DAILY RECORD-UNION

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

MONDAY.....JUNE 7, 1886.

The RECORD-UNION *is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco it has no competitor, in point of numbers, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.*

NEWS OF THE MORNING.

FOREIGN.—The town of Bote, in Hungary, has been destroyed by fire.....The division in the House of Commons on the home rule bill will take place to-day.....Americans are purchasing many mines in Mexico.....The English Scientific Commission has affirmed the efficacy of Pasteur's cure of hydrophobia.....The first consular dinner ever held in London was given Saturday night.....The race for the grand prize of Paris was won by Minting.....Silver in London, 45¾d; consols, 102¼; 4s, 128¼; 4½s, 113¼.

EASTERN.—The President and his bride attended church at Oakland, six miles from Deer Park, Sunday.....A fire at Lebanon, Pa., caused a loss of $150,000.....A serious labor riot is threatened at Cumings, near Chicago.....The St. Louis Derby was won by Haggin's Ben Ali.....Maxwell, the slayer of Preller at St. Louis, has been convicted of murder in the first degree.....It is reported that Powderly has resigned as Grand Master Workman of the Knights of Labor.....A physician has been arrested in Jersey City for making cruel experiments on dogs.....Robbers murdered A. J. McBride and wife near Tyro, N. C.....The street-cars in New York and Brooklyn are again "tied up".....John Kelly's funeral took place in New York Saturday.....A ship loaded with kerosene was burned at Greenpoint, N. Y., Saturday.....Two men were hanged at Orlando, Fla., for assaulting a woman.....Government bonds are quoted in New York at 126 for 4s of 1907; 111⅞ for 4½s; 100⅞ for 3s; sterling, $4 88@4 90; silver bars, 98.

WASHINGTON. — Congress will finally adjourn June 26th.....The House Judiciary Committee will report favorably Edmunds' anti-polygamy bill.

PACIFIC COAST.—Five inches of rain fell in fifteen minutes at Huron, Fresno county.....Captain John Paul Jones Davison, the oldest Mason on the Pacific coast, died in Georgetown, El Dorado county, Saturday.....Olive Anderson was drowned at Rio Vista.....High water is causing great damage in New Mexico.....Highwaymen robbed stages near Victoria, B. C., and near Prescott, A. T.....The British Columbia Parliament has been dissolved.....In a Chinese shooting affray at Columbus, Nev., one Mongol was killed and two others wounded.

AN ALARMED JURY.

The report of the United States Grand Jury at Seattle is altogether a remarkable document. The jury asserts upon its official oath that it has evidence of a regularly organized body of men with headquarters in San Francisco, the purposes and aims of which are to burn, pillage and destroy. This body has branches, says the jury, extending jurisdiction throughout the country so that the whole land is affected by it. Its principles, if we can dignify crime by such a word, are essentially Anarchist, and its ultimate hope is to overthrow the Government, and set up in its stead the rule of human passion and desire, under the sounding title of "The Socialistic Commonwealth." Its first purpose is to secure the control of the Knights of Labor, and assuming that the jury has not been led astray in its conclusions, and that it has discovered something more than a mare's nest, this fact verifies our prediction that the Knights of Labor preserved in the purity of its origin is the foe to socialism and communism and like isms, and has done more than any other influence to withdraw the workingmen from the net the Anarchists were weaving about them. The revelations of the jury show that these schemers were proceeding with devilish cunning. They engaged first to incite the people to discontent on the slightest pretext, and thus enkindle a spirit of insubordination. The anti-Chinese sentiment was first seized upon as a means, and has been worked for about all it is worth for the purposes of the Anarchists. The main body of the traitors was careful to conceal from the subordinate branches the full purposes of the organization—they must be brought by degrees to the full conception of the plan. So, too, the workingmen's societies were made to contribute, but innocently, to the ulterior purposes of the conspirators. The jury asserts that this deadly influence underlaid all the riotous proceedings and disturbances at Seattle and Olympia during last winter and this spring. The executive center, which is located in San Francisco, has guided the workings of the scheme by secret circulars of instructions to trusted emissaries; but the masses of the discontented have been kept in ignorance of the real purposes of the organization. We can well understand how this can be done; history furnishes parallels of such scheming, and instances are not few of like subtle plots and policies. When they have once attained sufficient strength, the purpose is to burn all books in which are kept the evidences of title to property. In this way they hope to break down all ownership in property, and destroy all personal rights in possessions, and for all branches of government substitute "public functionaries" who will direct all things necessary to the operation of industries, and the merger of citizen and State. The head of the organization, says the jury, is actively at work at this time, in instructing the deluded victims of the society in the use of dynamite and other explosives, how to seize armories and military stores, and how to imprison and destroy men of influence and of property. It is further charged that the Pacific coast has been settled upon as the first place to inaugurate the great work of reforming society by blotting it out and substituting in its place the rule of the individual, each according to his own desire. The Grand Jury charges that one Sigismund Danielwitz is the chief Secretary, from whose office at 715 Montgomery street, San Francisco, are sent out the incendiary instructions. The Grand Jurors protest that they are farmers and laboring men, and that they have hearty sympathy with working men in all that is right and for their good and that of the country. They appeal to their fellow laborers to take warning, and not be deluded by the Communists, and, in closing, reassert their solemn belief that there is on foot a deep-laid scheme to overthrow the republic and to set up the red flag for that of the Union. We must assume that a body of American citizens, impaneled in a Court and acting under the solemnity of oath and the watch and ward of a Federal tribunal, would be extremely careful of utterance, and be cautious to make no charges that could not be morally substantiated, even if legal certainty of their verity could not be given. Yet we must believe that the jury in question has overestimated the danger ahead from Communistic and Anarchist associations in this country. We do not know what evidence the jury had of the alleged facts; certainly it was sufficient to impress it profoundly, but we venture the thought that the jury has been imposed upon as to the extent of the conspiracy and the strength of the organization. We have no doubt that Socialist societies exist on this coast. We know perfectly well that their aims are the disruption of society as at present constituted, and the substitution of their own peculiar forms. That they constitute a dangerous element is not to be denied; that they should be excluded from the country, we have constantly contended. The humblest life they take by their infamous use of dynamite is worth more to the republic than every soul within their organization. The twenty or thirty thousand of them in the United States are of no more value to society than so much carrion. Of the Communists there are some 10,000 announced adherents, and of the milder Socialists some 5,000. If we assume that there are 50,000 who secretly sympathize with these and would join them in case of an outbreak, and that 200,000, or twice that number, of the criminal element and vicious would take up with their cause in event of an open effort to subvert the Government, still we have not such a body of rascals that the 55,000,000 people of the United States need fear them. True, they adopt the policy of the assassin, strike in the dark and in the back, and by the use of the bomb may, and do, terrorize ten times their number. Herein is their strength. This people is able to cope with an open foe twenty times as numerous, but one does not know how to resist the bomb-thrower, or the wretch who undermines buildings and fires in the excavation stores of dynamite. We dread the secret murderer; we entertain a justifiable fear of the reptiles that make war on women and children. But even for these we will find methods of resistance, punishment and prevention. One of the first to be applied is to stop the recruiting of the conspirators from Europe. We must put up the bars, and set such a guard that these rascally Anarchists cannot get into the country. With such as we take here in flagrant outrage, we need laws that will visit them with punishment so swift and terrible as to restrain all others. We need, in the meanwhile, to cultivate the patriotic spirit, and enlarge the understanding of the rising generation concerning the genesis, purposes and system of our Government; we must see to it that heresy against the theory and practice of self-government does not poison the minds of our children. We need to do our duties more faithfully as citizens; have larger measure of respect for the rights of others, and to grant to our neighbor every right we claim for ourselves. We need to draw nearer to the charter of our liberties, and study to better purpose the substructure of the Government, the fountain and spring of our rights. In disrespect for law, in neglect of political duty, in disregard for the rights of men, lie our chief dangers. There is too much of carping at Courts, officials, wealth, policies, party and administrators, with too little of activity in correcting such evils as do exist. The chatter of the business highway is not infrequent that "the country is going to the dogs," but the grumblers and growlers are noticeable for their political activity in the cure of ills mainly by their absence.

Indeed, in the non-activity of the fault-finding citizen, the Anarchist and Communist find fuel for the flame they would enkindle. There is altogether too much of fault-finding with our system and the practices under it, by men who deem themselves too clean and pure to engage in the patriotic duty of interesting themselves in the choosing of the administrators of our affairs. In the mouths of the pessimistic critics of our institutions, the Anarchist and Communist find rich texts for their assaults upon society. There are heresies and heresies, but none more worthy of condemnation than that of the so-called good citizen, who is forever finding fault, and forever refusing to engage in agitation to correct abuses. It may, perhaps, be needed that our system shall be openly struck in the face, and the safe-guards of our liberties rudely assailed, to arouse this class of people to some sort of activity, and bring them to the conviction that in America they enjoy the broadest measure of right known to any portion of mankind, and that in this heritage resides the hope of the race. If the Anarchists by their infamous methods shall accomplish this result, there will come some good out of much evil. While the Seattle jury is unduly alarmed, it is fortunate that it has had the opportunity to speak as it has done. Possibly its utterances may awaken the people to a sense of the necessity of preserving the institutions of the country, and of taking control of public affairs in a way that shall remove from them all manner of reproach. Such activity will make the people so strong, and of such common purpose and mind, that neither danger from within nor from without will disturb us.

IT is not surprising that Salisbury and the English press do not like the remarks of Mr. Blaine of the Irish home rule bill. It will probably surprise the English press to learn, as it might, that Mr. Blaine does not care a picayune what it thinks of him and his views on the Irish bill. Salisbury thinks the remedy for the Irish trouble is for the Irish who don't like English rule to clear out, go elsewhere—to America or to the devil, it matters little to him. Mr. Blaine considers such sentiments infamously shameful, and Americans will agree with Mr. Blaine.

MAXWELL, the Preller murderer, has been convicted. We followed the details of the trial as reported verbatim in the St. Louis papers, and cannot see how the jury could have reached any other conclusion than that the case was one of deliberate murder. Maxwell's defense, that he killed Preller by accident and concealed the fact because he was half crazed with fear and indecision, is an old one. It was pleaded fifty years ago, and has formed the text for half a score of novels, whence probably the murderer drew the inspiration for his sensational yarn.

THE call for a prison convention, to be held in this city to-morrow, has had very little attention from our brethren of the press thus far. Can it be that they deem the holding of consultations on such an important subject as that of the proper control and discipline of prisoners, the prevention of crime, and the reclamation of young offenders, of no importance to society.

THE political puzzle in San Francisco becomes daily more intricate. Some one for the good of human curiosity, should attempt to tell what it is all about, what is behind the seeming and what the apparent really means.

A PORTION of our navy has been ordered to the fishing grounds to be ready in case of trouble to protect our fishermen. Now we want to know what is to protect our navy?

THE NATIONAL GAME.

The Altas Defeat the Pioneers and the Brightons Beat the Snowflakes.

The Altas went to Alameda yesterday to play the Pioneers, and came back in the evening victorious, having won the game out of the fire in the ninth inning. They just made the train to return, and would not have succeeded but for the enterprise of a gentleman connected with one of the State offices, who offered the driver of a wagon $5 to get them to the station in time. He drove "like unto the driving of Jehu." A policeman tried to stop him but failed, and the Sacramentans made the home run. Tommy Meagher is sick in bed, and Mike Fisher, who went down with the boys, filled his place with credit, or rather played in center field, Flint taking third base. The game abounded in errors, the Altas making nine and the Pioneers ten. The three charged against McLaughlin were because of his inability to throw a little bit, his lame arm being almost useless for that purpose. Barry pitched effectively as a general thing, but sometimes was wild, and gave McLaughlin busy work. Robertson played an errorless game, as did also Ahern and Fisher. The Pioneers were reinforced by Piercy and Gagus, both of whom got into the error column as frequently as poorer players. The features of the Pioneer game were the batting of Gagus and Powers' base running. The Altas did not make a run until the fourth inning, when they got one, added two more in the sixth, and one in the eighth. The Pioneers made one each in the first, second and sixth innings, and two in the eighth, the score standing at the commencement of ninth, Pioneers 5, Altas 4. The Pioneers scored one in the last inning, through the fine work of Powers. He made first, stole second, got third on a passed ball, and then ran home like a streak of lightening, the boldness of the effort making it successful. He started from third as McLaughlin threw the ball to Barry, and reached the home-plate before Barry could return the ball, the 5,000 spectators cheering enthusiastically. It looked bad for the Altas' chance of winning when Hilbert went to the bat. He hit to right field, who muffed. Barry's fly was secured by the pitcher. Taylor struck to third, who overthrew to second in trying to head off Hilbert, and both men were safe on their bases. McLaughlin made a clean base-hit to center field, bringing in Hilbert, and advancing Taylor to third, he himself getting to second. While Fisher was at the bat, Finn made a wild pitch, Taylor ran in and McLaughlin scooted along in after him. Players and spectators began leaving, thinking the game won, but the umpire decided that McLaughlin must go back to third, as only one base could be taken on a wild pitch. After about five minutes of wrangling, the game was resumed, according to the umpire's decision. Fisher got his base on balls, and took second on a wild pitch. While Flint was at the bat McLaughlin made a feint to run in, the catcher threw wild to third, McLaughlin crossed the home plate and the fight was over. Following is the score:

ALTAS.	T.B.	R.	B.S.	I.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Taylor, l. f.	5	1	0	0	2	1	1
McLaughlin, c.	5	1	0	1	7	2	3
Fisher, M., c. f.	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Flint, 3d b.	4	3	0	1	0	2	2
Ahern, 1st b.	3	0	0	0	12	0	0
Robertson, 2d b.	4	0	0	0	3	3	0
Hayes, s. s.	4	0	0	1	0	1	1
Hilbert, r. f.	4	1	0	1	0	0	1
Barry, p.	4	0	0	1	1	12	1
Totals	36	7	0	5	27	21	9

PIONEERS.	T.B.	R.	B.S.	I.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Caveny, r. f.	4	1	0	1	0	0	1
Buckley, 2d b.	3	2	1	1	6	1	2
Piercy, 3d b.	4	1	0	0	0	2	4
Gagus, s. s.	4	0	0	2	0	4	2
Quitzow, 1st b.	3	0	0	1	9	0	0
Finn, p.	4	0	0	0	2	11	0
Powers, l. f.	4	2	2	1	1	0	0
Bigelow c. f.	4	0	0	0	1	0	0
Carroll, c.	4	0	0	0	6	1	1
Totals	34	6	3	6	25*	19	10

*Two men out when the winning run was made.

Runs by innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Altas	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	3	7
Pioneers	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	6

Two-base hit—Buckley. One base on error—Altas, 8; Pioneers, 4. Left on bases—Altas, 7; Pioneers, 4. Base on called balls—Altas, 3; Pioneers, 2. Struck out—Barry, 7; Finn, 5. Passed balls—Carroll, 2; McLaughlin, 1. Wild pitches—Barry, 2; Finn, 2. Time of game, 1 hour and 50 minutes. Umpire, J. Madison. Scorer, Will. H. Young.

SNOWFLAKES VS. BRIGHTONS.

The Snowflakes, of this city, met the Brighton Club at Recreation Park before several hundred spectators yesterday afternoon for $100 a side and the gate receipts. Both clubs did their "level best," but the game was conducted without dispute, and won by the visitors, whose batting ability was superior to that of their opponents. Much money changed hands in side bets. The game resulted as follows:

BRIGHTONS.	A.B.	R.	I.B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Purrington, 1 f.	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
Henderson, p.	4	0	0	0	0	12	0
Woodworth, 1st b.	4	1	1	1	16	0	0
Baker, c. f.	4	1	2	3	0	0	0
P. Rooney, c.	4	1	2	2	6	3	1
Warren, r. f.	4	1	1	1	0	0	0
McKune, s. s.	3	0	1	1	1	4	0
S. Rooney, 2d b.	3	0	0	0	3	2	0
McLaughlin, 3d b.	3	0	1	1	0	1	1
Totals	32	4	8	9	27	22	2

SNOWFLAKES.	A.B.	R.	I.B.	T.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
C. Freeman, l.f.	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
Kunz, 2d b.	4	0	1	1	3	1	3
Newbert, c.	4	0	1	2	9	4	2
Hapeman, p.	3	0	1	1	0	14	1
Guth, s. s.	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
L. Freeman, 3d b.	3	0	0	0	1	3	0
Swift, r f.	3	0	1	1	0	0	0
Beeber, 1st b.	3	0	0	0	13	0	0
Fay, c. f.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	29	1	4	5	27	23	7

Two-base hits—Newbert and Baker. First on errors—Snowflakes, 1; Brightons, 2. Left on bases—Snowflakes, 4; Brightons, 4. Base on balls—Snowflakes, 1; Brightons, 1. Struck out—Snowflakes, 8; Brightons, 10. Umpire, Renfro. Scorer, Geo. W. Young.

OTHER MATTERS.

At Alameda yesterday morning the Nationals beat the Franklins, 12 to 11.

At Recreation Park, in this city, the Johnson Boys beat the Shadys 15 to 9. At Thirteenth and L streets the Jockey Club nine defeated the Garnets 12 to 10. The Light Runners of Yolo got away with the Unions of Sacramento, 16 to 15.

Gagus, who has been playing with the Knickerbockers, has signed with the Pioneers, and it is rumored that McDonald and Meegan will leave the Knicks for the same purpose.

"SCIENTIFIC SOCIALISTS."

Revolutionary Plot Unfolded by the Seattle Grand Jury.

[By telegraph.]

SEATTLE (W. T.), June 5th.—The United States Grand Jury to-day returned indictments, under the Ku Klux Act, against M. McMillan, C. H. Metcalf, L. R. Kidd, John Winscott, John Dilfel, J. W. Brooks and Patrick Cull, all leaders in the anti-Chinese movement of last February. The report which accompanied the return of the indictments is a most remarkable document, and has created a profound sensation. The following is an extract from it:

On investigating the crimes growing out of the expulsion of the Chinese people from Seattle and Puget Sound, we have had much evidence, both documentary and oral, before us, revealing the existence throughout this country of a treasonable organization known as the "Red American Industrial Workingmen's Association." Belonging to this organization is a body of men calling themselves "Scientific Socialists." The headquarters of the Scientific Socialists on this coast are in San Francisco. This association, with all its branches, is essentially Anarchist in theory and practice. The main articles of its creed are arson, robbery and murder. Its proclaimed purpose is the overthrow of our Government and the erection upon its ruins of a so-called socialistic commonwealth. The policy pursued by this association is to secure control of all labor organizations, and particularly the Knights of Labor, to employ every means to produce discontent among the people, and to stir up, on all occasions and at all times, as much strife and agitation as possible. More than a year ago the Pacific coast was selected as the most favorable ground on which to start the movement for the subversion of the Government. Last fall branches of this organization were established at Seattle, Tacoma, Olympia and other points on Puget Sound. The agitation of the Chinese question was to be made at once a pretext and a cover for the treasonable operations of a band of Scientific Socialists. The labor organizations were, although unknown to the main body of the members, systematically worked to promote the treasonable objects and purposes of the Scientific Socialists. All the disturbances and outrages on Puget Sound for the last six months, arising nominally from the agitation of the Chinese question, were really fomented, incited, guided and produced by this infamous association. The real aims and designs of this association have been studiously kept from the knowledge of the real workingmen of the labor organizations.

The Scientific Socialists, as declared in their secret and confidential instructions sent out from their executive center in San Francisco, and which we have had before us, aim to destroy private ownership in houses, land, mines, machinery and all kinds of property. To this end they announce that, when once they are established in power, their first act will be to burn all books wherein the title of private persons to lands are recorded.

The Scientific Socialists of the Red American International Workmen's Association are, as is shown by unmistakable documentary evidence before us, emanating from the executive headquarters under the charge of Secretary Sigismund Danielwitz, No. 715 Montgomery avenue, San Francisco, secretly instructing their deluded, ignorant and brutalized followers "in means of practically applying dynamite;" how to seize armories and military stores; how to prevent the departure of troops from conservative points to preserve order in centers of insurrection, and how to imprison and destroy men of property and influence. To accomplish this end this Red Association instructs its members to be particularly active in labor organizations.

This red-handed body of assassins have settled upon our portion of the Union as the first point of attack. They say in their secret circulars: "The Pacific Coast, particularly, by reason of its peculiar population, its natural wealth and its position, is such that a few determined men could isolate it from the balance of the world for months of time, and the agitation already started over its whole area is peculiarly fitted to be the first to lead off in the active work when the time for that work shall come."

This Grand Jury is composed of farmers and laborers. We are all laborers and have sprung from the loins of the laboring class. With the honest son of toil we sympathize. We have deemed it to be our duty to call thus publicly, and under our oath of office, the attention of our fellow-laborers and our fellow-citizens to the danger ahead, believing that it needs but to be exposed, that from it, as from a pestilence, will flee all honest sons of toil. The events of the past six months have uncovered the aims and purposes of the bodies of men amongst us organized for destroying the Government and trampling upon its laws and seeking to hoist the red flag of Communism in place of the flag of the republic. Men who come among us from nations whose laws tend to protect the few and oppress the many are in our midst, clothed with the favor of American citizenship, like so many wild animals turned loose, seeking to destroy all that tends to the elevation of the individual and to the security of life and property. These men have been suffered so long to flaunt the red flag in our faces that they deem themselves all-powerful, and with the boycott and dynamite, the slums of foreign countries are seeking to destroy our Constitution and laws and introduce anarchy among us.

Result of a Still Hunt.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: Allow me to say a word in relation to the action of the Board of Health on Saturday night in the matter of nominating a candidate for Health Officer. Having been one of the several applicants for the place who were ignored in this matter, I feel that I have a right to be heard. For nearly nineteen years I have resided in Sacramento. I have contributed my share in taxes during that time toward the support of the local government. All the product of my labor in these years has been expended in Sacramento. I have acquired some little property here, and to that extent have contributed directly toward the building up of the city, and the extension of its homes. In all these years it has been my province—as well as my pleasure—to labor with the outside world for the general welfare of Sacramento and her citizens. These remarks will apply with some, if not equal, force to the cases of several other gentlemen who were applicants for the position referred to; and yet we find the Board of Health utterly ignoring claims like these and going on a "still hunt" for some comparative stranger—who had never been identified with the interests of the city—upon whom to thrust the emoluments of this little local office, which any man in the possession of his faculties and gifted with a little common sense could easily fill. However, I do not see how considerations of the kind first mentioned could be expected to actuate any member of the Board who has not himself cast a quarter of a dozen votes in the city. I have seen in the handwriting of one member a statement (made to the friend of a party whom he promised to support for the place) to the effect that he "*through* up for — and lost." I don't wonder his stomach rebelled at such a childish method of selecting a public officer. Like a good patient, I "take my medicine," but it is a strong dose. N. E. WHITE.

DRIVES them away, is what St. Jacobs Oil does with rheumatism and neuralgia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Columbia Lodge, No. 42, K. of P.—Officers and members are requested to assemble at their Castle Hall on MONDAY AFTERNOON, at 2:30 o'clock sharp, for the purpose of attending the Funeral of our late Brother FRED. KIRN. We respectfully ask the attendance of members of Sister Lodges. By order of WILLIAM QUINTON, C. C.
J. W. GUTHRIE, K. of R. and S. je7-1t*

Sacramento Division, No. 7, U. R., K. of P., will hold their regular meeting at their Armory, THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 7, 1886. Important business and initiation. All Sir Knights are requested to be present. By order of JAS. A. DAVIS, Captain.
W. S. OKE, S. K. R. je7-1t*

Stated Meeting of Tehama Lodge, No. 3, F. and A. M., THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 7th, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
PETER DURNO, W. M.
W. B. DAVIS, Secretary. je7-1t*

Attention, Exempts!—Your regular monthly meeting will be held at Firemen's Hall, THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 7th, at 8 o'clock sharp. A full attendance is requested. Delinquents take notice. By order JOHN A. HUNT, President.
WM. AVERY, Secretary. my3-1t*

First Artillery.—Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board of Officers will be held at Headquarters, THIS (Monday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock. Fatigue uniform. By order of THE BOARD.
je7-1t [B. C.]

Grocers' and Produce Dealers' Protective Union.—The Regular Monthly Meeting of members will be held at Rangers' Hall, THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 7th, at 8:30 o'clock. By order of P. H. RUSSELL, President.
A. A. TARTE, Secretary. je7-1t

Donations.—The Managers of the Sacramento Protestant Orphan Asylum thankfully acknowledge the following: E. Gilkey, discount on bill, $7; Hays & Jackson, discount on bill, $2; Mrs. W. H. Tillman, Mrs. R. Strong and F. H. L. Weber, fruit; D. DeBernardi & Co., peas; Union S. S. Picnic, lunch for the orphans at picnic; ladies of Fair Oaks Corps, No. 13, cake; half-worn clothing, Mrs. Henry Miller; Mrs. F. W. Fratt, whips and tops.
MRS. W. H. HOBBY, Secretary.
Sacramento, June 5, 1886. [B. C.] je7-1t

FOR SALE—A GOOD TWO-STORY FRAME building of ten rooms: painted inside and out; thirteen pair of new blinds and new front door; all complete; brick chimneys; to be moved within the city limits. Apply immediately to G. J. CROSS, at E. K. Alsip & Co.'s office, 1015 Fourth. je7-1w*

NOTICE!

ALL PARTIES HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the Caledonian Club will present the same at the Russ House, 1009 J street, on or before 6 P. M. TUESDAY, June 7th. COMMITTEE.
je7-2t

The Mechanics' Building and Loan Association.

THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING OF the Mechanics' Building and Loan Association for the payment of dues and interest, will be held THIS (Monday) EVENING, June 7, 1886, at the office of the Secretary, Third and J streets. The Secretary will be prepared to receive the same from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., and in the evening from 7 to 8.
A. S. HOPKINS, President.
CHAS. R. PARSONS, Secretary. je7-1t

SOCIAL AND ENTERTAINMENT
—BY THE—
LADIES OF ST. PAUL'S CHURCH!
IN THE BASEMENT.
TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 8th.
Admission.....[je7-1t*].....25 cents.

CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE.
J. R. WILKINS.....Manager.
Friday, Saturday and Sundays Evenings,
—AND—
SATURDAY MATINEE!
JUNE 11TH, 12TH AND 13TH,
The Representative American Comedian, Mr.
JOHN T. RAYMOND,
And His Company.
Friday Evening and Saturday Matinee,
An entirely original Farce-Comedy, in Four Acts, by Mr. A. W. PINERO, entitled
The Magistrate!
SATURDAY NIGHT,
The Political Satire,
FOR CONGRESS!
SUNDAY NIGHT,
Mark Twain's Famous Comedy,
COL. MULBERRY SELLERS!
"There's Millions In It!"
PRICES: Dress Circle, $1; Family Circle, 50c. No extra charge for reserved seats. je7-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE TEST OF TIME

Has been applied to AYER'S PILLS, and they have borne it well. For more than forty years they have had a world-wide popularity, rivaled by no other purgative medicine.

AYER'S PILLS do not induce constipative reaction, or have a weakening effect, common faults of other cathartics, but thoroughly yet mildly cleanse the bowels, and stimulate and strengthen all the digestive and assimilatory organs.

Ayer's Pills

Cure Indigestion and Constipation, and prevent many severe and often fatal maladies caused by those disorders.

For Stomach, Liver, and Kidney diseases—symptoms of which are **Skin Disorders, Burning and Weight in the Stomach, Nausea, Dizziness, Headaches, Foul Breath, Bilious Fever and Colic, Pains in the stomach, side, and back, Dropsical Swellings, etc.**—there is no relief so prompt and certain as AYER'S PILLS. They are of great service in the cure of **Piles.**

As a household remedy they have no equal. Many a big doctor's bill has been saved by a timely dose of AYER'S PILLS.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CARD.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED DO HEREBY acknowledge that we received the sum $5,000 from Friendship Council, No. 65, O. C. F., and we recommend the same as a reliable society.
CHILDREN OF THE LATE G. REEBER.
je7 1t

FRAUEN-VEREIN PICNIC.

THE WESTERN STAR FRAUEN VEREIN will hold their First Picnic at RICHMOND GROVE, SUNDAY, JUNE 13, 1886.

Various games provided for adults and children for which prizes will be offered, and a good time guaranteed to all who attend. Admission, 25 cents; children under 12 years of age free.
je7-2tMF

PURCHASE
—OF—
SACRAMENTO CITY COUPONS

THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE Funded Debt Sinking Fund of the city of Sacramento hereby give notice that they will pay for coupons cut from Sacramento City Bonds, funded under the Acts of 1858 and 1864, the following prices, to wit: Coupons of 1876, which were registered January 1, 1876, 98 per cent of the face value; for other coupons of 1876 and 1877, 95 cents; for coupons of 1878, 89 cents; of 1879, 84 cents; of 1880, 79 cents; of 1881, 74 cents; of 1882, 70 cents; of 1883, 66 cents; of 1884, 62 cents; of 1885, 59 cents; of 1886, 56 cents, of 1887, 52 cents.

Address Funded Debt Commissioners, Sacramento, California.
H. O. BRATTY
NEWTON BOOTH, } Commissioners.
CHAS. R. PARSONS.
ap7-4ptf

GENERAL NOTICES.

Cream and Cold Weather.

What a luxury is a bath in summer. Surely, but a greater luxury is a clear head in winter, just when almost everybody is sneezing and snuffling with a cold in the head. When you are attacked use Ely's Cream Balm. It cures colds in the head, and what is better, it cures the worst cases of Chronic Catarrh and Hay Fever. Not a liquid, not a snuff. Pleasant to use. Quick relief. Radical cure. d7-1yMWF

Advice to Mothers.—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.
mr15 1yMWS

Dr. LaMars' Seminal Pills for Seminal Weakness, Loss of Vigor, Sexual and General Debility, Nervous and Physical Prostration and the many ailments arising from Indiscretion, Over-indulgence and Abuse. To those requiring a reliable remedy for the above complaints, Dr. LaMars' Seminal Pills are a veritable "Tower of Strength" and "Fountain of Youth." Price, $2 50 per bottle. Sent by mail on receipt of postal order (thus saving express charges), or C. O. D., by express. A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists, 504 Washington street, San Francisco, P. O. Box 1,952, to whom all orders should be addressed.
ap8 6m

S. S. & E. L. Southworth, Dentists, Sac
m3-tf

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

ICE CREAM SOCIAL.

THE "PEAKE SISTERS" WILL REPEAT their Concert, by request, at the Y. M. C. A. Hall MONDAY EVENING, June 7th. Refreshments free. Admission, 25 cents. je6-2t

WITHOUT EXAGGERATION!
S. S.
Nathan & Co.,
THIRD AND K STREETS,
Are disposing of their MAMMOTH STOCK OF SEASONABLE
BOYS' AND GENTS'
CLOTHING
And FURNISHING GOODS, at
Astoundingly low figures
SPECIAL:
100 Boys' and Children's Suits, at half their original value.
100 Men's Suits, at half their original value.
50 Dozen Fancy Calico and Percale Shirts, at half their original value.
50 Dozen Latest Style Summer Neckwear, at half their original value.
S. S. NATHAN & CO., 301, 303 and 305 K st.
Orders from the country receive careful attention. my3-3p

NOTICE!

Proposals for Furnishing Supplies for the Support of the State Prisons at San Quentin and Folsom.

OFFICE OF THE
CLERK STATE BOARD OF PRISON DIRECTORS,
SAN QUENTIN, Marin Co., Cal., May 26, 1886.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS Sealed Proposals will be received at this office, up to 10 o'clock A. M. sharp, on

Saturday, the 12th day of June, 1886,

And at the office of the Folsom Prison, up to 10 o'clock A. M. sharp, on

Saturday, the 19th day of June, 1886,

For furnishing Prisoners Clothing, Medicine, Forage, Fuel, Meats, Lime, Cement, Iron and other supplies to the State Prisons at San Quentin and Folsom, from JULY 1, 1886, to JUNE 30, 1887, inclusive, conditions as per schedules furnished at either office.

No bid will be considered unless made upon said schedules, nor from other parties than bona fide dealers in the classes of articles contracted for. Each bidder must accompany his bid with a certified check upon some well-known and responsible banking house, for at least ten per cent. of the amount of his bid, payable to the order of John Boggs, President of said Board, the conditions being that if any party to whom a contract shall be awarded shall fail to give a bond as required by the Board for the faithful performance of his contract, the check accompanying said party's bid shall be forfeited to the State.

Bids for the Prison at San Quentin must be addressed to "State Board of Prison Directors, San Quentin, Marin county, Cal.," and be plainly indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Furnishing Supplies for the State Prison at San Quentin" (giving general character of supplies bid for, as "Groceries," "Beef," etc.)

Bids for the Prison at Folsom must be indorsed in like manner and addressed to said Board at Folsom, Sacramento county, Cal.

Bids for each Prison must be inclosed in separate envelopes, and the supplies furnished each must be delivered according to the terms and conditions set forth in respective schedules.

The bids for the San Quentin Prison will be opened at the office of the Clerk at San Quentin, at 10 o'clock A. M., on SATURDAY, the 12th day of JUNE, 1886, and the bids for the Folsom Prison at the office of the Folsom Prison, at 10 o'clock A. M., on SATURDAY, the 19th day of JUNE, 1886, and to the lowest responsible bidder the contract will be awarded.

Contracts will be awarded to the lowest bidders on separate articles named in the schedules; but the Board reserves the right to let class bids to the lowest bidder in the aggregate.

All payments made on contracts will be paid in cash or Controller's warrants.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, as the public interest may require.
JOHN BOGGS, President.
GILES G. CRANDALL, Clerk. my27-2w

AUCTIONS.

Administratrix Sale
—OF—
Real Estate!
—BY—
AUCTION!
Monday, June 7, 1886,
At 11 A. M., in front of Court-House, Sacramento.

I AM INSTRUCTED BY F. E. HODGDEN, Administratrix of the Estate of THOMAS G. HODGDEN, Deceased, to sell

Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, in the Block bounded by Q and R, Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets.

—ALSO—

Lots 2, 4, 6, 8, in the Block, L and M, Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets.

—ALSO—

The Full Block, S and T, Sixteenth and Seventeenth, Sacramento.

Terms—10 per cent. cash, on declaration of sale; balance on confirmation of sale by Superior Court of Yolo. Deeds at purchasers' expense. Other conditions at time of sale.

The above lots should merit the attention of those desirous of making investments or for homes. If required any of them will be divided into halves.
W. H. SHERBURN, Auctioneer.
MATT. F. JOHNSON, Attorney for Administratrix. jel-td

AUCTION SALE

MONDAY.....JU