Political Code, relating to the salaries of the Judges of Superior Courts of the city and county of San Francisco, and the counties of Alameda, San Joaquin, Los Angeles, Santa Clara, Yuba and Sutter combined, Sacramento, Butte, Nevada and Sonoma; raising the salaries of the Superior Court Judges in those counties from $4,000 per annum to $6,000 per annum. He also introduced a bill adding a new section to the Civil Code, relating to the duty of railroad corporations to provide safeguards for passengers. The bill is copied from the Illinois railroad law, and provides that every railroad corporation shall furnish each car used for the transportation of passengers with one woodman's ax, one hand-saw, one sledge-hammer and two leather buckets, such articles to be kept in good repair, ready for instant use, and in some convenient place in such car easily of access in case of collision or other accident.

Frazier introduced a bill to amend Section 413 of the Political Code, relating to the duties of the Secretary of State. [It makes the statute conform to the Constitution, by limiting the amount allowed each member of the Legislature for contingent expenses to $25 for each session.]

Ryan introduced a bill in relation to the inspection of steam boilers. [It provides for an Inspector-General of Boilers in each Congressional district of the State.]

Vrooman introduced a bill to amend several sections of the Political Code, and to repeal other sections, relating to the public schools. The bill is a big one, being carefully drawn in conformity with the suggestions made by ex-Superintendent of Public Instruction Campbell in his biennial report. He also introduced a bill relative to fees chargeable to estates in the hands of the Public Administrator. It allows the Court to remit the fees and save the Public Administrator from paying the fees out of his own pocket when the estate is found to be bankrupt.

Taylor (by request) introduced a bill to add a new section to the Political Code, as follows: "Section 541. Whenever a telegraph corporation shall, for the purpose of competition with any other telegraph corporation, lower the rates of charges for messages between any given points or from one point to another within this State, such reduced rates shall not be again raised or increased from such standard. Charges in violation of this section shall work a forfeiture of the franchise of the corporation so violating the same." Also, a bill to amend Section 92 of the Civil Code and add a new section, relating to causes of divorce. It adds to the causes of divorce "incurable insanity," and defines incurable insanity to be that degree of insanity which is permanent in its character and wholly disqualifies the person from attending to ordinary business.

Keating introduced a bill for better protection of life and property by regulating the management and use of steam boilers, etc. It provides for an Inspector and two assistants—the three together form a State Board of Boiler Inspectors. Also a bill to provide for the payment of mud sawn warrants in favor of H. D. Gamble, to the amount of $72. Also a bill to amend Chapter 26 of the Statutes, in relation to certain deputies, assistants and copyists of County Clerks in San Francisco. It allows three copyists for each Superior Court, at a salary of $3 per day.

Sullivan presented a petition, signed by all of the members of the bar of San Francisco, asking for the passage of a bill increasing the salaries of certain Superior Judges from $4,500 to $6,000.

Del Valle introduced a bill for the regulation of the boarding of infant children. [Whoever engages in the business of taking nursing infants, or infants under three years of age, to board, or of entertaining or boarding more than two such infants in the same house at the same time, shall, within two days, give notice to the Board of Health, and the Board may visit the place, inspect it, and direct and enforce such sanitary measures as it may deem necessary.]

Spencer of Napa introduced a bill in reference to Public Administrators, which contains many important provisions, and which will be given in full hereafter.

Keating presented a memorial from the Knights of Labor in San Francisco, urging the Legislature to pass the free text-book bills, also the Bureau of Labor Statistics bills.

The Senate then proceeded to the first and second reading of bills, and subsequently passed the following bills: Nos. 165 and 169, relating to the investment of State school moneys; No. 24, relating to the proofs of the incorporation of foreign corporations; No. 25, making non compliance with the requirements of Section 2 of Article XIII of the Constitution a misdemeanor; No. 32, relating to trials by jury.

At the afternoon session English introduced a bill, by request, relative to the traveling expenses of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, and increases the salary of his deputy to $2,400.

Johnson introduced a bill to provide for the better control and management of the several funds of the University of California, and for their investment and security.

Cox, by request, introduced a bill to pay Edward Christy $3,600 for lime furnished at the Folsom State Prison.

Ryan introduced a bill relative to the Bank Commissioners, and Johnson, by request, introduced one to regulate the retail sale of spirituous or malt liquors and all intoxicating beverages.

Johnson's bill relating to security to keep the peace, undertakings therefor and discharge from imprisonment, was passed.

Kellogg's bill allowing Sheriffs to cut the hair of prisoners for sanitary reasons was passed after a sharp debate, McClure opposing the bill strongly as unconstitutional.

The Senate adjourned to meet at 10 A. M. to-day.

The Assembly met at 10 A. M., Speaker LaRue in the chair.

The Committee on Public Buildings reported back adversely Leverson's bill to remove the State capital.

Campbell introduced a bill to pay A. L. Bancroft & Co. $600, balance due on contract for furnishing California Supreme Court Reports to the State.

Wheelan introduced a bill providing that every corporation, company or association now, or hereafter incorporated, organized under any law of this State, engaged in the manufacture of fulminating compounds, nitro-glycerine mixture, gun or blasting powder or other violent explosives, shall place their manufactories at a distance of not less than five miles from the limits of any incorporated city or town, and not less than three miles from the track of any railroad in actual operation and engaged in carrying passengers.

Hollister introduced a bill making it a felony for any person to maliciously destroy any real or personal property, not his own, in other cases than are specified in the Penal Code.

Campbell introduced a bill for the better control and management of the several funds of the State University.

Murdock introduced a bill providing for probation in criminal cases.

Leverson's bill to prevent common carriers from making unjust and extortionate charges on the carriage of goods in violation of the law, was read a first time after being reported against unanimously by the committee to which it had been referred.

The bill to pay the claims of the heirs of the late E. G. Jeffries came up for a second reading, and created considerable discussion, the Committee on Claims having reported against it. Granger, Chairman of the committee, opposed the bill, and Cutter of Yuba strongly advocated it. It was finally recommitted to the Committee on Claims.

Hershey's bill, requiring searchers of title to give a bond of $5,000, also created a long discussion, and was finally withdrawn.

Campbell's bill, relating to the salaries of Judges of the Superior Court and to fix the salaries thereof, created quite a discussion in the House. The object of the bill was to reduce the salaries of the two Judges of Sonoma county from $4,000 per annum to $3,000.

Cutter offered the following substitute: The Superior Court Judges shall receive an annual salary of $3,000 each, payable monthly, except the Judges of the city and county of San Francisco, who shall receive $6,000 each, and the Judges of the counties of Alameda, Los Angeles, Santa Clara, Yuba and Sutter combined, Sacramento, Butte and Nevada, who shall receive $5,000 each, and the Judges of San Joaquin, Colusa, Napa, Amador and Tehama, who shall receive $4,000 each, one half to be paid by the State and the other half by the county for which the Judge is elected.

After considerable discussion the bill and the substitute were referred to the Committee on Counties and County Governments.

At the afternoon session Hughes introduced a bill to amend various sections of the Political Code concerning the water front of the city and county of San Francisco.

Leverson introduced a bill providing that when small-pox prevails as an epidemic the Board of Supervisors may make proclamation to that effect, and thereupon the School Directors may direct the children to be vaccinated.

Keler introduced a bill to repeal the Act providing for an additional Superior Judge in Mono county.

Yell introduced a bill amending the Political Code, in relation to County Boards of Education, and prescribing their powers.

At 2:30 P. M. the Assembly took up the special order, being Cutter's bill relating to parties to actions, known as the "slickens bill."

Fortna of Sutter moved that the bill be made the special order for Monday next, at 2:30 P. M., saying that he did not know at this time that his constituents wanted the bill passed.

Cutter opposed the motion, saying that if by his constituents the gentleman meant the ring in the Anti-Debris Association controlled by George Cadwalader, they were probably not in favor of it, but the mass of the people in his county were not in that ring, and were in favor of the bill.

The bill was ordered read a second time, by a vote of 40 ayes to 31 noes.

The Clerk read Section 1, and Cutter offered the following amendment: "Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the joinder of parties complained of as defendants, where the nuisance sought to be abated or enjoined is alleged by the plaintiff to be the result of quartz drift, or any kind of placer mining, or any process other than that of hydraulic mining, popularly so called."

Granger of Butte moved to amend the amendment, by adding: "Provided, that in every action to abate a nuisance or for an injunction to prevent the commission or continuance thereof, only those shall be enjoined as defendants who reside in one and the same county; and that the defendants in the action shall have an absolute right to make all legal defense thereto in the county where they reside, and before a jury of their own vicinage."

Cutter addressed the House at length in opposition to the last amendment, and in favor of the bill with his amendment. The amendment offered by Granger would destroy the bill, and if the gentleman from Butte had read that amendment from any stump in his county during the campaign he never would have been elected to the Assembly. He reviewed the whole debris question from the standpoint of the farmer in an able and forcible manner, and claimed that his bill was demanded by the people of the valleys as a speedy solution of the whole question.

Granger defended his amendment, and claimed that his constituents did not want the bill passed. He had consulted with the counsel employed by Sacramento county, and from him learned that the people of Sacramento did not want it passed, and read an editorial from the *Bee* to the same effect.

Cutter asked him if he intended to say that Geo. Cadwalader or the people of Sacramento favored his amendment.

Granger said he would not go so far as that, but he was not in favor of the bill.

Cutter said that Cadwalader had been engaged in suits against the miners, in the employ of the farmers for over five years and had only succeeded in shutting down one mine, unless the Miocene was included, and he believed he was not in that action. For this service he had received from the people of the valley something like $60,000, and he was not at all anxious to have this bill passed, because it would put an end to this continued litigation by settling the whole business in one action.

Caminetti spoke in favor of the amendment, on the ground that it was the right of every man to be tried in his own vicinage. This was one of the great principles of the Declaration of Independence, and one of the chief causes of complaint against King George by our forefathers.

Babb made an oratorical effort in behalf of the bill, denouncing the miners in unmeasured terms.

Simon opposed the amendment and urged the passage of the bill.

Doty opposed the bill on the ground that the Board of Supervisors of Sacramento county had employed counsel to attend to their interests in this matter, and had been indorsed in that action by the people of this county; that counsel did not favor this bill, and all the debris men of this county had endeavored to have the author of the bill withdraw it and he would not do it.

Barry opposed the bill because, he said, it made the legislative department of the government higher than the judiciary.

Ryan spoke warmly in favor of the bill and against the amendment.

Nicol favored the amendment, and opposed the bill as destructive of a great industry.

Johnston opposed the bill on the ground that the farmers have a right to go into Court and abate the nuisance, if one exists, as the law now stands.

Irwin favored the amendment and spoke against the bill.

Stephens said he came here pledged to his constituents to vote in favor of some such bill, and he would not go back on his pledge on account of the opinions of any newspaper.

Farley spoke earnestly against the bill and all amendments to it, reciting the well-known arguments from the miners' standpoint. He advised the Assembly to be careful and not bring ruin and destruction upon a large portion of the State. He had seen a ruined section of country brought about by sectional strife—having been a Confederate soldier—and it was a sad sight.

Hershey favored the passage of the bill, and believed it was a good one.

Granger's amendment was lost by a vote of 18 ayes to 48 noes.

Cutter's amendment was amended by striking out the words "is alleged by the plaintiffs to be the result of," and inserting in lieu thereof the words "is caused by." It was then adopted by a vote of 44 ayes to 21 noes.

Irwin offered an amendment to insert after the word "nuisance" the words "created by mining operations," which was voted down.

The previous question was ordered, and the bill was refused engrossment by the following vote:

Ayes—Barnes, Bibb, Brown, Carter, Clark, Coleman, Cutter, Field, Flynn, Fortna, Granger, Hall, Hamilton, Head, Healy, Hershey, Hughes, Kerrick, Leverson, Martin, Mathews, McDonald, Moffitt, Peterson, Plover, Rawle, Reeves, Ryan, Simon, Smith, Stephens, Terry, Weaver, Yell and Mr. Speaker—35.

Noes—Barry, Beard, Briceland, Callaghan, Caminetti, Campbell, Cary, Clement, Crumpton, Culver, Doty, Farley, Farrar, Gaussoin, Harvey, Heath, Hunter, Irwin, Johnston, Keeler, Lewison, McClaskey, McHale, McKinley, Murdock, Nicol, Parker, Rhiel, Rowland, Stewart, Storke, Sweetland, Townsend, Walrath, Wheat and Wheelan—36.

The Assembly adjourned until to-day at 10 o'clock A. M.

"SAFE INVESTMENT."—All-wool ladies' cloth, 54 inches wide, reduced to $1 per yard, at Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

LOOK out for No. 1 Petaluma Butter, at 55c per roll, at Anker & Moore's, 1100 and 1102 J st., corner Eleventh. Read the price list.*

JOHN MUNDELL'S genuine solar-tip shoes for children at Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

THE best full stock kip boot on the coast for $3 50, at Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

HUNDREDS testify of the benefits received from Rock and Rye. G. W. Chesley, agent. *

SILK, velvet and satin remnants, unparalleled values, at Hale's stupendous sale. *

DO NOT postpone your visit to Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

"NO RESERVE"—All winter goods must go, at Hale's stupendous clearance sale. *

BORN.

Sacramento, January 19—Wife of A. Kaeser, a son.

Sacramento, January 25—Wife of W. Nagel, a daughter.

Sacramento, January 27—Wife of George Metz, a son.

Sacramento, January 29—Wife of J. C. Moore, a son.

Cacheville, January 28—Wife of Charles Brower, a daughter.

Grass Valley, January 29—Wife of N. B. Worl, a son.

Benicia, January 21—Wife of William Roberts, a daughter.

DIED.

Sacramento, January 30—William Andrew, eldest son of John D. and Rachel Jost, a native of California, 16 years, 2 months and 14 days.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the residence of parents, Fourteenth street, between K and L, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.]

Sacramento, January 31—Katie A., youngest daughter of William and Catherine O'Connor, a native of California, 15 years, 7 months and 28 days.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the residence of her parents, Q street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth, to-morrow (Friday) afternoon at 1 o'clock; thence to St. Rose Church, where funeral services will be held.]

Oakland, January 30—Thomas F. Boyer, a native of Prince Edward's Island, 50 years, 5 months and 28 days. (Prince Edward's Island papers please copy.)

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from his mother's residence, 623 L street, to-morrow at 3 o'clock.]

ATTENTION,

STOCK MEN!

A Farm and Stock Range of 12,000 Acres—6,000 acres deeded land—all under board and wire fence, with dwellings, corrals, stables, etc., of which 1,400 acres are meadow land, from which 1,600 tons of Hay can be cut. Situated on Humboldt River, Nevada.

—ALSO—

A large Range on Snake River, Idaho—capable of feeding 40,000 head of cattle.

Included with the above places are 9,000 head of Stock and Beef Cattle, 600 head of Stock Horses, 34 head of thoroughbred Hereford Cattle, 8 thoroughbred Stallions, Threshing and Mowing Machines, Header Wagons, Plows, Harrows, etc.

HAVE FOR EXCHANGE

—FOR—

City Property:

Ranch of 151 Acres—Has on the place from 4,000 to 5,000 Grape Vines, eight to ten years old; 100 Fruit Trees; good, ceiled Dwelling; large Stable. Good, rich farming land; never have failure of crop; living stream of water flows through the place. Located three-quarters of a mile from Latrobe, on stage road. A bargain for any one wishing to exchange.

APPLY TO

SWEETSER & ALSIP,

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 1015 Fourth street,

BETWEEN J AND K, SACRAMENTO.

CHANGED DAILY FOR MECHANICS' STORE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1883.

SACRAMENTO TEMPERATURE

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY:

Highest	62
Lowest	39

TEMPERATURE CORRESPONDING DAY, 1882:

Highest	51
Lowest	42

EVENTS OF THE DAY.

Washington first elected, 1789.
Admiral Maury died, 1873.

Sun Rises	7:05 A. M.		
Sun Sets	5:23 P. M.		
Moon Rises	1:37 A. M.		
Moon Souths	6:48 A. M.		
Day's Length	10h. 18min.		

Fireside Shopping.

Surprising as has been the growth in recent years of the system of shopping by mail, it is yet destined to a much greater degree of usefulness.

Scattered over the coast are thousands of people, with a high knowledge of appropriateness in dress, and a thorough understanding of the value and worth of goods; and, yet, who chancing to live in the small towns and by-places, are confined in their selection of goods to the small assortment and high prices of the country dealers. Thus, it is sure to happen in the near future that a due regard for economy, as well as the desire for better and more fashionable goods, will cause such people—unless they have already done so—to transfer a large part of their trade from country to city merchants.

The important question with those who have never tested the convenience and superiority of this system of trade is—Where to send? Having made the filling of country orders an important feature in this Establishment, and believing that it possesses decided advantages, we propose to note briefly some of the points in the business of special interest to out-of-town customers:

FIRST—This Establishment is the largest collection of general merchandise on the coast. It is, therefore, reasonable to believe that it stands first in low prices and varied assortment.

SECOND—On its shelves will be found everything needed to clothe the human form, besides many things of personal and household use. Anything which is not kept will be got as an accommodation.

THIRD—The location of this store in Central California places it in quick, easy and direct connection with nearly every part of the coast. It is almost invariably saving in time and forwarding charges to send to us.

FOURTH—A Catalogue of 128 pages, and with over 800 illustrations, is sent free on application. It gives the most explicit information about goods. Samples of Domestics, Dress Goods, Laces, etc., are also sent free, marked with the price per yard, and the exact width of the goods.

FIFTH—Out-of-town customers get the same goods and same prices that they would if they stood at our counters.

SIXTH—Any goods not as ordered may be returned at our expense.

SEVENTH—Our own interest prompts us to fill every order to the very best of our taste and ability. We do not know but that the smallest order may be a test one, and if filled satisfactorily be the forerunner of many more to come. If you have never dealt in this way, send your name and address on a postal card for Price List, together with any samples desired.

MECHANICS' STORE