PACIFIC SLOPE.

ONE BROTHER KILLS ANOTHER IN A ROW.

Laying Out a New Town—Run Over and Killed—A Barn Destroyed by Fire.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA.

The Marysville Fair.

MARYSVILLE, September 3d.—The fourth day of the fair shows an increased enthusiasm, and the attendance amounts to almost a crush. The Pavilion was thronged to its utmost capacity last night, and the same to-night. The award of premiums on the live stock will be made at the fair grounds to-morrow evening, at which time another parade will be held. The awards of the Pavilion exhibits will be annouuced at the hall to-morrow evening, when an increased crush is anticipated.

The attractions at the race-track to-day were numerous and interesting. The long time occupied by the speed exhibitions rendered it necessary to again postpone the ladies' tournament until to-morrow afternoon. The unfinished race of yesterday was concluded at noon to-day. Happy Jim took the lead in the fourth heat and kept it to the finish, Chevalier close up and Clara G. and Soltaire fifty yards in the rear. Time, 2:39. This being the third heat for Happy Jim, gave him the race and money.

The first race for the day was for the 2:50 class, purse $200, in which but two of the four entries appeared, Phallas and Reality. Pools sold at $20 to $10 in favor of Phallas. Phallas took the lead from the start. Reality acted badly during the heat, making four bad breaks in the circuit, which nearly cost him his distance. Phallas passed under the wire in 2:32. Before the start for the second heat, a call was made by the backers for a new driver. James Linden was substituted for Larned, and the horses got off to an even start. The change of drivers made no difference in the conduct of Reality. She broke at all points in the track, and had the flag dropped in her face, Phallas winning the heat and money. Time, 2:29.

There were seven entries in the 4-year-old class, viz: Arthena, Lohengrin, Cubit, Pasha, Wallace G., Sur Del and George Wappel. Distance waived by agreement. Lohengrin sold for $20 in the pools to $12 on Wallace G. and $3 for the field. The large field made it difficult to get a good start. On the seventh attempt the horses got off in a straggling manner. Wallace G. led to the half pole, where the favorite overtook and passed him. A shout went up from those having pools on the favorite, but their joy was of short duration, for Wallace G. came down the home stretch with a fine burst of speed and carried Lohengrin off his feet when thirty yards off the string. Wallace G. passed under the string amidst a burst of applause, a length ahead of Lohengrin, Arthena third, Cubit fourth, Wappel fifth, Pasha sixth and Sur Del seventh. Time, 2:38¼. After the heat Lohengrin sold for $10 to $8 against the field. Pete Williams was placed behind Lohengrin to drive the second heat, in place of W. Slaughter, with the hope of improving the horse's traveling qualities, he having done a good deal of skirmishing in the first heat. A dozen attempts were made before a very indifferent start was made. Wallace G. led off, with Lohengrin well up, but skipping and skiving worse than ever. At the head of the backstretch the right wheel of Cubit's sulky gave way, and let the driver and sulky down in a heap against the horse's heels. Woodward, the driver, hung on like grim death, and in spite of Cubit's plunging and kicking, headed him against the fence and stopped him. Sur Del, who was first behind Cubit, was stopped and let out of the race. The five leading horses were undisturbed by the accident, and sped along to the half, where they were well together, Wallace G. leading. Lohengrin did a good deal of running, and in one of his thoroughbred spurts passed Wallace G. on the far turn. The latter trotted all the way without a skip, and came in first, Lohengrin a length in the rear, Arthena third, Wappel fourth, Pasha fifth. Lohengrin was placed last for running, and Cubit and Sur Del were allowed to withdraw. The time of the heat was 2:36. Slaughter resumed his seat behind Lohengrin for the third heat, but to little purpose, as the result soon demonstrated. The horses got off to a fair start, Lohengrin began his cavorting immediately, and kept it up all the way round; much to the chagrin of those who placed first money on him. At the quarter Wappel surprised everybody by taking the lead from Wallace G. He kept it gallantly to the farther turn, where he went off his feet, and gave place to Wallace G. The latter came along at a rattling pace, leaving the field forty yards behind in a bunch. He slowed up at the distance stand and jogged in an easy winner in 2:39¼, Pasha second, Arthena third, Lohengrin fourth, Wapple fifth. First money was awarded to Wallace G., second to Arthena, third to Lohengrin and fourth to Pasha.

The third event was pacing, for a purse of $400, in which Killarney, Prince, Mink, Pocahontas and Shaker were starters. Killarney was considered so sure winner that he was left out of the pools entirely, and pools were sold on the others for place. Prince was the favorite at $30 to $12 for Shaker and $8 for the field. After many attempts of starting Killarney got off two lengths in the rear of the other four, who were on a line. Pocahontas took the lead at the turn, closely followed by Shaker, who was leading Prince by a length, Killarney behind Mink at the quarter. Killarney passed Mink, after which there was no change in the relative positions, Pocahontas winning the heat in 2:23¾, after an exciting finish with Shaker, Killarney far in the rear. The field now took an upward tendency in the pools, rating at $30 to $10 on Prince and $8 on Shaker. A good deal of tedious scoring was done for the start. For the second heat all got off well together. Finally at the turn Killarney and Shaker collided, three contiguous spokes being taken from Killarney's sulky wheel. Shaker pulled up and fell far in the rear, but Killarney passed ahead and overtook Prince, who was leading at the turn. The horses were strung out for a long distance on the back stretch, and it looked as though Shaker and Pocahontas must be shut out. By dint of a little extra running, however, they managed to get inside. Charges and counter charges of foul were freely indulged in by the drivers on the conduct of the race throughout. After a long investigation the horses were placed as follows: Killarney first, Prince second, Mink third, Pocahontas fourth, Shaker fifth. Time, 2:21. The horses got off on the third trial for the third heat. Killarney took the lead immediately, and held his place with ease a length ahead of Mink around the far turn. Pochantas made a break on the back stretch, and fell far in the rear. He came down the homestretch running under the whip to save his distance, and barely got inside the flag. Killarney won the heat easily in 2:21½, Mink second, Prince third, Shaker fourth, Pochantas distanced for running. With Pochantas out, it was now an even thing for second p lace among the three remaining horses, and the pools sold accordingly. A good start was had for the fourth heat. Killarney took a lead of a length, and paced a waiting race for the others. They paced well together and made a strong race for second place nearly home. Shaker, who was behind, broke and ran into second place, a length ahead of Prince, Mink last. Shaker was placed fourth for running. Killarney won the heat and race. Time, 2:25. Prince took second, Mink third, Shaker fourth.

The Placerville Fair.

PLACERVILLE, September 3d.—The interest in the races still continues. A much larger attendance was at the track than yesterday. The novelty race and consolation races come off to-morrow. These races, with the balloon ascension, assures a large turn-out. The annual address will be delivered to-night by Professor G. P. Tyndall. The electric lights are a success thus far.

A Chapter of Fatal Accidents—Found Guilty.

LOS ANGELES, September 3d.—Within the past twenty-four hours four men have been killed by trains near this city. One, a negro named Smart, partially non compos mentis, was this morning struck by the California Southern Railway train just after leaving the yard, about noon. He was worth about $50,000. Another colored man was run over near Lancaster last night by a Southern Pacific freight train. The third victim, a white man, was run over by the same train near the Vincent Top mountains, south of Lancaster. The fourth, also a white man, was run over by the same train near Long's station, at the foot of Soledad canyon. Probably all were tramps, stealing a ride on the brake-beam.

Demoses, an ex-police officer, was arrested last April for the seduction of a young French girl, Augustine Coela. He has been on trial the past five days in the Superior Court of this county, and to-day was found guilty as charged in the indictment. Sentence is set for next Tuesday morning.

Laying Out a New Town.

DUNSMUIR, September 3d.—Surveyors have commenced to-day to lay out the new town of Sisson, located three-quarters of a mile northeast from Sisson's old home on a direct line between Sisson's old house and Mount Shasta, in Sisson's Meadow. Lots will be offered at auction shortly. The railroad company will erect a hotel, which Mr. Sisson will conduct. He will also continue to accommodate guests at the old hotel. The trains will stop at the new town both ways for meals. The scenery from the new location is beautiful beyond description. It is rumored that many summer cottages are to be erected.

A Small Earthquake.

GRASS VALLEY, September 3d.—Quite a lively shock of earthquake was felt here at 12 o'clock last night.

MERCED, September 3d.—Slight shocks of earthquake were felt here about 9 o'clock last night.

MARYSVILLE, September 3d.—An earthquake occurred here at three minutes past 12 this morning. It was lively, and aroused all the sleepers.

GERMANTOWN (Colusa county), September 3d.—At a few minutes before 12 o'clock last night we had two distinct and heavy shocks of earthquake here, the vibrations lasting some seconds. They seemed to be from west to east.

RENO (Nev.), September 3d.—At 9:50 a slight earthquake was felt, passing south to north. A second shock, twenty seconds later, was hardly perceptible.

Destructive Grain Fire.

REDWOOD CITY, September 3d.—A destructive fire occurred this afternoon in the grain fields near Menlo Park. The fire burned an area of 120 acres. Two dwellings were destroyed, and about 200 cords of stove wood. The loss is estimated at about $50,000. E. M. Coleman, M. O'Keefe, P. J. Maloney, W. E. Stanton and Con. Maloney are the heaviest losers. The origin of the fire is not known.

Run Over and Killed.

STOCKTON, September 3d.—Thomas Sedgwick, an old man, 91 years old, met with his death to-day by attempting to drive in front of a train from San Francisco at the crossing of the road leading from this city to French Camp, four miles distant. The old gentleman was thrown a distance of forty feet, and was so injured that he died two hours later in this city. Mr. Sedgwick was the father of Mrs. General Ketchum, of this county, and had lived here since early times.

Arrested for Conspiracy.

DAGGETT, September 3d.—Charles Glover, an ex-merchant of Calico; conductor Henry, of the California Southern, and Y. R. Stevens, Constable of Calico, were arrested to-day for conspiracy to defraud the California Southern Railway out of tickets. Henry would collect tickets, fail to punch, and send them to Glover and Stevens to sell at this end. Over $1,300 has been discovered. All gave bonds to-day. Superintendent Victor estimates the loss for two months at $50 per day.

The Bicyclist.

MISSION SAN MIGUEL, September 3d.—Van Meerbecke, the bicyclist, en route from New York to San Francisco, via New Orleans, arrived here at 5 P. M. from San Luis Obispo, being the hundred and sixteenth riding day.

Worth Brown Murders His Brother.

VISALIA, September 3d.—Two brothers—Luther and Worth Brown—got into an affray at Traver last evening over a woman of disreputable character, during which the latter shot and instantly killed his brother. The murderer was brought to Visalia and lodged in the county jail last night. The woman over whom the row occurred attempted to commit suicide by taking poison.

Barn Burned.

NAPA, September 3d.—The barn of Geo. Gibbs was burned last night at Yountville. Loss, $1,500. The fire was caused by tramps, who obtained permission to sleep there.

He Jumped from the Train.

TOWLES, September 3d.—E. M. Banvard, an old resident of Alta, in attempting to jump from a train here to-night, fell, striking on his head, inflicting serious injuries, which may prove fatal.

NEVADA.

New Sleeping-Cars.

RENO, September 3d.—The *Gazette* says the Pullman Company has arranged for new sleepers to replace eighteen old Silver Palace cars that have been here since the Central Pacific opened.

Sam Davis' Earthquake Predictions.

CARSON, September 3d.—The *Appeal* of this city calls attention this morning to a prediction it made July 15th, relative to the earthquake. It claimed at the time that the volcanic eruptions and earthquakes in New Zealand would be followed by similar disturbances in the United States caused by molten waves rolling under the earth and dashing against obstructions caused by the thickness of the earth's crust.

ARIZONA.

Disposition of Troops—No Truth in the Rumor.

WILLCOX, September 3d.—General Miles has made such disposition of the troops to-day as to effectually guard all passes leading from Geronimo's camp into Arizona and New Mexico, thus making it next to impossible for him to escape. We may expect good news from the General soon.

The report that the Mexican and United States troops had been engaged, and that in the fight Geronimo and his band had made good their escape, is without any foundation in fact.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Advices from Victoria.

VICTORIA, September 3d.—Coffee, Allison and Parke, the only survivors of the explosion of coal dust on the Queen of the Pacific, are out of danger and soon will be sent home.

John Dodd, master of the Canadian bark Nanaimo, cut his throat and slashed his left side with a sharp razor to-day. He had been drinking heavily, and awakening early in the morning, engaged in a fierce religious discussion with his wife. In the heat of passion he committed the deed. His recovery is doubtful.

Matters at Burrards Inlet are at a stand still owing to the legal obstacles in the way of the extension of the railway.

There have been heavy rains the last two days.

The cut rates on the Canadian Pacific continues. A carload of shingles from Seattle for Chicago, at 60 cents per thousand, was forwarded to-day.

There is no truth in the report that Sir Charles Dilke is in the provinces. It is an Irish home rule hoax to annoy an Irish landlord named Tatlew, who lately came over the Canadian Pacific.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

J. McGregor, an Iowa stockman, was robbed of $1,500 in Chicago yesterday.

The cholera returns for the whole of Italy show 109 new cases of cholera and 41 deaths.

Storms have seriously interfered with the telegraph facilities between Chicago and the Missouri river.

After rejecting Sexton's amendment, the House of Commons last night adopted the address in reply to the Queen's speech.

John Gavich gave himself up at Logansport, Indiana, yesterday, stating that he had committed a murder in East St. Louis.

A violent outbreak of cholera is reported at Tarredell, Annunziatia, near Naples, in consequence of which the religious festival has been prohibited by the town authorities.

The steamer Wisconsin, which left New York August 24th, has arrived at Queenstown. O'Brien, Redmond and Deasy, delegates to the Irish Convention at Chicago, are among her passengers. They proceed to Dublin.

The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular calling the attention of all officers and employes of the Treasury Department to the President's order of July 14, 1886, warning Government officials against interference in politics. The circular contains no instructions or orders, but simply calls attention to the President's order, which is printed thereon in full.

HE DIDN'T BLAME THE ANGELS.—The new baby had proved itself possessed of extraordinary vocal powers, and had exercised them much to Johnny's annoyance. One day he said to his mother: "Ma, little brother came from heaven, didn't he?" "Yes, dear." Johnny was silent for some time, and then he went on: "Say, ma." "What is it, Johnny?" "I don't blame the angels for bouncing him, do you?"—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

THE MARYSVILLE FAIR.

THIRTEENTH AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT EXHIBITION.

Fine Pavilion—Splendid Exhibits—Fast Speed Contests—Great Crowds of People.

MARYSVILLE, September 3, 1886.

Industrial fairs are a true measure of the civilization of the community from which their exhibits come. This is true not only in this country, but the world over. Visit any of the great industrial exhibitions in the Capitals of Europe or America and, as you walk through the exposition buildings, you have a truthful panorama of the civilization of those countries making exhibits; the great annual fairs held on the steppes of Russia and Central Asia, at Samarcand and Novogorod, and you may see in the wide spread of booths just how far the people of those regions have advanced on the road to civilization and enlightenment. So it is everywhere, and California is no exception to the rule. A stranger can form a great estimate of our people by the exhibits made at our State and district fairs. In the stock department, if you see thoroughbred and trotting stock, you know that the people have the means and leisure for horseback riding and driving. The big Clydesdale, Norman or Percheron stock indicates that the farmer and freighter has plenty of work to do, and is

DOING IT WELL.

If you see the best blooded horses of all breeds you may be sure that the people are in the front rank of breeders for home and foreign markets, and that they are alive to the fact that the best is the cheapest and most profitable. The exhibits in the other stock departments will tell you whether a people have good beef, good milk, butter and cheese, good pork, mutton and wool for home use and for sale. Fine Durhams, Devons, Herefords and Polled Angus make good beef on the tables at home, and cattle for sale to help swell the individual bank accounts. Pens of Holsteins, Jerseys and Alderneys will show whether a people have plenty of milk, cream, butter and cheese, or whether they drink muddy coffee straight, buy their milk in cans from New Jersey, and their butter, strong and rancid, from some other country. The horse and cattle departments will disclose another important fact, viz: Whether the farmers is skinning his land by raising cereals year after year, without returning to the soil any part of the fertile elements which he is taking from it, and leaving an exhausted soil as a heritage to his children; or whether he is feeding his crops to his stock, and returning the fertilizers to the soil and maintaining

ITS PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY.

The poultry exhibits tell us whether the people have eggs and fowls and a varied digestible diet, or whether they live on bacon and other food saturated with indigestible lard.

The cereal and vegetable departments will show whether the agriculturist tills his land properly, sows and plants the best kinds of seed, and then harvests well and properly prepares it for market.

The green fruit exhibits will tell whether the people are taking advantage of the new order of things, and getting in line to furnish the Eastern people with these luscious fruits of the semi-tropics and to make incomparably greater profits from their land than from wheat and barley-growing.

The machinery, agricultural implements, carriage and wagon departments and machinery products show how far a community is advanced in industrial art and science. Good exhibits in this line indicate the saving of labor in productive and cheap products, so as to be able to compete in distant markets and still make a profit.

They will also show how far manufactures in the district have progressed. If the machinery products are good, we may be sure that factories, forges and mills are already established, and are being patronized, thereby giving employment to the best of populations, the skilled artisans, and saving the money of

THE PRODUCER AT HOME.

The mercantile displays will inform us whether the merchants are an active, energetic class, buying for cash, for they can prosper under no other system, and whether they buy with judgment and taste; or, on the other hand, whether they belong to a fossilized age long past, and the people have to go to some distant place to spend their money, to get what they require. Look at the exhibits of ideal art and you can tell more of the character of the people of a district than in any other way. In this department should be included everything not of the absolute necessities of life. It should include all the furnishings of the house in the city or the country; those things that make up the refinements, elegancies and educational influences of home life; the paper, pictures and other decorations on the wall, the carpets and rugs on the floor, the furniture in the house and the flowers on the lawn—all that makes the home beautiful and lovable. If the exhibits of all these are of a high order we know that the people are intelligent, refined and cultured. In short, a district fair is a perfect and true reflex of the type of civilization in the district.

THE THIRTEENTH AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT

Is composed of the counties of Yuba, Sutter, Yolo and Sacramento, but owing to the means of transportation between these counties, Yolo has never exhibited at the fairs or attended them in any numbers, and Sacramento reserves her exhibits for her State fair. The exhibition, therefore, only represents Yuba and Sutter counties so far as district exhibits are concerned. Yuba and Sutter counties are situated in the heart of the Sacramento valley. The soil is good; clear, crystal streams from the snows in the great mountains furnish an abundance of the best water; belts of pine, spruce and fir, on the Sierra Nevadas, give plenty of timber for lumber and fuel; the plains and valleys are dotted with groves of oak, and the climate is excelled by none on earth, being half semi-tropical. The range of productions is as great as in any other known country; all the cereals and vegetable, all the deciduous fruits, including the apple, peach, plum, cherry and apricot, the small fruits, the citrus fruits—oranges, lemons and limes, the olive, the pomegranate, persimmon; all the nut-bearing trees, and every kind of grape—raisin, wine and table—grow here in generous quantities and of the most perfect quality. These counties were among the first settled in the American occupation. The transportation by water gave the miner, farmer and merchant cheap and

RAPID TRANSIT

To the seaboard. Schools, churches, newspapers and manufactures were early established, and gained a sure footing and flourished here. The earliest settlers were the best of the gold and home-hunting people, who had the enterprise, energy and daring to cross the savage wilds in search of homes and fortunes, and most of them had the foresight and judgment to stay here. Those two counties, although small in area, have advantages that compensate for any lack in size. The landholdings are usually small. There are none of those vast tracts that bar progress as in other sections. Every 160 or 320 acres has its family, with healthy and robust sons and daughters to overlook and help in the labor of the farm. There is, therefore, an almost entire absence of absentee landlordism and tramp labor, those unmitigated curses of other sections of the State. Marysville is the commercial emporium of this section, enjoying the trade not only of those two counties, but drawing custom from Butte, Colusa, Nevada and Sierra counties. It has a population of 6,000 people, fine schools, libraries, successful manufactures, big stocks of goods, large building capital, and energy and enterprise to make a great city. Sutter county has all good land, is in a sure crop belt, never having know a crop failure. The agriculturists are not only well to do—they are comparatively rich. They have good stock, fine residences and beautiful and tasty surroundings.

THE PAVILION.

Through the energy and public spirit of some of the leading citizens of Marysville a large Pavilion was built this year. It is situated in a convenient and pretty part of the city, and occupies a ground area of 72 feet by 160 feet, with a two-story annex 40 by 50 feet, and its architectural construction externally is most tasty and imposing. It has a main hall for exhibits 72 by 160 feet, another capacious hall 40 by 50 feet for ideal art exhibits, a gallery around the main hall for spectators, and roomy offices for committee and society meetings. This great building is filled to crowding by exhibits of agricultural products, machinery, implements, mechanical products, fine arts and miscellaneous articles. In the agricultural department there are fine samples of Propho, Geneseo, Chile, Australian, Sonora, Tuscan, Hardy, Club, Odessa, Pride of Butte and Amber wheat. There is barley, oats, buckwheat, rye, corn, Egyptian corn, broomcorn, alfalfa seed and all other kinds of tame grass seeds, tobacco, hops, a dozen varieties of potatoes, onions, cabbage, squashes, and pumpkins of enormous size, causing visions of pumpkin pies, *ad libitum*, cucumbers and melons—both muskmelons and watermelons—the sight of which would make a South Carolina darkey dance all over a two-acre lot. And there are parsnips, carrots, beets, turnips, and all the other vegetables in great piles. In the dairy department there are enormously large cheeses and small, round cheeses, and rolls, crocks and tubs of

RICH, GOLDEN BUTTER.

Of mill products there was a complete and full exhibit. The Buckeye Mills, located at Marysville, which have a good name all over the world where good flour is appreciated, had a fine show in this line.

Of orchard and vineyard products there are piles of rich-looking apples, pears, peaches, plums, apricots, nectarines and quinces. There are oranges, lemons and limes, pomegranates and olives, and a full line of small fruits. There are long tabies loaded with all kinds of table, wine, raisin and seedless grapes. There are pyramids of fruit in glass jars, preserved fruits, jams and jellies, all put up by the good housewives. Dried fruits are in abundance and of all kinds. The products of the nut-bearing trees of all varieties are in large quantity and of the best quality. Whole tables were covered with beautiful and fragrant flowers. Cakes, bread and other articles of cooked food made an attractive exhibit.

Of machinery and implements there is a large and varied exhibit, including everything used on a ranch, from a hay-press down to a gopher-trap; plows, from the great gangs to the small one-horse plow; carriages of all kinds, shapes and sizes, from a band-wagon to a pony phaeton, all made in the district. The furniture exhibits are exceedingly full and creditable, and there are several of them. The specimens of district-made harness and saddlery are numerous and highly creditable. The list of these mechanical products is too long even for mention, and it is sufficient to say that they were a credit in quantity and quality to any country. It will not do to omit the exhibit of woolen goods from the Marysville Woolen Mills, as it attracted much attention and excited

THE ADMIRATION OF ALL.

The blankets are as fine as ever came from the loom, and the flannels are of every grade. There are also fine samples of cassimeres and tweeds on exhibition. These mills are an important factor in this part of the State. They represent $200,000 capital, employ over 100 artisans, use 1,000,000 pounds of wool annually, and disburse $60,000 for labor each year.

In the ladies' department there is an almost endless display. There is a bewildering exhibit of millinery goods that leaves a man in doubt where nature ends and the work of the artist begins. In embroideries, needle and fancy work, one-half of this great hall is taken up. The exhibits of photographs, paintings, pen-work and crayons is large, and to a layman artistic. There are large displays of paintings on canvas, velvet, satin, glass, porcelain, tin, stone and paper. The painting on porcelain attracted especial attention for its beauty of design and finish. In the stock departments the entries and exhibits are larger than ever before here, and it is believed larger than ever before in northern California. The horse parade was especially admired, and included thoroughbred trotting and draft horses.

THE CATTLE SHOW

Included Durhams, Devons, Herefords, Polled-Angus, Holsteins, Jerseys and Ayrshires, and they were of the pure bloods and the best specimens of the pure bloods. The show of sheep, swine and poultry was large and fine.

The speed contests had full fields of starters, and the sport was good. The attendance was large at both the Park and Pavilion. It is the universal verdict that the fair is a great success, and that too much credit for this success cannot be given to the officers of the Association. Hon. Chas. F. Reed delivered the annual address, which was listened to by several hundred people, and was exceedingly able and instructive.

In conclusion it may be proper to say, these exhibts represent a country which the Indians occupied little more than a quarter of a century ago, and that all this development has taken place in that short time. It points to the fact that these two counties have entered upon a race of progress that will make them the foremost on the Pacific coast. Here in the midst of this development are cheap lands for the home-seeker, where just as beautiful homes as these exhibitors now have can be created by the new-comer. H. L.

WATERMAN AT HOME.

About the Next Lieutenant-Governor of California.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: There were some disappointed aspirants for office in this section after the adjournment of the Republican Convention, as there were in most other sections of the State. Sacramento was doubtless considerably disappointed because she was not favored with the nomination of Lieutenant-Governor in the person of our old friend and Granger, William Johnston. I confess that I felt this disappointment pretty keenly myself, but I want to tell friend Johnston and those who wanted to see him nominated that he was beaten by a man worthy of his steel. W. R. Waterman is a man worthy of the position on the ticket to which he has been assigned. He is a strong man and exceptionally popular, not only in his county (San Bernardino), but in this entire end of the State. He came into town about 2 o'clock P. M., on last Saturday, on private business, with no idea that his presence would create any stir or excitement, but in less than half an hour the whole town was astir. In a little while the cannon announced that some great occasion was at hand, and the word was passed about that the next Lieutenant-Governor was in town, and that a hearty home reception and ratification meeting would be held in his honor in front of the Court-house in the evening. About 7 o'clock there came marching down the street past the hotel where he was stopping a band of music, followed by three or four fully uniformed companies, organized and equipped largely by Mr. Waterman to do service in the campaign for Blaine and Logan and the Republican party in 1884.

By invitation Mr. Waterman and a few friends took a seat in an open carriage drawn by a pair of splendid white horses. This was followed by a large number of other carriages filled with citizens, who seemed to vie with each other in doing honor to the man and the occasion. After marching through its principal streets, the procession brought up at the Court-house, where the whole city, without respect to party, sex or age seemed to be assembled. A number of speakers, among whom were some of the most distinguished Democrats in the county, were called out, all attesting their high regard and respect for their distinguished citizen, and declaring their determination to assist in placing him in the Lieutenant-Governor's chair.

Seldom have I seen such a strong home and neighborly feeling for a fellow-citizen in any community. It was an impromptu outburst of universal respect and joy that their county had been honored in the selection of one of their most worthy representative men for the second place on the State ticket. It was a formal declaration of neighbors that they would support the man, without reference to party or platform.

When Mr. Waterman arose to return thanks, the crowd made the streets ring with cheers, the band played, and the demonstration of joy and good will was universal and prolonged. Mr. Waterman will capture—he has already captured—San Bernardino county almost en masse.

I. N. HOAG.

San Bernardino, August 31, 1886.

AN ENGLISH COLLEGE FOR GIRLS.—The Holloway College is a magnificent institution, but the idea is fantastical. Fancy 250 girls, all under exclusively feminine training and teaching, each with a separate bedroom and sitting-room, besides a conversation-room for every six, and a refectory, library, lecture-rooms and picture gallery! No male is to be allowed on the premises. The service in the chapel is to be Christian, but not associated with any church or sect. There is an altar under a canopy of carved oak, and organ and stalled seats. The site is noble, high, airy, spacious, with extensive shrubberies and terraced gardens. The late Professor Holloway sold pills and a harmless ointment, with which he recommended persons to anoint themselves. These he pushed by means of advertising. The college was nothing but a gigantic advertisement.—*London Truth.*

Alturas is a noisy town just now, owing to the number of carpenters that are at work from morning till night.

MARRIED.

Auburn, September 1—William S. Graham to Emma H. O'Bannon.
Penryn, August 25—Chas. J. McDonald to Mary E. Steinmuller.
Rocklin, August 30—Andrew T. Warner to Mary Callahan.

DIED.

Sacramento, September 3—Janet MacDonald, a native of Dundee, Scotland, 74 years. [Funeral private.]
Sacramento, September 3—Mary Jane, wife of Robert A. Jack, a native of Maryland, 59 years, 6 months and 11 days.
[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from her late residence, 1715 Seventh street, between Q and R, to morrow (Sunday) afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.]
Colfax, August 30—Mary Andrews, 40 years.
Near Dutch Flat, August 28—A. G. Blaisdell, 44 years.

From 115 lbs. to 161 lbs.

To the Cuticura Remedies I owe My Health, My Happiness, and My Life.

A day never passes that I do not think and speak kindly of the CUTICURA REMEDIES. Seven years ago, all of a dozen lumps formed on my neck, ranging in size from a cherry-stone to an orange. The large ones were frightful to look at, and painful to hear: people turned aside when they saw me, in disgust, and I was ashamed to be on the street or in society. Physicians and their treatment, and all medicines failed to do any good. In a moment of despair I tried the CUTICURA REMEDIES—CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier internally; the small lumps (as I call them) gradually disappeared, and the large ones broke, in about two weeks, discharging large quantities of matter, leaving two slight scars in my neck to-day to tell the story of my sufferings. My weight was one hundred and fifteen sickly pounds; my weight now is one hundred and sixty-one solid, healthy pounds, and my hight is only five feet five inches. In my travels I praised the CUTICURA REMEDIES, North, South, East and West. To CUTICURA REMEDIES I owe MY HEALTH, MY HAPPINESS and MY LIFE. A prominent New York druggist asked me the other day, "Do you still use the CUTICURA REMEDIES; you look to be in perfect health?" My reply was, "I do, and shall always. I have never known what sickness is since I commenced using the CUTICURA REMEDIES." Sometimes I am laughed at by praising them to people not acquainted with their merits, but sooner or later they will come to their senses and believe the same as those that use them, as dozens have whom I have cured told. May the time come when there shall be a large CUTICURA Supply House in every city in the world, for the benefit of humanity, where the CUTICURA REMEDIES shall be sold ONLY, so that there will be rarely a need of ever entering a drug store.

M. HUSBANDS,
210 Fulton street, New York, N. Y.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are a positive cure for every form of Skin and Blood Diseases, from Pimples to Scrofula. Sold everywhere. Price: CUTICURA, 50 cents; SOAP, 25 cents; RESOLVENT, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass. Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases"

PIMPLES, Blackheads, Skin Blemishes and Baby Humors, use CUTICURA SOAP.

KIDNEY PAINS, STRAINS, BACK ACHE, Weakness and Weariness caused by overwork, dissipation, standing, walking or the sewing-machine, cured by the CUTICURA ANTI-PAIN PLASTER. New, elegant, original and infallible. 25c.
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Young Men's Christian Association Hall,
Sixth street, between K and L.

A FIRST-CLASS LUNCH AND SUPPER WILL be served by the Ladies of the various Churches, from 11 A. M. to 8 P. M., every day except SUNDAY, from
Friday, Sept. 10th, to Thursday, Sept. 16th inclusive.
Home cooking. Meals, 25 cents. s4-1t

CHALLENGE.

OWING TO THE WRESTLING MATCH BETween Thomas Cannon and Young Muldoon in December, 1884, I, Peter Shumacher, backed Mr. Cannon for five hundred dollars and he lost the match, and being dissatisfied ever since I will wrestle him for the same money in public or private. PETER SHUMACHER, Champion Middle-weight Graeco-Roman Wrestler, Pacific Coast.
Sacramento, Cal., September 3, 1886. s4-1t*

W. R. FELTER. JAMES I. FELTER.
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CALIFORNIA & IMPORTED WINES
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1,000 TONS GRAPES WANTED!
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RANCH FOR SALE OR TO LET.

800 ACRES IN SACRAMENTO COUNty, on the Cosumnes river; two miles from Sheldon; known as the Pierce Ranch; 400 acres plains land and 400 acres bottom land; about 250 acres summer fallowed; all well fenced; there is a Frame Dwelling-house, 2 Barns, 1 Correrib and other Outhouses; Deer creek runs through the center of the ranch, and plenty of timber on the place; only 16 miles from Sacramento city; will lease for a term of year or sell; terms reasonable. For information, terms, etc., address
s1 1w* JOHN J. CASHMAN, Elk Grove.

POND'S EXTRACT

INVALUABLE FOR
BURNS, SUNBURNS, DIARRHŒA, CHAFINGS, STINGS OF INSECTS, PILES, SORE EYES, SORE FEET,
THE WONDER OF HEALING!

For Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching, it is the greatest known remedy.

For Burns, Scalds, Wounds, Bruises and Sprains, it is unequalled—stopping pain and healing in a marvellous manner.

For Inflamed and Sore Eyes.—Its effect upon these delicate organs is simply marvellous.

It is the Ladies' Friend.—All female complaints yield to its wondrous power.

For Ulcers, Old Sores, or Open Wounds, Toothache, Faceache, Bites of Insects, Sore Feet, its action upon these is most remarkable.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS! USED IN HOSPITALS!

Caution.—POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having POND'S EXTRACT. Take no other preparation. It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

IT IS UNSAFE TO USE ANY PREPARATION EXCEPT THE *Genuine* WITH OUR DIRECTIONS. *Used Externally and Internally.*

Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75. Sold everywhere.

OUR NEW PAMPHLET WITH HISTORY OF OUR PREPARATIONS SENT FREE ON APPLICATION TO

POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
76 Fifth Avenue, New York.
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. O. U. W.—Lily of the Valley Lodge, No. 11, D. of H., will meet in Grangers' Hall, THIS (Saturday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, for the initiation of candidates and other business which may properly come before it. Come one and all. MISS MAMIE CARALON, C. of H.
ANNIE ASH, Recorder. s4-1t*

Stated Assembly of Sacramento Commandery, No. 2, Knights Templar, will be held at the Asylum, THIS (Saturday) EVENING, September 4th, at 7:30 o'clock. Sojourning Sir Knights are courteously invited to attend.
W. B. MILLER, E. C.
A. A. REDINGTON, Recorder. s4-1t

FOR SALE—A NO. 1 FRESH MILK Cow. Inquire at Sixteenth and K streets. s4-3t*

TO LET—THREE NICELY FURNISHED rooms suitable for housekeeping. Apply at 1313 G street. s4-1t*

DRESSMAKING BUSINESS FOR SALE IN A good locality. Address Box —, RECORD-UNION, Sacramento, Cal. s2,4,8-ned

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—ESTATE OF CONRAD BITZER, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, administratrix of the estate of CONRAD BITZER, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary affidavits or vouchers, within four months after the first publication of this notice, to said administratrix, at the law office of Young & Dunn, at south corner of Fifth and J streets, Sacramento, California.
Dated September —, 1886.
BLONDINE BITZER, Administratrix.
YOUNG & DUNN, Attorneys for Administratrix.
s4-5t8

BELL & CO., - - Auctioneers,
—WILL SELL—
THIS MORNING,
At 10 o'clock, at Salesroom, No. 927 K street,
Furniture, Carpets, Horses, Buggies, Phaetons, etc.

ALSO, THE FOLLOWING: TWO DOZEN Wood-seated Chairs; 1 fine Bed Lounge, "Hoey Patent;" 1 elegant Brussells Carpet; 1 Lot of Magazines, Books and Atlases; 1 Child's Carriage; Feather Pillows; 4 Walnut Bedroom Sets; 2 fine Show Windows, etc. s4-1t

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

INAUGURATION!
New Metropolitan Theater.
MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 6th,
FIVE NIGHTS AND
Saturday Matinee!
The Management, with great pleasure, announce the appearance of
A. M. Palmer's Company
The Representative Dramatic Organization of America.
Now playing a phenomenal engagement at the Baldwin Theater, San Francisco, in their repertoire of New, Powerful and Successful Plays.
MONDAY—"OUR SOCIETY."
TUESDAY—"SAINTS AND SINNERS."
WEDNESDAY—"JIM, THE PENMAN."
THURSDAY—"SEALED INSTRUCTIONS."
FRIDAY—"BROKEN HEARTS" and "OLD