PACIFIC SLOPE.

CONTINUED DEPREDATIONS OF THE HOSTILE APACHES.

Judge Lynch in Plumas County—Death from Heart Disease—Shipments of Nevada Wheat.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

Found Guilty of Grand Larceny.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12th.—Rev. Dr. William F. Morrison, ex-Grand Councillor of Indiana, Order of Chosen Friends, who has been under trial for several days for defrauding the Order out of $3,000 on false mortuary certificates, was to-day found guilty of grand larceny. He will be sentenced on Tuesday next.

Board of State Prison Directors.

SAN QUENTIN, June 12th.—No bids were opened or contracts let to-day. It will be the business of to-morrow at 12 M. sharp. The Warden is authorized to carry out the jute contract with Lichtenberg & Co. The existing contract with the California Furniture Company is continued for the present. In the matter of the 215 barrels of flour rejected by the prison authorities as not up to the standard quality and returned to the contractor, manufactured at McCreary & Co.'s Sacramento Mills, the Board, after a thorough and careful examination and inspection of the bread, pronounced the flour of sufficient good quality. Adjourned till 2 P. M.

Another Shower of Rain.

GEORGETOWN (El Dorado county), June 12th.—Another very hard shower of rain fell here this evening, making about 2.50 inches of rain this week.

SHASTA, June 12th.—The rain-storm still continues. Total rainfall this storm, 1.2 inches. It is very cool and cloudy, and still raining.

The Stockton Murder Case.

STOCKTON, June 12th.—The case of Jose Garcia, for the murder of Florencio Higuera, was given to the jury at noon. At a late hour to-night they were unable to agree, standing ten for conviction and two for acquittal.

Death of an Old and Esteemed Citizen.

SAN BUENAVENTURA, June 12th.—I. T. Salby, an old and esteemed citizen of this place, died suddenly yesterday evening of heart disease. Until within a few weeks he was engaged in the lumber business in this town.

A "Doctor" in Trouble.

SAN JOSE, June 12th.—In February last A. J. Hally came here from Missouri, opened an office, and scattered flaming circulars, which set forth the many diseases he could cure, and he evidently did a profitable business. He was yesterday arrested, however, on a charge of practicing medicine without a certificate from the State Board of Medical Examiners, the complaint being made by H. M. Croger, who claims that his father was salivated by using his drugs. The Santa Clara County Medical Society have taken hold of the matter, and it is stated that other arrests on similar charges will follow. Hally will be tried June 18th.

Murderer Hanged by Citizens.

DOWNIEVILLE, June 12th.—As Jimmy Delaney, who killed Ned Smith day before yesterday in Humbug valley, Plumas county, was being conveyed by a Constable to Quincy, on the stage, it was stopped by about twenty-five armed men, Delaney taken from the charge of the Constable and hanged near the mouth of Jamison creek.

ARIZONA.

The Marauding Apaches—Almost Miraculous Escape of a Woman.

TUCSON, June 12th.—Judge Harrison telegraphed from La Noria yesterday to the Arizona Pioneers that fifteen stands of arms were required for protection against the Indians. The necessary arms and 1,000 rounds of ammunition from the military authorities at Fort Lowell were obtained as a loan to the Pioneers, and were forwarded to La Noria. As the Indians are likely to pass very near that place, the arms may be required for use almost at once.

A letter dated the 11th was received this evening from Price's ranch, about fifteen miles south of Fort Bowie, which says a band of about 75 Indians, to appearances all bucks, passed through that section of country on Sunday last. The first intimation of their presence was their attack on Bridger's and Frye's ranches. While these men held the Indians back in the canyon, a man by the name of Williams, who happened to be there with a buckboard, took Frye's wife and children in safety to Rigg's ranch. Mrs. Bridger, who remained, had a narrow escape while attempting to join her husband and Frye behind the rocks near the house. The bullets cut her dress in several places, and ploughed up the ground about her. At one time six Indians rose from behind a bank, and at short range fired at Frye while he was running, but missed. Not being able to dislodge them, the Indians withdrew, taking with them Frye's mule. They next raided the place of Owen Williams, but finding no one there they headed towards the Price ranch. Price had in the mean time been notified of their coming. W. P. McCallum, who was there with a fresh horse saddled, succeeded in running the horse herd in. He also warned the people in Bonito canyon, across the mouth of which the trail passes. He was returning when he met the Indians, but succeeded in escaping. Price's place was defended by four men. The Indians, on discovering this, circled around and did not attack. They next visited the ranches of Fife, McCallum and White. At White's ranch they killed three beeves, but molested nothing else. A posse was organized at White's to intercept them, but finding that the Indians had left the trail and cut across the country, were obliged to abandon the pursuit. No troops followed these hostiles, nor have the military made any effort to intercept them. The Indians when attacking Frye and Bridger used Government cartridges.

HOT PURSUIT OF THE HOSTILES.

TOMBSTONE, June 12th.—This city is wild with rumors to-night of all kinds. The fact that citizen soldiers have united with the regular troop of cavalry from Huachuca, and are pressing on the Indians in earnest, keeps the public interest strained to the highest pitch of excitement. The receipt of the following message lends fuel to the flame, and the city is hourly awaiting tidings of a decisive engagement:

FORT HUACHUCA, June 12th.

To D. F. Cooper, Editor Record-Epitaph, Tombstone: The following was received to-day: A. H. Emanuel, of a ranch at the south end of the Huachuca mountains, Ash canyon, twenty miles from here, reports that about 7 o'clock A. M. to-day he saw with a glass apparently a large party of Indians between a body of soldiers and citizens, being pursued toward the line about a mile from it. The troops were heading them off from the San Jose mountains. The hostiles then headed for the Cavaneas, and were being turned by their pursuers toward the southwest end of the Huachuca mountains. There were over 100 persons in the three parties, supposed to be Richards' command with the citizens.

TISDALL, Commanding.

To this is added a confirmation by telephone, which comes from Huachuca via the private line of the T. W. Blinn Lumber Company at Fairbank. The report says a courier arrived at Fort Huachuca this evening with intelligence that the united forces of citizens and soldiers had been fighting continuously all day in the north end of the San Jose mountains, near the Mexican line. No particulars, however, are given. The wildest rumors are current, worthy of no credence.

Lewis Williams, of Bisbee, sends word by mail this morning: "All is excitement and confusion now. Our volunteers sent runners in this morning with a report that no hostiles are seen in the Dixie canyon or Mule mountains north of us. This antedates the Huachuca report, and rather confirms it as showing action south toward the line. Postmaster Clum, of this city, who is an ex-San Carlos Agent, accompanied the Tombstone citizen company to Bisbee. He returns with the information that the company of regular cavalry from Huachuca are all volunteers, including Lieutenant Richards himself. The troop includes musicians and artisans, and it is stated here that there are but thirteen men at Fort Huachuca now, five of whom are sick. This gallant action, together with the quick march of Lieutenant Richards' company from Huachuca to Bisbee, added to the vigorous measures since joined by citizens, is an instance of good work by the regular troops which the people here appreciate. Lieutenant Richards is a young man heretofore known in Tombstone as a society light.

To-night's stage from Bisbee brings messengers for doctors to dress the wounds of Thomas Jones and a barkeeper, both of whom were wounded by the accidental discharge of a gun sent from here, among other arms, last night, in the hands of a careless volunteer, who supposed that he had emptied the magazine. Jones was hit in the arm, and the wound is thought to be not fatal. The other man was hit in the shoulder blade. His wound is not reported serious.

Yesterday's reports of Apaches in the San Pedro valley are not confirmed. A party who left Benson to investigate the reported killing of Ochoa in Whetstone, went out eight miles from Benson, and found no traces of the murder or of Indians. Benson was thrown into excitement early this morning by a report that three Indians were seen at 3 A. M. 200 yards from the town. They are supposed to have been Papagoes, but the Apaches appearing so very hand keep the people in constant anxiety. The town was aroused and the people were on the alert till morning.

The following message explains itself:

BISBEE, June 12th.

To Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, Washington: On account of no protection being afforded us from the murderous wards of the Government, viz., the Apache Indians of the San Carlos reservation in this Territory, we do hereby petition that you either send us more soldiers or furnish us means, as citizens and taxpayers, to protect ourselves.

Signed—F. W. Heyne, H. C. Stillman, Lewis Williams, committee appointed by the citizens of Bisbee, in mass meeting assembled, June 11, 1885.

PROGRESS OF THE REDSKINS.

CRITTENDEN, June 12th.—The renegade Apaches have reached the Harshaw mining district, in the extreme southeastern portion of the Territory. The miners are flocking here, which is only fourteen miles from the old Mexico line, for mutual protection.

One Yaqui Kills Another.

PHŒNIX, June 12th.—Lorenzo Campanio, a Yaqui, was murdered Wednesday night by Ynocente Trujillo, also a Yaqui. The murderer struck Companio seven times with an ax, either of which blows would have proved fatal. Trujillo escaped. Officers are in pursuit. The crime was caused by jealousy.

Death Sentence.

TOMBSTONE, June 12th.—A. H. Davis, lately convicted of the cold-blooded murder of Matthew Alexander, colored, has been sentenced in the Cochise County Court by Judge Fitzgerald to be hanged July 15th. The prisoner was greatly excited and was carried from the Court-room. On the night previous to his sentence the prisoner tried to commit suicide by poison, but a physician and a stomach pump interfered with his intention.

NEW MEXICO.

The Capture of Government Wagons by the Indians.

DEMING, June 12th.—John Biggs and Dan McFarland came into Anitmas with a report that the Government wagons, loaded with supplies and ammunition, were attacked in Guadalupe canyon, and the entire escort of four soldiers and a Lieutenant killed. The party had camped, and were sitting down eating dinner when surprised by the Indians, who secured the ammunition, guns and horses. The men think the name of the officer killed is Elliott, but are not certain, and it will not be verified until Colonel Head and Tracy, who went out to bring in the bodies, have returned. The bodies of one buck and one squaw have been found in Doubtful canyon, near where the cowboys had a fight with the Indians. The squaw was still breathing when found—the fourth day after the fight.

NEVADA.

Shipments of Wheat and Cattle.

WINNEMUCCA, June 12th.—Six carloads of wheat, the first ever shipped from this place, was sent from here to San Francisco this week. To-day the cattle shipping season will be inaugurated by the shipment of seven carloads of beeves to San Francisco. The cattle shipments from this town to California average about 25,000 head annually, and the shipping season commences a month earlier than usual this season.

UTAH.

A Clear Case of "Offensive Partisanship."

SALT LAKE, June 12th.—To-day Territorial Auditor Nephi W. Clayton and Postmaster Lynch had a row in the Postoffice. The trouble arose about a $6 50 money order which Clayton had received with his mail and signed with others, as he claims, in routine work, and pursuant to the instructions of the Postmaster. This was a week ago, and there have been a good many tales afloat about the transaction. Clayton went to the Postoffice to-day to cash some more orders, and the matter was brought up. Each called the other a liar, and the Postmaster threw an inkstand at Clayton, who dodged it. This was quickly followed by a stamper, which struck Clayton on the arm. He then departed, and swore out a warrant against the Postmaster for assault. The case will be heard in the Police Court to-morrow.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

A. P. Catlin returned from San Francisco yesterday.

Marco Maina has got back from his trip to Amador county.

Captain Albert Foster and wife left last evening for Sierraville.

Ex-Mayor C. H. Swift, of this city, is dangerously ill at Oakland.

Dr. Carey, of Oakland, returned home yesterday from Wheatland.

Mrs. Fannie Salsbury, of Chicago, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Gibbs, at Vacaville.

Miss Kate Cronemiller, of Jacksonville, Oregon, is visiting her cousin, W. F. Cronemiller.

D. O. and Edgar Mills came up from San Francisco yesterday noon, and are the guests of Frank Miller.

Mrs. C. M. Byrne has gone to spend a couple of months with her brother, Frank W. Clayton, of Seattle, Washington Territory.

Miss Kitty Farrell, of San Francisco, who has been visiting Miss Williamson, of Folsom, returned home yesterday, the latter accompanying her.

W. W. Moreland, the Governor's Private Secretary, went down to San Francisco yesterday morning. Mrs. Moreland has been very ill in that city, but is now recovering.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: C. B. Howard, Sam Haywood, J. N. E. Wilson, W. B. Lyon, W. F. Norcross, Ed. F. White, C. N. Cousins, San Francisco; I. L. Huestis, Galt; John Lawton, Edward Christy, Folsom. A. D. Smith, Oakland; George W. Noll, Suisun; A. Isaacson, Routier station.

The following Grand Officers of the I. O. O. F. are registered at the Capital Hotel: Nathaniel Cook, Grand Master, Santa Clara; C. T. McEachran, D. G. M., St. Helena; W. B. Lyon, G. S., San Francisco; J. N. E. Wilson, G. R., San Francisco; W. F. Norcross, G. M., San Francisco; E. F. White, Trustee, San Francisco; A. D. Smith, D. D. G. M., Oakland; C. N. Cousins, P. G. of No. 17, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: W. A. Washington, Stockton; A. C. Farnsworth, Chicago; Mrs. W. H. Brown, San Francisco; Geo. A. Brown and wife, Arizona; Geo. Fritch, G. Wingate, San Francisco; Jas. O. Barrows, Ab. K. Levy, Aimee Company; H. Peyser, San Francisco; Bert W. Lewis, Edward Strain, Stockton; Ed. J. Holt, city; F. A. R. Remele, city; James Bailey, Samuel More, San Francisco; James M. Brown, Placerville; Geo. Hudson, Benicia.

In the city yesterday: P. Slattery, Marysville; Mrs. Newton, Mrs. Dallman, John Donovan, Lincoln; Thomas McConnell, McConnell's; Geo. H. Cornell, J. L. Doyle, Nevada City; Health Officer Strong, Woodland; J. E. James, W. H. Ross and family, T. H. Chandler, A. V. Smith, Reno; Peter Hansen, Walnut Grove; A. J. Smith and wife, Wm. Skinner, James B. Furnish, Galt; Edward Traganza, John Richards, Elk Grove; M. J. Coyne, H. W. McCulloch, San Francisco; J. Williams, Geo. H. Phinney, Cosumnes.

HEALTH OF THE STATE.

Sickness Reports from Seventy Different Localities.

Dr. G. G. Tyrrell, Permanent Secretary of the State Board of Health, gives the following summary as to the health of the State in his circular of June 10th:

Reports from sixty-eight localities this month do not show any material increase of disease in any portion of the State. Newcastle, Calico, Durham, Haywards, Auburn, Del Norte, Sierra Valley, Downieville, Princeton, Fort Bidwell, Jackson, St. Helena, Weaverville, Bartlett Springs, Ontario, Berkeley and Susanville report no deaths whatever, and no epidemic diseases. As these localities embrace a large area of country which is thickly settled, it shows a very satisfactory condition of the general health of the community.

Among those reporting deaths, Los Angeles shows an increased death rate from consumption. Dr. Baker, the Health Officer, writes that this increased mortality is owing to the large influx of that class of patients—those who seek the genial climate of Los Angeles in hope of recovery, when recovery is impossible. Santa Barbara reports five deaths from this disease, or one-half of the whole mortality for the month. In this county the same conditions prevail as in Los Angeles, in regard to the class of invalids that seek its invigorating air, and with no better result.

Of the zymotic diseases, scarlet fever caused ten deaths in Los Angeles, where it was epidemic. No deaths from this disease are reported from any other locality.

Measles, although still extensively prevalent, has occasioned no deaths that have been reported, except in San Francisco, which reports twenty-six deaths.

Diphtheria caused forty deaths; of which number thirty-one occurred in San Francisco, where the disease prevails extensively. In the other localities there was one death only in Benicia, one in Red Bluff, one in Santa Cruz, one in Watsonville, one in Siskiyou county, and four in Paso Robles, which, while a cause for congratulation, is also a note of warning to the sanitarian that the disease is lingering here and there over a vast extent of country, and without vigilant care on the part of those intrusted with the conservation of the public health may, at any moment, become both virulent and epidemic.

Croup, so closely allied to diphtheria, caused one death in Oakland, and twenty-five in San Francisco.

Small-pox is happily absent from the State. However, from its prevalence in England, and its appearance and dissemination through a late arrival of immigrants in New York, we may not be long without a visitation from this terrible disease. The necessity of seeing that vaccination is efficiently performed upon the unvaccinated is a duty that is earnestly demanded. Do not wait until fear drives applicants to your office; commence the work now, and in your district see that every child under your care is efficiently protected; by this means you may be the means of saving your town from the ravages of a pestilence that spares not.

Typhoid fever is reported as having caused nineteen deaths—one in Willits, one in Woodland, one in Williams, one in Santa Barbara, one in Oakland, one in San Jose, three in Los Angeles and ten in San Francisco—which speaks well for the sanitary condition of the State.

Typho-malarial fever had a mortality of 6; remittent fever 1.

Among the diseases of the respiratory organs consumption heads the list, having 67 deaths outside of San Francisco, being an increase of 25 over last month.

Pneumonia was fatal in 61 instances, an increase of 15 over last report. The extreme variation of temperature during the past month readily accounts for the increased number of cases, and probably their fatality.

Bronchitis records but 3 deaths outside of San Francisco—one in Bodie and two in Oakland. San Francisco reports 19 deaths from this cause.

In diseases of the alimentary canal, diarrhea and dysentery, although very prevalent, only increased the mortality list 16.

Cholera infantum is credited with 19 deaths—an increase of 8 from last month.

The sickness reports for this month, as gathered from some 70 different localities, indicate that the general health of the State is remarkably good.

Scarlet fever is reported as prevailing in Los Angeles, although Dr. Baker writes that it is now subsiding. Two cases were reported in Redding, and a mild form is epidemic in Weaverville and vicinity. It is also reported in Fort Bidwell, Red Bluff, Millville and Bakersfield, also of a mild type.

Measles are epidemic in Forest Hill, Santa Rosa, Sacramento, San Francisco, and prevail more or less in Galt, Fort Bidwell, Jolon, Santa Clara and Berkeley.

Pneumonia is prevalent in Fort Bidwell, Santa Rosa, Sacramento, Weaverville, Forest Hill, Willits, Castroville, Vallejo, Point Arena, Bakersfield and Chico.

Bronchitis is also prevalent in Vallejo, Rocklin, Arbuckle, Point Arena, Red Bluff, Santa Rosa, Modoc county and Santa Clara.

Diphtheria is reported in Jolon, Fort Bidwell, Santa Cruz, Napa, Sacramento, Red Bluff, Paso Robles and Point Arena. These are all sporadic cases, few in number, and no epidemic of the disease prevails, except in San Francisco. They, however, admonish us to vigilance to prevent an outbreak.

Whooping cough is epidemic in Modoc county, Santa Ana, Rocklin, Arbuckle, Crescent City, St. Helena, Weaverville and Santa Clara.

Typhoid fever and typho-malarial fever, which may be classed altogether, are noticed as prevalent in Lodi, Vallejo, Arbuckle, Santa Ana, Willits and Red Bluff, of a mild type.

Intermittent and remittent fevers are quite prevalent in Rocklin, Bakersfield, Millville, Red Bluff, Durham, Calico, Chico, Lodi and Galt.

Diarrhœa and dysentery prevail in Sacramento, Fort Bidwell, Cottonwood, Chico, Redding, Santa Clara, Bartlett Springs, Weaverville, Daggett, Dixon, Forest Hill, Napa, Red Bluff, Castroville, Millville, Vallejo, Angels Camp, Volcano, Arbuckle, Point Arena, Bakersfield and Berkeley. It is of a mild type, and generally amenable to treatment.

Cholera infantum is quite prevalent in Hanford and Santa Clara and vicinity. Extreme variations of temperature have been assigned by numerous authors as the chief cause of diarrhœa and dysentery. Heat does not of itself seem capable of producing dysentery, as, according to Hirsch, there are regions in the tropics where dysentery is unknown. In the tropics, however, it is quite prevalent and often epidemic during the hot and rainy season. Heat and moisture seem to be efficient causes, but in temperate, or semi-tropic climates, such as California, it may be attributed to cold nights following hot days, such as we have experienced during the past month. Opinions are divided upon the contagiousness of dysentery, the majority denying that it is contagious. Authorities are not wanting who have given well-marked instances where its spread was undoubtedly owing to infection. It would be well, therefore, to look upon every dysenteric stool as dangerous, and have it disinfected and buried as a precautionary measure. As we are ignorant of what the miasma of dysentery is, whether of vegetable or animal origin, we are unable to render harmless the conditions upon which it depends. We know of nothing which protects against its influence; we must, therefore, when diarrhœa and dysentery prevail, seek immunity by such prophylactic measures as are best calculated to protect the individual from the causes that predispose to the disease; and the first attempt in this direction should be made in having every source of uncleanliness removed, and, if possible, destroyed; privies, drains and sewers should be examined, cleaned and disinfected, because there are strong reasons for believing that both epidemic diarrhœa and dysentery are promulgated and disseminated through the evacuations of the sick. The receptacles for all excrementitious matter should therefore be regularly deodorized and disinfected. The cost is trifling for the immunity purchased. Confinement to bed ought always be insisted upon with persons attacked with diarrhœa, and in dysentery is absolutely essential, when we reflect that sporadic as well as epidemic dysentery is an inflammatory disease affecting the glandular structure of the intestine, and liable to be followed by the gravest consequences when neglected or inefficiently treated.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Van Fleet, Judge.

FRIDAY, June 12, 1885.

People vs. Henry Denny, burglary—Jury failed to agree.

People vs. A. D. January, felony—Continued until Monday next, at 1:30 P. M.

People vs. Brown and Eagan, assault with a deadly weapon—Continued until to-morrow.

People vs. Filand, Sanders and Hilton, grand larceny—Continued until to-morrow.

People vs. J. French, burglary—Continued.

People vs. W. B. Martin, burglary—On trial

Department Two—McFarland, Judge.

FRIDAY, June 12, 1885.

H. E. Clark vs. C. Bennell—Judgment for defendant for costs.

F. W. Fratt vs. Brown & Felter—Action dismissed without costs to either party.

Emma L. and A. J. Smith vs. James B. Furnish et al.—Partly tried, and continued until 10 A. M. morrow.

Konrad A. L. Weil et al. vs. Thos. Dwyer—Referee released from further duty and liability.

P. A. Miller vs. John P. Dunn, State Controller—Peremptory writ of mandate ordered to issue, returnable on the 22d inst.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK SALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12, 1885.

MORNING SESSION.

Ophir	2	Caledonia	50c
Mexican	1 60	Andes	65c
G. & C.	2 10	Scorpion	20c
B. & B.	3 65	Union	1 65
Con. C. & Va.	3 10	Navajo	1
Savage	4 25	Point	1 45
Chollar	2 15@2 20	Jacket	3
Potosi	90c	Alpha	1 65
H. & N.	7⅞	S. Nev	1 80
Bodie	2 15	Overman	65c
Mono	1 25	Justice	25c
Exchequer	40c	Alta	75c

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Eureka	7⅞	S. Nev	1 75
Prize	75c	Utah	2 90
Navajo	1	Bullion	45c
Bodie	2 05	Overman	55c
Mono	1 20	Exchequer	40c
Peer	1 15	H. & N.	7⅞@7⅝
Peerless	3 10	Union	1 55@1 60
Crocker	3 25	Jacket	2 95
Ophir	1 95	Alpha	1 50
Mexican	1 55@1 50	Belcher	1 50
Scorpion	20c	C. Con. Va	3 05
G. & C.	2	Occidental	1 75
Alta	70c	Savage	4 35
Caledonia	20c	S. Hill	10c
Best & B.	3 30	Chollar	2 25
Benton	15c	Potosi	90c
Justice	20c		

COMMERCIAL.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

SACRAMENTO, June 12th.

FRUIT—Lemons, Sicily, $6 50@7 ₱ case; Limes, $12@13; Bananas, $2 75@3 bunch; Pineapples, $6@9 ₱ dozen; Cocoanuts, $6@6 50 ₱ 100; Los Angeles Oranges, $1 35@1 50; Riverside do, $2 75@3; Apples, choice, 50@75c; common, 50@75c; Strawberries, 9@10c ₱ bskt; Cherries, White, 90c@$1; Black, 75c ₱ box; Raspberries, 90c@$1 ₱ case; Peaches, ₱ box, 50@75c; Apricots, 50@75c; Cherry Plums 3@4c ₱ lb; Currants, $2 50@3 ₱ chest; Blackberries, 5@6c; Early Pears, 70c@$1.

PIE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 20@1 30; assorted, gallon cans, $4; Peaches, 2½-lb cans, $1 50; Portland Blueberries, 2-lb cans, $2; Whortleberries, $1 75; Capital Asparagus, $2 25 ₱ dozen cans.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sliced, 2½@3c ₱ lb; choice, 5c; do quartered, 2@2½c; Pears, peeled, 5@6c; do, unpeeled, 4@5c; Plums, pitted, 10@11c; Peaches, 9@10c; do peeled, 19@20c; Prunes, German and French, 6@9c; Blackberries, 10@11c; Figs, California, 4@5c ₱ lb.

TABLE FRUITS—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 75@2; Peaches, $2 25@2 37½; Bartlett Pears, $2 37; Plums, $1 75@1 85; Blackberries, $1 75@2; Gooseberries, $2 25@2 50; Strawberries, $2 75@3; Apricots, $2@2 25; Muscat Grapes, $1 75@2; Red Currants, $2 40; Cherries, $2 60@2 75.

VEGETABLES—Early Rose Potatoes, 75@80c ₱ ctl; New Onions, $2 15@2 25; Cabbage, $1@1 25; Carrots, $1 ₱ 100; Turnips, 75c; bunch vegetables, 12½c ₱ doz; Parsnips, 1c; Beets, $1; Horse Radish, 6@8c ₱ lb; Garlic, 4@6c; Cucumbers, 20@25c; String Beans, 5@5½c ₱ lb; Wax Beans, 5@5½c ₱ lb; Summer Squash, 2½c ₱ lb; Peas, 2½@3c ₱ lb; Artichokes, 40c ₱ dozen; Tomatoes, $1 50@1 75 ₱ box; Green Peppers, 10@14c ₱ lb; Green corn, 15c ₱ doz.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $4 95 ₱ barrel; Oatmeal $3 75 ₱ 100 lbs; Cornmeal, white and yellow, $2 in 25 lb sacks, $2 25 in 10 lb sacks, ₱ 100 lbs; Cracked Wheat, $2 25@2 50; Hominy, $3 25 ₱ cwt.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 15@16c ₱ lb; full-grown Chickens, $5 50@6 50 ₱ dozen; young Roosters, $5 50@6 50 ₱ dozen; Broilers, $4@5; tame Ducks, $6 50; Geese, $1 50@2 ₱ pair; Eggs, choice lots, 16@17c ₱ dozen.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter, choice, 21@22c ₱ lb; packed in firkins, choice, 18@21c; common, 15@20c. Cheese, California, 9½@13c; Western flats, 15@17c; Martin's Cream, 17½c.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Oat hay, $13@16 ₱ ton; Alfalfa hay, $10@11 ₱ ton; Bran, $18 ₱ ton; Middlings, $22 ₱ ton; Barley, whole, $1 25@1 30; rolled, $1 50; Wheat, $1 35@1 40 ₱ cwt; tame Oats, $1 50; Corn, $1 30 ₱ cwt for choice.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 20@21c; Timothy, Eastern, 6½@7½c ₱ lb; Oregon, 6@7c; Pop Corn, 3½@4c ₱ lb; Red Clover, 13@14c; Red Top, 7@9c. Nuts—Chile Walnuts, 7½@9c; California Walnuts, 9½@10c; Almonds, 12@13c; Peanuts, California, 4½@5½c. Lard (California), cans, 8½@9c; Eastern, 11½@11½c. Hides, salt, light and medium, 8c; heavy, 7½c; dry, 17@17½c. Tallow, 5c. Hops—No demand. Sales of Pacific coast in New York, 10c; market value here, 3@6c.

MEATS—Beef, 7c; Mutton, 5@5½c ₱ lb; Lamb, 8c; Veal, small calves, 10c; large, 9c; Hogs, 3@4c; Dressed Pork, 6½c; Hams, Eastern, 13@14c; California, 11@12½c; Bacon, medium, 9½c; selected, 12c; extra light, 13½c.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 12th.

FLOUR—There are liberal supplies in all grades. Trade is fairly general, while there is little fluctuation in values, owing to the somewhat wide range that has existed in quotations for a long time. We quote: Best city extra, $4 25@4 85; medium, $3 50@4; shipping superfine, $2 75@3 50 ₱ bbl.

WHEAT—The market is almost without motion. The light trading in progress is based on an understood established figure of $1 40 ₱ ctl for the better class of shipping grades. Offerings are fair, while there is little pressure to realize. Holders mostly want more than they can obtain at the moment. There is no increase in the number of vessels on berth loading, and the wants of the comparatively few that are taking cargoes are generally provided for, so that exporters can afford to view the situation with complacency.

BARLEY—Prices for this article have been high during the week as compared with other kinds of feed. There has been no increase in the inquiry, and the volume of business has not been of great magnitude, but there is an impression that the decreased yield this season will cause strength in values for some time, and this circumstance has created speculative trading that has more or less influenced sample trade. Good feed is held at $1 30 ₱ ctl, though concessions would likely have to be made if there were any forcing of offerings. Brewing moves along quietly, the demand being mainly for local wants. Prices range from $1 35 to $1 42½ ₱ ctl, according to quality.

OATS—Stocks are unusually large, but the receipts in the near future are not expected to be excessive. So that holders are disposed to hold their goods in hope of a better market. Offerings are free, though there is no desire to force trade by sacrificing values. We quote: Surprise and Milling, $1 40@1 45; No. 1, $1 25@1 30; No. 2, $1 15@1 20; Black, $1 10@1 12½ ₱ ctl.

CORN—There are no buyers for round parcels. Trade is wholly of a jobbing nature and notably slow. Large Yellow, $1 22½@1 25; small Yellow, $1 25; large White, $1 25; small White, nominal at $1 25 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLE—The several seasonable varieties are well represented. We quote: Asparagus, $1 ₱ box; Tomatoes, 85c@$1 ₱ box; Green Corn, 10c for common, 15@20c ₱ dozen for sweet, and 20@25c ₱ dozen for bay; Artichokes, 30c ₱ dozen; Cucumbers, $1 25@1 50 ₱ box for Vacaville, and $2@2 25 ₱ box for bay; Carrots, 30@40c; Turnips, 50@60c ₱ ctl; Beets, 40@60c ₱ ctl; Parsnips, $1 ₱ ctl; Cauliflower, 65c ₱ dozen; Cabbage, 75c ₱ ctl; Garlic, 2½@3c ₱ lb; Celery, 50c ₱ dozen; Dried Peppers, 15@18c ₱ lb; Green do, 8@10c ₱ lb; Chile do, 12@15c ₱ lb; Green Peas, 2½@3c ₱ lb; String Beans, 3c ₱ lb for poor, 4@5c ₱ lb for choice; Dried Okra, 15@25c ₱ lb; Green do, 60@75c ₱ lb; Marrowfat Squash, $8@10 ₱ ton; Summer Squash, 50c ₱ box for Vacaville, and 75c@$1 25 ₱ box for bay.

FRUIT—Cherries will soon be out of season. Arrivals of black are mostly overripe, and custom is not so general as a week or so ago. Plums are a drug, and Apricots are not much better. Peaches are abundant, finding good demand. Figs can be had at almost any figure that buyers will pay. Grapes make a very light display. We quote as follows: Cherries, 50@60c ₱ box for Black, 60@70c for White; Grapes, $1 50 ₱ box; Strawberries, $4 50@7 ₱ chest; Currants, $2 50@3 ₱ chest; Plums, 15@50c ₱ box; Raspberries, $5@7 ₱ chest; Blackberries, $8@10 ₱ chest; Apricots, 30@45c ₱ large box; Peaches, 35@75c ₱ box and 50@80c ₱ basket; Figs, 15@18c for white, and 25@75c ₱ box for black; Apples, 30@50c ₱ Basket, and 30@75c ₱ box; Red Astrachan, 75c@$1; Green Pears, 25@35c ₱ basket, 75c@$1 ₱ box; Lemons—Malaga, $4 50; do, Sicily, $6@7; do, California, $1 25@1 75 ₱ box for ordinary and $2@2 75 for Sicily seed; Mexican Limes, $15@16 ₱ box; California do, $1 50@1 75 for small boxes, and $3@3 50 for large; Oranges, California, $1 15@1 50 ₱ box for common, $1 50@2 for Riverside, and $3 75@4 for Navel; Tahiti do, $12 50@17 ₱ M; Bananas, $1 50@3 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $5 50@6 ₱ dozen.

FRESH MEATS—Following are rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers: Beef—First quality, 6@6½c; second quality, 5½@6c; third quality, 4@5c. Mutton—Wethers are quotable at 5@5½c ₱ lb, and Ewes at 4@4½c ₱ lb. Lamb—Quotable at 6@7c ₱ lb for Spring. Veal—Quotable at 7½@10½c ₱ lb. Pork—Live Hogs, on foot, 3½@4c; dressed do, 5½@6½c ₱ lb.

EASTERN AND FOREIGN MARKETS.

NEW YORK, June 12th.

WHEAT—$1 for June, $1 00⅞@1 01 for July, $1 02⅞ for August, $1 05⅞ for September.

Grain freights to Liverpool by steam, 2½d.

SUGAR—Cuba Centrifugal, $5 87½.

CHICAGO, June 12th.

WHEAT—87⅞c for cash, 89⅛c for July, 91c for August, 93c for September.

CORN—46⅞c for June.

PORK—$10 40 for July.

LARD—$6 65 for July.

RIBS—$5 40 for July.

LIVERPOOL, June 12th.

WHEAT—Moderate demand. California spot lots, 6s 8d (ofs 11d) off coast, 33s 9d; just shipped, 36s 6d; nearly due, 34s; cargoes off coast, quiet; on passage, neglected and no business doing; Mark Lane Wheat and Maize, inactive; English and French country markets, quiet; Wheat and Flour in Paris, quiet; weather in England, warmer.

MERCHANDISE REPORT.

The following freight passed Ogden June 9th:

For Sacramento—Hall, Luhrs & Co., 10 boxes codfish; Waterhouse & Lester, 2 bundles and 32 sets wheels; Kirk, Geary & Co., 138 boxes bottles; Lindley & Co., 30 bales tobacco; Capital Furniture Company, 3 boxes springs; W. D. Comstock, 5 bundles and 1 box furniture; Weinstock & Lubin, 1 case clothing; S. Lipman & Co., 1 case blankets; J. O. Hestwood, 4 cases paper; Hale Bros. & Co., 1 case shoes; A. A. Van Voorhies & Co., 1 box hames, 1 box hardware; Woodburn & Barnes, 25 barrels whisky.

For Marysville—N. L. Ormsby, 3 sewing machines; John Hughes, 1 cask, 3 cases, 1 bundle and 1 box personal effects.

For Stockton—Mrs. Robson, 1 box books.

MARRIED.

Woodland, June 10—J. H. Doolittle to Susie M. Kelley.

Near Dixon, June 6—John A. Johnson to Melvina Baker.

Dixon, June 11—S. L. Snead to M. L. Brinkerhoff.

Berry Creek, Butte county, June 10—John R. Moseley to Mary Mower.

BORN.

Sacramento, June 12—Wife of T. J. Hodgson, a daughter.

Nevada City, June 11—Wife of Atherton S. Lord, a son.

Bodie, June 8—Wife of John Alexander McLean, a son.

DIED.

Near Black's Station, Yolo county, June 6—John Stocks, 52 years and 4 days.

Near Cacheville, Yolo county, June 10—Aaron Harley, 58 years.

Woodland, June 10—Erma Bertrice Myers, 7 years, 9 months and 7 days.

Near Binghamton, Solano county, June 8—Chas. S. Cushing, 53 years.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Fourteenth-street Presbyterian Church, between O and P, Rev. Geo. R. Bird, minister.—Services at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Sunday-school at 12:30 P. M. Preparatory communion service and session meeting on Thursday, at 8 P. M. *

St. Paul's Church, Eighth street, between I and J, Rev. Carroll M. Davis, rector—Holy Communion at 7 A. M. Sunday-school at 9:30 A. M. Morning prayer at 11 A. M. School Sixteenth and N at 5 P. M., followed by evening prayer. *

Sixth-street M. E. Church, between K and L—Rev. E. R. Dille, pastor. Children's Day service at 10:45 A. M. Songs, recitations, floral exercises and offerings, and address by the pastor, and special music by the choir. In the evening the pastor will preach. Subject: "The Transient and the Permanent in Religion." All are welcome. *

Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, corner Twenty-fourth and K streets—Preaching every Sunday at 10:45 A. M. Sabbath-school at 12:30 P. M. Testimony meeting at 1:30 P. M. *

Congregational Church, Sixth Street, between I and J—Rev. W. C. Merrill, pastor. The pastor will preach to-morrow at 10:45 A. M. Subject: "Beauty of Thought." Sunday-school at 12:15. In the evening, at 7:30, the choir will give a s