THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY.....JANUARY 8, 1884

SIX-PAGE EDITION

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 121¼ for 4s of 1907, 114¾ for 4½s, 101 for 3½s; sterling, $4 83@4 85; 100 for 3s, 100 for 5s; silver bars, 110⅝.

Silver in London, 50½d; consols, 101 11 16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 4s, 127; 1½s, 117½.

In San Francisco Mexican dollars are quoted at 88½@89 cents.

The feature of the stock market in San Francisco yesterday morning was the advance in Alta. The stock opened at the first call at $1 65, with 200 shares sold. On the regular call it started in at $2, and subsequently rose to $2 20, closing at $2 10, with sales of 2,130 shares, mostly at $2 10. Bodie also showed strength, opening at $4 and advancing to $5 25, closing at $5 12½ cash and $4 80 seller 30, with sales of 3,000 shares. Benton sympathized with Alta, 1,100 shares being sold, including 500 shares at 40 cents.

Search for the victims of the convent disaster at Belleville, Ill., is still in progress.

Fire in Cincinnati; loss, $250,000.

Delmonico, the missing New York restaurateur, has not yet been found.

The county jail at Columbus, Ohio, was burned yesterday.

The verdict in favor of Marie Prescott, the actress, against the American News Company of New York, for $12,500 for libel, has been set aside and a new trial ordered.

Miss Mackay is suffering from a severe attack of bronchitis in Paris.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sudeiken was slowly tortured by the Nihilists before being killed.

A box containing $100,000 is missing from the postoffice at Pesth, Hungary.

Owing to threats by dynamiters, additional guards have been placed in the public buildings at Glasgow.

The French commander in Tonquin will make no further advance until reinforcements arrive.

The Egyptian Ministry have resigned.

Lewis Murbach's execution for murder has been fixed at Napa for February 29th.

At Monroe, Ga., Mrs. Whitley shot and killed John W. Dial, a prominent citizen, in defense of her honor.

Ed. Cavence, aged 40 years, committed suicide at Los Gatos, Santa Clara county, Sunday evening.

Fire at Santa Clara; loss, $20,000.

Harvey Sweeney killed himself yesterday in Bakersfield, Kern county.

Congress reassembled yesterday in Washington.

Ph. McGowan, of California, died suddenly in Washington Saturday night.

The party with the remains of De Long and comrades passed through Omsk, Russia, Sunday.

A church is to be erected at Cahirciveen, Ireland, in memory of Daniel O'Connell.

In Augusta, Ga., Friday and Saturday, the mercury fell to zero.

A Catholic priest was brutally beaten in Paris yesterday.

The whereabouts of Sergeant Mason is unknown to his wife.

The news of Judge Sawyer's decision in the Woodruff case yesterday was received with great joy by the people of the valley, but in the mountains the reverse was the case.

Henry Irving opened the season at Chicago last night in "Louis XI."

In a railroad accident at Valparaiso, Mo., yesterday, a passenger car was wrecked and several persons hurt.

Two rounds were fought in a boxing match at New York last night, when the affair was stopped by the police.

Diphtheria is now under control in Siskiyou county.

THE HYDRAULIC MINING DECISION.

At this writing we are receiving a full synopsis of the decision of the United States Circuit Court in the latest hydraulic mining case. It is impossible to give it at this time the perusal necessary to an intelligent consideration of the line of the argument. But in the fact that the valleys win in this struggle with hydraulic mining, and that the Court affords them full protection from the future flow of tailings from hydraulic mines that have been filling up the navigable streams, and rendering valueless vast areas of bottom lands, and increasing the insecurity of cities, towns and villages, the people find ample cause for rejoicing. That most delicate thermometer, the financial valuation of river lands and town lots, indicates how vastly important is the question upon which the Court has passed, for upon the announcement of the judgment yesterday values were reported as immediately advanced, and the most buoyant tone was given to city property that has characterized such possessions for many years. In the gratification that the residents of the valley feel there is no sentiment of mere exultation over the people of the hydraulic mining sections. The granting of a perpetual injunction in the Woodruff case is to them a serious blow, but one which we believe will be but temporary, as it will tend only to divert their energies to other and unobjectionable methods of mining, and to industries which will in time prove equally as beneficial as the industry now forbidden. The people of the valley have never complained of any mining processes except those which directly menaced their homes and threatened to submerge them beneath the destructive debris washed from the Sierra Nevada's slopes.

In all this struggle there has not been on the part of the people of the valley any desire for the injury of their neighbors. They have been actuated in their litigation by a determination to invoke all the power of the laws to prevent irreparable injury to their own possessions. At no time since this question became a public one have we ever lacked faith in the equities of the case of the valley. When all efforts to adjust the difficulty, and save both the mining and agricultural industries from injury, failed, and the question was taken into the Courts, we have had no particle of doubt concerning the ultimate outcome, nor as to what it should be. That hydraulic mining must cease to be a menace to valley property was long since seen to be inevitable. In the very nature of things the destruction of navigable waters, the heritage of all the people, could not be permitted. In the very nature of things the blotting out of agricultural lands and the turning of valley sections into inhospitable wastes could not be consented to, no matter what injury might result from the cessation of the hydraulic mining industry. The valley wins in a fair struggle for the third time before jurists of unimpeachable integrity and unquestioned legal ability. This should end the long-standing and damaging contest. The people of the contending sections should settle down to the repair of the injuries of the past, the checking of the flow of deposited debris which still menaces the rivers and bottom lands; to the upbuilding of industries in mountain and in valley, and to the unification of effort in both regions for the development of all their possibilities. The case may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, but we entertain the belief that it will not be so advanced, but will be accepted as finality, as it should be. Without exulting over the misfortune of the hydraulic miners, the people of the valley have every reason for mutual congratulation and enthusiastic rejoicing. There is now no serious remaining doubt regarding the ruling of all the Courts on this vexed question. A rapid reading of the decision as it comes to hand convinces the impartial mind of its entire justice and of the soundness of the judgment perpetually restraining the further deposition of mining tailings in the rivers and their tributaries, but permitting hydraulic mining to be conducted wherever it can be shown that its debris can be properly impounded.

SOME TRENCHANT SENTENCES.

To the Chicago *Current*, a new critical journal, Henry Watterson recently contributed a broad patriotic and interesting paper on the political outlook. To this review, which admitted frankly that the one solitary issue of value to the democracy is that of free trade, Emory A. Storrs replies in equally as patriotic and elevated a strain, but, of course, opposing the position taken by Mr. Watterson that the ascendancy of the Democratic party is necessary to the progress of the country. He holds that the protectionists rely as implicitly upon the Republican party as do the free-traders upon the Democracy, and that there is not need to evade these positions by either party. Without pausing to reply to this view at present, we fulfill the purpose of this reference by editorially quoting some trenchant sentences from the review:

"Wisely, or unwisely, and I shall not here undertake to determine which, great masses of conservative people of the North are afraid of the Democratic party, and are apprehensive that if it once acquired power the financial and business interests of the country would suffer under its management.

"The Republican party has been guilty of very many sins of omission and of commission, but it holds within itself a remarkable power for self-correction and self-purification. But as numerous as its errors have been, it will not be forgotten during this generation that it did carry the country safely through a great war; that it has placed upon the statute-book and imbedded in the Constitution the most solid guarantees for individual liberty; that it did defend the national faith, and has brought the public credit to a standard higher than it ever occupied before.

"The political outlook is, it seems to me, better for the interests of our people and of our common country, than it has been for many years. The old feelings of sectional bitterness are rapidly dying, and we are becoming in fact what we are in name—a united people.

"If the South so wills it, and will honestly act up to that will, there need be in the future no waving of the bloody shirt, and no terrors of a 'solid South.'

"The people have taken the politics of the country into their own hands, and refuse allegiance to party bosses or managers. To these most gratifying results Mr. Watterson, and patriotic Democrats such as he, have largely contributed."

A QUESTION OF TRUTH TELLING.

There is trouble, and travail, and wailing, and woe among political organs in New York, especially those of the Democratic stripe. It appears that the Democratic press is exercised about the course of the New York *Sun*. It is recognized as a Democratic leader, but sometimes the *Sun*, the reputation of which for truth-telling has not always been the loftiest, "goes" for the party, and speaks the truth about it. To this process of "dragging a harrow" over the party, as they term it, the colleagues of the *Sun* object, and declare that it is not true to its political faith when it snatches the party skeleton from the political closet. To these the *Sun* replies that the right function of a friend of party is to tell the truth concerning it, and that by this process only can it be kept in the straight and narrow paths of virtue. It adds, that as it is its duty to speak "true things" of its party, obviously the way to prevent the organization taking harm is to do nothing that may not be told—for bosses, and managers, and committees, and leaders to deal fairly and openly and squarely. Of course to all this there is no reply. The *Sun* has the best of the case, certainly. The history is not so very ancient when, in California, precisely the same situation was presented; when independent, self-respecting journals, with the courage of convictions, dared to rebuke the methods employed by the management of the political party with which they affiliated, and there went up a moaning cry for subservient organs to rise up and rend the offenders.

GENERAL GRESHAM'S FIRMNESS.

The lottery managers and agencies of this country and several foreign lands are arrayed against Postmaster-General Gresham in his effort to prevent the United States mails from being used as the medium for advertising the swindling lottery concerns of the day. They have determined to defeat his measures, and will leave no stone unturned to do so. This very determination reveals the dishonesty of the whole lottery business. The country should give the Postmaster-General unhesitating support—he will need it. There is reason to believe that the President and his Cabinet uphold him in his orders, and therefore the next appeal will be made to Congress. The people should make manifest their approval of the General's course with such emphasis that Congress will not dare to tamper with the subject. The order made by General Gresham that the purchase or sale of lottery tickets by clerks or other employes of the department will be deemed sufficient cause for their dismissal and criminal prosecution, has the ring of firmness, and testifies to the official's courage and inflexible resolution, and in which, if he is sustained by the sentiment of the country, there will be achieved a great moral triumph.

REFERRING to the "outrage mill" debate, the Colusa *Sun* asks: "But how does it happen that all this testimony—all these outrages—come around so regularly once in four years, on the eve of a Presidential election?" How does it happen once in four years? In the first place, outrages such as are referred to are not wholly confined to the periodicity charged. In the second place, more occur at one time than another because there is greater advantage to be gained by intimidating voters on the eve of an election—that's a very simple puzzle. The *Sun* should try another one.

THE New York *Post* is of the opinion that the boom for President Arthur's renomination is without bottom. Whoever is nominated must expect to carry New York; but the *Post* asserts that "Mr. Folger was defeated here by 197,900 majority, simply because he was Mr. Arthur's candidate. He is in every way Mr. Arthur's equal personally, and was fully as popular a man at the time of his nomination. There are no signs that the voters of the State have modified their opinions in any appreciable degree since the verdict."

A MOVEMENT is on foot in German Government circles to have the German navy rebuilt. It is charged that the present war ships are old in style, not equal to the floating batteries of other nations, and not armed according to the best standards of the day. There is a meaning behind this.

FRANCE tires of her ownership of railroads. The experiment there is not a satisfactory one; nor, indeed, has it been anywhere. Such business concern as railroading can never be satisfactorily managed by a Government where a pure Democracy is sought to be established.

IT is sometimes necessary to make of some sinner an "awful example." How does the *Times-Gazette* of Redwood City imagine it would fill the bill as one of the class that steal the editorials of contemporaries and palm them off as their own.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Annual Report of A. L. Frost, Collector of the Fourth District of California.

The Fourth District of California, A. L. Frost, Collector, comprises forty-one counties, which includes the State of Nevada as consolidated on the first day of October, 1883, and is under the supervision of the following named deputies:

Deputy Collectors—F. M. Page, Sacramento city and county; Thomas Jones, Amador and Alpine counties; Charles E. Merrill, El Dorado and Placer counties; I. J. Rolfe, Nevada, Colusa, Sutter and Yuba counties; B. W. Barnes, Sierra, Plumas, Lassen and Butte counties; Samuel Magoffey, Shasta, Tehama, Siskiyou and Modoc counties; J. B. Richardson, Solano, Yolo and Lake counties; R. H. Sterling, Napa, Sonoma and Marin counties; P. R. Klein, Mendocino county; John A. Whaley, Humboldt, Trinity and Del Norte counties; T. C. Lord, Storey, Lyon, Churchill, Douglas, Ormsby, Washoe, Humboldt and Esmeralda counties, Nevada; J. E. Jones, Lander, Nye, Eureka, White Pine, Lincoln and Elko counties, Nevada.

United States Gaugers—M. A. Howard, H. F. G. Wulff and John S. Miller, Sacramento; S. A. Scott and John Buffer, Napa city.

United States Storekeepers—D. Poorman, Sacramento; A. Bryant, Santa Rosa; Geo. P. Royster, St. Helena; W. A. Ellison, Sonoma, and H. P. Gordon, Plymouth.

Surveyor of Stills—F. M. Page and R. H. Sterling.

Clerk—Mrs. M. A. Kennedy.

Deputy Clerk and Cashier—E. J. Clark.

The following is an abstract of collections for the year ending December 31, 1883:

Distilled spirits from fruits	$84,813 83
Rectifiers, special tax	1,558 34
Retail liquor dealers	81,432 09
Wholesale liquor dealers	4,094 17
Stamps for export	13 70
Cigars, tobacco, snuff, etc	9,074 10
Special tax, cigars	12 49
Manufacturers, special tax	216 50
Chewing, twist and plug tobaccos	2,500 00
Special tax, dealers in leaf tobacco	12 00
Special tax, dealers in manufactures	10,172 92
Peddlers of tobacco	14 80
Fermented liquors	63,096 10
Brewers, less than 500 barrels	3,075 00
Brewers 500 barrels or more	2,700 00
Retail dealers malt liquors	1,220 00
Wholesale dealers malt liquors	879 17
Bank deposits	19,479 01
Bank capital	10,532 54
Stamp tax on perfumery	21 96
Penalties received on compromises	50 00

RECAPITULATION.

Total collections on distilled spirits, etc	$171,822 13
Total collections on tobacco, snuff, cigars, etc	19,527 81
Total collections, on fermented liquors	70,970 27
Total collections on banks and bankers, etc	30,011 55
Total collections stamp tax on perfumery	21 96
Total of penalties, etc., collected	50 00
Grand total	$292,403 72

SHE WOULD, AND HE WOULDN'T.

This morning about 10 o'clock a woman of medium hight, but of heavy build, and about 55 years of age, accompanied by a young man of 26 or 28, entered Justice Daly's office. When she opened the door the young man held back, and she reached the middle of the Court-room before she discovered that she was alone. Turning around, she hastened back to the other, who was leaning up against the jamb of the door picking his nose. She took him by the elbow in an affectionate manner, faintly smiled and whispered in his ear. It must have been encouraging news, for he had been hanging back in a dogged way, but immediately brightened up, shambled in and slid down into the first chair he came to. This appeared for a moment to discourage the good woman. Judge Daly, in his most polite way, asked the lady what she wanted. She stood over the young man, with her right hand resting on the back of the chair that held her escort. He looked the very picture of doggedness, and hung his head and seemed to be trying to bore a hole in the floor with his right high-heel. The Justice was obliged to ask the second time what he could do for them. The jolly-faced woman blushed, and looked down in a motherly way at the young man. She smilingly said: "Well—I—I expected that Oscar would inform you. I—why, Oscar, you bashful boy!" and then she struggled to look as young and pretty as she could. She was a good, kind-looking old girl and quite handsome. Once she must have been a beautiful woman. She was nicely clad, and so was he, for that matter. It might not be a wide guess to make that the two suits were bought the same day, with the same person's wealth, and that person was the rotund figure in the fur-lined circular. The young fellow wouldn't open his mouth, and finally she said: "We have—been a thinking of—getting married, and—but Oscar seems so bashful," and she took him into a corner and talked to him. No, he shook his head, and the only words he uttered were: "Oh, well, I don't see what's the great hurry," and he bolted towards the door. She smiled a sad smile. Turning to the Justice she said: "Well, good morning, sir," and reluctantly went out with the cub.—[Oroville Record, January 5th.

STRANGE NOISES.—The following is from the Modoc (Alturas county) *Independent:*

For several weeks past the people of Susanville and vicinity have been lost in wonderment as to the cause of certain strange sounds which have been heard there every day for several weeks past. The sounds are said to resemble the rumblings of distant thunder, or the firing of heavy artillery, and proceed from a northwesterly direction. All sorts of theories have been advanced, but the one generally accepted is that the noise is caused by volcanic action in the mountains near Lassen's Peak—that peak bearing evidence of having been an active volcano at some anterior period. Some of the residents of this valley and of Big Valley, also state that they have heard noises, and at first were at a loss to account for the phenomena, but have come to the conclusion that these sounds proceed from the heavy blasts that are daily let off by the railroad builders north of Redding. If these surmises be correct, the supernatural theories advanced by the Susanvillians are "busted."

THEY ANTICIPATED THE DECISION.—William McLellan, of Sacramento, on Friday last, says the Marysville *Appeal*, bought the Kelsey ranch of 160 acres for $4,000. This is at the rate of $25 per acre. The ranch lies about a mile and a half east of Reed's Station. It was sold for $1,200 some four years ago, since which time improvements have been made upon the property. Still the sale last week showed a greatly increased valuation of this land. Mr. McLellan has gone to Sacramento for the money, and will be back to-morrow. He spent some time in this neighborhood looking at farming lands before he bought the Kelsey place. He offered E. L. Nash $40 an acre for the Yankee Jones place, adjoining Ostrom's, at Reed's Station. Nash paid $31 75 for the place about four months ago. He declined McLellan's offer. McLellan last week offered $75 an acre for the Littlejohn ranch, and the same price for the old Stoker ranch, both of which are in Sutter county. The offer was refused in both instances. Farming lands hereabouts have certainly taken a great boom in anticipation of a speedy and favorable termination of the anti-debris litigation.

BROTHER GARDNER'S PHILOSOPHY.—"It doan' look 'zactly right fur one man to have a big brick house an' anoder man a rough bo'd shanty, but 'long 'bout tax time de man in de shanty kin sit on de fence an' chuckle over de luck that he ain't rich. It doan' look 'zactly right to see one man go pushin' an' swellin' an' crowdin' everybody else off de sidewalk to let de public know he am a king bee, but such men have to carry de anxiety of bein' in debt to de tailor an' of dodgin' de grocer an' of subscribin' twenty-five dollars to build a church without a hope of bein' able to pay ten cents on de dollar. In fack, my friends, dar am heaps an' heaps o' things dat doan' look 'zactly right to us at fust glance, but when ye come to figger it up an' divide an' subtract we've all got a heap to be thankful fur an' to encourage us to git up airly in de mawnin'. A man kin brace his legs an' lay back like a mule, an' kick away at de hull world, an' hate everybody an' be hated in return, or he kin pick up sartin crumps o' consolashun, inter a seat in de back eand of de wagin, an' take a heap o' comfort, knowin' dat somebody is wuss off dan himself. Let us accumulate to bizness."—[Detroit Free Press.

PATRONIZE home industry and add to your own wealth. Ask for Elite Bonquet and Peck's Premium Perfumes. Medals awarded in all cases when exhibited in competition with imported goods.

The Mormons claim that they have made 2,000 converts in the Southern States during the present year.

SUPERIOR COURT.

MONDAY, January 7, 1884.

DEPARTMENT ONE—ARMSTRONG, Judge.

Estate of Laura T. Cross—Ordered that a new citation be served on A. S. Woods.

Estate of N. Messersmith—Hearing of final account taken under advisement.

Estate of Ellen Curran—Cornelius O'Mara appointed executor, without bond. Appraisers—R. Devlin, Fred. Biewener and Fred. Cox.

Estate and guardianship of Emma L. Doherty et al., minors—Hearing of final account heard, allowed, settled and guardian discharged.

Estate of Jefferson Lake—Decree of distribution granted.

Estate of P. Bannon—Hearing of petition for letters of administration continued for one week.

Estate of B. Corbett—Hearing petition for letters of administration continued until January 9th.

Estate of Patrick Filand—Ellen K. Filand appointed administratrix. Bond, $5,000. Appraisers—William Luxon, Peter Shay and Henry Schulmeyer.

Estate of L. K. Hammer—Petition for sale of personal property taken under advisement.

Estate of Aaron M. Tullis—Receipt of distributees.

Estate of John P. Scott—John P. Scott appointed administrator. Bond, $48,000.

Estate of Samuel Jelly—Decree establishing notice to creditors.

Estate of Benjamin Tibbets—Petition for sale of real estate. Notice in RECORD-UNION.

Matter of the guardianship of the Schwab minors—Order to sell personal property granted.

Estate of Reuben Kercheval—Petition to set aside homestead continued.

Albert M. Johnson vs. Board of Supervisors—Continued.

H. Gerhardt vs. C. Zwickel—Continued one week.

Jack Cottrell, an insolvent debtor—Continued until January 8th, at 10 A. M.

Levi Hanforth vs. His Creditors—Petition for discharge granted.

H. S. Beals vs. Frank Swift et al.—Continued until January 8th, at 10 A. M.

People of the State vs. James Hart (assault to murder)—Entered plea of not guilty.

People of the State vs. Charles Monehan (burglary)—Enters plea of not guilty.

People vs. Charlie Sing, Ah Tie, Fong Keen, Ah Gin, Tie Goe and Wong Koon—Arraigned for rioting.

People vs. Ah Van, Fong Soon, Fong Chang, Mock Soon, Luey Sing, Win Dun and Ma Chung.

People vs. George K. Rider—Six indictments for bribery.

S. Poska—Meeting of creditors ordered January 11th.

People vs. Mock Soon (arraigned for murder)—Will be heard January 9th,

People vs. Charley Sing (murder)—Same order.

People vs. Ah Tie, alias Ah Ai, alias Ah Die (murder)—Same order.

DEPARTMENT TWO—MCFARLAND, Judge.

County of Sacramento vs. Thomas J. Clunie—Demurrer to complaint continued one week.

Estate of A. Van Tassel—Partition of real estate. Order granted.

C. A. Luhrs' Assignees vs. E. Kelly—Settlement of statement on motion for a new trial. Passed.

M. L. Sullivan vs. F. Mier—Motion for a new trial continued until next law day.

George F. Bronner vs. Catherine Donnovan et al.—Demurrer to complaint sustained, and ten days to amend.

W. Fern vs. E. Casselman—Demurrer to complaint overruled; ten days to answer.

W. C. Jackson vs. W. Armstrong—Continued to next law day.

Friend & Terry Lumber Company vs. P. A. Miller—Motion to retax cost bill. Continued one week.

Thomas Tullis vs. E. P. Figg—Demurrer to complaint overruled, and twenty days to answer.

Charles Lock vs. George K. Rider—Demurrer to complaint overruled, and ten days to answer.

Edward Welch vs. Catherine Donnovan—Demurrer to complaint sustained, and ten days to amend.

H. Prindle vs. R. S. Carey & Sons—Motion to retax cost bill. Continued one week.

The People vs. Mock Soon (arraigned for murder)—Assigned to Department One.

The People vs. Charley Sing (for murder)—Same order.

The People vs. J. M. Porter (murder)—Same order.

Emily Plummer vs. C. B. Plummer—Decree of divorce granted plaintiff.

Emma King vs. New York Life Insurance Company—Transferred to the United States Circuit Court.

A. J. Vermilya vs. Laura Vermilya—Order distributing certain moneys.

Michael Dwyer vs. Nelson Champlin—J. L. Huntoon substituted for E. L. Billings.

TRIAL CALENDAR—JANUARY SESSION.

Tuesday, January 8th—1,732, T. L. Acock vs. A. E. Magill; 1,754, T. L. Acock vs. P. Hoye—Department Two.

Wednesday, January 16th—1,703, S. M. Hapeman vs. A. H. Hupeman—Department Two.

Thursday, January 17th—1,644, J. T. Stoll vs. H. Eopenger et al.—Department Two.

Friday, January 18th—1,680, Booth & Co. vs. Auker & Co.; 1,675, W. R. Strong & Co. vs Auker & Co.—Department Two.

Tuesday, January 22d—The People vs. M. Dwyer; The People vs. W. F. McFadden; The People vs. M. Bellmer; The People vs. M. Bellmer; The People vs. H. Markwart—Department Two.

Thursday, January 24th—1,689, T. J. Clunie vs. Sacramento Lumber Company—Department Two.

Friday, January 25th—15,989, Robert W. McCann vs. Kercheval et al.—Department Two.

Saturday, January 26th—1,027, Cameron vs. J. H. Carroll—Department Two.

Tuesday, January 29th—364, People vs. John H. Coffey (jury)—Department One; 1,711, Samuel Kyhers vs. John McComber; 1,676, James Hanlon vs. John McComber—Department Two.

Wednesday, January 30th—1,690, J. S. Foster vs. Reclamation District No. 407—Department Two.

Thursday, January 31st—378, People vs. Martha Hobb (jury)—Department One.

Saturday, February 2d—1,688, J. S. Henley vs. H. A. Gear et al. (jury)—Department Two.

Monday, February 4th—1,607, Courtland Packing Company vs. California Transportation Company (jury)—Department Two.

Tuesday, February 5th—1,553, D. S. Henley vs. John Nelmes (jury)—Department One; 1,719, Chas. E. Viemester vs. R. Wittenbrock (jury)—Department Two.

Wednesday, February 6th—462, Estate of Lavina Hobbs, deceased, (jury)—Contest. Department One.

Thursday, February 7th—1,713, Louisa Bandeen vs. Elizabeth Young, executrix, (jury)—Department One; 1,702, F. H. Lambert vs. F. S. Smith (jury)—Department Two.

Friday, February 8th—1,717, C. L. White vs. H. G. Smith (jury)—Department Two.

Saturday, February 9th—1,588, Ah Cue vs. Levi Painter (jury)—Department Two.

Tuesday, February 12th—1,666, Lewis T. Mitchell vs. Central Pacific Railroad Company (jury); 1,526, John Cook and wife vs. F. De Hondt (jury)—Department Two.

Wednesday, February 13th—1,037, Lucinda Richmond vs. Mrs. F. Gleeson (jury)—Department Two.

Thursday, February 14th—1,651, Bailey, Badgley & Co. vs. A. H. Estill et al.—Department Two.

Friday, February 15th—265, J. F. McCauley vs. George Geisendorfer; 15,457, J. L. Huntoon vs. M. M. Drew—Department Two.

Saturday, February 16th—1,413, W. P. Todhunter vs. J. H. Carroll—Department Two.

Tuesday, February 19th—1,562, M. R. Tryon vs. J. L. Huntoon, administrator—Department Two.

Wednesday, February 20th—1,576, W. H. Hobby et al. vs. H. F. Bundock et al.—Department Two.

Thursday, February 21st—1,329, People vs. H. M. LaRue et al.—Department Two.

Saturday, February 23d—1,695, A. J. Vermilya vs. Laura Vermilya—Department Two.

Tuesday, February 26th—1,731, County of Yolo vs. W. Henley et al.; 1,736, Washington Fern vs. E. Casselman—Department Two.

Wednesday, February 27th—538, H. H. Linnell vs. M. C. Hawley & Co.—Department Two.

Friday, February 29th—16,053, Robert Miller vs. L. C. Chandler—Department Two.

Saturday, March 1st—1,572, John Gaffney vs. M. Roach; 1,573, John Gaffney vs. P. Mahan—Department Two.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Secretary of State Thompson is in Santa Rosa.

United States Marshal M. M. Drew, is in the city.

John Bulens came down from Roseville yesterday.

W. B. Cluff, of San Francisco, was in the city yesterday.

George G. Blanchard, of Placerville, was in the city yesterday.

Win. J. Davis and Benj. C. Brier returned from the Bay last evening.

Thomas Traganza, of the Elk Grove *Free Press*, was in the city yesterday.

J. H. Glyde was a passenger on the 7:30 train from San Francisco last evening.

Mrs. F. J. Fletter, of San Francisco, is visiting Mrs. N. S. Peck, of this city.

C. E. Van Horn, the well-known advance agent, is managing Zamloch, the conjurer.

Mrs. William A. January has returned from a visit to her former home in San Jose.

Mrs. W. C. Lewis, who has been visiting friends at the Bay for several days past, has returned.

C. Gibfield, of this city, will arrive from the East this afternoon via the Central Pacific Railroad.

Miss Eva Cox, who has been spending the holidays in this city, returned to her home in Santa Rosa yesterday.

J. Kirkpatrick of Roseville, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Kirkpatrick is about to open a fine hotel at that place.

Dr. John Hancock, of Barre, Mass., a brother of G. W. Hancock, of this city, has returned to Sacramento, after an absence of twenty years.

Mrs. J. M. Bailey, of this city, left yesterday for San Francisco, where she will spend a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs F. L. Southback.

Charles Woodburn, Frank Taylor, Frank Merwin, John Frost and Edward Allen, who came home to spend their holidays, have returned to Lytton Spring College to resume their studies.

In the city yesterday: A. Edmondson, San Francisco; J. R. Withington, Nevada; E. Sutherland, Ione; Frank Buckner, Woodland; O. C. Rudolph, Sutter; E. Christy, Folsom; H. T. Huggins, Richland; Clark Yerick, J. S. Wall, Oakland; J. H. Pipe, North Carolina; Phil. Hortop, Marysville.

The mother of R. A. Moore, of Hamilton, Butte county, celebrated her 84th birthday last Friday. She was born in Pennsylvania on the 4th day of January, 1800, and is as lively and active at her advanced age as an ordinary person of 20. Assembled around her on Friday last were five of her children, fourteen grandchildren and three great-grandchildren.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: B. B. Todd, Randolph Hopf, Albert Hopf, Julius Sultan, S. A. Gunst, Wm. H. Brown, Jas. Gartlan, Jas. Kelly, L. Euphrat, Mrs. E. D. Khaun, J. W. Smith, F. B. Viers, San Francisco; H. C. White and daughter, Dustan; G. Strain, Marysville; Wm. Johnston, Richland; Albert Rabe, Jr., Milwaukee, Wis.; J. R. Banker, Redding; Miss Wiseman, Los Angeles; Wm. F. McCracken, Cosumnes; Wm. Lewis, Oakland.

Arrivals at State House: John Adams, Newcastle R. A. Carpenter, Marysville; George Loudinghouse, J. A. Johnson and family, Woodland; H. Hughes and wife, Clay Station; Thomas Kane, Colusa; James Phelan, Los Angeles; J. G. Wood, White Rock; W. J. McGee, Lawrence Burke, Plymouth; Mrs. Belcher, Miss Belcher, J. Belcher, Cosumnes; W. Quinn, P. Olleobeck, J. V. Croy, Sacramento; J. Y. Davis, Freeport; B. Burt, Miss Burt, Amador; George W. Dixon, James Bennett, James Collins, San Francisco.

The Weather To-morrow.

CLEVELAND, O.—The *Plaindealer* says the indications point to severe changes in the weather, and that in consequence druggists place on the "handy shelf," a large supply of St. Jacobs Oil, the sovereign remedy for pains induced by the inclement weather.

ASTHMA and bronchitis cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free.

TRANSFERS OF REAL ESTATE.

[Filed December 28, 1883.]

July 10—Wm. B. Lathan, Jr., to Wm. B. Rowe—Land on Sherman Island, in Sacramento county, 199.27 acres; $500.

December 27—William H. Leman to Margaret E. Crocker—Land in sec. 14, T. 8 N., R. 4 E., Sacramento county, 20 acres; $5.

December 28—Frank H. Ebner to Emil and August Fabian—W. ½ of the N. ½ of lot 4, J and K, and Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets, city; $6,300.

December 28—C. Christianson to Simon Schmorlie—S. 30 feet of the N. 50 feet of lots 3 and 4, and the W. 10 feet of the N. 20 feet of lot 3, all in block between C and D, and Tenth and Eleventh streets, city; $1,200.

December 26—Samuel Cross to J. W. Richards—Land in block between V and W, and Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, city; grant.

April 18, 1882—W. M. Robbins to George W. Knight—Land on Sherman Island, Sacramento county, 42.28 acres; $600.

December 28—Carl Strobel to Richard A. Fisk—Lot 4, N and O, and Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, city; grant.

[Filed December 29, 1883.]

December 29—Charles S. Lowell to Wm. L. Willis—Land in the N.E. ¼ of sec. 20, T. 8 N., R. 5 E., Sacramento county; 1¼ acres; $93 75.

December 29—Martha Smith to G. W. Harlow and J. D. Lockhart—The E. ½ of lot 5, J and K, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, city; $400.

[Filed December 31, 1883.]

December 17—W. A. Stobel to J. Hyman—Lots 1 to 16 inclusive of block 73, lots 1 to 16 inclusive of block 97, fraction of lots 15 and 16 in block 72, the west 22 feet of lot 7 and all of lot 8 in block 56, Folsom; grant.

December 29—Thomas Boothroyd to Cameron Boothroyd—Land near the corner of the continuation of J and Thirty-first streets, city; grant.

August 8—Charles McLaughlin to Louis Meiss—The S. ½ of N.E. ¼ and the S.E. ¼ of N.W. ¼ of sec. 33, T. 7 N., R. 8 E., Mt. Diablo meridian, Sacramento county; 440 acres; $4,000.

December 14—George T. Price and Walter Price to William McLaughlin—The S. ½ of N. ½ of lot 8, P and Q, Second and Third streets, city; grant.

September 8—A. C. Sweetser to William McLaughlin—The S. ½ of lot 8, P and Q, Second and Third streets, city; $610.

December 18—William A. and Susie Caswell to H. E. and M. V. Clark—The W. ½ lot 2, G and H, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, city; $1,800.

December 22—Charles E. Livermore to the Natoma Water and Mining Co.—Block No. 91, Folsom, known as the Catlin Garden; $500.

December 31—H. A. Caulfield to John Beck—Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, R and S, and Sixth and Seventh streets, city; $150.

November 6—C. W. Pierce to Laura Vermilya—The S. W. ¼ of lot 1 and N. E. ¼ of lot 2, T. 7 N., R. 6 E., Mt. Diablo meridian, Sacramento county; grant.

December 31—Laura Vermilya to George Turner—The S. W. ¼ of lot 1 and N. E. ¼ of lot 2, T. 7 N., R. 6 E., Mt. Diablo meridian, Sacramento county; $15,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Occidental Encampment, No. 42, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, January 8, 1884, at 7:30 o'clock. Patriarchs will remember that this is Installation evening. A full attendance is desired. Visiting Patriarchs invited. P. E. PLATT, C. P. J. R. RAY, Scribe. ja8-1t*

Stated meeting of Concord Lodge, No. 117, F. and A. M., THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, January 8, 1884, at 7 o'clock. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. By order of W. E. OUGHTON, W. M. W. H. HEVENER, Secretary. ja8-1t*

British Mutual Benefit and Social Society.—The regular meeting of this Society will be held at Pioneer Hall, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Installation of Officers and other important business will be transacted. A full attendance is requested. THOS. BROMLEY, President. E. F. ASHWORTH, Secretary. ja8 1t*

Special Meeting of Sacramento Chapter, No. 3, R. A. M., THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock. Sojourning Companions are cordially invited. By order of C. KELLOGG, H. P. W. B. DAVIS, Secretary. ja8 1t*

Donations to Howard Benevolent Association.—The officers of the Howards tender their thanks for the following donations received during the month of December: $100 coin from Mrs. E. D. Crocker; $11 25, being half the collections Thanksgiving Day at the Union Meeting at the Church of the United Brethren, and $1 from a friend; very serviceable lots of clothing from Miss Emma Lord and Weinstock & Lubin; a cloak from the Red House, and 25 men's coats from L. Jacobs, 317 K street; furniture from Mrs. Thos. H. Clark and D. Hyman, and a quantity of toys from R. F. Redmond & Co., for the children of families needing help. ja-1t*

SITUATION WANTED—BY TWO COLORED women to clean rooms a few hours each day, or to do chamber work. Apply at Room 14, Albion House, 519 K street. ja8 3t*

LOST—FOUR NOTES DRAWN NOVEMBER 8, 1883, payable to D. B. MATLOCK; finder will be suitably rewarded by delivering the same at the Western Hotel; no value to any one as they have never been indorsed by payee. D. B. MATLOCK. ja8 1t*

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GERMANIA BUILDING AND LOAN Association will be held at No. 1011 Fourth street, MONDAY, January 14, 1884, at 7:30 o'clock. An Election of Three Directors will also take place. G. WEISEL, President. H. J. GOETHE, Secretary. ja8-1w

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PACIFIC FRUIT COMPANY,
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1006, 1008 and 1010 Second st., Sacramento.
WHOLESALE AND COMMISSION DEALERS in California Green and Dried Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, Honey, Oranges, Produce, etc. Particular attention paid to the filling of orders for and shipments of all kinds of Fruits in their season. Principal Office, 408 and 410 Davis street, San Francisco. j-8-1plm

MR. & MRS. McAILEY
WOULD RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT THE patronage of the public at the
Mansion House Dining Rooms,
Which they have had thoroughly refitted. They are prepared to furnish good Board at reasonable rates.
Board by the Week, $4; Single Meals, 25c. ja8-1w

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
The Most Per