HOME AND ABROAD.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE EXTRA SESSION OF THE SENATE.

Fifteen Men Drowned—Republican Gains in New York—Delaware Senatorship—Foreign Items.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

DOMESTIC NEWS.

Extra Session of the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 9th.—After reading the journal, the Chair laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of State, being a notice that he (Bayard) had forwarded to the Legislature of Delaware the resignation of his position as Senator. Also a communication from the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney-General, notifying the Senate of their acceptance of Cabinet positions, and requesting the President of the Senate to notify the Legislature of their respective States.

The credentials of Blair as Senator to fill the temporary vacancy were laid before the Senate and read.

Vest moved that they be referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. Lost.

Hoar offered a formal resolution that the oath be administered to the Senator from New Hampshire, and asked unanimous consent that it lay over until to-morrow. Granted.

The resolution offered Friday making inquiry of the Secretary of the Interior in regard to the issuance of patents to the "Backbone" road was laid before the Senate.

After a few brief personal interchanges between Van Wyck and Teller in regard to the matter, the Senate adjourned.

Thousands of Would-be Nashys.

WASHINGTON, March 9th.—Postmaster-General Vilas is the most overworked of all the members of the Cabinet. There are 50,000 postoffices in the United States, and there are on an average twenty applicants for each office. The mails to-day brought in thousands of applications for appointment, and personal visitors presented 1000 more. So great was the rush of personal presentations that five men were detailed from the other offices to assist the clerk and assistant clerk of the First Assistant Postmaster-General to handle the papers. The mail clerks are at work to-night arranging their respective budgets. Vilas saw all callers that it was possible to meet, but made no promises regarding the distribution of the postoffice patronage. Applicants for office will do well to remember that neither the President nor the heads of the Departments will make any changes until they have had a slight opportunity to become acquainted with the duties of their several offices, and to know something of the merits or defects of the several establishments for which they are responsible. Candidates for office whose means are limited will do well to postpone a visit to Washington for at least sixty days.

The San Francisco Postmastership.

WASHINGTON, March 9th.—Ex-Representative Tully has withdrawn from the contest for the Collectorship of the Port, and now wants to be Postmaster at San Francisco. Tully's withdrawal narrows the contest down to a fight between English and Jesse D. Carr, both of whom are here working like beavers. It is understood that Tully's influence will go to Carr, and the latter's friends claim that he has the better chance of securing the prize. Tully's friends say that he will certainly be the next Postmaster. Friends of all parties insist that there is not the slightest doubt that the present incumbents of both offices will be removed before the expiration of their term of office, President Cleveland's recent expressions regarding the Tenure of Office Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Republican Gains in New York.

ALBANY, March 9th.—The *Evening Journal* presents a table showing the Republican gains by counties in the elections already held this year in this State. In the counties named, embracing full three-fourths of the State, the Republicans elect 574 Supervisors, the Democrats 401; a net Republican gain of 43. The Democrats controlled 16 Boards in 1884, and but 11 this year, while the Republicans have increased from 29 in 1884 to 34 in 1885. The Republicans gain Broome, Dutchess, Herkimer, Kings, Lewis, Seneca, Steuben and Sullivan counties. They lose Erie, Rensselaer and Ulster. Leading Republicans estimate that the party vote as exhibited in these elections is some 20,000 larger than it was last fall.

The Railway Strike.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.), March 9th.—Judge Krekel, of the United States Court, has ordered Marshal McGee to proceed immediately to the Kansas City to quietly and protect the property of the Wabash Railroad, it appearing to be in danger from the strikers. The Wabash, being in the hands of a receiver appointed by this Court, is under its jurisdiction. General Manager Hoxie, of the Missouri Pacific, has asked Governor Marmaduke to call out the militia to suppress the strike at Sedalia. The call will not be issued unless disorder arises that cannot be suppressed by the Sedalia authorities.

ATCHISON (Ks.), March 9th.—The situation of the Missouri strikers is generally unchanged. Sunday night the strikers took possession of several passenger trains, and refused to let more than the engine and a mail car go through. This programme was continued until noon to-day, when Superintendent Fagan took the bold stand that the company was not required, under the Federal law, to carry mails on other than regular passenger trains with a full complement of coaches, and gave positive orders that the mail car should not go out without the regular coaches attached. Major John M. Crowell, Postoffice Inspector, then appeared on the scene, and warned the strikers that under such a construction of the law the strikers would be liable for stopping mail matter. This occasioned a hasty consultation, and it was finally agreed to let all the passenger trains go through hereafter, and they are now running regularly. This is regarded by some as a weakening on the part of the men, although there was a meeting this evening and a resolution adopted to hold all freight engines.

Lights and Shades of the Mormon Question.

NEW YORK, March 9th.—Rev. Dr. Oakley said in his sermon yesterday: "Other nations ridicule us because we tolerate Mormonism, but it is an unmixed evil, and is harder to deal with for that reason. Most of its converts come from benighted parts of other lands. The missionaries tell them nothing of polygamy, but dwell on the beautiful country and city of the Saints. They pay their passage and send them over here by shiploads, and when here they are taught polygamy; the wife is told that it is her duty to aid her husband by her thrift toward a position where he will be able to take a second wife, and thus every noble, womanly feeling is crushed out. We are apt to think Mormon society is the scum of all villainy; but, on the contrary, they have no criminal class, polygamists excepted. A thief or swindler is unknown, and such a thing as an idle man, woman, or child is never seen. No people are more faithful to each other. Their missionary contributions put all other denominations to shame. They say: 'We believe in our religion, and prove this by our giving.' What the United States ought to do is not to put an end to the Mormons altogether, but only to fight their objectionable features. If these are ended, Utah will become one of our States. There is wheat with the tares. While the objectionable feature of their religion lies open, they say, with too much truth, that the same sin is worse in its hidden workings in such a city as this. They are free from intemperance, a source of much more misery than Mormonism can produce. Sin lies at our own door, and we must not soothe our consciences by decrying the iniquities of Salt Lake City while we overlook those of New York."

The Pugilists.

CHICAGO, March 9th.—Paddy Ryan and Jack Burke, pugilists, met to-day, and "Parson" Davis, as Burke's backer, covered Ryan's deposit of $500 for a fight for $2,500 a side, time and place not agreed on, though Butte, Mont., is suggested. In reply to a telegram from Richard K. Fox, of New York, Ryan to-day sent a dispatch saying he would fight John L. Sullivan after his match with Burke. He stipulates that the fight shall be for $5,000, with hard gloves, to a finish, under the new London rules, the winner to take the championship belt as his property.

The Delaware Senatorship.

NEW YORK, March 9th.—The *Herald's* Wilmington, Del., special says: The State Legislature will to-day receive the resignation of Bayard. His successor will not be chosen until two weeks hence. The election is likely to be the most exciting since that of 1871. It is feared it may result in the disruption of the Democratic party. Attorney-General Gray cannot be elected without a determined fight. Congressman Lore and ex-Congressman Martin have not hesitated to say they want the Senatorship, but until very recently Gray has appeared indifferent. Gray is one of Bayard's closest personal friends, but persons very well acquainted with the new Secretary of State assert that the latter will absolutely take no part in the contest.

Fire and Loss of Life.

STEUBENVILLE (O.), March 9th.—This evening a fire was discovered in the United States Hotel. The fire was confined to the hotel and adjoining block. These were entirely destroyed. The east wall of the hotel fell with a terrible crash, killing Andrew Bickerstaff, a fireman. Mrs. Mossgrove, wife of the proprietor of the hotel, was lying ill when the fire broke out, and she was carried from the burning building insensible. Loss, $135,000; insurance, $47,000.

PEARLINGTON (Miss.), March 9th.—The residence of Mrs. Jane Snapps was burned last night, while the lady was at church. Three boys—the oldest 11 years—perished in the flames.

Alliterative Burchard to be Retired.

NEW YORK, March 9th.—The committee on Murray Hill church reported to the New York Presbytery that it is proposed to retire Rev. Dr. Burchard as pastor emeritus on a salary of $500 a year, to make room for a younger and more energetic pastor, and that both Dr. Burchard and the congregation accepted the position. Dr. Burchard is the author of the famous alliteration of "Rum, Romanism and Rebellion."

Children Burned to Death.

DURANT (Mich.), March 9th.—Three colored children were burned to death Saturday. The parents had locked them in the house while they attended a logrolling. Two white boys were badly burned in trying to relieve the burning children.

Decision in a Right of Way Case.

ST. LOUIS, March 9th.—In the case of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company against the St. Louis Bridge and Tunnel Company, Judge Lubke, of the Circuit Court, to-day decided that the telegraph company has the right of way over the bridge for its wires, as long as it does not interfere with the rights of the public to the use of the bridge.

The New York Postmastership.

NEW YORK, March 9th.—Notwithstanding the efforts of business members, irrespective of party, to retain Postmaster Pearson, in which they are supported by the principal Republican and Democratic papers, there is understood to be a strong element among the County Democracy under Thompson to get possession of the postoffice machinery. A deputation is waiting on Cleveland, who has yet made no sign.

The Coming Eclipse.

NEW YORK, March 9th.—The *Herald* hopes that Pacific coast astronomers will improve the occasion of the sun's annular eclipse on the 16th of March, for observing the sun's inner corona spectroscopically, as was successfully done during the annular eclipse of 1872. California, Montana and Idaho will be crossed by the line of the annulus. The September total eclipse will be invisible almost exclusively in the South Pacific Ocean.

Schooner Lost and Fifteen Men Drowned.

GLOUCESTER (Mass.), March 9th.—The fishing schooner Solomon Poole has been lost, with all on board—fifteen men.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Russia in Central Asia.

LONDON, March 9th.—Late advices show that there can be no doubt that Russia is rapidly concentrating her troops in central Asia. Active dislocation or breaking up of smaller scattered and unimportant military posts is progressing. Additional guns and men are being sent to central Asia, and troops are moving in from the Caucasus.

Encamped on Persian Territory.

TEHERAN, March 9th.—Sir Peter Lumsden, British Commissioner on the Afghan frontier question, and his surveying party, have encamped at Zurabad, on Persian territory.

Disturbed Money Markets.

NEW YORK, March 9th.—A Paris special to the *Herald* says: The Bourse has been very unsettled, owing to fears that England may be dragged into war with Germany or Russia. The fall in English consols was followed by a fall in French securities. However, as consequence of the pacific speech of Granville, and the news from Tonquin, consols rose again and French securities went up in sympathy. These combined causes had such a reassuring effect on the market that the Credit Foncier determined that its émission should be made immediately. There was further advance in Suez—that stock on the reported conclusion of Egyptian financial arrangements and the Bourse grew buoyant, thanks to the prospect of business reviving.

BERLIN, March 9th. Exchange was very excited during last week. Political events did not produce the same inquietude as in London, but the large London sales and the general London contractions not only reacted on the Berlin market, especially on Russian values, but also on shares of the Austrian Creditanstalt, and Berlin discount and business had to suffer, the former indirectly through the unsatisfactory balance of the latter.

House of Commons.

LONDON, March 9th.—In the House of Commons to-day the Under Secretary for the Foreign Office read a letter from Granville concerning the recent colonial controversy with Germany. Granville says he has "good reason to hope that this friction will soon be a thing of the past." The letter was received with cheers. John Coleridge Kinnard (Conservative) will ask whether the Government awarded a large contract for cartridges to an American firm without a due consideration of prior claims of British manufacturers.

The Royal Visit to Ireland.

LONDON, March 9th.—The programme of the visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to Ireland is published. They will reach Dublin April 8th. A levee, ball and banquet will take place in Dublin. They then go to Conigmore, as guests of the Earl of Listowel, remaining until the 19th, meantime visiting Cork, Curraghmore and Killarney. They attend the Punchestown races. Belfast, Londonderry and Barranscourt will then be visited on the 25th they will cross from Belfast to Scotland by the Stranraer route. The Freemasons will arrange the Grand Lodge in the Prince's honor. It is proposed to open a subscription throughout Ireland to meet the expenses of a fitting reception.

The French Loss.

PARIS, March 9th.—General Briere de Lisle telegraphs to the Government that his loss during the two days' fighting to relieve the French garrison at Thuyenquan was 66 killed and 135 wounded. The garrison itself lost 50 killed and 20 wounded. Thirty French officers were among the killed.

Services Over the Remains of Dr. Cahill.

LONDON, March 9th.—When the remains of Rev. Dr. Cahill were brought to Dublin last evening, where they were met by the Lord Mayor with deputations from the trades and religious bodies, 10,000 persons took part in the procession and an additional 20,000 filled the quays. The coffin, shrouded in an American flag, was temporarily deposited in Arran Quay Chapel. Bands playing dead marches were in the procession. The public funeral will take place to-day. All through the funeral ceremony the Lord Mayor was groaned and hissed at by the crowd, and was obliged to leave the procession and take shelter in the Mansion House, where he afterwards entertained the American deputation at dinner.

Dissension and Famine Among the Rebels.

KORTI, March 9th.—A messenger from Kordofan reports a rising against the authority of Mahdi's uncle. There is great dissension and famine among the rebels. Mahdi has gone to Abbas Island, 130 miles above Khartoum.

THE SMALLEST ENGINE IN THE WORLD. An engine, said to be the smallest in the world, has been made by a watchmaker now connected with a watch manufacturing company. As described, the engine is of the upright pattern, and is made of steel and gold. It rests on a 25-cent gold piece, and can be worked either by steam or compressed air. The cylinder is a little less than 1-16 of an inch in diameter, with a little less than 3-32 of an inch stroke. The balance wheel is 1-3 of an inch in diameter, and can make something like 1,000 revolutions a minute. The wristpin is a sapphire cut for the purpose.—[Philadelphia Press.

Major Ernst, in a recent interview, gave the average cost of improving the Mississippi below St. Louis a $85,000 per mile, and that an expenditure of $1,000,000 per year is most economical. At this rate the cost of the improvement to Cairo will be $17,000,000 and the time 17 years.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The increase of the British army will be 15,000 men.

The British North Pacific and Australian fleets will be re-enforced.

A strike of 55,000 miners against a reduction of wages is threatened in England.

The English Government does not regard North Borneo as under the British sovereignity

First Assistant Postmaster-General Crosby has resigned, and his resignation has been accepted.

The Italian men-of-war Dondolo and Conte Cavour, with six Italian torpedo vessels, have arrived at Port Said.

The Court-martial to try ex-Surgeon-General Wales met in Washington yesterday, and adjourned till April 14th.

The liquor stores were open almost generally Sunday in New York, and the policemen paid no attention to the violations of law.

A dispatch from Korti says that the rear guard of General Buller's troops arrived at Korti from Gakdul in a terribly fatigued condition.

Ex-Lieutenant-Governor Johnson, of the *Alta California*, arrived in New York Friday with his wife, and left Saturday evening for Washington.

It is said that General Grant and the proprietors of the *Century* have "fallen out," and that another firm will publish the General's forthcoming book.

The transports on the way to Suakim, with the guards, etc., are detained at Suez, awaiting General Greaves' report regarding the water supply at Suakim.

A mysterious disease, which seems to be a species of cholera, has broken out in Lancaster county, North Carolina, and has already found many victims.

Three mills at Laflin & Rand's powder works, four miles west of Newburgh, New York, exploded yesterday morning, killing two men and severely injuring another.

All classes in London are satisfied with the determined attitude of the English Cabinet, and there is a remarkable and reassuring display of loyalty throughout the country.

President Barrios, of Guatemala, has issued a decree proclaiming a union of Central America as one republic, and to realize the same has assumed supreme military command.

The transactions of the leading clearing-houses during the past week amounted to $751,295,010, showing a decrease of 32.7 per cent. in comparison with the corresponding week last year.

The following nominations were yesterday made by the President: Charles S. Fairchild, of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; John C. Black, of Illinois, Commissioner of Pensions.

The Archbishop of Canterbury makes public expression of a desire to hold religious services in memory of General Gordon in Canterbury Cathedral, St. Paul's and Westminster Abbey, next Friday.

The bread riot was suppressed by the police at Cracow, Russia, yesterday. A great number of poor and unemployed workingmen gathered in front of a rich man's castle in the suburbs of Cracow, and made great disturbance, demanding work or bread. The police arrested a hundred rioters.

Colonel Nelson Davis, located in Chicago, who is next in rank to General Sacket, will succeed the latter, and on assuming the duties of Senior Inspector-General of the Army will take the rank of Brigadier-General.

Andrew Carnegie, the Scotch millionaire of Pittsburg, has received a bad snub. He was ambitious to attain that political recognition in London which it is in the power of the Reform Club to confer. He felt sure of admission, but he was unmercifully blackballed.

Advices from the west coast of Africa state that the Germans hauled down the British and hoisted the German flag at Victoria, an English mission town, at the head of Ambas Bay, adjoining the Cameroons territory. While the English Consul protested against the action his opposition was unheeded.

A thief entered the room of General Morris, at the Sterling House, Bridgeport, on Saturday, and stole two pocket-books, a watch and chain, a seal of the Order of Cincinnati, and a number of valuable papers and correspondence from the new Secretary of State, Bayard, for which the General offers $1,000 reward.

A specie broker on Wall street Saturday bought 100,000 trade dollars to send to China, paying for them 84 cents, which is 16 cents less than they were a short while ago. It is said that over half a million dollars is in the hands of two firms which bought them, supposing Congress would in the end redeem the pieces.

The silver men at Washington say that the fight on the silver question at the next session of Congress will surpass any contest that can take place on the tariff. They say that the issues are already clearly defined, and that the gold-bugs, having control of the Treasury Department, will drive silver to the wall if they can.

The President again held open house yesterday, and received a large number of visitors, including Congressional delegations from several States. In order to devote attention to official matters requiring action at the present special session of the Senate, it is probable that the President will have to deny himself to visitors for a few days.

Chairman Wilson, of the Executive Committee of the general railroad passenger agents, telegraphs to Director-General Burke: "All roads have conformed to your wishes, and from Quebec to Portland, Or., and all intermediate points excursion tickets to New Orleans and return are available at rates of one cent per mile or less."

The advance of the English in Soudan beyond Sinkat will not be extended until autumn. The intention is to encamp the main body at Sinkat during the hot weather, the site selected being 4,000 feet above the sea-level and three days' journey from Suakim. A successful battle with Osman Digna will have to be fought before the camp can be safely established.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

At a recent meeting of the Board of Officers of the Third Regiment, N. G. C., it was decided not to parade on the 17th.

General Phineas Banning died Sunday morning at the Occidental Hotel. He founded the town of Wilmington, Los Angeles county, and built the railroad from Wilmington to Los Angeles.

John Foster, while fishing off Long Bridge Sunday, was almost pulled into the water by something at the end of his line. With the assistance of by-standers, a young shark five feet long was at last pulled in.

The steamer City of New York arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama on Sunday, after a passage of 25 days from the former port and 16 from the latter. She brought 16 European passengers in the cabin and 450 Chinese in the steerage.

The internal revenue collections in the San Francisco District for the week ending March 7th were as follows:

Beer	$7,965
Spirits	23,397
Tobacco	11,208
Miscellaneous	1,957
Total	$44,527
Same week last year	49,009

Charles Meyer, who arrived in this city from China about three months ago, was found to be ill at the What Cheer House Sunday night, and taken to the City Receiving Hospital. There physicians pronounced the disease to be small-pox. In the results of their diagnosis Police Surgeon Dennis disagreed. He found the man to be suffering from measles, but, rather than be too certain, he sent for Health Officer Meares and the Post-house wagon. Dr. Meares concurred with Dr. Dennis, and countermanded the order for the wagon. In the meantime the man rests easy, and time will settle the mooted question as to which disease he has—measles or small-pox.

THE GROWTH OF LUXURY.—The stories told of the festivities in certain French and English fashionable houses, reads like the descriptions one finds in novels or in the annals of the social life of Rome, when the empire was in its splendor. At a festivity given at a chateau in France, a hidden orchestra discoursed most enchanting music, and with the dessert a troupe of beautifully dressed girls appeared from behind the curtains and danced round the table, offering fruits and flowers to the guests. At another house the shooting party was surprised on arriving at the lodge at which they were to lunch to find it converted into a banquet hall, where the fair hostess and her lady friends were on hand to attend to the sportsmen, elaborately costumed as waiting women. The orgies at some of these high-class entertainments are such as could not well be described in a family paper.—[Demorest.

COMMERCIAL.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

SACRAMENTO, March 9th.

FRUIT—Lemons, Sicily, $6@6 50 ₱ case; Limes, $1 75; Bananas, $2 25@3 50 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $6@9 ₱ dozen; Cocoanuts, $7@7 50 ₱ 100; Apples, 90c to $1 ₱ box; Los Angeles Oranges, $1 50; Riverside do, $2@2 25, Navel do, $4@4 50.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 50; assorted, gallon cans, $4; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $1 75; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75; Capital Asparagus, $2 25 ₱ dozen cans.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 3½@4c ₱ lb; do quartered, 3½@4c; Pears, peeled, 5@5c; do unpeeled, 4@5c; Plums, pitted, 9@10c; Peaches, 10½@11c; do peeled, 19@20c; Prunes, German and French, 7@10c; Blackberries, 10@11c; Figs, California, 5@6c ₱ lb.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $2 10@2 15; Peaches, $2 50; Bartlett Pears, $2 40; Plums, $1 90@2; Blackberries, $2 15; Gooseberries, $1 90; Strawberries, $2 75; Apricots, $2 15; Muscat Grapes, $2; Red Currants, $2 40; Cherries, $2 60@2 75.

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, 50c@$1 50; Salt Lake Potatoes, $1 50; Early Rose do, $1 15 ₱ ctl; Celery, 60c ₱ dozen; Onions, $2 50@3; Cabbage, 60@75c; Carrots, 50@60c ₱ 100; Turnips, 75c; bunch vegetables, 12½c ₱ doz; Parsnips, 1c; Beets, 75c; Horse Radish, 6@8c ₱ lb; Garlic, 10@11c.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $4 35 ₱ barrel; Oatmeal, $4 25 ₱ 100 lbs; Cornmeal, yellow, $2 @2 15; white, $2@2 15; Cracked Wheat, $2 15@2 40.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 17@18c ₱ lb; dressed, 20c; full-grown Chickens, $5 50@6 50 ₱ dozen; Young Roosters, $5 50@6 50 ₱ dozen; Broilers, $4@5; tame Ducks, $6 50; Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair; Eggs, choice lots, 17@19c ₱ dozen.

GAME—Hare, $1 75@2; Rabbits, $1@1 50; Quail, $1@1 20; Mallard Ducks, $3@3 50 ₱ dozen; Teal, $1@1 50 ₱ dozen; Spring, $2@2 50 ₱ dozen.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, choice, 21@23c ₱ lb; mixed lots, in rolls, 20@21c; Cheese, California, 12@13c; Western flats, 16@17c; Marin's Cream, 17@18c.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Oat hay, $12@15 ₱ ton; Alfalfa hay, $9@10 ₱ ton; Bran, $14 ₱ ton; Middlings, $16 ₱ ton; Barley, whole, $1 15 ₱ cwt; ground, $1 15; Wheat, $1 40 ₱ cwt; tame Oats, $1 50; white Wild Oats, 1 50 ₱ cwt; Corn, $1 25 ₱ cwt for choice.

MEATS—Beef, 7@8c; Mutton, 5½c ₱ lb; Pork, 8@8½c; Veal, small calves, 9@10c; large, 8@9c.

MISCELLANEOUS — Seeds — Alfalfa, 18c; Timothy, Eastern, 6½@7½c ₱ lb; Oregon, 6@7c; Pea, 3½@4c ₱ lb; Red Clover, 12@13c; Red Top, 7@9c. Nuts—English Walnuts, 8@9c; California Walnuts, 9½@10c; Almonds, 12@13c; Peanuts, California, 5½@6c; Lard (California), cans, 16c; Eastern, 11@15c; Hides, salt, 1 50@2 50; Calfskins, 7c; heavy, 9c; dry, 16½c; Tallow, 5c; Hops, in the absence of any particular movement prices may be nominally quoted at 20@22c.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9th.

FLOUR—We quote: Best city extra, $4 37½@5; medium, $3 75@4 25; shipping, superfine, $2 75@3 75 ₱ bbl.

WHEAT—The tone of the market this morning was somewhat easier. But little, if any, business is being transacted, so that while quotations are either marked up or down 2½c ₱ ctl, it is no indication that sales are being negotiated at such figures. Offerings are light for any movement of consequence, even if buyers were disposed to operate, which they are not just at present. Nominally quotable at $1 27½@1 30 ₱ ctl.

Call sales to-day were as follows:

Buyer season—100 tons, $1 28½; 200, $1 28; 100, $1 27½; 200, $1 27½; 200, $1 27½; 200, $1 27½; 100, $1 27½.

Buyer season, city—100 tons, $1 27½.

Buyer less—100 tons, $1 26½; 100, $1 26½; 100, $1 26½ ₱ ctl.

BARLEY—Choice Feed is firmly held at 95c, while ordinary qualities as a rule command 90c ₱ ctl. Trade is not very extensive, but stocks are light and the market favors the selling interest. Brewing is unchanged at $1 02½@1 12½ ₱ ctl.

Call trading to-day was moderately active. Sales were as follows:

Buyer season—100 tons, 98½c; 100, 99c; 700, 99½c; 600, 99½c; 200, 99½c.

Buyer 1885—200 tons, $1 02½; 200, $1 03 ₱ ctl.

OATS—Light jobbing trade. We quote: Surprise and Milling, $1 30@1 40; No. 1, $1 15@1 20; No. 2, 90c@$1; off grades, 75c@$1; Black, $1@1 10 ₱ ctl.

CORN—Prices are unchanged. Quotable at $1 05@1 10 for large Yellow; small Yellow, $1 15@1 20; White, $1 10@1 15 ₱ ctl. Poor lots are quotable at 90c@$1 ₱ ctl. Nebraska is quotable at $1 10 ₱ ctl.

HAY—Alfalfa, $8@11; Wheat, $10@15; Oat, $8@12; Barley, $7@11; Mixed, $7@9 ₱ ton.

HOPS—Quotable at 10@12c ₱ lb.

RYE—From $1 10 to $1 15 ₱ ctl will embrace all business.

BUCKWHEAT—Quotable at $1 25@1 50 ₱ ctl.

POTATOES—Wharf rates are: Early Rose, 85@90c; River Reds, 75@80c; Petalumas, 90c@$1; Garnet Chile, 50@55c; Peerless, 65@85c; New, 2@2½c ₱ lb; Humboldt Red, $1 10@1 15; Peachblows, $1 10; Sweet, 50@75c Oregon Burbank Seedlings, $1@1 10 ₱ ctl.

ONIONS—The old range is maintained, say, $1 50 to $3 ₱ ctl for fair or choice.

BEANS—We quote prices as follows: Bayos, $2 50@3; Butter, $1@1 35; Pink $1 60@1 75; Red, $3@2 12½; Lima, $1 40@1 50; Small White, $1 25@1 65; Pea, $1 50@1 90 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Trade fair. We quote job lots as follows: Asparagus, 60@90c; Rhubarb, 8@10c ₱ lb; Tomatoes, $1 75@2 ₱ box; Sprouts, 2@3c ₱ lb; Artichokes, 30c ₱ dozen; Cucumbers, 40@$1 50 ₱ dozz; Carrots, 50@60c; Turnips, 50@60c ₱ ctl; Beets, 40@60c ₱ ctl; Parsnips, $1 ₱ ctl; Cauliflower, 30@50c ₱ dozen; Cabbage, 50@60c ₱ ctl; Garlic, 7@8c ₱ lb; Celery, 50c ₱ dozen; Dried Peppers, 12@18c ₱ lb; Green Corn, 10@12c ₱ lb; Green Peas, 4@8c ₱ lb; String Beans, 20@25c ₱ lb; Dried Okra, 15@25c ₱ lb; Marrowfat Squash, $8@10 ₱ ton; Hubbard Squash, $5@8 ₱ ton.

FRUIT—Small consignments of Strawberries were received this morning, selling at 50c ₱ basket. Oranges sell well. We quote as follows: Apples, 75c@$1 for common, and $1 25@2 ₱ box for good to choice; Lemons—Malaga, $4 50; do Sicily, 85@3 50; do, California, 50c@$1 ₱ box; Tree Oranges, and $1 50@2 for Sicily and Mexican times, $12@13, California do, 50c@$1 25 for small boxes; Oranges, California, $1 25@1 75 ₱ box for common $1 50@1 75 for Riverside, and $1 50@1 75 for Navel; Bananas, $1 50@3 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $5@6 ₱ dozen; Cranberries, $18@25 ₱ bbl.

BUTTER—Fancy brands are a shade steadier. We quote as follows: Fancy, 20@21c; choice, 18@19c; good, 17@18c; fair, 15@16c; mixed lots, 11@14c; pickled roll, good to choice, 13@18c; firkin, 15@17c for good to choice, and 12@14c for ordinary to fair; Eastern, 12½@16c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—Quotable at 11@12c; inferior grades, 6@9c; Eastern, 17@18c; Western, 12½@15c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Continue to improve in price, though the advance is somewhat slow. Quotable at 17@18c ₱ dozen.

POULTRY—We quote: Live Turkeys—gobblers, 16@18c; hens, 20@21c; dressed, 17@22c ₱ lb; Roosters, $5@6 for old, and $6 50@7 for young; Hens, $6@8; Broilers, $5@6, as to size; Ducks, $7@8 50 ₱ doz; Geese, $2 25@2 75 ₱ pair.

GAME—Dull of sale. We quote: Hare, $1@1 25; Rabbits, $1 for small and $1@1 25 for Cottontail; Mallard Ducks, $3@3 50; Canvasback, $3 50@4; Sprig, $1 25@1 50; Teal, $1 25; Widgeon, $1@1 25; small Ducks, 75c; Grey Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair; White Geese, 50@75c ₱ dozen; Brant, 50@75c ₱ dozen; Honkers, $2 50@3; English Snipe, $1 50@2 75; common do, 50@75 ₱ dozen.

WOOL—No good stock to operate on.

FRESH MEATS—Following are rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers: Beef—First quality, 7½@8½c; second quality, 6½@7c; third quality, 5½@6c ₱ lb. Veal—Quotable at 8@11c ₱ lb. Mutton—Wethers are quotable at 5@5½c ₱ lb, and Ewes at 4½@5c ₱ lb. Lamb—Quotable at 10@12c ₱ lb for Spring. Pork—Live Hogs, 4½@5½c for hard grain Hogs on foot; dressed do, 6¼@7½c ₱ lb.

EASTERN AND FOREIGN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 9th.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour is dull and Wheat steady.

WOOL—California is steady at 9@10c for fall burry, and 12@18c for clean fall; spring burry, 10@15c; clean spring, 15@25c; pulled, 25@33c.

HIDES—California are firm at 21c.

SUGAR—Cuba Centrifugal, $5 30.

CHICAGO, March 7th.

WHEAT—7½c for March, 75c for April, 7½c for May and 81½c for June.

SHORT RIBS—$6 45 for March.

LIVERPOOL, March 7th.

WHEAT—Quiet. California spot lots, 6s 8d to 6s 11d; off coast, 51s 6d to 3ls 9d; just shipped, 35s; nearly due, 31s 6d; cargoes off coast and on passage, rather easier.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK SALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9, 1885.

MORNING SESSION.

Ophir	25c	Chollar	1 95
Mexican	35c	B. & N.	4 95@5
G. & C.	80c	Belcher	70c
B. & B.	1 05	Navajo	40c
Potosi	35c	Union	50c
C. Con. Va	45c	Bodie	2 25
Savage	1 30	Con. Pacific	1
Peerless	30		

AFTERNOON SESSION.

G. Prize	35c	Point	70c
Navajo	1 05	G. & C.	80c
Holmes	5	Alpha	70c
Bodie	2 25	Belcher	70c
Bulwer	25c	S. Nev	35c
Syndicate	45c	B. & Y.	1 10
Opair	25c	Mono	1 35
Mexican	40c	Savage	1 75
Confidence	80c	Chollar	1 90@1 95
Union	50c	Potosi	90c
Benton	50c	B. & N.	5 00@5
Paradise Valley	1		

WORK TO DO.—Many a young woman is suffering from depression and ill-health solely because she has no work that calls out the best there is in her. The daily dull routine, whether of housework or of society, becomes intolerable because there is no sufficient motive to inspire her with enthusiasm. She feels capable of accomplishing a great deal if she only knew how to set about it, but it is so hard to strike out and begin for herself, she shrinks from the effort and grows less liable to make it the longer she puts it off. But a beginning once made, the rest is comparatively easy. One need not go out of one's neighborhood, and need not go out of one's family to begin a new life; there is plenty to call forth your best efforts. A circulating library, a reading club, an organization for mutual improvement, once started, may be a nucleus that shall grow till it embraces every element required to inspire and feed the growing youth and stimulate them to high and worthy achievement. He or she who can look upon such a work as the result of enterprising and persevering labor has a consciousness noble and satisfying.—[Exchange.

The San Jose Common Council has imposed a license on roller-skating rinks of $250 per week.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Van Fleet, Judge.

MONDAY, March 9, 1885.

People vs John Smith, perjury—Defendant sentenced to nine years in the State Prison at Folsom.

People vs. Woods and Campbell, robbery—Defendants withdraw their former plea of not guilty, and plead guilty. Ordered to appear on Thursday for sentence.

People vs. D. M. Burns, embezzlement—On trial.

In the matter of J. C. Glover, in insolvency—Order entered discharging assignee.

C. W. Gammon vs. His Creditors—Opposition to discharge in insolvency filed. Ten days to answer.

In the matter of H. McCann, in insolvency—Petition for discharge of insolvent, and petition for order setting aside personal property for use of the insolvent, granted.

Estate of Terry McMorry, deceased—Application for order to sell personalty granted.

Estate of James Locey, deceased—Decree entered that due notice to creditors has been given.

Estate of E. Cadwalader, deceased—Final account approved and ordered settled.

Estate of — Nichols, a minor—Petition for order of sale of personal property granted.

Estate of Edward Dove, deceased—Final account heard, and petition for distribution granted.

Estate of Luke Kreuzberger, deceased—Order entered making family allowance of $100 per month.

Estate of Wm. Timmons, deceased—Petition for distribution granted.

Estate of Van Vechter, deceased—Continued.

Estate of John H. Wilson, deceased—Improperly on calendar.

Estate of W. E. Beebe, deceased—Continued for two weeks by consent of administrator and heirs-at-law. Attorney for contestant allowed to take papers.

Estate of John Williams, deceased—Order entered that due notice to creditors has been given.

Estate of — Lefavor, deceased—Mary T. Lefavor appointed administrator; bond, $2,000. Appraisers—A. Leonard, J. A. Lefavor and Ed. Kennedy. Notice to creditors in RECORD-UNION.

Estate of Theodore Maas, deceased—Hearing of final account set for hearing March 16th.

Department Two—McFarland, Judge.

Thomas McCants vs. E. N. Bush et al.—Demurrer overruled.

James Shain et al. vs. W. P. Coleman—Judgment entered in favor of plaintiff.

Sarah Elliott vs. Rebecca Thisby—Case dismissed.

Thomas McCants vs. E. N. Bush et al.—Demurrer overruled; ten days to answer.

C. Shone vs. Levi Darrington—Demurrer overruled.

Swamp Land Reclamation District No. 407 vs. William Wilcox—Demurrer overruled; twenty days to answer.

Swamp Land Reclamation District No. 407 vs. L. C. Ruble—Demurrer overruled; twenty days to answer.

Richards & Knox vs. Chas. H. Shear et al.—Motion to strike out amended complaint denied.

Rose H. Hepps vs. J. Caples et al.—Demurrer overruled; ten days to answer.

SYMPATHETIC.—"Oh, dear," sighed a farmer's wife wearily, as she dropped into a chair after a hard day's work, "I feel just as if I was going to be sick. My head throbs, and my back aches dreadfully, and—" "By gosh," interrupted the farmer, starting up and seizing his hat, "that reminds me. I forgot to give the two-year-old colt his condition powders tonight, an' he's been a wheezin' all day," and he hurried to the barn.

PLAYING A WOODEN HARP.—Two Frenchmen, the brothers Forre, have invented a new kind of harp, made entirely of wood. Instead of strings, the inventors use strips of American fir. The sound is produced, as in the ordinary harp, by the contact of the fingers, but the player wears leather gloves covered with rosin. The tone of the instrument is said to be of remarkable purity.—[Demorest.

SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE.

J. W. Graham, Wholesale Druggist, of Austin, Tex., writes: "I have been handling DR. WM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS for the past year, and have found it one of the most saleable medicines I have ever had in my house for Coughs