The "RECORD-UNION" is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives full Associated Press Dispatches from all parts of the world.

SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

☞ The "WEEKLY UNION" contains m news and has a larger circulation than any weekly upon the Pacific Coast.

VOLUME LVIII.—NO. 43. SACRAMENTO, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1887. WHOLE NO. 11,382.

CHANGED DAILY FOR C. H. GILMAN—OCTOBER 10, 1887.

THIS MORNING.

One lot of Fancy Flowered Satin Ribbons, No. 9, in a variety of 50 different Shades, at 5 cents per yard.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

SPECIAL ITEMS

—FROM—

VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS.

Capital Woolen Mills Blue Twilled Flannel (manufactured in Sacramento), regular 50-cent Quality at 30 cents per yard.

One lot of Nottingham Lace Curtains, Tape Edge, at $1 a pair.

500 Dozen Ladies', Misses' and Children's Handkerchiefs, plain white or fancy borders, at 2, 3 and 5 cents each.

Three Special Values in Silks.

One line of Black all pure Silk Rhadame at 85 cents per yard.
Extra heavy, all pure Silk Rhadame, $1 45 per yard.
Black Gros Grain Silk, superior quality, 95 cents per yard.

SOMETHING NEW—Hair Stripe All-Wool Cloth Suitings, in new Fall Shades, 40 inches wide, 48 cents per yard.

Entire new line of Fall Shades in Cashmeres, 38 inches wide, at 25 cents a yard.

Beautiful New Shades in Stripe Silks and Plain Satins at 25 cts. per yard.

Handsome Designs in Beaded Dress Fronts, Beaded Gimps and Ornaments.

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

HERE ARE SOME EXTRA GOOD VALUES:

Children's Button School Shoes, sizes 11 to 2, $1 10 a pair.
Ladies' American Kid Button Shoes, opera toe, superior quality, satin finish, $2 50.
One lot of Infants' one and two-strap Kid Sandals, sizes 3, 4 and 5, at 35 cents a pair.
Men's French Calf Buckle Alexis, made on old man's last, $2 75.

COMING EVENTS.

WEDNESDAY NEXT—Sale of a case of BUTTONS (250 gross) that were slightly damaged in transit. These were bought to sell for 20 cents per dozen; we will close the lot at 5 cents per dozen. ALSO, SAME DAY—Sale of over 1,000 yards of REMNANTS from the Pioneer Woolen Mills, San Francisco.

THURSDAY NEXT—We shall offer in our Millinery Department a recent immense purchase of OSTRICH TIPS AND PLUMES, FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, BIRDS' WINGS, POMPONS, Etc. Ladies will find it greatly to their interest to watch these Columns closely for further particulars of this GRAND SALE.

RED HOUSE,

Nos. 714 and 716 J street, and 713 and 715 Oak Avenue, Sacramento

RAILROADS, STEAMERS, ETC.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY
(PACIFIC SYSTEM).

TRAINS LEAVE AND ARE DUE TO ARRIVE —AT— SACRAMENTO.

LEAVE (for)	FROM JUNE 25, 1887.	ARRIVE (from)
7:20 A.	Calistoga and Napa	6:50 P.
2:45 P.	" " "	11:25 A.
11:30 A.	Deming, El Paso and East	2:30 P.
9:50 P.	Colusa and Portland, via Chico	4:10 A.
¶6:05 A.	Colusa via Chico	4:25 P.
6:50 P.	Knights	6:50 A.
5:30 P.	Los Angeles and Mojave	9:30 A.
7:20 P.	Ogden and Exp.	7:30 A.
7:20 P.	" " Emigr't	7:00 A.
2:50 P.	Red Bluff, via Marysville	10:10 A.
10:30 A.	Redding, via Davis	3:45 P.
4:20 A.	San Francisco, via Benicia	9:40 P.
6:00 A.	" " "	8:00 P.
7:20 A.	" " "	6:50 P.
2:45 P.	" " "	11:25 A.
11:30 A.	" " " Livermore	2:35 P.
¶10:00 A.	" " " steamer	¶6:00 A.
11:30 A.	San Jose	2:35 P.
11:30 A.	Stockton and Galt	2:35 P.
5:00 P.	" " "	9:00 A.
11:50 A.	Truckee and Reno	2:10 P.
7:20 A.	Vallejo	11:25 A.
2:45 P.	"	6:50 P.
	S. & P. R. R.	
*8:00 A.	Folsom & Shingle Springs	*1:50 P.
*5:10 P.	Folsom	*8:50 A.

A. For Morning. P. For Afternoon.
Sundays excepted. † Sundays only.
‡ Mondays excepted.
¶ Freight and Accommodation Trains.
A. N. TOWNE, General Manager.
T. A. GOODMAN, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agent.

Chicago and Northwestern Railway.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ORGANIZE AN EXCURSION TO THE EAST On the 4th of OCTOBER. For full particulars, address JOHN TALBOT, Agent.
Also, Agent Inman Steamship Co. Office, 205 J street, Sacramento. Postoffice Box 288. Inclose stamp for answer. tf

SALOONS, ETC.

EUREKA SALOON,
228 K street ..... (next to Cronan's),
MAZZINI BROS., Proprietors.
FINE WINE, LIQUORS AND CIGARS always in stock. In connection with our Saloon we have the
Bacchus Wine Cellar, 1110 Third street,
Where we have over 15,000 gallons of wine stored for wholesale and retail purposes. This wine is from one to three years old. We guarantee it to be in accordance with the Pure-Wine Law. 4p

CAPITAL BREWERY
Corner Twelfth and I Streets.
CALL FOR AND TRY THE
"WIENER" LAGER BEER,
Manufactured at the CAPITAL BREWERY. Equaled by no other. Made here and superior to the Eastern.
TRY IT! TRY IT! TRY IT!
☞ Private families supplied. Beer delivered any part of the city. au5-4plm

EBNER BROS.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS,
116 and 118 K st., bet. Front and Second, Sac'to.
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
POMMERY AND GRENO CHAMPAGNE.
1plm

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.
1016, 1018, 1020 FIFTH STREET, SACRAMENTO. NEUBOURG & LAGES, Proprietors. Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals. Would call special attention to our Kiln-dried Cornmeal, Oatmeal, etc. Also, dealers in Hops, Corks, Produce, Grain, Feed and a general assortment of Brewers' Supplies.
☞ Exchange sold on all principal cities in Europe.

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

Garzoli & Genis,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in Butter, Domestic and Imported Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Game, Fish, Fruit and General Produce. Orders delivered to any part of the city. Telephone No. 188. 1m

GROCERIES.

CHRIS. EHMANN,
Nos. 1023 and 1030 J Street,
DEALS IN
All the Best Grades of Family Groceries,
And sells them CHEAPER than any other house in the city.
☞ Daily Consignments are received of all fruits in season. 07-

CURTIS BROS. & CO.
(Successors to D. DEBERNARDI & CO.),
Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, FISH,
—AND—
California Produce
Careful attention given to the Selection and Packing of Choice Fruits and Vegetables for Distant Markets.
Nos. 308 and 310 K st., Sacramento, Cal. 1ptf

W. R. STRONG & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
DEALERS,
SACRAMENTO.....[1p].....CAL.

W. H. WOOD & CO.
(Successors to LYON & CURTIS),
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CALIFORNIA Produce and Fruit.
Potatoes, Beans, Butter, Honey, Dried Fruits, Seeds, Etc.
Nos. 117 to 125 J st.....[tf].....Sacramento.

JUST RECEIVED.
Sicily Lemons, Mexican Oranges and Persian Dates.
S. GERSON & CO.,
220 J Street,
SACRAMENTO.....CAL.

EUGENE J. GREGORY. C. C. BARNES. FRANK GREGORY
GREGORY, BARNES & CO.,
(Successors to GREGORY & CO.),
Nos. 126 and 128 J street, Sacramento,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at lowest rates. tf

PORK PACKING!
ODELL & HERZOG
ARE PACKING PORK NOW, AND HAVE constantly on hand a large supply of Spare-ribs, Tenderloin, Pigs' Feet, Pigs' Heads, Hams, Bacon, Lard, Shoulders, Smoked Beef, Cooked Meats, and a full supply of Choice Sausages of all kinds, at 1020 and 1022 K STREET. 05-1m1p

CHANGE OF BASE!
J. M. MORRISON,
—DEALER IN—
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
Has removed from 922 J STREET to
No. 1001 J STREET,
CORNER OF TENTH. 1p-1m

PACIFIC COAST.

FOREST FIRES DEVASTATING THE FOOTHILLS.

Cardinal Gibbons in Oregon—A Hot Wave—An Arizona Romance—The Crow Trouble—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

FOREST FIRES.

Localities That Are Being Swept by Fierce Timber Fires.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

WRIGHT'S, October 9th.—[Postal Press.] The forest fire reported yesterday is not yet under control. The Arbor Villa and Mountain House, summer resorts, and the residences of B. F. Williams, G. W. Watson, Z. A. Colton, J. B. Burrell, A. E. Sears and H. C. Morrell were saved by the utmost exertions. The fire went from the Burrell Summit to Skyland, sweeping everything in its course on the line of timber and small buildings. Arthur Sears' and J. Keast's barns were burned this morning. About two hundred cords of wood were burned, and large quantities of pickets, fence and s some vineyards were injured. The damage will run up into the thousands.

SWEEPING THROUGH SAN MATEO.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

REDWOOD CITY, October 9th.—A fire is now raging in the hills west of Woodside, destroying the young timber and spreading fiercely. Parties are fighting it, but apparently with no avail. The bridges along the Summit road are threatened.

The thermometer registered 97° at 1 o'clock in the town, on account of the fire. The shingle mills may yet be reached by the demon.

PROPERTY DESTROYED IN NAPA.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

ST. HELENA, October 9th.—Extensive fires have been raging in the mountains in this immediate vicinity since last night, and much valuable property has been destroyed. From the Beerstecher ranch to Tiburcio Parrott's the spectacle last night caused by the range of the fire king was quite a brilliant one. The fire was caused by the carelessness of some campers, and the end of the destruction is not yet.

AN ARCHBISHOP INSTALLED.

Important Religious Ceremony at Portland, Or., Yesterday.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

PORTLAND, October 9th.—The ceremony of conferring the pallium on Archbishop Gross, of the Diocese of Oregon, took place to-day at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and lasted from 10:30 A. M. till 1 P. M. The auditorum, which has a capacity for 2,000 people, seated and standing, was crowded to its utmost capacity. Admission was by ticket, and the audience was composed largely of non-Catholics and included Governor Pennoyer, Judge Matthew P. Deady, Senator Mitchell, ex-Senators Kelly and Grover, the Judges of the Supreme Court and District Court, and many other prominent citizens.

Promptly at 10:20 a procession of clergy moved into the church from the episcopal residence adjoining. There were forty-two priests, a number of acolytes and Archbishop Riordan of California, Archbishop Gross of Oregon, Bishop Brondel of Montana, Bishop Innger of Washington Territory, Bishop Glorieu of Idaho. Then came the Cardinal in a rich, long robe of red and cape of white ermine—a modern Richelieu in face and form—and the complete picture familiar to every theater-goer. He was accompanied by a short, fleshy priest, a perfect picture of the stage "Joseph;" indeed, there was a striking resemblance of both men to Bulwer's Richelieu and his obsequious priest.

Cardinal Gibbons preached a sermon of great power. He read the seventeenth chapter of St. John, and taking it for his text, devoted his sermon to an apotheosis of the Catholic Church, dealing with fervor on its universality, its unity, and its unchangeableness since the time of the first Apostles. He paid a high tribute to the first Archbishop of Oregon, the venerable Blanchet, who lived till ninety-two years old and died in the work for the church; to Archbishop Seghers, who met a tragic death in Alaska, and turning to Archbishop Gross, referred in eloquent terms to his work as a priest in Baltimore, as a missionary in the South and as Bishop of Savannah; and said that Archbishop Gross might truly exclaim with Paul: "Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? Shall tribulation, or distress, or persecution, or famine, or nakedness, or peril, or sword? For I am persuaded that neither death, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor powers, nor things present, nor things to come, nor hight, nor depth, nor any other creature, shall be able to separate us from the love of God, which is in Christ Jesus, our Lord."

The church was profusely decorated with the choicest flowers, and the music by the chorus, soloists, a large orchestra and grand organ, was in keeping with the solemn ceremony.

FOOTHILL RAILROADS.

The Projected Railroad from Marysville to Grass Valley.

GRASS VALLEY, October 9th.—The latest proposal with reference to the proposed railroad from Marysville to this place, of which James O'Brien is the accredited head, is to have a standard-gauge road from Marysville by way of Smartsville to Grass Valley, and then the company to purchase the Nevada county narrow-gauge railroad, that runs from Nevada City to Colfax, on the Central Pacific Railroad. The narrow-gauge road from Grass Valley to Colfax is then to be changed to a standard-gauge, while the narrow-gauge will still remain between Grass Valley and Nevada City, and will be extended on to North San Juan and to the timber regions beyond the last named place.

The standard-gauge road would thus pass through a rich fruit-growing section and have connection for the Eastern markets at two points. The narrow-gauge would tap a mineral and heavily timbered country.

BUTTE COUNTY.

The Proposed Citrus Fair—Thermalito Land Sales.

OROVILLE, October 9th.—The Board of Supervisors of Butte county has donated $500 toward the citrus fair to be held at Oroville in December, jointly by Thermalito and Oroville.

At the last meeting of the Board of Trade a Committee of Finance, consisting of the energetic ladies of this place, was appointed. Subscriptions amounting to over $1,000 were raised in one day for fair purposes.

The abundance of oranges, lemons, pomegranates, olives, citrons, etc., now ripening gives assurance of one of the finest exhibits ever had. The intention is to forward the exhibit to Chicago or New York.

The sales in Thermalito have amounted to over $10,000 for the week.

BLACK SMALL-POX.

A Deadly Disease Imported Into Arizona from Mexico.

NOGALES (A. T.), October 9th.—It is learned that what is known as black small-pox is raging in Mexico and the fatality is very great, especially along the coast towns and settlements in the southern interior. This being the case the epidemic this winter is liable to fill many graves. All this is caused by the carelessness or stupidity of the Mexican officials along the coast, who seem to have no practical ideas of proper sanitary precautions.

The disease has even been imported into this Territory, but in a somewhat milder form, as it does not spread here as rapidly as it does along the southern coast and in the southern portions of Mexico.

In the little village of Tabac, between this city and Tucson, there are nine cases and one death is reported. Clothing and supplies are being gathered in this city for the relief of the unfortunates of the little town.

OREGON.

The Strike of the Journeyman Job Printers of Portland.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

PORTLAND, October 9th.—The job printers' strike yesterday was part "lock out" and part "walk out." Those who left early in the afternoon would have been discharged if they had stayed at the case till 5 o'clock, so the quitting was practically a "lock out." The employers make no secret of the fact that they will do their utmost to break up the Union. Indeed, if the men had waited a few hours longer each of them would have received a printed notice signed by the proprietor of every job office in the city to quit, and further, that hereafter no Union man would be employed.

Multnomah Union held a meeting this afternoon and agreed to stand by the job printers in their demand for ten hours' pay for nine hours' work.

The employing job printers state that all the offices will be open to-morrow, and that they will be able to care for what work offers. They say that they have secured several non-Union men.

TRAMPLED TO DEATH.

Violent Death of an Old and Esteemed Citizen of Santa Clara.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

SAN JOSE, October 9th.—Last evening Charles LaFrance, the well-known vineyardist and wine dealer, while attempting to stop a runaway team at his home on the Almaden road, was knocked down and trampled on by the horses, and died from his injuries at 5 o'clock this afternoon. He was a native of France, aged 65 years. He came here in 1850, and planted the New Almaden vineyard, where he has since resided. He leaves a wife and three children.

AN ARIZONA ROMANCE.

An Outlaw Surrenders to Justice and Weds His Lady Love.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

PHŒNIX, October 9th.—Thomas Graham, the surviving member of the gang of Tonto Basin notoriety, arrived in town on Friday evening and surrendered himself to the Sheriff. He is charged with murder in connection with the Tewkeberry feud, and was to-day to be taken to Prescott, by Sheriff Mulvenon, of Yavapai county.

Graham was engaged to a very pretty young lady here, named Miss Mellon, and quite a romantic sensation was created in town by their unexpected wedding last night. She expressed a desire to share with him in all his troubles, and thought she could do so more feelingly if they were wedded. The Sheriff gave his consent, and the nuptial knot was tied fifteen minutes later.

Graham has many friends, and no one believes he will be convicted.

MONTANA.

Serious Trouble Yet Looked for With the Recalcitrant Crow Indians.

HELENA, October 9th.—A Billings special to the *Independent* say: Word has been received from the Crow agency that the distribution of rations passed off quietly. All the troops have been placed under marching orders, as the Indians are more defiant than ever. The arrests will be attempted next week and a conflict is inevitable.

Shooting in Butte County.

BIGGS, October 9th.—A difficulty occurred here yesterday between two of our prominent farmers, in which D. W. Little shot James Baynon three times, two shots taking effect in the right side. Baynon is not seriously wounded. The cause of the shooting was a feud of long standing on account of land matters. Little has given himself up to the authorities. The shooting, it is claimed, was done in self-defense.

Concerning Creighton.

SAN DIEGO, October 9th.—The *Union* publishes a sensational story of the escape of the jury-fixer Creighton, who, it is charged, slipped into the water from the side of the Queen of the Pacific when detectives boarded the vessel, and that he had made his escape into Mexico.

A Hot Wave at Petaluma.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

PETALUMA, October 9th.—Last night the thermometer did not fall below 75°, and this morning it early went up, reaching 95° to 100°. At 6 P. M. it has fallen to 86°.

A WOOL DEAL.

The Wool Market Said to be in the Hands of a Ring.

NEW YORK, October 9th.—A dispatch from St. Louis published here says: A secret investigation is going on, which promises to reach a gigantic combination between Eastern manufacturers and the New York and Boston Custom-houses. The dispatch says it has been discovered that customs officers here and in Boston have been systematically undervaluing imported wool.

Collector Magone said that, to the best of his belief, it was a canard. "Of course," he said, "errors are made by appraisers and liquidators, but a strict record is kept of the percentage of errors made by each man, and if a man's percentage is large I send for him and require an explanation. Such errors could not occur frequently without being discovered and reported."

SALES FOR THE WEEK.

BOSTON, October 8th.—The wool sales for the week comprise 2,417,500 pounds domestic fleece and pulled and 260,000 pounds of foreign, making the week's transactions foot up 2,707,500 pounds, against 2,278,200 pounds and 2,691,300 pounds for the two previous weeks' transactions.

BROKEN RECORDS.

Hammer-Throwing and Hurdle-Racing Feats Yesterday.

NEW YORK, October 9th.—At the Pastime Athletic Club to-day, W. J. M. Barrey broke the record in throwing the 12-pound hammer, throwing it 122 feet. The previous record was 115 feet 7½ inches. He also broke the record of 95 feet for the one-hand throw, throwing the hammer 114 feet. Throwing in Irish style (with one turn), he covered 139 feet 11 inches, beating the record nearly twenty feet. With one hand (Irish style), he threw it 120 feet 4 inches.

E. A. Jordan broke the record for the hundred-yard run with 2 feet, 5 inch and 3 feet 6 inch hurdles. His time for the first was 13 4-5 seconds, and for the second the same.

SAN FRANCISCO AND VICINITY.

The Mechanics' Fair closed on Saturday night.

Solomon Ritzawaller was arrested for trying to run away with a $10,000 sack.

William Emmons and Abraham Horribin were cleared of a charge of felony.

Chief Crowley puts no faith in the rumor that Creighton was seen in San Diego.

The Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the lower Court in favor of Drury Melone.

WEAK AND TIRED WOMEN.

A Constant Study of a Noted Woman's Life.

The great minds of the world of to-day have been developed in the temperate zone. In olden times great minds were developed in warmer climes, because in primitive civilization living in colder climates was impracticable. Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, a woman of great talents and remarkable mind, for years made the diseases and weaknesses of her sex a constant study, and as a result of it was the famous "Vegetable Compound." Her knowledge equaled that of any first-class physician and, therefore, the remedy can be taken with perfec confidence. The subjects of treatment are so delicate that it is hard to be understood without trespassing on the grounds of what may seem improper language. Yet it is a well known fact among husbands and fathers at least, that not one woman in ten is free from pain and troubles; therefore, there is no good reason why they should not have the means placed before them of saving themselves the greater part, if not all of the periodic and other suffering. The medicine is not an abortion remedy, but is exclusively for good purposes and will aid and strengthen every woman who takes it in good faith. It will make many a "blue day" bright and cheerful.

Bayonets as Persuaders.

SOFIA, October 9th.—The elections today were orderly. Soldiers patrolled the streets and guarded the public buildings.

HOME AFFAIRS.

A BRUTE'S DOUBLE CRIME IN NEW YORK STATE.

The Mexican Mission—Florida's Epidemic of Disease—California Fruits—A Wool Ring.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

THE UGLY CROWS.

Reservation Indians, Not Citizens, Are Not Subject to Arrest.

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WASHINGTON, October 9th.—[Special.]—Inspector Frank C. Armstrong, who was directed by Secretary Lamar to proceed at once to the Crow Agency and investigate Indian troubles there, is the Secretary's most trusted agent. It has been represented to Secretary Lamar that General Terry's suggestion of surprise at the action of the Crows, in their hostile demonstrations, meant a serious danger, and that his long experience with the Indians of the Northwest made his suggestion of sending an Inspector to the Crow Agency of great importance. Howard, the Allotment Agent, who was first ordered to report upon the affairs, was a member of the Commission which spent the whole summer on the Crow Reservation, in the same work of allotment, without accomplishing anything.

The Secretary expresses surprise at the general ignorance of the terms of allotment existing in the Territories and among army officers. An impression seems to prevail that the bill upon its passage made citizens of Indians everywhere, and therefore amenable to civil process. The bill bestows citizenship upon Indians only after they have been allotted land and have accepted the allotment. Until after that is done they are not liable to civil process on their reservation, and cannot be arrested by the civil authorities. Under the law passed March 3, 1885, however, they can be arrested, when breaking the laws of the State or Territory, by the civil authorities when off their reservation, as Colorow was in Colorado. The Crows, not having taken their lands in severalty, and being on the reservation, cannot be taken by civil process.

YELLOW JACK, OR DENGUE?

Doctors Disagree as to the Character of the Florida Epidemic.

WASHINGTON, October 9th.—The Marine Hospital Bureau has received a telegram from Deputy Collector Spencer at Tampa, Florida, of which the following is a copy:

"Twenty-six cases in all, and two deaths. Questionable as to cause of death of two. Majority of sick convalescent. Town depopulated and very little material left. The doctors disagree as to whether the disease is dengue or yellow fever."

Dr. Stoner, Chief of the Quarantine Division, says if it is dengue there is no cause for alarm nor necessity for a rigid quarantine. If doubts exist it is proper to act on the side of safety.

The President's Quiet Sunday.

MADISON (Wis.), October 9th.—The President and Mrs. Cleveland have remained in their quarters at the Vilas mansion all day, resting in preparation for the fatigues of another week of journeying. It was expected that they would go to church this morning, and Vilas' pew in the Episcopal Church was reserved for them. But a heavy, threatening sky, and raw, chilly winds fresh-laden with spray from the lakes, mud in the unpaved streets, and clouds of falling leaves from every treetop, were forbidding, while grate fires in parlors were very tempting.

PREPARING THEIR CASE.

The Fishery Commissioners Getting Ready for the Englishmen.

WASHINGTON, October 9th.—Messrs. Putnam and Angell, who with Secretary Bayard will represent this country in the negotiations between Great Britain and the United States for the settlement of the Nova Scotia fishery troubles, arrived here yesterday and held a preliminary conference with Secretary Bayard, at which a mutual exchange of views took place. The discussion touched generally upon all points of the dispute, and suggestions were made as to matters which it would be well to look up closely, in order that this Government might be prepared to meet any arguments raised by the negotiators on the part of Great Britain. Messrs. Putnam and Angell will remain here for a day or so in conference with the Secretary, and in the examination of voluminous official literature relating to the treaty, which it is necessary to study.

SENATOR STANFORD.

A Washington Journal Thinks He Will Serve Out His Term.

[*Copyright*, 1887, *by the California Associated Press.*]

WASHINGTON, October 9th.—[Special.]—The *Sunday Capital* says: "Senator Stanford would have resigned before this, but for the fact that the Governor of California was a Democrat who would fill the vacancy with a representative of that party. It was a sore disappointment to Mr. Stanford that the California Legislature of last year was also Democratic. But for this he would have resigned months ago. It is now probable that he will serve out his present term, which will expire in 1891, but it is not putting too fine a point upon it to say that no amount of entreaty will again prevail upon him to re-enter public life, when he shall have put it behind him four years hence.

"While Governor Stanford has never professed to be enraptured with the position of United States Senator, he never intimated in Washington any intention of resigning. All that he did say was that he had been accustomed to a busy life, and found his duties in the Senate slow and somewhat irksome."

THE SEASON ENDED.

Close of the Baseball Season—The Detroits Come Out On Top.

CHICAGO, October 9th.—The last league games of the season closed on Saturday and resulted in victories for the Indianapolis, who defeated the Detroits, the Philadelphias, who defeated the New Yorks, and the Washingtons, who defeated the Bostons. The Chicago-Pittsburg game was a tie.

In the Association contests the Baltimores won from the Metropolitans, the Louisvilles defeated the Cincinnatis, and the Clevelands won from the St. Louis. The Athletic-Brooklyn game resulted in a tie.

Following is the correct standing of each of the league clubs for the season:

Club.	Won.	Lost.	Played.
Bostons	61	60	121
Chicagos	71	50	121
Detroits	79	45	124
Indianapolis	37	89	126
New Yorks	69	55	124
Philadelphias	75	48	123
Pittsburgs	54	68	122
Washingtons	46	76	122

CALIFORNIA FRUITS.

The Chicago Market Well Supplied With Grapes and Pears.

CHICAGO, October 9th.—All kinds of California fruits are meeting with good demand, and prices, which declined a few days ago, owing to the heavy receipts of grapes, are steady. The supply of grapes is quite liberal, Tokays in double crates bringing $2 25 to $2 50, and the same for Muscats. Pears are quiet. There is a fair supply in the market, which consists, to a considerable extent, of ordinary varieties. Fall varieties sold at from $2 to $2 25 per box. Trade in peaches is unimportant and arrivals are light, and the demand is restricted. Prices range from $1 25 to $1 50 per box. Choice, large, bright, smooth quinces are salable, and prices are steady. A good many of the quinces are small and uneven in size or spotted, and this stock sells slow and at a liberal discount. Prices were $1 50 to $1 75 per box.

A CHURCH SENSATION.

Emma Abbott Resents a Preacher's Attack Upon the Theater.

NASHVILLE, October 9th.—The leading Methodist Episcopal Church of this city was the scene of quite a sensation to-day. The pastor, Rev. W. A. Candler, delivered a very severe and bitter sermon on the subject of the theater. Miss Emma Abbott, who occupied a seat in the rear of the church, rose and entered a protest in a short speech against the general character of the preacher's denunciation. Her appearance showed much suppressed indignation, but her words were very clear and distinct. The matter has created a great sensation, and forms the sole topic of conversation this evening. Many of the parishoners and others commend the course of Miss Abbott.

Miss Abbott declared that the minister's charges were unfounded, and that her life was as free from blame as that of any living woman. In all the operas of the past week, to which the minister referred, there was no impure nor improper thought. The great lights of the stage, such as Jenny Lind, Modjeska, Albani, and countless others, had been good women and model wives and mothers. She defied anyone to say that aught ever had been said against the fair fame of Emma Abbott.

MISS ABBOTT APPLAUDED.

There was considerable applause at the conclusion of her remarks. Before it subsided Candler said he could not answer the lady, because she was a lady.

During the day, as the affair became known, a great many ladies who had met Miss Abbott socially, called on her and commended her spirited defense of herself and her profession.

THE MEXICAN MISSION.

Minister Manning's Probable Successor—A Question of Religion.

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WASHINGTON, October 9th.—[Special.]—The retirement of Thomas Courtland Manning from the position of Minister to Mexico will result in Mr. Connery's elevation to the mission immediately upon the President's return. It is said that Mr. Connery has the President's implied (if not positive) promise of the position, Mr. Manning's promised resignation being, at the time of Connery's appointment as Secretary, a factor in his acceptance. The salary of the Secretaryship would not begin to support Mr. Connery's family, and surprise was evident among his friends at his acceptance of the position.

A gentleman who has resided in Mexico for several years, and has followed her history closely, suggests that embarrassment is likely to follow Connery's appointment as Minister to Mexico in a way that the President does not at present foresee, and the gentleman says: "Connery is a strict, even a bigoted, Catholic in religion. He carries his religious devotion so far that I have known him at one time to refuse for weeks to speak to his brother on account of some religious difficulty betweeen them. The present administration in Mexico is strongly opposed to the Church, which is supported by the Church (or old Maximilian) party. This party is engaged at present in fomenting a strong sentiment against Diaz, which is likely before long to come into the election contests. It is doubtful if the Diaz party would welcome to Mexico a new Minister whose religious bias was so strong, and whose sympathies would naturally be with the opposition party. It may not amount to anything, of course, but religion had something to do with Keilly's failure to secure the Mission, you know."

ONLY A BLUNDER.

The Attack of the New York Police on a Socialist Meeting.

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NEW YORK, October 9th.—[Special.]—The attack of the police on the Progressive Labor party meeting last night was the general subject of conversation to-day. Some thought it might have some effect on the coming election, but the majority took a different view.

Senator Hiscock said: "As far as I can judge, it was a very unfortunate blunder, but still a blunder. The fact that the police allowed the crowd to come back after the place had once been cleared would seem to show clearly that there was no premeditation on the part of the police."

Henry R. Beekman, President of the Board of Aldermen, said: "It is very clear that it is not proper to disperse a meeting because of anything a speaker may say, even if most of the people in the community heartily detest the principles avowed. If anything really seditious is spoken the proper way to proceed against the speaker is in the Courts. The affair at Union Square was certainly very unfortunate, but I fully believe the people will recognize the fact that it was only a blunder, although a very bad one. I do not believe either of the Labor parties will be helped or hurt by the incident."

COMPLAINT TO BE MADE.

NEW YORK, October 9th.—Trouble with the police at the Progressive Labor party's mass meeting last night was the subject of many heated speeches denouncing the police. In to-day's meeting of the Central Labor Union resolutions couched in a similar vein were adopted and will be presented to the Police Commissioners.

POWDERLY'S LETTER.

The Relations Between the Knights of Labor and Catholic Church.

MINNEAPOLIS, October 9th.—The letter prepared by General Master Workman Powderly upon the attitude of the Catholic Church toward the Knights of Labor, which has been awaited with a great deal of interest by members of the Order throughout the country, was completed to-night and will be presented to the General Assembly to-morrow. Referring to the meeting of Catholic Archbishops a year ago, Powderly says it had been represented to the ecclesiastical authorities that the Knights were seeking to revolutionize generally accepted fundamental principles by claiming for labor the right to dictate to capital, and in this manner were seeking to bring into full force popular sovereignty in opposition to private rights, and that they were following the example of the French Socialists and arrogating to themselves the right of ordering strikes whenever it suited their purpose, and by these strikes cause loss of life and destruction of property; and that should the Order prosper with its pernicious principles, it would lead its members and the working classes generally from insubordination to anarchy and socialism. If the principles of the Knights of Labor were ever to prevail among the people, faith and religion would be forever destroyed in our country.

Thus spoke the enemies of organized labor. Mr. Powderly then referred to the interview had by himself and Messrs. Hayes and O'Reilly with Cardinal Gibbons, at the latter's request, in which they submitted to his Eminence that "the unifying force of the Order consisted in the force and purity of the principles inculcated, and the cultivation of moral, intellectual and social happiness. We are like a band of brothers engaged in a holy cause which, far from absorbing, would strengthen our love of country, and would intensify, elevate and ennoble our patriotism. In our Order, composed as it is of various European nationalities, one of the most gratifying features is the rapidity with which these become assimilated and welded together, forming a united whole, strong and indissoluble. Believing firmly in the righteousness of our cause, we ask your Eminence to examine the records of our Order and of our prominent members who have for years upheld our principles. It is our hope, as it is our desire, to purge the Order of the violent element, the element of radical men, who want to found a society of atheistic anarchy."

During the interview, which was of long duration, Cardinal Gibbons said in substance: "After what we have just learned the present condition of the Order is to us an unmistakable indication that the control of your organization still rests with the conservative element, and is a guarantee that there will be no rash and dangerous departure from those features of its policy which command the forbearance and respect, if not the approval of the entire country. We now infer that the objects of the Knights of Labor are praiseworthy and in no way opposed to the views of the Catholic Church. Catholic prelates will declare in favor of Labor. The Catholic Church in America will take the side of the weaker against the stronger. We readily believe that to rescue the toiler from the grasp of the selfish is a work worthy of the noblest and best of our race, and we recognize that it is to the accomplishment of that grand object that the order of the Knights of Labor is bending its every energy. The Church is justly watchful against all secret organizations. There is no need of secrecy where the ends and methods of an organization are justifiable, and secrecy raises the presumption that there is something which will not bear the light of day.

"We condemn the work of Anarchists. Like Samson of old, they would fain pull down the edifice of the Constitution which shelters them, even though they should perish in the ruins. The man that would endeavor to undermine the laws and institutions of this great and glorious country deserves the fate of those who laid profane hands on the Ark of the Living God. Socialism takes a defiant position beyond the pale of the Church, and announces such an extreme policy that one does not need to hesitate a moment to reach a conclusion as to its merits and influence.

"It boldly abolishes all religious restraint as factious, denounces all extant forms of worship, and goes back to what it calls 'Nature,' and what the world calls 'Atheism.' We express full faith in the maintenance of friendliness between the Church and the Order so long as you keep free from affiliation with dangerous associations and devote yourselves to the fulfillment of your legitimate mission."

DIABOLICAL CRIME.

A Husband and Wife Shot Down by a Fiend in Ambush.

LONG ISLAND (N. Y.), October 9th.—Mrs. Charles Schauffert, of Breslau, while walking in a path across the garden of George Gaeblein, of the same place, yesterday afternoon, was shot and instantly killed by Gaeblein, who was lying in wait for the purpose. He immediately buried the woman's body, having had a grave in readiness. The husband of Mrs. Schauffert came the same way later on, and was also shot by Gaeblein, but received only slight wounds in the hands. Gaeblein was arrested. The trouble has been of long standing, and was caused by the Schaufferts using the path through Gaeblein's property.

LATER.—The murderer subsequently made a confession, saying he had deliberately killed Mrs. Schauffert and had intended to kill her husband. The murderer, while under arrest, swallowed a dose of poison, but not sufficient to cause death, as he has recovered from its effects.

They Changed Their Base.

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NEW YORK, October 9th.—[Special.]—The Anarchist meeting announced for to-day at Union Hill, N. J., did not take place. The police were under strict orders to prevent it, should an attempt be made to hold it. But the Anarchists did not put in an appearance. At 7 o'clock this evening the Chief of Police received a dispatch stating that a meeting of Anarchists had been held at Shady Grove, Bergen county, during the afternoon, without disturbance.

Crazy Train.

CHICAGO, October 9th.—Yesterday some reporters s