DAILY RECORD-UNION

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

MONDAY.....MARCH 8, 1886.

The RECORD-UNION *is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco it has no competitor, in point of numbers, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.*

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCY.

L. P. FISHER is Sole Agent for this paper in San Francisco and vicinity. He is authorized to receive advertisements and subscriptions, and collect for the same. Rooms 21 and 22, Merchants' Exchange.

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

FOREIGN.—Notorious bandit killed in Cuba.....Fatal duel with pistols in Chihuahua, Mexico.....The Mt. Etna crater again active.....Colonel Dyde fell dead in Montreal.....Earthquake at Cozenza, southern Italy.....Suicide of Captain Gerstel, of the Austrian army.....Silver in London, 46 11-16d; consols, 101⅛; 5 per cents, 105; 4s, 129⅜; 4½s, 115.

EASTERN.—Official report of visiting editors on the recent freeze in Florida.....District Master Workman Golden, of the Texas Knights of Labor, has been impeached.....Great strike of coal miners threatened in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and Pennsylvania.....Two girls murdered in Baldwin county, Georgia.....Wife murderer lynched near Credo, W. Va.....American House, Boston, burned.....Disorder threatened in Pulaski county, Kentucky.....The strike on the Gould railroads spreading.....Dynamite explosion at Bay Chester, N. Y.....The fight between Jack Dempsey and Le Blanche will take place in New York next week.....Great fire in Jersey City.....Government bonds quoted in New York at 127¼ for 4s of 1907; 112½ for 4½s; sterling, $4 88@4 90; 100⅝ for 3s; silver bars, 102½.....Eight-hour rule to be enforced in the District of Columbia, May 1st.....The controversy between the Senate and President to come up again this week.

PACIFIC SLOPE.—M. Mills accidentally killed near Williams.....Mass meeting of Mormon women in Salt Lake.....Mrs. Sims shot and killed in Portland, Or.....A. W. Clark killed by a train at Fresno.....William R. Macpherson decapitated by a circular saw in Anderson valley, Mendocino county.....Fires in Fresno and Yreka.....Two stage robbers pleaded guilty at Ukiah.....Mrs. Mitchell dropped dead near Yreka.....Municipal election at Vallejo on the 15th.

REPUBLICANS' DUTY.

To-morrow a local contest will be begun and decided for a portion of the municipal offices. So long as parties are to maintain their present relation to municipal government, the choice of the voter must be between the candidates of the two great parties, the one representing the dominant political power in the nation, the other the party that preserved the Republic in the hour of its supremest peril, and on the principles of which has been built the nation as it is to-day, unstained by human slavery, and recognizing the rights of man in all their fullness. The dominant party has, until recently, been simply that of opposition. Its end and aim has been the gaining of power for the sake of office. So far as it rises, it does so only upon the errors of the Republican party. It has no basic principles upon which to found a great party. All that it can possibly claim to represent as fundamental principles which should enter into the administration of the affairs of the country and influence its councils, are and have been those that the Republican party has either maintained or successfully refuted and shown to be chimerical and unwise. In even a municipal election, therefore, the importance of proving true to the party so long as the party is in the municipal field, should impress itself upon all Republicans. The time will come, when, in the choosing of municipal administrators, city elections will be cut loose from party considerations. But this is not now the rule, nor will it be for an indefinite period. The present duty of Republicans is to be loyal to the party. Every reason that fortified its existence in the past remains today. It is, as it always has been, the party representing the broadest thought of true democracy, and the very highest plane of liberty. It has, like all human organizations, had its errors, and been deceived in its administrators here and there. But it has invariably proven itself equal to the correction of its ills, and the eradication of its errors. It is the only party known to the history of the Republic that has proved its capacity to meet any emergency and grapple with any difficulty. It is needless to recount its history, since it is identical with the era of the nation's greatest progress and loftiest achievements. The duty of old Republicans to-morrow will be to stand by their candidates. These are fully capable, and have the indorsement of the men of the party, and of whom there is no reason to expect other than faithful, diligent and conscientious discharge of duty. There is, then, no excuse for desertion of the old party in the face of the old-time enemy. Young Republicans, whose majority does not date back sufficiently far to enable them to recall the personal history of the genesis and growth of the organization, will find that its written history and traditions appeal to every manly impulse, to every chivalrous sentiment, and to the patriotic sense with irresistible strength, if it is read with thoughtful attention and honest concern. Young Republicans are those among whom the Democratic evangelists hope to do the most missionary work. They should, of all others, give least heed to the allurements employed to draw them from the support of the party. Personal effort, renewal of the stalwart spirit of old, adhesion to the party, determined resistance to all offers to dicker or barter for Democrats, will secure to the Republicans of this Republican city a sweeping victory, and restore the administration of municipal affairs to the hands of the Republican party. And this means a great deal, when it is recalled that, in a few weeks more, we shall be engaged in a State campaign, which, in its turn, will have a direct influence upon a not far distant national campaign. All events that conspire to write defeat upon the party banners now, must have a like influence in the campaigns soon to come to the front.

HIGH LICENSE.

To-morrow the people of this city are to give an advisory vote upon the question of high license. It is to be a vote to indicate to the City Trustees the sentiment of the people upon a purely economic and regulative measure. This journal, some years ago, in common with some of the best and foremost papers of the land, discussed this question in all its phases, arriving at the unqualified conclusion that it is a species of regulation worthy of consideration and adoption by all communities. Since then we have noted its progress and seen it adopted into the policy of States and cities with positive success and with growing favor. No sentimentalism has had part in our estimation of the question, and while the debate has been not a little befogged, and prejudice appealed to for and against it, we have heard no reason to induce us to believe that it is not a wise policy. We believe that, so far from being a sentimental question, it is simply one of municipal regulation and economy—as much in the interests of those engaged in the liquor traffic as those of the consumer. Indeed, it has all along appeared to us that the men who should especially favor the policy are those whose business is most directly affected by it. Let it be decided to-morrow, without heat or appeals to prejudices, as a question of regulation; without implicit faith in the speculations of either its friends or its opponents. For there is this about it, that, if adopted, it applies only to the retailing of liquors over bars, and not to sale by drug stores or in bottles, and if it is found to be so direful as some of our citizens anticipate, it is the simplest thing in the world to abandon it and return to the present system. The question presents an issue of excess supply. The most thoughtful among our dealers, as well as citizens generally, admit that in a city with a bar to every sixteen voters—as shown by the Collector's books—there is supply in excess of public demand, and therefore such wrong in our system as to demand a new adjustment. The question, in short, is not one, according to our view, to justify the heat that appears to have been evolved; nor is it one that should be permitted to descend into business antagonisms or any attempts—always despicable—to hobble the free thought and expression of the people one way or the other.

ONE dollar from San Francisco to Los Angeles, and one dollar from there to Kansas City! Had any one a year ago predicted that such a passenger rate would ever prevail, he would have been pronounced insane.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Phil Herzog returned from the Bay yesterday.

Ariel Lathrop, of San Francisco, went up to Vina yesterday.

Major Sproule, of San Francisco, went home yesterday from Chico.

Joseph Fyfe, of Stockton, came over yesterday, going to Red Bluff.

D. G. Waldron, business agent of the San Francisco *Wasp*, is in the city.

In the city yesterday: A. C. Simons Knights Landing; Thomas Daly, Grizzly Flat.

Mrs. Webster Lang, of Galt, who had been visiting friends in Sacramento, went home yesterday.

J. A. Fillmore, General Superintendent of the Southern Pacific Company, is paying Sacramento a visit.

Messrs. Easton and Fink, of San Francisco, returned home yesterday from Oroville, going by way of Stockton.

Park Henshaw, Mart Willoughby and Mrs. C. Peters and children, all of Chico, went to San Francisco yesterday.

John W. Burdett and George McComb came up from the Bay last evening, on their way to Folsom to spend a few days.

Rev. Dr. N. W. Lane and wife, of Lodi, were in the city on Saturday. Dr. Lane was engaged in holding revival services at Benicia last week.

General A. L. Hart went up to Marysville yesterday, to appear in a case in which some hydraulic miners are to be brought up for contempt of Court.

James McGann, ex-County Surveyor of Butte county, came down yesterday, on his way to San Francisco, to arrange for the printing of a new map of the county which he has just compiled.

General C. W. Breyfogle came down yesterday from Grass Valley and Nevada, where he had been visiting Cantons of the Patriarch Militant, I. O. O. F., and this evening will muster in Sacramento Grand Cantons Nos. 1 and 18.

Duncan McPherson, of the Santa Cruz *Sentinel*, Grand Master Workman, A. O. U. W., arrived here yesterday from the northern portion of the State, on his way to Knights Landing. He will return to the city to attend the anti-Chinese Convention Wednesday.

Arrivals at the State House Hotel yesterday: Rock Hunt, Freeport; Frank Trangiza, Elk Grove; John Givens, Mrs. Belcher, Miss Sadie Belcher, Cosumnes; C. Schlund, Mokelumne Hill; C. S. Dennis, W. S. Dennis, Yuba City; M. C. Pike and wife, Routiers; Andy Wakeman, Elk Grove.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: John A. Tully, John Keogh, J. R. Grismer, Miss Phœbe Davies, Miss Stevens, Miss Loyola O'Connor, H. Kaven, C. W. Jackson, F. R. Cook, D. G. Waldron, J. P. Currier, San Jose; Will Fitzmaurice, C. T. Smythe, C. E. Hastings, New York; J. B. Jones and wife, Chicago; R. L. Briggs, Philadelphia, Pa.; F. H. Howell, Lincoln; Duncan McPherson, Santa Cruz; Dr. C. W. Breyfogle, San Jose; Wash. Marion, Chicago; V. T. Dwyer, Riverside, Cal.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: Al. Sutherland, Winnemucca; D. H. Peery and son, Ogden, Utah; N. Miner, Yolo; Caleb Dorsey, Stanislaus; T. F. Davis, Stockton; Louis F. Huston, Shingletown; C. E. Hazelton and wife, Redding; J. E. Blanchard and wife, Folsom; A. H. Estill, San Francisco; R. K. Berry, Shingle Springs; W. M. Coward, Woodland; H. Washborn and wife, San Francisco; L. A. Morgenstern (Grismer-Davies Company); George W. Freeman and wife, Willows; J. M. Stephenson, Franklin.

Board of Health.

The Board of Health met Saturday evening at Dr. Laine's office; present, Dr. Cluness, President; Dr. H. L. Nichols, Secretary; Drs. Laine and Brune; absent, Dr. Snider. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Health Officer W. B. Ferral made his monthly report for February, showing 228 nuisances examined.

City Physician Parkinson reported 122 cases treated in his department.

Joseph N. Herndon, Superintendent City Cemeteries, reported 24 deaths.

Plumbing Inspector Bassett also submitted his monthly report.

Shafer & Cummings filed their bond as licensed plumbers, which was approved.

Some discussion then took place upon the condition of the city from seepage water in low lots. It was suggested to the Health Officer to investigate and report.

Monsignor Capel.

In another column is published this morning correspondence between Governor Stoneman, Mayor Brown and numerous other prominent citizens, and Monsignor Capel, the eminent Catholic divine and distinguished orator, in which they request him to address the citizens of Sacramento at such time as may suit his convenience, and on a subject to be chosen by himself. In response, he accepts the invitation, and names next Friday as the date, and "Woman, the Educator of the Citizen," as the subject. Arrangements have therefore been made for the lecture to take place at the Metropolitan Theater at 8 o'clock that evening. Tickets of admission will be 50 cents. A number of ladies and gentlemen, whose names are published in connection with the matter, have consented to act as a Committee of Arrangements for the occasion.

Normal Musical Institute.

The Normal Musical Institute, to which we have heretofore made reference, opens to-night at the First Baptist Church. Practice in voice culture at 7; grand chorus at 8 o'clock. All the students should be present. People who are thinking of joining, but have not decided, are invited to attend the classes this evening. The faculty consists of S. W. Straub, principal; W. F. Werschkul, voice teacher; A. M. Straub, pianist—all eminent teachers of Chicago. The following important classes will be taught daily: At 2 P. M., church music; 3 P. M., harmony (two grades); 4 P. M., elementary (for children and adults); 7 P. M., voice culture; 8 P. M., grand chorus. Tickets for the full course of 50 lessons will be $5; any one class, $2.

Merchandise Report.

The following freight passed Ogden March 4th:

For Sacramento—Lindley & Co., 5 barrels syrup; Hall, Luhrs & Co., 1 carload hams; A. Brewer, 5 barrels whisky.

For Stockton—Arndt & Gumpertz, 1 case dry goods.

THE HIGH-LICENSE DEBATE.

The Liquor-Dealers' Association Speaks—Answers to Questions.

SACRAMENTO, March 6, 1886.

EDS. RECORD UNION: We are pleased to see the independent and fair stand you have taken in the agitation now occupying the people's minds in regard to the high license in this city. The business community in general appreciates your kindness, and feels grateful therefor. If the inclosed article is not too lengthy and you can find space for it, please insert it in your Monday's issue. Accept the thanks of our Association in advance, as I shall bring the matter before them this evening. Very truly yours,

GEORGE W. CHESLEY, President.

We all remember reading in our boyhood days of the Revolutionary tea party, and recollect how our youthful blood would boil and bubble when we thought of how the English Government imposed and forced the collection of an unjust and unwarranted tax upon the Colonists. It was unjust, and in consequence met with the proper resentment, which cost England the loss of what since has become the fairest land upon the earth. Our Government owes its origin to the fact that her people rebelled against unjust and discriminating taxation. That same feeling has grown with her growth, and increased with her strength, until to-day the United States stands forth among the nations of the earth like a mighty meteor, a beacon light for the downtrodden and oppressed of every country.

The imposition of a high license at this time upon Sacramento means to her financial ruin. This, it is true, is a broad statement, and must fall, if it cannot be upheld by strong, undeniable and convincing argument. If you will admit the space you have so generously extended, I will briefly, and as tersely as possible, endeavor to defend my assertion. In the first place, a large number of good, respectable, loyal, honest, law-abiding citizens are engaged in the business sought to be destroyed. The imposition of this tax to them is an insurmountable barrier; means embarrassment, financial loss and inevitable ruin; it will, as the advocates of high license love to boast, close up many places of business. Admitting this to be true, as it most certainly is, you will readily concede the fact that it means the vacating of many of the business houses on J and K streets. The vacating of any number of such buildings means a lowering of rents; a lowering of rents means a depreciation of the valution of the real estate. The depreciation in the value of real estate means a lessening in the amount of taxable property, and a lowering in the amount of taxable property means an increased rate of taxation. Then the direct result of high license is an increased tax rate. Can our city stand more in that line than she is carrying now? Would it not be the last straw that would break the camel's back, send coin abroad for investment, check all classes of improvements, and precipitate our fair city into a business stagnation, from which it would take us a decade to extricate or resurrect her?

In the second place, it would bring poverty, want and destitution upon many a now happy home. Children—bright boys and girls neatly dressed, well fed, some of the brightest pupils in our public schools—would be driven to want and beggary, become charges upon the county, inmates of charitable institutions and waifs upon the cold, cheerless and unfriendly world. Mothers, now the center of a happy and charmed family circle, would become seamstresses in competition with Chinese labor and those incapacitated by poor health, or the many maladies incidental to their sex, will be compelled to give their children to other people to raise, care for and educate. This is no overdrawn, for in Sacramento there are no less than twenty-six such families, where the father is physically incapacitated to perform any other kind of labor, and to him the business he follows, legitimate and honest as it is, is the only thing that stands between him and want. Pass the high license, and you visit upon him the infliction just alluded to; pass it, and you send his children from the public school to the poor-house, to degradation, perhaps to destruction. Nine-tenths of those people, whom it is sought to impoverish, are heads of families.

Third—It is claimed that it is done in the interest of morality and to increase the revenue. High license means to give a monopoly to a few who will run gilded palaces, with all the improved methods of gambling and all the allurements calculated to cultivate a taste for vice; it means to crowd out of the business the honest man and make a Crœsus of the individual whose only thought is that of making money by the shortest route and the employment of the quickest means, no matter how disreputable.

Did young January lose his money, contract his bad habits, disgrace his parents in the common saloon kept by a poor man, struggling to maintain a family, properly raise and educate his children? Would the passage of a high license close up such places as those young January frequented? Would it not, on the contrary, close up respectable houses, kept by honorable men, and build up the trade of places ever noted as being crooked?

Fourth—By what right, legal, moral or otherwise, has one man to impose an unjust tax upon his neighbor? Why should the man with $200 worth of property be made to pay $600 worth of tax a year, or more than three times the value of all he has? Why should his property be confiscated every four months and placed in the public coffers, while you are only paying 2 or 2½ per cent per annum on yours; why should you want to make his wife go barefoot, beggars of his children, and he himself a mendicant? Is it right? Is it just? Is it proper? Is it in keeping with the doctrines laid down by our forefathers in the revolutionary times? Is it in keeping with the sentiments enunciated in the Declaration of Independence? Is it in accordance with the teachings of Jefferson? Is it American? Can you gainsay the truth of my argument? Can you consistently, conscientiously, as an honorable citizen or a Christian gentleman, go to the polls to-morrow and vote in favor of high license?

GEO. W. CHESLEY,
JAMES I. FELTER.

Sacramento, March 6, 1886.

The above open, frank and proper communication from two prominent citizens addresses questions to this journal. It apparently solicits responses from the RECORD-UNION to the four propositions put forth. So interpreting it, we concisely express the belief conscientiously entertained by the advocates of the affirmative.

To the first proposition we understand the friends of high license to reply that the experience of other communities negatives the position, and that experience must be accepted as against conjecture.

That high license gives increased revenue, which lessens taxation and consequently increases realty values and invites capital investment and population. That the closed stores on J and K streets are due solely to the elimination of a large pay-roll by the reduction of the labor force at the railroad shops. That the occupancy of any number of places by retail liquor business produces nothing, as they must subsist wholly upon the earnings of labor in other vocations, and that hence the absence of saloons cannot affect, materially, the aggregate product of labor in the community.

To the second they reply that the undue number of drinking bars invites more families to ruin, and brings them to want, than can result from lessening the number of bars, and that a drinking bar to every 100 of the entire population, or one to every sixteen voters, justifies this conclusion, to say nothing of the testimony the records of the charitable associations affords as to the cause of poverty.

This view is that of the temperance people, who would, if they could, establish prohibition, and a large class of these therefore oppose high license, as a compromise that will cripple their cause.

To the third the high license people respond that there is no monopoly, because there is no exclusive privilege, while lessening the number of bars gives the dealers remaining greater interest in the order and prosperity of the community. They hold that respectable places kept by honorable men can pay the license fee by reason of the drinking patronage not being divided, as now, among so many, and that as to the "crooked" places, if they pay, the condition of the community will be not morally worse then than now, but financially much better.

To the fourth, as to the right to tax the poor man keeping a bar, in excess of the value of his plant, they respond that the legal right resides in the majority; the moral right in the general good they believe will result, and finally that the tax is not upon the property, but upon the privilege of doing business, which, admittedly, yields enormous profit, certainly vastly greater than flows from most other business, than which the retailer of liquors pays now no more, and often less license fee. That this must be so, or else there could not be sustained a bar for every 16 voters.

That the license fee is not upon places selling by the bottle, such as grocers, druggists and others, but upon bars selling by the drink, or where the liquor is drank upon the premises where sold.

Effect Upon Property.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: Some of the good people of Sacramento think that a great wrong will be done to a few keepers of saloons if high license carries this week. But what are the facts? Certain men have invested a part or all of their capital in a business that, in the view of a considerable majority of the tax-payers of this city, does not benefit society or minister to its necessities, and never did. Although knowing that the sentiment of advancing civilization was against them, they have opened saloons which were not wanted, or continued a business which they might have closed out long ago without loss to themselves. They have seen proper to thus commence or continue the business, because, in their view, it was the easiest way to gain their bread and butter, although they were well aware that the property of their neighbors was greatly depreciated by their business. This being the case, where is the injustice of adopting such laws as will give the property of honest, hard-working citizens its true value, if at the same time they do compel, here and there, a man who is living off the earnings of his fellows by doing a business that could well be dispensed with, to engage in something that will add to the wealth, comfort and happiness of mankind, instead of its debasement.

H. C.

Whom It Affects.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: I have heard it disputed both ways, so I ask you to ascertain and inform the public, will high license affect druggists and grocers selling by the bottle, etc.? Yours,

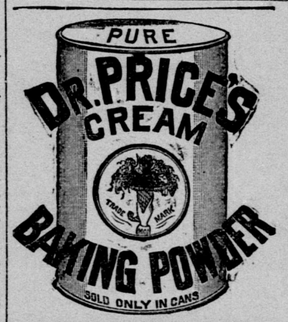
H.

[The high-license vote will be advisory to the Trustees, who resolved to ask an expression of the voters on it. High license means the increase of the license fee for keeping a bar and retailing liquors, as usually sold from a bar or saloon. It does not apply to the sale of liquors by druggists or grocers or others by the bottle and not to be used on the premises. High license aims to increase the rate for bars, and nothing else.]

Thousands of Consumptives

Have received benefits from Green's Lung Restorer, Santa Abie, an invaluable preparation for Coughs, Colds and all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs. Not a secret compound made from Abietine Balsam and Mountain Balm. Physicians, Ministers, Vocalists and Public Speakers acknowledge it the King of Cough Cures. For sale by all druggists. Jos. Hahn & Co., wholesale agents for Sacramento.

THE extraordinary popularity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the natural result of its use by intelligent people for over forty years. It has proven itself the very best specific for colds, coughs and pulmonary complaints.



MOST PERFECT MADE
Prepared with special regard to health.
No Ammonia, Lime or Alum.
PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.
mr1-1yMWThF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grocers' and Produce Dealers' Protective Union.—An important meeting will be held THIS EVENING, March 8th, 7:30 P. M., at Grangers' Hall. By order

P. H. RUSSELL, President.
A. A. TARTE, Secretary. mr8-1t*

Regular Meeting of Sacramento Uniformed Degree Camp, No. 1, I. O. O. F., THIS (Monday) EVENING, March 8th, at 7 o'clock sharp. Comrades remember the time and report prompt.

W. H. SHERBURN, Commander.
W. A. STEPHENSON, Sec'y. [B. C.] mr8-1t*

Unity Club will meet at same Hall and place THIS (Monday) EVENING. By order of

HENRY McCANN, Jr., President.
J. D., R. S. mr8 1t*

A. O. F.—Court Capitol meets THIS (Monday) EVENING, in Red Men's Hall, at 7:30 P. M. Important business.

ABE WILSON, C. R.
O. N. CRONKITE, R. S. mr8-1t*

Regular meeting of California Lodge, 1,550, K. of H., THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Full attendance desired. Adoption of new By-Laws.

J. H. CARRINGTON, Dictator.
J. C. MEDLEY, Reporter. [B. C.] mr6-1t

The Sacramento Protestant Orphan Asylum Managers tender thanks to the Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian Church of Elk Grove for donation of a quilt and a quantity of dried fruit; to Whittier, Fuller & Co., lot of valentines, birth and holiday cards; Congregational and Methodist Churches, package of papers; Sacramento Musical Convention and Mrs. Fleissner-Lewis, tickets to concert.

MRS. W. H. HOBBY, Secretary.
Sacramento, March 5, 1886. [B. C.] mr8-1t

PARTNER WANTED—SACRAMENTO LAND Company. Apply to CARL STROBEL, 321 J street. mr8-1t*

FOUND—STRAYED TO MY PLACE at Twenty-third and H streets, Light Bay Horse; 15 hands high; three white feet; branded on left hip; white star on his forehead; age, 13 years; weight, 1,300 pounds. owner can have same by paying charges to A. L. WAIT. mr6-3t*

$10 REWARD.—LOST, A BLACK MARE, 9 years old, of good stock, deep back; good gait when running; turns head to one side when hitched up. Got out of the pasture on Eighth and W streets, in company of two other horses and one very young colt. By returning the above-described mare to DR. BRUNE, a reward of $10 will be given. mr8-3t*

$350 PER MONTH SALARY AND COMMission to competent Business Manager in every city for exclusive agency of our NATIONAL AUTOMATIC GAS-SAVING GOVERNORS. Averages 32 per cent. saving in gas bills. Increased illumination and safety from fire. Over 7,000 in service. Indorsed by highest mercantile and corporate authorities. $500 cash required for $1,000 sample outfit. No bonds. Address

THE UNION NATIONAL GAS SAVING CO.
mr8-1w 21 East Fourteenth St., New York.

MONSIGNOR CAPEL.

CORRESPONDENCE.

SACRAMENTO, March 1, 1886.

RT. REV. MONSIGNOR CAPEL, D. D.—SIR: Learning that your sojourn on this coast is limited, and being anxious to hear you lecture before your departure from California, we would respectfully request you to address the citizens of Sacramento at such time as best suits your convenience, and on a subject to be chosen by yourself. We are, respectfully,

Geo. Stoneman, Governor, John P. Dunn, State Controller, D. J. Oullahan, State Treasurer, H. L. Nichols, M. D., John Ryan, James McNasser, James McGuire, G. G. Tyrrell, M. D., Thomas Dwyer, John Q. Brown, Mayor, R. T. Devlin, J. W. Armstrong, A. C. Hinkson, R. M. Clarken and others.

MARCH 2, 1886.

His Excellency, Gov. Stoneman, Hon. John Q. Brown, Mayor, Hon. John P. Dunn, State Controller, Hon. D. J. Oullahan, State Treasurer, Judge J. W. Armstrong, Capt. Thomas Dwyer, James McGuire, Esq., John Ryan, Esq., and others, Sacramento—Gentlemen: I am honored by the communication received from you, having the signatures of His Excellency, the Governor, other State officials and distinguished citizens of Sacramento. It gives me much pleasure to comply with the request it contains to deliver a lecture. If it meets approval, I would name FRIDAY, March 12th, as the date, and the subject: "WOMAN, THE EDUCATOR OF THE CITIZEN." Yours, respectfully,

T. J. CAPEL.

In view of the foregoing correspondence, the Distinguished Lecturer, will address the people of Sacramento, in the METROPOLITAN THEATER, on FRIDAY, March 12th. The Lecture will begin at 8 o'clock. Tickets will be Fifty Cents.

The following ladies and gentlemen have consented to manage and make all proper arrangements for the reception of the renowned Orator and the success of the Lecture:

Mrs. Geo Stoneman, Mrs. E. B. Crocker, Mrs. G. W. Chesley, Mrs. Agnes P. Thompson, Mrs. Jas. McClatchy, Mrs. Jas. McNasser, Mrs. Thos. Dwyer, Mrs. Chas. Trainor, Mrs. W. H. Beatty, Mrs. E. C. Hopper, Mrs. Alice Foye, Mrs L. G. Cadwalader, Mrs. A. Valensin, Mrs. J. I. Felter, Miss Fannie McClatchy, Miss Lizzie Griffin, Miss Lizzie Bernard, Miss Jennie Govan, Miss Laura Weinrich, W. J. O'Brien, Dr. G. L. Simmons, Geo. W. Chesley, Chris Green, Harry Bernard, Frank D. Ryan, J. B. White, V. S. McClatchy.

mr8-2tMF

—THE—

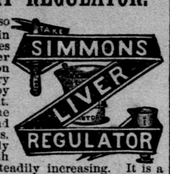
NORMAL MUSICAL INSTITUTE
Opens To-night,
At the FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.
Voice Culture, at 7. Grand Chorus, at 8.

☞ The Students should all be present. Any who are thinking of joining, but have not decided, are invited to attend the Classes this evening. mr8-1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GREAT REGULATOR.

No medicine is so universally used in the Southern States as **Simmons Liver Regulator.** It won its way into every Southern home by pure, sterling merit. It there takes the place of a doctor and costly prescriptions. It is becoming widely known in the North and the demand steadily increasing. It is a family medicine, containing no dangerous qualities, but purely vegetable; gentle in its action; can be safely given to any person, no matter what age.



WORKING PEOPLE

Can take **Simmons Liver Regulator** without loss of time, and the system will be built up and invigorated by it. It promotes digestion, dissipates nasty sick-headache, and gives a strong, full tone to the system. It has no equal as a preparatory medicine, and can be safely used when a doctor cannot be called in. Indorsed by persons of the highest character and eminence as

The Best Family Medicine.

If the child has the colic it is a sure and safe remedy. It will restore strength to the overworked father, and relieve the wife from low spirits, headache, dyspepsia, constipation and like ills. Genuine prepared only by

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
s21-1yMWF&wly

JOHN RIDER.

INDEPENDENT PLATFORM!

I am a candidate for Second Trustee at the Municipal Election March 9, 1886, subject to the voice of the people.

MY CREED IS FAIRPLAY, EQUAL AND exact justice to all. No Mongolian competition with white labor. The absolute exclusion of Chinese or any other slave labor. No water schemes to enrich speculators at the expense of the citizens. Our own Sacramento straight has served us well for 37 years, and is good enough for me. Nothing for the bondholders but just what the original law of 1858 gives them. I believe in adding nothing to the funds that benefit the bondholders, because such action only increases our obligations and makes the burden heavier. The interest and welfare of the city I have at heart. Economical government, good clean streets and enforcement of all health and sanitary regulations. No barter or sale of the city patronage. No political party interference at the instance of the "Bosses" or manipulators. No unnecessary taxation. A zealous regard for our Public Schools and the education of our children. I believe in the protection of American industry and manufactories against all European competition. Holding these views I ask the people's indorsement. [mr8-2tned] JOHN RIDER.

To the Voters of Sacramento!

THREE YEARS AGO I WAS ELECTED TO the office of Second Trustee of the city of Sacramento. As Street Commissioner, I have devoted all my time and energies to a proper discharge of the duties of that office. My position upon the bond question, and all other matters pertaining to city finance, and on contemplated and needed improvements, are well known, for I have never shrunk from going on record upon every issue, and have never asked to be excused from voting upon any measure. If three years' experience is worth anything, and the citizens desire my continuance in office, they will go to the polls on Tuesday and cast a ballot in favor of my re-election. In my official acts, I have ever stood forth a fearless champion of any proposition that was in the city's interest, that tendered to curtail her expenses, increase her revenue, improve her drainage, or add to her wealth and prosperity. I am well known to perhaps every voter in the city; to none am I a stranger, unless, perhaps, it be to a newcomer. You are acquainted with my life, both as private citizen and a public official. If you think well of my record, and are of the opinion that an experienced Street Commissioner is better than one who has it all to learn, you will cast your ballot for me. Gentlemen, I leave my case in your hands. Yours respectfully,

mr5-1t H. B. NIELSEN.

CARD OF WITHDRAWAL.

TO THE PUBLIC: FEARING THAT MY being an independent candidate for Chief of Police might to some extent injure the Republican ticket as a whole, and that being far from my desire, I have determined to withdraw from the contest.

E. M. STEVENS.
mr8-1t

2:08¾!

ELECTIONEER STALLION,

FALLIS,

Will make the season of 1886 at the stable of the undersigned,

No. 1930 Tenth st. (cor. Tenth and T sts).,

SACRAMENTO.

DESCRIPTION.

FALLIS is a dark bay, with hind feet white; foaled March 25, 1878; bred by Leland Stanford, Palo Alto, California. He is 16¼ hands high, and now weighs 1,185 pounds; long-bodied, and of immense muscular power. His disposition is nearly perfect, and seems to know nothing but trot. He is the fac simile of his sire in form, disposition and color, with the exception of size, which is in his favor, being somewhat larger.

PERFORMANCES.

He trotted as a two-year-old a mile in 2:38, and undoubtedly would have shown as fast as any of his renowned brothers and sisters had he not had the misfortune of cutting one of his tendons, which so lamed him that he was not worked any further until the past winter, when he showed trials, a quarter in 35 seconds, and a mile in 2:25. He has been bred to a few mares and his produce show remarkably well. Among them he has a three-year-old that can show close to a 2:20 gait, and a two-year that is nearly as fast, and will be entered the coming season throughout the circuit on this coast. The Electioneers new have the fastest records in the world for the following ages: One-year-old, 2:36½; two-year-old, 2 21; three-year-old, 2:10½; and has 12 under 2:30, and 5 under 2:20, and could have swelled the number 30 more last season had Governor Stanford so desired, and his colts allotted do not exceed 250.

PEDIGREE.

By Electioneer, he by Rysdyk's Hambletonian; Electioneer's dam Green Mountain Maid (dam of Prospero, 2:20; Dame Trot, 2:22¼; and Elaine, 2:29¼) by Sayres' Harry Clay, (2:26); first dam Felicia, by Messenger Duroc, by Rysdyk's Hambletonian; second dam, Lady Falls (dam of Socrates, Kisbar, 2:30, and g. d. of Cling-tone 2:14) by Seely's American Star. Third dam, Beck Mare, by Long Island Black Hawk.

TERMS.—Will stand at the low price of $60 for the season, payable on or before the 1st of July, 1886. Mares not proving with foal may be returned next season, free of charge, if the horse is still in my possession.

The stable companion to FALLIS will be the young stallion,

ALBENTON, 4,023.

ALBENTON is a bright bay, without white, foaled April 14, 1883, bred by Leland Stanford Palo Alto, Cal. He is 16 hands high, and has size, style and finish. Was sired by Gen. Benton (the sire of six in the 2:30 list, and the sire of the fastest four-year-old in the world, Sally Benton, 2:17¾) He is also the sire of Arab, that made a record last season of 2:17¾, and is now offered to be matched against any horse in the world.

The dam of Albenton is Abbie, by Almont (the sire of 32 in the 2:30 list), he by Alexander's Abdallah (the sire of Goldsmith Maid), second dam, Norma (the dam of Lucy Cuyler, one-half mile to wagon 1:05, and a mile in 2:15½). She was by Alexander's Norma (the sire of Lula, 2:16, and May Queen, 2:20). Albenton has been handled but little, on account of his age and large size, but showed a quarter as a yearling, close to a 2:40 gait, and received the first premium at the California State Fair, 1885, for the best 2-year-old standard trotter, over colts by Sultan and other noted sires. Will make the season of 1886 at $40 for the season, limited to twenty approved mares. Mares not proving in foal can be returned the following season, free of charge, if he is still in my possession. For further particulars, address,

F. P. LOWELL, Sacramento, Cal.
m28-1w

FOR SALE.

A rare opportunity to obtain a home of 160 acres; fenced in 40-acre fields; 33 acres in Grape Vines; location, 2 1-2 miles west of Elk Grove. Price, Fifty Dollars per acre.

320 acres under good fence, with Dwelling of 7 rooms and other Outbuildings; large Vineyard and a bearing Orchard; plenty of timber and a living spring of water on the place; situate near the town of Sheridan, Price, Twelve Dollars and Fifty Cents per acre.

W. P. COLEMAN,
REAL ESTATE SALESROOM,
325 J street, Sacramento, Cal.
m8

BAKER & HAMILTON

Manufacturers, Importers and Dealers in

HARDWARE,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, MACHINERY, etc., Iron, Steel, Coal, Powder, Cutlery, Cordage, Barb Fence Wires, etc. m8-4p

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOSING SALE
—OF—
TREES AND PLANTS.

To close out stock we are now offering Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees and Plants at greatly reduced prices—in many cases at one-half usual rates. Now is a splendid opportunity to set out an Orchard or to beautify your grounds. Do not fail to call and see our stock.

TREE YARDS:

I Street, between Seventh and Eighth,
—AND—
Second Street, near Passenger Depot.

mr8-1m W. R. STRONG & CO.

FOR SALE.

FIVE YOUNG SHORT HORN Bulls, of the best families, from imported cows. Also, eighteen High Grades, all good solid colors; one mile east of Davisville.

m8-tf P. S. CHILES, Davisville, Cal.

THE SILVER PALACE,
No. 36 Geary street,.....San Francisco.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC. SLOAN & BEYERSDORF, Proprietors. m8-3

PIONEER LIVERY STABLE.

T. D. SCRIVER, - - - - - Proprietor.

HACKS ON CALL AT ANY HOUR, day or night. Coupes, Phaetons, Rockaways, Barouches, Buggies, with the best roadsters to be found in any Livery Stable on the coast, for hire. Horses kept in Livery at reasonable rates. Livery Stable on Fourth street, between I and J. 7-tf

CANDIDATES.

REGULAR
REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Election Tuesday, March 9, 1886.

FOR SECOND TRUSTEE:
JOHN RYAN.

FOR CITY ATTORNEY:
E. C. HART.

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE:
O. C. JACKSON.

FOR FIRE COMMISSIONER:
JOHN CONRAN.

By order Republican Central Committee.
A. ABBOTT, Chairman.
N. S. NICHOLS, Secretary. mr6-2t

REGULAR
DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Election Tuesday, March 9, 1886.

FOR SECOND TRUSTEE:
WM. McLAUGHLIN.

FOR CITY ATTORNEY:
JOHN F. RAMAGE.

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE:
H. F. DILLMAN.

FOR FIRE COMMISSIONER:
L. B. BERCK.

By order Democratic City Central Committee.
J. C. KELLY, Chairman.
W. S. SHIELDS, Secretary. mr6-td

H. B. NIELSEN
(PRESENT INCUMBENT),
Will be an INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE for the office of
Second Trustee
At the