DAILY RECORD-UNION

THURSDAY.....MAY 21, 1885

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

In New York yesterday Government bonds were quoted at 121⅞ for 4s of 1907; 112¾ for 4½s; sterling, $4 87½@4 89½; 103¼ for 3s; silver bars, 107.

Silver in London, 48 15-16d; consols, 99 7-16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 4s, 124⅝; 4½s, 113¾.

In San Francisco Mexican dollars are quoted at 84@84¼ cents.

The stock market in San Francisco yesterday was livelier, but very irregular, some shares holding up to previous rates and some declining a little.

Fourteen buildings were destroyed by fire in Whatcom, W. T., yesterday morning.

Samuel P. Holmes killed Professor J. W. Youmans and fatally wounded Mrs. Holmes and her sister, Mrs. W. J. Tighe, at Paris, Tex., Monday night.

In a battle between two families at Hickory Grove Church, in Florida, Sunday, all of the participants were killed or wounded.

The registration bill was passed in the English House of Lords yesterday.

Gladstone will soon introduce a land purchase bill for Ireland in the House of Commons.

Louis Francis murdered Selina Fehol, his mistress, in New York yesterday morning.

The Porte has rescinded its recent orders for war material.

The entire Russian fleet will be reviewed by the Czar in June.

Admiral Jouett has returned to Aspinwall from Carthagena, having been unable to arrange terms of peace between the insurgents and the Colombian Government.

Victor Hugo's right lung is congested, and his condition is hopeless.

A 6-year-old girl was dangerously burned in Yreka by her clothes taking fire.

Captain W. E. Miller was found dead in his cabin Tuesday, about fifty miles east of Fresno.

Fire in Merced; loss, $1,000.

Several of the most important posts of the Hudson Bay Company, in the Northwest Territory, have been destroyed and plundered by the Indians.

Ex-Minister Wallace has been decorated by the Sultan of Turkey with the Grand Cordon of Medjdie.

Ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen died in Newark, N. J., yesterday afternoon.

Commodore Truxton, of the Norfolk Navy Yard, allows no political discussions in the yard, under pain of dismissal.

The grasshoppers are destroying everything in their path in portions of Merced county.

A five-hour battle occurred at Annenin, San Salvador, Tuesday, between the revolutionists and the Salvadorian army, the former being routed.

Emperor William is again indisposed.

A gunboat, with police and marines, has gone to the Isle of Skye, to arrest Crofters.

Baldwin's Rapido easily won the three-quarter-mile heat race at Louisville yesterday.

The opposition to Zach Montgomery's appointment as Assistant Attorney-General continues in Washington.

An International Sanitary Conference has been opened in Rome.

The Confederate Soldiers' Home, near Richmond, Va., was formally dedicated yesterday.

The trouble between Sheriff Paul and the Papago Indians in Arizona has been amicably arranged.

The railroad fare from San Francisco to Stockton has been reduced to fifty cents.

Archbishop Alemany was presented in San Francisco yesterday with another purse, this one containing $8,000.

A general strike for unpaid wages has been fixed for Monday on the eastern division of the Canadian-Pacific Railroad.

Two deaths from cholera occurred yesterday at Marseilles, France.

NAILED TO THE CROSS.

A short time ago we quoted from the San Francisco *Chronicle* an infamous innuendo, amounting almost to a charge direct, that the officers of the Anti-Debris Association, meaning such men as Rideout, Bingham, Sexey and Ohleyer, were guilty of taking bribes to betray the interests they represent. We urged upon the association to "hunt it down." Immediately the local evening paper, which never loses an opportunity to distort and misrepresent, and does not hesitate to fortify its distortions by unblushing falsehood, seized upon the article as a text for a vulgar and baseless assault upon this journal. It wholly ignored the *Chronicle* libel, and purposefully; and quoted a pitiful libel—too weak and vague for reply—upon this paper from an obscure sheet in San Francisco employed to do dirty work. In that article it misrepresented with malice prepense what this journal said, by declaring that what we asked to be hunted down were "certain impressions and common talk concerning some journals in connection with the anti-debris contest"—a flat lie, as we demonstrated on the 14th inst., and as we show at the conclusion of this by reproduction of the original article. We now invite the intelligent reader's attention to the following parallel columns, and the remarkable change of view they demonstrate, as also the villainous misrepresentation in which the evening paper revels. [All italics are ours.]:

[From the RECORD-UNION of May 14th.] HUNT IT DOWN.	[From the Evening Bee, May 15th.] HUNT IT DOWN YOURSELF!
The San Francisco *Chronicle* says, "The chief difficulty at the present stage of the anti-debris controversy is and not that miners get out of jail on writs of habeas corpus, but that five out of every six miners have paid no attention to the injunction served in *the* impression is general that those who *have* the mandate of the *anti-debris contest*, and it calls upon the Anti-Debris Association to "demand Association—that they the scandal down." We buy immunity. *It is foul to see what business it common talk that no complaints of the Anti-Debris Associations have been prosecuted, except those which refused to pay blackmail, and that any hydraulic company which was willing to settle with the anti-debris association could go on.* The organs of the Hydraulic Miners' Association *cry out against the injustice of the anti-debris association without molestation.* This is not true, as individuals, the point to which the hydraulic Supervisors of Yuba County have made charges against the hydraulickers, county had better direct Supervisors of Yuba tine to make charges their attention. There is vagueness enough in this to avoid the charge. But there is enough in it to put somebody on the defensive. We have already put such a question to one person, and expressed the belief that he would be able to prove the charge. Common talk of that character is, nine times out of ten, common lying. There have been charges made some most absurd, such as that all such statements; some charges be squarely met. Therefore we say which have been given the amounts supposed that if any persons have been paid by companies or organizations way of bribery and corruption are prepared to have to report of journals, but formulate charges of corruption on the part they have not merited even such notice as this, of the Anti-Debris Association since they bear their citation, the columns of refutation upon their pages are open to the public. But here is a publication and *thereby* prominence to "impressions" *charges. The San Francisco* talk, and common *Chronicle*, a leading paper, *has dignified the Anti-Debris Association in vague assaults upon the a position to demand proofs, or at least to hunt* by a quasi editorial in- *the scandal down.* It is dorsement. Now let us very hard to prove a see whether the Hy- negative in such cases, draulic Miners' Association, but comparatively easy tion, or any responsible to force the affirmative individual or company to come out of the dark interested in hydraulic shifting place of "they mining, can furnish for say" and make itself publication in the *Bee* a manifest. *The friends of specific charge or specific valley interests are entitled proofs of corruption on to know if there is even a the part of any anti-debris spark of fuel beneath this organization.* * * * * * * * * *smoke of "common talk," and if any of their agents or attorneys have offered palms to be salved with gold.*

[From the Evening Bee of May 20th.] LET US HAVE THE FACTS. The organs of the Hydraulic Miners' Association and Marysville *Appeal, these are matters foreign to the subject.* * * * * As to the alleged payment of $5,000 to the SACRAMENTO RECORD-UNION and Marysville *Appeal, these are matters foreign to the subject.* * * * *

Here, then, is unblushing confession by the evening paper of its own mendacity.

To recapitulate:

1. May 13, 1885, morning—The RECORD-UNION called attention to a libel by the *Chronicle* upon the anti-debris managers, and advised that the shameful lie be hunted down.

2. May 13th, evening—The *Bee*, in its eagerness to assail this journal—for which it entertains malevolent envy—for giving that counsel, which it misrepresented as is above shown, seized upon the opportunity to meanly lug in the libel of the San Francisco *Report*, and mendaciously attempt to lead the reader to suppose we had asked the Anti-Debris Association to hunt down the lie concerning the RECORD-UNION.

3. May 20th, in the year of Grace 1885 with its vilification of the 13th just a week old, the *Evening Bee* strangles its fated offspring, takes back its utterance of the 13th, "We fail to see what business it is of the Anti-Debris Association," and cries "Let us have the Facts." In other words, it sneaks into the path of the RECORD-UNION and feebly follows its advice to hunt down the *Chronicle's* charge.

If there is a man, woman or child of ordinary intelligence who cannot see herein an exhibition of journalistic mendacity and back-track walking on the part of the evening sheet, that individual is entitled to the pity of the public.

A DEMOCRATIC BLUNDER.

It did not need the telegraphic news agency to inform the people of California of the peculiarities of Zach Montgomery, a recent appointee of the Administration. Little remark was made concerning him when the rumor of his possible nomination to a place of trust closely related to the Bureau of Education was received, for the people were unwilling to believe that the head of any Government department would really put such a man in such a place. Zach Montgomery is a soured man. The one especial object of his hatred is the public school system of the country. There is no language too strong for him to use in condemnation of it. He has been its persistent assailant for years, and has not hesitated to declaim against it as a monster of wrong, immorality and degeneracy. If the Democratic party can afford to hang its hopes upon such appointments as that of Zach Montgomery the Republicans can stand the infliction, since the certainty of its redounding to the disgrace of the dominant party is impressed upon them. It is said that President Cleveland is looking up Zach's record regarding his enmity to the school system, with a view of saving the party from the punishment such an appointment insures. Cleveland, evidently, is a very much shrewder man than his Cabinet officer, Mr. Garland.

THE re-election of Gen. John A. Logan to the United States Senate is announced after the hottest and longest legislative contest on record. A remarkably even division of party strength in the Illinois Legislature—a tie—brought about a situation in which party fealty was stretched to its utmost. The Republicans were finally reinforced by an unexpected change in sentiment of voters selecting a legislator to fill a vacancy in the Legislature. A heretofore Democratic district pronounced in favor of Logan, and sent up a Republican representative. The Democrats were taken by surprise. Over-confidence digged the pit into which they fell. The country will approve the election of General Logan. It gives to the Senate a member of broad legislative experience, of unimpeachable integrity and great bravery and firmness of character.

ENGLAND has 3, France 6, Italy 1, Germany 3, China 2, Russia 3, Denmark 1, Holland 1, Chile 2, Japan 1, Brazil 1, Greece 2 monster ships-of-war, any one of which, it is shown by diagrams in the *Herald* of the 10th instant, can rest at anchor off Coney Island, cover the approach of a score of lesser ships, and shell New York, Brooklyn, Jersey City, Hoboken, Williamsburg, and the intervening towns, in which are massed $6,000,000,000 of destructible values. Which facts occasioned General Grant, sick as he is, to rouse up and say to a reporter: "The defenses of New York harbor are utterly inadequate, as well as those of other seaboard cities. There is certainly a very great necessity for the building up of the United States navy."

WHOEVER has had the perseverance and time necessary to follow and note the progress of the quarrel between the *Examiner* and *Alta*, of San Francisco, rival leaders of the Democracy, must be impressed with the strength of the position of the *Alta*. It is no longer upon the defensive. It assaults, and with vigor. It is always a healthy sign when a partisan journal has the courage to rise to the task of criticising its own party. The "organ" is without strength. It never dares to take issue with the party managers. It is forced to do the bidding of the bosses, and none understand this better than the newspaper readers of the day.

WE admire the answer given to the New York *Herald* by Lieutenant W. L. Field, late flag officer of the Asiatic squadron: "What can be done to relieve the metropolis from its defenseless condition?" "Get proper guns, or remove the city further inland." There's a solution of the whole matter, concise, to the point and brilliant.

"WHEN lack specific facts to make your mud slinging effective, indulge in generalities of abuse; when you are cornered and scored as you deserve, sneer and retort that the other fellow is mad. When you fear to make a direct charge, repeat the lie of another and hypocritically add that you don't for a moment believe it. In this way you may manage to vomit forth your venom, and yet escape the consequences of a libel." Such may be considered the code of refined slander. It's contemptible, to be sure, but what matters that to the adherents of the code? There is a good deal of this "method" in the press of the day. It is momentarily effective, but terrible in its reactionary results, when the thoughtful reading public, which rarely errs, makes up and pronounces its judgment.

SAN FRANCISCO has a new scare. It now develops that a part of Laurel Hill (Lone Mountain) drains into Lobos creek, from which the city draws, in part, her water supply. One of the Supervisors, admitting the fact, remarked that it had thus far no bad effect. How can he establish that? On the contrary, the proofs of science are all against him.

WHEN a lie is rammed down the infinitesimal throat of envious littleness to rollick in the starved bowels of journalistic jealousy, there results usually an outcry that testifies to the effectiveness of the dose administered.

CONTEMPORARY EXPRESSION.

THE "New South"—new in industry and thrift and business enterprise—is no longer a promise, but a fact.—[Milwaukee Wisconsin.

THE fault with most of the books used in the schools, particularly of United States history, is that they are too dry and chronological. They resemble lists of animals as compared with stories and lively descriptions of the animals themselves.—[Indianapolis Journal.

THE conditions of modern life are calculated to encourage melancholy. There is no such thing as reasonable placidity for the most of men. There is haste everywhere—haste and anxiety and over-exertion, and consequent excess in pleasures.—[Milwaukee Sentinel.

HOME HAPPENINGS.

DEATH OF EX-SECRETARY FRELINGHUYSEN.

General Grant—The Brooklyn Bridge Jumper—Pacific Mail and the Railroads.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

The American Turf—A California Horse Winner Again at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 20th.—The sixth day's meeting of the Louisville Jockey Club was attended by a large crowd, and the sport was the finest and most enjoyable of the meeting. The weather still remains pleasant, and the track is in prime condition. The event of the day was the race for the Clark stake, in which Joe Cotton, the Derby winner, was beaten by Biersan and Troubadour. It was a day of surprises, and bookmakers were heavy losers.

The first race was three-quarter-mile heats. The first run resulted in a dead heat for Mona and the California horse Rapido, Leama second, Ultimatum third. Time, 1:16. The second heat was won by a nose by Rapido, Aleck Anent second, Ultimatum third, Mona being eighth. Time, 1:16¼. Only Mona and Rapido started in the third heat, the California horse winning it in a gallop. Time, 1:17¼. Mutuals: Rapido, straight, $67 60; place, $25 70; Mona, $9 50.

The interest of the day was centered in the second race for the Clark stake, one and one-quarter miles, for 3-year-olds. Joe Cotton (Henderson), Biersan (Murphy) and Troubadour (Stovall) started. Cotton was the favorite, though Biersan and Troubadour sold well up in the pools. Biersan set the pace and took the lead, keeping in front for a mile. Troubadour here began his run, and led the trio down toward the stretch, and he looked the winner; but Murphy gave Biersan the whip, and ran in a length ahead, Troubadour second, Cotton third, two lengths behind. Time, 2:09¼.

The third race, mile dash for 3-year-olds, Banana won, Lady Wayward second, Powhattan third. Time, 1:44.

The fourth race, one and a half miles, Vanguard won, Thistle second, Artino third, W. R. Woodward (the favorite) fourth. Time, 2:41.

AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 20th.—The attendance to-day was large, and the track in splendid condition and fast. The three-quarter mile dash Burch won, Eva B. second, Bill third. Time, 1:17. The mile dash for three-year-olds Tecumseh won, K. Hareford second, Maggie J. third. Time, 1:45¼. The half-mile dash for two-year-olds Biggonnette won, Quito second, Bess third. Time, :49¾. The mile and an eighth dash Windsail won, Marmaduke second, Gem third. Time, 1:59½. The mile and a quarter dash for all ages Frank B. won, Lide Stanhope second, Chanticleer third. Time, 2:12.

Zach Montgomery's Appointment.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—The *Post's* Washington special says: The friends of Montgomery allege that the California opposition to his appointment proceeds from the railroad faction, which does not desire to have so strong an antagonist as Montgomery in a position to interfere with their land grants.

When Charles Crocker was shown the above he laughed heartily and said: "I didn't know till an hour ago that Montgomery was seeking an office, and don't know now whether he is an anti-monopolist or not. You may say that as far as our railroad is concerned, we have not, and will not, offer any opposition to his appointment. I'm not a politician, and don't propose to say anything more about the matter."

A prominent Californian, who desired that his name should not be mentioned, said: "Zach Montgomery will never get that position. I understand Secretary Garland, who was formerly a schoolmate of Montgomery's, is urging his appointment. There is not a man on the Pacific coast more universally disliked. He is bitterly opposed to the public school system, was a rank secessionist, and is totally unfit to fill such an important office as Assistant Attorney-General."

Officers Resigning.

WASHINGTON, May 20th.—L. J. Miles, Indian Agent at the Osage Agency, has resigned. The following-named Receivers of Public Moneys have also resigned: Hiram T. Childs, at Bodie, Cal., and Jerome Knox, at Lakeview, Or.

No Politics in the Norfolk Navy Yard.

WASHINGTON, May 20th.—Commodore Truxton, Commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard has directed the foreman of the shipsmiths and foreman of the laborers at the yard to deny, over their signatures, the statement that they were members of the recent Democratic City Convention at Norfolk, or be discharged. The Commodore has prohibited political discussions in the yard, and says that any employe who takes a conspicuous part in politics will lose his position.

Pacific Mail and the Railroads.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—Kiernan's News Agency sent out the following this P. M.: An important meeting of the Pacific Mail Directors was held at noon to-day at Russell Sage's office. C. P. Huntington was present, and made a proposition to reduce the subsidy paid by the railroads to $85,000 per month. This was fully discussed by the Directors, and partly agreed to. This is a compromise by both parties. With the old amount of subsidy, less the rebates, the steamship company received but $76,200. The new agreement will give them net returns of $85,000. J. B. Hueston, President of the Pacific Mail was seen by your reporter a few moments after this news reached the brokers' offices. "It is rumored that you have reached a settlement. Is it true?" asked the reporter.

"We have made no agreement whatever," said Hueston, curtly.

"Is there any prospect of one to-day?" persisted the reporter.

"Not that I know of," said Hueston, walking hastily away.

The brokers in Hueston's own office admitted that the matter was virtually settled, and expressed surprise at the Pacific Mail accepting a reduction of $10,000. As the reporter approached C. P. Huntington's room, Jay Gould was seen hurrying into the private office. Huntington could not be seen, and his secretary refused either to deny or affirm the report. It is generally believed in Wall street that the long-standing trouble has been finally settled. Some surprise is felt at the result, as up to last Saturday both the railway and steamship Directors declared they would not yield an inch. Pacific Mail has advanced one point.

The Press on Logan's Success.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—The *Sun* tenders General Logan its compliments. It says: It has been a hard fight. Logan has won by superior generalship.

The *World* upraids the Illinois Democrats for bad management, party jealousies and general demoralization, and concludes: After all, Logan is a splendid representative of the Republicanism of Illinois.

The *Times*, one of the Administration papers in New York, angrily denounces Logan with all its last year's bitterness, and declares that he represents very little except sturdy Republican partisanship, is strong in sympathy with the feelings retained from the time of the war by the Republican party, and a compact, closely-organized political machine, constructed in strict accord with the method of the spoils system.

Among Republicans, outside of the Mugwump camp, there is general rejoicing. Not the least noticeable feature of the contest was the good feeling which prevailed throughout between Logan and Morrison, founded on their soldierly sympathies and mutual respect.

The *World* says: In the early days of the war Morrison and Logan fought side by side, and there is something pathetic in the fidelity which has since held them together in spite of party differences.

The Brooklyn Bridge Foolishness.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—The body of Robert E. Odlum, who jumped from the Brooklyn bridge yesterday and died from the effects, remains at the undertaker's. An autopsy will be made this afternoon, although really not needed, a superficial examination of the body showing plainly the cause of death. Five ribs are broken on the right side, and it is evident that the heart was fatally affected by the force with which his body struck the water. No warrants have been issued by the Coroner for the arrest of any person connected with the affair.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

NEW YORK, May 20th.—To-day James Hoggarty, who accompanied Odlum on his mission to the fatal jump, was arraigned in the Brooklyn Police Court on a charge of aiding Odlum to commit an act endangering the latter's life. Another charge against him is outraging public decency in aiding it. The accused was committed to jail without bail for examination.

ODLUM'S CONFIDENCE.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—The *Mail and Express* reports an interview with Odlum yesterday before going to his fatal leap off the Brooklyn bridge. He said: "It is impossible that I shall fail. I jumped 110 feet under a great disadvantage. I shall be about two and one-half seconds descending, and shall be perfectly composed. My feet will be drawn close together. One hand will be held straight in the air, the other close to the side. With the upper hand I shall guide myself, so as to descend straight and upright. On striking the water my feet will cleave it, and I shall go directly downward."

"But suppose you lose your equilibrium?"

"I would double myself into the shape of a ball and strike the water without injury to myself. I can easily do this while passing through the air."

Ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen Dead.

NEWARK (N. J.), May 20th.—Mr. Frelinghuysen died at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon.

SYMPATHY OF THE PRESIDENT AND CABINET.

WASHINGTON, May 20th.—Upon receipt of intelligence of the death of ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen, Secretary Bayard telegraphed Mrs. Frelinghuysen as follows: "The President and his Cabinet have just heard with deep sensibility of the death of your honored husband. Accept from each and all of us expressions of sincere sympathy and condolence."

THE EX-SECRETARY'S LAST HOURS.

NEWARK, May 20th.—The funeral of ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen, who died this evening, will take place on Saturday. Frelinghuysen was unconscious all day, and passed away quietly, dying without a struggle. His bedside was surrounded by his entire family. He died in the stupor throughout which he has lain during most of his illness.

A Good Night's Rest.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—General Grant had a good night. He slept eight hours. General Grant said this morning that it was the best night's rest he had had in quite a long time. He speaks and acts bright this morning.

USUAL SEMI-WEEKLY CONFERENCE OF DOCTORS.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—The usual semi-weekly conference of doctors took place this afternoon at General Grant's house. The General was examined, and the doctors found no marked change. Some part of the swelling below and behind the ear has subsided, and less pain is the result. Since Sunday the General has experienced none of the pains that last week centered at the ear. Both physicians referred to his excellent rest of last night.

The Mail Service Between San Francisco and Portland.

WASHINGTON, May 20th.—Second Assistant Postmaster-General Knott has ordered a discontinuance of the steamship mail service between San Francisco and Portland, Oregon. After the 15th proximo the mails between these points, with the exception of registered matter, will be sent over the Oregon and California Railroad and California and Oregon Railroad, which will be connected by a stage line of about twenty-three miles in length. The present schedule between San Francisco and Portland allows ninety-three hours for the trip, while the new service is expected to put the San Francisco mails into Portland in fifty-six hours, and also reduce the expenses for this service by $22,000 per annum.

The Chiricahua Affair Reported to the Indian Bureau.

WASHINGTON, May 20th.—Acting Commissioner Stevens, of the Indian Bureau, to-day received the following dispatch from Indian Agent Ford at the San Carlos Agency, Arizona: "Four Chiricahua chiefs, with about fifty of their bucks, all under military control, left the reservation from near Fort Apache, on Sunday night, going south, presumably for Old Mexico. Troops and Indian scouts are in pursuit. It has no effect upon my Indians here. They are about their homes and farms as usual, and are thoroughly loyal."

The Revised Old Testament.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—Our bookstores are preparing for a great demand for the revised Old Testament to-morrow. The memorial edition is uniform with the edition of the New Testament distributed four years ago. So far the issue has been well guarded, no copies being obtainable. Enterprising journalists have exhausted their efforts to get a copy. It is stated the revision will put into the hands of ordinary readers certain qualifications of the authorized text which heretofore furnished preachers with abundant sermon material, but that it will replace the old version, at least in our generation, is not anywhere believed. The *Jewish Advocate* says it is strange, if accuracy was the object chiefly desired, that no representative of the Roman Catholic Church was invited to assist, and still more remarkable that no invitation was extended to a Jewish scholar.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—Stocks irregular and dull, but generally firm throughout the first hour. The first prices were ⅛ lower for Grangers, Lake Shore and Union Pacific, ¼ higher for Western Union, and ⅛ higher for New York Central, while Lackawanna and Pacific Mail were unchanged. The result of the hour's business is a slight advance for most of the Gould stocks and weakness in Vanderbilt's. At 11 o'clock the market is quiet and heavy.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—Central Pacific, 31; Burlington, 123; Northern Pacific, 16⅞; Northern Pacific preferred, 39; Northwestern, 94⅛; New York Central, 83⅛; Oregon Railway and Navigation, 73⅞; Transcontinental, 13⅞; Pacific Mail, 54⅛; Panama, 98; St. Louis and San Francisco, 19½; Texas-Pacific, 16⅛; Union Pacific, 53⅛; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 110; Western Union, 59⅞.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—Noon—After 11 o'clock stocks were active and weak for a time, especially for Vanderbilt and Grangers. The latter became more quiet and continued steady at a fractional decline. Pacific Mail is the exception by being higher than at the opening. At noon the market was dull and unchanged.

NEW YORK, May 20th.—3 P. M.—Stocks very dull throughout the afternoon, and prices about steady until 2 o'clock, when they yielded slightly and again became steady at a decline. Pacific Mail has been the exception by advancing. The market closed steady after another slight decline.

Confederate Soldiers' Home.

RICHMOND (Va.), May 20th.—The formal opening of the Confederate Soldiers' Home, near this city, took place to-day. From this House the veterans and military proceeded to Hollywood Cemetery, and participated in the annual decoration of the graves of Confederates, to-day being Decoration Day. Thousands of persons visited the cemetery.

THE APPEAL'S REPLY.—Why are not the bribery charges against the Executive Committee of the Anti-Debris Association, Attorney Cadwalader and the newspapers made specific? Why don't the lying scourdrels publish who paid over the money, who received it, on what day and on what conditions? All the stuff so far published in regard to the press has been treated by this journal with the contempt it deserves. But if any responsible man will charge Mr. Sexey, the President of the Sacramento Valley Anti-Debris Association, or any member of the Executive Committee, or anybody else with accepting money to allow certain enjoined mines to be run he will be brought up with a round turn. These libels originated with the San Francisco *Stock Report*, and if anyone should prosecute its publishers for libel he would sue a beggar and catch a louse. But the *Stock Report* puts its charges in such form that they are no charges at all. It heads its lying figures in these cautious words: "From all *we can learn* the following may be relied upon *with some* certainty." "With some certainty" is good. This language was employed to avoid a direct charge and to deceive the public, and the rope is too good for the scoundrel who penned it.—[Marysville Appeal.

About thirty years ago a miner named Bill Van Reed lost two artificial teeth, set in a gold plate, among the bowlders on his mining claim at Zumwalt Flat, Sierra county. Alexander Donovan, who was Van Reed's partner, and has been working in the same vicinity ever since, went to the old claim a few days ago and commenced pulling over the bowlders. To his utter astonishment he found the lost teeth and plate of gold, looking as bright and smooth as when they came from the dentist's hands. Van Reed made his pile and left for the East many years ago, and went down with the ill-fated steamer Central America on the other side.

The suit brought by the city of Oakland to recover from the sureties on the official bond of James Dods as City Treasurer of Oakland the sum of $47,000, which sum Dods was short, was struck from the trial docket of the Superior Court Monday, and can be restored by consent. This action was taken at the suggestion of the attorneys for plaintiff. Apparently the city's attorneys have difficulty in procuring the necessary proof. Dods refused to testify.

The late frost destroyed about $100,000 worth of fruit in Boise valley, Idaho.

THE REYNOLDS CASE.

Defendant Defies his Accusers to Point to a Dishonest Act.

The hearing of the case of Thomas H. Reynolds, charged with embezzling $150, while Deputy Secretary of State under D. M. Burns, was resumed in Department One of the Superior Court at 10 A. M. yesterday before Judge Sullivan.

When the Court was called to order Grove L. Johnson said: If the Court please, a matter occurred this morning that I feel it my duty to call to the attention of the Court—not because of any matter personal to myself, but because it is, to my mind, an improper interference with the duties of the Court, and of the officers of the Court. D. M. Burns this morning, in this city, on the corner of Seventh and J streets, threatened me with violence, and threatened that in case we lived until the end of the trial——

Mr. Carey—We object to this.

Mr. Johnson—I am calling the attention of the Court.

The Court—I think it is better that these matters should be presented on affidavits and without the hearing of this jury, as it might bring in matters connected with the other case. If he has been guilty of any unlawful interference with the Court or its officers, it is proper that it should be dealt with in a proper manner, but I think that matters outside the Court should be presented to it by affidavit.

Mr. Johnson—I am only speaking to your Honor, not because I have any fears personally, because I think I am able to protect myself, but because of threats made in reference to his cross-examination on this matter. If you think that that is the proper way to bring it up we will do that, but I thought this was the proper way, after consulting my associates.

The Court—I think any unlawful interference with the Court or its officers, which may amount to a contempt, should be presented in the way of affidavits; and I think it is just as well to segregate the conduct of a particular witness as far from this case as possible. So we will pass the matter for the present.

FURTHER EXAMINATION OF DEFENDANT.

The cross-examination of the defendant by General Carey was then resumed.

Witness—My farm in Napa county was used as a summer residence. I had five or six fish ponds on the place and many thousand fish. The buildings were wooden. I cultivated fruit, vegetables and alfalfa. Sold the place in 1882 for $3,200. Don't remember the man's name who bought it.

Question—What political service did you render for your interest in the street-sweeping machine?

Witness—My influence with the Board of Supervisors to have them renew contracts.

Witness said he first met Gamble on California street, in San Francisco. My duties as Deputy Secretary of State were to receive the money, keep the cash and fee books, file papers, etc. Said he did not claim to be an educated bookkeeper. The bookkeeping in that office was very simple. The small cash book kept in my drawer was written with both pen and pencil. No one but Burns and I handled that book. My impression is that the book is entirely in my hand-writing. On one side was kept all the cash I received, and on the other what disposition I made of it.

Witness was then questioned at length regarding various amounts of cash that were paid to him by Wells, Fargo & Co., and which were never accounted for to the State. He also described how the monthly statements were made, stating that when Burns was absent witness made the reports himself. When Burns was present he would count the cash for witness.

The cross-examination was lengthy and covered nearly all the testimony given by defendant on the preceding day.

General Carey read from Reynolds' testimony given in the Burns trial a number of questions and answers regarding the cash-book. Witness said he had no recollection of making such answers, and he doubted doing so. He said the way he balanced his cash-book was to charge on the debit side the amount paid into the Treasury, and then charge the tags upon the same side, making a balance. Twice while employed at the Secretary of State's office, I went to Arizona. The first time in the summer of 1880; the second time in the fall of 1881. The first time I went there I was gone three, four or five weeks. In December, 1882, I went to Mexico. I resigned my position in the Secretary of State's office, because I got tired of the way the affairs of the office were being conducted, and told Mr. Burns so. The books in the office were somewhat behind when I left. I never received a letter from Mr. Burns asking for or requesting my resignation. Handed in my resignation sometime in July, to take effect at once. Mr. Burns asked me to stay and write up the books. Witness explained how Burns would check off of the little cash-book each month enough items to cover the cash on hand, and they would be carried forward into the large cash-book. The money borrowed from W. A. Brown, on my joint note with Burns, was for the use of the latter. He thought the word "February," in the February statement, was in the handwriting of D. M. Burns. Said he was in the office several times after he left, but never had an interview with Mr. Burns regarding the books. I was in the office one evening in November. The books were not spread out before me. My visit at that time was owing to the fact that I was attending to some business within a block of the Capitol, and noticing a light in the Secretary of State's office, dropped in for a few moments.

Several letters from witness to D. M. Burns were shown him, and he admitted their genuineness. One was as follows:

SAN FRANCISCO, August 1, 1882.

Oh! Dan: If the newspapers know anything about my leaving the office and are to make an item out of it, I wish you would get John Sheehan to write a good article, saying I had resigned to accept the superintendency of a mine in Placer county, etc., etc., and that I intended to henceforth reside in Placer county. The papers here would copy it, and their lies would not say I had come here to help Badlam. I had rather that nothing would be mentioned, but in case you see there must be something, fix it that way. Yours, in haste, TOM.

Witness was asked innumerable questions about the small tag book, and read it entirely through, explaining each one he was asked about.

At 5 P. M. the cross-examination closed, and Court took an adjournment until 9 A. M. to-day, when Mr. Reynolds will take the witness stand on redirect examination.

TREASURERS VS. THE CONTROLLER.—The Woodland *Democrat* of Monday had the following relative to a case recently referred to in the RECORD-UNION: "This morning the case of Treasurer Smith vs. Controller Dunn was called in the Superior Court. The defendant was not present, and a continuance was granted. It appears that the District Attorney went to Sacramento some days since and made an agreed case with the Attorney-General and Mr. Dunn, by which a fair test of the law concerning the commissions due the county was to be made regardless of quibbles and technicalities. Eight days notice was given the defense, but as the law seems to require ten, the non-appearance of the Attorney-General and Mr. Dunn would indicate that they had concluded to fall back upon their legal rights, regardless of verbal stipulations to the contrary. Mr. Sprague informs us to-day that he has again commenced proceedings, and will hereafter depend upon no stipulations that are not in black and white."

TUTT'S PILLS

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind. Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

PASSENGERS FROM THE EAST.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

NEWHALL, May 20th.—The following overland passengers passed Newhall May 20th, to arrive in San Francisco May 21st: Wm. L. Oge, San Francisco; Mrs. L. M. Curtis, C. Cabel, H. M. Harford, J. C. Curtis, Los Angeles; Mrs. W. J. Curtis, San Bernardino; Miss T. Buckman, San Francisco; J. B. Galland, J. A. Packard and wife, Chicago; C. C. Crane, El Paso; C. H. Voll, Tucson; Miss Berry, Los Angeles; H. Cabot, Philadelphia; J. B. Preston, Victoria; G. W. Bryant and wife, Riverside;

PROMONTORY (Utah), May 20th.—The following overland passengers passed here to-day, to arrive in Sacramento May 22d: A. W. Rose, Jr., San Francisco; Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Virtue, England; A. Hemmer, San Francisco; Mrs. H. M. Paddock, Nebraska; Dr. W. F. Martin, U. S. N.; J. B. Fernandez, Miss E. Fernandez, Savannah; Mrs. Hausling and daughter, New York; Ed F. Stahle, Cheyenne; J. B. Cohlan, U. S. N.; J. Reimer, Butte; Calsar Reilly, England; A. Campbell and wife, Ontario.

A plant allied to the lilies-of-the-valley, the *Convallaria polygonatum* is a remarkable traveler. Every year a knot forms upon its root, and these knots drag the plant about an inch annually from its original position, so that in a period of twenty years the plant will have traveled about twenty inches from its first location.

CHRONIC nasal catarrh—guaranteed cure—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.—Warren Relief Corps, No. 13.—Every member is requested to attend a meeting of the Corps THIS (Thursday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, in Lewis Building, Fifth and J streets, as business of great importance will come before the Corps. By order of SALLIE H. HENRY, President. LUCY MEAD, Secretary. [B. C.] m21-1t

Hall of Court Sacramento, No. 6,861, A. O. F.—There will be a regular meeting of Court Sacramento, No. 6,861, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, May 21st. Visiting members cordially invited F. W. DAY, C. R. CHAS. A. ROOT, R. S. m21-1t

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. Inquire at 917 K street, between the hours of 8 and 10 o'clock A. M. m21-1t*

WANTED—GIRL TO DO COOKING AND housework in small family; reference required. Apply 621 O street. m21-1t

TO LET—PLEASANT ROOMS, WITH BOARD, in private family; a quiet home for parties in want of such a place. Address "E. A.," this office. m21-1t*

FOR SALE.—A THOROUGH-bred Jersey Bull (registered), six years old, will be sold at a bargain, as the owner has no use for him. Apply at this office. m21-1f

O. C. F.

PICNIC AND EXCURSION!

FRIENDSHIP, SACRAMENTO AND SUNSET Councils, of this city, in conjunction with Clarksburg, Franklin and Walnut Grove Councils, will celebrate the Sixth Anniversary

THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1885,

By giving a Joint Picnic at

BEACH'S GROVE.

Round Trip, only.....75 cents
Children.....50 cents

A valuable Coupon Prize and many other valuable and useful prizes will be given; also, a Cash Prize of $25 for a Clay Pigeon Shooting Match. The Boat will leave the wharf at the foot of N street at 8 o'clock on the morning of the picnic. For further particulars see Tivoli Programme. m21 td

SUGAR!

20 lbs. of Light Brown	FOR $1.
18 lbs. Golden C	
16½ lbs. Extra C	
16 lbs. New Orleans