THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

FRIDAY.....NOVEMBER 9, 1883

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 121¼ for 4s of 1907, 114½ for 4½s, 101 for 3½s; sterling, $4 82½@4 86; 100¼ for 3s, 100 for 5s; silver bars, 110½.

Silver in London, 50 11-16d; consols, 101 9-16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 4s, 124½; 4½s, 113.

In San Francisco Mexican dollars are quoted at 89@89½ cents.

Mining stocks were in light demand at San Francisco yesterday morning, and prices were generally lower, say 5@10c less than Wednesday. Ophir has dropped to $3 60. A little over three weeks ago it was booming at $6 to $8. There were almost 2,000 shares of Consolidated Virginia sold at 45c. Bodie is down to 25c.

In a collision of trains near Newark, O., yesterday, two men were killed and several others badly hurt.

The falling of the roof and inside walls of the new capitol building at Madison, Wis., yesterday, killed two men and badly hurt nine others.

A Lisbon dispatch announces that Portuguese forces occupy Cordona, North Congo.

The Imperial Marc Institute at Warsaw has been destroyed by fire.

The name of Lord Lorne is mentioned for Viceroy of Ireland.

The Crown Prince of Germany is about to visit the King of Spain.

For drawing pistols on election day, Senator Mahone and his son were fined $150 at Petersburg, Va.

In the colliery disaster in Lancashire, England, 63 miners were killed.

The Chief Signal Officer recommends a separate office on the Pacific coast, and an extension of service.

Governor Butler intends to run for Governor of Massachusetts again next fall.

Four more victims of the cyclone at Springfield, Mo., have succumbed to their injuries.

In a fight between officers and thieves near Lincoln, Pa., one of the latter and one of the former were seriously shot.

No new developments are reported in regard to the assassination of McAuliffe in Tulare county.

John Hempstead, a bridge carpenter, fell fifty feet at Orland, Colusa county, and was shockingly injured.

The widening of the railroad track between Santa Cruz and Pajaro is about completed.

John English was buried under a falling bank of earth at Redwood City, and sustained probably fatal injuries.

Charles Finlayson, the boy who murdered his stepmother in Oregon, is still at large.

A dead Chinaman was found on the street in Portland, Or., yesterday, having evidently been murdered.

A fire on a ranch near Santa Barbara, Wednesday, caused a loss of $5,000.

The application of three Chinamen to the United State Court at New Orleans for naturalization papers has been granted.

The wife of General Alfred Aylward, the Boer leader, denies that she has separated from him.

American dogs are to be sent to England to contest in the Kennel Club Derby, to be run in May next at Horseheath.

The Hovas in Madagascar have secured a large supply of gunpowder from America.

The Cuban treasury is embarrassed for funds.

The champion bicyclists of the East are coming to the Pacific coast to give exhibitions.

The suspension of work on the Canada Pacific Railway on the Rocky Mountain section is only temporary.

An unoccupied dwelling was destroyed by fire near Nevada City Wednesday night.

At Shoshone, Utah, Wednesday, a Constable, shot and killed James Doran.

At Johnson, A. T., two miners named John Canavan and C. J. Moran, perished in the flames of a bursing house.

Indians are still depredating in Sonora, Mex.

James Monroe fatally shot Jack Shay in Prescott, A. T.

The Breen murder case is still in progress at Stockton.

In a duel at Chapultepec, Mexico, one of the principals was killed and the other badly wounded.

General Nicolie has captured Calafat, the chief position of the Servian insurgents, together with 100 prisoners.

At Hearne, Tex., Marshal Cannon was shot and instantly killed by Albert Bishop, a young lawyer.

A frightful tragedy is reported this morning from Kansas City, Mo.

Additional election reports are given this morning, but the general tenor of the previous dispatches is unchanged.

A PURELY LOCAL MATTER.

We are approaching very nearly to a local election of the highest importance to the people of this city. If there is any one thing more than another in which the residents of the Capital city take pride it is the public school system.

Though burdened with a heavy city debt, threatened by the evils consequent upon hydraulic mining, and handicapped by unusual taxation, the expenditures of money by this people for the promotion of the public schools, and their elevation to the first rank among educational schemes, has been lavish. There has been nothing of the niggard about Sacramento in this matter.

The enviable position we have attained in this respect has made this city a point of especial attraction. The administration of the system we have is of the utmost importance to us. The Directorships are unsalaried positions. We should call to those offices thoroughly competent men, reliable citizens—those willing to devote some time and make some serious sacrifices for the good of the town in which they live. But up to this time no nominations have been made for the offices by either of the political committees, nor have they deigned to notify the electors by what process nominations are to be made. Will the committees nominate? Shall primaries be held? Will Conventions be called? Shall rings and cliques dictate? What, in short, are the committees going to do about it?

Let the gentlemen, to whom has been committed the trust of securing nominations, not deceive themselves. They are the servants of the parties. The parties are made up of the people. But there is something that voters esteem more highly than party—the public schools. The interests of these must not be sacrificed to any false notions of policy. The people demand to know who are to be placed in nomination. There is no reason for long delay. There is every good reason why the nominations should be made not later than the 15th instant.

Why should they not be made? The Chairman of one committee states that if early nominations are declared, the vicious will prey upon the candidates and bleed them. That is no sufficient reason. Men fit to be nominated and elected should have backbone enough to resist these political bloodsuckers. That such men can be chosen goes without saying. Any other kind of men are not wanted.

There is no reason why the Republican and Democratic committees should not, say to-morrow, invite the submission of names by any and all citizens, and, if the committees are to nominate, select the nominees by Wednesday next and give the names to the public. If the bloodsuckers approach any of these men between that date and the day of election, we pledge ourselves to publish the names of the blackmailers and hold them up to public odium.

There never was a better time, or a better method of breaking the back of the soullees crew, which the Chairman of the Republican Committee says is so numerous, so strong, and so much to be feared that the nominations must not be announced until just before the day of election.

The truth is, gentlemen of the committees, the people are just now afraid to trust you, for however pure the intentions of individual members of your body, your committee action may not be satisfactory. If you would restore the confidence you are losing, act, and right speedily.

THE RAILROAD TAXES.

There is a great commotion in the camp of the railroad haters because there is some talk of compromise of the tax issues. It is becoming evident that the people desire to settle the tax difficulty amicably. It is understood that the railroad corporations are willing to pay the back State taxes at issue and those for 1884 on the basis of an assessment admitted to approach reasonableness—that is to say, on the basis of the assessment of 1882, with the per cent. penalty in addition, and to bear, besides, all the burden of the late litigation, including attorneys' fees, and to pay all taxes due counties and cities, etc., in full. The resistance of the corporations has been made because of the inequality of the assessments. A decision in favor of the corporations has been rendered by a United States Court, and it would seem reasonable to look for an affirmation of that decision by the Court of last resort. It becomes, then, a question purely of business policy whether the State shall secure her just dues or lose all in the effort to grasp too much. It is asked why the corporations should offer to compromise if they expect confirmation of the decision of the Court below. If we recall the history of all this tax trouble correctly the corporations have at no time refused to pay just taxes. They have resisted a system which they claim is not only illegal but unjust. We remember that over and again their advocates have stood up in and out of Court and offered to waive all questions at issue and pay a fair tax. In fact we do not recall a single case where this offer has not been kept constantly to the front. We intend to treat this matter presently in detail, and make an exhibit of the whole history of railroad assessments, and show the reasonableness of the offers to compromise. But pending the examination necessary it may be asked why it is that attorneys who went into the tax cases for the State on contingent fees now insist upon cash fees, and make it necessary for State officials to go around among the counties on a begging tour to make up a purse? Have the legal gentlemen had their confidence shaken as to the merits of their cause?

THE ELECTIONS.

The gratifying election news published yesterday is confirmed. It is certain that the Republican party has won New York; the Democratic majority of 190,000 has been dissipated. Connecticut and Massachusetts have declared for the party of progress and intelligence. Pennsylvania has not been lost to the party, and only those States have adhered to the Democracy which were not expected to do otherwise. The defeat of Mahoneism will result in benefit to the Republican party, and break up a dangerous and disreputable coalition. The lessons of the election are many, and full of the teachings of wisdom. We may not now dwell upon them in detail, but refer only to the one central truth that has been emphasized—the independent voter is becoming more and more a vital factor in American politics. Subserviency to party is lessening, the domination of "managers" and "bosses" is less feared. The independent voter, who is nearly always a Republican—for Republicanism is the synonym, or should be, of independence and political intelligence and progressive ideas—has again shown how fearlessly he can rebuke a party, and then return to it when the object of his castigation has been sufficiently punished. In the defeat of Butler the independent voter has made manifest his abhorrence of the simply selfish, ambitious and unscrupulous politician. In the South, it would appear that the old policy of intimidation has been inaugurated. With present light we may judge harshly, but the evidences at hand indicate that the negro vote was coerced, and in a way that makes it very difficult of exposure.

SHORT-SIGHTED POLICY.

The Greeley (Col.) *Tribune* announces that the corporators forming the United States Railway Company, which as yet exists only on paper, are of an old corporation related to the California Central and San Francisco and Ocean Shore Railroad, but that, owing to the great dissatisfaction created by the heavy taxation imposed by California, they have moved their organization into the State of Colorado, where the taxable basis is not made of the bonded indebtedness and the gross earnings, but is obtained by a more liberal policy. In other words, Colorado bids against us because of our unreasonableness. This is not a new matter. The ultra antagonistic sentiments of California relative to railroad corporations is everywhere known. It would be strange, indeed, if it did not repulse capital and enterprise. So far as the stamina and bottom of the United States Central is concerned, we have nothing to say at present. We look upon the scheme as one not likely to accomplish the aims credited to it. But, so far as the immediate question is concerned, it serves as a good illustration of the impolicy of a system that is driving capital from our doors and estranging enterprises that otherwise would have their home in our midst.

TO FEE LAWYERS.

Referring to the call of State officers upon the County Supervisors to contribute to a purse to fee lawyers in the railroad tax cases, the San Jose *Mercury* questions the advisability of employing more attorneys, and asks how many will be needed to secure another defeat. It adds: "There are a series of sound, trite sayings that our citizens can revolve in their minds while debating this matter: 'That half a loaf is better than no bread,' and 'a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.' We are in favor of that policy which shall bring most coin into the public treasury, and shall diminish in just that proportion the burden of our tax-payers. We do not think our Supervisors are called upon to spend one-fourth the revenues of the county for the purpose of establishing some abstract general principle."

THE *Oregonian* puts the whole matter in a nutshell in these words: "Reduced to plain matter of fact the recent civil rights decision of the United States Supreme Court leaves the personal status of the colored man just where it was before. That decision simply says that the constitutional amendment in reference to personal and civil rights prohibits state Legislatures from enacting discriminating laws against the negro, and that, no State Legislature having thus enacted, there has been no occasion for Congressional legislation in the premises."

THE astonishing thing of yesterday was the statement of the San Francisco *Examiner*: "The only place where we really expected to have gained, and have lost, was in Massachusetts." The readiness with which that sheet can take to dirt as a diet awakens admiration. Lying is not to be thought of; the *Examiner's* system rises far superior to such trite methods.

HAS anyone heard since Tuesday the cry, "Turn the rascals out?"

HOME AND ABROAD.

Chinese Shipped as Merchandise—Disaster in Wisconsin—The Man Who Struck Mahone—Railroad Accident—The Mormon Proselytes — Election Returns — Train Raided by Pickpockets—American and English Dogs—Affairs in Foreign Lands—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Additional Election Reports.

NEW YORK.

ALBANY, November 8th.—The *Evening Journal* says: Present election returns increase General Carr's majority to over 19,000, and little doubt of the election of the Democratic candidates for the remaining offices by majorities between 10,000 and 14,000. The Assembly stands 73 Republicans and 55 Democrats.

POUGHKEEPSIE, November 8th.—Proceedings have begun against City Assessor Charles Colwell, A. A. Brush, Warden of Sing Sing Prison, Robert Morey, of New York, a Custom-house officer, and several other prominent politicians, charging them with buying votes Tuesday.

NEW YORK, November 8th.—The *Sun* will say to-morrow: Corrected returns make no material change in the majorities on the State ticket. The plurality of Carr (Rep.) for Secretary of State is 18,000. Chapin (Dem.), for Controller, has 15,000 plurality. Maxwell, for Treasurer, runs 5,000 behind Chapin. The plurality for other candidates range from 12,000 to 14,000.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, November 8th.—The State vote, Gosmalu (?) still unheard from, stands: Robinson, 169,175; Butler, 159,084; Almy, 1,553; scattering, 80. Total, 311,882.

Essex county returns a solid Democratic delegation to the Senate. The Senate now stands 25 Republicans, 15 Democrats. Republican gain, 2.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, November 8th.—The latest returns increase the Democratic gains. Reports from all but two districts give the Democrats 23 Senators, the Coalitionists 15.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, November 8th.—The election returns are nearly all in. The joint Legislature stands 130 Democrats and 25 Republicans and Independents. The Democrats elected 11 out of 12 District Attorneys. Disturbances occurred in Copiah county, the only one reported in the State on election day.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8th.—Official returns from 57 of the 67 counties of the State, and estimates from the others, give Niles 16,261, and Lincsey 17,501 majority.

The Result in New York.

NEW YORK, November 8th.—The *World* this morning prints an interview with Henry Clausen, Sec etary of the Brewers' Association of the State of New York, who said: "Yes, we have gained our point, and defeated Maynard. It is a fact, and cannot be denied, that the brewers are nearly all Democrats, because that party is liberal in its views upon temperance, while the Republicans are the contrary; but notwithstanding their avowed platform, the Democrats headed their liberal ticket with an illiberal man. They should have known better than that, and they lost 100,000 Democratic votes by their action. We had a meeting, and resolved that Maynard should not have our support. Two million circulars and tickets were distributed at every town, village and hamlet where one of our trade resides, with a request that the tickets be distributed among those who favored the cause. In this way we covered every point where we could hope to secure a vote. It will not be assuming too much if we lay claim to having been the cause of turning over to Carr the entire number of votes Maynard ran behind his ticket."

In several large breweries yesterday extra kegs of beer were put on tap, and the glory of the victory was much diluted with its foam. The employes compared votes, each claiming to have used all his influence to beat the "mucker hypocrite," as the German voters term Maynard.

The Governor-elect of Massachusetts.

CHICOPEE, November 8th.—Governor-elect Robinson was given a reception to-night. After the parade he made a brief speech at the Town Hall, expressing his gratification at the triumph of the people, a cause which, he said, is higher and better than any man.

Two Men Killed and Others Injured.

MADISON (Wis.), November 8th.—The entire roof and inside walls of the iron and stone column of the new south wing of the Capitol fell at 1:40 o'clock this afternoon. Barney Higgens and William Edger, of Madison, were killed instantly. William Jones, boss mason, of Milwaukee, had his skull fractured and is dying. Eight others, badly injured, may die.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

MADISON, November 8th.—Four men were killed and two or three will die. Twenty-one are wounded, many seriously. The cause of the accident is somewhat uncertain, but the most plausible theory is that the heavy piliars supporting the roof of the second-story balcony sank into the plank on which they rested, thus pulling the souths wall outward, which in turn caused the roof of the entire wing to cave in. These columns were made of large pieces of boiler iron, rolled into circular form, stovepipe fashion, the jointure not being bolted together.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

MADISON, November 8th.—Five men had left the basement and were about returning when the crash came. Hundreds of people were at once on the scene, and with the aid of the hook and ladder company extricated every sufferer. Medical attendance was summoned, and the wounded were removed to places of safety. Some ascribe the accident to a defective iron pillar, others to poor masonry. It is the opinion of contractor Bentley that the loss will fall on the commonwealth, as the plans were approved by the State Architect, and blame can be ascribed to no one. It is thought there must have been a defect in some casting. The loss cannot be estimated at present. The additions were to be completed March 1, 1884. Two hundred thousand dollars was appropriated by the Legislature to meet the necessary expense. The wing was designed for Historical Society use.

A Fearful Tragedy in Missouri.

KANSAS CITY, November 8th.—A fearful tragedy was enacted to-day at the farm house of H. Clay McGee, ten miles south of this city. His children, returning home from school, this afternoon, found the lifeless bodies of their father, mother and elder sister lying upon the floor. McGee evidently had killed his wife, shooting her in the breast with a shotgun, shot his daughter in the back, and then completed the horror by going to an upper room and swallowing a dose of morphine. The house being isolated the neighbors were not aroused, and the bodies consequently lay until discovered by the children late in the day. The immediate cause for the deed is not known. McGee is described as a man of violent temper, amounting to almost frenzy at times. He was a prosperous farmer, having come into the vicinity several years ago from Kentucky, where it is said he once killed a man. There were six children, some of them married. Mary, the murdered daughter, was 20 years of age. Another daughter, the wife of Sands Hopkins, a member of an old family here, was accidentally shot and killed by her husband some months ago. McGee was 45 or 50 years of age.

McGee has for some time borne an unsavory reputation among his neighbors, on account of the harsh treatment of his family, and the tragedy today is supposed to be the result of domestic discord of long standing.

Bloodshed in Texas.

GALVESTON, November 8th.—The *News'* Hearne special says: Bad feeling has existed for some time between City Marshal Cannon and Albert Bishop, a promising young lawyer. This morning Cannon, pistol in hand, followed Bishop into a yard, where the lawyer unexpectedly produced a double-barreled shotgun and perforated Cannon with twenty-nine buckshot, killing him instantly. Cannon has been Marshal four years, during which time he has killed two men. He had a State reputation.

A Raid by Pickpockets.

CHICAGO, November 8th.—Thorough investigation of the so-called train robbery, which occurred at the Junction, near Danville, Ill., on the night of the 2d instant, shows that the incident was of much less importance than was given to it. Pickpockets boarded the west-bound train at Covington, Ind., and between that city and Danville Junction, picked the pockets of some of the passengers. At Danville Junction they left the Indiana, Bloomington and Western road and boarded the east-bound train on the Wabash road. They there picked the pockets of some of the passengers who were asleep and succeeded in making their escape. The amount of plunder secured by the thieves is small. No revolvers were displayed by the pickpockets, nor was their presence on the train known.

Something New in the Way of Merchandise.

NEW ORLEANS, November 8th.—There arrived from Havana by the steamship Hutchinson, in transit for Hongkong, twenty-two Chinese laborers, who have for some years past been employed in Cuba. The Chinamen are billed through from Havana, via the Morgan line and Southern Pacific system, to Hongkong, as if they were merchandise in bond, the American Consul in the former city certifying to their descriptive list, with which each is furnished. Upon arriving in New Orleans, the Collector of the Port here forwarded to the Collector of the Port at San Francisco the number and a duplicate descriptive list of each. Whatever money they have is carefully secreted about their persons while traveling. The party left yesterday for San Francisco.

Chinese Naturalization.

NEW ORLEANS, November 8th.—Three Chinamen, for some years residing here, applied to the United States Court for naturalization papers, and their request was granted.

The Mormon Recruits.

NEW YORK, November 8th.—The new contingent of 358 proselytes to the Latter Day Saints, which arrived from Liverpool on the steamer Wisconsin, contain a large number of comely young women. The party is under the charge of twenty returning elders, who have been on recruiting services for about two years and a half. Of the 358, 120 were Scandinavians and the rest English, Scotch and Welsh. The men were farmers, miners and laborers. It is learned that there are two classes of Mormons recruited—one known as the branch of Josephites, or followers of Joseph Smith, and the others Brighamites, or supporters of polygamy. The new arrivals will decide at a future time which faith they will embrace.

Aylward and His Wife.

CHICAGO, November 8th.—A New York correspondent says: The wife of General Alfred Aylward, the Boer leader, denies the story that she has separated from him. These are her own words: "There is not one grain of truth in the statement that I have deserted the General. Saturday I return to Chicago, and after staying there for a little while my husband and I leave for the Pacific coast, where the General has obtained a position as editor of the San Francisco *Chronicle*. If," she says, "the General has pawned any of my things, as has been charged, it must have been done for the necessaries of life, and not for drink, for he has not been under the influence of liquor since I knew him."

A Theatrical Manager Killed.

ATLANTA (Ga.), November 8th.—S. M. Suggs, a member of a traveling troupe, killed L. J. Platter, the manager, in Adairsville, last night. The quarrel was over the possession of bills.

American and English Dogs.

CHICAGO, November 8th.—Dr. N. Rowe, editor of the *American Field*, has entered in the English Kennel Club Derby to be run at Horseheath, England, on the first week in May next, seven setter puppies of one litter, now seven months old. Their dam, the Marchioness Peg, will be sent over also, and probably one or two other dogs belonging to the same kennel, and be run in all of the age stakes. This will be the first time American dogs have crossed the Atlantic to compete against the dogs of Europe.

The Man Who Struck Billy Mahone.

PETERSBURG (Va.), November 8th.—William Long, a tobacconist, acknowledges that he is the person who hit General Mahone in the face during the scuffle at the polls on election day. Long explains that being pressed by the crowd, he (Long) raised his hands to clear himself and get out. As he did so, some one struck him violently on the right hand, which caused it to strike General Mahone lightly in the face, which he hoped did the General no serious injury.

Railroad Accidents.

COLUMBUS (O.), November 8th.—In an accident on the Pan Handle near Newark this morning, John Matthews, engineer, and J. Kennedy, fireman, of the Baltimore and Ohio train were instantly killed. David Wilson, baggageman, received severe cuts, and Davis, engineer, and Frank Powell, fireman, of the Pan Handle freight, were both badly hurt and it is thought cannot recover. Both trains were badly smashed up.

Capture of an Organized Gang of "Shoplifters."

CHICAGO, November 8th.—The police this afternoon and to-night arrested twelve members of a thoroughly organized gang of shoplifters. They include the leader, a woman known to the police as "Mother Wier," two sons and two daughters. Over $2,000 worth of stolen goods was recovered. The estimated peculations of the band, nearly all of whom are women, amounted to $10,000 or $15,000 within the past few months. All are fine-looking women, elegantly dressed. The mode of operation was for a couple of the women to enter a carriage with one of Mother Wier's sons as coachman, and go "shopping" among the larger stores until the carriage was filled with plunder, when it would be taken to the place of deposit. One of Mother Wier's daughters lately returned from New York, having served a term on Blackwell's Island.

The Fat Girl's Body.

BALTIMORE, November 8th.—Moses, the husband of the fat woman, who died recently, it appears, called several times on the day of her death on Dr. Hill, offering his wife's body for sale, which was finally bought on the importunity of Moses, who gave as a reason for the singular transaction that he was in great poverty and needed money. The remains will not be taken up till December.

Civil Service Rule Amended.

WASHINGTON, November 8th.—The President has so amended civil service rule No. 8 that it now distinctly prohibits the appointing power alike in every department, and in every Postoffice and Customs office, from making any discrimination in selections for appointments by reason of any political or religious opinion or affiliations.

Financial Difficulties of a Well-known Hotel-keeper.

ALBANY (N. Y.), November 8th.—Charles E. Leland, formerly proprietor of the Delavan House, and latterly of the Brighton Beach Hotel, Coney Island, has made a general assignment to Charles J. Buchanan. His liabilities and assets are unknown.

Another Indiana Mystery.

ANDERSON (Ind.), November 8th.—Mrs. Susannah Nelson started to Nebraska September 6th, and has not since been heard from by her friends. She had a large sum of money with her. Marshal Colburn to-day made known to her brothers that he had found a fire insurance policy issued to Mrs. Nelson in the woods near Terre Haute, where some time ago the badly-mutilated body of a woman was found by a hunter. He claims to have proof that Mrs. Nelson was murdered.

Farmers on the Warpath.

PITTSBURG, November 8th.—Lancaster county, Pa., has for six weeks been suffering from the depredations of a band of outlaws, who escaped from jail six weeks ago, and have since been hiding in the mountains. The villagers and farmers armed and pursued the convicts, and a running fight of several miles resulted in the capture of one and the serious wounding of three of the gang. The infuriated farmers are still keeping up the pursuit.

FOREIGN NEWS.

O'Donnell's Defense.

LONDON, November 8th.—Every possible embarrassment is being thrown in the way of O'Donnell's defense. Yesterday a cablegram was received by O'Donnell's solicitors in London from Donald Currie, of the Currie Steamship Line, making a peremptory demand for $1,800 cash, for the transportation of McCarty, one of the witnesses, who is also an employe of the company. There are five witnesses coming from Cape Town, and as the bill of expenses for transportation for four of these has been agreed upon and amounts to only $1,000, the charge of $1,800 for the transportation of the other is regarded by O'Donnell's counsel as exorbitant, and they have cabled a refusal to pay the sum demanded. The case is already considered practically lost, because of the irritated condition of public sentiment against the Invincibles, of whom it is now believed O'Donnell is one.

The Colliery Disaster.

LONDON, November 8th.—A large number of bodies are still in the Yorkshire coal mine in which the explosion took place yesterday. Friends of the dead crowd the mouth of the pit.

More Money Wanted.

PARIS, November 8th.—In the Chamber of Deputies, the Minister of Marine to day asked for a supplementary grant of 11,500,000 francs for military operations in Tonquin.

Compensation Granted.

DUBLIN, November 8th.—The Court of the Queen's Bench has granted compensation to the persons whose property was made bonfires of upon the news of the killing of Carey by O'Donnell.

Army Mobilization.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 8th.—It is reported that the Thirty-seventh division of the Russian army will be mobilized, the men on furlough summoned to return, and the contingent of 1877 recalled for immediate service.

The Servian Insurrection.

BELGRADE, November 8th.—General Nicolie has captured Calafat, the chief position of the insurgents, taking one hundred prisoners.

Billiards in Paris.

PARIS, November 8th.—Schaeffer and Vignaux, for the championship match of billiards, play the balk-line game November 26th. The games will last five nights. Schaeffer, winning the toss, selected the American table.

Duel to the Death.

CITY OF MEXICO, November 8th.—A duel in Chapultepec, outside the city, occurred this morning between Degheest, of the Mexican National Bank, and Olivier, a French merchant. The latter was killed, and Degheest badly wounded. Swords were used. All the parties were well known. The trouble was caused by a dispute over seats at the races on Sunday. The British Minister, two American ladies and Degheest, left their seats to promenade, when Olivier and two ladies occupied them. A quarrel ensued between Degheest and Olivier, when the former called the police and the latter was ejected. The incident caused several challenges to be sent to Degheest. He had another duel arranged for to-morrow. Intense excitement prevails among the foreigners.

A PROSPEROUS MOUNTAIN TOWN.—A correspondent of the RECORD-UNION, writing from Forest City, says: "I came to this place a few days since, and was surprised at the beautiful town that greeted my sight. Burned only a short time since, it burst upon my view Phœnix-like. As is the case in all California towns, the burnt district has been rebuilt with large, commodious, fire-proof buildings, with an eye to architectural beauty—something that was an entire stranger to the original village. The streets have a lively appearance. A large amount of business is done, and it can be truly said that Forest City to-day is one of the most prosperous towns on the coast. A large and elegant hotel, with superior appointments, furnished in the most elegant style, has been erected and is being run by McNaughton & Henderson, two gentlemen who understand how to entertain the traveling public. M. Bayles has a fine livery stable, well stocked with the best of saddle horses and livery teams. The new Methodist Church, recently dedicated, is a beautiful structure and speaks well for the town. One would not think that people who a few months since were burned out of house and home, and had to seek shelter in the neighboring hills, would have spirit and pluck enough to do so much in so short a time."

A COWARDLY MURDER.—A dispatch from Socorro, N. M., November 7th, says: To-day, when our citizens awoke, they learned the details of a deed that had just been committed which shocked the moral sense of every one. Joe Fowler, who sold his ranch the day before, visited the saloons on Tuesday night, and before morning was in a crazy state of intoxication. About daylight he reached the Grand Central Hotel and carried things with a high hand. With two pistols in his hands, he terrorized those who happened to be there. Mr. Dorman came in and was forced to dance, was slapped in the face several times, and was finally struck on the head with a revolver. Several others were treated in a similar manner. It is said that in one place he forced a man to stand on his head. This lasted until about 6 o'clock. Then his friends who were with him held him and succeeded in taking his revolvers from him, though he fought desperately. Messrs. Reed, Collins and Cole then endeavored to lead him away, and were holding him by the arms. He broke loose, and drawing a Spanish dagger, plunged it to the hilt in the breast of Cole. The knife entered the left breast below the nipple, and caused a gaping wound. Cole fell to the floor and was carried up stairs. Dr. Davis was summoned and attended the victim all day to-day, assisted by Dr. Duncan. Fowler, after committing the deed, was led away by Sheriff Faddis, who went to Justice Beall and a warrant was issued and Fowler was arrested. He fought desperately, but was overpowered by four men and chained in the jail. Cole will die before mo ning. This makes the seventh man Fowler is said to have killed. He killed two about two months ago.

SEEKING NATURALIZATION AT THE AGE OF NINETY-NINE.—The Marysville *Appeal* of November 7th says:

James Scott, aged 99 years, a native of Ireland, came down from Camptonville yesterday to take out naturalization papers. He was unable to secure them, Judge Keyser being absent. Mr. Scott will go back to his home, near Camptonville, and come here again with the same object in the course of a few weeks. He has settled on Government land and wishes to perfect his title. It is not often that a man 99 years old is found seeking naturalization papers, more especially when the object is to secure a homestead. Most men are generally pretty well settled, above or or below ground, 99 years after their birth.

NO MATTER what may be the name or how long standing the trouble, Dr. Benson's Skin Cure will always cure skin diseases. Grateful hundreds of cured patients attest this fact. $1, at druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The First Sociable of the Winter Season at Westminster Presbyterian Church THIS (Friday) EVENING. A fine programme will be presented, and Refreshments will be served. A general invitation is extended. Admission, 25 cents.
[B. C.] n9-1t*

Sons of Temperance, Division No. 218.—Every member is requested to be present THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Business of importance, and a feast of good things.
n9-1t* L. E. VANDERCOOK, W. P.

Attention, Sacramento Hussars! You are hereby ordered to appear at Turner Hall, THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp, to attend your regular monthly drill. By order of F. HEILBRON, Captain.
E. C. ROEDER, Clerk. n9-1t*

Special Assembly of Sacramento Council, No. 1, R. and S. M., THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock, for work. By order of C. KELLOGG, T. I. M.
W. B. DAVIS, Recorder. n9-1t*

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN OF NINE YEARS' experience in teaching, wishes to engage a winter school. Address "TEACHER," care of Daily RECORD-UNION. n9-2w*

FOR SALE—ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL from the State, Furniture complete for housekeeping, suitable for small family. Apply 429 L street. n9-1w

FOR SALE—A FRESH MILCH Durham Cow. Inquire at MRS. WM. THOMPSON'S, 1708 Second street, between Q and R. n9-3t*

RECEPTION!

THE LADIES OF THE CONGREGATIONAL Church and Society will receive their friends at the Parlors of the Church THIS (Friday) EVENING. (No charge will be made for admission.) Refreshments will be served. n9 1t

BY USING HALL'S PULMONARY BALSAM. The Best Remedy in use for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Incipient Consumption, and all Throat and Lung Troubles. Sold by all Druggists for 50 cents. J. R. Gates & Co., Proprietors, 417 Sansome street, San Francisco.
n9-4p3m&w3m

GENERAL NOTICES.

James Means' $3 Shoe for Gents.—Most durable made. Finest calf skin. Once tested, always worn. Superior to any shoe retailed for $5 on the Pacific Coast. Send two cent stamp for illustrated catalogue, which tells all about the shoe, and how to order by mail and secure perfect fit by self-measurement. Buy your shoes direct from factory and save retailer's heavy profit. Let me hear from you.
JAMES MEANS, 41 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.
o1-8wMWF

NOTICE.

Taxes upon Assessments Made by the State Board of Equalization.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS of Section 3668 of the Political Code, approved MARCH 9, 1883, notice is hereby given that I have received from the State Board of Equalization the "Duplicate Record of Assessments of Railways," and the "Duplicate Record of Apportionment of Railway Assessments," containing the Assessment upon the property of each of the following named persons, associations and corporations, to wit:

Amador Branch Railroad Company;
N. D. Rideout and N. Lunning (California Northern Railroad);
California Pacific Railroad Company;
Central Pacific Railroad Company;
California Southern Railroad Company;
Northern Railway Company;
Sacramento and Placerville Railroad Company;
San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company;
San Pablo and Tulare Railroad Company;
Stockton and Copperopolis Railroad Company;
Southern Pacific Railroad Company;
Vaca Valley and Clear Lake Railroad Company;
Nevada County Narrow Gauge Railroad Company;
North Pacific Coast Railroad Company;
Pacific Coast Railway Company;
Pacific Improvement Company;
San Joaquin and Sierra Nevada Railroad Company;
And the South Pacific Coast Railroad Company.

And that the Taxes upon the said Assessments are now due and payable, and will be delinquent on the

Last Monday in December Next,

At 6 o'clock P. M., and unless paid to the State Treasurer at the Capitol, prior thereto, Five Per Cent. will be added to the amount thereof.

JOHN P. DUNN,
Controller of State.
Sacramento, October 30, 1883. o30-2p14t

CADWALADER & PARSONS,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENTS,
Corner Third and J streets.

AGENTS
UNION INSURANCE CO. OF SAN FRANCISCO.
Fire and Marine.

EDW. CADWALADER, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds and Conveyancer. ty1-2ptf

SULLIVAN & WISEMAN,

REAL ESTATE
And Insurance Agents,
NO. 1007 FOURTH STREET.
RENT AND OTHER COLLECTIONS MADE
a12-2ptf JOS. WISEMAN, Notary Public.

SACRAMENTO BANK.

THE SACRAMENTO BANK HAVING REduced its surplus by loans on real estate, is now receiving deposits again.
Money to loan upon improved real estate at the lowest market rates.
jy20-2p ED. R. HAMILTON, Cashier.

DR. G. L. SIMMONS,

No. 212 J street.....Sacramento.
OFFICE HOURS: 9 to 10, morning. 2 to 4, afternoon. 7 to 8, evening. jy20-2p1m

ACCORDEONS!

NEW AND NOVEL STYLES HAVE JUST been received at L. K. HAMMER'S Music Store, No. 820 J street, Sacramento. o5-2ptf

BLACKSMITHING.

R. N. JOHNSTON IS NOW PREPARED TO do all kinds of Blacksmithing, Horseshoeing and General Jobbing athis shop Fourth street, between K and L. Wagon and Buggy repairing a specialty. o23-1m

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; prompting all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.
25-2plyMWF&wly

MISCELLANEOUS.

SAMUEL JELLY,

No. 422 J street, between Fourth and Fifth.

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and Silverware.

THE BEST GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

MANUFACTURING AND REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. s8-2p6m

E. LYON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN DRY GOODS,
No. 700 J street, Southeast Corner of Seventh, : : : Sacramento.
s8-2p4m

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

Gossamer Circulars

From $1 25 to $2 50 Each,

—AT—

C. H. STEVENS & CO.'S.

Ladies' and Children's Merino and All-wool UNDERWEAR,

FROM 50 CENTS TO $2 EACH.

JOB LOT OF LADIES' FANS, PURSES AND SATCHELS,

From the Cheapest to the Finest. Prices Very Low at

C. H. STEVENS & CO.'S

Corner Eighth and J streets, Sacramento.
o17-2ptf&wtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

A SUPERIOR

GRAIN RANCH FOR SALE,

Of 830 Acres, Situated 1½ Miles South of Rio Vista, Solano County,

IN THE MONTEZUMA HILLS.

200 Acres of Upland is Summer-fallowed, and About 200 Acres in Volunteer.

It has a Frontage of 1½ Miles on Sacramento River, with sufficient bottom land to furnish pasture for Stock to supply a good-sized Dairy.

The Land is so well known for its grain producing qualities that it needs no recommendation—it **producing from 20 to 35 bushels of wheat to the acre.**

One great feature