DAILY RECORD-UNION

WEDNESDAY.....JUNE 15, 1887

PUBLISHED BY THE

SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Publication Office, Third st., bet. J and K.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION

Is published every day of the week, Sundays excepted. Double-sheet on Saturdays.

For one year.....$6 00
For six months.....3 50
For three months.....2 00

Subscribers served by Carriers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week. In all interior cities and towns the paper can be had of the principal Periodical Dealers, Newsmen and agents.

THE WEEKLY UNION

Is the cheapest and most desirable Home, News and Literary Journal published on the Pacific coast.

Terms. One Year.....$2 00

Entered at the Post Office at Sacramento as second-class matter.

ADVERTISING RATES.

1 square (5-6 of an inch), one time.....$1 00
1 square (inside position), two times.....1 75
1 square (inside position), three times.....2 50
1 square (new every day), one dollar each time.
Local (*) notices, 25 cents per line each time; average seven words to a line.

	1 week.	2 weeks.	3 weeks.	1 month.
1 sq., 1 page	$3 50	$5 00	$6 00	$7 00
1 sq., 2 page	5 00	8 00	9 00	10 00
1 sq., 3 page	4 00	6 00	7 00	8 00
1 sq., 4 page	3 00	4 00	5 00	6 00

1 square in WEEKLY UNION, first time, $2; each subsequent time, $1.
No extra charge for Cuts, which must be of solid metal.

SACRAMENTO PUBLISHING CO., SACRAMENTO, CAL.

CITY OFFICIAL PAPER.

The RECORD-UNION *is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco it has no competitor, in point of numbers, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.*

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCIES.

The paper is for sale at the following places: L. P. Fisher, Room 21, Merchants' Exchange, who is also Sole Advertising Agent for San Francisco; Grand and Palace Hotel News Stands; Market-street Ferry and junction of Market and Montgomery street News Stands.

☞ Also, for sale on all Trains leaving and coming into Sacramento.

TO-DAY'S LEADING NEWS TOPICS.

Yesterday witnessed the greatest excitement in the wheat markets of Western cities ever experienced. The panic was general.

An unusual demand has arisen in the East for pig-iron.

It is said that the original breach between Cleveland and the Irish-American element is daily widening.

Baldwin's Volante won the Brewers' cup at St. Louis yesterday. Todhunter's Monte Cristo second.

Emperor William's health is improving but Bismarck's is getting worse.

Belgium has decided to fortify the river Meuse.

The latest news from Arizona credits the Apache renegades with a supposed desire to get back to the reservation.

PREPARATION AS AN INVITATION.

The *Pacific Fruit-Grower*, published at Los Angeles, says of Southern and Northern California:

The difference between the two sections lies not so much in the variety of soil and climate—in the natural characteristics—as in what man has done to make the country attractive. In Southern California the people take hold with a will, spend their money freely and make inducements for home-seekers to come and live among them. Whenever a new colony is laid out, the projectors are not content with setting stakes and then sitting down to await purchasers. They spend perhaps a quarter of a million in developing water, and another quarter of a million in beautifying the tract, building a handsome hotel, and so forth. Then, when the Easterner comes, to see is to buy, unless, as is very often the case, the natives have stepped in and bought up all the desirable lots ahead of him.

The article from which the extract is taken is friendly in tone to the northern and central region, though not devoid of misconception concerning this section. But that preparation for the new-comer and inducement for him to stay, in the form of improvements, introduction of water, preparation of lands, the arrangement of colony tracts for immediate occupancy, etc., is essential to the rapid development of the country, is certainly true. Northern and Central California, now so inspired by public spirit, will grow and develop all the possibilities of the region, but whether they are attained to-day or to-morrow depends as much upon preparation as upon the coming of and investment by the stranger.

There are two ways open for the building up of the section. The one is to invite the home-seeker to our unoccupied lands, and trust to his ability and willingness to develop them; the other, to prepare the way for him that he may take possession at the minimum of cost and time. The first is the slow, the latter the rapid process. In the first case we may expect to wait for years before the desired end is attained; in the latter is simply involved the question of a few months. New-comers will not come in rapidly and settle the unprepared country, when other sections equally as inviting offer the additional inducement that results from improvement and preparation. Our investors must themselves prepare the way by tangible manifestations of their faith in the region. Companies organized to lay out and prepare colony tracts and construct irrigation works, as has been done in Butte and throughout the south, find no difficulty whatever in securing desirable colonists, and keep large returns for the investment. Colony formation and preparation in the Sacramento section is invited by every natural facility, and nowhere in the State is invitation stronger for safe investment in that way. Advances in the values of real estate will be found to mean nothing unless behind them is the manifestation of faith by the people in the form of local improvement, and the active work of preparation for new-comers.

It is one thing to buy land and await a purchaser; another to invest in tracts, and so prepare them that they constitute an irresistible invitation to the home-seeker. In the present activity and enterprise manifest in this region, there is every evidence that the latter plan is being adopted by investors. Certainly there is less labor and time called for here in that way than anywhere else. We have not "a new country," according to the accepted meaning of the term. The section is blessed with established lines of quick transportation; with thrifty and growing cities and towns; with all the advantages of settled society, unsurpassed educational facilities, and every essential of strong, healthy and refined communities. There remains only the need for greater population; for people to make small landholdings more numerous; industrious and determined people to aid us in developing the resources of the country. These we can have, and the the sooner by making our invitation that of preparation.

THE CALIFORNIA AND OREGON ROAD.

Colonel Crocker, on his return from Oregon on Saturday, reported that the completion of the California and Oregon road will be accomplished by the 1st of October. This is good news, and though anticipated, its official announcement is matter for congratulation in the Sacramento valley. When the connection is made, and the nerve of rail unites the great river of the north with the Father of Waters at its mouth upon the gulf, there will begin the pulsations of new trade, new industry and quickened prosperity of vast importance. When the gigantic work of crossing the northern barrier of mountains was undertaken, there were many who believed it would take several years to surmount the natural difficulties that presented. These obstacles were not in any respect exaggerated, but by the energy and applied determination of the pioneer railway builders of the coast, the line has been pushed to its present advance with the utmost rapidity and in a space of time remarkably brief. The people of California generally have not yet awakened to full realization of all the meaning of the completion of this new route. They see in it a new trade connection, and more rapid and pleasant transit to the great north region; but the vastness of the new tide of commerce that is to surge through the State along this great artery linking the Columbia and the gulf, has not as yet been fully understood, save by a few far-seeing men. It will naturally lead to the construction of feeders that will tap the great northeast empire of Idaho and Montana and relate California to a region of boundless capacity.

CARDINAL GIBBONS' address to his congregation at Baltimore on Sunday had much in it of the true patriotic ring. He denounced anarchism unsparingly and invoked upon all assailants of the Constitution of the country the severest penalties. He pronounced faithfulness to country and to God to be inseparable, and thus, so far as his declaration could do so, pledged the church to loyalty to American institutions. Not the least significant and forceful expression of the ecclesiastic, whose opportunities for observation have been exceptionally broad, was in reference to the condition of the laborers in America. He plainly told the workingmen that their causes of complaint are mainly imaginary, the truth being that they are better clothed, fed and housed and have fairer prospects in the United States than the workers in any other country. This is but repetition of the testimony of every impartial observer. The workingmen in America who acknowledge allegiance to the revolutionary Socialists or strike palms with Anarchists, are guilty of heinous crime against their best interests. There is little else than pitiful madness in the assaults these men make upon the American system. In nine cases out of ten they are foreigners who have come here so deeply imbued with hostility to all orderly government that they are hopelessly blind to the liberties they enjoy, and insensible to the magnificent house of refuge that shelters them. The entire vicious lot of them in Chicago, New York and Pittsburg ought to be jugged, as insane and irresponsible beings whom it would be a mercy to put under restraint.

CHARITY is taking a new form in the East. It has at last dawned upon the humanitarians that the bare white walls of a hospital are the most cheerless and discouraging things imaginable to the patient condemned to their expressionless stare. The sympathetic people have therefore undertaken to adorn hospital walls with tinted hangings and cheerful ornaments and pleasing pictures, restful to the eye and satisfying to the soul. The physicians unanimously agree that the result is highly beneficial, and that art for once has proven how important a factor it is as a curative agent for the body. Boston people have found so much "good" in this new idea, that a "Picture Mission" has been organized, and now pictures are loaned to it by their owners, insured by the "mission" and hung upon the hospital ward walls, being changed once a month. Thus the sick have their attention drawn from their pain, and their nervousness and restlessness is reduced to the minimum. It is a good idea, and to Boston give the credit. "Culchah" is at last engaged in practical charitable work.

THE Board of State Viticulture Commissioners has adopted a resolution calling upon local inspectors throughout the State to report promptly whenever they discover any violations of the Pure Wine Act in the use of materials forbidden by law in the manufacture of wines sold as pure. The virtue of the new law must be thoroughly tested. We believe it to be a good law, and calculated to work needed reforms. It should be rigidly enforced, and if it is in any respect defective its errors will be more speedily developed, and its virtues made to contribute the earlier to the fostering of the viticultural industry in California.

THE decision of the Superior Court of Santa Cruz, that a boycott is a criminal conspiracy, when it is aimed at the destruction of "the expectation of public patronage"—good-will, in other words—strikes home at an evil which needed to be throttled. The resolution not to foster Chinese manufactures or encourage that in the community which is inimical to it, is one thing; but it is a widely different one to conspire to coerce one to this or that conduct of his business because he does not carry it on to suit the conspirators.

THE vigor manifested by the State Fish Commissioners in enforcing the laws for the protection of our food fisheries is commendable. Arrests are still made with promptness, and the patrol of the fishing grounds is thorough. Continuation of present vigilance will very soon put an effectual stop to the violations of the fish laws. The officers should have the hearty co-operation of the District Attorneys of the bay counties, without which the efforts of the Commissioners will be much impeded.

THE gift of $50,000 by E. F. Spence for the founding of an astronomical observatory in Southern California is a handsome contribution by a man of wealth to the cause of learning. Southern California will certainly increase the sum to the requirement of $200,000 necessary to put the proposed institution upon a safe basis.

THE Sunday fight of the Socialists at the Uniontown (N. J.) picnic grounds illustrates the sentiment these agitators entertain of the rights of others. There has been no Socialist demonstration in this country yet that the animal did not "crop out," and the brutalizing element did not manifest itself.

ONE HUNDRED Doses One Dollar is inseparably connected with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and is true of no other medicine. A bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla contains 100 doses, and will last a month, while others will average to last not over a week. Use only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

MYSTIC ORDER.

SECOND DAY'S SESSION OF THE SOVEREIGN GRAND LODGE.

Election of Officers—Mutual Aid Society—Grand Master's Address—Reports of Committees, Etc.

The second day's session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, F. and A. M. (colored), assembled at Armory Hall at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The forenoon session was occupied almost entirely in listening to reports from officers of the Mutual Aid Society of the Order. The reports showed the Society to be in good condition financially and prosperous. There are now 45 members.

At the afternoon session, which commenced at 2 o'clock, the Grand Lodge proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, and resulting as follows: Abram F. Holbrook, of Oakland, Grand Master; Thomas Smith, of Marysville, Deputy Grand Master; Isaac Dunlap, of Sacramento, Grand Senior Warden; Peter Jackson, of Chico, Grand Junior Warden; Thomas E. Randolph of Marysville, Grand Treasurer; Roderingo Wilkinson, of Oakland, re-elected Grand Secretary for the fourth time. The appointive officers will be announced this morning.

At the session last evening various committees made their reports. Among these was the Committee upon the Grand Master's Annual Address, which was reported back by the committee as follows:

THE GRAND MASTER'S ADDRESS.

Brethren of the Most Worshipful Sovereign Grand Lodge, F. and A. M., of the State of California: I greet you who are present, and we should congratulate ourselves and each other that our Supreme Grand Master has permitted us again to assemble in such numbers on this the thirteenth annual Communication, in the exalted relations as members of the Grand Lodge, to consult together in most intimate fraternal confidence, fully impressed with the importance of directing our labors to the relief of the distressed and the achievement of good for our fellow-men.

Since the last annual convocation of this Grand Lodge it has been assailed by a turbulent and rebellious mob of men, who termed themselves brethren of this time-honored institution; men, from their actions, which I will lay before you further on, you may say ought to be driven out of any society, especially this, our beloved Order. We have to congratulate ourselves to the Grand Architect of the Universe that no seat has been made vacant by death. May our hearts swell with gratitude to the Author of all Good that the mystic tie has not been broken nor the eye dimmed with tears of grief.

Science and art have kept pace with the progressive ideas of civilization, and civil and religious reforms have been inaugurated throughout the land. The earth has brought forth an abundance for the sustenance of animal life, and the husbandman been richly rewarded for his toil. Masonry is very comprehensive, embracing a knowledge of natural laws, science and art. These themes commend themselves to our notice and furnish instructive lessons.

But, alas! the year has fled, with fruits of much labor scattered over the land, and another milestone has been passed in the journey of life, and now joy and sorrow linger with the past and blend the melody of the present with the hopeful future. My brethren, during our deliberations may we not forget the many blessings we enjoy, but labor with more earnestness that others may enjoy the fruits of our toil. We have much to do and no time to delay, and as sure as the day follows the night, or the harvest the seed time, so will new light, peace and prosperity follow the labors of the faithful brother Mason. In all we do, may morality be the beacon light—the heraldry of success—the cherished sentiment of every Masonic heart. In moral excellence alone we find our true bastion, which defies the assaults of the vulgar and profane, and, secure in its stronghold, we may raise our banner and proudly float it in the breeze, while it bears upon its folds the motto—"Onward."

The reputation of an individual becomes the public reputation of the society to which he belongs. The public does not make a distinction between the dishonesty of the man and the obligations and principles of the society he has disgraced. Political parties, religious sects and secret organizations are alike condemned as a whole for the errors of any of their members. Every one is attracted by his peculiar pleasures, and whoever makes himself a wolf endangers the safety of the sheep; the erring brother brings sorrow upon his household, and robs the innocent of that which not himself enriches.

Hence reprimand and punishment are needful to the rules of society for its interests and safety, and we should enforce a conformity for all laws and edicts of Masonry, and not allow our sympathy for the erring to overrule our judgment and keep us from the performance of our duty. Duty with us is always and imperative. To forgive seventy times seven, reads and sounds very well as a precept, but when such forgiveness affects our vital interests, the precept will be found a very poor one to practice.

A Mason should be the last to violate the laws and the first to encourage a respect for our Courts and see that the criminal is justly punished. Wholesome laws, neglected to be enforced or injudiciously administered, fail to secure the objects for which they were enacted and encourage the crimes they were intended to correct.

Law does not overcome the evil natures of men, which makes statutory enactments necessary, but rather looks from her high moral throne with an impartial and comprehensive eye upon the errors of the human mind, the wrong and passionate judgment of men, and proclaims a system of restraints and punishments for the offenses of the unfortunate, which will afford security of life and property to the innocent. The theory of Masonic jurisprudence, its assumption of justice and equality, and its penal codes, are based upon ethics and appeal to the higher judgment and better passions of men, and contemplate the infliction of disgrace upon the offender. The inference, then, is that all Masons are equal with the precepts of the Order, and that the unworthy are punished with dishonor for their offenses. If this were not the case, then there would be no necessity for requiring the applicant to be of good report and well recommended; hence, the inference is clear that no one not of good report should be allowed to remain with, or have any hold upon, Masonry whatever, and the only way to deal with those who for themselves liable to criminal prosecution in our Courts is to expel them, and rid ourselves of the stains of their disgrace, for the brother who voluntarily violates his oath and wrongs another is equally a grave offense and should be punished with the severest penalty known to Masonic law—expulsion from the Order.

Masonic obligations, like the Penal Code, do not make exemplary and worthy citizens of the immoral and vicious; neither do they require us to shield the guilty nor assist the indolent. As the bees despise the drone and drive it from the live, so does Masonry despise the human drone, who wears the jewels and feeds upon the fruits of the labor of an honest, industrious brother, and it is the duty of every Mason carefully to guard the altar and every avenue that leads to the temple against the approach of the unworthy.

There should be more zeal and earnest labor among the brethren to spread the standard of Masonry, and improve the condition of man. Duty and fealty are imperative and as immutable as time, and our obligations are solemn and binding. No man can have a proper regard for truth and self-respect who will disregard his obligation or construe an oath, by mental reservation, into meaningless and idle words, without debasing himself before the world as unworthy the confidence and esteem of all honorable men. Is Masonry a seminary of wrong and folly, where moral excellence and dignity are the vanquished competitors of frivolity and vice? Do no higher aspirations mark the man in his social relations, and is there no protection given him against the daily wrongs of human life, and is he the moral trestle-board full of deceptive plans and ignoble designs, wholly wanting in that competence which enables the workman to labor with profit to himself and the good of his fellow-man? Nay, not in spirit, but too often in practice, I am sorry to say, this picture bears the semblance of truth. To correct such errors, and discountenance vice in all its forms, and elevate the moral standard by which a man is to be judged and held worthy of esteem, is a part of the work we are called upon to perform, and which alone will entitle us to the respect and confidence of all the world. In the esteem of others we have a power above individual ideas, which is needed for the best interests of Masonry, and this can only be secured in our favor by dignified example, integrity of purpose, and honesty in the performance of every duty.

The time has come when we must take a more firm and decided stand, and war against vice and crime of every form, or we shall find the Ancient Edifice, so long the pride of those whose names we revere, crumbling into a mass of misshapen ruins, with the strength of the material exhausted, and deformity and corruption standing in the place where Just ce held the scepter, and virtue reigned. We are in the presence of a grand convulsive effort of the forces of the human intellect for some great moral, civil and political reform, are undergoing a severe test, and what the final verdict will be is known to the Grand Architect alone, who doeth all things well. We must cultivate a spirit of forbearance, admonish those in error, be firm in justice, always holding the interest of the institution above that of the individual, be fearless in action, charitable to the poor, and true to the best interest of humanity; and success will crown our labors, and joy dwell in the hearts of all good Masons.

The report upon the address led to quite extended discussion, but the members hold a characteristic silence as to its nature.

The committees upon Charters and Returns, Foreign Correspondence, Jurisprudence, Finances and Grievances, and some special committees, also made reports, which were considered.

The Grand Lodge then adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

Always Keep the Upper Hand of Disease.

Changes of temperature are apt to cause dangerous sickness; in the full-blooded apoplexy is to be feared. When you have a pain in the head, feel dizzy, feverish, rheumatic or sick at the stomach, take at once three to ten of Brandreth's Pills. Such slight affections are only the harbingers of disease or sudden prostration, and the thing to do is to master the trouble at once. Never let a little sickness get the better of you. Drive it out of doors immediately. Let there be no compromise; always have with you a box of Brandreth's Pills, and you are prepared to fight the worst form of sickness in its incipiency.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

A new Ministry has been formed in Servia.

Rice fields along the Mississippi river are flooded.

Mayor Hewitt is spoken of as a candidate for President.

The yacht Atlantic again defeated the Galatea on Monday.

Southern Democrats favor Cleveland and Carlisle as the party nominees.

Ex-Speaker Keifer thinks Sherman will receive the Presidential nomination.

The bosses have made concessions to the carpenters and plasterers of Toronto.

Zanzibar dispatches say that a slave dhow has been sunk by a British launch.

A gang of Philadelphia sharpers have swindled a number of New England people.

A prisoner named Dugan attempted suicide in the San Diego county jail on Monday.

Lucky Baldwin, who was reported dangerously ill, is at St. Louis enjoying the races.

The British Government is rushing the Irish coercion bill through the House of Commons.

Ex-Secretary Manning will soon commence upon the duties of President of the Western National Bank.

The charges of cruelty against the Superintendent of the New York Orphan Asylum have not been sustained.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of a man supposed to have murdered Father Fouran at Santa Monica.

The Decker and Jewett ranch at Santa Rosa, despite the denials heretofore published, is being laid out in town lots.

Nine-tenths of the Republicans who were in office when Cleveland took up the reins of Government have been removed.

The Bell Telephone case is being argued before Judge Cole and District Judge Wilson, of Boston, on the demurrer of the defendant.

The Crozier Iron and Steel Company, of Roanoke, Va., has made an assignment to preferred creditors. The liabilities amount to $378,000.

Fifty Chassepot rifles sent from France to the French Mutual Benevolent Society of San Francisco, will have to be returned to the donors.

A farm servant named Hurley was shot and killed on Monday night, by moonlighters, near Tralee, Ireland. Eleven bullets pierced his body.

The battle-flags now in the custody of the War Department are to be returned to the States in which the regiments that bore them were organized.

Fred. Morrill, aged about 18 years, has been arrested in Stockton for a criminal assault on Jane T. Vance, at Oakland, recently. He declares that it is a case of blackmail.

It is reported that the British Government intends to prosecute Michael Davitt and Joseph Richard Cox, National Member of Parliament, for their conduct in inciting the Bodyke tenants to resist eviction.

The Viticultural Commission.

The State Viticultural Commissioners held a meeting on Monday. There were present Commissioners Haraszthy, Wetmore, De Turk, Krug and Manlove, Chief Executive officer Wheeler and Secretary Clarence J. Wetmore.

A communication was read by Mr. Wheeler from Dr. J. A. Bauer relative to his success with his remedy for the phylloxera in the Hagen Vineyard. Messrs. Krugg, Crabb and Wheeler were appointed to examine and report.

Dr. Manlove offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Chief Executive Officer is hereby instructed to issue a circular to local resident inspectors throughout the State, calling upon them to report promptly whenever they discover any violations of the Pure Wine Act in the use of materials forbidden by law in the manufacture of wines sold as pure.

Mr. Haraszthy read a letter from C. P. Huntington, in which he agreed that the Southern Pacific Company should co-operate with the Commission in sending a representative from this State to the London Exposition to do missionary work for California.

Estimates as to the amount of wine that would be made this year were made by those present, and they ranged from 15,000,000 to 22,000,000 gallons.

Dr. Manlove reported that the frost had done a great deal of damage to some of the vineyards in his district, but that the Natoma Vineyard had escaped owing to the smoking of the vineyard. Mr. Krug reported that his Rieslings trained on wires had suffered a great deal from the frost, and that where he got last year twelve to thirteen tons to the acre he would not get three this year. He thought Napa valley was good for two-thirds of a crop this year.

Officers were elected as follows: President, Arpad Haraszthy; Vice-President, Charles A. Wetmore; Treasurer, Charles Krug; Secretary, Clarence J. Wetmore; Chief Executive Officer, J. H. Wheeler.

The Authority of Boards of Supervisors.

The Marysville *Appeal* of yesterday says that George Ohleyer received a dispatch Monday afternoon from General A. L. Hart, one of the attorneys in the debris cases, stating that the Supreme Court had decided the case of Joseph Merriam vs. the Board of Supervisors of Yuba county in favor of the Supervisors, and sustained the decision of Judge Keyser.

"It will be remembered that one Joseph Merriam brought an action as a resident taxpayer of Yuba county against the Supervisors, alleging that the Board were about to audit and allow about $10,000 in pretended claims against the county for anti-debris expenses, which were not legally chargeable against the county, and which originated in an action to which the county was not a party, and also prayed for an injunction restraining the Supervisors from auditing the claims. The complaint was demurred to by the attorneys for the Supervisors as not stating facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action. Upon this issue of law being joined, Judge Keyser sustained the demurrer and dismissed the action and dissolved the injunction, from which the plaintiff appealed with the above result. District Attorney Forbes was seen at a late hour last night and said: 'As the complaint of Merriam stated the facts as fully, if not more so, than they could have been probably proved, this decision would seem to go to the merits and virtually settle the question in the affirmative for all time, as to whether the Supervisors have authority to audit anti-debris expenses, or whether the county is a party to the action in which they are incurred or not.'"

AN ALMOND ORCHARD.—The Woodland *Democrat* says: "The boom has struck us again, and this time it is in a new place. On last Saturday afternoon W. M. Coward, the well-known real estate dealer, sold the rest of the Marston tract, three miles north of town, to Webster Treat, of Davisville, and D. E. Allison, of San Francisco. These gentlemen intend to plant very nearly all of the land with almond trees of choice varieties, and intend to make the land a scene of industry and profit as soon as possible. Mr. Treat is proprietor of the famous Oak Shade orchards near Davisville, and has had much experience in cultivating both nuts and fruits. Mr. Allison is a member of the firm of Allison, Gray & Co., of San Francisco, and is also well known."

GOES DIRECT TO WEAK SPOTS

WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER

KILLS MALARIA

Don't allow yourself to break. Keep up Youth, Health, Vigor. At first signs of going back, begin use of WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER. For weak men, delicate women. Renews energy. Cures Dyspepsia, Mental or Nervous Weakness, Nervous and General Debility, Fever and Ague. Nice to take, true merit, unequaled for TORPID LIVER and NIGHT SWEATS. Leanness, Nervous Prostration, heavy labored or restless sleep, exhausted, tired, languid, faint, "ALL GONE" feeling, distress in the back or head. Wind on bowels or stomach. $1., 6 for $5. Druggists or Express, E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK SALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 14, 1887.

MORNING SESSION.

Ophir	9⅞	Andes	1 50
Mexican	4 50@4 65	Scorpion	75@80c
G. & C.	3 90@4 00	Benton	1 50@1 70
B & B	77½	P. Sheridan	10c
C. C. Va	21@21¾	Baltimore	95c@1 00
Savage	4 95	N. Occidental	65c
Choliar	6⅞@7	Atlantic	70c
Potosi	7 75	Utah	1 85
H. & N	4 85	Hendricks	80c
C. Point	7@7½	Navajo	1 25@1 30
Y. Jacket	5 00	B. Isle	1 00
Belcher	4 70@4 75	N. B. Isle	9 00
Sierra Nevada	4 50@4 55	Argenta	35c
Utah	1 80@1 85	Navajo Queen	75c
Bullion	2 20	Bodie	2 60
Exchequer	1 35@1 45	Bulwer	1 15
Overman	1 85@1 90	Syndicate	25c
Union	3 60	Dudley	25c
Alta	2 20@2 20	Peer	25c
Caledonia	60c	Crocker	85c
S. Hill	45c	Peerless	75c
Challenge	1 75	Com'wealth	2 25
Lady Wash	75c	Weldon	55c
Occidental	3 00		

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Ophir	9⅛	Alta	2 05@2 10
Mexican	4 60@4 65	Union	3 50
G. & C.	3 90	Julia	60@65c
B. & B.	76@7⅛	Silver Hill	40c
Con. Va	21½@21¾	L. Washington	70@75c
Savage	5 00	Andes	1 50@1 55
Choliar	6⅝@6¾	Benton	1 50
Potosi	7½@7¾	Bullion	2 15
H. & N	4 90	Iowa	1 65
Y. Jacket	5⅛	Baltimore	1 00
Alpha	3@3 05	N Occidental	65c
Belcher	4 60	W. Potosi	15c
Confidence	7¾	B. Isle	1 00
S. Nev	4 45@4 50	Argenta	35@40c
Utah	1 80	Com'wealth	2 30
Bullion	2 20	Diana	1 10
Exchequer	1 40@1 45	Bulwer	1 15@1 20
Overman	1 75@1 80	Mono	2 50
Justice	1 50	Peerless	80c
Union	3 55		

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Armstrong.

TUESDAY, June 14th.

P. S. Lawson vs. Pacific Coast Fire and Water Proof Paint Company—Being argued.

Department Two—Van Fleet.

TUESDAY, June 14th.

Charlotte Drew et al. vs. T. J. Clunie et al.—Continued for the term.

Estate of George C. Zeh—Real estate ordered sold.

People vs. T. C. Casey, burglary—On trial.

Land Office Matters.

The following business was transacted in the United States Land Office, in this city, yesterday:

Agricultural applications—Benj. L. Wentz, El Dorado, El Dorado county; D. S. 9,571; allowed and filed. Alfred P. Forbes, Volcano, Amador county; H. A. 5,056; allowed and filed.

Final proof—Benjamin Butler, Grass Valley, Nevada county; rejected on the ground of insufficient residence. Elizabeth E. Latt, Valley Springs, Calaveras county; approved; final receipt issued.

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used *Boschee's German Syrup* to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and, in fact, all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all druggists to recommend it to the poor, dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 80,00 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the *German Syrup* cannot be too widely known. Ask your druggist about it. Sample bottles to try, sold at 10 cents. Regular size, 75 cents. Sold by all druggists and dealers in the United States and Canada.

"Why does that young man clasp that young lady so closely?" asked Miss Clara of young Ponsonby, as a couple passed them in the giddy waltz. "It's one of the ways of the whirled, I suppose," responded Ponsonby.

"Jane, do you like fish?" "No." "What are you going to fast on then?" "Pie and pickles."

GENERAL NOTICES.

If you would regain your health and strength, use PARKER'S GINGER TONIC. 50 cents, at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS, the best cure for corns. 15 cents. mr5 1tW

Advice to Mothers.—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. mr15-1yMWF

Catarrh in the Head.—Ely's Cream Balm has done me more good than anything I ever tried. I has the catarrh very bad in my head. It had become chronic and falling into my throat left bad taste in my mouth. Since I have used two bottles it has stopped all of that. Am ever ready to recommend it very highly.—Wyatt Hoffman, Sergeant Co. G, 25th Infantry, Fort Sisseton, D. T. fe8-1y

The best place in California to have your printing done: A. J. Johnston & Co's, 410 J St., Sacramento, Cal.

Hamburger Wurst, Fresh Ranch Butter, Picnic Baskets, at F. BAUMEL'S, 7-3 J st. ap19

Carriage Painting by J. E. Parmeter, at 916 and 918 Eleventh street, between I and J. tf

If you want a Number One Carpet woven on short notice, send it to MARY S. COWGER, 8-2 M street. mr8-1m*

The Glory of Man Is His Strength, and for the many ailments arising from nervous prostration and physical weakness, such as loss of vital energy, nervous debility, seminal weakness, impotency and the various ills caused by indiscretion, Excess and Abuse there is no more effectual remedy than Dr. LaMarr's Seminal Pills. They build up the entire system, restore the wasted energies, giving strength, vigor and vitality to all the organs. The feeble and infirm find in them a veritable fountain of youth. Price, $2 50. Sent C. O. D. to any address, or by mail, on receipt of price. Address all orders to A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists, P. O. Box 1952, San Francisco. ja8-6m

S. S. & E. L. Southworth, Dentists, Sac.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

All members of Benbow Lodge, No. 229, Sons of Temperance, are requested to attend meeting TO-NIGHT. Business of importance and initiations to be transacted.

J. H. CHARLSWORTH, Sec.

Equity Lodge, K. and L. of H., will meet in Grangers' Hall, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Prompt and full attendance is desired.

T. H. BERKEY, Protector.
ABBIE M. AVERY, Secretary. je15-1t*

WANTED—A FEW MORE LODGERS AT the same old place, "THE CALIFORNIA." Front street, between J and K. Lodging, 15 and 25 cents. A "Schooner" of Beer, 5 cents. je15-1w*

FOR SALE—FEW MILES FROM AUBURN. 40 acres; small Orchard and Vineyard; new House, 6 rooms, hall, fireplaces, closets; half a mile from station; climate unsurpassed; further particulars inquire at office; more land if desired. MRS. SKELLENGER. For further particulars inquire of MR. SKELLENGER, corner Twelfth and H streets, or of MRS. SKELLENGER, on the premises, Applegate Station, Placer county, Cal. je15-1w*

FOR SALE—NEW HOUSE WITH SIX Rooms, Closets and Bathroom, Gas, etc.; lot, 80x80, on corner of alley; small Stable; half of lot in Alfalfa; a good investment for any one; only half a block from cars. Apply at 51 M street. je15 6t

SEALED BIDS

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE POLICE office for the Privileges and Bar up to MONDAY, JUNE 21st, for the Policemen's Picnic. By order of [je15-4t] COMMITTEE.

C. T. MILLIKIN,

DENTIST, WILL OCCUPY THE rooms above Dr. Hughson's Office, 1008 Eighth street, between J and K, on the 20th of this month. tf

THRASHING OUTFITS.

WE ARE PREPARED TO INSURE against FIRE Thrashing Outfits in the Field, At the most reasonable rates.

A. LEONARD & SON,
je15-2w3p 1014 Fourth street, Sacramento.

THE SPECIAL SALE OF REMNANTS IN WALL PAPER, STILL CONTINUES.

WHITE BLANKS, 5 to 7 cents per roll.
SATINS and MICAS, 10 to 15 cents.
GILTS, 15 to 20 cents.
We are also offering a line of Odds and Ends in PICTURE FRAMES, CORNICES, WINDOW SHADES, MIRRORS and various other articles at less than auction prices.

WHITTIER, FULLER & CO.
1020 and 1022 Second street. je2-7p

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price, $1 a bottle. fe26-1yWS

You Need

The most effective medicine, for the cure of any serious ailment. If you are suffering from Scrofula, General Debility, Stomach, Liver, or Kidney diseases, try Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the safest, best, and most economical blood purifier in use.

For many years I was troubled with a Liver and Kidney complaint. Hearing Ayer's Sarsaparilla very highly recommended, I decided to try it, and have done so with the most satisfactory results. I am convinced that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is

The Best Remedy

ever compounded, for diseases caused by impure blood.—Edward W. Richardson, Milwaukee, Wis.

I have found Ayer's Sarsaparilla a more effectual remedy, in the ulcerous forms of Scrofula, than any other we possess.—James Lull, M. D., Potsdam, N. Y.

I have taken, within the past year, several bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and find it admirably adapted to the needs of an impoverished system. As a blood purifier, and as a tonic, I am convinced that this wonderful preparation has no equal.—Charles C. Dame, Pastor Congregational Church, Andover, Me.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JUNE 17 and 18
Matinee Saturday,
Engagement of MRS.

LANGTRY!

—ACCOMPANIED BY—

MR. COGHLAN,

And her own Company, from the Prince's Theater, London.

FRIDAY EVENING.....A Wife's Peril
MAT. SATURDAY.....Pygmalion & Galatea
SATURDAY EVENING.....Lady of Lyons

PRICES:

Reserved Seats in Dress Circle and Parquet	$2 00
Admission	1 50
Reserved Seats in Balcony	1 00
Admission to Balcony	50
Mezzanine Box (seating four)	10 00
Proscenium Box (seating six)	15 00

☞ Sale of seats begin TUESDAY, June 14th, at 10 A. M. je11-

CLUNIE OPERA HOUSE.

☞ 25c. and 50c.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JUNE 17 and 18
LADIES' SATURDAY MATINEE!
MADAME

JANISH

(COUNTESS ARCO).

FRIDAY EVENING.....Princess Andrea
MATINEE SATURDAY.....Camille
SATURDAY EVENING.....Violeto

"Janish's English is better than that of any foreign actress now playing in this country."—New Orleans *Times-Democrat*.

"Competition the Life of Trade!"

PRICES:
25 and 50 cents!