THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 9, 1883

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

UNITED STATES SIGNAL OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, August 8, 1883—8:02 P.M.

Place of observation.	Barom. Hight	Barom. Change in 8 hours.	Ther. Exposed	Ther. Change in 24 hours.	Direction of wind	Velocity of wind	Rain in 24 hours	Weather
Olympia	30.14	—.03	65	0	Calm	....	....	Fair
Portland	30.08	—.07	65	—6	NW.	6	....	Hazy
Roseburg	30.07	—.03	69	—7	N.		....	Hazy
Mendocino	30.03	—.02	54	+4	NW.	10	....	Clear
Red Bluff	.....	.....	..	..	.....		....	.....
Sacramento	29.97	—.03	70	—4	S.		....	Clear
S. Francisco	30.03	—.06	54	0	W.	19	....	F'gy
Los Angeles	29.98	—.02	64	—4	W.		....	Clear
San Diego	.....	.....	..	..	.....		....	.....

Maximum temperature, 90.0°; minimum, 57.5°.
River, 7.5 feet—a fall of 1 inch in 24 hours.

JAMES A. BARWICK,
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.

ADVERTISEMENT MENTION.

Metropolitan Theater To-night—Callender's Minstrels.
Metropolitan Theater—Spanish Students, August 13th.
Lost—Light bay horse.
Special Assembly—Sacramento Commandery.
Sheriff's Sale—Bernardino Sanchez property.
Lost or strayed—Greyhound pup.
Pavilion privileges to let.
Wheat farms for sale.
Lost—Black silk parasol.
Card of thanks—Mrs. J. W. Willem.
Fredericksburg Beer Hall, 525 K street.

Auction.

Sherburn & Smith, to-day—Barge Staten Island.

The RECORD-UNION is for sale upon all trains going from and coming to Sacramento, at FIVE CENTS per copy. Ask for it on the train.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

HARVEY'S LITTLE RACKET.—About 2 P. M. yesterday George Harvey, Poll-Tax Collector, stepped into a Chinese barber shop on I street, between Second and Third. He asked a Chinaman to show his poll-tax receipt, which he refused to do. The officer then demanded his name, which he refused to give, with the usual no sabbee. The officer then took hold of him to take him to the lock-up, when about half a dozen Celestials came to the rescue of their countryman. All the chair stands and available furniture in the tonsorial rooms were broken over Harvey's head and back. His prisoner escaped, but Harvey throttled a six-foot giant by the name of Ah Sing, backed him against the wall, and was kicking at the other Chinamen, when a man driving along the street in a wagon took in the situation, bounded off his wagon, rushed into the shop with a club, and commenced the mowing act. Deputy Sheriff Lee also happened along and took a little hand in the melee, as did also officer Jackson. Three of the Celestials were taken to the lock-up, but the individual who created all the disturbance made good his escape. While chasing one of the Celestials through a back yard, officer Jackson fell into a cesspool and came near drowning. He says he thinks by frequent Turkish baths and a free use of Lubin's extracts he will be presentable in a few weeks. He no doubt will be considered authority on cesspools in the future. Mr. Harvey says there is a large number of Chinamen in Chinatown, hangers on around the tan games, who have not paid their poll-tax, and he expects considerable resistance in its collection. There is no doubt but that Harvey would have been seriously hurt if not killed yesterday if assistance had not arrived opportunely, for his assailants were all what they call highbinders.

STILL TAKING TESTIMONY.—The taking of testimony by Court Commissioners in the case of Woodruff vs. Hydraulic Mines is still in progress at San Francisco. The witnesses examined upon the part of the defense thus far are as follows: W. F. Peck, Assessor of Sutter county; Lewis Wilder, Assessor of Yuba county; G. C. Bockius, M. C. Dufficy, Fred Hastings, formerly of Marysville, and now residents of San Francisco; Daniel Collins, Assessor of Nevada county; Mr. Rolfe, Internal Revenue Collector; W. H. Parks, G. W. Cox, Mr. Von Schmidt, Jr., mining engineer; William Hendricks, Oroville; Ma Whoyer, Sutter county; Mr. Laymance, Yuba county; W. C. Stokes, Grass Valley; J. C. Rued, Mark Cassad and Henry Newberry, of San Francisco; Mr. Ridgeway, Emmett Brown, of San Francisco; W. A. Skidmore, Secretary Miners' Association; John Conly, San Francisco; O. P. Stidger, editor North San Juan *Times*; Mr. Hendee, Nevada county, and Joseph Wilkinson, engineer. There are as yet no indications of reaching the end of the testimony.

LET THE DUCKS BE ABATED.—It was developed by the defense in the Gold Run slickens case that the goats meandering in the foothills and mountains, and cutting up the ground with their hoofs, were the causes of most of our troubles about muddy water and the river filling up with sand, gravel and bowlders, instead of the hydraulic mining, as had been charged. In a similar manner it was yesterday brought to light by the testimony for the defense in the Chinatown nuisance case that it is not the dumping of garbage and discharging of sewage and filth of every kind by the Chinese into the slough that makes it smell so bad that the Board of Health and City Trustees go after it, but it is caused by the everlasting quacking and kicking about of the ducks that perambulate those placid waters.

UNIFORM RANK.—Uniform Rank, K. of P., held their last preliminary meeting at Castle Hall, of Confidence Lodge, No. 78, last evening, and effected a permanent organization. The following officers were elected: Sir Knight Commander, Jas. A. Davis; Sir Knight Lieutenant-Commander, A. J. Plant; Sir Knight Herald, T. Schumacher; Right Guide, G. B. Katzenstein; Left Guide, J. T. Kespers; Standard Bearer, Chas. E. Leonard; Secretary, A. E. Cheney; Treasurer, G. H. Smith. The list of charter membership will close on the 15th inst. The Rank will proceed to drill immediately, and will drill twice a week until their uniforms arrive. They expect to be instituted about the 1st of October, at which two or three Uniform Rank Divisions are expected from abroad.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.—Governor Stoneman has appointed Notaries Public, to reside as follows: A. Leslie, Los Alamos, Santa Barbara county; N. O. Bradley, Visalia, Tulare county; P. P. Davis, Porterville, Tulare county; G. H. Haines, Sacramento, Sacramento county; J. W. Porter, Colusa, Colusa county; S. W. Geis, Merced, Merced county; John B. White, Darwin, Inyo county; C. E. Thomas, San Diego, San Diego county; J. B. Thompson, Silver Creek, Alpine county; James A. Gibson, San Bernardino, San Bernardino county; C. R. Clarke, Bartlett Springs, Lake county; Irving P. Henning, San Jose, Santa Clara county.

LAND PATENTS.—Yesterday the following United States land patents were received at the United States Land Office, this city, Ed. F. Taylor, Register: William V. Andrews, Theodore Brown, Gordon Campbell, James Culbertson, George C. Curtis, Daniel E. Fields, Pietro Gatto, Carlo Guliani, John Henry Kneeland, John Lewis, William E. Matsley, McRae Donald, W. E. Ruffner, James W. Smyth, August Siesenop, Joseph E. Sonchenan, Guiseppi Tuzi, Gideon Worth, N. E. Wheeler.

CAPITAL SAVINGS BANK.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Capital Savings Bank Tuesday evening, the following Board of Directors was elected: L. W. Williams, C. T. Wheeler, D. W. Earl, C. W. Clarke, R. S. Carey, Fred. Cox and Albert Gallatin. These officers were elected: R. S. Carey, President; James N. Porter, Secretary. Eighty per cent. of the money owed to depositors has already been paid, and a resolution was passed and arrangements made to pay off the remaining 20 per cent. inside of sixty days.

DELEGATE TO EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION. William M. Gwin was yesterday appointed by Governor Stoneman as a delegate to the Kentucky Educational Convention, to be held at Louisville, Ky., on the 19th, 20th and 21st of next month. The Convention is to consider the question of popular education in the South, how best to promote its interests, and from what source the needed funds may be derived with which to advance its standard to the requirements of the present time.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.—Yesterday A. M. Stevenson, of the Vacaville and Clear Lake Railroad, appeared before the State Board of Equalization and made a statement in regard to the value of the road he represents.

ROCK AND RYE cures colds, coughs and bronchial diseases. G. W. Chesley, agent. *

FOR purity, dryness and exquisite bouquet, Eclipse Extra Dry challenges the world. *

THE CHINATOWN NUISANCE.

L. C. Chandler Found Guilty of Maintaining a Nuisance on I Street—Testimony of Witnesses.

Yesterday morning at an early hour the Police Court-room was crowded with spectators, who were anxious to see what would be done with the parties who were charged with maintaining nuisances in the filthy Chinese quarters. The first case called was that of L. C. Chandler. He appeared in Court with his attorney, I. S. Brown, who stated that he had an affidavit which he desired to read to the Court. The Judge, having been informed of the contents of the affidavit, said he would ask that the jurors leave the room before the document was read, which was accordingly done. The affidavit, which was signed by the defendant, was to the effect that, owing to the prejudice of the Judge, it would be impossible, in his opinion, for him to receive a fair and impartial trial; therefore he claimed a right to change of venue. The Judge denied the motion. He said the only ground that the affiant had in making such an affidavit was that on several occasions he had urged upon the officers of the law the necessity of their enforcing the health ordinances. He had also stated that from what he had heard, and from personal knowledge, certain portions of I street were in such a filthy condition that they were a menace to the health of the city. He was one of the Police Commissioners, and as such considered such instructions right, proper and in the line of duty, and were not given because of any personal or local prejudice. He had spoken from the bench and to the officers in regard to disorderly houses, and other matters in the same way, asking them to be vigilant and do their whole duty. The defendant in this case, he said, need have no fears but that he would have a fair trial, and every opportunity would be afford him to prove his innocence of the crime for which he was arrested. Another affidavit, signed by E. Fairchild, of similar import, was produced, but one of that character the Judge thought was sufficient for the occasion, and would not allow it to be read. The defendant's attorney excepted to all the rulings of the Court, and asked that the prosecuting attorney be compelled to state which of the several specific charges made in the complaint he proposed to rely upon. The City Attorney replied: "Upon all of them. I have abundant proof to substantiate the charges alleged in the complaint, and more, too." Mr. Brown then asked that a short-hand reporter be appointed to take down the evidence in the case. This motion was also denied. The jurors were then drawn, and the following jury obtained: A. Noons, J. D. Smith, Charles P. Nathan, E. B. Merrill, Wm. Elkus, W. E. Osborne, George Lewellyn, Charles Luhrs, W. W. Wade, R. Devlin, Henry McCann and Joseph Goddard.

Walter B. Ferral, the Health Officer, was the first witness placed on the stand. He testified as to the filthiness of lots 5 and 6, Third and Fourth, H and I streets. Said it was the property of W. S. Mesick, and that L. C. Chandler was the agent for the same. His description was to the effect that the premises were extremely foul and filthy.

Dr. G. G. Tyrrell, a member of the Board of Health, testified that he had visited the premises described by the Health Officer. He found the property in a very filthy and offensive condition; disgusting odors arose from the filth that, in his opinion, were very deleterious to the health of the city. The cesspool was running over with filthy excretions, horribly reeking, stinking stuff—in fact the whole place was dripping with filth. It was such an aggregation of filth that he nor no one else could tell one noxious substance from the other. The noxious gases arising from these quarters were carried all over the city by the winds.

Dr. J. F. Montgomery said he visited the premises complained of in company with Drs. Hatch, Cluness and Tyrrell, and Trustees Gutenberger and Nielsen. He said the place was exceedingly foul and filthy. He corroborated the testimony given by Dr. Tyrrell, and in addition stated that the yard was covered with pools of noxious and filthy matter.

H. B. Nielsen, Second Trustee, said he had visited the premises in question in company with the doctors composing the Board of Health and others. He fully concurred in the evidence of the two medical gentlemen who had just testified. He said the stench was so abominable that it would put to shame the best efforts of a dozen full fledged polecats.

Trustee Gutenberger said he had visited the disease-breeding quarters referred to by the last witnesses, and could substantiate all they had testified to.

Mr. Brown, attorney for the defendant, tried to prove by the last witness that the defendant had started in to try and abate the nuisance, or ameliorate the filthy condition of the premises. This, however, was promptly ruled out as immaterial and irrelevant, because his efforts at cleansing the premises had been inaugurated since his arrest.

The Court here took a recess until 1 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Officer H. F. Dillman was the first witness called at the afternoon session. He stated that he had made a careful examination of the premises, and would say, to begin with, that they were extremely filthy. The water-closet was full. The cesspool was full to repletion with foul matter, from which a stench arose that permeated the air and spoke to a sensitive nose a block off. It was one of those places where the old adage, "seeing is believing," was unnecessary, because any one who visited that place would go away and swear something "was rotten," even though they did not see it. He said the water-closet was as full to-day as it was on the 27th of July, when he first ventured into the deadly atmosphere surrounding that quarter. The box which they call a cesspool was running over and reeking with rotten filth, that had a stench full grown.

Officer J. M. Woods testified to about the same state of facts as did the other witnesses, claiming that the premises were foul and filthy in the extreme.

L. F. Bassett, City Engineer, had made a measurement and examination of the premises. He found the place filthy beyond description. The water-closet is about 8½ feet wide by 18 feet in length, and is very foul and noxious. It was all on lots 5 and 6, between H and I and Third and Fourth streets. The cesspool-box was in an extremely foul condition; the gases and fumes escaped into the open air; the box, called the cesspool, was three by eight feet. The drainage-boxes are foul and exposed to the air, and the poisonous smells escape and are as obnoxious as privy matter. He saw slops from kitchens, and the matter stunk as bad as any, and so bad he could not bear it.

J. H. Miller, Thos. J. Scott and George Parker were placed on the stand, to prove that L. C. Chandler acted in the capacity of agent for W. S. Mesick, the owner of the property in question. At this point the City Attorney rested his case.

Thomas J. Scott, a plumber, who has at various times been employed as plumber by Mr Mesick, was the first witness for the defense. He described the premises, and said there was no bad smell there at all. The overflow runs into the sewer at Third street. The box is always fresh. The ground under the house is perfectly dry. The wooden boxes, prior to August 2d, were nice and clean; sometimes a little rice would be seen in them, but nothing offensive. It is not a dirty place by any means. In answer to a question as to how many Chinamen lived in the place, he replied between 300 and 400.

George Parker, the next witness, did not know much about the place, but did not consider it so very foul.

Mahlon Dusenberry was the next witness. He is a carpenter by trade, and has been employed at various times by Mr. Chandler to repair buildings of which the latter is agent. He made a cover not long since for the cesspool in question. He fully corroborated the testimony of Mr. Scott. The place was nice and clean—free from any smell. He said: "They talk about a stink; why, there ain't any there; it's on the next lot. There is nor has been any water in that yard or ground for months. These smelling-committees always smell a great deal. Now, gentlemen, that is the case; there was no stink to it; smell! why, there was no smell there. You can smell a smell all along China slough, but that smell is caused by the ducks, not by the Chinese."

Edward A. Boyzer, the next witness, said he did not think from appearances there had been any water on the lots in question for several weeks. When asked by the City Attorney if he would still hold to that opinion if several well-known citizens should testify that there had been water on the lots within the past two weeks, he replied he would.

Ah Chuy, a Chinaman, who runs a shirt manufactory, was the next witness put upon the stand. He held up his right hand and swore he would tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. He said it was a nice, clean place; "no dirt, no bad smell, no stinkee, allee heap nice; pay em lent money to Mr. Chandler, heap good, no heap bad; me heap belle good man."

Yep Kee and Ge Sep Yet, two other tenants, one a vegetable vender, the other a raiser of ducks, agreed with their friend Ah Chuey that it was "a belly nice place; no stinkee, no nothing; heap good."

Eli Mayo, the next witness, once owned the property and told what he knew about it. Mr. Chandler was only a collector of rent, and had nothing to do with the repairs or keeping up of the property.

L. C. Chandler, the defendant, next took the witness stand, and made a lengthy statement to the jury. He went over the entire ground. He had known the premises for many years, and had been collecting the rent on this property since 1878. He generally paid the bills for repairs on Mesick's orders. Any alterations and repairs he always turned over to men who Mesick employed. Hardly a month goes by without more or less repairing. He visited the place at least once a week to look after the drainage. He said he at all times had endeavored, both by cautioning the tenants flushing the pipes and cleaning the troughs, to keep the premises from being offensive. Chinamen would be Chinamen, however, and he had not at all times succeeded as well as he had desired. All he asked was fair play and that justice be done. He hoped the jury before they rendered their verdict would visit the premises and see for themselves.

The defense here rested their case. The City Attorney said he was willing to submit the case without argument. Mr. Brown suggested the propriety of the jury's viewing the premises, and several of the jury expressing a desire to do so, they were put in charge of officer Eldred, who took them to see the property complained of. After their return, Mr. Brown, attorney for the defendant, made a lengthy argument, claiming that the prosecution was all wrong; that Mr. Chandler himself had committed no nuisance, and not he, but the Chinese tenants, should be arrested and punished. In his speech he admitted the nuisance, and claimed that if it was as bad as sworn to by the physicians, then the authorities had a right to tear down the property. Go after the tenants or owners, not those who act only in the capacity of rent collectors. He thought the Chinamen ought to be put outside of the city limits. If the authorities do their duty they would move in this matter, and it would be done. Chinatown is an eye-sore. They pay no taxes, create and roll in filth. They should be removed or prosecuted for their filth, rottenness and nastiness. It is an impossibility to abate this nuisance until they are removed from the city limits, or until they are brought into Court and severely punished.

The City Attorney in reply to the remarks made by the opposing counsel quoted the law governing such cases, and as he warmed up his subject grew eloquent. His argument was strong, forcible, and a reflection of the general sentiment of all those who have the best interest of the city at heart. In the course of his remarks he said "the defendant comes into court to-day and asks why don't you arrest the Chinamen, not me? A little over a year ago we arrested six Chinamen for the same offense on these same premises, and this same individual defended them, saying then: "Why do you arrest the Chinamen? I am the man to blame; why don't you arrest me?"

After the City Attorney had finished his argument the Court instructed the jury. Among other instructions he said: "If the jury believe from the evidence that L. C. Chandler was, during the time stated in complaint, the agent of, and had full control and management of said premises, and exercised control over the same, and that there was kept and maintained upon said premises, with a full knowledge of defendant of the manner in which said premises were used, and after notice thereof, a foul and noxious privy, foul cesspool, or unsound, unwholesome and putrid filth and matter, then it will be your duty to find the defendant guilty as charged in the complaint."

The jury retired at 5.05 P. M. As soon as they were locked in the jury-room Joseph Goddard was selected foreman. The first ballot stood ten for conviction, two for acquittal. The second ballot eleven for conviction, one for acquittal. Before the third ballot could be taken the juryman who had stood out on the second ballot said, "Boys, I guess I am wrong; let's make it unanimous." Upon that the jury returned to the court-room and rendered a verdict of guilty, as charged. The jury was discharged, and Mr. Chandler will appear for sentence this morning.

THE MINSTRELS TO-NIGHT.—The Metropolitan Theater will be opened to-night by the famous Callender Minstrels. This troupe, the largest minstrel organization in existence, has a reputation for superiority both in America and Europe second to no other traveling organization. The troupe has appeared in this city before to crowded houses. The Virginia City *Enterprise*, of the 7th inst., says: "The hall last night was crowded until not even standing room was left, and those present witnessed as splendid a minstrel performance as ever was given in this city. Where every performer excels in his specialty it becomes supererogatory to particularize individuals, and the performance last night comes within that category of general excellence. The singing in the first part was very fine, especially the ballad 'Scotch Lassie Jean,' given by Wallace King. He has a superior and well cultivated tenor voice, and renders his songs with the clearness of Anglo's strain. He was boisterously encored. The Military Pageant, introducing the dancing Zouaves, was well done. Their evolutions were rendered with military precision, showing perfect training, and their clog dance, during the act, was received with great satisfaction. The Hyers Sisters, old Virginia favorites, appeared in a quartet scene with King and Brown, and acquitted themselves well. They have improved very much in voice, method and action, since their appearance in this city four years ago, and delighted the audience to a point of enthusiastic applause. The performance throughout was charming, and the first of that character in many a day that gave perfect satisfaction to a Virginia audience. The manager has reason to feel proud of his organization, and the talent of the company will command honest success wherever and whenever it is presented to an intelligent and music-loving audience. The company is under the personal direction of Charles MacGenchy, one of the best and most genial theatrical managers in the country." The box office will be open at the theater office at 10 A. M. to-day. Seats reserved without extra charge. The entire company will parade from the depot at 4 P. M. to-day.

THE GOVERNOR'S PORTER.—William J. Simmons, a colored man, who up to Monday evening of this week occupied the position of porter in Governor Stoneman's office, was found after his discharge to be considerably short—or rather his creditors were in that condition. He had from time to time borrowed small sums from officials and employes at the Capitol. There is scarcely any one in the building who has not loaned him sums ranging from $10 to $200. Besides this he had discounted his warrants his salary for a year or two in advance, and in some instances warrants for the same month have been discounted by two or three different parties. The total amount his creditors are short is variously estimated from $800 to $1,500. Charles Dodge, one of the victims, swore to a complaint and a warrant was issued for Simmons' arrest. Last evening the wily porter entered Pettit's saloon at Tenth and N streets, and being at once recognized by the proprietor, was "taken in." While en route to the police station officer Traganza was met and the prisoner was turned over to the officer, and he now lies in the city prison.

TURNERS RETURN.—Last evening members of the Sacramento Turn-Verein and the Verein-Eintracht to the number of about 100 went down to the depot to meet the members of the former organization who had taken part in the Pacific Turn-Bezirk festival at Oakland. The Hussar band accompanied the escorting party, and after the arrival of the train the entire crowd marched to Turner Hall, where refreshments had been prepared. For some time there was a general jollification over the success at the festival of the Sacramento boys. More prizes were awarded to the Sacramento Turn-Verein than to any other single organization, of nearly a score that took part in the exercises. From the list of prizes awarded to Sacramentans on Monday evening, as published in the RECORD-UNION on Tuesday morning, there were omitted the first prize for throwing the pole, and the first prize in the second class for turning, both won by H. I. Seymour, and the prize for running awarded to B. P. Maish.

ANOTHER MURDERER.—Yesterday another murderer was added to the already large number in the county jail. The last acquisition is a Chinaman, named Ah Jim, at the time of the murder an inmate of the Folsom prison. He killed a countryman named Wong Ah Hack while the two were locked in the same cell. The victim was stabbed in the breast and neck several times, and was dead before the cell could be unlocked. No cause is known for the murder. The prisoner was brought from Folsom by Constable John McComber.

THE PRISON INVESTIGATION.—Argument of the charges against the State Prison Directors was resumed by Colonel Flournoy before the Commission yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. He made an exhaustive argument, and concluded about 4 P. M. The Commission then adjourned until 10 A. M. to-day. Counsel Sears will open the argument for the Directors this morning. He will be followed by A. L. Hart, and Mr. Darwin will close for the defense. The closing argument will be by Colonel Flournoy.

AUCTION TO-DAY.—Sherburn & Smith, auctioneers, will sell, at 12 M. to-day, at their salesroom, No. 323 K street, by direction of the Engineer Department of the United States Army, the barge Staten Island, now lying at the foot of L street.

THOUSANDS saved from death by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free.

THE EXPOSITION BUILDING.

The Framework of the Dome Raised—Progress of the Work—The Fair to be Held this Year in the Old Pavilion.

One of the heaviest and most difficult pieces of mechanical handling and "raising" of large framework ever attempted in this country was successfully executed yesterday at the new exposition building at Capitol Park. The central dome was raised in a body from the ground and placed in position on its supports, with its base 64 feet, and its apex 112 feet above the ground. The magnitude of the undertaking can be understood from a description of the structure. The dome consists of two trusses of 142 feet span, crossing each other at right angles at the center, with intermediate trusses and purlines from truss to truss in the angles formed by the main frame. All the trusses are tied together with a network of diagonal rods and braces, the whole weighing some thirty tons and covering an area of 10,500 square feet. This massive structure had been previously erected on the ground, with the four feet of the main trusses resting on blocking, and the apex rising some fifty feet in the air. In order to provide against any hidden flaw or weakness in any part of the dome, it was decided by Mr. Burrell, the architect, that a thorough test should be made of its capacity before raising. Accordingly, on Tuesday, over forty tons of timber was suspended on the dome, and heavy shocks and jars given the structure while so weighted, all without disclosing the slightest weakness.

The supports of the dome, which were already in place, consist of four posts, each twenty-four inches square, and sixty-four feet high; so that to raise the immense frame from the ground sixty-four feet perpendicularly, and then six feet horizontally, and place it on its supports, seemed a daring and herculean task. The two large derricks which have been in use generally at the building for raising purposes, and two immense "gin poles," 14x24 inches in size, were placed one at each of the four corners of the dome. Heavy ropes and tackle were attached, and power furnished by four "crabs" or wenches, turned by horses—one attached to each derrick or "gin-pole." At 10 o'clock, all being in readiness, word was given—the horses turned their circles, and the immense structure started heavenward. It was not desirable to have a mass of people crowding around the building during the raising, and by request no public notice was given of the intended raising, yet there were a large number of interested spectators collected about the Park, among them Governor Stoneman, Secretary of State Thompson and other State officials. Assistant Whitaker had mounted a temporary flagstaff on the dome, and when the structure was sailing majestically upward the stars and stripes were flung to the breeze. The sight was a grand one, and was much enjoyed by those who were fortunate enough to be present. The time consumed, from the time of starting to the time of landing the dome on its supports, was six and one half hours. The raising was under the supervision of N. L. Kirk, of Oakland, who displayed much skill in handling his men and machinery. He was assisted by Mr. Brewster and Mr. Whittaker, of San Francisco. Mr. Cook, the Superintendant, was also present giving his assistance.

Mr. Burrell, the architect, has been present this week giving general directions. While the dome was being raised three photographic views of the structure, showing it in different positions, were taken. Two wings of the building and the dome are now in position and give evidence of the massive proportions of the new building.

There is now no hope that the building will be completed in time for use at the fair next month. At the last meeting of the Board of Agriculture a communication from the architect and superintendent, stating that the building could not be completed, was read and placed on file. Mr. Burrell was present, and stated that two, and perhaps three wings and the central portion could be put into shape so that they could be used for exposition purposes, and thereby more room would be secured than in the old pavilion. After some discussion in the Board, a resolution that the Board would not accept the use of a portion of the building was carried unanimously. There are two reasons for this action. One is that, although the uncompleted building would undoubtedly be safe enough, it would be very hard to make the public believe it, as the community has not yet recovered from the recent falling of the framework of one of the wings. The other reason is, that it was the opinion of the Board that the contract with Mr. McKillican would be vitiated should the use of a portion of the building be accepted. The contract specifies a forfeiture of $500 per day for each day the work is unfinished after September 1st, and present indications are that the number of days will reach a score or more. The reason assigned for not having the building completed within the specified time is the accident above referred to, and the inability to secure a sufficient number of competent men. However, it is generally considered by well informed men that the time allowed for erecting it was entirely too short.

Arrangements have been made to have the new building lighted by electric lights, and as the Board expect to have to stand by their contract, they have determined to have the old building lighted by electricity. As it will not require all the lights bargained for to light the old building, the remainder will be utilized in lighting Sixth street, from K to M. The Pavilion will be put into the best possible condition, and with the addition of the electric lights it will present a better appearance than ever before.

A PRIZE FIGHT SWINDLE.

The cleverest swindle perpetrated upon the public for many years was accomplished in this city last evening. Rumors had been industriously circulated for some days that a fight would take place last evening in a barn on the southwest corner of Twentieth and G streets. Every person so informed was particularly instructed not to tell anybody else, and as the managers of the palpable swindle had already done that, the result was all that could be desired by the most adept confidence man. The effect of the shrewd device was that about 300 people gathered at the barn mentioned, in a small room, 20x20, in which a ring had been prepared, and the interior covered with sawdust to the depth of half a dozen inches. "Billy" Hilbert collected fifty cents from the great crowd of dupes who thronged to the door for admission. Money flowed like honey into the coffers, and for full half an hour gave him all he could do to make change and pass in the eager crowd. Every back in the city was engaged for the occasion, and reaped a rich harvest for Ed. Short, who was the manager of the disgraceful affair. Among the audience were many prominent citizens, including doctors, lawyers and journalists. Ten o'clock came round, and still there was no sign of the promised fight. An hour before, Deputy Sheriffs Heintz and Lee stepped from a street car at Nineteenth and G streets, and when the door was opened forced an entrance into the arena. The officers forthwith took a commanding position, and waited patiently for developments. The crowd grew nervous and was very demonstrative. Those on the outside were scarcely less impatient, and a parcel of impecunious sportsmen gave vent to their anxiety by tearing away a portion of the south side of the barn. Into this aperature the tumultuous crowd outside poured impetuously, until the small room must have held fully 225 people. Others occupied positions of vantage in a neighboring loft, while every opening through which gleamed a ray of light was occupied. At 10:30 H. R. Johnson appeared and announced that Cross, one of the intended combatants, would not fight; that he was a coward and a cur, and that he, Johnson, had already "thumped" a friend of the defaulting Cross. One of the audience wanted to know if the speaker spoke by authority of the parties who took the money at the door. Mr. Johnson disclaimed any authority from anybody. The crowd became clamorous, and when two men entered the ring and pulled off coats and vests, hooted and hissed until the venturesome individuals retired. But the excitement was unnecessary, for three minutes before Ed. Short had carefully borne away the boxing gloves which had been brought out, and secretly conveyed them to a hack in waiting. The disappointed multitude began to file out, with murmurings and threats, and it is probable that the parties to the swindle will be arrested to-day.

"DR. BENSON'S Celery and Chamomile Pills for the cure of Neuralgia are a success." Dr. G. P. Holman, Christianburg, Va. 50 cents at druggists.

VICTIMS OF MALARIA take Mason & Pollard's Pills, the prescription used with unparalleled success in the Mississippi Valley by these noted physicians. They completely eradicate all malarial poisons, are mild and sure in effects. Druggists.

"MY skin, which has been covered with scaly sores, has become clean, smooth and soft as a lady's. My hands were covered with little dry scabs. They have disappeared and I'm better than I have been for twenty years, using Dr. Benson's Skin Cure."—A. M. Noble, Selma, N. C., July 3, 1882.

WHY suffer from a state of ill health? Why be troubled with dyspepsia? Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you.

BRIEF NOTES.

The steamer Flora was engaged all day yesterday in cutting a channel through a bar at the foot of the ways opposite the city.

There was no meeting of the Board of Health last evening, owing to the absence of Dr. Cluness, who was called to San Francisco to attend his little daughter, who is quite ill.

A new and elegant catalogue of the Sacramento Free Library collection of books, by authors and titles, has been printed by Harry A. Weaver & Co. These catalogues are for sale at the Library for 25 cents each.

A dirt team started upon a runaway at Thirty-first street yesterday morning, and after having run over twenty blocks brought up against an awning-post at Seventh and J streets. One of the horses was badly injured.

Sheriff Comer, of a county in Indiana, went before Governor Stoneman yesterday and obtained a requisition for one John Meyers, who is wanted on a charge of assault to murder in that State. Meyers is under arrest in Stanislaus county.

E. D. Fensler is in the city for the purpose of organizing a Council of the Mutual Companions, a beneficiary order with features similar to the Chosen Friends, Workmen, etc. A sufficient number of charter members have already been secured.

Papers in the appeal to the Supreme Court in the Hurtado case will go down to-day. This is the second appeal to that Court, and it may be stayed off for some time, but the prosecution hope to bring it up some time before the 30th of August, the day set for execution.

The bridge across the American river at its mouth is now completed. The road on this side of the American, where the sand is usually troublesome, has been filled in with brush and made good. The roads on the other side of the American always were in passable condition.

Richard O'Neil, who represents the Foote and Charles O'Neil interests in Chinatown, has written a letter to a real estate agent in this city, in which he says he is willing to fill up all his property in that vicinity if others will do so, and if the city will see that the streets and alleys are correspondingly filled up.

A team started to runaway on I street yesterday. A little boy was sitting in the wagon holding the lines, but of course could not check the frightened animals. A gentleman seeing the perilous position of the child, as the team turned into Front street, climbed into the rear end of the wagon, took the lines from the frightened boy and stopped the runaway team before they had done any damage.

Temperature for the Pacific coast and as far east as Chicago, as received at the United Signal Office in this city, is: For Olympia, 61°; Portland, 66°; Roseburg, 75°; Mendocino, 51°; Red Bluff, 92°; Sacramento, 83°; San Francisco, 62°; Los Angeles, 88°; San Diego, 75°; Salt Lake, 90°; Cheyenne, 78°; Denver, 89°; North Platte, 85°; Omaha, 80°; Davenport, 67°; Chicago, 72°.

The Health Officer is in constant receipt of communications calling his attention to foul premises in all parts of the city, and many of which not only do not give the writers' names, but fail to designate the street, etc.—as for instance, one yesterday received by him made complaint of "the vaults at the rear of buildings 1219, 1221 and 1225?" No street being named, it may apply to any of the lettered or numbered streets in the city, of which there are about fifty, and is therefore slightly indefinite.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss Laura Phillips has returned home from a visit to Marysville.

Mrs. R. S. Jenkins and family, of Marysville, are visiting San Francisco.

Mrs. A. C. Bingham and children, and Mrs. G. W. Elder, of Marysville, are at Santa Cruz.

Miss Florence Shaffer, of Marysville, went to San Francisco yesterday to remain several weeks.

E. V. McCarthy, a well-known capitalist of San Francisco, is sojourning in this city for a few days.

Miss Sarah J. Duffy leaves the city this morning on a summer vacation, and a visit to summer resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Carle left yesterday morning for Oakland, where they will remain for several weeks.

Miss Kittie Young, of Washington, left yesterday afternoon on the 2:50 train to visit friends in San Francisco.

D. J. Simmons returned from Alameda last evening. Mrs. Simmons and family will remain there until October.

Miss Pauline Eilers and Mrs. O. H. P. Sheets go to San Francisco to day, to spend the remainder of the school vacation.

Captain J. F. Ridler, Superintendent of the Nevada and Colfax Narrow-guage Railroad, went up to Nevada City yesterday.

Mrs. Chas. Weinrich and daughters, Mrs. H. C. Chipman and the Misses Laura and Kittie, go to Monterey on a visit to-day.

D. E. Jackson has gone to Utah, traveling with his wife, who is an invalid. He spends most of his time at Park City and surrounding mountains in the vicinity.

Mrs. E. Wadsworth and daughter Ruby left last week for San Francisco. They were joined yesterday by Miss Katie Wadsworth. They will remain at the Bay for two months.

Charles L. Ackerman and T. J. Clunie, of San Francisco, were in the city Saturday, to see Governor Stoneman in the interest of Walter Levy, who desires to be appointed a Superior Judge, vice Evans, resigned.

Mr. and Mrs. Randall, Mr. and Mrs. L. Bell, Mrs. Montgomery and daughter, Mrs. Myers and Mrs. M. E. Rumford will leave to-day for Monterey, Santa Cruz, Alameda, Berkeley and San Francisco. They will be absent about six weeks.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel: S. E. Sheldon and wife, Topeka, Kas.; F. B. Westcott, St. Louis; T. H. Johnson, Cedarville; J. C. Birdsell and wife, South Bend, Ind.; W. H. Dunning, California; T. M. Grant, S. Irving, J. M. Upham, W. L. French, Mrs. G. L. Miller, Mrs. W. L. Adams and children, L. Eupbrat, R. Behrends, G. W. Mendell, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the State House: Miss Jennie Ward, Miss Minnie Ward, Miss Lizzie Ward, Miss Annie Ward, Roseville; Miss A. Juny, Cosumnes; J. H. Price, San Francisco; C. Kerby, wife and two children, Mrs. Robb, Bird's Landing; A. O. Dungan, David Hite, W. Kebres, T. Griffith, J. F. Jacobs, Miss Reese, A. J. Reynolds, wife and family, Plymouth; P. Dorsin, Folsom; William Pool and son, Isleton; John McGuirk, Honolulu; Mrs. W. A. Scott, Cosumnes.

FREIGHT FROM THE EAST.

Passed Ogden on the 6th for Sacramento: Huntington, Hopkins & Co', 4 bales jackscrews, 2 boxes brass pipe fittings; James G. Davis, 3 boxes chairs; J. Brenner, 4 boxes chairs; A. A. Van Voornies & Co., 4 crates stirrups; Kirk, Geary & Co., 9 boxes drugs, 1 box bicarbonate potassium; Scofield & Tevis, 2 cases brushes; Lindley & Co., 10 boxes meat, 40 boxes pickles, 120 cases pepper sauce, 5 boxes shoeblacking; Henry Eckhardt, 1 case firearms, 1 case gun wads; W. A. & C. S. Houghton, 5 bundles paper; Waterhouse & Lester, 16 bundles shafts; C. H. Stevens & Co., 2 boxes shoes; Weinstock & Lubin, 6 cases hats; T. H. Selby & Co., 2 boxes carriage bolts; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 36 tierces hams; Billingsley & Co., 1 bundle broomcorn; Mebius & Co., 35 cases lard, 50 cases pepper sauce; W. J. O'Brien, 1 case shoes; W. D. Comstock, 6 boxes chairs, 4 boxes marble; Continental Oil Company, 1 tank oil; Booth & Co., 100 cases pepper sauce.

For Maxwell—H. Burgett, 1 box scales.

For Marysville—Huntington, Hopkins & Co., 2 cars plate iron, 44