DAILY RECORD-UNION

TUESDAY.....MARCH 6, 1888

The RECORD-UNION *is the only paper on the coast, outside of San Francisco, that receives the full Associated Press dispatches from all parts of the world. Outside of San Francisco has no competitor, in point of numbers, in its home and general circulation throughout the coast.*

SAN FRANCISCO AGENCIES.

The paper is for sale at the following places: L. P. Fisher, Room 21, Merchants' Exchange, who is also Sole Advertising Agent for San Francisco; Grand and Palace Hotel News Stands; Market-street Ferry and junction of Market and Montgomery street News Stands.

☞ Also, for sale on all Trains leaving and coming into Sacramento.

IGNORANCE AT THE EAST OF CALIFORNIA AFFAIRS.

The New York *Herald* having replied that its remarkable Chinese-immigration statistics were drawn from the Bureau of Statistics, Congressman Morrow called upon the Chief of that department for a report of the actual number of Chinese who have come into the United States since 1882. That official promptly replied with an abstract of the exhibits on his books, from which it appears that but 397 Chinese had immigrated to the United States since August 5, 1882, up to December 1, 1887. Mr. Morrow then sent the Bureau copies of the reports of the Collector and Surveyor of the port of San Francisco, showing irrefutably that between August 5, 1882, and December 31, 1887, the Chinese arrivals by sea were 36,989. The Bureau now explains that it does not treat the Chinese coming in under claim of "prior residence" as immigrants, but, for statistical purposes, "as citizens."

This is certainly very strange procedure upon the part of the Chief of the Bureau. By what right or logic he treats these "returning" Chinese as citizens, even for statistical purposes, ordinary intelligence fails to comprehend. The true statistician never falsifies or obscures the titles of his calculations and exhibits; he invariably calls things by their right names, and, as has been said, "classifies without mercy or fear." The thing Colonel Switzler should have done was to state the exact fact, that so many Chinese returned and were admitted under claim of prior residence. The statistics were so reported to him, and he had no right whatever to classify them in any different manner. The stupidity of his work led the Eastern press into serious error, and no little injury has resulted.

We are at a loss for any possible reason why Colonel Switzler should have sent out these figures that have had the effect of leading the people into belief in a lie. That they were so misled is proved by the fact reported in the dispatches that when Mr. Morrow called upon the President and Secretary of State and pointed out the blunder of the Bureau and that thousands of Chinese had come into the country under the "prior residence" clause, both officials were amazed and confessed their ignorance of the fact. It is astonishing that Mr. Cleveland and Secretary Bayard should have been so profoundly ignorant of that of which about all the people on this coast are well informed. We had supposed that these high officials were sufficiently awake to such an important subject to possess themselves of the exact facts relating to it. For instance, how could the President prepare the message which we are assured will occompany the transmission of the new treaty, or Mr. Bayard negotiate the treaty intelligently, in ignorance of the number of Chinese who have gained admission under the several clauses of the Restriction Act? It is said by the dispatches that both the Secretary and the President were ignorant, indeed, that the "prior residence clause" had been used at all to engineer fradulent admissions. This, to Californians seem incomprehensible, in view of the much debate of the question, the resolutions passed by public meetings, the petitions sent up to Congress, the personal appeals made to the President and the Secretary, the letters of the Federal Judges and custom officers, and the reports of the latter officials made to the Treasury Department. The discovery now made will serve to disabuse Californians of the idea that this portion of the Union fills a very large place in the vision of the East. We are very apt to fancy that the Pacific coast, of such magnitude to us, and the interests of which seem to us of such vast importance, are the subjects of constant thought or mighty concern at the East. We are but a very small part of a great nation; an infinitesimal factor, indeed, in Eastern estimation, and our affairs command comparatively but very little attention in the midst of the activity of fifty-nine millions of people beyond the Rocky Mountains. Our distance from the great centers of population, our comparative littleness in the political and commercial world, must account for the very great misapprehension that certainly obtains at the East concerning this portion of the continent and the facts of daily history with us. It accounts in part for the blunder of the Eastern press in accepting the figures of the Bureau of Statistics referred to, in the face of the fact that the California press has teemed for months with the true exhibits, and that the Federal Judges and other officials have added the weight of their testimony in letters expository of the true situation, forwarded to our Congressmen and published in our own press. It may be humiliating to our pride, but it is undeniably true that the East does not pay a tithe of the attention to our concerns that we have supposed, nor take anywhere near the interest in our affairs that we have beguiled ourselves into believing.

A TREATY WITH CHINA.

The dispatches inform us that the administration and the Chinese Minister are about to sign a treaty which will provide for the absolute prohibition of Chinese immigration, except that Chinese with property in the United States valued at $1,000 and upwards, and accumulated in this country may come and go between the two nations. If this is correct information, and it appears to be authentic, it is quite as much as we can expect China to concede in a treaty. The Chinese now here who have property of $1,000 value are not so very numerous, and even if they comprised the whole number of Chinese in the United States it would be but a very few years until they would disappear, for removal, death and natural desire to return to China to spend old age, would presently rid the country of the whole Chinese population. Moreover, the fact that no more of their own countrymen are to come here, will have a tendency to discourage those with us, and prompt them to early return to China to remain. The Chinese are a clannish race; they must have association with people of their own kind; their social bonds are exceedingly strong and their temperament demands the society of their race and kin. While we cannot look upon the reported willingness of the Chinese Minister to sign the treaty, without entertaining suspicion of his sincerity, yet on its face the proposed conversation appears to be so unmistakable, direct and simple, that we are compelled to give the story of the "treaty" credit, until it is proven to have been deceit. It is possible that the administration has come to the conclusion that it cannot afford to enter upon the approaching campaign with nothing better to offer the Pacific Coast than promises upon this Chinese question. If so, it is resolving with wisdom and manifesting regard for public opinion upon these shores, to which it has heretofore given little heed.

THE CHEROKEES.

The Cherokee nation proposes that after a notice of ninety days all residents who claim citizenship with them, but cannot prove their relation to it by blood or descent, must retire from the Territory. This proposition is the outgrowth of the persistent efforts of a large number of people who cannot establish any right to tribal consideration by birth or descent, to recognition as Cherokees or of the Cherokees, or because of tribal relation to any of the several tribes of Indians in the territory and under the jurisdiction of the Cherokee nation. The immense value of the landed possessions of the Cherokees and the fact that they are held in common, occasion the strife out of which the proposal referred to springs. A great many whites have intermarried with the Cherokees, and the result has been that the strain of Indian blood has, in many cases, become so obscure that it is very difficult to detect it. This fact gives opportunity for the presentation of a great many false claims to the rights of citizenship in the nation. Under the compact between the "Nation" and the United States, made in 1835, the independence of the former, so far at least as the determination of citizenship is concerned, is irrevocably committed to the local government. The Supreme Court of the United States has passed upon this point and settled it beyond all controversy in favor of the Cherokee Nation. The United States Government is bound by every sentiment of right and justice and by the express words of its own treaty to keep faith with the "Nation" and prevent all trespass upon its rights, and thus far it has done so, as the "Oklahoma Boomers" have found to their sorrow. But the proposal now under debate at Tahlequah may involve citizens of the United States seriously. As we understand the compact, citizens of the United States, while not, unless accepted, having any rights of Cherokee citizenship, have the same right of residence in that Territory that they have in any State or Territory. It may be that the bill the Cherokee Council proposes relates only to intruders who settle upon and claim lands as Cherokee citizens by tribal origin, or mingled Cherokee blood. If the bill of expulsion is limited to such persons, no special objection will be raised to it, if it extends beyond that it is very likely to breed trouble and be called to the attention of the United States Government.

THE very latest advice is that the Crown Prince of Germany is afflicted with cancer of the throat, that it is malignant and incurable, and that at the most he has but a few weeks of life left to him. His death will certainly precipitate that of the aged Emperor, now in the nineties, and Germany will be left with a ruler, who is an inexperienced young man, feeble in body, and, if reports are true, not up to the average of princes in intellectual vigor. Such a condition of affairs as must soon prevail in the empire, will greatly agitate it, and may eventuate in a plunge into war or a withdrawal from the Austrian compact. The Russian Czar is certainly anxious for an opportunity to break the bond between Germany, Austria and Italy, and he will bring all the agencies at his command into play to foment discontent, and so distract the attention of the German people that his own designs may be put into motion, with the least possible resistance on their part. No one who has studied recent political movements in Europe closely can entertain much, if any doubt, that the death of the Prince and his father will be improved by the Czar as an opportunity to accomplish his ambitions lying in the direction of the Golden Horn. It is by no means certain that Germany, even with Bismarck remaining, will be in a condition to resist him. She may be confronted with socialistic and other manifestations that will demand her undivided attention home. The name of William withdrawn, no man can confidently predict that the succeeding aristocratic Government, as opposed to constitutional forms, will gain such a hold as he has upon the German people. The idea of republicanism, modified in form, of course, not only exists in Germany, but is active; democratic doctrine is not only openly preached, but but is no longer sternly rebuked by the Imperial power. Germany once cut loose from the respect which William commands, and freed from the traditions attaching to his long reign, may not enjoy that internal quiet which now prevails. Indeed, in this day of progressive thought and political enfranchisement, it is not wild speculation to look forward to such domestic movements in Germany as may withdraw her from very active efforts to impede the march of the Russian Czar.

EXPRESSIONS OF THE PRESS.

A great deal of nonsense regarding the cost of an orchard is circulating through the country. The real fact is that an orchard or vineyard can be cultivated more cheaply than a crop of corn, beans or potatoes.—*San Jose Mercury.*

Education is the true foundation stone of good government, and without it all would be chaos and crime. Our system of public schools are of such a character, that the children applying themselves assiduously to study can receive an education that will carry them through life.—*Willows Journal.*

Dividends to the stockholders in the various wine companies recently organized in this county are said to range from 20 to 50 per cent.; and this, notwithstanding that combinations are formed in this State to beat down the price of wine and prevent growers and makers from acquiring a reputation for producing superior brands.—*San Jose Times.*

When we read our Southern California exchanges we wonder if there is any farming land down there. The country seems to be all cut up into towns—one town joining another in a constant line—and every blamed one of them has a paper and every paper is loaded down with land advertisements and coining money. It must be the promised land—for editors.—*East Side Times.*

Senator Stanford has discontinued the use of the "overcheck" in his stables at Menlo Park, with obviously beneficial results. It is to be hoped that his example may be generally followed on the coast, where the practice is so very prevalent. Many persons undoubtedly fetter their horses in this manner from habit, without having ever given any thought to the evils of a practice which they will be ready to abandon as soon as they see the matter in its true light.—*Los Angeles Times.*

PACIFIC COAST.

A COMSTOCK MINER'S PAINFUL ACCIDENT.

Fire at Hanford—Two More Bodies Recovered at Vallejo—The Great Storm.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

MARCH RAINS.

A Widespread and Heavy Storm—The Farmers Have Enough.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

WOODLAND, March 5th.—This storm has been the heaviest of the season. The fall for the storm here is 1.87, for the season, 10.99. Capay, storm, 2.60; season, 11.10. Madison, storm, 3.69; season, 15.46. Winters, storm, 2.05; season, 18.14.

TEMPLETON, March 5th.—The storm seems to have cleared away. The fall to 7 o'clock this morning is 2.72 inches, and for the season to date, 13.87 inches.

LATHROP, March 5th.—The rainfall for the last twenty-four hours is .83 of an inch, and the total for the season, 7.17 inches.

SAN BUENAVENTURA, March 5th.—Ninety-two hundredths of an inch of rain fell yesterday. The total rainfall for the season is 16.17 inches.

ORLAND, March 5th.—The rainfall here yesterday was .84 of an inch, making 1.71 inches for the storm, and 9.62 inches for the season. The weather is fine and the crops are splendid.

MARYSVILLE, March 5th.—About two inches of rain has fallen since February, and crop prospects all over the valley have improved.

SONOMA, March 5th.—The rain-storm which set in yesterday morning continued up till noon to-day, when the sun came out warm and pleasant.

THE VALLEJO DISASTER.

Recovery of Two More Bodies from the Wreck of the Julia.

VALLEJO, March 5th.—The bodies of two more victims of the steamer Julia disaster were recovered yesterday, where one week ago to-day the explosion of the steamer occurred. The bodies were found on raising the wreck of the vessel to the surface, after the removal of the paddle-wheels, engine and heavy material that held it below the water. Eighteen bodies have now been recovered. Two men have died ashore from their injuries. There are yet eight or nine men missing.

The wrecked steamer will be taken to the dry dock at Mare Island Navy Yard, that the exact extent of damage may be learned. The divers employed by Whitelaw, the wrecker, have been instructed to search thoroughly over the bay bottom, near the place where the disaster occurred, in the hope of there finding some of the missing bodies.

The Coroner's inquest adjourned from last Friday will be resumed to-morrow, and, it is expected, will be concluded after two more days work at least. Several experts on boiler construction will be examined and a thorough effort made to ascertain the precise cause of the disaster.

ARIZONA.

The Stein's Pass Robbers Well-known in Tucson.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

TUCSON (A. T.), March 5th.—Sheriff Shaw and Len Harris, part of the posse pursuing the Stein's Pass robbers, left Janos, Chihuahua, the 29th, and arrived here this morning. The robbers passed through Janos the 27th. Their animals were worn out. Marshal Meade has a strong force of Mexicans, with fresh horses, after them. All were heading for Casa Grande.

The robbers are well-known here. There were three of them who left the city of Chihuahua overland nearly a month ago to rob a train. One of them was disabled near Janos, and remained until the other two returned with their plunder, and then joined them. Marshal Meade, A. C. Shibbell, Hill Smith and two Indian trailers propose to keep up the pursuit until the robbers are captured.

NEVADA.

Painful Accident to a Workman in the Ophir Mine.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

VIRGINIA, March 5th.—This afternoon Barney Cayle was caught under a caving mass of rock on the 1,465 level of the Ophir mine. When rescued it was ascertained that his leg was broken near the ankle-joint, and the jagged edges of the bone forced outward four inches, tearing the flesh and sinews in a frightful manner. He was also severely bruised on other parts of his body. The fractured limb was set, and the injured man sent to San Francisco on to-day's train for surgical treatment.

The Comstock Showing Up Again.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

VIRGINIA, March 5th.—The Assessor's abstract statement just filed places the bullion product of the Comstock lode at $1,145,509 for the quarter ending December 31, 1887, which is more than double that of the preceding quarter. It is estimated that the total yield for the quarter ending March 31, 1888, will exceed $2,000,000.

Sutter County's New Town.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

MARYSVILLE, March 5th.—The boom at Sutter City continues. The new Western Addition has all been sold, and the town still is being further extended.

W. A. Long, recently of Los Angeles, will shortly begin the publication of a weekly paper there, for which the material has already been ordered.

A ten thousand dollar hotel will be erected soon.

The general real estate market in Yuba and Sutter counties is strong, with an upward movement in prices.

The Wind at Marysville.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

MARYSVILLE, March 5th.—Reports are numerous of damage to fences, trees and sheds from the strong southeast wind that prevailed yesterday, but no serious harm has been done. Several windmills were blown down in the country. In Marysville a small, insecure frame dwelling blew over, but the family escaped without injury.

A Marysville Project.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

MARYSVILLE, March 5th.—A project for the incorporation of a company to prospect in the Marysville Buttes for coal, petroleum and gas, was discussed to-day at a meeting of a number of wealthy citizens. It is understood that such a corporation will be made in the near future. It is proposed to make systematic and thorough developments.

Fire at Hanford.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

HANFORD, March 5th.—A fire broke out in Cory's building at 7:40 this evening, burning the store of J. P. Boyce, J. C. Davis' saloon, H. Pryor's fancy goods store and G. D. George's saloon. No stocks were saved. Kutner Goldstein's large two-story brick broke the fire and saved the entire block.

Bond Election at Santa Cruz.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

SANTA CRUZ, March 5th.—At an election to-day for the purpose of issuing bonds not to exceed $100,000 for the purchase of water works, the proposition was carried. Total vote, 820; for, 570; necessary to a choice, 540½.

Telephone Office Robbed.

[*Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.*]

SANTA CRUZ, March 5th.—Last evening the telephone office was broken into and $40 in coin taken. Half the money belonged to the local manager.

A COSTLY CIGAR.—"Will you not smoke with me?" said a preacher who was supplying a church that Sunday with a view to a call. The father of that young man thus offered a cigar, had quit the use of tobacco for fear that his son might take to it. That cigar, handed out by the preacher, turned the scales, and he was not called to that church. The mother of the young man said: "We are not extremists, but we prefer that our sons should not use tobacco. How can we keep them from it if our own pastor uses it?" That was a three-thousand-dollar cigar—we mean that it was a three-thousand-dollar salary which the cigar turned into smoke.—*Richmond Religious Herald.*

THE tortures of dyspepsia and sick headache, the sufferings of scrofula, the agonizing itch and pain of salt rheum, the disagreeable symptoms of catarrh are removed by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"The Flowers that Bloom."

Dell Matchett, an arrival from the southern boom country of Los Angeles, is at the Union. He related the following probable tale of sights he saw in boomland to a press representative and the real estate dealers here, Henry & Diller. Mr. Matchett said: "I arrived in California some three months ago from Ohio, and proceeded at once to Southern California, and was stopping at a suburban hotel near Pasadena. Well, to a certain extent, I liked the country, though it was fearfully cold some mornings, but I thought it was all right, for just under my window was a rosebush in full bloom, and above it was a bed of pansies and hothouse exotics that for beauty and freshness I had never seen the like. You may believe I wrote long, flowery and eulogistic letters of the country and place to Eastern friends.

"But now for the sequel: the flower-bed was protected by a barbed-wire inclosure and it was impossible to reach them. One evening several ladies and myself importuned the proprietor for a boquet each, to wear to a reception that evening, but to no avail, so I determined I would have one at any cost. Shortly after dusk that evening I lowered myself from my window, made three or four grabs for the flowers, and then climbed back thoroughly disgusted. They were imitations, and nothing but these paper flowers that the ladies make. They were so artistically manufactured that they would have deceived the most experienced.

"I paid my bill next morning, and left for the upper country, without waiting to see whether the oranges were tied on the trees, or the grass was green through copious washings of paris green or not." We know that Mr. Matchett, if he decides to locate in our midst, will find all things real here, flowers, shrubs, grass, and country, painted not by the hand of man, but by nature, and nature's God.—*Chico Enterprise.*

GENERAL NOTICES.

Graceful forms, abundant tresses,
Sparkling eyes our praise invite,
But a blemish that distresses
And the loveliest face will blight—
Teeth uncleanly and unheeded—
SOZODONT for such is needed. TTS

G. Potter, Manufacturer and Dealer in Harness and Saddles, 1114 Second st., K and L tf

The best place in California to have your printing done. A. J. Johnston & Co's, 402 J St., Sacramento, Cal.

S. S & E. L. Southworth, Dentists, Sac.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Stated Meeting of Sacramento Royal Arch Chapter, No. 3, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in R. A. Degree. Sojourning Companions cordially invited. By order of ALEX. J. GARDINER, H. P.
WM. B. DAVIS, Secretary. 1t*

Members of Rising Star Rebekah Degree Lodge No. 8, I. O. O. F. Attend your regular Lodge meeting THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting members respectfully invited. MRS. LIZZIE DOLAN, N. G.
E. J. CLARK, Recording Secretary. 1t*

Confidence Lodge, No. 78, K. of P., meets THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, at Odd Fellows' Temple. Election of G. L. Delegates. I. CHRISTIE, C. C.
W. H. GREENLAW, K. of R. and S. 1t*

Benbow Lodge No. 229, Sons of St. George.—Members are notified to attend their regular meeting at 7 P. M. TUESDAY, March 6th. Social at 8 P. M. G. LLEWELLYN, President.
J. W. CHARLESWORTH, Secretary. 1t*

K. S. F., Attention.—Regular Meeting of Conclave 12, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, March 6th. Sir Knights, attend. F. A. MORGAN, C. C.
O. N. CRONKITE, Adjutant. 1t*

The Young People's Union of the Sixth-street M. E. Church meets TO-NIGHT at 1322 I street. 1t*

WANTED—TO RENT, A LOT TO PASTURE four horses. Call or address J. D., this office. mr6-6t*

WANTED—BY A BUSINESS HOUSE A young man capable of advancing in business; permanent position with good salary to an industrious man. Address B. H., care this office. mr6-3t*

LOST—IN THIS CITY SATURDAY LAST, on O street between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth, or on Twenty-sixth street, between O and P, a MOROCCO PURSE, containing over a hundred dollars in gold and silver. Leave at MRS. L. JONES' residence, P street, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty sixth, and be rewarded. mr6-3t*

FOR SALE—A FINE BUSINESS ON J ST.—Has a splendid run of trade; lots of money in it for the right party; will be sold cheap if disposed of in a few days, as the proprietor is about to leave the city. For further particulars address Postoffice Box 447, Sacramento. mr3-tedtf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS—ESTATE OF JULIUS C. BEACH, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned Executors of the estate of JULIUS C. BEACH, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary affidavits or vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to said executors at the office of Taylor & Holl, 630 J street, in the city of Sacramento.
Dated March 5, 1888.
JULIUS H. BEACH,
MARY E. BEACH,
Executors.
TAYLOR & HOLL, Attorneys for Executors. mr6-4tTu

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF California, County of Sacramento. In the matter of the estate of ANDREW J. STEVENS, deceased. Notice is hereby given that FRIDAY, the 16th day of March, 1888, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, and the Court-room of said Court, at the Court-house, in the City of Sacramento, County of Sacramento, and State of California, has been appointed as the time and place for proving the will of said ANDREW J. STEVENS, deceased, and for hearing the application of LYDIA M. STEVENS for the issuance to her of letters testamentary thereon.
Witness my hand and the seal of said Court this 5th day of MARCH, 1888.
[SEAL.] WM. B. HAMILTON, Clerk.
By Jos. J. GUTH, Deputy Clerk.
BEATTY, DENSON & OATMAN, Attorneys for Petitioner. mr6-10t

REVIVAL SERVICES

IN THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH, EIGHTH street, between N and O, EVERY EVENING, at 7:15. Brief sermons by Rev. M. J. Ferguson, of Kentucky. Public cordially invited. m6-2tn*

McNEILL CLUB BILLS.

ALL BILLS AGAINST THE McNEILL CLUB must be presented for auditing and payment THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 7:30, at the Club Rooms. By order of the EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CARD OF THANKS.

THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRE TO RETURN thanks to their many friends, especially to Miss Piper and class of the Sacramento Grammar School; also, for the beautiful floral offerings, on the occasion of the burial of their son Eddie. MR. AND MRS. N. SCHADT AND FAMILY. 1t*

INDORSEMENT.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE MAGnificent Mathushek Grand Piano used at the Concert last evening is a splendid instrument in every particular. I heartily recommend it to all who want a strictly first-class piano.
ENRICO CAMPOBELLO.
Sacramento, March 6, 1888. 1t

SOCIAL DANCE.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.—PIONEER ASSEMbly No. 855 and Railroad Assembly No. 7,639, K. of L., will give a social dance at Turner Hall on
Thursday Evening, March 8, 1888.
Music by Jones, Fisch & Watson. Tickets, 25 cents each. mr6-3t

STORE FOR SALE AT LINCOLN, CAL.

THE EXECUTORS OF THE ESTATE OF George D. Aldrich, lately deceased, offer for sale the brick store-room, with general stock of merchandise; also four large warehouses, stable, etc., if desired. This is one of the best locations in the State, Mr. Aldrich having a business record there of thirty-five years' duration.
E. K. ALDRICH,
F. H. ALDRICH,
mr6-tf Executors.

NOTICE TO VOTERS!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL parties interested, that at a regular meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Sacramento County, California, held on the 5th day of MARCH, 1888, an order was duly made and entered cancelling the Great Register of said county, and ordered a reregistration of the voters thereof. Said order was made pursuant to Section 1094 of the Political Code, and all persons desiring to vote at the ensuing election are notified that they will have to be reregistered, as provided in said section and in conformity with this order.
Attest: [SEAL.] W. B. HAMILTON,
Clerk of Board of Supervisors Sacramento County, California. mr6-6m

MR. A.'s REASON.

WERE I SURE OF LIVING 20 TO 25 years, I would even then insure, as my cash premiums, otherwise invested, would have to be improved at six to seven per cent. compound interest to equal the face of my policies. In the event of earlier death, there can be no investment for my family that can in any way compare with my $65,000 of life insurance. Insure in the MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY. ☞All policies unforfeitable and incontestible after two payments.
d16-MWF WM. M. LYON, Agent, 121 & 123 J st.

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

FARMS AND LANDS

—FOR SALE BY—

EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO.,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents,

No. 1015 Fourth Street - - - - - - - - - - Sacramento

FOUR FRUIT RIDGE FARMS,

THREE MILES FROM SACRAMENTO, BETWEEN THE UPPER AND LOWER STOCKTON ROADS,

EACH CONTAINING TWENTY ACRES.

FIRST HAS A GOOD DWELLING OF 5 ROOMS, A BLACKSMITH SHOP, HORSE-POWER for Irrigating; has 10 Acres in Fruit Trees of the best selection, most all in bearing.
Price, $300 Per Acre.

SECOND TRACT HAS A GOOD STABLE, SHEDS, ETC., AND HAS 15 ACRES OF THE choicest varieties of Fruit and Table Grapes, mostly in bearing.
Price, $250 Per Acre.

THIRD AND FOURTH TRACTS HAVE EACH 15 ACRES IN FRUIT TREES AND Vines, selected especially for their shipping qualities.
Price, $225 Per Acre.

☞ The name given to this Ridge is owing to its splendid adaptability of the soil for the raising of Fruits and Vines.

TERMS OF SALE—One-third Cash; balance in Annual Installments, with interest at rate of 7½ per cent. per annum; purchaser paying Taxes upon land.

PLACER COUNTY LANDS.

THE MILLER & HENLEY TRACT,

CONTAINING 255 ACRES, SUBDIVIDED INTO LOTS OF 14 TO 20 ACRES; A PORTION has been set out to Vineyard. It can all be irrigated, if necessary. The land is mostly level and cleared. It can all be cultivated, there being no waste upon it.

Prices, from $45 to $75 Per Acre.

TERMS—One-half Cash; balance in two equal Annual Installments, with interest at 7 per cent. per annum; purchaser paying Taxes.

240 ACRES FINE SLATE FORMATION FRUIT LAND; SIX MILES NORTHWEST FROM Auburn, and five miles north from Newcastle; good dwelling, barn and sheds; some stock; all fenced, and one cross fence; small vineyard and orchard; 120 acres lying on the north will be sold for $2,000, unimproved; total price, $5,000, one-half cash.

FOR $4,000. 190 ACRES FINE FRUIT AND GRAIN LAND; 40 ACRES CLEARED FOR Vineyard; good house, barn and granary; several living springs; some cattle; all fenced, and large new school-house, built on same at a cost of $1,200; six miles northwest from Auburn and five miles north of Newcastle.

FOR $1,800. FORTY ACRES, TWO AND ONE-HALF MILES FROM LOOMIS; ALL level and good Fruit Land.

FOR $4,000. 80 ACRES; ONE MILE FROM LOOMIS; FENCED AND HAS SOME OLD buildings. This place being so near the depot, will readily sell for $100 per acre if subdivided into ten-acre lots.

FOR $4,000. (NO. 362)—40 ACRES; HAS 5 ACRES IN VINEYARD; 7 ACRES IN Orchard; all fenced; has dwelling of 5 rooms, barn, outhouses, etc. A fine little farm and reasonable. Only two miles from Loomis.

FOR $4,000. 80 ACRES; MOSTLY ALL CLEARED; FENCED INTO TWO FIELDS; HAS a small Dwelling and Barn; a fine living spring; four miles from railroad.

THE LANDS OF PLACER COUNTY

Need no encomium from us. Their reputation for fruit-producing qualities has been established. The lands have doubled in value the past two years, and will continue to increase, and those who contemplate purchasing need be in haste if they wish to secure bargains.

☞ Catalogues issued Monthly. They contain the Largest List of ☜
☞ Lands of any Agency in California and Greater Bargains. ☜

EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Sacramento.

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

More Scared than Hurt!

THAT IS THE EXPRESSION USED BY a prominent Florida orange grower in reference to our recent "cold snap." Now is the time to buy orange land. Every acre of good fruit land in the Sacramento valley and foothills will double in price in less than two years.

$50 PER ACRE—160 ACRES, TWO and a half miles from Penryn, Placer county; house and barn; a few trees and vines; deep soil; southeast slope; fine for oranges and other fruits; all under ditch.

$30 PER ACRE—55 ACRES, ONE and a half miles from Folsom, adjoining Orangevale; about half cleared; southeast slope; good citrus land.

$10 PER ACRE—160 ACRES, 7 MILES from Nevada City; good orange, olive and grape land; house, barn and other outbuildings; all fenced; can all be irrigated; small orchard and 7,000 grapevines; free water for irrigation.

$7 50 PER ACRE—200 ACRES UNimproved land, five miles southwest of Grass Valley, Nevada county, in the warm fruit belt.

☞THESE ARE ALL BARGAINS.☜

A. LEONARD & SON,

Real Estate Agents, 1012 Fourth Street, Sacramento.

Agents for the Nevada County Land and Improvement Association. E. S. CAMPBELL, Manager.

FOR SALE.

840 Acres of Land, Six Miles Northeast of Galt.

640 acres of which are seeded on summer fallow to wheat.
40 Acres to winter sown wheat.
160 Acres to winter-sown barley.
70 Acres is black bottom soil, balance rich dark soil, table land.

☞ALL at $40 PER ACRE,☜
WITH THE CROPS;
☞ OR $30 PER ACRE, ☜
WITHOUT THE CROPS.

Living water runs through this land, and a fine grove of large oak trees is upon it.

Large barn, 60x100 feet, two-story. Tenant house and granary.

TERMS:

One-half Cash; balance at 9 per cent.—for one, two or three years, secured by a Mortgage on the Premises.

Parties desiring these lands are referred for information to MOORE & SMITH, Corner Commerce and Sonora sts., Stockton. To the SAME FIRM at Pier 10, Stewart street, San Francisco; or to their agent, J. H. FERRIS, ja12-2ptf At Galt, Sacramento county, Cal.

COLONY LANDS FOR SALE.

THE EAST ADDITION TO THE OAK PARK Colony Lands is now ready for sale, and will be sold on easy terms and in tracts to suit, with prices ranging from $15 to $50 per acre, and within a mile of the railway station at Kirkwood, and comprises some of the best fruit land in Tehama county. For particulars inquire of
J. A. PARKER,
d24-tf No. 426 K street, Sacramento, Cal.

WE SELL

MARTIN'S

NEW YORK

CREAM

CHEESE

At 12½ Cents per Pound.

Other dealers ask 20 cents a pound.

O'Connell & Co.,

—THE—

YANKEE GROCERS

730 J Street, Corner Eighth. 2ptf

REAL ESTATE, ETC.

A CHANCE

For Dairymen in San Mateo County.

640 ACRES—16 MILES WEST OF REDWOOD City; 100 acres redwood timber; 200 acres plow land; balance pasture; 6 acres orchard; house, barn, stables, dairy house, blacksmith shop; $25 per acre.

360 ACRES—A FENCED, WELL-WATERED stock ranch, 2 miles from above; $16 per acre.

590 ACRES—HALF PLOW LAND; PLENTY redwood and oak timber; running water; two-story house; large barn and cow stables; fine dairy house, granary, wagon-house, orchard, garden; fenced in subdivisions; $25 per acre.

378 ACRES—WELL FENCED, WELL WATered, plenty wood; good house, barn, cow stables, dairy house; $7,500.

320 ACRES—FENCED IN SUBDIVISIONS; well-watered; barn; nearly all plow land; including farming tools and horses; $35 per acre.

☞ This land is all close to San Francisco.

IF YOU DON'T WANT A DAIRY, BUY A Fruit Ranch before the boom commences on the line of the railroad, in

EL DORADO COUNTY.

33 ACRES—FRUIT AND GARDEN LAND; house and barn; all under ditch; 1½ miles from Placerville; $800.

360 ACRES—FRUIT AND GRAIN LAND; 3½ miles from Placerville; fenced in five fields; 200 acres can be irrigated with free water; 150 acres cleared; 75 acres in grain; about 55,000 vines; about 300 assorted fruit trees; large house and barn; easy terms; $15 000.

160 ACRES—$5 PER ACRE.

137 ACRES—FINE FRUIT LAND; 3 MILES from Placerville; 60 acres under cedar rail fence; 70 acres cleared; natural meadow of 15 acres; 7 acres in fruit; about 800 trees, fine varieties; 14 springs; house and barn. This ranch is nearly level, and only 3 miles from Placerville; $3,500.

160 ACRES—SOME IMPROVEMENTS; WILL sell pre-emption right for $300.

204 ACRES—AI FRUIT AND GRAIN LAND; 4 miles from Placerville; 180 acres cleared; no waste land; 1,600 fruit trees; 500 vines; 15 acres alfalfa; 60 acres grain; $2,000 house; good barn; an interest in a fine ditch goes with the place; easy terms; $6,000.

110 ACRES—FINE FRUIT LAND; NEAR Garden Valley; 40 acres cleared; 1,000 vines; 250 trees; free water; house and barn; plenty wood and water; $1,650.

Several pieces of School Land for sale, from $1 50 per acre up. We have a large list of vacant Government Land. If you don't see what you want in this list, call on

SWEETSER & AMSDEN

Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
1012 Fourth street.....Between J and K.

Money to Loan. 2tpf

W. P. COLEMAN

325 J STREET.

FARMS

$6,500. NINETY ACRES ADJOINING the Orange Vale Colony, near Folsom. Thirty acres in fine Vineyard; Ten acres in Alfalfa; one acre in Orchard; good Wine Cellar, Wine Press, Vats and Still; one mile from railroad; land divided into three fields; good House of 6 rooms, hard-finished; good Barn; Irrigating Ditch covers the property; fine soil; must be sold at once.

☞Place worth $10,000, but must☜
☞be SOLD IMMEDIATELY.☜

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR LIST OF PLACER COUNTY LANDS FOR SALE NEAR PENRYN AND AUBURN.

☞ MONEY TO LOAN. ☜

P. BOHL. E. A. CROUCH. 1ptf

Farms for Sale.

No. 299. ABOUT 200 ACRES IN EL DORADO county; good house and barn; interest in ditch; seven acres of orchard, nearly all fenced $5,500.

No. 285. 160 ACRES; SACRAMENTO COUNty; three miles from railroad station; good house, barn and well; all fenced. $35 per acre.

No. 265 160 ACRES; SACRAMENTO COUNty; 10 acres Vines and orchard; all fenced; two miles from railroad station. $40 per acre.

No. 291. ABOUT 800 ACRES IN PLACER county, in a very desirable location; house, barn, granary; all fenced. $25 per acre.

No. 277. 10 ACRES GOOD LAND, BRIGHTON Junction, at $150.

No. 300. 160-ACRE FARM NEAR GALT; $5,000.

No. 301 14 ACRES, HIGHLY-IMPROVED; house, barn, etc.; about two miles from city. $6,000.

ALSO, A NUMBER OF PIECES OF PROPERTY, from $8 to $20 per acre.

AGENCY UNION INSURANCE COMPANY, OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Sacramento Real Estate and Insurance Association,
Corner Third and J streets, Sacramento.

Placer County Land Office

AND INSURANCE AGENCY,
A. D. Bowley & Co.,
SACRAMENTO BANK BUILDING,
429 J street.....[tf].....Sacramento, Cal

L. L. LEWIS & CO.

GARLAND STOVES RANGES

$7 ONLY $7

THE NEW VOLUNTEER VAPOR STOVE.

$7 BUYS OUR NEW TWO-BURNER VAPOR STOVE.

This stove is the very latest production of the Eastern markets, and is a stove well worth seeing. A child can use it, as it is simplicity itself. Any housekeeper can take this stove, and inside of twenty minutes from the time she begins can cook a meal for ten persons, and do this without creating any heat, without any wood, coal or coke, and has no stove to black, no ashes to take up, no wood to chop; in fact it changes the work of cooking from what it has heretofore been called—drudgery—to that of pleasure. And we will guarantee every word we say about this Vapor Stove to any one who wishes to try them.