DAILY RECORD-UNION

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

TUESDAY.....MARCH 2, 1886.

The RECORD-UNION *is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco it has no competitor, in point of numbers, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.*

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCY.

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NEWS OF THE MORNING.

FOREIGN.—Severe storms in Great Britain.....Name of the Deity to be expunged from school books in Paris.....Price of Panama Canal shares falling.....Bigger has had no quarrel with Parnell.....No Belgian financiers have secured railroad contracts in China, as reported.....Strike of workmen at Smethwick, Eng.....Two noblemen committed for fraud in London.....Man, wife and child drowned at Cape Breton, N. S.....Silver in London, 46¾d; consols, 101⅜; 5 per cents, 105; 4s, 128⅜; 4½s, 114¾.

EASTERN.—Edison is working on a new cotton-picking machine.....Rev. Heber Newton is endeavoring to prove that Christ was not a Christian.....Small riot in Chicago.....Fatal powder explosion near Xenia, O.....Seventy Sunday law violators arrested in New York.....Mrs. Grant has received $200,000 from the sale of the General's book.....The eight-hour movement assuming formidable proportions in Chicago.....Sloop ashore near King's Point, L. I.....Government bonds quoted in New York at 127¼ for 4s of 1907; 112⅞ for 4½s; sterling, $4 88½@4 90; 100⅝ for 3s; silver bars, 102½.

WASHINGTON.—The nomination of Surveyor-General Dement, of Utah, adversely reported upon by the Senate Committee on Public Lands.....Public debt decreased about $2,500,000 during February.....Last month 305,000 silver dollars were issued.....Memorial presented to the House praying for the impeachment of Secretary of the Treasury Manning.....The President has "defined his position" in regard to the differences between him and the Senate.

PACIFIC COAST.—Snow on the hills in several localities.....Chinese expelled from Albina, Or., by a mob.....Robert Sproule to be executed April 6th at Victoria, B. C.....Murderer captured in Ventura county.....Another batch of unlawful cohabitationists sentenced at Salt Lake.....The Utah Legislature will adjourn in ten days.....Two witnesses fined for contempt in the Prewett murder case at Hollister.....New gold discovery near Hackberry, A. T.....During two days 325 loaded cars passed Needles.....Pacific Turn Bezirk in session at Los Angeles.

THE CAUSE AND THE REMEDY.

A San Francisco journal, commenting yesterday upon the failure of self-government in cities in this country, attributes it to the fact that in American cities the rewards of political success are greater than elsewhere. In a review of the "boss" evil a few days ago, the RECORD-UNION expressed the same thought. There can be no question concerning the soundness of the statement. The secret of bossism in municipalities is to be found in the direct rewards that inure to the victors. When the two correspondents who a few days ago moaned so loudly in these columns over the degeneracy and listlessness of the voter, and with one voice declared that if he would do his duty, the rule of the boss would come to an end, we pointed out that their remedy was of no value. If every voter attended every primary and caucus of party, and voted on election day, the reform resultant from such activity would be but temporary. But a brief time would elapse before the spoils system would develop new bosses born of self-interest and human greed, and then the reform would of necessity have to be worked over again. So we would have a succession of municipal political revolutions. The true remedy for the failures in municipal governments is the divorcement of such governments from politics. Cities are but groups of citizens, who, for mutual protection and comfort, need good streets, lighted highways, police regulations, health rules, and a system of local courts and the clerical officers needed for city bookkeeping, collection of revenue and its disbursement for local needs. When the administrators of such a system are accountable to influences that serve self-interest instead of the common good, the community must suffer. When they are accountable to political influences that place party dominance before municipal economy, the community takes harm. Says the San Francisco *Chronicle*: "But all this would amount to little if the inhabitants of cities as faithfully discharged their duty of registering and voting as men do in the country." This is fallacious. The most exact and unremitting diligence will accomplish no reform so long as the politicians are permitted to choose their candidates. When the people take that preliminary away from party management, and select candidates with an eye single to fitness and honesty, candidates who have neither to pay tribute to party or its bosses, nor to use their offices to further political ends, we shall have independent municipal administrators, and not until then. The *Chronicle* touches the quick of the question when it says:

> The stronghold of the bosses is the party system. Men are run for Mayor, or Aldermen, or Supervisors, not because they are honest men, skilled in municipal affairs, but because they are prominent Democrats or prominent Republicans. Of course, a man's views on the tariff, or on Presidential appointments, or on the Fitz John Porter case, or on any of the controverted questions at Washington, are no criterion of his fitness to deal with questions of water rates and gas rates and street cleaning and drainage and licenses; but we have fallen into the habit of running our municipal elections on the lines of Federal campaigns, and this is where the bosses have us.

This statement of fact carries with it the suggestion of remedy; divorcement of politics from municipal government, and the only tribunal to enter the decree is that of the people who reside within municipal bounds. When they have the courage to cut loose from party and select the executors of their will as the business man selects his clerks and agents, bossism will die. Until then party caucuses and party primaries in cities will continue to be the screaming farces they now are.

CIVILIZATION NOT PREJUDICES.

Those who make themselves busy to stir up race and religious prejudices in this country, and to array classes against each other, are enemies of the American Republic. Take the case of the Chinese agitation. It is not a question of races at all. It is an agitation against a system which, manifest in any race, would be equally as objectionable as in the Chinese. In some quarters it is assumed that the opposition to the Chinese springs from the antagonism of other foreigners. But suppose this to be true, for the sake of argument, it is still simply a question as to whether it proceeds upon a right principle. Are Americans to estimate the virtue of a reform movement by the personality that inspires it, or rather by the standards of truth and justice? When it comes to a question as to what is best for the common good, it matters very little who supports or who opposes. The one thing for the self-respecting man to do is to measure his own action by his conviction of right. There is enough of race prejudice among people naturally, without any influences being exerted to intensify it. The whole scheme of the American republic is opposed to the fostering of such prejudices. In its inception, theory and practice it is directed to the breaking down of hatreds born of prejudices against peoples because of creed, nationality, descent or condition. American citizenship in its purity knows no race, religion or nationality. All efforts to engender animosities between citizens because of birth or faith, are assaults upon the American principle, and which, once undermined, will bring down the whole structure of the republic in hopeless ruins. In the case of the opposition to the Chinese, the sentiment of this people is against their system of civilization. It is not because the Chinaman is the native of a particular quarter of the globe; not because he is an idol worshiper; not because he is, in short, a Chinaman, but because the scheme of his civilization is inconsistent with ours. Because his system is in such direct opposition to ours that the two cannot exist on the same soil, and both maintain their integrity. The fittest must triumph, and that it tends to push the weaker and least meritorious to the wall is but natural, and indicative of its superiority.

MR. WOODBURN'S BILL.

Mr. Woodburn's bill for the throttling of polygamy appears to cover the whole ground and to meet the necessities of decency and good morals in Utah. It provides:

> Whoever shall directly or indirectly counsel, encourage or advise others to marry, have consort, or cohabit with any person other than his or her lawful wife or husband, who is a member of or shall contribute to the support of any organization or association of any description whatever, which authorizes, counsels, encourages or permits any of its members to marry, have consort or cohabit with more than one woman at the same time, shall not vote at any election held in any Territory in the United States, or be eligible for election or appointment to, or be entitled to hold any office or place of public trust, honor or emolument in the Union, or for any Territory of the United States of America, or under the United States in either of said Territories; nor shall any such person be entitled to locate or make settlement upon or acquire title to any of the lands of the public domain of the United States of America, or be eligible to serve as a juror in or for any Court in either of said Territories.

It also provided that as a condition precedent to registration, if one is challenged, he shall swear that he is not ineligible because of any of the prohibitions above recited, and whoever falsely takes such oath is to be punished for perjury. Persons elected or appointed to office in Territories are to be required to take an oath covering the prohibitions mentioned, and like requirements are provided for those who seek to locate public lands. The bill, we are told, meets with general approval. It strikes in the right direction, and is so brief and clear that its evasion will be a matter of exceeding difficulty if it becomes a law.

PASSENGERS FROM THE EAST.

PROMONTORY (Utah), March 1st.—The following overland passengers passed here to-day to arrive in Sacramento March 3d: J. M. Atkison, New York; Miss N. Anderson, Sycamore; J. A. Oger and wife, Germany; W. S. Bacon, Omaha; T. H. Berges, Mrs. E. M. Berges, Atlantic, Ia.; J. Bertell, Omaha; J. Boydson and wife, R. Henry, Leadville; M. Belmer, Minneapolis; H. Dominico, A. Dominico, Italy; J. D. Branchamp and wife, Pueblo; A. Challier, Lincoln, Miss.; T. Carlson, G. Hurd, Chicago; E. Coffin, San Francisco; J. Close, Kansas City; G. H. Cook, Ottumar; C. Dalzell, Oneta; L. Elister, Omaha; W. A. Giles, Junction City, Kansas; C. D. Green, Lansing, Michigan; W. R. Gray, New York; Mrs. R. Galvin, Aurora, Illinois; W. Haydock, Montreal; J. E. Keyt, Nebraska; J. Kid, Milton, N. B.; J. Lindstraw and wife, Omaha; H. U. Linsden, Minneapolis; G. Merideth, Marshalltown, Ia.; Mrs. M. E. Morriss, Iowa; Mrs. K. Mummy, San Francisco; E. Paige, Kansas City; C. S. Phillips, Boston; H. Plater and wife, Sandwich, Ill.; L. Ruffich, San Francisco; E. B. Stanley, Kansas City; Miss G. Stone, Washington Territory; B. F. Schreiber, Stanton, Pa.; R. Shaw, Ireland; G. C. Sharp, Kansas City; C. H. Utley, Missouri; J. Wilson, Aigona, Ia.; Miss S. Welsh, Atlantic, Ia.; C. R. Ware, Missouri; J. Wolfsky, Pueblo; E. S. Wampler, St. Louis.

NEWHALL, March 1st.—The following overland passengers passed Newhall to-day, to arrive in San Francisco March 2d: W. Blindley and wife, Louisiana; James Bentner and wife, Riverside; S. O. Brown, J. Beecher, Los Angeles; C. A. Baldwin, L. B. Brandt, A. Brown, Fred. Brown, San Francisco; T. Cone and wife, Toledo, O.; Mrs. W. H. Chamberlain, Miss Carrie L. Chamberlain, San Francisco; C. A. Chase, San Diego; Mrs. Susan Cowden, Benton, Ks.; James Carroll and wife, Liverpool, Eng.; E. H. Darrah, wife and daughter, Brockville, Pa.; Mrs. H. Flood and daughter, San Francisco; Fred. Feinel, wife and daughter, Kansas; W. Fitzgerald, New York; E. Goodall, Oakland; J. C. Hughson and wife, Albany; E. A. Hartshorn, Troy; T. C. W. Hammond and wife, Kansas; R. D. Laidlaw, San Francisco; Mrs. T. H. Lyon, Grand Rapids; L. J. Lachnean, San Francisco; C. H. Merrill and wife, Crawford, N. H.; C. H. Mansfield and wife, San Pedro; Beebe Martin, Pittsburg; A. Mecartney, Alameda; Mrs. J. S. McCue, Mrs. Dr. McLannan and son, San Francisco; Chas. O. Manegold, Milwaukee; E. Pefley, San Diego; K. Peronim, New Orleans; Miss Celestine Preston, J. Russell, San Francisco; G. Reinhaus, M. Reinhaus, Santa Ana; D. F. Sturdy and wife, Massachusetts; Mrs. M. I. Schlessinger, L. Schlessinger, San Francisco; John G. Sheffield and wife, Battle Creek, Mich.; Francis St. Clair and wife, Hawaiian Islands; Van H. Sherman, Crown Point, Ind.; H. H. Thompson, New York; Isaac Upham, Oakland; Wm. Wolf and wife, San Francisco; Wm. Wintner, Yuma; J. C. Wendell, Chicago; S. W. Yackel, Los Angeles.

Anti-Chinese Resolutions.

The following resolutions have been received from Thomas D. Thornton, Secretary of the Anti-Chinese League, at Nicolaus:

Realizing the necessity of effective measures to forever prohibit the further importation of coolie slaves into this State, and to rid ourselves of this formidable enemy of free labor, we, the members of the Anti-Chinese League of Nicolaus, in convention assembled, declare that it is the duty of every patriotic citizen of California to in every lawful way discourage the employment of coolies here, and to that end citizens should incorporate themselves into one powerful body, that they might sooner put in operation this great and patriotic purpose.

Resolved, That we believe it the duty of all delegates to the two State Conventions to employ all honorable means to effect a conjunction, that in harmony and hand in hand, the people of this State march against the coolie hordes of Asia.

Resolved, That with that purpose we elect to each of the State Conventions one delegate pledged in this work.

Resolved, That should it be impossible to form a conjunction of the two State Conventions, without imperiling by half-way measures the cause, that that delegate to the Convention which pursues the more desirable course be instructed to remain and the other to withdraw.

Resolved, That in order to effect this intention to follow but one head, we elect a third delegate, empowered to consult with the delegates to the State Convention, and, in case of a division in judgment of the merits of the two Conventions, to decide which delegate shall remain.

Resolved, That one delegate is instructed to, if necessary, formulate and vote for an appeal to the nation for support by legal enactments, and also to aid in devising a general boycotting system against all persons who retain coolies in any capacity whatever after a day fixed by the Convention for the dismissal of all coolies employed in this State.

Resolved, That we believe that not more than twenty days after the devising of this boycotting system, that that system should be in full force and effect.

Resolved, That we believe that these State Conventions will be attended by not only many patriotic citizens, but also a few political tricksters, and that it is the duty of all patriotic delegates to defend the Conventions from the intrigues of aspiring politicians.

J. W. Sullivan, T. J. Mulvany and J. H. McElroy, Committee.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE.—Well pleased. Dr. C. Roberts, Winchester, Ill., says: "I have used it with entire satisfaction in cases of debility from age or overwork, and in inebriates and dyspeptics, and am well pleased with its effects."

A white swan measuring eight feet from tip to tip was killed, recently, in Sierra Valley.

HIGH LICENSE.

A Mechanic Replies to a Business Man—Free Water and Taxed Whisky.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: The communication in the *Bee* last night on high license from a business man, is so full of nonsense I beg some space to reply. I am for high license. I am for it from my conviction. I take my toddy, and I like it. I am not a teetotaller nor a drunkard.

Now, "Business man" says, first, he is against high license because he has found out that some of the very dives it ought to close up will be able to pay it and so continue to drug and rob, and employ women to rope in suckers. Well, suppose that is so, how will beating high license make it any better? "Business Man" must think ordinary readers are big asses to be induced to vote against high license because some low dens will be able to pay it. By not compelling them to pay high license, how much better off will the city be? If these "sinks" can pay it, in God's name why not make them? Why not make them contribute something to the cost of government which they help to pile up?

Secondly. "Business Man" says: "Under a high license any man could come into Sacramento, and, if he had a little money open the vilest den of infamy and undoubtedly make it pay." In the name of the Prophet, figs. Does "Business Man" mean to say that under low license no man can come into Sacramento and open "the vilest den of infamy and make it pay?" In heaven's name, does this "Business Man" do business as he talks about high license?

This wonderful reasoner also says, that he has found out "some of the corner groceries on the outskirts of the town actually sell more whisky (and of the most poisonous kind) over the counter in their little back corrals, than do many saloons on J street." Well, is that any reason why they should not pay a high license? Why, "Business Man," don't you know that the butcher that sells the necessary of life, beefsteak, and does not rope in suckers, drug liquors, nor make policemen necessary, has to pay a license of $5 a month, and the whisky-man has to pay no more for selling a luxury and raising the devil in the community.

In coming down town to my shop, eleven blocks long, and making three turns, I and my boy pass twenty-four dram-shops. Now if high license would shut one-half of these, don't "Business Man" think that my boy and I could get all the whisky we want at the other twelve? The twenty-four now pay into the city box $120 a month; the twelve, under high license, would pay $600 a month; and if high license shut up eighteen out of the twenty-four, then the remaining six would pay $300 a month, and I guess there would be plenty of whisky for those that want it, too.

But here is "Mr. Business Man" putting up something that would hit the saloon-man more than high license. He wants the saloons limited to one in a block; or, that no saloon should be established unless *all* the property-owners consent. This would be "rough on rats;" the highest high licenser would not seek for anything like that, to give one man alone the power to say whether a saloon should be established or not. Why, under such a system, a fellow could make more money by selling his consent than by owning the property, and the beauty of it would be that the city would not be the gainer.

I am for high license, because it will make a luxury pay what it ought to for support of the Government and relieve the general taxpayer. It will bring our city taxes down from $2 10 to $1 10, and as taxes go down property values go up. I heard a voter say to-night he'd vote against high license because it would make a monopoly of the liquor business. Well, in God's name, who cares? Who will it hurt? Who of my fellow-workers will be hurt by that? I heard another man at the same time say he would vote against it because a part of the money gained would go into the bondholders' interest fund, and make bonds more valuable. Well, as to that, the part that don't go into the interest fund would be a clear gain to the taxpayers, wouldn't it, and the part that does would help to pay off the debt. But the interest fund will stop pretty soon. Then, too, the Trustees are not bound to put on high license right off; they can wait until they get the compromise fixed up with the bondholders.

If we are never to do anything to improve our city, and make it prosperous, and reduce taxes and run it cheaper, for fear these things will give value to the bonds of our creditors, then, to carry the thing out, we ought to cut the levees, shut off street lights, blow up the water-works, and raise hell generally, so as to make the bondholders' securities worthless, no matter how much it may hurt us meanwhile.

No, sir; I am for dear whisky and cheap water. Let us take off all tax on water, and furnish it free to all, and make whisky, by high license, pay the cost of running the water-works. Adopt high license, and then go to work to have water rates abolished, and so the bondholders' interest fund won't get any 55 per cent. out of the surplus rates.

Respectfully,
A TAXPAYING MECHANIC.

HARLAN AND BARNES.

Their Cases Before Judge Garoutte on Habeas Corpus.

[Woodland Democrat, February 28th.]

Hon. Joseph Craig, on Friday afternoon, filed his petition with Judge Garoutte of the Superior Court, asking that Harlan and Barnes be brought before that Court for consideration of the question of admitting them to bail. It will be remembered that defendants are held under a commitment from Justice Ruggles' Court, where they are jointly charged with the killing of Everett L. Craft.

Promptly at 1 P. M. Saturday, the time set for hearing the petition, the defendants appeared in Court with counsel, viz.: Highton of San Francisco, and Ball, Craig, Goin, Grant and Baker of Woodland. Respondent was represented by District Attorney Sprague and Messrs. Clark and Bush.

Mr. Sprague moved for a continuance of the case until Monday morning at 10 o'clock, setting forth as reasons therefor that he had not sufficient notice of the issuance of the writ to be able to make a proper return and prepare his answer, and further, that certain papers having been taken from the Clerk's office by counsel for petitioners; he had no opportunity to examine them, all of which was necessary in order that the respondent be properly represented.

Mr. Highton objected to a continuance, and stated that petitioner was under no obligation to notify the counsel on the opposite side. The Court held the showing of the District Attorney sufficient to warrant a continuance, which was ordered until 7:30 P. M.

On reassembling the Court-room was well filled with spectators, who by this time had become aware of the proceedings in Court and were anxious to hear the issue.

Mr. Sprague opened the case by filing a demurrer on preliminary motion to quash the writ on the ground that the petition did not state facts which would justify the granting of a writ. He then read the petition, which set forth briefly that the petitioners, Harlan and Barnes, are held in custody by Sheriff Beamer, and that they are denied the right of bail; and then sets forth the evidence taken before the Coroner's jury.

It was argued that the petition was insufficient in not stating that the prisoners were entitled to bail; or that the presumption of their guilt is not great, nor the proof evident; and further, in showing that there was no sufficient legal reason for their detention. It was further argued that the testimony before the Coroner could cut no figure in this case, since the records show the prisoners are not held because of any proceeding had before the Coroner, or on account of testimony given before him; and that it could not form any part of the case as to Barnes especially, since his name was not mentioned in that testimony. Mr. Highton, in reply, argued that in matter of law the Court had jurisdiction to hear the matter, if there was no petition at all; but that the petition was sufficient; that the allegation that they were denied the right to bail was equivalent to saying that they were entitled to bail; and if so, then the presumption of their guilt could not be great nor the proof evident. He further contended that all offenses are bailable at law, except where the State makes out a case within the exception; and that it devolves upon the prosecution in this case to show that these prisoners are not entitled to bail.

The Court ruled that the petition should be amended to conform to the above facts. The District Attorney offered the evidence taken before Justice Ruggles as part of his return.

Hon. Joseph Craig, of counsel for petitioners, then proceeded to read the petition and evidence taken before the Coroner.

Respondent objected, as the evidence was not the best evidence; that it was irrelevant, incompetent, etc.

After argument the Court decided to admit the testimony.

Mr. Highton then spoke for more than an hour, reviewing the case in its entirety, scanning the evidence closely, and setting forth his reasons for believing petitioners entitled to bail. At the conclusion of the argument the Court took a recess until 10 A. M. Monday.

The case was on argument all day yesterday, and will be resumed at 10 A. M. to-day. The attorneys have all spoken except Messrs. Ball and Craig, who have the close for the defendants.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Coglan went to Marysville yesterday.

J. F. Madden, of Newcastle, was among yesterday's visitors to the city.

Robert M. Tanner, of Oakland, went up to his ranch near Chico yesterday.

Hon. W. H. Parks and wife, of Marysville, paid the city a visit yesterday.

W. W. Wade is confined to his bed with inflammatory rheumatism at his residence, No. 808 P street.

Mrs. L. Billups and Mrs. Henry and Lewis Wagner, of this city, are visiting friends at Shasta.

Mrs. C. N. Snell, of this city, and Mrs. S. A. Todd, of Dundee, Ill., went to San Francisco yesterday.

Mrs. E. B. Crocker, L. L. Lewis, Albert Gallatin, A. Wason and A. Mooser went to San Francisco yesterday afternoon.

Miss Annie Fitzgerald has returned home, after an visit of two months to her sister, Mrs. J. D. Slatery, at Marysville.

S. A. Palmer and wife, of Livermore, formerly residents of Sacramento, returned home yesterday after a visit to friends here.

Mrs. A. J. Blodgett went to Galt yesterday, to attend the Good Templars' County Convention, and from there will go to Ione.

Judge I. S. Belcher came up from San Francisco yesterday, and after attending the session of the State Library Trustees, went to Marysville.

The Axtman brothers—George, Casper and Leopold—will start for Baden, Germany, this morning, to visit their friends and relatives in the fatherland.

Fred. Nye, editor and one of the proprietors of the Omaha *Republican*, who has been, with his wife, paying California a visit, returned home by last evening's train.

Henry Edgerton and A. G. Booth, of San Francisco, came up yesterday to attend the meeting of the Trustees of the State Library, and returned home in the afternoon.

Lieutenant W. H. Curson, Company F First Artillery Regiment, was in the city yesterday. His examination took place last night, and it is needless to say he passed satisfactorily.

In the city yesterday: George Claus, Jacob Hutchison, Mrs. Mary McLaughlin, Philip Wagner, Cosumnes; Thomas Rust, Green Valley; Daniel Martin, Elk Grove; William Mitchell, Laguna; R. T. Scott, Galt.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: C. U. Hall, J. Rudolph, San Francisco; Wm. Johnston, Richland; W. H. Parks and wife, Marysville; E. Sikes, San Francisco; Mrs. C. E. McQuaid, Yuba City; P. Yager and wife, Folsom; James M. Wilcox and wife, Carrolton, Mo.; D. P. Parks, Napa City; E. W. Harris, J. W. Gray, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the State House yesterday: Jas. H. Spafford, city; J. M. Overmire, Galt; J. T. Chenick, Elk Grove; John Belcher, Slough House; Seymore Carr, Clay Station; Mr. Atkins, Cosumnes; A. Ralphs, Clay Station; G. T. Conner, Oakland; S. L. Hurlburt, Deadwood; C. W. Graves and wife, Nicolaus; Geo. Cashman, Elk Grove; L. Meiss, Jr., Plymouth; Geo. Cutney, Elk Grove, D. Sayles, Clay Station; F. B. Pierce, Pleasant Grove.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: A. Sutherland, Ione; H. T. Huggins, Clarksburg; W. R. Graff, Lincoln; Wm. McCann, Dixon; Wm. Dunbar, San Francisco; S. E. Inlow, Marysville; J. E. Taylor, F. Lowry, San Francisco; H. M. LaRue, Sacramento; Wm. Myers, San Francisco; M. L. Isham, Clarksburg; J. W. Mastick, Wm. Hood, Alameda; Jas. W. Mitchell, San Francisco; H. M. Leingberger, Napa; J. D. Spencer and wife, Modesto.

F. A. Sprague and Allen Henry, of Chico, returned yesterday from a few weeks' trip to Arizona and New Mexico, where they went to secure land for a cattle range. They had fifteen days in the saddle during their prospecting, and return with a high regard for the horses of that section as conveyances over almost impossible trails. Such land as they were in search of is even now hard to obtain, in consequence of the rush of Texas cattlemen to secure it. The Chicoites return in excellent health, and evidently their trip was highly beneficial in that respect.

The Foresters, as is their usual custom upon the marriage of one of their number, last evening serenaded Leonard Kidder and his bride at their residence on M street, between Ninth and Tenth. About seventy members of the Order, accompanied by the Hussar Band, assembled at the residence of the newly-married, and were received cordially and entertained right royally. The hours were whiled away most enjoyably, there being an impromptu programme of addresses, recitations, songs, etc. An excellent repast was served, to which all did ample justice. Who is to be the next Benedict amongst the Foresters is a question now agitating the female breast of those who are acquainted with the large number of young men that belong to that excellent Order in this city.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

Last week, as reported by the Immigration Association, 544 immigrants arrived in this city.

The receipts for duties at the Custom-house for the past week were $102,923 75, making a total since January 1st of $821,868 24.

The Supreme Court has entered an order staying proceedings as to suspension of Messrs. Whittemore and Cowdery as attorneys, for twenty days.

Colonel Charles F. Crocker started Sunday afternoon for an inspection trip over the Southern Pacific to New Orleans. He will be gone several weeks.

Judge Coffey has rendered a decision admitting to probate the two wills of Thomas J. Hill, in connection with which a contest has been pending since last July.

Eighty-six deaths were recorded at the Health Office during the week ending February 26th, against 125 the corresponding week last year. The males numbered 57, females 29.

J. Christian Franks was sworn in as United States Marshal Monday by Judge Hoffman, of the United States District Court, and at once entered upon the performance of his duties.

The embezzlement indictment against ex-Clerk McCarthy, of the Supreme Court, has been assigned to Judge Toohy for trial, and the defendant will probably be arraigned on Saturday next.

The Internal Revenue collections in the San Francisco District for the week ending on the 27th were $31,995. The receipts for February were $110,646, including $31,136 from beer, $42,269 from spirits and $31,741 from tobacco.

Coiner Gorham, of the United States Mint in this city, reports the coinage of $1,720,000 half eagles and $880,000 in eagles during the month of February, against $1,240,000 in standard dollars for the same month last year.

In the case of Captain H. W. Goodell, of the ship Governor Robie, who was sentenced to four months imprisonment in the penitentiary, Colonel Mosby made a motion for a new trial Monday morning. The motion was denied, and he was taken to San Quentin.

Formerly small sums of greenbacks were paid out at the Sub-Treasury, which citizens could transport across the continent, but now none are paid out. It is supposed that the Treasury Department prohibited it, owing to the accumulation of gold in the Sub-Treasury.

Mr. Mowry, attorney for Chinese habeas corpus cases, states that over 1,000 tickets had been purchased by Chinese up to Friday last to return home on the City of Peking, which sails Wednesday next, and it was expected that fully 1,400 tickets would be purchased before the vessel sails.

The report of Superintendent Sedgwick, of the House of Correction, filed with the Supervisors, shows that there were confined at that institution on March 1st 232 prisoners. During the month just past 54 prisoners were received by commitment and 58 were discharged on expiration of sentence. During the month 2,544 days' labor were performed by the prisoners.

The following dispatch in relation to the case of the Petaluma murderer, Ang Tai Duck, was received from Washington Sunday:

> WASHINGTON (D. C.), February 28, 1886.
> *Chief of Police Crowley, San Francisco*: Secretary Bayard has telegraphed as follows to our Consul at Hongkong: "Withers, Consul, Hongkong: Application made to British Government for arrest at Hongkong of Ang Tai Duck, charged with murder in California, and recently released at Yokohama. Endeavor to secure provisional arrest awaiting papers."
> LELAND STANFORD.

Surveyor-General Hammond has announced the following changes in his office: William D. Lawton, Swamp and Overflowed Clerk, vice H. J. Lask, resigned; Robt. McCreary, clerk to vacancy; D. J. Mahoney, clerk, vice P. H. McNevin, resigned; L. P. Goldstone, draughtsman, vice J. H. Henkenias; Ed. Michaelson, messenger, vice Emil Straub, resigned; Eugene Cavanaugh, office boy, vice Michaelson, promoted. The following ladies have been appointed substitute clerks: Miss Mamie P. Vaughn, Mrs. Pauline Ballard, Mrs. Fannie E. Evans, Mrs. H. W. Pendegast.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Van Fleet, Judge.

MONDAY, March 1, 1886.

People vs. Maroney, Hurst et al., gaming—Continued until to-morrow.

Guardianship of Arthur H., Mary E. and Ellen S. O'Neil, minors—Annual account referred to George P. Royster, to examine and report.

People vs. M. Zeller, murder—Odell & Ross vs. Scheunert—Continued until Wednesday.

Department Two—McFarland, Judge.

MONDAY, March 1, 1886.

William Angrave vs. John H. Dobson, D. Vanderhoof and Charles Quiggle—Default of defendants entered. Judgment ordered for plaintiff in accordance with the complaint.

Peter Bohl, administrator, vs. Jacob Schmidt—Judgment for plaintiff.

Henry Wittenbrock vs. P. C. Dolan et al.—Dismissed as to defendant Harris. Default of Russell and Dolan entered. J. J. West appointed receiver.

Make no Mistake.

By dispelling the symptoms so often mistaken for Consumption, Santa Abie has brought gladness to many a household, and by promptly breaking up the Cough and Cold that often develops into that fatal disease will yet save thousands from an untimely grave. You make no mistake by keeping a bottle of this pleasant remedy always in the house. Guaranteed by all druggists and Abietine Medical Company. Jos. Hahn & Co., wholesale agents for Sacramento.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sacramento Division, No. 7, U. R., K. of P., will hold their regular meeting at their Armory, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 2, 1886. Important business to come before the Division. All S. K. should be present. By order of
JAS. A. DAVIS, S. K. C.
W. S. OKE, S. K. R. mr2-1t*

Regular meeting of Rising Star, No. 5, R. D., I. O. O. F., THIS EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock.
MRS. M. E. PALMER, N. G.
MRS. BAKER, Secretary. mr2-1t*

Regular Convention of Confidence Lodge, No. 78, K. of P., THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Second Rank conferred. Election of Grand Lodge Delegates. A full attendance desired.
W. B. OLDFIELD, C. C.
W. H. GREENLAW, K. of R. and S. mr2-1t*

Stated Meeting of Sacramento Royal Arch Chapter, No. 3, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Sojourning Companions are cordially invited to attend. By order of
WM. E. OUGHTON, H. P.
WM. B. DAVIS, Secretary. mr2-1t*

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL WISHES A SITUATION to do general housework; is a good washer and ironer; city or country; country preferred. Address 1108 Fourth street. mr2 3t*

LOST—A BLACK MARE, OF GOOD stock, about 9 years old, in company with other horses, got out of the Pasture, Eighth and W streets, Sunday night. Return the same and receive reward from DR. BRUNE, Fourteenth and K streets. mr2-1t*

LOST—A WHIP HANDLE COVERED WITH red leather; 3 buttons; marked Standard Whip Co., No. 1 bone. Return to DR. PINKHAM, 818 Eighth street, and be rewarded. mr2-1t

TO LEASE—CITY HOTEL; CONTAINS 100 rooms; now undergoing a thorough course of repairs; will be completed on or about the 11th of March; will be rented to any responsible hotelkeeper at reasonable terms; the greater portion of the furniture is new and of the latest style. For further information inquire of the owner on the premises, K street, between Third and Fourth, Sacramento. mr2-tf

ROOMS FOR HOUSEKEEPING.—THE UPper portion of the residence, No. 419 O street, between Fourth and Fifth, comprising 6 large and well ventilated rooms, with convenient clothes closets, will be let to a desirable tenant; extra large Kitchen and Pantry; Bath room, Closet, etc. mr2-tf

TWO PLEASANT ROOMS FOR RENT—FURnished for housekeeping, will be let reasonable to man and wife without children. Call at once, 409 K street, between Fourth and Fifth. mr2-3t

BARGAINS—IN ASH BEDROOM SETS, WITH Toilet Glass on Washstand, for sale at CHAS. M. CAMPBELL'S, 409 K street. Also, 2 Ranges and 4 Carpets, all cheap for cash. We buy, sell or exchange. Repairing and Upholstering. ja22-1m

CHRIS. SUTER,
MANUFACTURER OF FURNITURE, WINdow and Door Screens. Window and Door Screens made a specialty and kept on hand. The best facilities in the State. Mill and Factory, northeast corner Thirteenth and J. Warerooms and residence, northwest corner Thirteenth and J streets. mr2-tf

SHORTHAND.
LESSONS GIVEN IN SHORTHAND; EASY method. Young gentlemen or ladies who may desire to learn shorthand will find this a rare opportunity. Clunie's Block, northeast corner Eighth and K streets, upstairs. Office Hours—10 A. M. to 1 P. M., and 7 to 8 P. M., Saturdays and Sundays excepted.
mr2-1w* W. S. SWAYZE.

SPRING OPENING
OF MILLINERY at BARBER & PEALER'S.
OUR GENERAL STOCK OF MILLINERY Goods is particularly attractive this season. We are confident your interest will be served by calling on us when making purchases; or, if not coming to the city, by favoring us with your orders by mail. Yours respectfully, MMES. BARBER & PEALER, 621 J st., Sacramento. mr2-1pim

CAPITAL IRON WORKS,
M. R. ROSE, PROPRIETOR,
No. 904 K street.....Sacramento.
ALL KINDS OF ENGINES AND PUMPS built to order. Good assortment of New and Second-hand ENGINES always in stock. Estimates furnished. mr2-4plm

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavored beverage which may save us many doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." —Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.
San Francisco Depot: RICHARDS, HARRISON & SHERWOOD. mr2-1yTuTh

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ODORLESS EXCAVATOR.
CESSPOOLS AND VAULTS CLEANED. CELlars pumped out. We do the cheapest and best work in the city. Leave your orders at our office, 725 J street, at the Pacific Market.
fe2-4ptf J. H. CAMPBELL & CO.

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A. HEYMAN SOLE AGENT, I street, bet. 7th and Seventh, opposite Court-house. PIANOS TO LET. Pianos sold on installments.
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Cure Diseases of
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In use for over 20 years by Farmers, Stockbreeders, Horse R. R., &c.
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HOMEOPATHIC
SPECIFIC No. 28
In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for
Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,
and Prostration, from over-work or other causes. $1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial powder, for $5. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—Humphreys' Specific Co., 109 Fulton St., N. Y.

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25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!
SYMPTOMS OF A
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Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and
CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.
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