THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

WEDNESDAY.....FEBRUARY 27, 1884

THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 123¾ for 4s of 1907, 114⅝ for 4½s; sterling, $4 87@4 90½; 101 for 3s, 100 for 5s; silver bars, 112¾

Silver in London, 51 5-16d; consols, 101 13 16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 4s, 126; 4½s, 115¼.

In San Francisco Mexican dollars are quoted at 88½@88¾ cents.

Mining stocks were quite active in San Francisco yesterday, and better prices prevailed in nearly all cases.

Yellow Calf, the rebellious Indian chief, has surrendered himself to the Manitoba authorities.

In Rochester, N. Y., yesterday, Mrs. Bussey shot another woman, who she alleged was her husband's mistress.

Fever is rife among the Frenchmen at Tamatave, Madagascar.

A large portion of Louisiana is under water, and great damage is being done.

Highway robbers are operating in the vicinity of Grass Valley.

A stage was stopped twice by highwaymen yesterday between Sonora and Copperopolis.

The first cargo ever brought to Boston from Australia direct reached that port yesterday.

Another six days' go-as-you-please match has been arranged in New York.

The Northern Pacific is still having trouble with snow.

A reward of 10,000 roubles is offered in Russia for the arrest of Colonel Sudeikin's murderer.

Joseph Cox, an old pioneer, died Monday at the ranch of John Boggs, in Colusa county.

An eight-year-old child was scalded to death near Yakima City, W. T., Monday.

A young woman accidentally shot herself at Medford, Or., Monday, inflicting a dangerous wound.

A girl was burned to death in Jackson county, Oregon, Monday, her clothes having caught fire from a stove.

The railroad companies and the State authorities have adjusted the tax difficulty, and there will be no extra session of the Legislature.

Advices from St. Petersburg still report the dangerous illness of United States Minister Hunt, and state that small hopes of his recovery are entertained.

The sentence of John Murbach, who was to have been hanged in Napa next Friday, has been commuted to imprisonment for life.

Generals Schramm and de Wimpffen, famous French officers, are dead.

Arthur Wellesley Peel was elected Speaker of the English House of Commons yesterday.

It is now believed in Jackson, Mich., that six or seven persons were burned to death in Sunday's fire.

The yellow fever is said to be worse than ever in Mazatlan and Manzanillo, Mexico.

The Madri Gras festival closed last night at Guaymas.

The compositors on the *Northwest News*, of Portland, Or., struck last night for arrears in wages.

Five prisoners escaped last night from the City Jail at Portland.

Measles are killing large numbers of children among the Zuni Indians in New Mexico.

A citizens' committee at Hot Springs, Ark., are compelling objectionable characters to leave the city.

A panic occurred in a theater at Montreal yesterday, several women being injured.

THE COPIAH COUNTY CASE.

The Copiah county outrage testimony continues to accumulate and to grow in interest. It nearly all tends to enhance the horror of the charges. Some testimony is being now given to show that Matthews was overbearing, threatening and politically feared by reason of his domineering disposition and organizing ability. But if all this is admitted, it will not excuse his brutal murder, nor the shooting down of other citizens, and the driving of voters from the polls to the woods, nor the prostration of still others on the ground while ruffianly cutthroats whipped them to the verge of death. The whole trouble was, that Matthews refused to give up his leadership in the Republican or Independent party of that section, and he had to die. He had been warned not to vote, under penalty of death, but he persisted in exercising his rights as a citizen, and met his fate. A moment before the killing, Wheeler and Matthews, "who were friends (?) though political opponents," met at the polls. He and Wheeler were requested to vote and then act as challengers. Wheeler was armed with a shotgun, which stood near him in the polling booth. He and Matthews shook hands and chatted pleasantly for a moment, when Matthews said they might as well vote and take their places as challengers. Matthews put his ballot in the box, and the next instant Wheeler raised his gun and without a word shot the unarmed man dead. And yet witnesses are attempting, before a committee of the United States Senate, to excuse the act on the ground that Matthews had some time before threatened to kill those who opposed him in politics. They absolutely attempt to explain that this was why Wheeler was not arrested, though they are silent as to the fact that the murderer was soon after elected to office by the people of Copiah—an undeniable act of condonation.

A COOL PROPOSITION.

A Mr. Gault has introduced in the Iowa Senate a bill forbidding all insurance companies from having any suits at law tried in the Federal Courts, the penalty of their venturing to bring or defend a case in any but the local Courts to be expulsion from the State. But this is no more vicious nor assailable than the proposition made some weeks ago by that unconscionable sheet, the San Francisco *Examiner*, which had the effrontery to propose a long schedule of legislation to deprive corporated agencies of rights under the law; the right to appeal to the tribunals of the land; the right to resist oppression; the right of petition; the right to enforce their rights, etc. Of course such twaddle turns the stomachs of men who have any true conception of the origin and purposes of government, and the genesis and scope of law. A Chicago paper, referring to the Gault proposition, and which is paralleled by the maniacal plans of the insane press of this State, states the converse of the breezy scheme: "What would be thought of a bill which should propose that nobody but insurance companies should be allowed to have suits brought before the Federal Courts in Iowa? Yet the latter proposition would be no more invidious or absurd than the one now actually pending." So, it is true that the proposition to exclude railroad companies from all rights under the law, as is desired by the sheets of which the *Examiner* is a type, is no more foolish and witless than if it proposed to permit railroad companies and no others to enjoy any rights under the Government.

THE MEXICAN TREATY AND CONNECTICUT.

Both the Connecticut Senators voted against the ratification of the Mexican reciprocity treaty. Now comes the upper house of the Legislature of that State, and passes a resolution instructing the Senators, if the matter again comes up, to vote for ratification. This is certainly in consonance with the interests of Connecticut as a State, the principal industries of which will, by such ratification, be directly benefited. Connecticut sends her goods to all parts of the world. She seeks all profitable markets, and trades with South America, Japan, China, India, South Africa and Australasia. But when she attempts to trade with Mexico, she finds the way barred and the establishment of profitable commercial relations with that Republic a matter of exceeding difficulty. The outside world cannot easily "keep track" of the fluctuations in the Mexican tariff laws, and must in consequence assume grave risks if it attempts to manufacture for that market. But while perplexing, changing and ambiguous tariff regulations exclude Connecticut manufacturers from Mexico practically, Germany, Spain and England, by reason of favoring treaties, send to Mexico $200,000,000 of goods annually. Once admit Connecticut and her sister New England manufacturing States to the trade of Mexico, and, as Mr. Yates concisely puts it, the purchasing power of "the sister republic" will double in a single decade.

THE ATTEMPTED NEWS PROTECTION.

Mr. Watterson, in advocating his scheme to copyright "news," says in "news" he would include "all original, special and general matter exceeding one hundred words, sent by post or wire, and embracing the original communication of information of any and every description." He then explains that the sole object is to protect newspapers from news pirates. But he forgets that copyright is intended to secure to authors the right to their products. "News" is not the product of an author, for it is not original nor is it intellectual labor. The collection of news cannot, by any contortion of the copyright principle, be construed into an intellectual origination, and that alone do copyright laws protect. Suppose a San Francisco reporter telegraphs to the RECORD-UNION that that city has just resolved in its representative council to support the proposition to urge Congress to improve the navigation of the Sacramento. Whose property is the statement? Does it belong to the body resolving, to the reporter or the RECORD-UNION? If it belongs to the reporter, then anyone who first hears and communicates a fact in print gains the exclusive right as an "author." If it is the property of the body making the news, then it has the right to designate when it shall be first published. If it is the property of the RECORD-UNION, because it pays the reporter, then a public matter is converted into private ownership. How, too, will Mr. Watterson fix up his absurdity so as to prevent B giving in another form the news A prints in particular verbiage? The fact is, no newspaper under Mr. Watterson's chimerical scheme could exist, not even those it is intended to invest with a monopoly. The scheme is so absurd and silly that we cannot believe it will ever receive serious consideration in Congress.

A GOOD IDEA.

We like the plan of Mr. Babb, of Iowa. He has introduced in the Legislature of that State a joint resolution authorizing the Governor to invite the governments of all other States and Territories to send delegates to a Convention, to be held in Des Moines, to consider the question of calling together a body of men from all the States to frame a common code of laws on marriage and divorce, with a view to soliciting the concurrence therein of all the States. In short, it is a plan to bring about a treaty between sovereign States upon matters concerning which their laws are now so widely at variance as to cause great friction, fraud and injustice, and to stimulate crime and wrong-doing, and to lessen the sanctity of the marriage tie. Something like a month ago we suggested that a possible way out of the divorce problem would be an agreement between the States upon a uniform code. We believe that to be the best, most direct and satisfactory plan. Constitutional amendment will be a slower process, and it will raise the question of centralization and antagonize the radical States' rights sentiment. We believe, however, that the States, by Commissions, can be brought into harmony on this subject. If not all the States should agree to it, still if any considerable number concur, it will result in time in bringing all into the compact.

THE RAILROAD GRANT FORFEITURE.

The Willows *Journal* pronounces emphatically against the forfeiture of the California and Oregon Railroad grant, and declares the movement to forfeit it the most insane of which it has yet heard. It adds: "It is no surprise that a certain class of people—the kind who live off politics and who will resort to all kinds of tricks and advocate or denounce anything and everything to secure office—should favor this proposition, for the railroad question has proved a very popular hobby, and one upon which the veriest scalawags have ridden into power only to basely deceive those who, carried away and hoodwinked by a supposed popular clamor, elevate them to positions. We know nothing that would work a greater injury to California than the forfeiture of this grant. We are glad to know that the better class of people of this State have remonstrated against any such action by Congress, and it is to be hoped that the California delegation will heed the remonstrance."

REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

The city Republican primaries have been called. Now let Republicans do their duty, go to the polls and select men for nomination with whom the city's interests can be trusted. Men of broad views, who are not partisan slaves, nor yet are doubtful as to their Republicanism. Men who favor preserving this city by wise and liberal expenditure for local improvements. Men who are not hobby-riders, and who have the capacity to look beyond their individual opinions. Men who have the business wisdom, the intellectual ability, and the stamina necessary for the proper conduct of city affairs, and who believe their first duty is to the city and not to the party—in all city affairs. Such men can be selected, if Republicans so will it.

THE landing in America of the remains of the unfortunate victims of the Jeannette Arctic expedition has been accomplished. The bodies of the heroes were received with fitting marks of respect. The testimonial of the whole country to their bravery, and its sorrow for their untimely fate is found in the universal expressions of the press honoring their memory. Let something more be done—let steps be taken to insure their families, not only against want, but to enable them to live in ease. By such substantial tokens of recognition we will not only do a duty, but steel the courage of other brave men who go out upon perilous voyages in the interest of scientific discovery.

THE fall of Tokar is confirmed, and the vacillating policy of England again made prominent. As Lorng Pasha puts it—and he is a man of broad experience and unquestioned ability—if England proposes to turn the Soudan over to the rebels, it becomes the protector of the most vicious and cruel form of human slavery ever known. The triumphs of El Mahdi are loss to be feared than his recognition as Sultan of Kordofan, for the latter means the revival and continuance of the infamous slave traffic of equaterial Africa; a trade the predecessor of the weak Twofik would have crushed had he been given time.

THE Oakland *Times* declares for Tilden for President. Sets the wind that way?

Trinity looks with confidence to attaining the head of the column of gold-producing counties of California.

PACIFIC SLOPE.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

The Question of an Extra Session of the Legislature Settled.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 26th.—Yesterday the State authorities and the railroad companies reached an adjustment of the tax cases on the basis of compromise originally proposed by the *Chronicle*. This settles the question of an extra session of the Legislature, and the compromise appears to be unanimously approved by public opinion. Expressions of satisfaction that no extra session will be convened are universal. While the basis of the settlement was originally suggested by the *Chronicle*, Governor Stoneman is receiving many compliments for the judicious firmness which has produced far more than could have been done by an extra session, and at the same time having avoided the cost and danger of such session. At all events, the Governor has reached all the public good that could have been reached by legislation.

San Francisco and Clear Lake Railroad.

NAPA, February 26th.—Articles of incorporation of the San Francisco and Clear Lake Railroad Company were filed in the County Clerk's office to-day. The object of the company is to build a railroad from San Francisco bay to Clear Lake. The capital stock is fixed at $1,400,000. The estimated length of the road is 75 miles. The road-bed is already graded for about 15 miles.

"Throw Out That Box!"

SONORA, February 26th.—The stage out of Sonora was stopped by highwaymen twice this morning. The first time by two men on the grade going up from the Stanislaus river, about seven miles from Copperopolis. The second time by one man near the scene of the Black Bart robbery, five miles from Copperopolis. The driver, Joe Mulligan, threw out a wooden box, which was broken open, but contained nothing, and was returned to the driver. They were unable to break into the iron treasure box. Sheriff Thorne of Calaveras has gone to the place of the attempted robbery. The passengers and mail were unmolested.

Miners Robbed on the Highway.

GRASS VALLEY, February 26th.—Four miners, on their way home from the Idaho mine, were stopped at 11 o'clock last night by two masked men, and one of them, William Hoskins, was robbed of $20. The robbers were not caught.

Death Sentence Commuted.

NAPA, February 26th.—A telegram was received from the Governor this afternoon, commuting the sentence of John Murbach, who was to be hanged here on Friday, to imprisonment for life. Murbach, in November, 1882, killed Jules Millet on Howell mountain. At the time of the murder there was much talk in the upper part of the valley of lynching, but he was safely placed in jail, and afterwards received a fair trial, and when the case was submitted to the jury a verdict of murder in the first degree was rendered in a few minutes. The prisoner was sentenced to be hanged in April last, but the case was appealed, and the verdict was confirmed, and Friday, the 29th instant, was the day fixed for the execution. The counsel for the prisoner received numerous signatures to a petition for a commutation of the sentence. Among the signatures were five of the jury who convicted him. There were few, if any, mitigating circumstances to suggest a change of the sentence, for at the time of the murder Murbach bought a pistol in San Francisco, and went seventy miles to his victim, and after his arrest he gloried in what he had done, and within the last four weeks he mentioned that the only regret that he had was that he had not killed Metzner and Crochat, who were partners of Millet.

Death of a Pioneer.

PRINCETON (Colusa county), February 26th. Joseph Cox died yesterday at the home ranch of John Boggs. Deceased was a native of Missouri, aged 55 years, and an old pioneer of California.

Resignation of a Judge.

LOS ANGELES, February 26th.—It is reported here that Judge Sepulveda, now in the City of Mexico, had forwarded his resignation as Judge of the Superior Court to Governor Stoneman.

The Recent Storm "Down South"

SAN DIEGO, February 26th.—The telegraph line is open, for the first time in twelve days. The storm, which closed on the 19th instant, was unprecedented. With but two or three days interruption, it rained continuously from January 26th to February 19th. Ten and a half inches fell here, and in the interior as high as thirty inches at some points. Railroad communication is utterly demoralized, only one mail being received in the last fortnight. Over thirty miles of breaks and washouts are reported on the California Southern. All the bridges are gone in Temecula canyon, and most of the important ones this side. Active work in repairing is going on, but through trains can't run till June. There will probably be a transfer around the break by stage in a couple of weeks, so that the trip can be made in one day through to Colton. It is probable that the damage to the railroad is $250,000. There has been great damage by floods in several sections of the county. Vineyards and nurseries have been washed out along the water courses, but the general outlook is the brightest ever known here. A very great area of land will be cultivated, and the crops of grain, honey, wool, fruits, etc., will be very large. A large number of tourists and investors are in the county, and there are active movements in fruit land, vineyard locations, etc. Business is very brisk in every branch. Signs of a change in the weather and more rain are noticed again to-day.

UTAH.

The University of Deseret.

UTAH, February 26th.—The University of Deseret is supported by the public school fund, and has always been controlled by the Mormon Church. The Legislature makes appropriations. The Board of Regents have created a debt of nearly $30,000, and the Legislature has passed a bill making an appropriation for the same, but it has not yet been approved by the Governor. The law makes it the duty of the Governor to appoint the Regents, to be confirmed by the Legislature. The Governor sent in the names for the Chancellor and twelve Regents, three of whom are non-Mormons. This is classed by the Church organs as a usurpation of power, and they will, if possible, refuse to confirm, because the University is really a Mormon school, claiming to be unsectarian simply to draw the public money. The appointments by Governor Murray give another chance for personal abuse and display of Mormon hatred to the Government.

OREGON.

Advices from Portland.

PORTLAND, February 26th.—The weather is bright and lovely.

Yesterday a little child of Charles Bardley, aged 8 years, near Yakima City, W. T., fell into a tub of boiling water and was scalded to death.

A daughter of Thomas Bailey, living in Jackson county, Oregon, was burned to death yesterday. The girl was standing near the fireplace, when her dress caught fire, and she was horribly burned. She lived only a short time.

In Jackson county grain was very little damaged by the recent cold snap, and the farmers are busily engaged in seeding. There will be a largely increased acreage, and there are good prospects for crops.

In Yakima county, Washington Territory, the recent heavy cold weather killed nearly all the young peach crop.

Miss Hill, living at Medford, Or., accidentally shot herself yesterday. She was in the act of pulling a loaded rifle from under the bed, when it went off, the bullet striking her in the thigh and coming out below the hip. The wound is considered very dangerous.

The residence of D. J. Cooper, in Wasco county, Oregon, was totally destroyed by fire to-day, during the absence of the family. Loss, $1,500; no insurance.

Last night James Wallace, an old man, living near Oro Dell, Or., while on his way home, was suddenly attacked by two men and robbed of $400. The robbers made their escape. Several men have been arrested on suspicion, but discharged for want of evidence.

Strike of Compositors for Back Pay—Steamers Released—Discharged from Custody—Escape of Prisoners.

PORTLAND, February 26th.—The entire force of compositors on the *Northwest News* struck to-night owing to arrears of pay. The printers claim that they have not received their wages for some time, and refuse to go to work until paid either all or part. The result of the strike is uncertain, but it looks very much as if no paper would be issued tomorrow.

The steamer Oregon and collier Willamette got to sea to-day after being detained four days at Astoria owing to a heavy fog on the bar.

George Kane, one of the principal ringleaders in the recent railroad riot at Pendleton, Or., was discharged from custody to-day. Kane was arrested on a charge of detaining the United States mail. He was tried in the United States Circuit Court and sentenced to imprisonment for thirty days.

Last night several prisoners confined in the city jail became possessed in some manner of a file. In a short time two bars were cut through, and before the jailer made the discovery five prisoners escaped. All were in for petty offenses except one, who was arrested for garroting. None have been recaptured.

NEW MEXICO.

Scourge Among Indians.

ALBUQUERQUE, February 26th.—A terrible scourge prevails among the Zuni Indians, over 100 children have died with the measles the past month. The disease is still raging, and the scenes about the Indian villages are sickening in the extreme.

OLD MEXICO.

Advices from Guaymas.

GUAYMAS, February 26th.—The wires having been down for some time past, we have had no news from the north.

The steamer Altata arrived on the 23d, late at night, bringing no treasure and a small freight. Her few passengers confirm the existence of the so-called yellow fever at Mazatlan and Manzanillo, and say that it is worse than in the late fall months.

The steam tug San Blas, from that point, came to the S. R. R. Company yesterday, engineer Green in charge, and several disappointed seekers of employment down there.

The Mardi Gras festival, commenced Sunday night, is still being fully observed. Yesterday the streets were full of masked figures in carriages and on foot, and flour was scattered in all directions. To-night it closes with a grand ball.

A young boy attached to the circus company now here shot himself by accident Sunday. The wound was a light one.

THE PEOPLE'S WISH.

The Red Bluff *Sentinel*, referring to the proposed forfeiture of the California and Oregon land grant, says: "We venture the assertion that if the question was submitted to a vote of the people of northern California fairly and squarely, without the intermeddling of politicians and office seekers, as to whether the land granted to the California and Oregon Railroad should be forfeited, thereby jeopardizing the building and equipping of the road, or allow the company to go on and complete the road and receive the land subsidy, a large majority would favor the latter proposition. We know of but one paper north of Tehama county that has favored the passage of the bill forfeiting this land grant. Settlers, immigrants and old residents in Tehama, Shasta, Siskiyou, Modoc and Trinity counties are almost unanimously opposed to the bill. The Marysville *Advocate* truthfully says: 'There are doubtless interests of business and trade that would be greatly benefited by the completion of the railroad.'

"The whole trade of the State and business interests generally would be greatly benefited and improved by the building of this road to the Oregon line. To say that the road will be built whether the company gets the land or not, is simply begging the question, for the people of those northern counties care but little for the land grant or the money the railroad company may sell the lands for, if their lands are doubled, trebled and quadrupled in value by the building of the road, which will induce a large immigration that will take up Government sections and purchase railroad sections, make homes, engage in stock raising, agriculture, vine-growing and a great many more industries that will induce capitalists to make investments and develop the hidden and dormant resources of the country that never would be developed but for the building of the road. This is the plain common-sense view of the subject, and the fact must be apparent to all unprejudiced minds."

FOR THE GOOD OF CALIFORNIA.

The San Francisco *Alta* says: The bill before Congress to forfeit the grant to the California and Oregon road stands upon a different footing from others. That road is now, and for a long time past has been, rapidly nearing completion. At least the work is proceeding with energy, the builders showing good faith, and that they will complete it as soon as possible. The people of this State, and particularly the people of the northern counties, are greatly interested in having the road built as early as possible. Can the road be built, and will it be built without the grant? Would it be just to those whose millions have gone into the road on the faith of the grant, and after they have got the road running into an uninhabited and uninhabitable country, for Congress to say, "Now, gentlemen, if you do not continue, your road is valueless; if you do, the grant you received as the inducement for the beginning of your enterprise shall be taken away." The commercial interests of this city and this State demand the completion of the road, that we may have connection by rail with the northern coast and with the Northern Pacific Railroad. No argument is needed to convince any reasonable man of the soundness of this position. We hope our delegation in Congress will, if they can, wipe out every land grant ever made, so far as not earned, except this one, which is being earned. As to this particular grant, we hope to see them act for the good of California, in total disregard of the buncombe of the misinformed.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

[Filed February 23, 1884.]

February 23, 1884—B. R. Crocker to Kohler & Van Bergen—Five acres just east of the city; $800.

February 21, 1884—F. Meckfessel to John Smith, Jr.—Lots Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, J and K, Twenty-ninth and Thirtieth streets.

February 23, 1884—Owen Trainor to Bridget Trainor—East 50 feet of lot 2, and west 10 feet of lot 3, Q and R, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

February 23, 1884—Elmira Grace McKinnon to Dorothea Moeller—East half of lot 7, O and P, Seventh and Eighth streets; $1,400.

February 21, 1884—O. S. Terrill to C. F. Trask—Portions of sections 15 and 16, township 5 north, range 4 east, containing 80 acres; $8,000. It is also stipulated that the party of the first part is to have a home upon the land conveyed during his life.

[Filed February 25, 1884.]

February 21, 1884—Joseph M. Frey to Mrs. Maria Carrington—East half of lot 3, O and P, Ninth and Tenth streets; $1,500.

February 23, 1884—Edward Breining to Samuel S. Blue—East half of lot 1, M and N, Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets; $1,500.

February 21, 1884—John T. Carey to J. R. Watson, Superintendent of C. P. R. R. Hospital—Lots 1 and 2, E and F, Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets; $1,050.

January 8, 1884—John G. Woods to Patrick Derian—East half of section 33, township 9 north, range 8 east; $3,500.

Sarah M. Moore and Robert J. Graham, executors of George R. Moore, deceased, to F. H. Moore—Lots 6 and 7, E and F, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets; $2,000.

February 25—Presilla Pollock to George Traverner—Southeast quarter of section 32, and west half of southwest quarter, and southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 33, township 8 north, range 8 east.

[Filed February 26, 1884.]

December 26, 1883—O. S. Freeman and wife to Mrs. Belle L. Rowe—West half of lot 21, town of Elk Grove; $250.

February 26—L. L. Goddard to the Trustees of the M. E. Church of Florin—About half an acre in that town; $1.

February 12—Joseph Albert to Francisco Peters—Portion of swamp land, survey No. 311, Sacramento county; $1,375.

SUPERIOR COURT.

DEPARTMENT ONE—ARMSTRONG, Judge.

TUESDAY, February 26, 1884.

Thomas J. Clunie vs. the Sacramento Lumber Company—Decree filed in favor of plaintiff, and same ordered entered of record.

People vs. Charles Adams, burglary in the first degree—Prisoner sentenced to Folsom for five years.

People vs. Mock Soon, murder—On trial.

DEPARTMENT TWO—MCFARLAND, Judge.

TUESDAY, February 26, 1884.

Washington Fern vs. E. Casselman—Defendant allowed to amend answer in certain particulars. Case tried, argued and submitted. Judgment rendered for plaintiff for $475 62 and costs. Findings to be drawn by attorney for plaintiff. Stay of execution for fifteen days.

National Gold Bank of D. O. Mills & Co. vs. Matthew Cooke et al.—Decree of foreclosure ordered entered in favor of plaintiff. Attorney's fee fixed at $400.

County of Yolo vs. William Healey et al.—Evidence heard and case continued for argument until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

PASSENGER LISTS.

MOJAVE, February 26th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in San Francisco to-morrow: J. A. Downward, Joe Davis, John Leighman, Albuquerque; J. Greenbaum and wife, J. H. Neustadter, wife and child, San Francisco.

CARLIN, February 26th.—Passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento February 27th: Mrs. G. T. Emmet and children, San Francisco; Miss McAlister, Benicia, Cal.; A. J. Emmit, England; G. L. Godfrey, Des Moines, Ia.; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Hollister, Salt Lake, Utah; A. C. Farnsworth, Chicago, Ill; John Johnston, Jr., John Johnston and son, Chicago; J. H. Muegge, San Francisco; Miss Lizzie Ryan, Boston, Mass.; E. L. Dawson, San Jose, Cal.; O. D. Crocker, Cleveland, O.; J. McCready, Rock Springs, Wyo. T.; John Baum, Garrison, Ia.; Wm. Carlson and wife, Minneapolis, Minn.; Miss Hutchinson, Bradford, Pa.; H. M. Heinman, San Francisco; James F. Blythe, Salt Lake; Miss H. McFee, Chicago, Ill; C. W. Hill, Park City, Utah; Viola E. Haley, Sandersville, Ga.; Mrs. Brown and two children, Deer Lodge, Montana; also, 43 emigrants, including 38 males, to arrive in Sacramento February 28th.

GOOD NEWS.—It is now entirely unnecessary to purchase any imported perfumes, as the very best are Peck's Premium Perfumes and Elite Bouquet, of home manufacture.

The Supreme Court of Nevada has decided that a Chinaman can apply for and purchase land from the Government.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

B. F. Gilman, of Marysville, is in town.

Judge S. C. Denson returned yesterday from Oroville.

William and Edward Showers, of Deer Creek, are in town.

Dr. George A. Moore and wife went down to Rio Vista yesterday.

Mrs. J. W. Armstrong got back yesterday from a visit to San Francisco.

Carlton Rickards, the Chinese interpreter, came up from the Bay yesterday.

Wm. M. Lent come through from the East by last night's train, going to the Bay.

Mrs. George W. Chesley and Mrs. M. A. Mesick went down to the Bay yesterday

J. W. B. Montgomery, of Chico, came down yesterday, on his way to San Francisco.

John D. Yost, of H. S. Crocker & Co., is paying the city a visit, accompanied by his wife.

J. J. Agard, a former resident of this city, but latterly of Oakland, is visiting Sacramento.

Wm. Hamilton, the well-known stage man, has come up from the Bay to stay two or three days.

W. L. McEwen, who had been passing a few days in Sacramento, returned to San Francisco yesterday.

Rev. Dr. Benton, who has been in the city during two or three days past, returned to Oakland yesterday.

Fish Commissioner A. B. Dibble passed through the city yesterday, from San Francisco to Grass Valley.

A. E. Smith, Michigan Bar; Charles W. Moore and Paul. Wagoner and wife, of the Cosumnes, are in town.

W. Stewart, Elk Grove; O. Stephenson, Franklin, and W. A. Goods, Pleasant Grove, were in the city last evening.

E. A. Burr and wife went to the Bay yesterday, and will visit that vicinity and Santa Cruz two or three weeks.

Mrs. Fred. Larkin, who has been visiting Mrs. L. L. Lewis for several weeks, returned to San Francisco yesterday.

Mrs. H. Culver and daughters, of Dixon, returned home yesterday after spending a week as the guests of Mrs. W. H. Sherburn.

Governor Stoneman, State Librarian T. H. Wallis, and Prison Director W. C. Van Fleet returned yesterday from San Francisco.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Durham Sprague gave them a surprise party at their residence, 1017 Tenth street, Monday evening.

Benjamin Holt, Stockton; D. J. Brown, Oakland; Frank Brown, Harry Turrey and William Marx, San Francisco, are visiting Sacramento.

Carl Browne, traveling correspondent and artist for the San Francisco *Argus*, was in the city yesterday. He left on the afternoon train for Calistoga.

A. Johnson, Walnut Grove; J. T. Roberts, I. W. Gile, W. Hammond, Plymouth; J. R. McFadden, Courtland; D. Younglove, Ione City, and D. T. Bayles, Los Angeles, are in the city.

Alonzo Hayward, W. S. Hobart, George Hawley, W. S. Ward and C. A. Bruns, of San Francisco, gentlemen who are largely interested in quartz mines throughout the State, are in the city.

Dr. F. W. Hatch, Wilber F. Smith, Dr. A. B. Nixon, Frank Miller, Joseph Steffens, C. P. Nathan, N. L. Drew, John Mackey, Patsy Duffy and Theodore Winters were among the Sacramentans who left for San Francisco yesterday afternoon.

Norton Bush, who has been to the summit of the Sierras sketching the winter scenery in the vicinity of Donner Lake and Truckee, came down on Monday evening and returned to the Bay yesterday. He took a number of interesting sketches and will transfer them to canvas.

Caspar Renz, well-known throughout Yolo and Sacramento counties, returned on Saturday from an extended tour through Utah, Idaho, Oregon and Washington Territory, having spent the last two months at Walla Walla, at which place he met many old friends from this vicinity. He thinks Washington Territory has a fine future, and especially recommends the Yakima Indian reservation for settlers when it shall be placed upon the market.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: Frank W. Silus, St. Louis, Mo.; William Johnson, Richland; H. G. Martell, San Francisco; John E. Stover, Plessanton; C. C. Stiffer, Ogden; Charles Samuels, San Francisco; H. R. Hamilton, Chicago; J. Schnider, New York; T. T. Pfister, San Francisco; C. C. Bush, Redding; W. A. Johnston, Richland; J. W. Stern, A. Hayward, W. L. Hobart, W. S. Hobart, George Hawley, W. T. Ward, C. A. Burns, San Francisco; Mrs. Nellie Mann, Marysville; E. Dudley, Yreka; G. E. Kellogg, A. F. Gunn, A. Gruhn, San Francisco.

Rescued from Death.

William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: In the fall of 1876 I was taken with bleeding of the lungs, followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the Hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of Dr. William Hall's Balsam for the Lungs. I got a bottle, when to my surprise I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for three years past.

SO POPULAR have Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts become that but few kitchens can be found where they are not used. Dr. Price has succeeded in this important domestic necessity. His flavorings are peculiarly delicious, and so highly concentrated that it takes but a small quantity to impart the flavor of the fruit.

PEOPLE are killed by coughs that Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar would cure. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

CANCERS and cancerous tumors are cured by the purifying effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SACRAMENTO ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

DIRECTORS:

CHRIS. GREEN, FREDERICK MIER, E. P. FIGG, A. P. CATLIN, R. A. FISK, W. R. MUIR, JOHN M. AVERY.

OFFICERS:

JOHN M. AVERY, ... President.
R. A. FISK, ... Vice-President.
C. A. BISHOP, ... Secretary.
FREDERICK MIER, ... Treasurer.
W. R. MUIR, ... Superintendent.

☞ The Company desire to state that all who wish for information or particulars can apply to anyone of the Directors. fe27-3t1mWFM

Original Campi Restaurant AND OYSTER HOUSE.

NO. 306 J STREET, BETWEEN Third and Fourth. JOHN MATOVICH will open this popular place MARCH 1st, to be run day and night. Oysters served in French, Spanish, Italian or any style. Board, $4 per week. Outside orders for Lunches and Oysters a specialty. fe27-1m

—THE MILD POWER CURES.—

HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

In use 30 years.—Each number the special prescription of an eminent physician.—The only Simple, Safe and Sure Medicines for the people.

LIST PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES.	PRICE.
1. Fevers,	Congestion, Inflamations,	.50
2. Worms,	Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	.50
3. Crying Colic,	or Teething of Infants	.50
4. Diarrhea	of Children or Adults	.50
5. Dysentary,	Griping, Bilious Colic,	.50
6. Cholera Morbus,	Vomiting,	.50
7. Coughs,	Cold, Bronchitis	.50
8. Neuralgia,	Toothache, Faceache,	.50
9. Headaches,	Sick Headaches, Vertigo	.50
10. Dyspepsia,	Bilious Stomach,	.50
11. Suppressed or Painful Periods,		.50
12. Whites,	too Profuse Periods,	.50
13. Croup,	Cough, Difficult Breathing,	.50
14. Salt Rheum,	Erysipelas, Eruptions,	.50
15. Rheumatism,	Rheumatic Pains,	.50
16. Fever and Ague,	Chill, Fever, Agues	.50
17. Piles,	Blind or Bleeding,	.50
19. Catarrh,	acute or chronic; Influenza	50
20. Whooping Cough,	violent coughs,	.50
24. General Debility,	Physical Weakness	.50
27. Kidney Disease,		.50
28. Nervous Debility,		1.00
30. Urinary Weakness,	Wetting the bed	.50
32. Disease of the Heart,	Palpitation,	1.00

Sold by druggists, or sent by the Case, or single Vial, free of charge, on receipt of price. Send for Dr. Humphreys' Book on Disease, &c. (144 pages), also Illustrated Catalogue FREE. Address, Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., 109 Fulton Street, New York.

fe27-1yW&wly

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Eructation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Flutterings at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Republicans.

THE REPUBLICANS OF THE FOURTH WARD are requested to attend a meeting in the basement of Turner Hall, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, February 27, 1884, at 7 o'clock, to nominate 50 delegates to the Republican Convention. By order of the [fe27-1t] COMMITTEE.

ATTENTION, SECOND WARD REPUBLICANS!

THE REPUBLICANS OF THE SECOND WARD will hold a caucus THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at the office of the International Hotel, for the purpose of selecting Delegates to be voted for at the Primary Election to be held Thursday, February 28, 1884. J. W. WILSON and ROBT. T. DEVLIN, of City Central Committee. [B. C.] fe27-1t

A CITIZENS' TEMPERANCE MASS MEETING — WILL BE HELD — THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock At Sixth-street M. E. Church, and will be addressed by prominent citizens. All interested in the suppression of the liquor traffic are invited to be present. Chorus Singing, led by Prof. Skinner. By order of P. H. P. City Central Committee. fe27-1t

ATTENTION, TURNERS!

ALL THOSE MEMBERS TAKING PART IN the Procession Thursday night will please call at the HALL THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock. fe27-1t [B. C.] COMMITTEE.

TYPE FOR SALE.

WHEN OUR NEW DRESS ARRIVES, WHICH will be in a few weeks, we will have for sale, at a low rate, between Three and Four Thousand Pounds of Nonpareil, Minion, Brevier and Advertising