The United States Supreme Court refuses to interfere in behalf of the Chicago Anarchists. They must hang.

SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

The ex-Senator and jury-fixer, D. J. Creighton, is to be returned by Mexico to the embrace of American law.

VOLUME LVIII.—NO. 64. SACRAMENTO, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 3, 1887. WHOLE NO. 11,403.

CHANGED DAILY FOR C. H. GILMAN—NOVEMBER 3, 1887.

THIS MORNING WE WILL SELL 250 PAIRS GENTS' AND LADIES' TAPESTRY CARPET SLIPPERS, SEWED, FOR 35 CENTS A PAIR.

Ladies' Wraps and Jackets.

You can buy them for less money than it costs to have one made. A varied assortment to be sold at less than one-third their real value. Many of these Wraps are samples.

No. 359—Sample Wrap, heavy Duchesse black, satin-lined throughout with quilted satin; trimmed with black fur on sleeves, collars and bottom; braid ornament on back; made dolman style. Price..$10 00

No. 357—Sample Wrap of heavy black gros grain silk, quilted satin lining, plushed trimmed, Japanese sleeves. Price.....$ 9 00

No. 1,039—Sample Wrap Circular, heavy back gros grain silk, trimmed with guipure silk lace, passementerie beading Price.....$10 00

No. 353—Sample Wrap, heavy black Ottoman silk, dolman style, and trimmed with heavy chenille fringe, satin lining quilted. Price...$15 00

No. 155—Sample short Wrap, cardinal silk velvet, dolman sleeves, trimmed with gray feather, trimming lined with quilted stripe satin. Price.....$ 6 50

No. 154—Sample short Wrap, garnet brocaded silk velvet, mantle style, chenille trimming, lined with surah silk. Price.....$ 7 50

No. 150—Sample black Ottoman silk Circular, fur-lined, trimmed with black fur. Price.....$10 00

Ladies' Walking Jackets, wool tweed, light gray color.....$ 1 75

Ladies' brown mixed check Walking Jacket, very neat and stylish.....$ 4 50

Ladies' fine black boucle Walking Jackets, all sizes.....$4 and $ 5 00

Ladies' extra heavy black serge Walking Jacket, vest front.....$ 5 00

Misses' fancy plaid boucle Walking Jackets, ages 10 to 16.....$ 3 00

Misses' long Cloaks of brown tweed, with cape and astrakhan collar; ages 4 to 10, $3 75; 11 to 16.....$ 4 25

Ladies' long Ulsters in light gray, dolman sleeves, all wool.....$ 1 00

Ladies' all-wool Scotch Tweed Ulster, tight-fitting.....$ 2 50

Ladies' black cashmere Dolman Wrap, trimmed with silk fringe and passementerie.....$ 2 50

Ladies' fine brown mixed Lady's Cloth Ulster, tight-fitting.....$ 6 00

No. 1,026—Sample Wrap, heavy Sealette Plush Circular (black), lined with black satin.....$12 00

We have just placed in stock an assortment of Ladies' Wraps and Jackets of the latest styles and designs. These goods are very handsome and attractive. The prices are extremely low, considering the quality and make.

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And sells them CHEAPER than any other house in the city.

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CURTIS BROS. & CO.

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FRUITS, VEGETABLES, FISH,

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Careful attention given to the Selection and Packing of Choice Fruits and Vegetables for Distant Markets.

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W. H. WOOD & CO.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN CALIFORNIA Produce and Fruit.

Potatoes, Beans, Butter, Honey, Dried Fruits, Seeds, Etc.

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Sicily Lemons, Mexican Oranges and Persian Dates.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at lowest rates. tf

A. J. DANIS,

COR. SEVENTEENTH AND K STS.,

Family Grocer and Dealer in Choice

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Wholesale and Retail.

☞ Having purchased for cash, I am enabled to offer goods at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. City and country orders solicited. Prompt attention will be given to all orders sent to me.

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$5 BUYS A CORD OF STOVE WOOD or a TON OF COAL,

—AT THE—

C O. D. Wood Yard, Fourth and I sts. tf

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

FRUIT and VEGETABLE LANDS

(Non-irrigated)

—IN—

LIVERMORE VALLEY,

Alameda County, Cal.

About 1,000 Acres of the Best Land of the ROSE BLACK TRACTS,

Adjoining the beautiful, tree-embowered town of Pleasanton, are now for the first time offered for sale in small sub-divisions. The soil of the Black Ranch has long been well known as equal to the best in California. That of the Rose Tract is equally good. The land offered is all moist, but never overflows.

For Fruit one-half of this land has no superior, as surrounding orchards will attest. It is a deep, well-drained, alluvial loam, which has produced a ton of wheat to the acre in the dryest season ever seen in this State. Two tons of barley to the acre is a common crop on this land.

For Vegetables and kindred crops without irrigation, it has no equal anywhere. Hop Fields, Blackberry, Strawberry and Asparagus beds, and a large acreage of potatoes, beets, carrots, squash and pumpkins, of country-fair size, are now growing or being harvested on the land. A common crop of potatoes is 200 sacks per acre; of carrots, 75 to 100 tons; other products in proportion. Is unequaled for the sugar beet. Alfalfa produces four crops a year.

There is not an acre of any but the very best land offered. The tracts have been opened up by wide, graded avenues, and will be sold in small plots of from five acres upwards.

No better tract of land has ever been subdivided in California. American families are deriving a comfortable support from two or three acres of this land.

This is "A Veritable Garden Spot of the Earth," where a generous soil and every needed climatic condition yield results which seem almost fabulous.

No dead water, no malaria, no fogs.

Livermore Valley nestles among the high, rugged ridges of the Coast Range, and is exposed to neither the cold winds of the coast nor the great heat of the interior. The climate is as near perfection as this world affords.

But 42 miles from San Francisco, on Livermore Division of the C. P. R. R. Two mails daily. Telegraph and telephone facilities.

Free carriages at Pleasanton at all times to convey parties over the land. It may also be seen by joining the EXCURSION TO PLEASANTON, on THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3d.

For further maps or further particulars address STANLEY & BARTLETT, Pleasanton, Cal.

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Fine Tracts in Sacramento and other counties.

Cheap Lands at Colfax, New England Mills, Applegate, Auburn, Newcastle and Lincoln.

Improved and Unimproved Lands in choice localities on line of C. P. R. R., and right at railroad stations and on county roads.

Large or Small Tracts to suit purchasers, from $15 per acre upward.

PICTURESQUE SCENERY, BEAUTIFUL SPOTS for HEALTHFUL HOMES, CLEAR PURE STREAMS and LIVING SPRINGS of FRESH MOUNTAIN WATER on LANDS.

☞ None of these lands more than two hours' ride from Sacramento.

Office: Sacramento Bank Building. 1ptf

MUST HANG.

THE BOMB-THROWERS DOOMED TO THE GALLOWS.

The United States Supreme Court Refuses to Grant a Writ of Error—The Chief Points.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—The Chicago Anarchists must hang. The Supreme Court to-day denied the application for the writ of error presented by counsel for the condemned. There was no dissenting opinion in the Court. In anticipation of the decision to-day all the seats in the Court-room outside the bar were filled at 11:30 o'clock, and extra chairs had to be placed within the bar to accommodate the lawyers interested in the case. At noon every chair was occupied, and the space in the rear of the railing was filled with men and women, packed as close as they could stand.

A few minutes before the Court assembled J. Randolph Tucker, Captain Black and M. Solomon, of counsel for the Anarchists, entered the room. General Butler was absent, and District Attorney Grinnell, of Chicago, who had represented the State in the argument, had left the city. Senators Harrison and McDonald, of Indiana, ex-Secretary Bristow and quite a number of the members of the House occupied seats within the bar.

At 12:5 o'clock the Justices filed into Court and took their accustomed places on the bench.

Chief Justice Waite laid before him a pile of manuscript written upon foolscap paper, and after the crier had opened the Court with the usual formula, the Chief Justice announced the case, called for a glass of water, and began reading the decision. From the beginning it was evident that the decision was adverse to the petitioners.

The Chief Justice was thirty-five minutes in rendering the opinion, and during that time not a person left the Court, nor was a sound heard to mar the monotonous voice of Justice Waite as he sealed the doom of the condemned.

CHIEF POINTS OF THE OPINION.

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—The decision of the United States Supreme Court upon the petition for a writ of error in the case of the Chicago Anarchists was announced this afternoon by Chief Justice Waite in a long and carefully-prepared opinion. The Court holds, in brief:

First—That the first ten amendments to the Constitution are limitations upon Federal and not upon State action.

Second—That the jury law of Illinois is upon its face valid and constitutional. [Provision to the Statutes of Utah which was sustained in this Court in the case of Hopt. vs. The Territory of Utah.

Third—That it does not appear in the record that upon the evidence at the trial the Court should have declared Juror Sanford incompetent.

Fourth—That the objection to the admission of Johann Most's letter, and the cross-examination of Spies, which counsel for prisoners maintained virtually compelled them to testify against themselves, were not stated in the trial Court, and that, therefore, no foundation was laid for the exercise of this course of jurisdiction.

Fifth—That the questions raised by General Butler in the case of Spies and Fielden, upon the basis of their foreign nationality, were neither raised nor decided in the State Courts, and therefore cannot be considered here.

The writ of error prayed for must consequently be denied.

There was no dissenting opinion.

AT THE JAIL.

The Condemned Men Decline to Talk on the Subject.

CHICAGO, November 2d.—The first news of the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the condemned Anarchists was taken to the County Jail by an Associated Press reporter a few minutes after it had been received from Washington. Jailer Folz expressed no astonishment, saying merely: "Well, it is just what we expected." There were no visitors in the jail, and the prisoners were all in their cells when the news arrived.

THE PRISONERS SILENT.

A note was sent up to Spies, telling him the writ had been denied, and asking if he had any statement to make in regard to the matter. Spies was sitting in his cell busily engaged with some manuscript. He read the note and returned it with the short answer: "I have nothing to say." None of the other prisoers would say anything either.

Within fifteen minutes after the verdict was announced eight or ten officers in citizens' clothes appeared and quietly disposed themselves about the building and neighborhood without any previous intimation. A rule rigidly debarring visitors from the jail was quickly put in force, and no one was allowed to enter the building during the afternoon except the officers, reporters and relatives of the Anarchists.

A RUSH OF SYMPATHIZERS.

As soon as the news from Washington had generally circulated through the city a miscellaneous rush of people came to see the condemned men before it was too late. They entered the Sheriff's office in a drove, but the burly deputy who guarded the way to the jail-yard was obdurate. Friends of the doomed men, bearing baskets of delicacies for them, begged admittance. The dainties were passed in, but only relatives gained an entrance.

SHERIFF WATSON SAID:

"I don't want to make any fuss about it, but visits of other Anarchists have got to stop. Personally, I would like to grant the doomed men all the favors I could, but I don't think it would be wise to do so, and it may seem foolish—and perhaps it is foolish—but then friends might give them daggers and pistols, and if they wanted to kill themselves we might be powerless to prevent it. I shouldn't like to have it said that if I had attended to my duty suicides might have been prevented."

SCENES IN THE JAIL.

The first of the relatives of the condemned men to visit the jail was Mrs. Engel. She moved about in a nervous manner, as though she could scarcely realize that the last slender thread of hope had broken.

Lingg's aunt and a young lady cousin and one of his admirers came next. They were all downcast, with traces of tears on their cheeks, but they had not been talking to the reckless bomb-maker five minutes when they were all laughing, and their mirth sounded strangely incongruous with the feelings of most of those present.

Frank Beifeldt, of the *Arbeiter Zeitung*, came next, shortly followed by Spies' two brothers and his mother, who seemed to feel her sorrow deeply. Mrs. Parsons and her two children came, and with them a lady interested in the Amnesty Association. Every one of the prisoners had the semblance at least of positively cheerful spirits.

Mr. Beifeldt, after leaving the jail, said: "It is useless to ask those men to sign a petition to the Governor for their lives. I have just been talking to them, and they laugh at the idea."

A SIGNIFICANT INCIDENT OF THE DAY

Had its scene at the police headquarters. The moment that word of the decision was received all the detectives in the building disappeared with amazing suddenness. As to what districts or places they were assigned their superiors were non-committal. It is known, however, that for some days the men have had sealed instructions to act as soon as the decision was received.

"We will not be caught napping," was all the officials would say. It is asserted that

PREPARATIONS FOR THE HANGING

Are already going on. The ropes, it is said, have been ordered. An additional scaffold will have to be built, and preparations were going on for this to-day.

Already the morbidly curious of Chicago, as well as outside, are sending in requests for tickets to get in the jail on the 11th instant. Letters by the score are arriving daily from prominent journalists who desire to have representatives on hand.

THEY WILL BE DISAPPOINTED.

The Sheriff will admit only representatives of the city press, press associations, members of the jury and attorneys, as provided by law. Everything is perfectly quiet in and around the jail, and in fact all over the whole city. The denial of the writ was what was universally expected here.

THE POLICE PREPARED.

The police are prepared for any emergency, though they say they have no fear of open violence. The police have all thought the Supreme Court would not interfere, and the general impression among them is that the sentence will be carried into effect November 11th.

The sentiment of the police is one of satisfaction at the result of the hearing in the Supreme Court. Captain Buckley said: "So the Supreme Court has upheld the verdict and just decision of the State Courts. It is retribution for the murder of the officers, whose wives are now widows and their children orphans. I trust and believe the Governor will not interfere."

This is a fair expression of the sentiment of the police officials and men.

ONE SLIM HOPE.

No Likelihood that the Governor Will Intefere in the Case.

SPRINGFIELD, (Ill.), November 2d.—There is absolutely nothing to be said as to the probable action of the Governor in the condemned Anarchists' case, as his Excellency declines to say anything on the subject. The decision of the United States Supreme Court was made known to him shortly before noon to-day, and his features at once assumed an expression of real gravity. He received a number of letters and petitions on the subject to-day, and it is asserted that three Chicago ladies visited him in the interest of the condemned men.

The feeling is almost universal here that he will not interfere with the sentence of the Court, and that the conditions are such that he cannot. There is a bare possibility that he may interpose clemency in the interest of Fielden and Schwab, though he has not said anything to indicate even this.

GUARDING AGAINST TROUBLE.

Concentration of Government Troops Near the City of Chicago.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—[Special.]—Two companies of the Sixth Infantry have been ordered to the new military reservation near Chicago, from Fort Douglas, at Salt Lake City. Major Wm. J. Lyster, of the Sixth Infantry, has been ordered to the command of the post. No other troops will be ordered there for the present. The object of garrisoning the post at this time is that the Government property may be guarded and protected during the winter, and that troops may be on hand to begin work early in the spring.

READY TO QUELL DISORDER.

The troops will be available in case there should be any riots in Chicago, but it is stated at the War Department that this is not the primary reason for ordering the troops there at present. The new reservation is between twenty and twenty-five miles from Chicago, and contains about six hundred and forty acres. It is about three times as long as it is wide, and runs along the high bluff on the lake shore. The Chicago and Northwestern railroad runs along one corner of it, so that troops can be readily moved. There is no money available for improving the reservation, as Congress has as yet only authorized the acceptance of the land by the Government. It is expected that an appropriation will be made at the coming session of Congress for the erection of buildings, of which there are none on the land at present.

TEMPORARY QUARTERS.

Near the reservation, there is an inn, and there are several farm-houses in the neighborhood, at which the officers can probably secure quarters for the winter. The troops will have to be quartered in tents, but they will be floored, will have stoves, and will probably be banked with earth to keep out the cold, and it is expected that they will be thoroughly comfortable for the winter.

A NEEDED LESSON.

The New York "Tribune's" View of the Decision's Effect.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, November 3d.—[Special.]—The *Tribune* says editorially this morning, in an article on the Chicago Anarchists: "In this case, as in every other, the beneficent law of compensation will operate to offset an accomplished evil. The events of the last eighteen months have taught the Anarchists from one end of the country to the other a useful lesson, which the coming tragedy of November 11th may be trusted to confirm. They have learned that the friends of social order are in a vast majority, and are able to vindicate the laws they have made."

Ex-Governor Palmer's Opinion.

CHICAGO, November 2d.—Ex-Governor Palmer this morning said to a reporter that he did not believe Governor Oglesby would interfere with the execution of the Court's sentence upon the condemned men. "The highest Court in the land," said Governor Palmer, "has decreed this verdict a just one. Governor Oglesby is not going to be swerved in his manifest duty by any trifling consideration. So far as the idea of its being inhuman to hang these men, I can see no sense in that. They killed several policemen, didn't they? And they wounded many more. Was that humanity?"

Dismay Among the Tribe.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

NEW YORK, November 3d.—[Special.]—The Anarchists in this city heard with dismay the report that the Supreme Court had refused to grant a writ of error in the case of the condemned men at Chicago. It will require the strongest exertion of reason and authority to keep them from committing acts that will make them liable to punishment.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

An Elderly Woman Attempts Suicide at Olympia.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

OLYMPIA, November 2d.—[Postal Press.] Mrs. Abbott, an old lady, suffering from cancer, attempted suicide by cutting her throat fearfully with a razor, almost severing the windpipe. Some hopes of her recovery are entertained by the doctor.

A Brute Gets a Good Dose.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

SEATTLE, November 2d.—[Postal Press.]—Last night about 9 o'clock, while Mrs. Geo. Ehrmann and Mrs. McAndres were returning home, Mrs. Ehrmann was suddenly seized around the neck by an unknown man. The cries of the ladies frightened their assailant, who endeavored to escape, but was captured shortly after. To-day he was tried for simple assault and fined $1,000, or 500 days imprisonment. He gave his name as Joe Bowers.

MONTANA.

The Troops Allow Two Hundred Crows to Escape.

BILLINGS, November 2d.—After watching the Indians for three weeks the military allowed 200 of them to escape last night. Much uneasiness prevails as to the people along the Yellowstone river. One hundred and fifty Nez Perces have arrived on the Crow reservation.

BLOOD ALREADY SHED.

CROW AGENCY, November 2d.—Two troops of colored cavalry and one from the Cheyenne Agency arrived to-night. Indian scouts report two white men killed on Reno creek, near here, yesterday. The Indians are now killing cattle for their beef supply, and killing many more than they need.

Racing at the Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 2d.—[Special.] At the Bay District track to-day the first race was a trot, best three in five. Franklin won an easy race, taking the first, second and last heats in 2:46½—2:43—2:43.

Norton won the half-mile dash in 55 seconds.

The final event of the day was a trot, best three in five. The first two heats were won by Dick Brown in 2:39 and 2:41. The judges then postponed the race indefinitely.

HOME AND ABROAD.

MASSACRE BY NATIVES OF WESTERN AFRICA.

A Sioux Chief Declares His Loyalty—Murders by Strikers—Bodies Recovered from the Lake.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

A SIOUX STATESMAN.

Chief Gall Tells His Braves That He Will Help the Whites.

BISMARCK (Dakota), November 2d.—There has been considerable excitement among the settlers and in military circles over the report that the Sioux and Crow Indians were about to unite and take to the warpath, if the Governor insists on enforcing the Land Severalty Act. A council was held by Sioux Chiefs at Standing Rock today, called to consider the question. All the principal Chiefs expressed their opinion freely, among them Hunting Antelope, John Grass, Mad Deer, Red Fish, Cottonwood and Gall. The last named is the most intelligent and influential Chief in the tribe. All but Gall said they had always felt friendly towards the whites.

A TYPICAL INDIAN SPEECH.

Gall arose with a scowl of contempt, and said he would talk differently. He had not always felt friendly to the whites. He had fought them and tried to kill them. The whites and Crows fought him at the Custer battle and tried to kill him, but now he is ready to take his men

AND HELP THE WHITES

In settling this difficulty with the Crows. He should like to show the whites his friendly feeling. Gall then turned to Major McLaughlin, Indian Agent of Standing Rock, and expressed the utmost confidence in him and friendship toward the whites. Gall was frequently interrupted by the applause of his followers, who constituted a majority of the young warriors.

SITTING BULL JEALOUS.

Sitting Bull had nothing to say. He is very jealous of Gall's power, and it is said was displeased with his speech, as he fears it will give him additional prominence with the whites.

A SICKENING TRAGEDY.

A Drunkard Kills His Wife and Burns Alive His Two Children.

NEW HAVEN, November 2d.—John Hodel, a silk-weaver, living at Hebron, shot his wife last night and then set fire to the house. Two children were burned to death. Hodel fled, but is now under arrest. Hodel had been on a spree for about a week, and when he was himself he was a quiet, good-hearted fellow, but

DRINK MADE HIM CRAZY.

He tells the following story: "Last night I told my wife I was going to kill myself. She said she wanted to die, too. An agreement was then made that the whole family should die together—two boys, aged three and six years, and the mother, who expected to be confined again in a month. During the night I brought the two children from an adjoining room and placed them in the bed with their mother and then

SET FIRE TO THE BED.

But the smothering process was too slow, so I got a shotgun and fired both barrels into my wife's breast, killing her instantly. The flames then spread and soon smothered both the children. I then went down stairs, tapped on the window of the lower tenement bed-room and called them to come out and see what I had done."

CAUSE OF THE QUARREL.

It is said that Hodel thought that certain neighbors were too familiar with his wife; that he accused her, and this caused a quarrel, and hence the agreement to kill all of the family.

OUR FRUITS.

Condition of the California Fruit Market in Chicago.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

CHICAGO, November 2d.—[Special.]—There is a fair supply of California fruits on the market, which still have ready sale, bringing prices which are about the same as last week. Grapes are rather slow and quiet. The market showed a fair supply, with prices ruling about the same as lately quoted. Tokays, in double crates, brought $3 25@4; Muscats, $2 75@3, and Mahgos, $2 25@2 50.

The supply of pears is small, and the stock mainly common. The demand is very limited, and prices cover a wide range, according to stock. The range of prices for the different varieties of pears from California is from $1 75 to $2 50 per box.

There are still fair offerings of quinces. A good deal of the stock on the market is common, some of it being hardly salable. The inquiry is very limited, and there is nothing doing, aside from an occasional sale of choice stock. Prices range from $1 50 to $1 75 per box.

LABORERS SHOT.

Four Men Shot Down by Strikers on a Plantation.

NEW ORLEANS, November 2d.—A dispatch to merchants here from planter Laccasagne, of Tigerville, says: "The strikers shot four of my laborers this morning from an ambush. I have telegraphed the Governor for troops. Please see that they get off at once."

The Washington Artillery were informed of the tenor of the dispatch, and the officers were awaiting the action of the Governor.

Yesterday forty-five white laborers were sent to the Laccasagne plantation to fill the places of the strikers, but whether the four men ambushed and shot this morning were among this number, or of those remaining upon the plantation, is not known here.

FURTHER TROUBLE EXPECTED.

NEW ORLEANS, November 2d.—Dispatches from many plantations up the river indicate that the hands are striking all over, and in many places have been given the alternative of returning to work or leaving the place. Trouble is expected to ensue when an effort is made in a day or two to force the strikers to leave the plantations.

JEFF. DAVIS.

Report and Denial of the Ex-Confederate Chief's Illness.

MACON (Ga.), November 2d.—There are considerable doubts as to whether Jefferson Davis will return to his isolated home at Beauvoir, Miss., alive. His condition, to say the least, is extremely precarious. For several years he has been troubled with a serious affection of the heart, and the excitement of the last week served only to aggravate his ailment. Since last Saturday he has been confined to his bed, and a physician has been in daily attendance.

Mr. Davis has spoken but little since Saturday, and has taken but little nourishment. Dr. McHatton, the attending physician, expresses great fears of his inability to leave the city on Thursday, as was arranged before his visit. It is understood that his daughters, who are guests of the city of Macon, have been summoned to their father's side. The end is expected at any moment.

HIS ILLNESS DENIED.

MACON, November 2d.—The reports that Jefferson Davis is in a precarious condition are not correct. His health is better than it has been at any time since he left Beauvoir.

THE LAKE HORROR.

Nineteen Bodies of Victims of the Vernon Disaster Recovered.

TWO RIVERS (Wis.), November 2d.—The bodies of nineteen victims of the Vernon disaster were brought into port by harbor tugs to-day.

The engine-house at Two Rivers was turned into a morgue, where the remains were stretched side by side to enable identification by relatives and friends. Only seven of the bodies were identified.

The bodies were found about eight miles east of Two Rivers. Five were floating together, and the others were scattered, but not far distant. A bunch of letters was found on the body of Captain Thorpe, but they will not be opened till the inquest. His watch stopped at 5:55, and it was undoubtedly at this hour on Saturday morning that the propeller went to the bottom.

Another California Songstress.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—[Special.] Miss Mullan, eldest daughter of Captain and Mrs. John Mullan, is a debutante this season, and she has made the tour of the world with some wealthy Californians. During her residence abroad she continued her vocal lessons. Mrs. Mullan returned late in the summer from Europe with her two daughters.

The Independente's Passengers.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

PHILADELPHIA, November 2d.—Five passengers from the steamer Independente have been located in this city by the Health authorities after a search. The Health Officer says that some are disposed to keep back information concerning their baggage, and suggests the visit of the Medical Inspector on a disinfecting mission.

The Fence Will Stay.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

NEW HAVEN (Conn.), November 2d.—The Yale Corporation has decided to locate a $150,000 recitation-room at the corner of College and Chapel streets, but will spare the fence on which many generations of Yale students have sat.

Arcata's New Postmaster.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—[Special.]—Jasper L. Davis has been commissioned Postmaster at Arcata.

John F. Swift's Movements.

[Copyright, 1887, by the California Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—[Special.]—John F. Swift will leave Washington for the South to-morrow. He returns via the Southern Pacific.

An Alleged Conspiracy.

CHICAGO, November 2d.—A special from Washington says: The national bankers are charged in a card, published here today, with having maintained a conspiracy during the past five years for the contraction of the national bank circulation with a view to decreasing values and increasing discounts. It is asserted that the conspirators have reduced the circulating medium at the rate of $50,000,000 a year or from $400,000,000 to $167,000,000 since the conspiracy began.

Women in Politics.

NEW YORK, November 2d.—For the first time in the history of the New York School Department, a woman will be appointed tomorrow as a member of the Board of Trustees. A sub-committee of the Board made the selection a few days ago, and at a regular meeting of the Trustees to-morrow afternoon the nomination will be confirmed. Until then the Board have resolved to keep the lady's name a secret.

The British Peace Commissioners.

PITTSBURG, November 2d.—A party of distinguished Englishmen, members of the National Peace Commission, who arrived in Pittsburg last night with Andrew Carnegie, spent to-day in visiting the various points of interest in the city and vicinity.

Increased Its Capital.

ALBANY (N. Y.), November 2d.—The Commercial Cable Company yesterday filed the certificate for an increase of its capital from $4,000,000 to $6,000,000.

California Pensions.

WASHINGTON, November 2d.—[Special.] These California pensions have been granted: James S. Davis, San Andreas; Patrick Moran, San Francisco; John W. Durbin, Los Angeles.

The Pancake-Thrower.

ST. LOUIS, November 2d.—Mrs. Anna Sachs, who threw a pancake at Mrs. Cleveland during the President's visit to this city, was released to-day on appeal, by the payment of $15.

A Printers' Strike.

ST. LOUIS, November 2d.—The Union job printers of this city have struck for an increase of $1 per week.

FOREIGN.

BEHIND THE BARS.

O'Brien and Mandeville Finally Jailed at Tullamoor.

CORK, November 2d.—Wm. O'Brien and Mandeville were quietly removed from the jail here at 5 o'clock this morning and taken away in a special train. They were placed in prison at Tullamoor. The news of their removal was not known to the people of Cork till 10 o'clock. It caused tremendous excitement.

O'BRIEN MIGHT HAVE GOT OFF.

LONDON, November 2d.—It is universally understood here that if O'Brien had pressed his appeal he would have been acquitted, but he expressly dropped it, because he did not wish it to be thought he was relying only on technical objections. The disorderly way in which Stokes seized him before the warrant was made out is generally condemned.

AS A COMMON PRISONER.

DUBLIN, November 2d.—The Irish Prison Board directed that O'Brien should wear the prison uniform and be treated in every way as an ordinary prisoner.

A MASSACRE.

An Uprising by Bloodthirsty Natives in Africa.

LONDON, November 2d.—Mail advices from Sierra Leone say the natives of Sannchos have risen and massacred the native police and a number of people. The gunboats Acorn and Electa will proceed to the scene and suppress the rising.

Deer Shooting Made Easy.

LONDON, November 2d.—People need not be surprised to hear that the German Emperor was able to kill several deer in the chase last week in Count Holber Wernigernde's forests. The Emperor sits in an easy-chair and the creatures are driven along in a herd at a distance of less than twenty yards from his gun, which is handed to him by a jaeger as they appear.

Sanguine Mr. Balfour.

LONDON, November 2d.—Balfour has written a letter in which he says he does not doubt that Ireland, with time and patience, will see the law again in the position of supremacy from which it ought never to have been allowed to fail. The task of restoring the law is not easy, but sympathy encourages those engaged upon it.

English Municipal Elections.

LONDON, November 2d.—The municipal elections in England are completed. The returns show a gain for the Liberals of 78. The gain for the Conservatives and Dissident Liberals is 62.

Will Try It Again.

LONDON, November 2d.—Lieutenant Henn, owner of the yacht Galatea, says he will take his boat to America again in the spring and take part in all next season's regattas.

A Bright Star has Set.

LONDON, November 2d.—Jenny Lind, the celebrated Sweedish singer, is dead. She was aged 68 years. She had been seriously ill for some weeks.

Unfounded Report.

LONDON, November 2d.—The report that the British bark Temple Bar had foundered in Bristol Channel during yesterday's storm and all her crew lost, is untrue.

Emperor William's Condition.

BERLIN, November 2d.—Emperor William is not yet able to rise. His disturbing symptoms are abating, but the pain at the base of his spine continues especially acute with any movement.

A Duke Very Ill.

LONDON, November 2d.—The Duke of Sutherland is dangerously ill of congestion of the lungs.

Do you suffer with catarrh? You can be cured if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. Sold by all druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

FITS!—All Fits stopped free by Dr Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

HUNDREDS of persons who have used Ayer's Hair Vigor attest its value, as a stimulant and tonic, for preventing and curing baldness, cleansing the scalp, and restoring the youthful color to faded and gray hair.

PACIFIC COAST.

HEAVY FAILURES BY THE ACKERMAN FIRMS.

Creighton to be Brought Back—The Woolsteen Case—Benson in Canada—Suicide.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

HEAVY FAILURE.

The House of Ackerman & Co. Attached by Creditors.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 2d.—[Special.]—The failure of Ackerman Bros., and Ackerman, Block & Co., of this city, and Ackerman & Co., of Portland, Or., involves the branch houses of the firms in the East and Europe, but the amounts of the indebtedness are not known here as yet. Mr. Block, of Ackerman, Block & Co., said to-night, upon being asked for information that would give an idea of the condition of affairs: "The firms of Ackerman, Block & Co., and Ackerman Bros., of this city, and H. Ackerman & Co., of Portland, have been attached and are at present closed. The amount of liabilities of these three houses will approximate $400,000. It is expected that when the condition of these house is thoroughly investigated the assets will be found to cover all the liabilities. The attaching creditors are as follows: Levi Strauss & Co., $25,000; M. Livingston, $50,000; Anglo-California Bank, $50,000; L. Jacobi, $25,000. Against H. Ackerman & Co., of Portland, the First National Bank of Portland and J. L. Oppenheimer attach for $38,000. The cause of the suspension was the stringency of the money market and consequent inability of the firms to meet present demands. It is impossible for any of us to say what will be done in the future."

The firm of Ackerman, Block & Co. is composed of Hart S. Ackerman, Samuel S. Ackerman, Isadore S. Ackerman, Isadore H. Ackerman and Maurice Block, wholesale dealers in crockery and glassware, Nos. 13 to 19 Front street. The firm of Ackerman Bros. is composed of the above-named gentlemen, except Mr. Block. Their business is dealing in dry and fancy goods, crockery and glassware, millinery goods, etc., No. 123 Kearny street and Nos. 207 to 209 Sutter street.

NOT YET SAFE.

Creighton, the Jury-Fixer, to be Returned from Mexico.

TUCSON, November 2d.—Information has been received here that the Governor of Sonora has made a proposition to the authorities of California to deliver to them the jury-briber, Dick Creighton, although the offense charged against him is not in the list of those extraditable. It is stated that a dispatch making this offer and asking Governor Waterman to make a formal demand for Creighton was sent to Sacramento last week, and the necessary papers have since been forwarded to Sonora.

THE REPORT CONFIRMED.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 2d.—The report that Dick Creighton, the convicted jury-fixer—who made the mistake of going to Mexico, instead of to British Columbia is to be returned, is said to be founded on fact, and that he will soon be back in this city. The person who has given the information about the proposal to surrender Creighton, intimates that the affair would have been completed long ago if there had not been a hitch of some kind in this city, which prevented the prompt forwarding of the papers.

STAND FROM UNDER.

The San Francisco Committee of Safety Said to be Wide Awake.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 2d.—[Special.]—The assurance was given to-day that, in spite of all assertions to the contrary, the Committee of Safety, whose organization some time ago caused considerable comment, is still in existence and will likely be organized permanently this week. Ninety merchants have agreed to join the committee, to do their share in aiding to purify local politics. "There are no such words as 'fall through' about that committee," said one of the organizers. "There is work enough for half a dozen such committees, and we are going to do what we can. The Grand Jury now is much handicapped in the work it is trying to do, and the results of the recent jury-bribing trials are far from satisfactory."

WOOLSTEEN-HARLAN.

Chief Darcy, of Los Angeles, Repeats Hattie Woolsteen's Confession.

LOS ANGELES, November 2d.—The most notable event in yesterday's proceedings in the examination of Hattie Woolsteen, charged with the murder of "Doc" Harlan, was the testimony of Chief of Police Darcy, who related the alleged confession made to him by the girl, in which she said that she fired the fatal shot. Twice during the Chief's recital of the story, the defendant jumped to her feet and declared his statements false. No new points were brought out during the day's proceedings.

Late last night it was learned that Mrs. Harlan, or some one that assumed her name and answered to her description, had bought a ticket for New York and departed by the Atchinson, Topeka and Santa Fe route.

TO-DAY'S PROC