SAN FRANCISCO LETTER.

A KETTLE OF VERY BAD SMELLING POLITICAL FISH.

Some of the Frail Frailties of Political Manipulators—Their Dark Ways, Etc.

(Correspondence to the RECORD-UNION.)

SAN FRANCISCO, October 16, 1884.

For a week there has been but little excitement to break in on the dull monotony of a political campaign in which there is neither point nor square-cut issue. There was a bit of a ripple a few days ago when the papers announced that George Hearst had sold his Van Ness avenue mansion for $195,000, for a good many people got the idea that the *Examiner* had busted Uncle George at last; but that rumor proved untrue, and the real reason advanced for the sale was that Mrs. Hearst, feeling certain of George's election to the United States Senate, had ordered the old gentleman to take the first good offer, as she did not want the bother of a San Francisco establishment in addition to one in Washington. George was only too glad to sell. He is about as lonesome in a big fine house as

A PIUTE IN A PARLOR.

He sighs for the freedom of a frontier hotel, and his appetite yearns for the familiar bacon and beans of his early and later years, and it more delights his soul to stand in front of Schwartz' saloon and swap yarns with such old-time faro dealers as Jack Adams, than to caper gaily in my lady's chamber to the lascivious pleasings of the lute. George passes for a good fellow among the boys and the nomads of the saloons, but the enforced use of spittoons and pocket handkerchiefs makes the drawing-room irksome to him, and he breathes more freely than he has done for years when he added the $195,000 to his bank account and let the title deeds to the splendid old Graves mansion pass out of his hands. For a fact,

HEARST'S CHANCES FOR THE SENATE

Have begun to brighten up a little, and are not so bad if the Democrats should have a majority in the Legislature. I judge from the quality of stuff Mr. Buckley has given the citizens of San Francisco for Senators and Assemblymen and some inquiries I have made about them. Craig and Clunie, if elected, will probably go for Jim Farley; the remainder will go for the man with the longest purse, and that gives Uncle George a good show. Wallace is too close to spend a dollar, and trusts to his stump oratory to lug him through. Delmas has not got enough yet to buy one delegation—what he may have, with Dunn's assistance, if the railroad suits pan out, is another matter. Farley is sick and spiritless, and will probably make no active fight, and really there is nothing for the boys to depend upon but the Hearst sack. But—perish the dread thought—it has been whispered that Uncle George thinks that party services and his patient maintenance of the profitless Democratic organ should relieve his purse of the necessity of paying for the place. Such an un-Democratic idea is abhorrent to the rank and file here, and will deservedly be frowned down.

HELL MAY HAVE NO FURY

Like a woman scorned, but all the same I know that earth has no fury like the rage of the Democratic legislator who has been given to understand that there is money in a scheme, only to find that either there is none, or if there is any there is none for him. Uncle George will promptly be given to understand that it is easier for a rich man to go through the eye of a camel than for a Democrat to go to the United States Senate through the bare merit of party service.

In my last letter I had something to say about a combination between Buckley and Higgins to control beyond risk of election the patronage of certain offices. It has since leaked out that the conspiracy between the two is more more extensive in its ramifications than was at first surmised. Now it may be hard to prove exactly the terms of the agreement—that is, prove them in a manner satisfactory to a Court in case of libel suits—but it is known to those who go beneath the surface in politics what

A SHAMELESS BARGAIN

Has been made. Chris Buckley has agreed to give up Mayor Bartlett into the hands of his enemies. Incredible as it may seem it is part of a deliberate compact between Higgins and Buckley that Bartlett is to be beaten and Merry elected. Dozens of men know of it, and so certain are they that they will bet that Bartlett will run behind his ticket. Mr. Chris Buckley, who claims to be a Democrat, actually assents to the defeat of the head of the ticket. One might ask why did he put him there if he wanted him beaten? He put him there in the belief that his name on the ticket would disarm the force of the *Bulletin's* criticism. He put him there because he knew that Bartlett's name on the ticket would add strength to a dubious Board of Supervisors, and he and his lambs and repeaters had votes enough to beat Bartlett, while he wanted Bartlett's friends to help elect his lambs. "There will be

A HEAP OF GETTING EVEN

This election," said a young friend of Mr. Buckley to me the other day; "we have not forgotten that Bartlett knocked out Jim Flynn and gave the License Collectorship to Fogarty, and many of the boys will scratch his name, sure." But Boss Higgins is not to get his pliable tool, Merry, elected for nothing, for pliable tool of Higgins Merry is most assuredly. He went to Higgins for the nomination in an indirect way, got the indorsement of Claus Spreckels, who does politics with Mr. Higgins, and, what is more, Higgins knows just where he can use him. Higgins has to make a return to Boss Buckley, and the return is to be the election of Pete Hopkins Sheriff, and the slaughter of Higgins' nominee, Patterson. Another part of the contract is the defeat of Jacobs for County Clerk, and the election of Buckley's man, Flynn, and in return Buckley will slaughter Lowney and elect Higgins' man, Ruggles. Can this be done? you will ask. It can be done easily, unless the public take the matter in hand and give both the bosses a severe lesson. Between them, and including repeaters, etc., Higgins and Buckley have about 4,000 votes—more than enough to turn the balance in as close an election as this one promises to be. Really the

WORST PART OF THE BUSINESS

Is the moral effect of the election of Merry. Merry stands forth in San Francisco as the most impudent of all the men who dared to make an active fight against the Panama Canal. Every man connected with the foolish resolutions which Merry and Taber packed on to Washington stands convicted before reasoning people of being either a shallow-brained fool, or one having personal aims which he considers above the good of the whole community. The completion of the Panama Canal would add at least twenty per cent. to the value of every acre of wheat land in California, as it would cheapen transportation to Europe and the East that amount. Yet Merry and Taber, the twin resolution formulators of a little so-called mercantile clique, though "peddlers' clique," would more accurately describe their status, protested in the name of the Monroe doctrine against the Panama Canal, and carried their wordy protest to the floor of the Senate at Washington. It would almost appear that San Francisco indorses

MERRY'S BUNCOMBE RESOLUTIONS,

If he was elected Mayor, and that would be to stamp this community as foolish, short-sighted, narrow-minded, illogical and envious—all of which it is not yet, in spite of its Merrys and Tabers. It is the only claim of Merry's friends that he is the representative of the business men of San Francisco. That is partly true and partly false. The fact is that Merry does represent a class of men who buy and sell, but who are as much akin to real merchants as the Indian pony is to the thoroughbred race horse. They dislike to see fresh railroads built, because it may change the channels of trade. Their idea of business does not embrace anything less than absolute security, with a profit of at least 25 per cent. If a Chicago man comes along and cuts them out by offering to trade on a decent margin, they skip off to the railroad office and beg Stubbs to keep the Chicago man out by raising his freight. When they meet competition they run to the railroad for protection, and when the railroad declines to make them rich at the cost of the rest of the State

THEY MEET IN SOLEMN CONCLAVE,

And with owlish gravity pass ponderous resolutions that the railroad is a hateful monopoly, and has its clutch on the throats of the people, resolutions with as much vacuity as an empty vat and as little solidity. These petty peddlers have obstructed by their fatuous opposition every move made to benefit San Francisco and make her a metropolis. What they want is to have freights cheaper to their doors than anywhere else, that they can control the trade of the State, and, that failing, that everybody and everything is a fraud, in their opinion. They hate competing points as the old Puritans hated comic opera; they really despise the telegraph, and swear at quick transit. They began life as peddlers, and the strap of the pack encircles them still, and the smallest of the whole batch is Bill Higgins' candidate for Mayor, and, what is worse, likely to be elected by a dirty trick. What the Taxpayers' ticket will amount to remains to be seen. The Convention began well, and a good deal of faith is put in its work.

OBSERVER.

TEMPERANCE.

Action of the Presbyterian Synod on this Question.

At Saturday's session of the Presbyterian Synod of the Pacific the permanent Committee on Temperance submitted the following report, which was unanimously adopted:

The extermination of the liquor traffic by means of constitutional prohibition, or in any other approved way, is the greatest question now before the American people as an external reform in aid of the gospel.

Every town and hamlet is interested in it, every State is agitated by it, and soon this whole nation will be shaken by it as the trees of the forest are shaken by a mighty wind. Another irrepressible conflict is coming in the history of the United States of America, and the current of events is setting steadily and swiftly towards the impending crisis. Total abstinence from intoxicating drinks as a beverage has been settled as the only true principle of temperance, at least in this age and nation, and the absolute extermination of the traffic in these drinks is now the work to be done. This position is taken by the Christian Church of nearly all denominations. The Israel of God is committed to this reform. Without in any way entering the political field, the Churches of this country are committed to this reform. Our own General Assembly, after making a similar declaration, add the following:

They are now prepared to say of the traffic in intoxicating liquors, as Abraham Lincoln said of another evil, if this traffic be not wrong, nothing is wrong. We cannot believe that this attitude of the churches of our country is the result of fanaticism. We cannot believe that the spirit of God has given over His people to a delusion upon this subject. We are compelled to believe that in coming up to the high plane of total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors as a beverage, and of determined and irreconcilable hostility to the drinking saloon, as the sworn foe of all that is best and purest in our civilization, the Church of Christ is simply following the standard of her Divine leader. She can take no step backward. She hears in the word and in Divine Providence the command, "Speak to the children of Israel, that they go forward," and with unwavering courage and inflexible determination she will go forward to glorious victories over the great foe of God and man.—[Minutes 1884, p. 72.

Your committee would call attention of members of the Synod to the entire action of the last Assembly on this subject, and to the report of the Assembly's Permanent Committee, as showing the advanced ground now held by our church, and the zeal and energy with which our highest representative body is pushing this great reform.

The State of California will be the field of the hardest battle, and the Synod of the Pacific would do well to study carefully the special aspects of the temperance question presented in this westernmost border of Christian civilization. Our Sabbath law has been repealed by the Legislature solely at the demand of the liquor trade, and every law tending in any way to restrict the traffic is systematically disregarded. We have one saloon to every 100 of our population. In San Francisco, according to a report of that Presbytery, there is one saloon to every eleven voters. The drinking habits of the population and the political power of the saloons make the question of temperance a very difficult one. But there is one feature of California which may well make us pause if we expect in this State a quick and easy victory. This is a wine-producing State, and every year sees new vineyards started. Native wine is already looked upon as one of the staple products of California, and the people expect the wine trade will be far greater than now in a few years. The prospect is that California will become another France in the production of wine, and although, to the careless observer, an increased trade in wine seems like prosperity, to the serious man it is a dark cloud overshadowing the future of our State.

We would report the following resolutions:

1. That we cordially adopt the declaration of the General Assembly upon temperance as our expression upon this great subject.

2. We earnestly recommend the officers and members of our churches to avoid all complicity with the wine traffic, either in the production and sale of wine or in the raising of grapes for the purpose.

3. That the Permanent Committees on Temperance be requested to examine the relation of the wine traffic of California to the progress of religion, and report at next meeting of Synod.

4. That Standing Rule No. 12 be amended so that the Permanent Committee on Temperance shall hereafter be composed of one minister and one elder from each Presbytery, including the Chairman of the Committee on Temperance in each Presbytery.

5. That we recommend the Presbyterial Committee on Temperance to give diligent attention to this cause within their bounds, and especially to ascertain and report statistics of the liquor traffic and its attendant evils; and in this respect we would commend the Presbytery of San Francisco for its publication of a full report in pamphlet form.

6. That we heartily commend the Women's Christian Temperance Union for their earnest and successful work, and we join with them in their petition to the Evangelical Alliance to assign one day to the cause of temperance in the programme for the week of prayer in January, 1885.

7. That the Synod recommends the Presbyteries in our bounds to hold Temperance Institutes in connection with their regular meetings, as recommended by the General Assembly.

8. That the Synod recommends the Assembly's Permanent Committee on Temperance to the liberality of our churches and people.

IN THE LAST PEW.

She sits, bent o'er with wrinkled face,
Poor and forlornly old; no grace
Smoothes the sharp angles of her form,
Long buffeted by life's slow storm,
All else around is fine and fair:
The stained light falls a golden glare,
In seeming mockery on her loose gray hair.

The preacher, faultlessly arrayed,
Tells how our hearts afar have strayed,
And how all souls should be content
With these good blessings God has sent;
And one of all that self-poised throng
Hangs on his words nor deems them long,
And humbly thinks only her heart is wrong.

She meekly mumbles o'er the hymn,
Her eyes with age and tear-drops dim;
What can their gay world hold for her—
This worn and weary worshiper?
Now, rustling down the aisles in pride,
They toss bright smiles on every side;
Nor does she know the hearts such fair looks hide.

And still she sits with tearwet face,
As loath to leave that sacred place:
The organ, with quick thunders riven,
Lifts her sad, trembling soul to heaven:
She feels a sense of blissful rest,
Her bony hands across her breast
She clasps and slowly sighs, "God knoweth best."

One day, within some grander gate
Where kings and ministers must wait,
Where she hopes humbly for low place
Far from dear Lord's shining face,
Above the chant of heavenly choir
These words may sound with gracious fire;
"Well done, good, faithful servant, come up higher!"

Paint spots may be removed from any kind of clothing by saturating with equal parts of turpentine and spirits of ammonia.

IT IS SO EVERYWHERE.—E. B. Rall, drugist, at Hiattsville, Kan., has this to write about Allen's Lung Balsam: "It is the best selling throat and lung remedy, and gives general satisfaction. I cheerfully recommend it."

SUNDAY EASY CHAIR.

UNBELIEF.

There is no unbelief;
Whoever plants a seed beneath the sod
And waits to see it push away the clod,
He trusts in God.

Whoever says, when clouds are in the sky,
"Be patient, heart; light breaketh by and by,"
Trusts the Most High.

Whoever sees 'neath winter's field of snow
The silent harvest of the future grow,
God's power must know.

Whoever lies down on his couch to sleep,
Content to lock each sense in slumber deep,
Knows God will keep.

Whoever says "To-morrow," "The Unknown,"
"The future," trusts the Power alone
He dares disown.

The heart that looks on when the eyelids close,
And dares to live when life has only woes,
God's comfort knows.

There is no unbelief:
And day by day, and night, unconsciously,
The heart that lives by faith the lips deny,
God knoweth why!

—[Edward Bulwer Lytton.

At the annual meeting of the Congregational State Association of California in 1883, a paper was read upon "The Use of Creeds." After reading, it was referred to a special committee of prominent pastors of the denomination for consideration, and a report to be submitted by them at the meeting of the Association to be held at Stockton the present month. At the recent meeting of the Association the report was read, and concluded by recommending the adoption of the following form of Confession of Faith for use in admission to church membership:

We believe in one God, infinite and perfect, revealed in His word as the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit.

We believe in the Atonement by Christ, who, being God, became man and suffered to take away the sin of the world.

We believe in the renewal by the Holy Spirit, and in the forgiveness of sins, on condition of repentance toward God and faith toward our Lord Jesus Christ.

We believe in the Holy Scriptures, given by inspiration of God, and able to make us wise unto salvation.

We believe in the Holy Christian Church; the baptism of water; the supper of the Lord; the sacredness of the Lord's Day; the immortality of the soul; the resurrection of the dead, and the just recompense of the world to come.

A spirited debate upon the adoption of the report of the committee revealed the fact that while all present deemed it wise to have the main tenets of the faith held to by the denomination set forth formally in the records of each church in an explicit and somewhat extended manner, like that recently recommended by the committee of twenty-five, appointed by the National Association, the sentiment of a very large majority was in favor of greatly shortening the form of the Confession of Faith, and many were ready to adopt the extreme simplicity of the primitive Church. The spirit of the meeting will be best understood in the statement of the fact that the above Confession was regarded as wanting in simplicity and brevity, and was finally referred back to the committee, by about a two-third vote of the Convention, for further consideration, and the submission of another report at the meeting of the Association next year, which, it may be premised, will be shorter than the one here given.

In every man there are two faculties which constitute his life, the will and the understanding, to which all things appertaining to him have relation. The reason why there are two faculties in man which constitute his life is because there are two principles constituent of life in heaven, good and truth; good has relation to the will and truth to the understanding; hence it is evident there are two things which make a man spiritual and consequently blessed in the other life, charity and faith, for charity is good and faith is truth, and charity has relation to the will and faith to the understanding. To those two principles, good and truth, all the things in nature have reference, and thence exist and subsist. That they have reference to those two principles is manifest from the case of heat and light, heat having reference to good and light to truth; therefore also spiritual heat is the good of love and spiritual is the truth of faith. Since all things, even the minutest in universal nature, have reference to those two principles, good and truth, and good is represented in heat and truth in light, let every one judge what the quality of man is from faith alone without charity, or what is the same thing, from only understanding truth without willing good; does it not resemble the state of winter when the light is bright and still and all things are torpid because without heat? Such is the state of man who is in faith alone, and not in the good of love; he is in cold and darkness—in cold because he is contrary to good, and is in darkness because on that account he is contrary to truth; for he who is contrary to good is also contrary to truth, however he may seem to himself not to be so, since the one draws the other to its side. Such is his state after death.—[Swedenborg.

Communicating of a man's self to his friend works to contrary effects, for it redoubleth joy and cutteth griefs in halves; for there is no man that imparteth his joys to his friend but he joyeth the more, and no man that imparteth his griefs to his friend but he grieveth the less. So that it is, in truth, of operation upon a man's mind of like virtue as the alchemists used to attribute to their stone for man's body—that it worketh all contrary effects, but still to the good and benefit of nature. But yet without praying in aid of alchemists, there is a manifest image of this in the course of nature; for, in bodies, union strengtheneth and cherisheth any natural action, and, on the other side, weakeneth and dulleth any violent impression; and even so it is of mind.—[Bacon.

Leaving the constant discussion of how to reach the masses, the New York *Evangelist* says: "It is well known that there is a large class in our cities, belonging to the higher circles and literary classes of society, who have been alienated from the churches. These can be reached by courses of popular but scholarly lectures upon the great religious themes of the day. Such courses have been organized and carried out successfully in former years. It seems to us that a fruitful campaign might be waged in this direction."

Keep a rein upon all your passions—upon covetousness above all, for once that has you within its clutch, farewell forever to the light heart and the sleep that comes unbidden; to the open eye, that drinks in delight from the beauty and freshness and infinite variety of nature; to the unclouded mind, that judges justly and serenely of men and things. Enjoy wisely, for then only you enjoy thoroughly. Mar not your life with a hopeless quarrel against destiny.—[Sir T. Martin.

Our true knowledge is to know our own ignorance. Our true strength is to know our own weakness. Our true dignity is to confess that we have no dignity, and are nobody and nothing in ourselves, and to cast ourselves down before the dignity of God, under the shadow of whose wings, and in the smile of whose countenance, alone, is any created being safe. Let us cling to our Father in Heaven as a child, walking in the night, clings to his father's hand.—[Charles Kingsley.

The golden rule is sometimes taken as though it required us to rule our conduct toward other men by their wishes; to do this would often be a folly and a sin. It really requires us to rule our conduct toward others by what our wishes would be if we were in their place, and this is a very different matter. In other words, we are to make what we see are their real interests our own.—[Dr. Dale.

Earth is memorable for its hills and vales, memorable for its arts and learning, memorable for its orators and wise men and poets, but more wonderful for its having in its history the birthplace, and the teachings, and the life, and cross and tomb of Christ.—[David Swing.

We shall be made truly wise if we be made content; content, too, not only with what we can understand, but content with what we do not understand—the habit of mind which theologians call—and rightly—faith in God.—[Charles Kingsley.

A holy life is made up of a number of small things; little words, not eloquent speeches or sermons; little deeds, not miracles or battles; nor does one great heroic act of mighty martyrdom make up the true Christian life.

The avoidance of little evils, little sins, little inconsistencies, little weaknesses, little follies, little indulgencies of the flesh; the avoidance of such little things as these go far to make up, at least, the negative of a holy life.—[Bonar.

True bravery is shown by performing without witness what one might be capable of doing before all the world.—[Rochefoucauld.

Religion cannot pass away. The burning of a little straw may hide the stars of the sky, but the stars are there, and will reappear.—[Carlyle.

To an honest mind, the best perquisites of a place are the advantages it gives a man of doing good.—[Addison.

When the good man dies, the tears are shed which he in life prevented from flowing.

DEATH OF THE "RESCUE."

The Good Templars' Organ Suspends Publication—Cause Assigned.

At the meeting of the State Grand Lodge of Good Templars in San Jose last week it was decided, on recommendation of a special Investigation Committee to look over the acts of the Executive Committee of the Grand Lodge, to discontinue the publication of the *Rescue*, a weekly journal and organ of the Good Templars, which began its existence about twenty-one years ago. This step was a rather sudden one and somewhat of a surprise to the many who have watched its career to adult years. The explanation for the action as given out does not relate to the policy, or politics, or management of the journal under the retired editor, E. F. Dinsmore, and manager, Frank K. Lane. On the contrary, their work and the policy as directed by the Executive Committee is approved by the investigators. The assigned cause is that the journal is not needed; other papers now published, independent of the Grand Lodge, taking its place, making its continuance a useless expense. This Investigating Committee was composed of the following prominent Good Templars: W. H. Mills, of this city; Jesse Yarnell and M. F. Quinn, of Los Angeles; Rev. George Morris and H. W. Rice, of Alameda. It was appointed at the request of the Executive Committee, whose acts it was to investigate. The occasion for the appointment were certain charges of mismanagement, etc., brought by Captain A. D. Wood, a former editor, whose deposition about a year ago, at the time of a "split" in the Good Templar ranks, will be remembered. Mr. Wood at present is the publisher and editor of the *Patriot*, a journal also devoted to fighting the liquor traffic, and a rival of the *Rescue*. The committee's report failed to support the charges made, and exonerated the Executive Committee, but at the same time recommended the discontinuance of the *Rescue* for the announced reason as above stated. The Grand Lodge later re-elected the entire Executive Committee, with a single exception. Despite the explanation as given out, it is generally understood that if the *Rescue* had not declared, since the beginning of the campaign, in so pronounced a manner for "St. John and Daniel" and a third party, it would have been much more acceptable to the many good Republicans and Blaine men numbered among the Good Templars. Only two more issues of the paper will appear. There are nine other weekly temperance journals now published in the State. These, it is thought, will be sufficient to disseminate Good Templar doctrines without a special organ, thus affecting a saving of the annual appropriation necessary heretofore. Subscribers to the suspended journal will be supplied with some other—which one is not yet decided. It is asserted by the present management that the suspension can hardly be regarded as the outcome of any factional fight.—[San Francisco Bulletin.

PRESERVING WOOD FROM DECAY.—A plan recently introduced into Belgium for preserving wood from decay produced by the atmosphere, water, etc., is to fill the pores with liquid gutta percha, which is said to effectually preserve it from moisture and the action of the sun. The process employed consists in exhausting the air from the pores of the wood, and filling with gutta percha solution. In pouring the solution into the pores, the solid gutta percha is liquefied by mixing with paraffine; the mixture is then submitted to the action of heat, and the gutta percha becomes sufficiently liquid to be easily introduced into the pores of the wood. The gutta percha liquefied by this process hardens in the pores of the wood as soon as it becomes cold.—[Exchange.

ABIGAIL S. COLES, of Moorestown, Burlington county, N. J., says: "Eighteen months ago I had dropsy around the heart. The first bottle of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY gave me great relief. I feel I owe my very existence to HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY."

Madness can be prevented in dogs by inoculation. Chopping off the animal's head is another excellent remedy.—[N. Y. Graphic.

IF your complaint is want of appetite, try half a wine-glass of Angostura Bitters half an hour before dinner. Beware of counterfeits. Ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

They say dogs can't reason, but no one will doubt that a dog tries to reach a conclusion when he chases his tail.

A Safeguard.

The fatal rapidity with which slight **Colds and Coughs** frequently develop into the gravest maladies of the throat and lungs, is a consideration which should impel every prudent person to keep at hand, as a household remedy, a bottle of **AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.**

Nothing else gives such immediate relief and works so sure a cure in all affections of this class. That eminent physician, Prof. F. Sweetzer, of the Maine Medical School, Brunswick, Me., says:—

"Medical science has produced no other anodyne expectorant so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. It is invaluable for diseases of the throat and lungs."

The same opinion is expressed by the well-known Dr. L. J. Addison, of Chicago, Ill., who says:—

"I have never found, in thirty-five years of continuous study and practice of medicine, any preparation of so great value as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, for treatment of diseases of the throat and lungs. It not only breaks up colds and cures severe coughs, but is more effective than anything else in relieving even the most serious **bronchial and pulmonary affections.**"

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Is not a new claimant for popular confidence, but a medicine which is to-day saving the lives of the third generation who have come into being since it was first offered to the public.

There is not a household in which this invaluable remedy has once been introduced where its use has ever been abandoned, and there is not a person who has ever given it a proper trial for any throat or lung disease susceptible of cure, who has not been made well by it.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has, in numberless instances, cured obstinate cases of chronic **Bronchitis, Larngytis,** and even acute **Pneumonia,** and has saved many patients in the earlier stages of **Pulmonary Consumption.** It is a medicine that only requires to be taken in small doses, is pleasant to the taste, and is needed in every house where there are children, as there is nothing so good as AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL for treatment of **Croup** and **Whooping Cough.**

These are all plain facts, which can be verified by anybody, and should be remembered by everybody.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all druggists.

GENERAL NOTICES.

Before Breakfast

Always use SOZODONT and rub it in well. It gives such pleasant relief from parched tongue resulting from sleep, promotes the healthful secretions of the mouth. It will cost more for meat and such things, but don't begrudge it.
fe26-1yTuThS

Redding's Russia Salve is an invaluable dressing for cuts, burns, flesh wounds and cutaneous diseases. o11-1yTuThS

Burnett's Cocoaine Promotes the Growth of the hair, and renders it dark and glossy. It holds, in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized COCOANUT OIL, prepared expressly for this purpose. No other compound possesses the peculiar properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair. o1-1mTuThS

If afflicted with Sore Eyes use Dr. Isaac THOMPSON'S EYE WATER. Druggists sell it at 25 cents. o11-1yS

Fur and Sealskin Garments.—C. C. Shayne, the well-known Wholesale Fur Manufacturer, 103 Prince street, New York, will sell elegant Fur Garments at retail at lowest cash wholesale prices this season. This will afford a splendid opportunity to purchase strictly reliable Furs direct from manufacturer, and save retailers' profits. Fashion Book mailed free. s13-13tlawS

Advice to Mothers.—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. d15-1yMWS

Attend to it Now.

Kidney diseases should be checked at the outset. When they become chronic they are dangerous. Taken at once Parker's Tonic will prevent their development. au16-1tS

It is a Pardonable Thing

To covet good looks. Parker's Hair Balsam gives gloss, richness and wealth to the hair. Clean, pure. au16-1tS

E. Lamet, French Bakery, J street, between 12th and 13th. All kinds of Bread, Pies and Cakes. The only genuine French bread. o9-6m

Mrs. Ellen Cogar, Nurse, can be found at No. 820 Sixth street, near I. o7-1m

Medicinal Oxygen Administered by Mrs. DR. WILLIAMS. Room 3 (over Dale's), No. 627 J street. s20-1m*

"Aureoline!"—Hatche's Aureoline, or GOLDEN HAIR RENEWER, extra quality, **50c.** per bottle. For sale by all druggists. s22-1m*

Dr. La Mars' Seminal Pills cure all cases of Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Mental and Physical Vigor, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions and all disorders caused by Over-indulgence, Indiscretion and Abuse. Dr. La Mars' Pills are no mere Temporary Stimulant, but a completely Restorative Tonic. They build up the whole system, strengthen and restore the sexual organs, and give a new lease of life—with power to enjoy it—to all who experience the blessed benefits of their potent power. Price, $2 50 per bottle. Sent by mail on receipt of price, or by Express, C. O. D. Address all orders, A. MCBOYLE & CO., Druggists, San Francisco, P. O. Box 1952. jy31-3m

Dentistry.—J. V. Horner, Dentist, No. 515 Tenth street, bet. E and F, Sacramento. je27-1m

Go to Golden Eagle Oyster & Chop House, 616 K st., for Steaks, Chops, Large Eastern Oysters. Open day and night. ADAM DAMM, Prop. m14-1m

Lundborg's Perfume, Edna.
Lundborg's Perfume, Marechal Niel Rose.
Lundborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet.
Lundborg's Perfume, Lily of the Valley.
m8-1v

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

D. DeBERNARDI & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND SHIPPERS OF ALL KINDS OF
Fruits, Vegetables and General Produce.
Careful attention given to the Selection and Packing of Choice Fruits for distant markets.
Nos. 308 and 310 K street, Sacramento, Cal.
je10-1plm

W. R. STRONG & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS in
SEEDS, FRUITS & GENERAL PRODUCE
Proprietors CAPITAL NURSERIES, Sacramento, Cal. Seed and Tree Catalogues sent free on application. **Nos. 6, 8 and 10 J street, Sacramento.** s7-1

SACRAMENTO BRANCH
PACIFIC FRUIT COMPANY,
J. F. FARNSWORTH, Agent.
1006, 1008 and 1010 Second st., Sacramento
WHOLESALE AND COMMISSION DEALERS in California Green and Dried Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, Honey, Oranges, Produce, etc. Particular attention paid to the filling of orders for and shipments of all kinds of Fruits in their season. Principal office, 408 and 410 Davis street, San Francisco. ja5-1plm

A. MOOSER. S. GERSON.
S. GERSON & CO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND Dealers in
Imported and Domestic Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts, etc.,
NO. 220 J STREET,
Between Second and Third, Sacramento. jy2-1m

LYON & CURTIS,
(Successors to LYON & BARNES),
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS in
Produce, Vegetables and Fruits,
POTATOES, BEANS, BUTTER, EGGS, HONEY, POULTRY, ETC.
Nos. 117 to 123 J Street. je23-1ptf

EUGENE I. GREGORY. C. C. BARNES. FRANK GREGORY
GREGORY, BARNES & CO.,
(Successors to Gregory & Co.),
Nos. 126 and 128 J Street,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at lowest rates. je12-1f

LIQUOR DEALERS.

EBNER BROS.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES AND LIQUORS,
116 and 118 K st., bet. Front and Second, Sac.
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
POMMERY AND GRENO CHAMPAGNE.
je25-1plm

CASEY & CRONAN,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALER in
WINES AND LIQUORS.
PROPRIETORS EAGLE SODA WORKS.
No. 50 K Street.....Sacramento.
fe8-4ptf

A. H. POWERS & CO.,
—SUCCESSORS TO—
WILCOX, POWERS & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Liquor Dealers,
NO. 905 K STREET. [jy1-4ptf] SACRAMENTO

KNOW THE TRUTH!
A. J. POMMER, Sacramento:
DEAR SIR—This is to certify that the Domestic Sewing Machine received the only premium awarded at the State Fair of 1884. Also, a Silver Medal for Elegant Machine Embroidery. Very truly, EDWIN F. SMITH, Secretary.
See the Domestic Sewing Machine, 505 J street, A. J. POMMER, Agent. s30-4plm

SACRAMENTO
PLANING MILL
Hartwell, Hotchkiss & Stalker,
MANUFACTURERS OF
DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS, MOLDINGS. Finish Door and Window Frames, Brackets, Scroll Sawing and Turning. Stair Work a specialty. Corner of Front and Q streets, Sacramento. fe22-4plm

J. F. HILL,
Nos. 1301 to 1323 J street, Sacramento.
MANUFACTURER OF Carriages, Buggies, Express, Thoroughbrace and Quartz Wagons. Dealer in Oak, Ash and Hickory Lumber; Hubs, Spokes, Felies, Bows, Rims, Shafts and Poles. Manufacturer of the "LIGHTNING" HAY PRESS. Send for Catalogues. au25-1ptf

1884. STYLISH AND ECONOMICAL. 1885.
ARCADIA
Every yard warranted
VELVETEEN
Dry Goods Stores Sell it.
Sold by HALE BROS. & CO., at Retail; TEFFT, WELLER & CO., New York, at Wholesale.
o18-1t&wltn22

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Supervisors of Sacramento county, State of California, are prepared to redeem the following outstanding indebtedness of said county, viz: Bonds of 1870, known as "Court-house and Jail Bonds," authorized to be issued by Act of the Legislature, approved March 18, 1870, from No. 1 to 100, inclusive, for $500 each, and bonds of 1870, known as "County Hospital Bonds," authorized by Act of Legislature, approved January 27, 1870, No. 1 to 150, inclusive, and Nos. 159 and 160, for $500 each. Also, that interest on said bonds shall cease six months after the first publication of this notice. By order of the Board.

CHAS. M. COGLAN, Clerk.
Sacramento, May 24, 1884. m29-4p6m

PROBATE NOTICE.—IN THE SUPERIOR Court, State of California, county of Sacramento. In the matter of the estate of L. KREUZBERGER, deceased. Notice is hereby given that MONDAY, the 20th day of OCTOBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, and the Court-room, at the Court-house, in the city of Sacramento, county of Sacramento, and State of California, have been appointed as the time and place for proving the will of said LUCAS KREUZBERGER, deceased, and for hearing the application of CHRIS. EHMAN and GEORGE SERMONET for the issuance to them of letters testamentary thereon.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this 9th day of OCTOBER, 1884.

[SEAL.] CHAS. M. COGLAN, Clerk.
BEATTY & DENSON, Attorneys for Proponent. o10 td

TRUSTEES' ELECTION

—FOR—

Reclamation District No. 3, Grand Island

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN election for Three Trustees for Reclamation District No. 3, Grand Island, Sacramento county, California, will be held in the house of Williams & Bixler, at Walker's Landing, in said District, county aforesaid, on the 11th day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1884. By order of the Board of Supervisors of Sacramento county, made the 6th day of October, A. D. 1884.

CHAS. M. COGLAN,
o7-td County Clerk of Sacramento county.

PROBATE NOTICE—IN THE SUPERIOR Court, State of California, County of Sacramento. In the matter of the estate of OLIVER S. TERRILL, deceased. Notice is hereby given that MONDAY, the 20th day of OCTOBER, 1884, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, and the Court-room of said Court, at the Court-house in the city of Sacramento, County of Sacramento and State of California, have been appointed as the time and place for proving the will of said OLIVER S. TERRILL, deceased, and for hearing the application of WILLARD HAZEN for the issuance to her of letters testamentary thereon.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 8th day of OCTOBER, 1884.

[SEAL.] CHAS. M. COGLAN, Clerk.
BEATTY & DENSON, Attorneys for Petitioner. o9-10t

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I HAVE purchased the Butcher Business from Sang Wo Hing Kee, at 315 I street, between Third and Fourth, and will conduct it in first-class style. Give me a call. I will not pay any bills against the old firm. [o9-2w] SAN WO CHONG KEE.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—ESTATE OF GEORGE GREINER, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Executrices of the estate of GEORGE GREINER, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary affidavits or vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to the above-named Executrices, at the office of HOLL & BUCKLEY, attorneys, 601 I street, Sacramento city.

JOHANNA GREINER and MARGARTHA GREINER, } Executrices.
Dated September 20, 1884.
HOLL & BUCKLEY, Attorney for Executrices. s20-1awlawS

SUMMONS.—STATE OF CALIFORNIA, county of Sacramento, ss. In the Superior Court, in and for said county. The People of the State of California to GEORGE S. SAGER, greeting. You are hereby notified that an action was commenced in the Superior Court of the county of Sacramento, State aforesaid, by filing a complaint in the Clerk's office of said Court, on the 3d day of OCTOBER, 1884, in which action JENNIE SAGER, is plaintiff and you are defendant. That the general nature of the action, as appears from said complaint, is as follows: To obtain a decree of this Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of willful desertion; also, for seventy-five dollars for attorney's fees and costs of suit, all of which is more fully set forth