SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

DAILY UNION SERIES—VOL. LVIV—No. 10,028.
DAILY RECORD SERIES—VOL. XXVII—No. 5632

SACRAMENTO, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 26, 1883.

DAILY RECORD-UNION SERIES.
VOLUME XVII—NUMBER 81.

MISCELLANEOUS.

50 PIECES Choice Styles
—IN—
PRINTED SATEENS,
Only 25 cents per yard!

100 Pieces New Patterns in Ginghams!
—PRICES LOW AT—
C. H. STEVENS & CO.'S

SHOE DEPARTMENT!
200 Pairs Sample Shoes!
NEW STYLES AND FINE QUALITY. Bought from an Eastern Drummer at 50 cents on the dollar, and will be sold very cheap. ALL WIDTHS AND SIZES. CALL AND SEE THEM AT
C. H. STEVENS & CO.,
CORNER EIGHTH AND J STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

SAMPLES AND PRICE LIST FREE TO ANY ADDRESS.

BUTTERICK PATTERN AGENCY. FASHION PAPER FREE.
m10-1&3ptfTuThS

WANTED, LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week

WANTED—AN OWNER FOR A COAT AND Vest which were left May 21st at Room 25, Mansion House. Any person proving property and paying charges will receive the clothing. m25-3t*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—AT THE SACRAMENTO Labor Exchange, No. 126 K street, between Front and Second: Twenty men to work by the year on a farm; wages, $30 per month; four girls for housework; 2 carpenters, wages $3 per day. LONGWORTH & CO., No. 126 K street. m24 3t

LOST—BETWEEN THE DEPOT and Western Hotel, a large Red Pocketbook, containing papers of no value to any person except the owner. The finder will leave the same at this office and be rewarded. m24-3t*

LOST WATCH—A SMALL SILVER Watch, much worn, was recently lost in the city. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office. m22-tf

WANTED—BY THE CAPITOL PACKING Company, 200 women and girls to work in their factory. Those desirous of work will please call and give their names in at the office, 1109 Front street.
Wanted immediately, 200 women to prepare fruit for canning, at the Cannery, No. 1109 Front street.
m17-1m CAPITOL PACKING CO.

WANTED.

A WAITER FOR NEVADA, WAGES, $40 TO $50, fare paid; 3 waiters for the city, $30; also 6 men to hay; 3 milkers, $30; a milker and butter maker, $30 to $35; 3 ranch hands, $30; also 6 men to grub land, $1 per day; 3 woodchoppers for stove and four-foot wood, $1 50 per cord.
Female—Twelve girls for housework, city and country, wages $12 to $25; also girls for various other work.
Apply to HOUSTON & CO.'S Employment Office, Fourth and K streets, Sacramento city. au13-1mtf

WRITE TO-DAY
For Canvassing Outfit Free. $10 to $20 per day at home or traveling.
Address, FAMILY JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO., 532 Clay street, SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

Advertisements of five lines in this department are inserted for 25 cents for one time; three times for 50 cents or 75 cents per week.

TO LET—HOUSE OF ONE STORY AND basement, furnished or unfurnished, situated at Twenty-seventh and M streets. For particulars inquire at 1125 Ninth street, corner of L. m25-1w*

$5,500 WILL BUY A WELL-improved 80-acre farm; 15 acres bearing vineyard, 5 acres orchard; good house and barns; 8 miles from Capitol, near a railroad station. Inquire of CARL STROBEL, 321 J street, Sacramento. m24-6t*

$20 PER ACRE—FOR SALE, 160 ACRES fine Wheat Land in Yolo county, four miles from Yolo Station. For terms inquire of CARL STROBEL, 321 J st., Sacramento. m23-1w

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE, CONtaining six rooms, situated at 717 G street, between Seventh and Eighth. References exchanged. m23-1w*

30 OAK DINING CHAIRS FOR SALE AT $1 each; also Double Wool Mattresses at $6; a good Lounge Bed for $10; one Wardrobe for $6, at CHAS. M. CAMPBELL'S, 409 K street, Sacramento. Repairing and Upholstering.
m22-1w

FOR SALE CHEAP.

ONE GOOD SECOND-HAND Grand Square STECK PIANO, at L. K. HAMMER'S Music Store, 820 J street, Sacramento. m5-1p1m

MONEY TO LOAN

ON REAL ESTATE, AT A LOW RATE OF INterest, by PETER BOHL 825 J street. fe17-tf

Chickering Pianos,
WILCOX & WHITE ORGANS
—AT WAREROOMS OF—
L. K. HAMMER,
No. 820 J street,.....Sacramento
Sold on the installment plan. Orders for TUNING promptly attended to. au26 1p1m

COLUMBUS BREWERY,
SOUTHWEST CORNER SIXTEENTH and K streets, CHRIST. WAHL, Proprietor. A good supply of excellent Beer always on hand, and sold at current rates. City and country orders solicited and promptly attended to, with a liberal discount. Beer delivered to any part of the city or at depot free of charge.
m25-1p1m

EBNER BROS.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS,
Nos. 116 and 118 K street, bet. Front and Second, Sacramento.
Agents for the Celebrated
Pommery & Greno Champagne
m25-1p1m

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE
NEUBOURG & LAGES,
NOS. 50, 52 AND 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO, dealers in Produce and Brewers' Supplies, Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals; Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. New Grain Bags for sale. Agents for Buckeye Mills Flour Marysville fe17-1p

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

D. DEBERNARDI & CO.,
308 and 310 K Street,
SACRAMENTO,
Commission Merchants and Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Fish and General Produce. All orders, large or small, will receive prompt attention. m11-1m

H. G. MAY & CO.,
PROPRIETORS OF FULTON MARKET, 428 and 430 K st., corner Fifth, Sacramento, Cal. Wholesale dealers in Butter, Eggs, Produce, Fruit, Fish Game, Tropical Fruits and Poultry. Country orders promptly filled. Postoffice Box 437. a20-tf

W. R. STRONG. P. E. PLATT. ROBT. WILLIAMSON
W. R. STRONG & CO.,
—Wholesale Dealers in—
GREEN AND DRIED FRUIT and GENERAL PRODUCE,
J and FRONT STREETS.....SACRAMENTO, CAL.
a7-tf

WM. M. LYON. W. A. CURTIS.
LYON & CURTIS
(Successors to WM. M. LYON),
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN Produce, Vegetables and Fruits.
We carry a full stock of Potatoes, Beans, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, Nuts, Honey, Alfalfa Seed, etc., and fill orders at lowest rates.
Nos. 117, 119 and 123 J street. m22-1ptf

A. MOSERR. S. GERSON.
S. GERSON & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND Dealers in
Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts, Etc.
No. 220 J street, between Second and Third, Sacramento. m2-1m

FRUIT DEALERS,
ATTENTION!
HAVING REMOVED TO MORE COMMODIOUS premises, we have enlarged our stock. We offer you choice Apples, free from worms, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Dried Fruits, Nuts, Dates, Canned Goods, etc., at very low prices.
M. T. BREWER & CO.,
1006 to 1010 Second street, between J and K, Sacramento. fe22-tf

EUGENE J. GREGORY. C. C. BARNES. FRANK GREGORY.
GREGORY, BARNES & CO.
Successors to Gregory & Co.),
Nos. 126 and 128 J Street,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at lowest rates. j12-tf

JOHN T. STOLL,
No. 610 K street, Sacramento, Cal.
Manufacturer of Mexican and California Saddles.
Large variety of Side Saddles, including Stoll's Improved.
Collars of every kind.
Stoll's Patent Collar is the best in the world.
Harness of every kind.
Importer of a Select Stock of Saddlery Hardware.
Robes and Blankets.
Summer Laps (large variety)
Buggy Whips (all kinds).
Saddle Cloths.
Patent Leather of every kind.
And a complete stock of everything in this business.
Goods and Prices are guaranteed.
Price List Furnished.
P. O. Box 54. n12 1p1m

Ladies
Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Sallowness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

DOMESTIC DISPATCHES.

Ingenious Efforts to "Beat" the Brooklyn Bridge—The Labor Situation—Valuable California Horse Killed—Story of a Cape Horn Shipwreck—Generals Grant and Sherman on Crook's Silence—Chinese Triumph in New York—Genteel Poverty in Wall Street—Etc.

[SPECIAL TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

Statistics of Bullion Production.

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—Director Burchard, of the Mint, is engaged in preparing statistics of the bullion production of the United States. He has received reports from all the States and Territories where gold and silver mining is an industry. These reports are carefully revised, the object being to secure the utmost accuracy. The local reports in many instances are found to be inconsistent with the verified statistics of a number of mines in operation, and the average annual output of each. In these cases a most reasonable average is sought. Following are the statistics by counties of the States of California and Nevada:

CALIFORNIA.

County.	Gold.	Silver.
Alpine	$20,000	$10,000
Amador	1,500,000	.....
Butte	650,000	.....
Calaveras	670,000	.....
Colusa	300,000	.....
Del Norte	80,000	.....
El Dorado	600,000	.....
Fresno	80,000	.....
Humboldt	100,000	.....
Inyo	220,000	130,000
Kern	260,000	20,000
Lassen	100,000	20,000
Los Angeles	17,000	24,000
Mariposa	250,000	4,000
Mendocino	.....	.....
Merced	10,000	.....
Mono	2,220,000	380,000
Nevada	3,500,000	10,000
Placer	800,000	.....
Plumas	1,250,000	.....
Sacramento	400,000	.....
San Bernardino	20,000	150,000
San Diego	100,000	.....
San Luis Obispo	5,000	.....
Shasta	350,000	80,000
Sierra	110,000	.....
Siskiyou	720,000	.....
Stanislaus	80,000	15,000
Tehama	10,000	.....
Trinity	600,000	.....
Tulare	5,000	2,000
Tuolumne	400,000	.....
Yuba	750,000	.....
Totals	$16,800,000	$845,000

NEVADA.

Churchill	$50,000	$30,000
Elko	35,000	500,000
Esmeralda	50,000	1,470,000
Eureka	835,000	1,700,000
Humboldt	350,000	80,000
Lander	20,000	1,000,000
Lincoln	25,000	430,000
Nye	25,000	230,000
Storey (including Lyon)	920,000	800,000
White Pine	40,000	400,000
Washoe	10,000	17,000
Totals	$2,000,000	$6,750,000

The Next National Republican Convention.

ATCHISON (Kas.), May 25th.—Colonel John A. Martin, of this city, Secretary of the National Republican Committee, has received a number of letters, making inquiries concerning the next meeting of the committee, and as to what action had been taken looking to the National Convention of 1884. Replying to these inquiries, he states that the committee will meet in Washington the 12th of December next, to fix the date and place for the holding of the Convention. At the last meeting of the committee, held in Washington in January, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the call for the next Republican National Convention shall be so broad and liberal as to invite the co-operation, without imposing any other test, of all citizens who are in favor of elevating and dignifying American labor, protecting and extending home industries, giving free popular education to the masses of the people, securing free suffrage and an honest count of the ballots, and effectually protecting all human rights in every section of our common country, and who are willing to support the nominees of the Convention.

The committee also fixed the basis of representation in the next National Convention and the manner of electing delegates by the adoption of the following order: The Republican National Convention of 1884 shall consist of four delegates-at large from each State and two delegates from each Congressional District. The delegates-at-large shall be chosen by the delegates of the State Convention, called on not less than a twenty-day published notice and held not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days before the meeting of the National Convention. Republicans of the various Congressional Districts shall have the option of electing their delegates at separate, popular and legal conventions, called on similar notice, and held at any time within 15 days next prior to the meeting of the State Convention, or by such delegates as shall be chosen. In the latter method, if not elected previous to the meeting of the State Convention, all district delegates shall be accredited by the officers of such District Convention. Two delegates shall be allowed from each Territory and from the District of Columbia, similarly chosen. Notice of contests may be given to the National Convention, accompanied by a full printed statement of the contest.

Perils of the Deep—Graphic Description of a Shipwreck.

NEW YORK, March 25th.—Among the passengers who arrived to-day in the Acapulco is Captain S. H. Morrison, late master of the American ship Gracie, which sailed from San Francisco January 18th for Liverpool, and was wrecked March 7th on Herschel Island, about seven miles north of Cape Horn. He makes the following report: "After leaving San Francisco we had fresh northwest gales for nine days. On March 6th we encountered a terrific cyclone, in which a seaman was swept from the wheelhouse overboard and lost. It flooded the cabin and filled the decks. The wind cantered to the southwest by south, with hurricane squalls which carried away the forward and new foretop sail. At this time all hands were completely exhausted by exposure. The ship was driven about seventy-five miles northeast by north, at the mercy of the winds, waves and current. At midnight, to our terror and dismay, we saw the loom of land on the lee quarter. We hoisted the fore and mainstay sails and the stern spanker. The ship swung off, but we soon saw land ahead, which we could not weather, but kept hoping to gain anchorage under some lee, or go through, but the rapid current killed the steerage way, and so we were driven into the breakers. We struck heavily several times, and bilged. Got two boats out before the ship brought up, and got out the anchor to prevent her sliding off. Got up steam and worked both pumps; then provisioned our boats. Soon afterward the ship sunk. The ship and cargo were a total loss. After landing on Herschel Island, and getting the boats in order, we concluded to go to sea in the long boat for relief. March 16th we started, and anchored under the lea of Cape Horn; then ran off about twenty-five miles, but could see no vessels. Kept off for the straights of Lamaire, where we arrived in good condition May 17th, but could not land. The same day we started for Falkland Islands, hoping to get picked up. At 8 A. M. we fell in with the German bark Bessel, bound to Valparaiso, where we arrived April 14th, with the chief officer and five of the crew. We found the remainder of the crew here which were left in camp, and had arrived two days ahead of us on board the British bark Silurian, Captain Cook. We called at the American Consulate, where we noted a protest, cancelled the register, etc."

The Brooklyn Bridge—First Day's Traffic.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—People have been crossing the bridge all the morning at the rate of 5,000 per hour, and curious and characteristic scenes occur. "It is remarkable," said the toll-master, "what subterfuges are already attempted to beat the toll. Every imaginable device is tried. A number of drivers have attempted to drive through the gateway and get away before they could be caught. Others, who have succeeded in getting partially through before being called upon by the clerk, have claimed that they had already paid him, and one tried to pass the line by asserting that his load was for the painters on the New York end. There has been no order as to the number of people who are to be allowed to each wagon, and a couple of men have already started a primitive stage line, with one-horse express wagons, and are carrying passengers across at the rate of five cents a head. The toll for a one-horse wagon is only ten cents, and they carry twelve people at a trip. It is a profitable business, but it cannot last long, for they have no license to carry on such a traffic, and can get none." The first funeral passed over the bridge at 10:30 o'clock. The ferry-boats on both the Fulton and Catherine-streets ferries had a strangely deserted look. Several ferry-boats left the Fulton-street slip in Brooklyn without a single wagon, and with scarcely a score of passengers, notwithstanding the fact that they were running at longer intervals by two minutes than yesterday.

Grant and Sherman on Crook's Silence.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—In an interview with General Grant, the question was asked: "Do you regard Crook's failure to make his whereabouts known as an indication that he is in danger?"

"No; I do not. General Crook is an able officer, and, as Indian fighter, I have every confidence in him. He has not entered into this engagement with the Apaches without considering the obstacles that are sure to spring up before him. His progress must necessarily be slow in the mountainous regions. The Mexican Indians, accustomed to the country, may temporarily intrench themselves, but that is to be expected. That Crook will dislodge and capture them there is no reason to doubt."

"You have no idea that he has been drawn into a situation where the Apaches could massacre him?"

"I do not believe that he has met with any such fate. My knowledge of Crook's character and his support, bearing in mind he has Indian recruits of great experience and some cavalry at his hand, forbids my entertaining the thought that Crook has met with disaster. At any rate, it will take official information to convince me that he is not gaining advantage of the hostile Apaches, and that he will drive them to the wall."

WASHINGTON, May 25th.—General Sherman said to-day that he has no fear but that General Crook will "turn right side up with care," and that he is acting under direct instructions from his superiors. The object of the movement, said Sherman, is to give the Indians to understand that whenever in the future they go on a raid, it will be with a full knowledge that it will be followed by swift and sure punishment by our troops, even if they do retreat over the Mexican border or the Canadian border.

A Valuable California Horse Killed.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—Among the number of horses which arrived yesterday from Los Angeles, Cal., under charge of O. A. Hickok, was a very valuable four-year-old colt, purchased by Edward S. Stokes, of the Hoffman House, from J. W. Mackay, of San Francisco. While on the way from the boat to the Hoffman House stables, the colt became frightened at a train on the Sixth avenue elevated road, and in running he struck a Sixth avenue surface car. The driver was thrown and received no injury, but the colt broke one of its fore legs. When Stokes arrived he ordered the animal shot. The colt was sired by Sultan, and his dam was a Hambletonian mare once owned by Charles Kerner, of this city, and sold a few years since by him to J. W. Mackay. Stokes valued him at $5,000.

Labor and Capital.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—All doubt as to a general strike among iron-workers on June 1st has been removed by the fiat which has gone forth from the headquarters of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, demanding that the present scale of prices be maintained.

THE STRIKING MINERS.

COLLINSVILLE (Ill.), May 25th.—The situation to-day is more strained than yesterday. Not a mine on the Vandalia road between East St. Louis and Troy is in operation. All are closed and watched by the strikers. The Mayor ordered the saloons closed at 8, and swore in 50 deputies, as drunkenness had increased among the miners. Eighteen or twenty shots were fired last night in a spirit of devilitry. At 2 o'clock this morning 360 striking miners assembled in the Abbey mines. They ascertained that the men driven off yesterday had not returned, and then detailed 50 men to see that no attempt was made to start up. Some 200 started east on the railroad track. A picket was left at No. 3. Collinsville being reached, they were told that no attempt at work would be made today. They then started for the Confidence and Troy mines. No work is going on at the Confidence mine, but upwards of 100 stopped there. The Belleville and Caseyville miners were joined by a strong delegation from the miners on the Ohio and Mississippi road. Those who did not remain at the Confidence pushed on to Troy, seven miles from here, and surrounded the Brookside mine, which was last on the Vandalia track. It was in operation yesterday, but upon the appearance of the mob this morning the men struck work. The position is critical and the crisis great to-night.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—From interviews with leading iron men of this city, it appears to be a settled fact that the iron mills of Chicago will shut down June 1st unless some unexpected concession is made by the Amalgamated Association before that time, which is deemed highly improbable by the manufacturers. The Union Iron and Steel Company, which was expected to resume work June 1st, has apparently abandoned all intention of doing so.

A Jury Suspiciously Ill.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25th.—Quite a sensation has been created by the fact that the twelve jurors in the murder case of Chung Way You, the Chinaman who was killed by Thomas Lyons, who is now on trial in the Quarter Sessions Court, have been taken suddenly ill. Last night they were so prostrated it was necessary to adjourn the Court. On Wednesday evening, after supper, a couple of jurors complained of feeling ill. Soon the others followed, and when they were marched into their box this morning they were scarcely able to sit upright. Their sickness increased, and Judge Mitchell caused them to be taken back to their quarters. Some were so weak from the effects of their sudden and inexplicable illness they had to be carried to their beds. Dr. Lee and Coroner Janney were called in to attend them. They suffered terribly. Their illness indicated poisoning, and physicians were compelled to remain with the men all the time. At midnight five doctors were in attendance, as the whole panel has become affected.

Judge Mitchell talks of disbanding the jury, and if they are not better to-morrow he will do so. His Honor has ordered an investigation in the matter, and it will be searching, as they are suspicious that an attempt has been made to poison them. The food was furnished from a neighboring restaurant, and the proprietors declare that some of the articles were furnished to other customers, but no other ill effects have been reported.

A Chinese Triumph.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—The *World* says: A few evenings since Hop Lee, who keeps a laundry on Market street, Newark, N. J., was arrested on the charge of keeping an opium joint, on a complaint made by a reporter, who smoked the pipe in the place, and bought fifty cents' worth of opium from Lee. Justice Dean fined Lee $10, and $2 75 for costs of Court, for selling opium without labeling it poison, as required by the law approved February 23, 1883. Yesterday, however, Judge Dean discovered that the law is not yet in force, the provision that the Act shall take effect immediately having been accidentally omitted, and the Chinaman will therefore have his money returned to him. There was great rejoicing yesterday at Lee's triumph.

The Death Penalty.

TEXARKANA, May 25th.—Joe Young (colored), who outraged Mrs. Chism, was taken from the Miller county jail at daylight, under a strong guard, and conveyed over the dirt roads 35 miles to Richmond, Little River county. The persons who had threatened to rescue the prisoner made no demonstration, owing doubtless to the formidable escort. Richmond was reached a little after noon, where a great crowd had assembled, and at 1 o'clock the fatal noose was adjusted about Young's neck, and he was swung off. The posse returned to the telegraph station at Texarkana a little before 10 to-night.

CLARENDON (Ark.), May 25th.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon, in the presence of 3,000 people, Jack Taylor, a white man, was hanged for the murder of an old man named Hugh Ingram, who three years ago ordered him from his house, when Taylor was drunk. To the last Taylor refused to confess, maintaining that he killed Ingram in self-defense. He began to speak from the gallows, but changed his mind. He bid the crowd good-by, saying he hoped to meet them all in heaven. In twenty-seven minutes the body was cut down.

SHREVEPORT (La.), May 25th.—Leander Coleman (colored) was hanged at Bellevue, Bossier parish, this afternoon, for the murder of his brother-in-law, John Gayle, on the night of August 29, 1882. Coleman confessed his guilt, and also said he killed John Bratton, his stepfather, some years ago, for which a young man (white) named Benny Shaw was tried. Coleman's neck was broken.

The Deathbed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25th. — Ex-Chief Justice George Sharpwood, of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, is dying. It is not believed he will live until morning.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—James W. Sheahan, who has been closely identified with journalism in Chicago for twenty-five years, and has been the leading editorial writer of the *Tribune* since 1866, is lying at the point of death. His disease is nervous prostration, complicated with heart disease.

The Attack on the Mount Sterling Jail.

MOUNT STERLING (Ky.), May 25th.—There has been confined in the county jail of Montgomery county for ten days past John Barrett and ten companions, known as the "Barrett gang," charged with the murder of Vaughn Hilton on the night of Saturday, May 12th, on the edge of this county nearest to the Manefee line. Rumors reached Judge Joseph H. Hazelrigg, of this county, some days ago, that a mob from Manefee county, composed of friends of the murdered man, were coming to take the prisoners at night and hang some of them at least. He had ordered an extra guard to be on duty at the jail. Jailer J. O. Stevens, who is quite old, had gotten City Marshal Pat Punch to take his place. Marshal Punch and Deputy Sheriff George McCormick were keeping guard in the hallway of the jail. Richard Farmer, Jas. Thomas and Jesse Hamlin, armed with shotguns, Spencer rifles and pistols, were stationed in the front room, up stairs. At 1 o'clock a mob of 100 or more on horseback entered Mount Sterling from the direction of Manefee county, rode rapidly to the jail, where they were reinforced by a small party on foot, when they advanced to the gate of the jail-yard. Richard Farmer, from his window above, with his shotgun, well loaded with buckshot, in his hand, commanded a halt, and asked who they were, and what they wanted. "We want blood, and we are going to have it," was promptly responded, and to the further command of Farmer to halt there rang out on the night air, "Close up there. They won't shoot," and at the same moment one of the mob entered the gangway. When just within the gate another message came from Farmer, but this time it was a leaden one of buckshot, which felled the leader. With demon like yells the mob commenced firing. Three guards from the upper windows meanwhile returned the fire as rapidly as possible for three or four minutes, when the mob retired. The bells of the Court-house and engine-house were promptly rung, and the Cerro Gordo Guards and many citizens soon came to the rescue. Upon opening the jail door the wounded man, who had fallen forward on the steps, was carried into the jail, and there recognized as A. J. Ringo, High Sheriff of Menefee county. Near the jail, wounded in the leg, was found Thos. Clark, a wealthy farmer of this county. Near him lay his horse, dead, killed by a bullet from the Spencer rifle which had wounded his rider. Shortly afterwards two or three stray saddle-horses, with no riders, were found. Clark claimed that he was only passing, and was accidentally hit. He was not a member of the mob; but the statement is generally disbelieved. Sheriff Ringo, when asked by Marshal Punch what he meant by heading a mob, said: "John Barnett and his gang have been bushwhacking people for three years past, and the good people of my country are tired. This gang has previously been charged with the murder of Jim Messer, the shooting of Gil. Messer, the stabbing of Vaughn Hilton two years ago, and were acquitted by the Courts. Therefore, after advising with the best men in my county, I came here to hang Barnett and the others." A bunch of rope, with two hangman's knots, carefully made, were found near Ringo's body. Ringo is dangerously wounded, five balls having penetrated his right leg ten inches above the knee, necessitating amputation, and will probably result fatally. Although the ceiling of the room above is riddled with bullet holes, none of the guard were wounded. The general sentiment of the public here is that it was very unfortunate that the mob did not succeed in hanging Barnett and his gang, as they are considered desperate. The most dangerous type of this affair seems to be the result of a family feud existing for a long term of years past, which has, from first to last, cost many lives, and will only close with the death of all the parties concerned. Rings, the wounded leader of the mob, has three cousins and one brother-in-law in the outlaw gang whom he was attempting to hang, and which will doubtless cost him his life. He has since 1866 been an officer in his county, and has always enjoyed an excellent reputation in his community as a fine officer and law-abiding citizen.

Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 25th.—The Department of State has received information that a treaty of peace, substantially in the form heretofore reported, has been signed by Chile and General Iglesias for Peru.

The National Board of Health has been informed that 22 deaths from yellow fever occurred at Havana during the week ended May 18th, and that the disease has made its appearance among the shipping in that port.

Lieutenant-Colonel Iliges has telegraphed the Adjutant-General, withdrawing his resignation, saying he prefers being tried by Court-martial. The offense Colonel Iliges is charged with is duplicating his pay accounts.

The Secretary of the Interior has directed the recognition of the mining claims of settlers upon the public lands in Montana ceded by the Crow Indians under an agreement made June 12, 1880, and ratified by Congress April 18, 1882.

The First Bridge Victim.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—A man with a dog in his arms fell, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, from the western roadway of the Brooklyn bridge, about 100 yards from the Brooklyn shore, into the East river, and was rescued in an apparently lifeless condition. His name could not be learned. He was taken in an ambulance to the hospital.

Genteel Poverty in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—An evening paper says: There is more genteel poverty in Wall street to-day than ever was seen before. Scores of good brokers and good fellows are living on their credit. Men are heavily in debt who never knew before this winter what debt meant. A bull market means a complete change in all this.

Collision of a Towboat with a Bridge Pier.

PITTSBURG (Pa.), May 25th.—The towboat Ames, while coming down the Monongahela river to-night at 10 o'clock, struck a pier of the Pan Handle Railroad bridge and went to pieces in a few minutes. One deck hand was drowned. The balance of the crew, consisting of ten men and one woman, were thrown into the river, but all were picked up by men in skiffs.

Billiards.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—In the evening game Schaeffer won; average, 8 20-60; highest run, 46. Daly, 454; average, 7 34-60; highest run, 47. Daly will take the first prize, Wallace and Schaeffer will play to-morrow afternoon for the second and third prizes, and in the evening Vignaux will play for the fourth and fifth prizes.

The Hanlan-Kennedy Boat Race.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—The final deposit of $500 each in the Hanlan-Kennedy race, to be rowed at Point of Pines, Boston, on Decoration Day, was made at the office of the *Turf, Field and Farm* to-day. The field stake of $5,000 is now up.

A Shower of Live Fish.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—The *Inter-Ocean's* Beloit (Wis.) special says: During a fierce wind and rain storm to-day a number of live fish, one of them weighing a pound, dropped in the business streets, and hailstones, the largest four inches in circumference, fell. Many windows were broken.

The Platte River on the Rampage.

LINCOLN (Neb.), May 25th.—A special to the *Journal* from Kearney says: The Platte river is the highest ever known here. The approaches to the bridge are washed away and communication with the South Platte country is entirely cut off. The houses near the river are filling with water. A heavy rain is still falling.

The Bicycle Race.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—Following is the score in the bicycle race at the close of the fifth day: Mlle. Armande, 701 miles; Morgan, 695; Woodside, 639.

The Chicago "Bucket Shops."

CHICAGO, May 25th.—Judge Moran, in the Circuit Court to-day, delivered an opinion in one of the "bucket shop" cases, holding with Judge Fuley that the Board of Trade cannot discriminate in declaring to whom its quotations may be sent. This decision is the second one in the lower Courts in favor of the "bucket shops."

The Grand Lodge of Good Templars.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—In the forenoon the members of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of Good Templars attended a reception at the Palmer House, given by General and Mrs. Grant. The afternoon was spent in discussing the report commending the organization of Scandinavian Grand Lodges in New York. A resolution was passed that it was inadvisable to institute Grand Lodges on account of difference of languages.

A Large Attendance.

NASHVILLE (Tenn.), May 25th.—The attendance at the fair grounds this afternoon was the largest ever known in this city, estimated in the neighborhood of twenty thousand people.

Railroad Accident.

ST. PAUL, May 25th.—A mixed train on the Northwestern road approaching Mankato near a long trestle, ran over a cow. One coach and two freight cars loaded with wheat were ditched, and the conductor, Jerome Bouder, was covered with wheat and smothered to death.

Small-pox in Minnesota.

ST. MICHAELS, May 25th.—Twenty-five cases of small-pox exist here, and several deaths have already occurred. Great indignation prevails among the neighboring towns over the negligence of the authorities in providing means to prevent a spread of the disease.

The Presbyterians.

LEXINGTON (Ky.), May 25th.—The Assembly decided this evening that correspondence with the Northern Assembly should be by delegate in 1884, and afterward by letter.

Not a Proper Place for Children.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—The West Thirty-third-street Baptist Sunday-school voted not to take part in the public gathering of the Baptist Sunday-schools in Madison Square Garden, claiming that the garden, with its prize fights and other associations, is not a proper place for children.

Thermometrical.

NEW YORK, May 25th.—Highest temperature to-day, 81°; lowest, 57°.

CHICAGO, May 25th.—Highest temperature to-day, 54°; lowest, 52°.

PASSENGER LISTS.

CARLIN, May 25th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento to-morrow: R. W. Bland, wife and child, Chicago; F. G. Strange, Seattle, W. T.; E. D. Peters, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. S. N. Strange and child, Hiawatha, Ks.; Mrs. H. A. Mann, Lindley, N. Y.; E. E. Bruce, Otumwa, Ia.; Mrs. R. M. Patterson, Portland, Or.; Mrs. E. S. Lafferty, Davenport, Ia.; J. C. Lynch, Chicago, Ill.; Dr. Curry and wife, Richmond, Va.; Hazel Mansfield, Emila Albourn, Mrs. Emma Prosper, Fannie Williams, May Davenport, F. W. Crane, San Francisco; N. P. Kingdon, Japan; Rev. T. N. Peters, D. D., New York; W. Y. Peters, Boston, Mass.; J. Lucas, Honolulu, H. I.; J. N. Travis, Minnesota; Mrs. C. A. Hunt and child, San Jose; L. H. Elden, Philadelphia; C. P. Bailey, San Jose, J. D. Price and wife, England; J. S. Wilson, Leadville; J. B. Arnold, Reynoldsville, Pa.; B. S. Coak, Minn.; D. Williams, Iowa; Mrs. W. J. Kinsey, Denver, Col.; Mrs. Charlotte Kinsey, Onion, Ill.; Miss Nellie Kinsey, Joe Kinsey, Denver, Col.; Mrs. M. E. Butterworth, Mrs. Perry, San Francisco; Captain Olsen, Butte, Montana; William Nilon, Ireland; Alec McQuinn, Nova Scotia; John C. Rivers, New York; J. Welch, Honolulu, H. I.; J. T. Campbell, Santa Rosa, Cal.; A. Eulenstein, Mexico; Miss S. McCourtney, Cheyenne; F. H. Lawton, San Francisco; F. Loasby, New Brunswick; Henry Pfoff, Jr., Boston, Mass.; S. F. Ives, Sydney, N. S.; 175 emigrant passengers, including 115 males, to arrive in Sacramento May 27th.

OMAHA, May 25th.—Left here to-day to arrive in Sacramento May 29th: Mrs. Frederick Fisher, Philadelphia; Miss West, Stockton; Mrs. Mary Watson, San Francisco; Mrs. A. White and child, Trinidad; J. A. McQuillon, New York; C. J. Parker, wife and daughter, New Haven; Mrs. J. D. Fagan, Clinton, Ia.; Mrs. J. D. Chamberlain, Mrs. C. D. Chamberlain, Elgin, Ill.; K. Takahashi, M. Takata, S. Yanaquihang, New York; H. Croft, J. Croft, C. Pool, London; William Barrow, Mayfield, Cal.; V. M. Porter, Niagara Falls.

NEWHALL, May 25th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in San Francisco to-morrow: Mrs. S. Rennie, San Francisco; Mrs. H. A. Kendall, Miss Kendell, Prescott; Mrs. C. Wilson, Galveston, Texas; Wm. P. Freeman, Washington; Wm. Buckley, San Jose; S. Wood and family, Kansas; F. A. Wilder, Globe, Arizona; J. S. Decker and wife, New York; Miss Beckford, Chicago; W. S. Stow, New York; Captain L. Wasson, Silver City; J. H. Nash, J. W. Taber, Sam Miller, San Francisco; F. Buck, W. E. Campbell, Los Angeles; B. F. Gault, Chicago; Henry Berg, San Francisco.

SUPREME COURT.

DEPARTMENT ONE.

THURSDAY, May 24, 1883.

7803—Paulson vs. Nunan—Judgment and order affirmed. The Court.

IN BANK.

FRIDAY, May 25, 1883.

Court met pursuant to adjournment. McKee, Acting Chief Justice, presiding; McKinstry, J.; Thornton, J.; Myrick, J.; Sharpstein, J.; Ross, J.; McCarthy, Clerk; Finkler, Bailiff.

10,743—People vs. Wood—Argued by Quint for appellant and Attorney-General Marshall for respondent, and appellant allowed ten days to file brief, cause to be submitted thereupon.

7766—Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank vs. Colby—Rehearing denied. The Court.

Court adjourned for the session.

DEPARTMENT ONE.

FRIDAY, May 25, 1883.

Court met at 10 A. M. Present—McKinstry, J., presiding; McKee, J.; Ross, J.; McCarthy, Clerk; Finkler, Bailiff.

10,805—People vs. Lewis—No appearance or points and authorities for appellant. Motion of Attorney-General Marshall, ordered that the judgment and order appealed from be and are hereby affirmed.

10,835—People vs. Lee Hung—By consent, respondent allowed twenty days to file brief, appellant twenty days to reply, cause to be thereon submitted.

10,801—People vs. King et al.; 10,821—People vs. Wheeler; 10,832—People vs. Wong Ah Bang et al.; 10,789—People vs. Fong Ah Sing—Continued for the session.

10,826—People vs. Ferazzo—Argued by Quint for appellant. Respondent granted twenty days to file brief, appellant ten days to reply, cause to be submitted thereon.

10,817—People vs. Reynolds—Argued by Attorney-General Marshall for appellant, and submitted.

Court adjour