SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LI.--NO. 146. SACRAMENTO, SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9, 1884. WHOLE NO. 10,396.

J. H. REED & CO.

J. H. REED & CO.,

GRAND

Lace and White Goods House!

This Will Interest You!

We offer in every Department goods at prices that are far below all competition, and while we do not believe in deceiving the people, and giving them LOW PRICES FOR A FEW DAYS IN EVERY SIX MONTHS, we do propose to make just as low prices every day in the year as we could if we advertised twice a year a GRAND CLEARANCE SALE, and we shall from time to time, through the papers, notify the people by giving them prices in all our Departments, in which we will have no competition.

WE HAVE COME TO STAY!

Some of our competitors have given us only THREE MONTHS! WE THANK THEM FOR THAT! At the expiration of three months, we shall notify our friends how much longer we shall remain. Our money buys as many goods as anybody's. Our Buyer, who will remain in the market, will always have an EYE OPEN FOR BARGAINS AND BANKRUPT STOCKS; will buy only Choice Goods, and we will give one and all the benefit of our purchases.

IN OUR COTTON GOODS DEPARTMENT,

Our discounts pay our expenses of selling. IT IS NO TRICK to sell you Cotton Goods thirty days out of the year at COST, and charge you a profit the remainder of the time. We propose to make the same prices the year around. YOU WILL APPRECIATE IT, WE ARE SATISFIED. In all Departments, get our prices; you will be satisfied. At present, we make you only a few prices to keep you posted:

Lonsdale 4-4 Bleached Cotton (we could only ask).....9 cents
Hope 4-4 Bleached Cotton (elegant value).....7¾ cents
Fruit 4-4 Bleached Cotton (fruit is always good).....9½ cents
Wamsutta 4-4 Bleached Cotton (no better value).....11¼ cents
New York Mills 4-4 Bleached Cotton (can't be beat).....11¼ cents
Lonsdale Cambric.....13 cents
Standard Bro. 4-4 Cottons, from.....4½ to 8½ cents
Standard Brands 10-4 Bleached Cottons!—GET OUR PRICES.

ASK FOR OUR PRICES IN WHITE GOODS.

Clarendon 12-4 Crochet Quilts (extra good value).....$1 50
Holly 12-4 Crochet Quilts (beauty).....$1 25
Bates 12-4 Crochet Quilts (Standard).....$1 35
Turkish Colored 12-4 Spread (cheap).....$1 25
Our Own 10-4 Crochet Quilts.....60 cents

GET OUR PRICES ON TABLE LINENS.

We offer Elegant Line of Fancy Bordered Handkerchiefs.....5 cents

GET OUR PRICES ON HOSIERY.

25 Dozen Ladies' Hemstitched, Fancy Border, Linen Handkerchiefs....16⅔ cents
50 Dozen Ladies' Hemstitched, Fancy Border, Linen Handkerchiefs.....25 cents
Zephyrs (all shades), 3 oz. for.....25 cents
Nice Line of Button, 4 dozen for.....1 cent

GET OUR PRICES ON HAMBURG EDGING.

The Best 4-button Kid Gloves sold on the coast.....$1 00
Torchon Laces.....(Too cheap)

GET OUR PRICES ON BLACK AND WHITE SPANISH LACES!

We offer at a great bargain 20 Dozen Ladies' (Ass'd Colors) Berlin Gloves..10 cents

OUR LADIES' UNDERWEAR CAN'T BE BEAT.

We offer the Best Corset in the Market for.....$1 00
We offer the Best Corset on the Coast for.....$1 25
We offer the Best Corset in the World for.....$1 50
Our Lace Curtains are beautiful, from.....$1 50 to $50 00

THIS WILL INTEREST THE LADIES!

We will open, in about Ten Days, the Largest and Most Complete Line of BLACK DRESS GOODS—bought direct from the Manufacturer—ever opened in this city, and it will pay you to wait and get our prices. For the present we shall only keep a Complete Line of Black Goods, and by so doing shall be able to give you better values than those carrying general stock.

J. H. REED & CO.,
Southwest Corner Eighth and J streets, Sacramento.

HALE BROS. & CO.

EVERY DAY

—BRINGS TO LIGHT—

NEW VALUES AT HALE'S

ANNUAL

Summer Clearance Sale!

You will find it advantageous

—TO—

PAY OUR HOUSE A VISIT

As early in the day as possible.

Our determination to wipe out these odd lines from our fixtures has led us to place such prices upon each and every item as may seem ridiculously low.

☞ Orders from the Country Receive Prompt and Careful Attention.

HALE BROS. & CO.,

Nos. 829, 831, 833, 835 K street, and 1026 Ninth street, Sacramento.

HOME HAPPENINGS.

BLAINE ADDRESSES A MASS MEETING OF SOLDIERS.

The Greely Expedition—Politics in the East—Brutal Assault on an Old Woman.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Blaine Addresses a Mass Meeting of Soldiers.

OLD ORCHARD (Me.), August 8th.—A monster mass meeting of veterans, at which Blaine was present, was held last evening. When Mr. Blaine ascended the steps of the stand to address the old soldiers he was greeted with shouts, cheers and cries of "Blaine, our next President." He said:

Gentlemen of the Grand Army of Maine: I thank you for this kindly and cordial greeting. This occasion has been one of great pleasure to me, in the renewal of old acquaintances and the recalling of old scenes of civil life that ante-date your splendid deeds of war. My mind is carried back to the winter of 1861—to the excitement, elation, and at the same time seriousness and sadness of that ominous and critical era. I vividly remember every incident as we stood on the eve of the gigantic struggle. When at last the war-cloud burst, and President Lincoln issued his proclamation for 75,000 men, Maine was asked for one regiment. Governor Washburne summoned an extra session of the Legislature. I had the honor at the time to be the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Our patriotism was fervid, our confidence strong, and we younger members of the Legislature (I was but 31 years of age myself) determined to do something very bold, something that we ventured to hope would be rather appailing to the Confederate Government. Instead of responding with one regiment, which the President had asked for, we authorized the Governor to offer ten regiments to the National Government, and, though entirely unused to a State debt, we empowered the Governor to borrow $1,000,000 on the faith of the State for immediate use in the equipment of the troops. We all felt that we were bragging when we used these big figures. We felt sure our ten regiments would never be used, for such a contingent from Maine implied a larger force than Napoleon and Wellington both controlled on the field of Waterloo. Gentlemen, you, far better than I, know the sequel. Our ten regiments were swept into the vortex of war before the expiration of half a year, and we ended by sending thirty-two regiments of infantry, two regiments of cavalry and nine batteries of artillery. This, with the troops necessary to keep their ranks full in the terrible contest, absorbed more than 70,000 men of Maine—a draft almost as large, in proportion to the arm-bearing population, as Frederick the Great levied upon the provinces of Prussia in the hardest-pressed period of the Seven Years' War. You, gentlemen, are an honored and important part of the survivors of the great host. I join with you in your commemoration services for the unreturning brave; for that great host who died for their country and for liberty. No victory ever assured so much good to mankind; none ever prevented so much evil. The struggle is over, and our triumph is celebrated not with a sense of having conquered a foe, but with that better sense of having reclaimed our kinsmen and brought them back to their own heritage and the protection of their own flag. Beneath that flag, north and south, east and west, will all find protection. Under its sheltering folds we shall all dwell together in unity, for we are brethren.

The speech closed amid a tumult of applause, which lasted ten minutes.

Kelly to Support Butler.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The *Mail-Express* prints an Albany special, to which it calls editorial attention, giving remarkable proceedings of an alleged conference within the past three weeks between Dana, Butler, Kelly and John F. Henry, at which Kelly agreed to support Butler with as large a part of his following as he could control; also with the *Star* newspaper; Dana agreeing to give Butler a strategic support in the *Sun*, and Henry pledging the Anti-Monopoly organization and a pile of money, the final object of their action being the creation of a new party after the Presidential contest is over, composed of the disaffected elements of the Democratic and Republican rank and file.

The *Star*, Kelly's paper, says in a leader: "It would be futile to deny that Butler's determination to remain in the field will exercise a potent, and perhaps decisive influence, in the campaign. It is an imperative sense of duty that urges him to respond to the call made upon him, even at the loss of personal comfort, and the severing of his party affiliations. We incur no risk in predicting that he will secure a phenomenal support."

Butler in Massachusetts.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The *Tribune's* Boston special says: At the conference of the Democratic leaders, held at the party headquarters to-day, Butler's avowal of his position was the principal topic discussed. The general estimate of Butler's vote in the State is that it would not exceed 15,000, and the Independent vote for Cleveland would more than make up the deficiency.

Dana on Schurz and Beecher.

NEW YORK, August 8th. — Among the *Sun's* eccentric editorials is the following: "When we consider the appearance of Carl Schurz as an advocate of the Democratic candidate for President, we are amazed at the immensity of his impudence. If Beecher were now a candidate for the Presidency, and Cleveland investigating his moral character, the mollifying influence of time would be the same for him as he pleads in Cleveland's case, as it's just about thirteen years since Beecher signed the following (and here follows in full the famous letter to F. D. Moulton). But it can't make much difference to the Democratic party whether the election of its candidate is advocated or is opposed by such a man as Beecher."

New York Grain Market.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The *Commercial Bulletin* says yesterday witnessed a sharp decline in all kinds of grain, much to the chagrin of parties who have been fishing for the bottom the past week, in expectation that there would be a let up in the movement of wheat from the interior. The *Bulletin* says: "While the prevailing sentiment of all farmers inclines to holding the grain for a higher market, the necessities of some force sales, and this class is contributing to the interior movement. This and lack of export movement furnish the bears courage to sell the handsomest wheat the country ever produced at unprecedentedly low prices. The talk is still bearish. Corn and oats are also decidedly lower."

Steel Production in the United States.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Both Emory, the gun inventor, and Hotchkiss, the manufacturer, testified before the Ship-building Committee yesterday that the steel-producing capacity of this country is equal to all possible needs. There is no reason why as good quality of steel might not be made here is anywhere in the world. To establish this fact, so that it will be capable of actual demonstration, is the committee's mission, and the tour to be made embraces cities and sections from which supplies may be drawn whenever the Government may be ready for them. Hotchkiss employs 2,000 men in his French manufactories. His trade extends over Europe. Lately he arranged to establish factories in England, Germany and Italy.

Brutal Assault on an Old Woman.

CHICAGO, August 8th.—A brutal case of assault came before Justice Foote, at Armory Court, this morning, in which John Allen and his wife Mattie, the former a cousin of the late notorious Bill Allen, were defendants. The two bear a grudge against old Mrs. Rebecca Allen, John's mother, and last evening together they visited the old lady at her rooms, 1830 South Clark street. Hot words were indulged in, when a young negro and his wife simultaneously attacked Mrs. Allen, Mattie Allen drawing a knife and John Allen holding his mother, while Mattie Allen plunged the knife into the old lady's body, making a frightful gash in her face and one in the left breast and one in the right shoulder. The old woman sank to the floor in a pool of blood, and her assailants decamped, but were afterward caught and lodged at the armory. Mrs. Allen was removed to the County Hospital, where she now lies in an exhausted condition.

A Riot Feared.

SCHENECTADY (N. Y.), August 8th.—Great excitement was occasioned last night by the arrest of four young men who engaged in a disturbance with the Salvation Army. Fifteen hundred men followed the prisoners to the station, threatening to throw the officers into the canal. Threats were made to burn the army's barracks. There are fears of a riot to-night, and the police are taking precautions.

Explanation of Cleveland's Conduct by Some of His Friends.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—In pursuit of further information concerning the scandalous stories which have been publicly associated with the private life of Governor Cleveland, a reporter interviewed General Horatio C. King, who said: "I felt confident the stories about Governor Cleveland were false, because the whole character and life of the man repudiated the cowardly and unworthy action attributed to him, and my highest opinion of him was fully justified on finishing my examination. I learned enough to convince me that he had been wrongfully accused. I went everywhere, and did quite a little bit of detective work on my own account. The facts seem to be that many years ago, when the Governor was sowing his wild oats, he met this woman, with whom his name has been connected, and became intimate with her. She was a widow, and not a good woman by any means. Cleveland, learning this, began making inquiries, and discovered that two of his friends were intimate with her at the same time as himself. When a child was born Cleveland, in order to shield his two friends, who were both married men, assumed the responsibility of it. He took care of the child and the mother like a man, and did everything in his power for them. He provided for them until the woman became a confirmed victim to alcohol, and made it impossible by her conduct for him to have anything to do with her. He never separated mother and child—nor did he do anything to injure the woman. He was throughout the whole affair a victim of circumstances. He accepted the responsibilities that not one man in a thousand has shouldered, and acted an honorable part in the matter." According to General King this explanation, as now put, satisfied Beecher and Schurz.

An ex-Buffalo Alderman adds his testimony. He says: "Three of her four admirers, for she was an attractive woman, were married, and the man who in reality was the father of the infant, had an interesting daughter whom he idolized. He was in constant dread lest his offense should reach his wife and children, and Cleveland, being the only unmarried man, relieved him of his embarrassment by shouldering all responsibility. The man is dead, and the child is his perfect image in manner and looks. Cleveland acted a heroic part. I am sorry this thing came before the public. It may force the Democratic party to show the private life of the Republican candidate, and you can take my word for it there is scandal in the life of the Plumed Knight that I would not like published even about an enemy."

Proposes to Resign.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Considerable surprise was created last evening when it became known that Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks had suddenly taken their departure from Saratoga. Mr. Clair, of the Grand Union, says that they have gone to Block Island, and will be back in a few days. Reporters who have been anxiously searching for Mr. Hendricks lately, for the purpose of learning what truth there is in the reports that he proposed to resign from the ticket, on account of the treatment he has received from Cleveland, have been unable to see him. There are many evidences that he has the matter under serious advisement, and there is no question that he will withdraw from the ticket unless Cleveland yields to his wishes in some respects.

Butler and the Democracy.

WASHINGTON, August 8th.—Some of the politicians about the Democratic headquarters are saying to-day that while Butler's candidacy will hurt them in New York very materially, it may also be the means of carrying Pennsylvania for Cleveland. They say that the Republicans depend upon the labor vote for their large majorities in that State, and that Butler will take this from them. Upon this assumption they hold that if Cleveland is beaten in New York he still may be elected. The situation is looked upon in all directions as anomalous, and Republicans say they think it is Butler's intention to injure the Democrats, and that all his efforts will be to this end. His intention in waiting for Cleveland's letter is to analyze it in connection with the Democratic platform, and to show the workingmen that it promises them absolutely nothing. His letter of acceptance, it is believed, will be devoted almost entirely to this, and will not strike at the labor plank in the Republican platform at all. He will call attention to the fact that he tried to induce the Democrats at Chicago to adopt a labor platform, and will give it as his reason for bolting the Convention that they were antagonistic to the labor interests, and his loyalty to labor demanded the action he has taken. He will even go further, it is said, and contrast the platform adopted at the last Chicago Convention with that of the Republicans. The effect of this will be, Republican politicians argue, that the Republican laboring men, finding nearly all they desire in their own platform, will have no motive to go over to Butler, who cannot be elected, while on the other hand, those who generally vote the Democratic ticket, to whom Butler directly addresses himself, will readily follow him, though they would never vote for Blaine.

A Brutish Old Man.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Henry Sweeney, 70 years of age, has been arrested at Hunter's Point on a charge of outraging his seven-year-old girl. Lynching is threatened.

Declines to Reconsider.

WASHINGTON, August 8th.—The Acting Secretary of the Interior has declined to grant the motion of Robert Carrick, for a reconsideration of the decision refusing to order a survey of Arsenal Island, opposite St. Louis. The original decision was based upon statements by United States engineers, that Arsenal Island was a drifting island, but Carrick now produces the affidavits of two civil engineers of St. Louis, declaring the island has been fixed or anchored.

Obtained an Injunction.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The Bankers' and Merchants' Telegraph Company to-day obtained an injunction in their suits against the International and Eastern Telegraph Company, restraining defendants from attempting to enforce payment on a note of $1,000, and from selling, pledging or parting with any mortgage bonds of the Bankers' and Merchants' Company, held as collateral.

O'Donnell in Baltimore.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—A Baltimore special says: O'Donnell's lecture at Monument Square last evening was thinly attended. But few persons gathered around the stand he had erected, and the most of them were street gamins, who interspersed the speech with the remarks: "Go hire a hall;" "Drop into a sewer;" "Cork up your lepers." In answer to an inquiry as to where the lepers were, the doctor said they had been side-tracked at Canton. He assailed Mr. Beecher in the course of his remarks, all of which fell very flat.

Hungarians Leaving for their Native Land.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—A *Herald's* Quakertown, Penn., special says: The Hungarians are leaving the ore regions of Lehigh county, Penn., daily. A number discharged in the rolling mills in South Bethlehem left to-day. They are generally returning to their native land, but a few are getting employment in the peach orchards of Delaware.

Act of a New York Policeman.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The condition of our police, corrupted as it is by political connections, says the *Evening Post*, is shown by the following: Early Wednesday evening, a respectable lady was suddenly arrested on Fifth avenue by a drunken policeman, charged with "soliciting," taken to the police-station and locked up with the scum of the criminal population. She bribed an officer, got out and succeeded in convincing the Sergeant that she had been unjustly treated, and was allowed to go. The policeman has handed in his resignation. The *Post* asks: "Who got this man this place? Why do the Police Commissioners allow him to resign?"

The Arctic Heroes—Arrival of the Expedition at New York.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The Greely relief expedition—the ships Bear, Thetis and Alert—arrived at noon off Governor's Island. Secretary Lincoln and Generals Sheridan and Hancock, and other army and navy officers, with the troops, received the bodies from the vessel, the forts firing a funeral salute.

Following is a list of the dead and the places of burial: Lieutenant James E. Lockwood, Annapolis; Lieutenant Fred. F. Kislenburg, Rochester, N. Y.; Sergeant Israel, Kalamazoo, Mich.; Sergeant David C. Ralston, Howard, Knox county; Sergeant William Cross, Washington; Corporal Joseph Ellison, Pottsville, Pa.; private William Whistler, Delhi, Ind.; private William A. Ellis, Clyde, N. Y.

After the bodies were landed they were escorted by the troops to the hospital, where they will lay in state, under a guard of honor, until removed by friends.

To-morrow morning the Rev. Dr. Goodwin, Chaplain of Governor's Island, will read a burial service over the dead and deliver a sermon. The bodies of Sergeants Henry and Schneider will be sent to Cypress Hill—the former to a vault, to await an order from Germany, the latter for interment in the Government plat. The other bodies have been claimed by relatives.

ANOTHER RECEPTION TO GREELY.

NEWBURYPORT (Mass.), August 8th.—The reception to Greely next Thursday includes a parade of Knight Templars, militia, several Posts of the Grand Army, civic societies, fire department and school children, which will be reviewed by Greely. There will be a band concert in the afternoon, illumination, flambeaux parade and fireworks in the evening.

Postmasters Commissioned.

WASHINGTON, August 8th.—The following Postmasters have just been commissioned: Rachael C. Talbott, University, Cal., and John N. Cornell, Cornell, Modoc county, Cal:

Cattle Disease.

DES MOINES, August 8th.—Notice has been given the State Board of Health of an outbreak of a fatal cattle disease at Lemars, seventeen head having died in twenty-four hours. The State Veterinary Surgeon has been sent to investigate. No details have yet been received.

LANCASTER (Pa.) August 8th.—Several cases of Texas fever and pleuro-pneumonia have been discovered among cattle in this county. The State authorities have had the infected herds quarantined.

A Fierce Duel.

FREDONIA (Tex), August 8th.—A fierce combat occurred on Monday evening, ten miles north of this village, between four desperate characters. Samuel Faulkner and Henry Allen attacked the two Woodall brothers, opening fire at short range with repeating rifles. The Woodalls, dismounting, returned the fire from behind their horses. Eight shots were rapidly fired by each side. Allen fell at about the fifth round, pierced through the heart. One of the Woodalls received a bullet in the shoulder, near the neck, disabling him. The remaining Woodall brother and Faulkner then approached each other with bowie-knives drawn and a fearful duel followed, each being a skilled wielder of the weapon. The wounded Woodall, lying near by bleeding to death, kept urging his brother on in the deadly conflict. Faulkner, however, after a few sharp struggles, seized Woodall's left wrist and gave him a quick jerk, which brought him to his knees. As he fell Faulkner plunged his knife into him just below the heart. No sooner had Faulkner triumphed over his enemy than he turned to look after Allen, his dead companion. As he did so he received a bullet in the breast from the pistol of the elder Woodall, who had witnessed the duel while lying with his neck and shoulder split open by a rifle wound. Faulkner may recover, but both the Woodalls are dying.

Silver and Gold Certificates.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—A Washington special says: It can be authoritatively stated that the Treasury Department does not under any circumstances which are likely to arise intend to inaugurate a policy of forcing silver out of the Treasury in any quantity in payment of interest or in redemption of United States bonds. The decision of Secretary Folger, to restrict the payments of gold certificates, does not mean that the department will make any special effort to compel New York banks to take silver certificates. The Treasury now holds a large amount of available United States legal tenders, between $25,000,000 and $30,000,000, and instead of paying out gold coin and gold certificates so freely in New York, it is expected legal tender notes will be more largely utilized in the settlement of Clearing-house balances.

Japanese Tea Merchants on a Tour of Observation.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—The *Journal of Commerce* says the visit of three leading Japanese, representing the tea producers and merchants of Japan, is attracting much attention in mercantile circles here. The gentlemen named go about the city very quietly, but are keen observers. All take copious notes of what they see and hear. In reference to the visit Henry Hawley, of Carter, Hawley & Co., said the object of their mission is to improve the friendly feeling and commercial relations of the United States and Japan. They have visited, or will visit, all the leading cities of this country, and ascertain in what manner our commercial intercourse can be increased. The association they represent is composed entirely of native merchants, who propose the manufacture of Japan teas themselves to the tastes of Americans, thus protecting the market against adulteration. F. B. Thurber said his recent trip to Japan has astonished him by their marvelous commercial progress, and he heartily favored their mission. Great good would result to both countries. One of the Japanese visitors said: "The primary object of our visit is to increase business relations. We have been sent on behalf of the tea producers and merchants of Japan to confer with representatives of the trade here. We are exceedingly gratified with the reception the New York merchants gave us, and will not fail to give the news of such kindly welcome to our friends at home."

Condition of the United States Treasury.

NEW YORK, August 8th. — The *Post's* Washington special says: "An examination of the condition of the Treasury shows that, without taking into consideration the circulation of notes, the Government has cash enough to pay all its outstanding current liabilities, and to leave a surplus of $139,000,000. All of that surplus, if the Secretary of the Treasury is so disposed, may be kept in gold. It is entirely within his discretion now to discriminate against silver. Those whose opinions are generally sought in the Treasury upon such subjects anticipate that before the gold balance can reach the $100,000,000 limit, below which the Secretary cannot allow it to go, gold will return, as it before has returned, and that the existing situation, which is being used by speculators, will improve."

Deputy United States Marshals Discharged.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Six Deputy United States Marshals were discharged yesterday by Marshal Erhardt, acting under orders from Attorney-General Brewster. Whether their discharge has any political significance could not be ascertained.

Commodore Garrison's Finances.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Commodore Garrison's inventory shows liabilities $1,471,228; nominal assets, $17,697,928; actual assets, $3,974,818.

Bunko Steerers Worsted.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—"Hungry Joe," the well-known bunko-steerer, with his partner, tried to work a countryman who had just got off a boat. The latter, who was a brother of Captain Williams, of the police, escaped and went directly to the Captain and told his adventure. The brothers went to the same place yesterday and found "Hungry Joe" and his partner. Captain Williams gave them a severe beating and then collared them and took them to the Tombs. The steerers subsequently got bail and promised to reform.

The American Turf.

CHICAGO, August 8th.—In the Driving Park races, a mile and an eighth for three-year-olds, Tom Moore won, Springer second, Conkling (the favorite) third. Time, 1:58. The midsummer handicap, a mile and a quarter, Berlin won, La Belle second, Sullivan third. Time, 2:11. The mile heat for all ages, Kioba won, Bonnie Australian second. Time, 1:43¾. The three-quarter mile, for all ages, McBowling won, Nora M. second, Avery third. Time, 1:16¼. The three-quarter mile, sweepstakes, Mary Hamilton won, Ailee second, Dudley Oaks third. Time, 1:15¼.

SARATOGA, August 8th.—In the first race, for two-year-old non-winners, $1,000 race, six furlongs, Doubt won, Alfred second, Trousseau third. Time, 1:19. The second race, for all ages, mile and a furlong, Wall Flower won, Lizzie S. second, Fellowplay third. Time, 1:58¼. The third race, mile and a furlong, Compensation was first, George L. second, Mattie Rapture third. Time, 2:22. The steeplechase, mile and a half, was won by Pickett. The horse Cummins fell at the second jump, and will be destroyed. Laird fell at the water jump the second time around. Curtin, his jockey, was badly shaken. Time, 2:53.

BUFFALO (N. Y.), August 8th.—The third day of the Buffalo meeting, taking all in all, was very interesting, furnishing an unlooked-for amount of disappointment to knowing ones. Seven heats were necessary to decide the 2:23 class. The Directors having obtained an injunction against the police interfering with the pool sellers, these people sold as usual. The great event of the day was an attempt of Jay-Eye-See to lower his best record of 2:10. The little horse was in the best possible condition, and after jogging a slow heat in 2:24¼, Bithers nodded, and with his wonder as steady as a clock he took the word, Firebrand some distance in the rear, coming very fast. They reached the quarter pole in :33¼. Down the backstretch the horses flew, reaching the half in 1:05½, and swung to the three-quarters in 1:38. Hundreds crowded on the track to see the little wonder come home, shaking his gamey little head. He shot down the stretch, reaching the wire in 2:10¾. The announcement of the time was received with cheers, although there was great disappointment. No pools were sold on the horse beating his record.

BUFFALO, August 8th.—The novelty of a free-for-all race, under the newly-adopted rule, each winner of a heat to go to his stable, and the purse divided and awarded at the end of the race on the basis of the time made, and if only one horse is left, to be allowed a running mate at the option of the driver, was decidedly interesting. The first heat was taken by Johnston handily, Billy S. and Fuller contending for second place from the start to the wire, Billy S. coming in half a length ahead. Time, 2:12¼. Johnston broke coming home. The second heat was between Billy S. and Fuller. It was taken handily by Fuller, who showed to the front at the turn, and although crowded on the backstretch, easily outfooted Billy S., winning by seven open lengths, in 2:17¼. It being almost dark, the finish of the race was put over until to-morrow. Summary of 2:30 class, special purse: Nellie R. first, Mattie H. second, Vilette third, Jersey Lily fourth, Isaac fifth. Time, 2:25¼—2:24¼—2:26—2:22¼.

CHICAGO, August 8th.—It has just been decided that a $5,000 pacing match between Johnston and Richball will take place over the Chicago Driving Park track on August 23d.

Destructive Fire in Roach's Shipyard.

CHESTER (Pa.), August 8th.—This morning a fire was discovered by the watchman in the blacksmith shop, a frame building, in Roach's shipyard. The flames soon spread to the punch-shed, also of frame, and covering nearly an acre of ground. All efforts to save the immense building were given up, and attention directed to saving the binding-shed, a short distance away, but the efforts of the firemen were unavailing, and it was soon abandoned. The firemen then directed their attention to the foundry, a large brick building adjoining the binding-shed, and it was only by herculean efforts that it was saved. Telegrams were sent to Wilmington and Philadelphia for assistance, but the fire was gotten under control sufficiently to countermand the orders. The principal loss is on the punch-shed, where there was a great deal of heavy and expensive machinery, valued at $350,000. The rollers alone cost from $10,000 to $12,000 apiece, and there were three or four sets of these. There were six sets of punches, valued at $6,000, and other machinery proportionately expensive, and required in daily use, as it enters into the shaping or preparation of all the plates and iron used in ships. Much of this machinery was new, and will require several months to replace it. The loss in the binding shed will reach over $200,000. The buildings themselves, although sheds, were worth $50,000. The loss on both buildings and machinery is fully insured. The fire throws about 500 men out of work, and will virtually stop the yard and suspend work on the Government cruisers for some time.

The Massachusetts Democrats Open the Ball.

BOSTON, August 8th.—The Democrats to-night opened the campaign by a double ratification meeting. When the doors were opened at Faneuil Hall and Fremont Temple hundreds of people were in waiting, and quickly filled the interior of both halls. Both the Temple and Faneuil Hall were uncomfortably crowded. At Faneuil Hall Congressman P. A. Collins presided. The first speaker was Josiah G. Abbott. He was followed by Thomas G. Jordan, who delivered an address which arraigned Blaine. D. F. Pillsbury followed in the same strain, and the last important speaker was H. O. Prince, of the National Democratic Committee. At the Temple meeting William Gaston presided. Edward Avery, Judge Redmond, Josiah Quincy, Jr., and Horatio J. Swatzey and other prominent men made the addresses of the evening.

New Orleans Postoffice Affairs.

NEW ORLEANS, August 8th.—Postmaster Merchant prepared to-day, and forwarded to the Postmaster-General, a full statement concerning the charges and statements made by the committee appointed by the Postmaster-General to examine into the conduct and condition of the New Orleans Postoffice. He admits the inefficiency of the force, but claims that it grows out of the material that he has been compelled to appoint, to a great extent for political purposes.

Mortuary.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Among the deaths recorded to-day are John McGuffin, business manager of the *World*, and J. C. Goodsell, formerly owner of the *Graphic*.

The Japanese Wrestler and the Electrical Girl.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—At a performance last night between Lulu Hurst, the "electrical girl," and the famous Japanese wrestler, Sorakichi, the latter beat her easily at all points, and was loudly applauded.

Call for the National Union League.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—James L. Neagley, President of the National Union League, has called a meeting of the National Executive Committee at the Astor House on the 22d instant. Members of the Union League from all parts of the United States are expected to be present.

Confederate Reunion.

GALVESTON, August 8th. — The *News'* Dallas special says: At the last day of the ex-Confederate reunion ex-Governor Hubbard delivered an oration on the war, holding the vast audience two hours. A committee was appointed to memorialize the Missouri Legislature to appropriate funds for the removal of the remains of General Parsons, Colonel M. Standish and other Confederate soldiers, buried in Mexico. Colonel Wylie, an ex-Union soldier, read an address of thanks in behalf of the Union guests. The next reunion will be held at Fort Worth. A meeting of ex-Confederate prisoners on Johnson Island was held, and an organization perfected, the object being to look after the graves of Confederates on the island.

Committed for Trial.

PITTSBURG, August 8th.—The twenty-five men arrested for robbery and assault on Lizzie Bradley three weeks ago had a hearing to-day and all but six were released, the evidence not being sufficient to hold them. Hilton, Grimes, Penn, McAllister, Anson and Morey were committed to jail for trial by the Court. Alex. Brown, the principal witness, could not be found to-day, and it is thought by the police has been spirited away by the friends of the prisoners, as he started for this city early this morning to attend the hearing. Miss Bradley has nearly recovered.

Virginia Republican State Committee.

RICHMOND, August 8th.—The Republican State Committee met to-night. General Mahone presided. Several hours were spent in discussing matters pertaining to the conduct of the campaign, filling date for holding District Conventions for Congressional nominations and apportioning the number of delegates from counties to those conventions. The committee is still in session at 12:30 A. M., and is not likely to adjourn for an hour or two. The meeting is pretty fully attended. The session is carried on with closed doors.

Made an Assignment.

PITTSBURG, August 8th.—Holmes, Lafferty & Co., the oldest and one of the largest firms dealing in live stock in this city, made an individual and firm assignment to-day to Ira F. Brainerd and Julius Voitier, for the benefit of creditors. The liabilities are about $100,000, with assets sufficient to pay dollar for dollar. The failure was caused by complications growing out of the Pennsylvania Bank suspension.

Texas Fever.

DENVER (Col.), August 8th.—About twenty young cattle, of a herd of 150 being pastured nine miles from this city, died of Texas fever in the last two days, and fifty others are sick with the disease, communicated from a herd recently brought from Texas, placed in an adjoining pasture. All necessary steps to prevent the spread of the disease are being taken.

The Report Untrue.

CHICAGO, August 8th.—A telegram to the Associated Press from the Mayor and prominent citizens of El Paso, Tex., denies the report which it seems has gained currency that yellow fever prevails there. The Mayor says a case of yellow fever was never known in that vicinity.

A Merchant Assassinated.

FORT WORTH, August 8th.—Charles Wilson, a prominent merchant of Kallachapa, Choctaw Nation, was assassinated twelve miles from his home, while returning from an electioneering trip yesterday. There is no clue to the assassins.

Articles for a Prize Fight Signed.

NEW YORK, August 8th.—Articles of agreement have been signed by Hial H. Stoddard, the "Syracuse Wonder," and Josh Burke, for a prize fight, to take place December 8th within 100 miles of New Orleans, the stakes to be $2,000 and the belt representing the heavy weight championship of the world.

Another Postmaster in Trouble.

WASHINGTON, August 8th.—Inquiries at the Postoffice Department developed the following facts in connection with the financial irregularities and disappearance of Assistant Postmaster Morton, of Brooklyn, N. Y. At the expiration of the first month in each quarter, the employes of the Brooklyn Postoffice were required to sign the pay roll for a full quarter, although they had received pay for but one month. Morton, who was in complete control of the finances of the office, was thus afforded an opportunity of which he availed, in making up the pay roll to the full amount in blanks for at least two months in each quarter, with figures representing sums larger than those actually paid out. The total amount of the discrepancy was small—some $400.

Movements of Blaine.

AUGUSTA (Me.), August 8th.—Blaine arrived at the muster grounds this afternoon and was received by Assistant Adjutant-General Sprague and conducted to the Governor's tent, where he was received by the Governor and Adjutant-General. After an introduction to the staff officers and a few minutes' chat Blaine was driven away. Mr. Blaine returned to Bar Harbor this afternoon.

Refused a Reconsideration.

WASHINGTON, July 8th.—The Secretary of the Interior has refused to grant the motion for a reconsideration of the decision in the case of the Rancho Aqua, at Caliente, Cal., in behalf of nearly all the defeated litigants, on the ground of errors of law and fact therein.

Failure of a Coal and Iron Company.

PHILADELPHIA, August 8th.—A special to the *Press* from Bedford, Pa., says: Great excitement was created here to-day by the announcement that the Kimble Coal and Iron Company, doing business at Riddlesburg, failed. The liabilities are estimated at $700,000. The plant is worth much more, but it will scarcely realize half the value at Sheriff's sale. For some time the financial standing of the company has been an object of suspicion and distrust, and the crash is not a surprise to those who were posted.

Failure of Liquor Dealers.

BOSTON, August 8th.—The liabilities of Altman, Demelman & Fuchs, liquor dealers, who failed to-day, are reported as $70,000; assets nominally about $84,000.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK SALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 8th.

MORNING SESSION.

150 Ophir	1 40	175 Union	1 85
60 Mexican	2 05	1280 Alta	2 50@2 45
500 G. & C.	2 20	100 Challenge	25c
165 B. & B.	2 10	80 Occidental	1 10
500 Savage	90@95c	100 Overman	25c
400 Con. Virginia	30c	900 Benton	45c
405 Chollar	2 90@2 75	150 Scorpion	37c
1300 Potosi	1 55@1 65	660 Prize	70c
830 H. and N.	2 60@2 50	300 Navajo	3 70@3 65
30 Voltz	1 40	90 Bulwer	30c
30 Jacket	2 05	190 Syndicate	40c
150 Alpha	1 30	160 Con. Pacific	90c
30 Belcher	1 05	50 Silver King	4 50
140 S. Nev.	2 30	15 Andes	20c
350 Exchequer	45c	60 Utah	1 55

AFTERNOON SESSION.

190 Prize	70c	160 Con. Vir.	25c
350 Navajo	3 70@3 65	1300 Potosi	1 70@1 65
140 Belle Isle	30c	565 H. and N.	2 65@2 70
150 Holmes	20	310 Alpha	1 25@1 40
400 Bodie	20	400 Sierra Nev.	2 40
90 Mono	60c	100 Belcher	1
180 Con. Pacific	25c	100 Utah	1 55
150 Ophir	1 45	900 Exchequer	45c
150 Mexican	2 15@2 10	75 Union	1 85
410 G. and C.	2 20	950 Alta	2 40
200 California	10c	100 Caledonia	15c
450 B. & Belcher	2 10	210 Benton	45c
1300 Chollar	2 60@2 50	50 Jacket	2 15
500 Savage	95c@90		

GIRLS IN ROUMANIA.—Roumania is famous for the facility of its divorce and the laxity of its morals. It is, however, not so generally known that the usage of the laxest society in Europe imposes the severest restraints upon the innocent social intercourse between the young of both sexes. A lady writing to us from Bucharest sends us the following dismal account of the way in which the