SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LIX.--NO. 40. SACRAMENTO, TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1888. WHOLE NO. 11,538.

CHANGED DAILY FOR C. H. GILMAN—APRIL 10, 1888.

To-morrow, at 9 A. M.,

We will commence the Sale of a Large Stock of Dry Goods, consisting of SILKS, DRESS GOODS, SATINS, FANCY GOODS, LACES, HOSIERY, HANDKERCHIEFS, MITTS, Etc. The stock of F. Steinhardt, sold by Order of Assignee. All of these Goods are in First-Class Order. We shall put none of them in our regular stock, and have placed such Low Prices on the whole lot as to insure quick sale.

Four cases Dress Suitings at.....5 cents per yard
Black Rhadame Silk.....50 cents (worth $1)
French Satins, new shades.....40 cents (good value for 75 cents)
$2 50 Silk Plushes for.....$1 25 per yard
Brocaded Silks and Satins.....50 cents (worth $1 50)
Black Glace and Gros Grain Silks.....50 cents per yard and upward
Misses' Black and Colored Lisle Hose, extra fine goods..25, 35 and 50c
Children's Solid-Colored Silk Hose.....35 cents
Children's Cashmere Wool Hose.....25 cents
Fancy-bordered Handkerchiefs.....2, 3, 4, 5 and 7 cents
Ladies' Fine Lawn Handkerchiefs.....25 cents
Lot of Silk Fans.....25 cents to $1
Satchels.....25 cents and upwards
Silk Parasols.....$1
Laces.....2 cents and upwards
Ladies' Fine-Finished Hose.....25 to 50 cents
Children's Heavy Cloth Cloaks.....$2 50 (worth $5)
Passementerie Trimmings.....5 cents per yard and upwards
Ladies' Gauze Merino Vests.....25 cents
Ladies' Union Merino Suits.....$1
Lot of Extra Fine Corsets.....60 and 75 cents
Crep Leis Ruchings.....10 cents
Brooks & Chadwick Spool Cotton.....3 cents
Jersey and Lace Silk Mitts.....25, 35 and 50 cents
Infants' Combined Slips.....25 cents
Children's Muslin Chemise and Drawers.....25 cents
Infants' White Tucked Normandy Bonnets, trimmed with embroidery and lace.....15, 25, 35 and 50 cents, less than one-half their value
White Lawn Bonnets, 15 cts. Ribbon Remnants, all colors.....5 cts. and up
Gilt Hat Ornaments.....5 cents

See Further List To-morrow. See Goods now on Display in Show Window.

TO-MORROW,

At 9 A. M., in connection with our great Dry Goods sale, we have a lot of Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Shoes and Slippers, purchased at creditors' sale. The prices are cut to the lowest notch

LOT 1—Child's Kid-button Shoes.....50 cents
LOT 2—Child's Buff Kid Ties.....35 cents
LOT 3—Child's Kid-button Shoes.....65 cents
LOT 4—Misses' Pebble-goat Button Shoes, solar tip.....$1
LOT 5—Misses' Grain Button Shoes, solar tip.....$1
LOT 6—Men's Imitation Alligator Ties.....65 cents
LOT 7—Men's Felt Slippers, embroidered.....75 cents
LOT 8—Men's Extra French Calf Button Shoes, London toe and tip.....$2
LOT 9—Ladies' Extra Quality Glove-kid Button Shoes.....$1 45
LOT 10—Men's Calf Congress Gaiters, London toe and tip.....$1 50
LOT 11—Child's Spring-heel Kid-button Shoes.....90 cents
LOT 12—Gents' Fine Embroidered Slippers, satin-quilted in-soles.....$1
LOT 13—Ladies' Kid Langtrys.....$1 95
LOT 14—Ladies' French Kid-button Shoes, patent leather vamp.....$1 85
LOT 15—Ladies' French Kid Side-lace and Button Shoes.....$1
LOT 16—Ladies' and Gents' Felt Slippers.....40 cents

RED HOUSE,

Nos. 714 and 716 J Street,
AND 713 and 715 OAK AVENUE.....SACRAMENTO, CAL.

FRUITS, SEEDS AND PRODUCE.

H. G. MAY & CO.,
428 AND 430 K STREET, CORNER FIFTH, Sacramento, Cal. Shippers of Fruit and Vegetables. Orders for the country carefully packed. The best the gardens afford at lowest prices. P. O. Box 437. tf

S. GERSON & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
—WHOLESALE—
Fruit and Produce.
220 J Street,
SACRAMENTO.....CAL.

W. H. WOOD & CO.
(Successors to LYON & CURTIS),
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND WHOLESALE Dealers in California and Oregon Produce and Fruits. Potatoes, Beans, Apples, Oranges, etc., a specialty.
Nos. 117, 119 and 125.....J Street.

THE SACRAMENTO MARKET
CARRIES THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF Fruit, Produce, Fish, Poultry, Game, etc., to be found in the city.
CURTIS BROS. & CO.,
308, 310 and 312 K street, Sacramento.
Telephone 37. [tf] Postoffice Box 335.

CURTIS BROS. & CO.,
General Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers in
Fruit and Produce.
308, 310 and 312 K st., Sacramento.
Telephone 37. Postoffice Box 335. tf

CALIFORNIA MARKET,
No. 712 K street.
Garzoli & Genis,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in Butter, Domestic and Imported Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Game, Fish, Fruit and General Produce. Orders delivered to any part of the city. Telephone No. 188. 1m

EUGENE J. GREGORY. FRANK GREGORY.
GREGORY BROS. CO.,
(Successors to GREGORY, BARNES & CO.),
Nos. 126 and 128 J Street.....Sacramento,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full Stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at Lowest Rates. tf

W. R. STRONG & CO.,
—WHOLESALE—
FRUIT AND PRODUCE
DEALERS,
SACRAMENTO.....[1p].....CAL

ROSEDALE MARKET, 721 J STREET, SACRAMENTO, Cal., ATTAMA, WATSON & CO., Proprietors—Wholesale and retail dealers in Vegetables, Fruit, Eggs, Produce in General, Poultry, Game: Fresh, Smoked, Salt and Dry Fish. Hotels, restaurants and families supplied. Goods delivered free of charge. ap8-2m

FIRE INSURANCE
AGENCY OF THE
North British and Mercantile
INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH,
W. B. MAYDWELL,
Agent, 309 J Street.....Sacramento.
ALSO, AGENT FOR ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. 4ptf

FRANK KUNZ,
Florist and Nurseryman,
No. 2129 Tenth Street, Sacramento.
TELEPHONE 182. 4plm

$5 BUYS A CORD OF STOVE WOOD or a TON OF COAL,
—AT THE—
C. O. D. Wood Yard, Fourth and I sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. C. J. MEYER,
804 K STREET (NOT JEFFREY MAYER, but the wonderful Clairvoyant, Trance and Business Medium), can be consulted on all subjects—Love, Marriage and Business. Her most wonderful powers have been tested. See her and be convinced. Circles Wednesday, Friday and Sunday evenings at 8 P. M. Gives names in full. Will call at residences, if desired. Hours, from 10 A. M. to 9 P. M. Will be here only a short time. mr31-1p12t

EBNER BROS.
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS.
114 and 118 K st., bet. Front and Second, Sac'to
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
COMMENTY AND GRENO CHAMPAGNE. 1plr

STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.
1016, 1018, 1020 FIFTH STREET, SACRAMENTO, NEUBOURG & LAGES, Proprietors. Manufacturers of Malt and all kinds of Meals. Would call special attention to our Kiln-dried Cornmeal, Oatmeal, etc. Also, dealers in Hops, Corks, Produce, Grain, Feed and a general assortment of Brewers' Supplies. Exchange sold on all principal cities in Europe. 1p

Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, and every affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest are speedily and permanently cured by the use of
WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,
which does not dry up a cough and leave the cause behind, but loosens it, cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint. CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED by a timely resort to this standard remedy, as is proved by hundreds of testimonials. The genuine is signed "I. Butts" on the wrapper. SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Prop'rs, Boston, Mass. Sold by dealers generally.

This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. All others, similar are imitation.

WARRANTED PEARL TOP FINEST QUALITY

This exact Label is on each Pearl Top Chimney. A dealer may say and think he has others as good, BUT HE HAS NOT.
Insist upon the Exact Label and Top.
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. MADE ONLY BY
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For Sale by the SACRAMENTO GLASS AND CROCKERY CO., 929 J street, and 920 and 922 Seventh street, Sacramento. jy4-1yTTS&ewly

DRUNKENNESS
Or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.
It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it; is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been made temperate men who have taken Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. IT NEVER FAILS. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. For sale by JOS. HAHN & CO., Druggists, corner Fifth and J streets, Sacramento, Cal. d8-TThSly

The best place in California to have your printing done: A. J. Johnston & Co's, 929 J St., Sacramento, Cal.

PACIFIC COAST.

BOLD ATTEMPT TO KIDNAP ONE OF BLYTHE'S HEIRS.

A Kern County Mystery—Town Elections—Violent Deeds Along the Mexican Border.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

IMPORTANT SEIZURE.

Some $3,000 Worth of Smuggled Opium Captured at the Bay.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—An important seizure was made this afternoon on the dock of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, which has greatly flurried the clerks in the employ of Goodall, Perkins & Co., and caused Surveyor Tinnin to put on an air of secretiveness which is painful to behold. Among the imports on the last steamer from the north were three cases supposed to contain household effects, that being what they were entered on the steamer's manifest. They were consigned to a Chinese firm in this city, and the suspicion of the Custom-house officials became aroused and the contents of the cases were investigated. The result of the investigation was that the innocent-looking cases of household effects were found to contain $3,000 worth of prepared opium, and in all likelihood manufactured in one of the British Columbia factories.

In connection with the opium seizure was the arrest of a dapper little Chinaman who visited the dock for the purpose of receiving the cases.

Deputy Surveyor Fogarty was on the lookout for him and immediately placed him under arrest and conveyed him to the Custom-house.

IN THE "FIGHT."

Senator Stanford Squarely Into the Presidential Struggle.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—[Special.]—The *Call* will to-morrow publish, on the highest authority, a statement that Senator Leland Stanford has signified his willingness to allow his name to be brought before the National Republican Convention at Chicago as a candidate for the Presidency, and to that end desires the support of the delegation from the Pacific coast to the Convention.

CHINESE HYDRAULICKERS.

The Conflict of Authority Between Yuba and Nevada Courts.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

MARYSVILLE, April 9th.—A conflict of authority has arisen between the Superior Court of Nevada county and Sheriff Inlow of this county over the arrest of Chinese hydraulickers captured at Scott's Flat, Nevada county, last week. G. H. Sterns, one of the anti-debris agents who made the arrests, was served with a writ from Judge Walling requiring him to produce Ah Fong, one of the captured Chinamen, in the Superior Court of Nevada county on Saturday last.

Previous to the service of the writ the Chinaman had been delivered by another party into the custody of the Sheriff of Yuba county at the jail here, who declined to surrender him to Sterns upon the writ. Sterns appeared before Judge Walling on Saturday with an attorney, and was required to produce the Chinaman to-day or be held for contempt. Sheriff Inlow, acting under legal advice, still declines to surrender the prisoner.

Leading counsel of the Anti-Debris Association are being consulted, and the matter will probably be taken immediately to the Supreme Court. There appears to be no occasion for interference by the Nevada county Court in this case, as the Chinese captured while in the act of hydraulicking had been previously served with a notice to desist from their illegal work, and were perfectly well aware of the law. They tried to escape arrest—some by fighting and others by running.

Nearly all the illicit hydraulic mining still carried on is prosecuted by Chinese, and they put the people in this part of the State to much expense and trouble in keeping up a costly detective organization.

The people of Marysville are indignant that the mountain Courts interfere with the plain course of justice by protecting these criminals.

A BORDER RUFFIAN.

Savage Assault Upon Consul Mackey at Paso Del Norte.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

EL PASO, April 9th.—Yesterday evening shortly after dark, while United States Consul Mackey, of Paso Del Norte, was sitting at his residence, rented from J. H. Griffith, the latter forced himself into the residence and into the Consul's room, with a great deal of bluster and noise, and evidently in a state of intoxication. Consul Mackey's mother was in the room and became terribly frightened, as it was evident Griffith had come for a fight.

Mackey quietly stepped into an adjoining room and placed a pistol in his pocket and then faced his assailant. Again the latter commenced a tirade of abuse, accusing Mackey of talking about him, and finally rushed on the Consul, who tried to ward off his blows. Both went down and rolled on the floor. In this position Mackey tried to draw his pistol from his pocket, under the impression that Griffith was armed and intended shooting him, but his hand was held by his adversary until the noise attracted a number of bystanders, who separated them.

After the Consul was released by the bystanders Griffith still continued to abuse him. Mackey became excited by the screams of his mother, and pulled his pistol again and fired at Griffith, fortunately without effect. Griffith escaped. Some Mexican policemen ran up to the house, but seeing it was the American Consul's, did not enter. The Chief of Police went up to the house, and after hearing what had occurred ordered a police officer to stay around and arrest Griffith as soon as caught, but he did not make his appearance. He went immediately across the river to El Paso. So did his wife, who really was at the bottom of the trouble, having tried to overreach the Mackey family in rent and board.

Before leaving Mrs. Griffith went to the Chief of Police and applied for a warrant against Consul Mackey, but was refused, on the ground that he had done perfectly right and would have been justified in killing Griffith. Consul Mackey, unlike his predecessor, Judge Bingham, of Cutting fame, is very popular with the Mexicans. All regret the unprovoked assault made upon him in their city.

A DESPERATE GAME.

Frustration of an Attempt to Kidnap One of the Blythe Heirs.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—[Special.]—It has just been learned that an attempt was made on Saturday night last by Mark Rame to kidnap Florence Blythe, who claims to be an heiress of the celebrated Blythe estate.

The object of the kidnaping is believed to have been for the purpose of obtaining a heavy ransom, while others allege that murder was the object. Others are known to have been in the conspiracy, but their names are withheld until their arrests can be effected.

Rame's case came up this morning in the Justice's Court at West Berkeley, and he was held in $3,600 bonds on a charge of kidnaping. The attempt to kidnap was made at the residence of James Crisp, her grandfather and guardian, at Berkeley. The attempt was frustrated, one of the conspirators exposing the plot to the police authorities of this city.

A LIQUOR VICTORY.

The Modesto Democrats Knock Out the No-License Ticket.

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MODESTO, April 9th.—An exciting municipal election took place here to-day between the Citizens' No-License ticket and the regular Democratic ticket. The total vote polled was 550. The following City Trustees were elected by majorities ranging from 73 to 106: Thos. Wallace, John Robinson and Herman Chist. For City Marshal, A. M. Hill received 21 majority. Clerk, L. B. Farrish; Treasurer, E. P. Grant. All of the above officials were Democratic nominees, except the City Marshal, who ran independent. The Democrats are jubilant to-night. The Republicans made no nominations.

MYSTERY OF THE PLAINS.

A Kern County Sheepherder Discovers a Headless Human Body.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

BAKERSFIELD, April 9th.—A French sheep man came in this afternoon and reported that he had found the dead body of a man at Whitewolf Springs, twenty-four miles east of this place. The head was separated from the body and lay some distance from it. The remains were in an advanced state of decomposition. Papers which had evidently belonged to the deceased were scattered about. A Justice of the Peace has gone to investigate.

OREGON.

Death of One of the Argonauts of the Webfoot State.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

ASTORIA, April 9th.—General John Adair died this afternoon, aged 80 years. He was a pioneer of 1849, and lived continuously at Astoria every since. He had occupied many positions of trust, and was prominent in laying the foundations of this State.

Fruit-Growers in Session.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

SANTA BARBARA, April 9th.—The ninth State Convention of Fruit-Growers met in this city this afternoon at 2 P. M., with Elwood Cooper, President of the State Board of Horticulture, in the chair. Edward Iveson and H. C. Ford, of this city were elected Vice-Presidents.

After the conclusion of the address by Mr. Cooper, which was quite lengthy, Hon. Russell Heath, of Carpenteria, delivered an interesting address of welcome.

Secretary Lelong read an essay on the culture of the walnut, by Joseph Sexton, of Golota.

The Convention then adjourned until to-morrow.

Yolo County Politics.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

WOODLAND, April 9th.—A call has been made for a meeting of the Democratic Central Committee of this county, to be held April 14th, to elect delegates to the State Convention.

The Republican County Central Committee met to-day and elected the following delegates to the State Republican Convention: D. G. Weber, D. B. Hulburt, D. L. Moody, F. S. Sprague, Charles F. Reed, Thomas Ross and M. Wyckoff.

Progress in Woodland.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

WOODLAND, April 9th.—Woodland is making quite a stir at present. The foundation of the woolen mill is built, four carloads of machinery has arrived, and a force of thirty workmen are pushing the work. A new ice factory is also under headway.

The grade-stakes for the street railway were driven to-day, and the work on the road bed will begin to-morrow. A fruit cannery company is being formed.

The Riverside Election.

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RIVERSIDE, April 9th.—The city election is in progress to-day. While a large vote is being polled, everything is very quiet. Party politics have been discarded. The contest is entirely on "saloon or no saloon" in Riverside.

LATER.—It is impossible to-night to give the result of the vote, further than that the anti-saloon leaders are claiming the election.

The Trial of L. A. Powell.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

REDWOOD CITY, April 9th.—The trial of L. A. Powell for the murder of R. S. Smith will come up to-morrow morning, Tuesday, at 10 o'clock. The necessary depositions have arrived from the East, and are filed in the County Clerk's office. The Superior Judge of San Francisco will, it is supposed, preside. A venire of seventy-five jurors has been issued to appear in Court to-morrow morning.

A Young Man's Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—[Special.]—Samuel T., son of George Shreve, the well-known jeweler, was found dead on the ocean beach, near the Ocean House, this evening, with a bullet-hole in his head. He had been dead a week at least. A revolver was found by his side. Young Shreve had been suffering from nervousness for some time, and it is supposed that in a fit of temporary insanity he killed himself. He was 28 years old.

Quiet Election at Willows.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

WILLOWS, April 9th.—The city election passed off very quietly to-day. The principal interest centered in the contest for Marshal and Clerk. G. W. Freeman, W. C. Baylor and W. R. Merrill were re-elected Councilmen; G. M. Parks was elected Clerk, J. F. Sersanous was re-elected Treasurer, and G. M. Potts was re-elected Marshal.

Opposed to Improvement.

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SONOMA, April 9th.—The election for municipal officers to-day resulted in the election of R. Poppe and Ed. Wagner for Trustees, and George Sparks for Marshal. There was a tie vote polled for Clerk and Treasurer. The election is a victory for those opposed to bonding the town for improvements.

Fatal Accident in Placer.

LOOMIS, April 9th.—On Sunday evening George W. Amsden was killed while attempting to board a moving train at this place. Deceased was lately employed on a farm near here, but was formerly a railroad employe. A brother is now employed on the road in the vicinity of Blue Canyon, and a sister resides at Rocklin.

San Francisco Republicans.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—[Special.]—The Republican County Committee met this evening. Baum, Chairman of the Executive Committee presented a partial report. The primary election will be held for 103 delegates to the State Convention, Wednesday, the 18th, is set for the formation of clubs in the several districts.

A Vile Creature.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—Judge Hornblower rendered a decision to-day holding John Landers, a clerk in the Andes Mining Company, in $3,000 bonds to await trial in the Superior Court for enticing Hattie Dunn away from her widowed mother's home, at 1114 Hampshire street, for purposes of prostitution.

Redding's First Election.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

REDDING, April 9th.—The municipal election is progressing quietly. Much interest is manifested. Scratching is indulged in extensively, the Democrats apparently in the lead at noon. The Republicans seem to be pulling up steadily. One hundred and ninety votes were polled at 2 o'clock.

Death of a Postmaster.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

SAN ANDREAS, April 9th.—Frank Reddick died very suddenly last evening of heart disease while on his way from Fourth Crossing to this place. He was a brother of Hon. J. B. Reddick and Postmaster at Fourth Crossing.

Santa Cruz' New Mayor.

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SANTA CRUZ, April 9th.—The city election passed off quietly, and 849 votes were cast. G. Bowman was elected Mayor without practically any opposition.

Lassen County Delegates.

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SUSANVILLE, April 9th.—The Republican delegates from Lassen to the State Convention are E. V. Spencer, E. R. Dodge and F. Hines.

Mono Delegates.

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BRIDGEPORT, April 9th.—J. L. C. Sherwin, Mr. McKown and J. E. Goodall have been chosen delegates to the State Convention.

Disgusted Denis.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9th.—Denis Kearney has arrived from the East, disgusted with the manner in which the Administration treated our Chinese bill.

A Month's Immigration.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 9th.—[Special.]—During the month of February 6,988 persons arrived in the State over the Southern Pacific lines, and 3,784 were carried hence.

THE CAPITAL.

ANOTHER DAY'S FILIBUSTERING IN THE HOUSE.

Stanford and the Presidency—The New States Contest—Dependent Pensions—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

HELP FOR VETERANS.

The Committee Concludes Its Work on the Dependent Pension Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The House Committee on Invalid Pensions this morning took final action upon the Senate bill known as the dependent pension bill. A substitute was adopted for the second section, which is the principal section of the bill. The substitute provides a pension for all persons who have served in the military or naval service of the United States for any period, and who have been honorably discharged, and who are now or may hereafter be suffering from mental or physical disability, not the result of their own vicious habits, which totally disabled them for the performance of manual labor—at the rate per month of one cent for every day's war service.

It further provides the same pension for all persons who are 62 years of age—or who may hereafter become 62 years of age—for and during their natural lives.

Section three was amended so as to provide that when the widow of any person who had served in the war, and been honorably discharged, is in a condition of dependence, or is suffering from any disability recognized by the general pension law, or is 62 years of age, she shall be placed upon the pension roll at a rate per month of one cent for every day's war service of her husband.

The fourth section was amended so as to make the attorney's fees for claims filed under the bill $5, instead of $10. The element of dependency placed in the Grand Army bill by the Senate was eliminated so that all soldiers are to be pensioned for their services equally, without regard to their financial condition and according to the per diem idea.

The amendments were adopted by a strict party vote, the Republicans favoring the provisions of the Senate bill, so that the amended bill may be regarded as embodying the Democratic policy in the matter of pension legislation.

SENATOR STANFORD.

Coming to be Regarded as a Strong Presidential Candidate.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The *Sunday Herald* publishes the following editorial paragraph: There are indications of a spontaneous movement for Senator Stanford as the Republican candidate for President. The undeniable popular strength shown by such candidates as Depew and Stanford is one of the most curious signs of the times. Evidently people do not intend to consider all railroad Presidents and millionaires as public enemies, but discriminate between the broad, fair and humane, and wizards and wreckers.

Without doubt Depew is very popular in New York, and Governor Stanford equally or more so on the Pacific slope. His magnificent charities, his unsullied private character and amiable personal traits are of the kind to attract popular favor. There is no doubt that the Republican party might go farther and fare worse.

THE DEAD JURIST.

Proceedings in the Supreme Court Concerning the Late Chief Justice.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—In the Supreme Court to-day, Attorney-General Garland presented the resolutions recently adopted by the bar and officers of the Court respecting late Chief Justice Waite, and spoke at some length in eulogy of the deceased.

Justice Miller, in receiving the resolutions, also paid an eloquent tribute to the late Chief Justice, and said:

"We fully appreciate the great loss which the country, the bar and the officers of the Court have sustained by this sad event. The blow falls, however, with more force upon the members of this Court, who were associated with him in the performance of its functions, and had been accustomed to the benefit of his learning and of his ability in the discharge of duties common to us all; for, not only has he guided our pathway and lightened our labors by his experience, his skill and his practical tact, but with an urbanity and kindliness of heart rarely, if ever, excelled. He had won our affections and attached us to himself, so that while we sympathize in the public loss, each also feels the sorrow of separation from a special friend."

Justice Miller then announced that the Court would cease to hear arguments on May 4th, and would adjourn for the term on May 14th.

A ROW AVERTED.

Reported Amicable Settlement of the Morocco Affair.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The Secretary of State has received a cable message from United States Consul Lewis, at Tangier, saying that the recent trouble with the Moorish Government has been satisfactorily settled. No details are given, but it is stated at the Department that the terms are honorable to this Government.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—Morril gave notice that he would on Wednesday next address the Senate on the President's annual message, and Coke gave a like notice for Thursday. A number of bills were then introduced and referred.

The bill to provide for the admission of the State of Dakota into the Union and for the organization of the Territory of Lincoln was taken up.

The substitute reported from the Committee on Territories to the original bill establishes the boundaries of the proposed State and designates the remaining portions of the present Territory as the Territory of North Dakota (not Lincoln), with Bismarck as the capital.

Teller reported back the House bill to give validity to certain patents for inventions that were irregularly issued, being signed by Second Assistant Secretary of the Interior Hawkins, instead of by the Secretary himself. Passed.

Butler reported back the House bill to ratify and confirm the Act of the New Mexico Legislature creating the county of San Juan. Passed, with an amendment declaring Aztec the county seat.

Among the bills introduced and referred were the following:

By Allison—For the establishment of a permanent Court of Arbitration between the United States and Great Britain and France.

By Chandler—For the completion of the direct tax of 1861. [This bill revives and re-enacts those sections of the Act of 1861 imposing a direct tax of $20,000,000, and provides for the collection of all the unpaid balances, with five per cent. interest thereon. States are to have the privilege of assuming their quota, less 15 per cent deduction, otherwise the tax is to be collected from the land of individuals, as provided in the original Act.]

The bill to authorize the sale to aliens of certain mineral lands was taken up for consideration.

Faulkner spoke in opposition to it. He regarded it as a bill fraught with danger. The Act of 1887, which the bill proposed to nullify, was the first Act passed which affected the holding of real estate. The bill would not only allow individuals to obtain mineral rights in this country, but it would allow corporations formed in England, France or Germany to purchase any number of patents to mining lands.

Stewart asked Faulkner whether there was any law in West Virginia that prevented aliens from having an interest in mining property.

Faulkner—"None that I know of."

Stewart—"Nor in any other State."

Faulkner moved an amendment providing that where mining claims which have been patented are acquired by partnership, a majority of the partners or directors shall be citizens of the United States.

Stewart said there seemed to be a total misapprehension of the object of the bill. It left the law—so far as mining claims were concerned—in the same condition as if the Act of 1887 had not passed, and the Senator himself (Faulkner) had demonstrated that no evil had resulted from it as it had then stood.

Dolph said the law of 1887 had been aimed against the evil of allowing foreigners to hold large tracts of agricultural lands. The bill simply restored the condition of affairs in the mining districts of Territories that existed before the Act of 1887.

Without final action on the bill or the amendment the bill was laid aside and the bill taken up to provide for the admission of Dakota into the Union and for the organization of the Territory of Lincoln.

Platt, Chairman of the Committee on Territories, said the bill was one of four which had been reported by the Committee on Territories for the admission of new States. It provided for the admission of the southern part of Dakota under a constitution already formed. The other three bills were enabling Acts for the Territories of Washington, Montana and the northern portion of Dakota. The proposed State of South Dakota had a population of 400,000, and he thought that they had a right to be admitted as a State and to participate in the next Presidential election.

Vest—"Do you mean that the people of South Dakota have a legal and constitutional right to come into the Union as a State without action on the part of Congress?"

Platt—"No."

Vest—"That claim has been asserted, and I wanted to know whether the Senator from New York indorsed that proposition or not."

Platt said there were now in the Union nine States having less population than the proposed State of South Dakota. He argued that South Dakota had brought herself within the precedent under which States had been admitted. It could not be said that she had done anything irregular. Why should she not be admitted, and admitted now? Why should the Senate turn a deaf ear to her prayer? Why should the Senate refuse to participate in that greatest, grandest act of legislation—the admission of a new State into the Union, thus adding to the grandeur, strength, glory and renown of the American Republic?

Butler obtained the floor, and the bill went over till to-morrow. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

The House.

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The House proceedings this morning were utterly destitute of interest until 2:30. The Clerk continued to call the roll upon the various dilatory motions submitted. At that hour the House found itself without a quorum, and Weaver moved an adjournment. The motion was defeated—yeas 80, nays 151.

A call of the House was then ordered.

About 6 o'clock Oates asked unanimous consent to have a resolution read for information, but he was promptly met with objections from the Republican side.

The resolution he intended to have read was to the effect that a large number of attorneys, lobbyists and claim agents are working actively to secure the passage of the bill now under consideration, and that a committee should be appointed to ascertain what contracts or agreements existed between any attorney, lobbyists or agents and the beneficiaries of the aforesaid bill and report to the House in thirty days, and that pending such investigation the further consideration of the bill be postponed.

At 7:30 the Sergeant-at-Arms appeared and reported that of the twenty-five members absent without leave twenty were out of the city and the other five could not be found. He was directed to continue the search.

About 9 o'clock further proceedings under the call were dispensed with, and Campbell of New York moved as an amendment to the pending motion for a short recess that the House take a recess until 11:45 to-morrow morning.

In order to prevent a vote being taken on this proposition, Breckenridge of Arkansas revived the tactics resorted to a few days ago, and moved that McKinney of New Hampshire be excused from voting.

The point of order against the motion was overruled by the Speaker.

E. D. Taylor appealed from the decision, pending which Breckenridge of Kentucky moved to adjourn.

Weaver of Iowa moved that when the house adjourn it be to meet on Wednesday night, and Breckenridge of Arkansas moved to adjourn until Thursday.

At 10:15 E. B. Taylor asked unanimous consent that the House take a recess until 11:45 to-morrow.

The Speaker pro tem. put the request, and after a short pause declared it granted, bringing down his gavel just as Breckenridge of Arkansas sprang to his feet with an objection, which came one second too late. The recess was therefore taken.

THE DEADLOCK.

Strong Efforts Made to Get the House Into Working Order.

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WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The Pacific Railroad people have been working hard to break the deadlock in the House on the direct tax bill in order to get their bill up to-morrow as the special order, but at this hour they have not made any headway.

The Southern filibusters are pledged not to yield until Oates of Alabama gives a release, and the friends of the direct tax bill think the great sum of money coming to their States under the contested measure of more importance to their constituents than the extension of the Pacific Railroad debt.

Should the deadlock be broken to-day, another complication will arise in a fight against the Outhwaite bill, lead by Weaver of Iowa, who declares he will filibuster it out of hearing.

A CALIFORNIA CASE.

Horace Hawes' Heirs Seeking to Recover Valuable Property.

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WASHINGTON, April 9th.—S. M. Wilson began an argument in the Supreme Court to-day in the case of Joseph Robinson et al. vs. James G. Fair, on appeal from the Circuit Court of California. This is an action in ejectment brought by plaintiffs in error for the recovery of two undivided third parts of a fifty-vara lot in San Francisco, which Mrs. Caroline Hawes, widow of Horace Hawes, sold for $300,000 to Jas. C. Flood. The property was sold by him to Fair, who has improved it with buildings to the estimated value of $300,000. Mrs. Hawes' children, James A. Robinson and wife, Caroline C. Robinson, and Mrs. Eugenie Hawes, now seek to recover two undivided thirds of the lot, with improvements, as heirs of their father, each claiming an undivided one-third, under the California statute on the subject of succession. The decision of the Circuit Court was in favor of Fair.

Postal Changes.

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WASHINGTON, April 9th.—Charles F. Burns has been appointed Postmaster at Ingraham, Sonoma county, vice Silas S. Ingraham, resigned.

New Postmasters have been established and Postmasters appointed as follows: Hayden Hill, Lassen county, W. D. Herbert; Hesperia, San Bernardino county, Charles Rockwell; Metz, Monterey county, W. H. H. Metz; P. R. Robert, Tehama county, Tobias Kindeleshire.

California Pensions.

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WASHINGTON, April 9th.—California pensions have been granted as follows: T. P. Costin, Mayfield; Charles H. Hamlin, San Francisco; G. W. Williams, San Diego; F. F. McCracken, San Diego; David Coon, San Francisco; Andrew Gluesunder, Concord; Thomas Nesbitt, Scott River; Maria, widow of F. Longcamp, Cayuca; Mary A., widow of Oscar Spencer, Vallejo; Ann E., widow of Andrew Ormer, Napa; Susan, widow of R. C. Gridley, Modesto.

A Fresno Suit Decided.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, April 9th.—The Supreme Court to-day rendered a decision in the case of Frank E. Dewolf, Isabella Dewolf and Horace M. Barnes, appellants, vs. Florence M. Hays. This action involves the possession of five and one-half sections of land in Fresno county. The case was appealed from the Circuit Court of California. The Supreme Court reverses the decision of the Court below, and remands the suit, with direction that it be dismissed.

HOME AFFAIRS.

CONKLING NOT LIKELY TO LIVE MANY HOURS.

A Severe Operation Performed—The Patti Ticket Fraud—Gillig and His Diamonds.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CONKLING UNCONSCIOUS.

An Operation Performed With a Hope of Saving His Life.

NEW YORK, April 9th.—The surgeons in charge of Roscoe Conkling cut away a portion of the temporal bone and found a secretion of matter, which was removed. The operation was a very successful one, and gives the patient a chance for his life. Conkling remains unconscious. It is not expected that there will be any change in his condition for several hours.

NO CHANGE AT 7 P. M.

7 P. M.—Conkling remains unconscious but the surgeons entertain hopes of his recovery now.

WHAT THE DOCTORS SAY.

9:30 P. M.—The physicians regard his condition as more favorable. Mr. Conkling will probably remain unconscious all night, because of the anesthetic which was administered.

Doctors Baker and Sand left the sick chamber at 9:45, and will not return until 9 A. M. to-morrow.

THE SURGICAL OPERATION

Performed upon the distinguished patient this evening was a very delicate one. It consisted in cutting and the removal of a part of the temporal bone, the incision being made upon the prominence which may be felt just behind the ear. Beneath this lies the mechanism of the ear, and in cases in which this mechanism becomes involved in serious suppuration, as in this instance, it becomes necessary to make an opening through which the pus may be drawn off. When the region of the inner ear was reached a tube was inserted and about an ounce of pus drained from the head, apparently affording the patient great relief.

RESTING AT 11 P. M.

11 O'CLOCK.—Conkling is resting quietly. His temperature and pulse are the same as at the last report.

THE PATIENT GIVES UP.

NEW YORK, April 10th.—A. M.—At midnight Mr. Conkling was walking up and down the room in a half-delirious condition. He sent for Edward S. Stokes, and when he arrived Conkling said to him: "Ed., it is no use. I am gone. I have fought against this for some time. I cannot stand it any longer."

MAY LI