THE BEST IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR ME.

I quarrel not with destiny,
I make the best of everything—
The best is good enough for me.

Leave Discontent alone, and she
Will shut her mouth and let you sing.
I quarrel not with Destiny.

I take some things, or let 'em be—
Good gold has always got the ring;
The best is good enough for me.

When Fate insists on secrecy,
I have no arguments to bring—
I quarrel not with Destiny.

The fellow that goes "haw" for "gee"
Will find he hasn't got full swing.
The best is good enough for me.

One only knows our needs, and he
Does all of the distributing.
I quarrel not with Destiny;
The best is good enough for me.

—[J. W. Riley.

THE LADIES.

Very dark red is the fashionable color for riding habits.

Rich materials of whatever kind, simply made, are the fashion.

Woolen goods finished like crape will be much worn this season.

The Brighton is the name of the new short jacket designated for young ladies.

"Tel-el-Kebir" is a new cloth for costumes, resembling albatross cloth, only much thicker.

The handsomest gant de suede gloves are not of tan color, but come in bronze, green, brown and olive shades, with gauntlets.

One of the handsomest silk fabrics of this season is black satin de Lyon brocaded with fine cut jet beads, woven into fabrics.

Silk and satin dresses are growing less in number on the street at the East, and in their place are seen sensible costumes of cheviot, serge, cashmere and cloth.

Fine broadcloths, with closely woven surfaces, London cloths in herring-bone patterns, and irregular twilled cloths are used for the popular tailor-made costumes.

Embroidered net fronts and flounces for evening dresses have very large flowers wrought in chenille, with the veins of colored pearl beads of very large size, and they are among the most effective of the season's trimmings.

New gloves for cool weather wear are generally shown made of chintz cashmere, very fine and soft. They are long and buttonless, embroidered with a spray of silk flowers at the top, and mould the hand and wrist as well as any silk glove.

A favorite trimming is embroidery copying the plumage of birds, from peacock's feathers to those of the humming bird. Bright-colored feathers will be used as models for trimming evening dresses, while double plumage will furnish models for day wear.

For fancy jackets vests may be inserted of satin or brocade, kid or chamois skin, and not unfrequently alligator skins, with its ecru brown shading and pretty fine marking, are used. Such jackets are seen more in the house than on the street, and are very pretty for demi-toilet.

Dressy basques are cut open in oval shape below the throat, and finished off with a standing net collar embroidered with gold, silver or steel beads, and made to project like fine thread-like wires, and fastened by a diamond brooch that represents buttons. The sleeves are of lace to the elbow, with beaded ruffles, and there are satin creves for epaulets.

Plain dark velvets are to be much used for ball wraps and opera cloaks. A superb model on exhibition is made of a very dark shade of royal blue in long viste shape, embroidered in dark blue silk, and lined throughout with palest blue satin. Another wrap of dark myrtle green is lined with pale primrose surah and adorned with dark green ostrich-feather trimming.

Dark velvet bodices, which are so fashionably worn just now over skirts of vailing, silk and other fabrics, may be heightened in effect for dressy occasions by having the basque edge cut in blocks falling over a lace ruffle set underneath. The trimmings of the sleeves and square neck are arranged to match. For evening wear the sleeves are sometimes of transparent silk net or lace, gold lace being used where a gold-colored Spanish lace ruffle is set underneath the basque.

A new utility wrap has made its appearance in Eastern circles which is very suitable for shopping, traveling and protective covering from the autumn rains. It is of imported suiting, and will do very well indeed for an entire dress, to take the place of skirt and ulster. It fits the figure very snugly, and twelve narrow plaits reach from the throat to the hem of the garment both front and back. Underneath these plaits behind is set a half belt which goes around in front, and from it depends a chatelaine attached to a velvet or leather shopping bag.

Parisian modistes are making up very handsome carriage, walking and visiting costumes with flat plaits set all around the upper portion of the skirt, ending in the full overlapping "Buckingham" puff so becoming to slender people. Beneath this puff, which extends all the way around the back drapery, are set panels alternating with flat kiltings. These panels are covered with elaborate embroideries, immense palm patterns in applique, beaded ornaments of separate and special designs, or an *eschelle* of cords with handsome pendants on each panel.

Knitted underclothing, both for ladies and children, are coming more and more into vogue, and are certainly light and warm—two things which do not always go together. For summer wear especially, knitted skirts are particularly appropriate, and knitted underwear also; but heavier ones are making their appearance in the stores, showing they bid fair to become a staple article of manufacture. It would not be a bad idea if Dame Fashion, in some of her freaks, made knitted undergarments a *sine quo non* of winter wear. Many ladies would find it not only an agreeable pastime to make these garments themselves, but it would afford a very remunerative occupation. Babies' and full children's skirts have long been knit by fond parents or relatives, and garments for older persons can be made much in the same way.

An extremely beautiful Parisian toilet is now exhibited by a Broadway importer as a model of true French art. The dress is made of white surah and white cashmere. The silken bodice is cut square over the breast and veiled with Renaissance lace, beaded with milk-white pearls. At each shoulder seam begins an embroidery of small white silk roses with pale gold foliage, which goes down each side of the bodice until it reaches the belt, where it joins the full drapery of a Grecian overdress at the right side, the embroidery extending all the way round the tunic until it reaches the left side in the back, where it is lost amid the soft artistic folds of the drapery, which is held by a chain of Roman pearl beads linked with gold. The long graceful underdress is plainly but elegantly finished with a white band of the silk embroidery worked close to the edge all the way around the trailing skirt. All the leading features noticeable in the attractive, "artistic" costumes worn during the past season are intensified in those imported this autumn. There is a more positive style about them than those we have become accustomed to seeing during the summer. For instance, many of the bodices are more decidedly antique in style, the high stiff fraises are more stately and elaborate, and the leg-o'-mutton, Vandyke and other antique sleeves show the ample proportions and unmistakable cut of the regular old-fashioned styles.

"Come in out of dat hot sun, you Lafayette! De fust ting you know you'll be burnt as black as de nigger next doah."—[Kentucky Journal.

Keep right on sending your money and old clothes to the heathen. There are only twelve hundred towns west of the Mississippi river without churches or regular preaching of any kind.

COMMERCIAL.

Sacramento Produce Market—Wholesale.

[Corrected daily for the RECORD-UNION.]

SACRAMENTO, October 16th.

FRUIT—Lemons, Sicily, $9 50@10 ₱ case; Oranges, California, $2@2 25 ₱ box; Limes, $1 25@1 50; Bananas, $3 50@4 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $6@8 ₱ dozen; Cocoanuts, $7@8 ₱ 100; Apples, $1 15@1 50 ₱ box; Figs, 4@5c ₱ lb; Pears, $1@1 50 ₱ box; Grapes, 75c@$1 25 ₱ box; Cantaloupes, 75c@$1 ₱ dozen; Peaches, $1 50@1 75 ₱ box.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 75; assorted, gallon cans, $5; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $3; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75; Capital Asparagus, $2 50 ₱ dozen cans.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 8@9c ₱ lb; do quartered, 6@7c; pears, peeled, 7@8c; do, unpeeled, 4@5c; Plums, pitted, 14@15c; Peaches, 12@13c; do, peeled, 18@19c; Prunes, German and French, 14@15c; Blackberries, 14@15c; Figs, California, 6@7c ₱ lb.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $2 10; Peaches, $2 60; Bartlett Pears, $2 50; Plums, $2 65; Blackberries, $2 90@3; Gooseberries, $3 25; Strawberries, $3 25; Apricots, $2 50; Muscat Grapes, $3 50; Red Currants, $3 25; Cherries, $3 50.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 75c@$1 25; Tomatoes, 50@60c ₱ box; String Beans, 3½@4c; Wax Beans, 4@5c ₱ lb; Green Corn, 15@20c ₱ doz.; Summer Squash, 2@3c ₱ lb; Onions, 75@85c; Cauliflower, 90c@$1; Cabbage, 85c@$1; Carrots, 60@75c ₱ hundred; Turnips, 75c@$1 ₱ cwt; bunch vegetables, 12½c ₱ doz; Parsnips, 1½c; Beets, 1c; Horse Radish, 5@6c ₱ lb; Artichokes, 40@50c ₱ dozen; Jerusalem Artichokes, 3½@4c ₱ lb; Green Peppers, 4@5c ₱ lb; Egg Plant, 4@5c ₱ lb; Okra, 8@10c ₱ lb; Cucumbers, 7@8c ₱ doz; Sweet Potatoes, $1 25@1 35; Celery, 70@80c ₱ doz; Garlic, 3@4c.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $5 25 ₱ barrel; Oatmeal, $4 75 ₱ 100 lbs, latter for Eastern; Cornmeal, yellow, $3 25@3 38; white, $3 25; Cracked Wheat, $3

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 15@16c ₱ lb; dressed, 18@19c; full grown Chickens, $6@7 ₱ dozen; young Roosters, $4@5 ₱ dozen; Broilers, $3@5; tame Ducks, $7@7 25; Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair; Eggs, choice lots, 42@43c ₱ dozen.

GAME—Hare, $1 75@2; Rabbits, $1@1 50; Mallard Ducks, $3 50@4 ₱ doz; Teal, $1 50@2 ₱ doz; Sprigs, $2@2 50 ₱ doz; Quail, $1 25@1 50 ₱ doz.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, choice, 38@42c ₱ lb; mixed lots, in rolls, 25@30c ₱ lb; Cheese, California, from 13@14c; Western, flats, 10@15c; Marin's Cream, 19@20c.

MEATS—Beef, 7@8c; Mutton, 4@5c ₱ lb; Lamb, 6@7c; Pork, 8@9c; Veal, small calves, 9@10c; large, 8c.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Oat hay, $12@14 ₱ ton; Alfalfa hay, $8@9 ₱ ton; bran, ₱ ton, $17; middlings, $22 ₱ ton; barley, whole, $1; ground, $1 05; wheat, $1 55@1 75 ₱ cwt; tame oats, $1 75@2; corn, $1 65 ₱ cwt.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 10@11c; Timothy, Eastern, 9@10c ₱ lb; Oregon, 8@10c; Red Clover, 17@18c; Red Top, 12½@14c; Nuts—English Walnuts, 9½@10c; California Walnuts, 10½@11c; Almonds, 14@15c; Peanuts, Eastern, 9@10c; Lard (California), 10-lb cans, 14c; Eastern, 16@18c; Hides, salt, light and medium, 8@9c, and heavy, 9@10c; dry, 17c; Tallow, 7½c; Hops, offering at 25@30c ₱ lb.

San Francisco Produce Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 16th.

FLOUR—Millers report a good trade in progress. Best City Extra, $5@5 50; medium grades, $4@4 50; shipping superfine, $3 75@4 ₱ bbl.

WHEAT—Offerings of choice qualities are scarce. Some holders say that they can obtain better prices proportionately in the country than are tendered in the city, and this circumstance may in part explain the slim exhibit of No. 1 grades on 'Change. The market is fairly strong at $1 70 for best shipping parcels, while $1 72½ is the prevailing figure for desirable milling consignments. Off grades are being taken somewhat more freely on export account, but quotations for this class of stock are more or less irregular, and it is almost impossible to give a guiding figure, though $1 62½@1 65 will about represent the average range at which such parcels change hands.

At the Produce Exchange call session there was moderate inquiry, and 700 tons No. 1 White changed ownership, as follows:

Buyer 1883—200 tons, $1 70½.
Seller season—100 tons, $1 70.
Buyer season—400 tons, $1 85½ ₱ ctl.

Closing prices were:

No. 1 White—	Bid.	Asked.
December	$1 74½	$1 75
Seller 1883	1 70½	1 70¾
Buyer 1883	1 77	1 78
Seller the season	1 70	.....
Buyer the season	1 85	1 85½

At the Grain Exchange this afternoon the sales in No. 1 White were as follows:

December, San Francisco delivery—100 tons, $1 75½.
Seller 1883—800 tons, $1 69½; 200, $1 69¾ ₱ ctl.

Quotations of No. 2 grades at leading centers today are telegraphed as follows:

	Chicago.	New York.
Spot	$1 51¾	$1 84½
November	1 54	1 83½
December	1 57½	1 87
January	1 55½	1 90¾

BARLEY—The market has a stronger tone than has been apparent in some time. It is understood that railroad freight charges to Eastern points have been reduced some $4 and $5 per ton, which is equivalent to 20@25c per ctl. This concession is expected to relieve the market somewhat of existing surplus by opening up avenues for shipment. Already, we are assured, about 250 tons have been contracted for at San Jose for shipment to either New York or Chicago. The future of the market, therefore, will be more or less affected by the extent of business that may be developed in consequence of the lower schedule of freight charges. Spot trading is not active. Most holders have advanced their figures, and $1 62½ ₱ ctl was the general asking price for sample lots of No. 1 Feed this morning. No sales, however, were reported, though buyers could probably be found at $1@1 01½ ₱ ctl. Brewing is offering freely, though sales are slow; $1 10@1 12½ for old, and $1 05@1 07½ ₱ ctl for new.

On call at the Produce Exchange there was less excitement than many operators expected. The situation was well braced up, and buyers had to pay advanced prices. As compared with yesterday morning's business values scored an average advance of 2½c ₱ ctl. Seller the season contracts were rather easy at the close at $1 01¾, while buyer the season was strong at $1 15¾. The market is in a sensitive condition, and cautious operators are keeping in the background. Sales footed up 4,300 tons No. 1 Feed, as follows:

November—100 tons, $1 04.
December—300 tons, $1 06.
Buyer December—200 tons, $1 08½; 100, $1 08¼.
January—100 tons, $1 06½.
Seller 1883—400 tons, $1 03¾; 200, $1 03¾.
Buyer 1883—100 tons, $1 08½.
Seller season—300 tons, $1 01½; 200, $1 01¾; 500, $1 02; 300, $1 02½; 100, $1 02¼.
Buyer season—300 tons, $1 15½; 200, $1 15¾; 300, $1 15¼; 400, $1 15¾; 400, $1 15½ ₱ ctl.

Bidding at the close is represented by the following table:

No. 1 Feed—	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	$1 02⅝	$1 03½
November	1 04	1 01½
December	1 05¾	.....
Buyer December	1 08⅝	1 08½
January	1 06	.....
Seller 1883	1 03½	1 03¾
Buyer 1883	1 05¾	1 09
Seller the season	1 01½	1 01¾
Buyer the season	1 15⅝	1 15¾

Sale at the Grain Exchange of 100 tons No. 1 Feed, seller 1883, at $1 02½ ₱ ctl.

OATS—The market is rather crowded with offerings, and a drooping tone is quite discernible. Business, however, was transacted this morning on our basis of quotations, though sales were anything but numerous. To-day's receipts embrace 7,000 bags from Washington Territory. Surprise and Milling, $1 65@1 75; No 1, $1 45@1 55; No. 2, $1 35@1 45; Black, $1 35@1 40 ₱ ctl.

CORN—Continues dull and inactive. Quotable at $1 45@1 55 ₱ ctl for California.

RYE—There is more stock than can readily be placed, and some discretion in offerings is necessary to maintain prices. Quotable at $1 30@1 35 ₱ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—In the absence of sales our figures are more or less nominal. Receipts so far this season have been very light, and the market at the moment is bare of stock. Arrivals since July 1st will scarcely reach 400 bags. Quotable at $2 75@3 50 ₱ ctl.

SEEDS—Moderately active. Mustard, $2 75@3 for Brown and $2 25 for Yellow; Canary, 5@5½c; Hemp, 4c; Rape, 3@3½c; Timothy, 7½@8c for imported; Alfalfa, 9@10c; Flax, 2½@2¾c ₱ lb.

HAY—Alfalfa, $8@9 50 ₱ ton; Wheat, $10@13; Wild Oat, $11@12 50; Barley, $8@11; Mixed, $8@10 ₱ ton.

HOPS—Are dull. Holders ask 15@20c ₱ lb, according to quality.

POTATOES—River Reds are a drug, and the movement in this description is very slow. There are not many lots of good Early Rose coming to market. Early Rose, 60@65c; River Reds, 60c; Tomales, 90@95c; Peerless, 60@90c; Garnet Chile, 80@85c; Sweet, $1 25@1 50 ₱ ctl.

ONIONS—Quotable at 50@55c for choice. A poor article is dull at 35@40c ₱ ctl.

BEANS—We note some excitement in Whites, without much improvement in prices. Colored are arriving quite plentifully, and seem to be lagging. There has been no depreciation in Limas, though stocks are said to be accumulating. Bayos, $3 25; Butter, $3 25; Pinks, $3 20@3 30; Red, $2 75@3; Pea and small White, $2 75; Lima, $3 75 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Cucumbers and Tomatoes have both advanced this week, while Green Peas and String Beans are each a shade firmer. Egg Plant is dull of sale at lower prices. Lima Beans, 3@3½c ₱ lb; Green Corn, 8@15c ₱ doz.; Artichokes, 10@15c ₱ doz.; Carrots, 35@37½c; Turnips, 75c@$1 ₱ ctl; Beets, $1 ₱ ctl; Parsnips, $1 ₱ ctl; Cauliflower, 60@75c ₱ dozen; Cabbage, 60@75c ₱ ctl; Garlic, 1½@2c ₱ lb; Celery, 50c ₱ doz; Dry Okra, 20@25c; Green do, $1 25 ₱ box; Dry Peppers, 10@10½c; Green do, 50@75c ₱ box; Green Peas, 3@3½c ₱ lb; Tomatoes, 65@75c ₱ box; Cucumbers, 75@85c ₱ box; Egg Plant, 50@75c ₱ box; String Beans, 2½@3½c ₱ lb; Summer Squash, 40@50c ₱ box; Marrowfat Squash, $8@10 ₱ ton.

FRUIT—Strawberries were in moderately large supply this morning, and as there was no pressure to buy, cheaper rates prevailed. Bartlett Pears are wholly out of market. Grapes of all kinds are abundant. Wine qualities have been lowered to $20@$25 ₱ ton. Native Oranges are scarce, and the few offerings that are desirable command better prices. Sicily Lemons are dearer, while Mexican Limes have declined. Figs, 50c @ $1 ₱ box; Grapes, 40c @ 75c ₱ box; Apples, 40c@$1 25 ₱ box; Pears, 50c@$1 25 ₱ box; Quinces, $1 50 ₱ box; Plums, 3c ₱ lb; Strawberries, $10@12 ₱ chest; Lemons, $10@11 ₱ box for Sicily; California Lemons, $1 50@2 ₱ box; Mexican Limes, $7 50@8 ₱ box; Tamarinds, 12@13c ₱ lb; Bananas, $1 75@3 ₱ bunch; California Oranges, $2 25@2 50 ₱ box; Watermelons, $4@6 ₱ hundred; Cantaloupes, 75c@$1 ₱ case; Cape Cod Cranberries, $19; Western do, $17 ₱ bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—New crop is coming forward more freely. There is a slight increase in the demand, which is expected to become more pronounced as the season progresses. Nearly all descriptions have a buoyant tendency, and in several instances prices have already been marked up. Sun-dried Apples, 7@7½c ₱ lb for sliced, and 6@6½c ₱ lb for quartered; Aiden and Plummer, 11½@12c; Apricots, 11½@12c; Blackberries, 11½@12c; Figs, 7c for pressed and 4@5c for unpressed; Smyrna, 16@19c; Nectarines, 11@11½c; Peaches, 15@16c for peeled and 11½@12c for unpeeled; Pears, 5@6c for whole and 7@8c for sliced; machine dried, 10@12½c; Plums, 11½@12c for pitted and 2@3c for unpitted; German Prunes 9@10c; French Prunes, 11@11½c ₱ lb; Raisins, $1 50 for loose Muscatel and $1 75@2 ₱ box for London Layers, with the usual advance for fractional boxes.

HONEY—Is in fair demand. Extracted, 7½@8c ₱ lb for choice; Comb 13@18c ₱ lb; Extra White, 20c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—The seeming determination of buyers not to pay former asking rates has necessitated a lowering of values for fresh qualities. Pickled descriptions are receiving good attention at a trifling advance. Fancy, 42½@45c; medium grades, 35@40c; inferior lots from country stores, 19@24c; firkin, 25@26c for choice; 20@22½c for fair to good, and 17@19c for common; pickled roll, 27@28c; Eastern, 17½@20c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—Meets with quick custom at full figures. California, 13@15½c for choice; 11@12c for fair to good; do, factory, in boxes, 14@18c; Eastern, 15@16c ₱ lb.

EGGS—No material change has occurred in a week. Choice qualities are still scarce and in demand. California, 42½@45c for choice; 32@38c for fair to good, and 27½@30c for ordinary quality; Eastern, 30@32½c; Salt Lake, 26@30c ₱ dozen.

POULTRY—The market has a healthy tone, and all good stock is easily placed at current prices. Live Turkeys, gobblers, 20@22c; do Hens, 18@21c; Roosters, $5 50@6 for old, and $5 50@7 for young; Hens, $7@8; Broilers, $4@5, according to size; Ducks, $6 50@8 50; Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair.

GAME—Supplies are fair and the demand is good, so that values do not fluctuate to any marked extent. Venison, 4@8c ₱ lb; Quail, $1 25@1 25 ₱ doz; Hare, $2@2 25; Rabbits, $1@1 25 ₱ doz; Teal, $1 50@2; Sprigs, $2 25@2 50; Widgeon, $1 25@1 50; Mallards, $4@4 50 ₱ dozen; common Snipe, $1 ₱ dozen; Grey Geese, $2 25@2 50 ₱ dozen.

PROVISIONS—The demand for meat products is quite active at unchanged prices. Eastern Hams are in strong demand at full figures, the supply being small, while Hams of fine local cure command prices nearly equal. Beef products are firm at quotations with light supply. Eastern Hams, 17½@19c; California Hams, 15@15½c for plain, 17@18c for sugar-cured canvased; Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 15½@15¾c; California Smoked Bacon, 12½@13½c for heavy and medium, and 15@15½c for light and extra light; Clear Sides, 12¾@13c; Pork, $18 50@19 for Extra Prime, $20@20 50 for Prime Mess, $22 50@23 for Mess, $23@23 50 for Clear, $24@24 50 for Extra Clear; Pigs' Feet, $16@18 ₱ bbl; Mess Beef, $14 50@15 for bbls and $8 50 for half bbls; Extra Mess Beef, $15½@15¾ for bbls and $8 50 for half bbls; Family Beef, $18@18 50 ₱ bbl; California Smoked Beef, 14½@15c ₱ lb; Beef Tongues, $10@10 50 ₱ dozen; Eastern Lard, 12½@13c for tierces and 12¾@13½c ₱ lb for pails; California do, 10-lb tins, 12¾@13c; 5-lb tins, 13@13½c; pails, 13@13½c for 10-lb, 13½@13¾c for 5-lb, and 14@14½c ₱ lb for 3-lb pails.

WOOL—There is very little of interest to remark. Trade is so slow as to make business more or less tedious. Dealers hope for better times in the near future.

Choice Northern Free	21@23½c
Choice Northern Burry	17@19
San Joaquin and Coast, inferior to good	11@15
San Joaquin and Coast, year's clip	12@15
San Joaquin and Coast Fall Plains	7@10
San Joaquin and Coast Fall Mountain	9@18
Willamette Valley	20@23
Umpqua Valley	23@26
Eastern Oregon, poor	15@18
Eastern Oregon, good to choice	18@21

San Francisco Meat Market.

Beef continues firm at quotations, as the supply is very moderate. Mutton is unchanged, the supply being large and market weak. Pork is low, owing to continued abundant supply. Following are the rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers:

BEEF—First quality, 8@8½c; second quality, 7@7½c; third quality, 5@6c ₱ lb.

VEAL—Large calves, 7@8c; small ones, 9@10c ₱ lb.

MUTTON—Wethers are quotable at 5c, and ewes at 4@4½c ₱ lb, according to quality.

LAMB—Spring is quotable at 6c ₱ lb.

PORK—Live Hogs, 5c for heavy packing, and 5½@5¾c for light hogs; dressed do, 7@7½c ₱ lb for hard grain Hogs.

Eastern and Foreign Markets.

NEW YORK, October 16th.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour is steady and Wheat is quiet, latter at $1 07@1 15 ₱ bushel.

WOOL—California is quiet at 9@10c for fall burry, and 10@13c for clean fall; spring burry, 16c to 18c; clean spring, 24@28c; pulled, 28@40c.

HIDES—California are quiet at 20@21c.

CHICAGO, October 16th.

WHEAT—92¾c for November.
CORN—47½c for November.
PORK—$10 25 for November.
LARD—$7 22½ for November.
RIBS—$5 60 for November; short do, $6 55.

LIVERPOOL, October 16th.

WHEAT—California spot lots are dull at 8s 10d to 9s 1d; cargo lots, 44s 6d for just shipped, 44s 6d for nearly due, and 44s 6d for off coast.

San Francisco Stock Sales.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 16th.

MORNING SESSION.

705 Ophir	6 50@6 25	155 S. Nevada	4 30
350 Mexican	2 40	190 Utah	1 90
180 G. & C.	2 50	120 Exchequer	55
75 B. & B.	3 15	330 Justice	45@ 40
100 California	15@ 20	230 Union	4@4 05
200 Savage	1 20	450 Alta	1 60@1 55
600 Con. Vir	50	145 Aztec	60
135 Chollar	2 25	50 Scorpion	65
125 Potosi	1 60	950 Benton	25
560 H. and N.	2 55	10 Prize	55
100 Point	1 40	75 Belle Isle	40
100 Jacket	3 50	145 Bodie	65
250 Alpha	1 60	275 N. Belle Isle	60

AFTERNOON SESSION.

155 Belmont	1 50	1475 Chollar	2 25@3 25
275 Prize	55	100 Potosi	96
345 Belle Isle	43	2145 H. and N.	2 40@2 50
25 Eureka	4 55	270 Point	1 30
520 Navajo	4 10@4 00	20 Jacket	3 50
400 N. B. Isle	60@ 65	50 Belcher	1 35
50 Bodie	70	60 S. Nevada	4 40
1980 Ophir	6 25@5 75	49 Utah	1 90
485 Mexican	2 25	2680 Union	4 05@4 00
395 G. & C.	2 20@2 15	530 Alta	1 55@1 50
320 Best & B.	3 35	40 Scorpion	60
550 California	20	100 Benton	75
150 Savage	1 15	150 Occidental	1 50
1640 Con. Va	55	100 Exchequer	60

ELEPHANT RIDING.

Isabella L. Bird, the traveler, gives the following account of a ride on an elephant in the Malay Peninsula: "But the ride was 'a fearful joy,' if a joy at all! Soon the driver jumped off for a gossip and a smoke, leaving the elephant to 'gang his own gait' for a mile or more, and he turned into the jungle, where he began to rend and tear the trees, and then going to a mud-hole, he drew all the water out of it, squirted it with a loud noise over himself and his riders, soaking my clothes with it, and when he turned back to the road again he several times stopped and seemed to stand on his head by stiffening his proboscis and leaning upon it, and when I hit him with my umbrella he uttered the loudest roar I ever heard. My Malay fellow-rider jumped off and ran back for the driver, on which the panniers came altogether down on my side, and I hung on with difficulty, wondering what other possible contingencies could occur, always expecting that the beast, which was flourishing his proboscis, would lift me off with it and deposit me in a mud-hole. On the driver's return I dismounted again, and this time the elephant was allowed to go and take a proper bath in a river. He threw quantities of water over himself and took up plenty more with which to wet his sides as he went along. The tough and wrinkled hide of an elephant looks as if no small insect can draw blood from it, and when left to himself he sagaciously plasters himself with mud to protect himself, like the water buffalo. Mounting again, I rode for another two hours, but he crawled about a mile an hour, and seemed to have a steady purpose to lie down. He roared whenever he was asked to go faster, sometimes with a roar of rage, sometimes in anger and sometimes in plaintive remonstrance. The driver got off and walked behind him, and then he stopped altogether. Then the man tried to pull him along by putting a hooked stick in his huge 'flapper,' but this produced no other effect than a series of howls; then he got on his head again, after which the brute made a succession of huge stumbles, each one of which threatened to be a fall, and then the driver, with a look of despair, got off again. Then I made signs that I would get off, but the elephant refused to lie down, and I let myself down his unshapely shoulder by a rattan rope, till I could use the mahout's shoulders as steps. The baskets were taken off and left at a house; the elephant was turned loose in the jungle; I walked the remaining miles to Kwala Kangsa, and the driver carried my portmanteau. Such was the comical end of my first elephant ride. I think that, altogether, I walked about eight miles. The Malay who came with me told the people here that it was 'a wicked elephant,' but I have since been told 'that it was very sick, and tired to death,' which I hope is the true version of its most obnoxious conduct."

"She thirsted for one fond look, she starved for a kiss denied," says Ella Wheeler in one of her poems. Poor thing! In these days, when "fond looks" are lying all about from every street corner, and "kisses" are not denied when anybody knows where they are wanted, it is too bad. We have heard of "starving to death in the midst of plenty." This poor creature seems to be trying it on.—[Hartford Post.

De man what keeps Monday in his heart and Sunday on his shirt front ain't got my idee ob 'ligion.

BORN.

Sacramento, October 15—Wife of Chas. R. Parsons, a son.

DIED.

Sacramento, October 15—George W. Fisher, a native of New Jersey, 75 years. (Philadelphia and New Jersey papers please copy.)

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from the A. M. E. Church, Seventh street, between G and H, this afternoon at 2 o'clock.]

Sacramento, October 16—Margaret Hamm, a native of County Longford, Ireland, 75 years.

[Funeral notice hereafter.]

Mortality Report.

For two weeks ending October 15, 1883, made by Wm. Laufkotter, Superintendent of the City Cemetery. Office at the Chapel, City Cemetery:

October 1—Paul Martinni, 14 years; Italy.
October 2—Mary A. Mitchell, 17 years, 5 months and 16 days; California. Robert E. Clark, 6 years 3 months and 7 days; California. Daniel McAvena, 37 years; Massachusetts. Joseph Hartigan, 19 years; California.
October 3—Robert Capples, 47 years; England; Robert Lee Curry, 11 years, 11 months and 8 days; California. Camille Fueillot, France.
October 5—Eva C. Smith, 21 years, 6 months and 9 days; New York.
October 6—Harry J. Casselman, 5 months and 20 days; California. Annie J. Sullivan, 16 years and 2 days; New York. J. D. Lord, 76 years and 6 months; Maine.
October 8—Elias Gruhler, 58 years, 5 months and 26 days, Germany. Delia Smith, 22 years, 5 months and 21 days; New York. J. F. Montgomery, 76 years; Virginia.
October 9—John Fogarty, 55 years; Ireland. F. D. Simmons, 3 months; California. Unknown, about 50 years. Patrick P. Morris, 75 years; Ireland. Fannie F. Buinton, 5 months and 14 days; California.
October 10—J. K. Barton, 35 years; Delaware. Miriam F. Parsons, 73 years and 1 month. Ab Quill, 52 years; China. Luther Packard, 50 years; Maine.
October 11—Con. Harrington, 48 years; Ireland. Bessie C. Quinton, 5 months and 16 days; California.
October 12—Eva Y. Van Guilder, 32 years; New York. Albert H. Hauser, 4 years and 7 days; California. Belle Garlock, 23 years and 24 days; Pennsylvania.
October 14—Thomas McLaughlin, 62 years, 8 months and 8 days; Ireland. Ach Lent, 37 years; China.
October 15—Susie Stevens, 33 years, 5 months and 29 days; Maine. Geo W. Fisher, 75 years; New Jersey.

Besides the above there were brought here for interment the following:

September 29—Thomas Cunningham, 62 years; Scotland.
October 8—Mary J. Langton, 83 years, 1 month and 13 days; England.

Bad Blood.

SCROFULOUS.
INHERITED.
CONTAGIOUS.

IN 1870 SCROFULOUS ULCERS BROKE OUT on my body until my breast was one mass of corruption. Some of these Ulcers were not less than one and one-half inches in diameter, the edges rough, rugged and seemingly dead, the cavity open to the bone and filled with offensive matter. Everything known to the medical faculty was tried in vain. Gradually the bone itself became diseased, and then the suffering began in earnest. Bone ulcers began to take the place of those hitherto on the surface. I became a mere wreck. For months at a time I could not get my hands to my head because of extreme soreness.

COULD NOT TURN IN BED.

Knew not what it was to be an hour even free from pain. Had reason to look upon life itself as a curse. In the summer of 1880, after ten years of this wretched existence, I began to use the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and after two years' persistent use of them the last ulcer has healed. The dread disease has succumbed. All over the breast where was once a mass of corruption, is now a healthy skin. My weight has increased from one hundred and twenty-three to one hundred and fifty-six pounds, and the good work is still going on. I feel myself a new man, and all through the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

JAMES E. RICHARDSON,
Custom House, New Orleans.

Sworn to before United States Commissioner J. D. CRAWFORD.

TO CLEANSE THE BLOOD

Of Scrofulous, Inherited and Contagious Humors, and thus remove the most prolific cause of human suffering, to clear the Skin of Disfiguring Blotches, Itching Tortures, Humiliating Eruptions and Loathsome Sores caused by impure or poisoned blood, to purify and beautify the Skin, and restore the Hair so that no trace of disease remains, CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, Diuretic and Aperient, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great Skin Cures and Beautifiers are infallible. They are the only remedies that succeed when physicians and all other means fail.

GREAT BLOOD MEDICINES.

The half has not been told as to the great curative powers of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. I have paid hundreds of dollars for medicines to cure diseases of the blood and skin, and never found anything yet to equal the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

CHAS. A. WILLIAMS.

Providence, R. I.

Price of CUTICURA, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, $1. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cents. CUTICURA SHAVING SOAP, 15 cents. Sold by all druggists. POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."
a25-1wWS&wlt

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: **Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION,** and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine **TUTT'S PILLS** have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. **TUTT'S PILLS** cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM

IS THE PURE EXTRACT FROM THE DRUG from which all the hurtful properties are removed and the medical ones retained. No headache, costiveness or sickness of the stomach attend its use. Price, 50 CENTS. All druggists. m1-1yTuThS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sunday School Social.—A Social will be given by the Young Ladies of the Congregational Church and Society, on FRIDAY EVENING of this week, to which all members of the School, together with former members, and all parents and friends are cordially invited. A short programme of Exercises will be presented, and refreshments served. o17-1t

Uniform Division, K. of P.—The officers and members of the Division will meet at the Pavilion, corner of Sixth and M streets, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp, for a business meeting and drill. Every member is requested to be present, as business of importance will be transacted. JAS. A. DAVIS, Command'r.
GEO. B. KATZENSTEIN, First Sergeant. o17-1t*

WANTED—A DRY GOODS PACKER. WEINSTOCK & LUBIN. o17-3t

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO LIGHT HOUSEwork for a small family. Apply at No. 711 M street. o17-3t*

LOST—A BUCKSKIN HORSE