SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LVIII.--NO. 28. SACRAMENTO, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1887. WHOLE NO. 11,367.

CHANGED DAILY FOR C. H. GILMAN—SEPTEMBER 22, 1887.

LADIES' AND GENTS' SHOES!

Our immense stock of LADIES' AND GENTS' SHOES is an attraction of itself. Here will be found every variety and style that the market affords, from the very cheapest to the finest French Kids. Our goods are all of White Labor make, and are guaranteed to be just as recommended.

Ladies' American Kid Button Shoes, opera or London toe, $1 45, $2, and $2 50.

Ladies' Fine Dongola Kid Button Shoes, very stylish and neat fitting, $2 75.

Ladies' Fine French Kid Button Shoes, French toe, $3 50.

Ladies' Fine French Kid Button Shoes, high instep, opera toe, $3 75.

Ladies' Fine French Kid Hand-turned Button Shoes, $4.

Ladies' French Kid Extra Quality Button Shoes, opera toe, $4 50.

Ladies' Pebble Goat Button Shoes, $1 45.

Ladies' Oiled Pebble Goat Button Shoes, extra fine quality and make, $2 50.

GENTS' SHOES!

Gents' Congress Gaiters, seamless quarter and whole top, $2.

Gents' Calf Congress, imitation lace, London toe and tip, $2 50.

Gents' English Grain Walking Shoe, medium toe, $3.

Gents' Plain Broad-toe Balmorals, whole quarter, reduced to $2.

Gents' Guaranteed All Calf, seamless quarter, lace and button, plain toe and London toe, with tips, $2 25.

Gents' Sewed Fair-Stitched Narrow Toe and Tip Button Oxfords, very dressy, $3 50.

ON FIRST FLOOR BASEMENT

OUR CUSTOMERS WILL FIND A WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF

Trunks, Valises and Bags, Brussels and Ingrain Carpeting, Matting, Glass and Tinware. All of the above lines are sold from 10 to 25 per cent. less than the regular market price.

RED HOUSE,

Nos. 714 and 716 J street, and 713 and 715 Oak Avenue, Sacramento.

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

Garzoli & Genis,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in Butter, Domestic and Imported Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Game, Fish, Fruit and General Produce. Orders delivered to any part of the city. Telephone No. 188. 1m

FRUIT!

CHRIS. EHMANN,
Nos. 1028 and 1030 J STREET,
RECEIVES DAILY CONSIGNMENTS OF
Choice Fruits, Berries, Etc.,
As soon as they appear in the market. Apples, Peaches, Apricots, Strawberries, etc. The best place to buy GROCERIES. Prices always the lowest.

National Grocery,
Southwest Corner Eleventh and J streets.
☞ Send for PRICE LIST. 1p-1m

CURTIS BROS. & CO.
(Successors to D. DeBERNARDI & CO.),
Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, FISH,
—AND—
California Produce
Careful attention given to the Selection and Packing of Choice Fruits and Vegetables for Distant Markets.
Nos. 308 and 310 K st., Sacramento, Cal. 1ptf

S. GERSON & CO.,
220 J Street,
SACRAMENTO.....CAL.
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, etc. Orders for Produce will receive prompt attention.
Consignments solicited. tf

W. R. STRONG & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
DEALERS,
SACRAMENTO.....[1p].....CAL.

W. H. WOOD & CO.
(Successors to LYON & CURTIS),
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CALIFORNIA Produce and Fruit.
Potatoes, Beans, Butter,
Honey, Dried Fruits, Seeds, Etc.
Nos. 117 to 125 J st.....[tf].....Sacramento.

EUGENE J. GREGORY. C. C. BARNES. FRANK GREGORY
GREGORY, BARNES & CO.,
(Successors to GREGORY & CO.),
Nos. 126 and 128 J street, Sacramento,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at lowest rates. tf

CHANGE OF BASE!
J. M. MORRISON,
—DEALER IN—
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Has removed from 922 J STREET to
No. 1001 J STREET,
CORNER OF TENTH. 1p-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE!

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
SACRAMENTO, CAL., September 2, 1887.

Pursuant to instructions from the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, of date August 15, 1887, conveyed in the Hon. Commissioner's letter "F," of August 26, 1887:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE indemnity withdrawal of all lands in the Sacramento Land District under the Grant of July 25, 1866, to the California and Oregon Railroad Company has been revoked, and the lands covered thereby open to settlement.

On Wednesday, October 12, 1887,

Said lands will be open to filing and entry.
Witness my hand the day and year first above written. SELDEN HETZEL, Register.
s3-1std

STORAGE

SACRAMENTO WAREHOUSES
[FIREPROOF],
FOOT OF Q AND R STREETS.
CAPACITY TWENTY THOUSAND TONS.
Apply to [4p 1m RICHARDS & KNOX

ICE CREAM!

A. WALTER MAKES THE BEST ICE CREAM in the city. It is made out of PURE CREAM, and not Corn Starch. Country orders promptly filled. His Candies have a wide reputation.
☞ Saloon and Factory: 824 J street. 1p

EBNER BROS.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
WINES AND LIQUORS,
116 and 118 K st., bet. Front and Second, Sac'to.
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
POMMERY AND GRENO CHAMPAGNE.
1pim

BERNARD W. FLAGG,
—TEACHER OF—
Piano, Organ, Guitar and Flute, Chorus Singing and Singing at sight.
PROF. FLAGG IS A GRADUATE OF HARvard University, studied music there, and at the New England Conservatory. Best of references. Headquarters at Cooper's Music Store.
87-1pimMWF

BYRON HOT SPRINGS.
CONTRA COSTA COUNTY.....CAL.
ON LINE OF SOUTHERN OVERLAND road; take 7:30 A. M. or 2:45 P. M. train via Port Costa. Hotel Carriages meet every train. Natural hot salt, hot sulphur and hot mud baths, and various springs of mineral waters for drinking purposes, pleasant and healthgiving; pure mountain air fresh from the Mount Diablo range; hotel accommodations unexcelled; table and rooms first-class. Postal, express and telegraph communication direct. For the cure of rheumatism, asthma, catarrh, neuralgia, sciatica, gout, kidney and liver troubles blood and skin disorders, and many other complaints, these waters are unsurpassed, as hundreds of cures will attest. Circulars sent on application. Address,
L. R. MEAD, Proprietor,
s8-1s1m Byron, Ca

CON-SUMPTION. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. LUNG DISEASES. COUGHS. COLDS.
Speedily and permanently cured by using Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. There are counterfeits. Get the genuine, which is signed "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper. Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, BOSTON. Sold by all dealers.

PACIFIC COAST.

A GENTLE SIZZLE-SOZZLE IN THE INTERIOR.

Shooting Scrapes—Arizona Storms—Railroad Traffic—State Board of Trade—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

INTERIOR DEVELOPMENT.

The State Board of Trade Decides to Appoint a General Manager.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21st.—[Special.]—The Executive Committee of the State Board of Trade met to-day in its new quarters, No. 12 Second street. Among those present were W. H. Mills, of San Francisco; A. T. Hatch, of Solano county; and H. W. Byington, of Sonoma. Mr. Mills wished to know what amount of monthly income the State Board expected to obtain.

President Hatch stated that it was hoped that in time there would be at least thirty County Boards represented, and that the income from their dues would be $750. It was expected that the other $750 necessary for carrying on the work could be raised by private subscription, largely from San Francisco.

Mr. Mills said that the Central Pacific Company had once agreed with the State Immigration Union and other kindred organizations that for every $2 it could raise by private subscription the company would add $1. In this way, when the Immigration Union would collect $2,000, then the railroad company would add $1,000 more to it. But the railroad found, from long experience, that it was not deriving the benefit it anticipated. The Immigration Union found that it could make more from private individuals in the way of commissions for locating settlers on their lands than it could from the railroad. The negotiations were therefore broken off. The Immigration Union accepted about $3,500 from Sacramento county, but used most of the funds for the development of San Luis Obispo county.

Mr. Hatch wanted to know—now that the State Board of Trade was firmly organized in the interest of no particular part of the State, but of the State as a whole—whether or not the Central Pacific could be induced to help the Board.

Mr. Mills, who is the Central Pacific Land Agent, replied that he thought some help might be derived from the company if the Board meant business. He thought the best thing it could do would be to get a General Manager who was enthusiastic and who would accept the position, not as a temporary expediency, but as a permanent responsibility. He would, therefore, introduce the following resolution:

Resolved, That this Executive Committee appoint a general executive officer, whose duties shall be to have general charge of the executive duties devolving on this committee during the recesses of its meetings; to hold office during the pleasure of this committee, and that he shall be styled the General Manager of the State Board of Trade, and shall receive a salary of $—— per month; that the General Manager so appointed shall, under the direction and by the authority of this committee, collect funds for the general purposes of the State Board of Trade.

The resolution was unanimously carried, and on motion of Mr. Byington, that a committee be appointed for selecting a General Manager, the Chair appointed Messrs. Byington, Mills and Morrissey. Chairman Hatch was afterward added to the committee.

By a subsequent motion this committee was empowered to employ a General Manager. In the discussion which took place during the meeting as to the qualifications for a General Manager, Mr. Mills said that what the Board wanted was a reliable, energetic manager, who would not exaggerate but who understood about the prices and products of land; who could give a settler valuable advice, and who would not be prejudiced in favor of some portions of the State over others.

These views were indorsed by the members present. The Executive Committee adjourned until Wednesday, at 1 P. M.

QUARRELSOME FARMERS.

A Solano Granger Empties His Shotgun Into a Neighbor.

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DIXON, September 21st.—A shooting scrape took place this morning between two farmers living near Dixon. Joe Etzel was driving some stock out of a field of his neighbor, L. Githle, when some words were exchanged. Githle got a shotgun and commenced firing at Etzel, one charge taking effect in his hand and another in his hip. Neither wound is dangerous. Githle is under arrest.

A RAILROAD BOOM.

Wonderful Activity in Every Branch of Railroad Business.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21st.—[Special.]—Superintendent Fillmore stated yesterday that traffic on all parts of the Southern Pacific system at the present time is something tremendous. Every box, passenger and flat car in the stock of the company is being made to do double service, so great is the demand for transportation. Ten new passenger cars have lately been received, and eighteen more were being built in the East for the company. The stock of engines is not nearly large enough, and efforts are now being made in the East to purchase new ones. The Sacramento shops are kept going at full pressure, but cannot half supply the demand. Superintendent Fillmore also stated that the company would have to build new freight sheds, as the present accommodation is decidedly insufficient.

HOIST BY HIS OWN PETARD.

A Man Repays a Murderous Assault by a Most Kindly Act.

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MARIPOSA, September 21st.—At Snow Creek on Monday afternoon a difficulty occurred between Richard Smithers and Geo. Holdman. Holdman is a colored man and very powerful. He threw Smithers, took his Winchester rifle from him and beat him over the head with it. Then, in breaking the rifle over a stump, the rifle was discharged, shooting Holdman through the leg. This is the story told by Smithers, who came into Mariposa after dark for a doctor. Dr. Kearney went out to attend the wounded man. The difficulty occurred near Darrah Postoffice, twelve miles from town.

ARIZONA.

More Washouts, but Railroad Trains Make Connection.

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TUCSON, September 21st.—The Rilleto rose suddenly last night and tore out all the cribbing put in to repair the last washout in Cienega. It will take at least a week to replace it. This morning the water reached the railroad bridge across the Rilleto, west of Tucson, and tore out two bents of the bridge that had withstood all previous storms. A large force of men repaired it by 3 o'clock this afternoon, when the delayed California train came in, bringing four days' mail. The mail will be in from the East to-morrow over the Atlantic and Pacific, the first in fourteen days. The train from the west will leave here on time to-night. It is raining hard in the mountains, and other washouts threatened.

Showers of Rain.

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VISALIA, September 21st.—Light showers fell here at noon. It has been quite cloudy all day, and the indications are for more rain.

HANFORD, September 21st.—We have had some light showers of rain to-day that barely settled the dust, and not enough to damage the raisin crop, unless more should fall to-night.

FRESNO, September 21st.—A smart shower of rain fell this evening, much to the alarm of raisin-growers. The weather is cloudy and threatening, and should more rain fall during the night serious damage to the half-cured raisin crop will result.

MURPHYS, September 21st.—It is raining slightly here to-night, the first of the season. The indications are favorable for quite a rain.

MERCED, September 21st.—There have been light sprinkles during the afternoon. Rain is falling steadily now (8:30 P. M.), and the prospects are good for a good soaking.

LOS ANGELES, September 21st.—The rain did not damage hay or raisins, but is of great value to the farmers for plowing.

SANTA CRUZ, September 21st.—Rain commenced falling here at 8 P. M., with indications that it would make a night of it.

Marysville Notes.

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MARYSVILLE, September 21st.—The prisoners in the county jail will be put at work to-morrow, by the direction of the Supervisors, clearing out the bushes in one of the draining channels on the Yuba river bottoms.

A kindergarten opened here this week by Misses Casebolt and Reynolds, late of San Francisco, bids fair to be a success.

The losses by the late fire are being rapidly adjusted by the insurance agents, and the buildings destroyed will soon be replaced by better structures in most instances.

Serious Affray at Vacaville.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

VACAVILLE, September 21st.—A misunderstanding about money matters resulted in an attack, late last evening, on Ed. W. Day by his employe, O. Glover. The latter used a stick of wood and broke Day's collar-bone. Day used a pocket-knife in self-defense, and cut his assailant several times. Both men are seriously injured.

Accidental Death in Amador.

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JACKSON, September 21st.—A. Heath was killed last Monday at Indian Diggings by falling into a mining excavation forty feet deep. He was returning from Placerville to his home at Volcano, and was on foot when the accident occurred.

Supposed Suicide.

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RIVERSIDE, September 21st.—Yesterday Bart O'Dair, of Temescal, came to this city for medical treatment, and engaged a room at the Park House. This morning he was found dead on the floor of his room, with a pistol-shot in his head. It is supposed to be a case of suicide.

An Abandoned Infant.

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STOCKTON, September 21st.—A newly-born baby boy was left by unknown persons last night on the doorsteps of a Mexican family named Hiegura. The boy is alive and well.

High License in Redwood City.

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REDWOOD CITY, September 21st.—At a meeting of the Town Trustees last night liquor licenses were raised to $75 a quarter. Since the defeat of the county license—passed by the Supervisors—by the saloon combination, no town license has been collected. The difference between no license and the present one of $75 will have a tendency to close up many saloons about town. A strong combination of saloon men is being effected to fight the license.

Shooting Affray in Lakeport.

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LAKEPORT, September 21st.—A shooting affray occurred on Main street late Saturday afternoon between James Bell and Tom Ribbins, over some trival affair. Bell fired twice, one of which inflicted a painful flesh-wound in Ribbons' left arm. Bell was arrested and gave bail of $500 to appear for examination on Friday.

Land Sales in Tehama.

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RED BLUFF, September 21st.—There is marked activity here in real estate, amounting almost to a boom. To-day one tract of 400 acres was sold to a syndicate to be subdivided into ten-acre tracts. Another piece of land was sold, containing 700 acres, at $45 per acre. It was offered three months ago at $35. The sales so far this week reach $200,000.

Two Years at Folsom.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

WOODLAND, September 21st.—John Leo, the German who stabbed a man at Davisville some months ago in a very atrocious manner, was found guilty yesterday of assault to murder and sentenced to two years at Folsom. As Leo is a hardened criminal and murderer, the light sentence occasioned much remark.

Los Angeles Items.

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LOS ANGELES, September 21st.—The city advertises for 2,000,000 bricks to build a new City Hall and sewers.

Three printers, named Ben Henry, Wm. Newberry and Dave Hanna, had a fast type-setting contest in the *Tribune* office last night, with minion. In seven hours Henry set 9,900 ems, Newberry 9,100, and Hanna 7,700.

To-day Captain John Cross secured half of the Los Angeles and Glendale Railroad. He goes East to buy material to build an extension at once.

Mexican Veterans' Banquet.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 21st.—[Special.]—The Veterans of the Mexican War celebrated the fortieth anniversary of the entry of American troops in Mexico, by a banquet at Pioneer Hall to-night. Many were present, and an enjoyable time was had.

A GREAT OIL FIRE.

A Whole Township in Ohio Covered With Blazing Oil Wells.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

TOLEDO (O.), September 22d—A. M.—The Northwestern Ohio oil wells are in flames, and the fire is rapidly spreading. Ditches, fields and forests are filled with waste oil, in some places many feet in depth, and the refuse is all on fire.

It is feared the oil wells, buildings and farm-houses of the whole townships will be swept out of existence.

It is reported here that several drillers were burned to death, but it is impossible to confirm the report.

When the well known as Parker, No. 1, caught fire from an explosion, the flames made a terrible, roaring sound, and the burning oil was scattered far and near. Well No. 2 caught on fire next, and aided in the conflagration.

Four tanks were destroyed, with their contents, and the loss will be heavy on these alone. The burning oil was blown through the woods for a long distance, and the trees and fences furnished ready food for the conflagration, which is still raging.

A Boston Sunday-school teacher was endeavoring to impress upon the minds of her little pupils the necessity of good behavior. "You must be very careful how you act," said she, "for if you act badly you will be punished, while if you act good you will be rewarded. Now, my dears, can any one tell me what he will get if he acts well?" A bright little fellow, whose father was an actor, immediately replied: "Det talled before the curtain, I dess."—*Boston Budget.*

The reason drunken men seldom drown is because the whisky makes their head swim.—*Duluth Paragrapher.*

HOME AFFAIRS.

THE TREASURY WILL PURCHASE $14,000,000 IN BONDS.

The Railroad Inquiry—Coast Defenses—America's Italy—Races—Baseball Games—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

C. P. HUNTINGTON.

The Railroad Commission Playing the Same Old Tune Again.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.]—The Central Pacific hearing was continued before the United States Railroad Commission to-day. C. P. Huntington testified that he had been a busy man for fifty years, and could not recall any of the details covering the payments for certain expenses at Washington. He did not care to say anything about these expenses, except that they were proper, legally and morally. Between the year 1872 and the present time there have been many times when matters of importance have come up in Congress concerning the Pacific railways. I have spent a good many nights with our Washington attorneys explaining to them what I thought was for the interests of the road, and they attended to the remainder of the work and secured suitable men to carry it out. Many of the men so selected to explain to Congressmen were outside of the railroad company. We simply secured good men to explain to new Congressmen what was for the public good. I did a good deal more for the public good than I would do again. We had to get good men who could talk to such Congressmen, and to whom they would listen. A wise, good constituent would be better to talk to a Congressman than an alien. I know that sometimes I would talk to members, but they would not talk to me. We had to do everything possible to build this road. If this Commission only knew how many nights I have laid awake trying to devise ways and means to carry out this road, they would know at once that I would not go through with it again.

Concerning the Colton letters, Huntington testified that they were stolen from his office between a Saturday and Monday. I have had the letters offered to me several times since for a price, but I would not buy them. There was nothing in them that was wrong, unless it was the spelling. I know, in a general way, what the letters contained. I remember the Colton case, brought in California. It was an important suit.

Huntington would not positively identify a letter, a copy of which was shown him, as one that he had written. It might be one of mine, and it might not. I would not like to swear either way.

The Commission inquired concerning the meaning of phrases in the letters which were produced, and Huntington explained. He said that he had never witten a letter which he would be ashamed to see published, the grammar and spelling excepted. He said: "I quit going to school when I was 12 years old. I have picked up such language as I could, and I use it to express just what I mean. I never bought up a vote in my life. I presume that among 400 Congressmen some might be venal. Eighteen hundred years ago the best man that ever lived selected twelve men, but even then 16 2-3 per cent of them proved of light weight."

He did not belive that he ever wrote the following: "I believe that with $200,000 we could pass our bill, but I take it that it is not worth that much to us." He believed that the letters were garbled. If I wrote that sentence I would be willing to have it published, for I think that with that $200,000 I could send men to Washington to confer with and explain things.

Commissioner Anderson asked if Huntington had any objection to discontinuing a suit at San Francisco by which the original letters are held there under injunction, so that the originals might be brought here.

Witness said that he would have to consult with his associates on that point, as they were as much interested in that suit as himself.

Witness said it was lively times for the Central Pacific while Tom Scott's project was before Congress. Witness wrote a great many letters to D. D. Colton at this time. He understood these letters had been stolen from a safe in San Francisco. Four agents of Colton's administratrix had tried to sell them to witness, but he declined to buy.

Witness began to get angry at the suggestions in Anderson's interrogatories concerning expressions in the Colton letters, that there was something venal in their language, and he proceeded to make an impassioned speech. He said: "A lot of skinned politicians are always ready to place a wrong construction on my language, and I see that it has even disturbed this Commission."

Commissioner Anderson—"Those letters are produced to ascertain if any of the money represented by these unexplained vouchers was used to purchase legislation."

Mr. Huntington—"I can say emphatically that it never was."

It was decided that he should submit some scheme for settling the affairs of the road and the Government at Friday's session.

Mr. Cohen, in answer to requests for vouchers as to certain large disbursements made by Huntington, stated that Governor Stanford had refused to forward them, as the Commission had already a great many important documents of the company which it had failed to return. He did not propose to intrust any more such papers to the Commission.

MEN VS. PIGMIES.

A Conservative Journal's Views on Pacific Railroad Affairs.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.]—The *Commercial Bulletin*, commenting editorially on Charles Crocker's testimony given yesterday before the Railroad Commission, during which he said there was a time when he would have been glad to quit with a clean shirt, says: "Railroad millionaires are the constant targets of self-sacrificing philosophers who propose to abolish poverty by abolishing wealth; but it never occurs to them that the wicked millionaires often have a hard road to travel, and have been at 'Poverty Corner' themselves, even while prosecuting the most gigantic enterprises from which the whole country has immensely benefited."

Crocker's testimony is quoted, and the editorial says: "So, after all, the millionaires do not always recline on beds of roses. The trouble and anxiety incident to their enterprises, even when they are successful, are something that the anti-poverty philosophers probably never experienced, but when—as in this case—the whole thing was on the verge of a collapse, we doubt whether they would be ready to exchange their condition for one that was only attainable by such men after such rough experience, even with a 'clean shirt' thrown in."

COAST DEFENSES.

Propositions Being Considered for the Defense of Coast Cities.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.]—A *Commercial Advertiser's* Washington special says: Several Boards appointed under the Navy Department are now engaged in considering various matters relating to the defense of our coast cities against foreign invasion. Dynamite guns, torpedo battleships and floating batteries and other harbor defenses are matters that are being considered. A separate Board is at work on each idea. The War Department is taking no particular interest in the matter of coast defense, so that the recommendations that go before Congress this winter will be in the line of naval rather than land defense. The Board on batteries, rams, etc. will prepare a more general plan of defense for the whole coast, and may include in their system whatever of value there may be done by other Boards. If their work is successful the Secretary will make it the basis of recommendations to Congress for the expenditure of a sufficient sum of money to provide each of the principal seaports with a formidable system of floating batteries and torpedo boats, and—if the experiments of that gun are successful!—with dynamite gunboats.

The navy officers claim that this means of defense would be much more effective than any system of land defenses that could be devised, and it is proposed to put the navy in the fore in this matter. It is estimated that the cost of such a scheme of defense would not be more than forty or fifty millions for the whole line of coasts, from San Francisco to Boston.

ON EASTERN TRACKS.

None of the California Horses Succeed in Getting to the Front.

BROOKLYN, September 21st.—There was cool, clear weather to-day and a fast track. The three-quarters of a mile had thirteen starters. Mamie Hunt won, Stuyvesant (the favorite) second, Pearl Jennings third. Time, 1:15¾. Haggin's Aurelia started.

The mile and an eighth had six starters. Grey Cloud (the favorite) won, Bessie June second, Ten-Strike third. Time, 1:58.

The Speculation Stakes, one mile, had seven starters. Phil Lee won, Armstrong and Cyclops a dead heat for second place. Time, 1:42¼. Swift was the favorite.

The Parkville handicap, one mile and an eighth, had eleven starters. Eurus won, Eolian (the favorite) second, Dry Monopole third. Time, 1:56½. Haggin's Ben Ali and Baldwin's McCarthy's Last also ran.

The three-quarters of a mile for two-year-olds had six starters. Bopeep won, Paragon, (the favorite) second, Figaro (Haggin's) third. Time, 1:17¼. Haggin also started Alannah.

The three-quarters of a mile, selling, had nine starters. Skobeloff won, Bonnie S. (the favorite) second, Glendon third. Time, 1:17¼.

RACING AT LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, September 21st.—The weather to-day was clear and cool and the track fast. The handicap, one mile, had nine starters. Sour Mash (the favorite) won, Vice Regent second, Lewis Clark third. Time, 1:43¼. Bonita (formerly owned by Baldwin) started.

The mile and one-sixteenth had nine starters. Insolence won, Florence (the favorite) second, Nicktinzar third. Time, 1:51¼. Baldwin's Solid Silver ran.

The Belle Meade maiden stakes, three-quarters of a mile, had fourteen starters. Ed. Mack won, Patton (the favorite) second, Baldwin's Lillita third. Time, 1:17. Baldwin also started California.

The three-quarters of a mile had thirteen starters. Valuable (the favorite) won, Enchantress second, Tam O'Shanter third. Time, 1:17.

The half-mile had sixteen starters. Bertha (the favorite) won, Lady Hindoo second, Ellen D. third. Time, :51.

SOVEREIGN ODD FELLOWS.

The Competitive Drill at Denver—Odd Fellows' Reception.

DENVER, September 21st.—The session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F., today continued the discussion of the appeal cases, hearing the reports of committee and listening to the reading of the proposed amendments to the constitution. The Continental competitive drill began at River Front Park in the presence of 6,000 spectators. The Excelsiors' Canton No. 1, of Chicago, was the first to take the grounds, and for an hour entertained the people, acquitting themselves with great credit. They were followed by Arapahoe Canton No. 1, of Denver, Clay Center No. 8, of Clay Center, Kas., and Cheyenne No. 5, of Cheyenne, Wyo. The drill will be concluded to-morrow. The first prize is $1,000, second $800, third $600, and will be awarded on Friday.

The citizens and visiting Odd Fellows to-night were entertained at River Front Park by a grand military concert and fancy drill, with a pyrotechnic display by the G. A. R. Flambeau Club, of Topeka, Kan.

BULL BUTTER.

A Case Involving the Strength of the Oleomargarine Law.

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NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.]—The Grand Jury yesterday handed down an indictment against James Kempster, of Jefferson Market, for violating the oleomargarine law. This is the beginning of an important case, and probably the hardest battle yet fought between the Dairy Commissioner and the oleomargarine manufacturers will come up in the Courts. Kempster has been selling oleomargarine at his stand for the past six months, and claims that as he displays conspicuous signs informing customers that he sells nothing but oleomargarine, and that the material is manufactured without the use of any coloring matter, he does not violate the law of the United States. He holds that as long as he complies with the provisions of the law requiring every package to be marked he cannot be interfered with. He is said to be a figurehead put up by the oleomargarine-makers, who will endeavor to make this a test case. They claim that the law merely prohibits the manufacture of an artificial coloring of any substance in imitation of butter, and that the material they now make and sell is not artificially colored, nor made in imitation of anything, but is made and sold as oleomargarine; that no law prohibits this, and if there were such a law it would be unconstitutional.

LIBEL ON WORKINGMEN.

Anarchists Flooding the Country with Incendiary Documents.

CHICAGO, September 21st.—A circular of deep-red Anarchistic tendencies is being circulated in Chicago. It is headed, "To the Workingmen of the United States of North America," and denounces the action of the Supreme Court in upholding the decision of the lower Court in the Anarchist case. The circular refers to Captain Bofield as "the notorious police bandit," and vilifies Judge Gary without stint. The circular is signed, "The Federation of Trades Unions," and was printed in New York.

Police Captain O'Donnel telephoned this afternoon all over the city to have any and all persons found distributing the circulars arrested.

YESTERDAY'S BALL.

Chicago Moves up Another Peg Toward the Front.

PITTSBURG, September 21st.—The New Yorkers concluded the series with Pittsburg to-day, and signalized the event by shutting them out. It was a contest of pitchers up to the eighth inning, when Morris weakened a trifle and the visitors scored three runs on three singles and a home-run hit over the right field fence by Tiernan. Score—New York 5, Pittsburg 0.

ANOTHER GAME FOR CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 21st.—The home team won easily to-day, batting Gilman very hard. Throughout the playing of the Chicago team was excellent. Score—Chicago 12, Washington 3.

AN EXHIBITION GAME.

DETROIT, September 21st.—The Philadelphias and Detroits played only an exhibition game to-day. Score—Detroit 9, Philadelphia 3.

THE TAIL-ENDERS TALLY.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 21st.—The game to-day was very exciting, and once more the tail-enders knocked out one of the best teams in the League. The pitchers' and fielders' work on both sides was admirable. Score—Indianapolis 1, Boston 0.

ASSOCIATION GAMES.

LOUISVILLE—Louisville 16, Cleveland 8.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore 11, Mets 5.
BROOKLYN—Brooklyn, 4. Athletics 4.
CINCINNATI—Cincinnati 15, St. Louis 3.

FOR "BLOATED" BONDHOLDERS.

The Treasury Ready to Take in $14,000,000 Worth of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, September 21st.—The following will be issued by the Acting Secretary of the Treasury to-morrow:

On and after this date the Government will purchase daily, until October 8, 1887, to be applied to the sinking fund, United States 4½ per cent. bonds of 1891 and 4 per cent. bonds of 1907, upon the following terms: The 4½ per cent. bonds will be accepted at 108.4 during the above stated period, and 4 per cents. during the remainder of the present month at 125, and from October 1st to October 8, 1887, at 124. This price includes accrued interest to date of purchase of the aggregate amount. Both classes of bonds, which will be accepted within the time above specified, is not to exceed $14,000,000. Offers should state the specific character of the bonds, whether registered or coupon. No further bids for bonds, as provided for in circular, dated August 3, 1885, will be received after this date. Interest due October 1, 1887, on United States bonds, amounting to about $650,000, will be paid on the 26th inst. without rebate.

A MYSTERY DISPELLED.

The Thistle Shown to be Constructed on the Standard Cutter Model.

NEW YORK, September 21st.—The Scotch cutter Thistle was docked this morning. From what could be seen of her bottom, there appeared to be a general resemblance to the Volunteer, except in the rounding of the side. In the Thistle this does not extend so low nor so far aft as in the large white sloop. Then, too, all talk of her being so different from the standard cutter is all nonsense. She is a typical cutter.

THAT'S WHAT IT IS.

An Italian Nobleman Says California is the Italy of America.

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NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.] Duke Augusto Coronna, of Rome, has just reached here from a tour in California, and will sail for France on Saturday. Being interviewed he described California as the Italy of America.

The Hop Market.

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NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.]—The hop trade continues light in domestics. German hops (of 1887) for future delivery are offered at 25@30 cents, according to quality. Cable advices are of quiet markets in England and Germany, with no material change in prices. During the week ending yesterday 433 bales have been exported, with 153 bales as the largest individual shipment. Other shipments were of lots of from 15 to 20 bales. Some quotations are for choice crop, 1887, New York State, at 20 and 21 cents. The best of the Pacific coast crop of 1886 are quoted at 13 and 15 cents. Domestic receipts for the week were 922 bales, and importations from Europe 48 bales.

Constitution Day.

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NEW YORK, September 21st.—[Special.]—The *Post* editorially suggests that September 17th be set apart for a national holiday, to be known as Constitution Day, and says it would be a natural supplement of Independence Day, and is as fit an occasion for national observance as can be thought of, if suffering is likely to ensue from the want of more popular play days.

Buying More Bonds.

WASHINGTON, September 21st.—Acting Secretary Thomson this afternoon accepted $1,065,300 of the bonds offered. The prices paid ranged from 107.90 to 108.50. After the other bids had been opened a delayed proposal to sell a half million bonds at 108.25 was received from Harvey Fisk & Sons, of New York. The bid was admitted, increasing the total offerings to $1,570,300.

Seeking Strange Gods.

ROCHESTER (N. Y.), September 21st.—A sensation has been caused in political circles by the appearance of Rev. J. A. Copeland at the United Labor meeting last night. He avowed himself for the George movement. Copeland has been one of the leading Prohibitionists in this State, and was a candidate of that party for Congressman.

Justice Harlan and the Anarchist Case.

WASHINGTON, September 21st.—Justice Harlan's attention was called to-day to the interview published this morning with Justice Miller, in which he said that any writ of error in the cases of the Anarchists would ordinarily be made to Justice Harlan, Illinois being in the latter's circuit. Judge Harlan said he had no information that any application would be made.

The Veterans at Denver.

DENVER, September 21st.—The Veteran Firemen of New York, accompanied by the Seventh Regiment Band, arrived here from California this evening, over ten hours late. They were met at the depot by the Veteran Firemen of Denver and the State of Colorado and escorted through the city to the City Hall, where a reception was tendered them by the Mayor and city officials. The band will give a concert at River Front Park to-morrow evening, and the party will leave for Kansas City immediately after its conclusion.

California Fruit in Chicago.

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CHICAGO, September 21st.—[Special.]—The market for California fruit is steady. Receipts of grapes are light, especially for Tokays, which sell at $2 25@2 50, in double crates, $2 75@3; Muscats, $1 25@1 50, and in double crates $2 50@3. Emperors, in double crates, sell at $3@3 25. Pears show not much change. Buerre Clairgeau pears bring $1 50@1; Buerre Hardy, $2@2 25; Doyenne, Howell and Duchess, $2 50@2 75. Quinces sell at $1 50@1 75.

A Californian's Appointment.

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WASHINGTON, September 21st.—[Special.]—The Secretary of the Interior has appointed Edw. W. Day, of California, to take charge of the compilation and proof-reading of the Biennial Register for 1888. Day was engaged upon the work in 1886, and has been proof-reader upon the Congressional Record.

Is There Really Danger?

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WASHINGTON, September 21st.—[Special.]—The small amount of Government bonds offered to-day ($1,370,000) was a surprise to the Treasury officials, as, in view of the reports about the stringency of the money market in New York, it was supposed that the Treasury system of granting relief would be more generally accepted. The aggregate of the bids accepted was $1,065,000. It is doubted if the danger of a financial crisis is so great as is represented from Wall street.

To Make Himself Solid.

WASHINGTON, September 21st.—The President and Mrs. Cleveland will leave Washington on Friday of next week for an absence of three weeks in the West and South. They will be accompanied by no officials, the other members of the party being the President's Private Secretary, Colonel Lamont, and two personal friends.

A $25,000 Bank Robbery.

ST. PAUL, September 21st—A *Pioneer Press* Duluth special says: Cashier Ware of the Union National Bank, to-day made the first authoritative statement concerning Friday's robbery, to the effect that a package containing something less than $25,000 was taken by a sneak-thief. A detective has charge of the case.

**Ex-Minister Washburne