SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LX.--NO. 48. SACRAMENTO, TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 16, 1888. WHOLE NO. 11,670

Fans with Photos of Presidential Candidates Given to All Customers

TO-DAY--ALL DAY.

Black Henrietta Cloth, 44 inches wide, seven-eighths wool, **37 Cents** (after this date, 50 cents).

Men's Wool Suits (Sacks), in dark brown, mixed with a small white speck, **$6 50** (after to-day, $9).

These are excellent heavy goods for Winter wear.

Ladies' and Misses' Wear.

TAKE A LOOK IN OUR FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT. SIX LARGE CASES OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S VESTS AND PANTS WILL ATTRACT YOUR ATTENTION. NOTE THE QUALITY AND PRICES.

Two Cases Ladies' fine Merino Pants and Vests, hand-finished, ribbed bottoms and silk-stitched.....75 cents each

Two Cases Ladies' Scarlet Pants and Vests; made of long staple Saxony Wool; smooth, soft finish, tape bound.....$1 25 each

One Case Ladies' all-wool Scarlet Pants and Vests, extra quality..$1 each

One Case Children's and Misses' White Merino Vests and Pants, tape bound.
Size 18.....17 cents
Size 20.....20 cents
Sizes 22, 24 and 26.....25 cents
Sizes 28 and 30.....30 cents
Sizes 32 and 34.....35 cents

BAZAR DEPARTMENT.

Fancy Japanese Fire Screens.....62 cents
Coatracks, 4 iron hooks.....10 cents
Coatracks, 6 iron hooks.....15 cents
Japanned Tin Candlesticks.....5 cents

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

White French Felt Hats in all the Fall shapes.....$1 25
Trimmed Soft Felt Tourists.....75 cents
Children's Soft Felts, trimmed with cord.....65 cents
Milan Braid Walking Hats.....45 cents

RED HOUSE,

Nos. 714 and 716 J Street,

AND 713 and 715 OAK AVENUE..... SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Sweeping * Reductions * To-day

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS! DRESS GOODS!

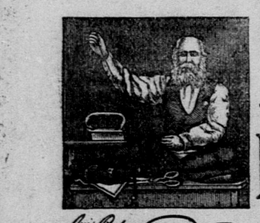
IN THIS DEPARTMENT WE ARE SHOWING SUCH BARGAINS THAT WILL WELL PAY YOU TO INSPECT THEM BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

40-inch Cashmere, all shades.....41 cents per yard
Extra heavy iron-frame Alpaca at.....25, 49 and 74 cents per yard
All-Wool Ladies' Cloth, 36 inches wide, all colors, at.....40 cents per yard
Silk Velvets, in all shades, plain and striped, 18 inches wide, at $1 per yard, worth double.
Rich Black Dress Silk; extra heavy, 22 inches wide, at $1 25 per yard, worth and sold everywhere for $2.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' STORE,

E. S. ELKUS, Proprietor,

922 and 924 J street (opposite the Plaza).



Lowest Prices! Latest Styles!

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

420 J Street.

Nicoll, THE Tailor!

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Foreign and Domestic Woolens

FOR THE SEASON OF 1888. SAMPLES, WITH INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF-MEASUREMENT, SENT FREE.

PANTS (TO ORDER), FROM $5. SUITS (TO ORDER), FROM $20.

NICOLL, THE TAILOR,

420 J STREET.....SACRAMENTO

Branch of 816 Market Street, San Francisco.

Branches for the Coast: LOS ANGELES.....68 North Main street; SAN DIEGO.....658 Fifth street; PORTLAND.....126 First street

ODELL & HERZOG,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS.

FIRST-CLASS MEATS OF ALL KINDS AT lowest prices. NEW YORK MARKET, 1020 and 1022 K street. Special rates to hotels and farmers. jy31 1m1p

SUIE ON.

Chinese and Japanese Bazar, 669 K street, between Sixth and Seventh.

ALSO DEALER IN LADIES' AND CHILdren's underwear, men's white shirts, silks, lacquered ware, tricket sets, curiosities, fans and all kinds of goods. Call and examine goods and prices. All orders promptly attended to. Portrait painting in water colors and oil a specialty. No charge if pictures or not satisfactory. 4p-tf

Night School

AT THE SACRAMENTO BUSINESS COLlege, Hale's Block, corner of Ninth and K streets. Thorough instruction in Penmanship, Bookkeeping, English Branches, Telegraphy, Shorthand and Type writing. Foreigners taught to read and write the English language. Private instruction to persons of neglected education. For further information call at the college office. o6-tf E. C. ATKINSON, Principal.

EBNER BROS.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS,

116 and 118 K st., bet. Front and Second, Sac'to

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

POMMERY AND GRENO CHAMPAGNE. 1p1m

THE NONPAREIL,

CORNER OF

Fifth and J streets,

SACRAMENTO.

GRAND CLOAK SALE!

BEGINNING

TO-DAY!

OVER

2,000 Garments

TO SELECT FROM.

CLOSING OUT SALE

Of all our Broken Lines of

Kid Gloves.

The Eastern Express brought us Two Lines of the Loveliest

FANCY SILKS.

Also, a Line of

Fancy Satin.

We Continue our Sale of

CORSETS

AT ONE-THIRD REDUCTION UNTIL THE LOT IS CLOSED.

FULL LINE OF STARLIGHT YARNS.

HOME AFFAIRS.

CHICAGO MILLS FAST GRINDING OUT NEW VOTERS.

More Rioting by Street-Car Strikers—Thurman on the Stump—Suicide of a Rabbi.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

DOING A LITTLE "NAILING."

Blaine Draws the Record Against One of Roger Q.'s Assertions.

NEW ALBANY (Ind.), October 15th.—Inclement weather interfered somewhat with the demonstration here on the arrival of Hon. James G. Blaine, General A. P. Hovey, "Corporal" Tanner, General Adam E. King and A. Snowden. Toward noon the rain abated, and the thousands of visitors from Louisville, Jeffersonville, Charleston, Madison, Corydon and other neighboring points tramped about the muddy streets. At 9 o'clock Blaine and General Hovey held a public reception at the Union Hotel, around which several thousand people clamored. After shaking hands for a while, Blaine thanked the assemblage for the cordial welcome extended General Hovey and himself, and returned to ex-Congressman Culberson's residence, where he received many callers during the day.

Notwithstanding the unfavorable condition of the streets, the parade in the afternoon was declared by citizens to be the largest and most imposing demonstration in the history of the city. Blaine reviewed the procession from the balcony of Culberson's residence. The procession was forty minutes in passing. Several thousand marchers were in line.

A mass meeting was held, at which it was estimated from 10,000 to 12,000 people were presented. Blaine arrived at 3:30, and was given an ovation. He was in good voice, and spoke substantially as follows:

BLAINE'S SPEECH.

Mr. Chairman: Last Wednesday at Goshen, Ind., I stated that Mr. Havemeyer, President of the sugar Trust, had appeared before the Ways and Means Committee when the tariff bill was up, and, according to Senator Allison, had secured an arrangement by which $6,000,000 were put into the pockets of that trust. Mr. Mills, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, in a special card printed this morning in the Louisville papers, denies that Havemeyer ever appeared before that committee, or that any such arrangement as I have spoken of was made for his benefit. I do not know what Mr. Mills means by this denial, unless it is that Havemeyer never appeared before the full committee when in regular session. If he means that he did not appear before members of the committee, in the committee-room, then he is contradicted not by myself but by the *Congressional Record*. On page 6,503 of the *Congressional Record* for the current session, issued on July 16th, a debate is reported in which Breckenridge of Arkansas, a member of the Ways and Means Committee, admitted that he invited Havemeyer and his attorney to the room of the the Committee on Ways and Means, on the 12th of April, to talk over the sugar tariff; and Breckenridge of Kentucky, another member of the same committee, admitted having met Havemeyer and his attorney at another time. All that I stated is substantiated by what I now quote, and in consequence the sugar standard was changed from No. 13—originally reported and printed in the tariff bill to No. 16, as reported by the Ways and Means Committee, and as it passed the House—and it was in this change that Senator Allison finds the six millions of dollars that Mills' committee put in the pockets of the trust. I may take Mr. Mills' denial, if he chooses, that Havemeyer never appeared before him, but here were two members of the Ways and Means Committee who openly acknowledged that they had heard not only Havemeyer, but his attorney, an attorney who was skilled in every feature of the sugar tariff, and not only knew what points were advantageous to the Government, but also knew still further what points were advantageous to the trust. The latter points seem to have been adopted by the Ways and Means Committee, though perhaps Mr. Mills did not know it. [Laughter and cheers.]

I find also in the papers to-day a report of a Democratic meeting in New York before which Fairfield, the Secretary of the Treasury, appeared to defend his policy of loaning sixty millions of the people's money to certain pet banks without interest. His defense consists chiefly in proving that I overstated the amount that these banks could make out of that transaction. He says that I calculated the interest on the whole sixty millions, whereas the banks are compelled to keep 25 per cent. in their vaults. The poor banks! what hardships they have to endure! [Laughter and cheers.] I think Fairchild's answer is perfectly amazing, and it recalls to me the soliloquy of a party who drew a $10,000 prize in a lottery a few years ago, when the habit was to deduct 15 per cent. before paying the amount. "How lucky it was," he says, "that I did not draw $20,000! It would have ruined me to pay the premium." [Laughter and cheers.]

Fairchild does not frankly and manfully confront the issue. He does not state to the people how the banks could afford to buy Government bonds when the Government itself could not afford it. If it was an advantageous proceeding for these banks to invest sixty million dollars in Government bonds, why was it not still more advantageous for the Government to do it? [Cheers.] I press this question upon Mr. Fairchild, for he has not answered why, if the banks could make from 2 to 2½ per cent. upon the purchase of United States bonds, the Treasury Department could not make as much [cheers], when by doing what the banks do he could have wiped out sixty millions of the public debt. [Cheers.] I press this question because it is a pertinent question. General Harrison made a well-grounded accusation and used a happy phrase when he accused the national Administration of

"BURNING THE SURPLUS."

If Fairchild had invested sixty millions in Government bonds it would not have appeared in the surplus, but if he loaned it to pet banks it still appears as a part of the frightful surplus, to get rid of which they must destroy the protective tariff. There is a very suggestive point bearing on that, to which I beg to call Mr. Fairchild's attention. Between March, 1885, and June 30, 1886 (four months from President Cleveland's inauguration), the surplus in the Treasury increased $95,000,000, and the public debt was only reduced $50,000,000. Of this $50,000,000, forty-four and one-half millions were compulsory purchases for the sinking fund. The further fact is revealed that there was at that very date $50,000,000 of three-per-cent. bonds that could have been called in at par, and they were left in the hands of private holders, drawing interest, and in order that the bugbear of the surplus might be raised and—as General Harrison says—"carefully nursed." [Cheers.]

Mr. Blaine said that when the Democratic party came into power four years ago it had found no surplus at all, though during the campaign of 1884 the Democratic speakers had placed the alleged surplus at four hundred millions. The policy of President Cleveland's Administration was to accumulate a surplus, which could have been avoided by paring off bonds as they became due.

FINANCIAL NUMBSKULLS.

Mr. Blaine then said: "I believe, Mr. Chairman, that there never was an administration of the Treasury Department that showed so little practical comprehension of the condition of the country—one that had been so filled and permeated with that offensive conceit which always marks the theoretical free trader. [Great cheering.] I said before, and I repeat it now, that if a Republican Secretary of the Treasury had loaned sixty millions to pet banks all over the country, without interest, the Democratic party—if they controlled the House of Representatives—would have moved to impeach him, and I believe it. [Cries of "That's so!"] I do not say that Republicans would so treat Secretary Fairchild, had they control of the House, because Republicans are not fond of violent methods, but we are accustomed to proceeding with caution and moderation in public affairs. They don't wish to impeach him before the Senate, but they impeach him before the high court of the people for having done that which was plainly against the public interest, and for having failed to respond to the precedents set by former Secretaries of the Treasury in faithful and constantly applying the surplus to the reduction of the public debt." [Cheers.]

Mr. Blaine concluded with some reference to the tariff and its relations to industrial interests in the vicinity of New Albany.

In the evening there was a torchlight parade and General Hovey and Corporal Tanner addressed a large audience at Mascot Hall.

Mr. Blaine and his party leave for Lafayette at eight o'clock to-morrow morning. He speaks at the Tippecanoe battle-ground on Wednesday afternoon.

THE "OLD ROMAN."

Judge Thurman Has a Fine Reception at Shelbyville.

SHELBYVILLE (O.), October 15th.—Judge Thurman left Cincinnati this morning for a big Democratic barbecue. He was received with great enthusiasm along the route, and when he arrived here he reviewed a procession of Democratic organizations a mile long.

After dining, Judge Thurman was driven in a carriage, drawn by gaily-decorated gray horses, through the crowded streets to the still more crowded fair grounds. Fully 40,000 people were present, and had gathered around the three stands, from which prominent speakers held forth, among them being Senator Voorhees, General Black, General Gray and others. Judge Thurman was received with much enthusiasm, and made a speech that was received with great applause.

BROKEN HEADS.

The New Street-Car Hands Have a Rough Deal in Chicago.

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CHICAGO, October 15th.—The first thing half the people on the West and North Side did this morning was to listen for the tinkle of the street-car bell, and sweet music it made as its tintinnabulations came through the fog and drizzle. The Garfield-avenue cars were started, but at the expense of many broken heads for the new men. The new and old men reported for work at the barn, and the boss told the old employes they were not wanted. Two cars were then sent out manned by the new men. These two got out safely, but the third fared badly. It had just got beyond Halstead street when it was boarded by strikers. Four attacked the driver, assaulted him and drove him from the car. The conductor got inside the car, but eight men forced themselves in and beat him terribly, and he was taken to the barn in a fearfully battered-up condition. The fourth and fifth cars did not go very far before they were boarded by the old men, who assaulted the conductors and drivers and battered them so badly that they could barely reach the barns. They were given temporary berths in the hay-lofts and physicians were sent for. The cable cars were started up about noon, and are now running as regularly as before the strike.

THE "OUTS" NOT YET SATISFIED.

CHICAGO, October 15th.—There still seems to be much dissatisfaction in existence among the North Side street car men, and it may be possible that the end is not yet. They say it was their understanding that the new men were to be retained as "extras," while all of the old men were to go to work regularly. They now find that extras are to be supplied from their own ranks. A request has been sent to the Master Workman of the district to call a meeting, which is to consider the matter.

THE LONG STRIKE.

Probable End of the Strike on the Burlington Railroad.

CHICAGO, October 15th.—It is stated to-night that manager Stone, of the Burlington road, as a result of the recent conferences with his striking engineers, has conceded all their demands except that for the abolishment of classification, and that the long strike will probably be settled at the Convention of the Brotherhood at Richmond this week.

THE WHEAT MARKET.

December Wheat Drops Two and One-Quarter Cents at Chicago.

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CHICAGO, October 15th.—December wheat was a little under the weather at the opening to-day, acting in sympathy with the curbstone market, which was off several points. The market opened at $1 15 and rapidly sold down to $1 12¾. There was a great deal of realizing around the pit. There was no concentrated selling for the opening decline, but a general offering of small lots. Hutchinson led the sellers, disposing of everything in sight. May and December alike; May $1 13.

OUR DISSOLVING NAVY.

Whitney's Men-of-War Rapidly Coming to Grief These Days.

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NEW YORK, October 15th.—It was reported at the Brooklyn Navy Yard this afternoon that the machinery of the new ironclad man-of-war Boston, which recently left for the West Indies, had broken down, and that the vessel is lying helpless at the Windward Islands. It was also stated that the steamer Pensacola, fitted out for the Southern Squadron, had blown up her boilers on the Platte river, in South America.

ENDED SERIOUSLY.

A Girls' Quarrel Results in a Most Bloody Affray.

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BUFFALO, October 15th.—Two young girls, daughters of neighboring families, quarreled, and the trouble extended to the male members of the Landmere and Somers households. Somers and some friends went to the house of the former and broke in the door. Landmere seized an ax and fractured the skulls of Somers, his son and young Geiger. All are in a precarious condition. Landmere was arrested.

WAITING FOR BIDS.

A New York Democratic Club Doing the Grand Straddle Act.

NEW YORK, October 15th.—In the contest of the Democratic factions for the Mayoralty, the Young Men's Democratic Club got on the fence to-night by declaring that it did not feel impelled by its constitution to indorse or condemn candidates for municipal offices when the Democratic party has more than one in the field.

The Question of Adjournment.

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WASHINGTON, October 15th.—To-morrow, when Representative Oates' resolution for adjournment is called up for action, Representative Wheeler of Alabama will propose as a substitute a proposition for a recess from October 20th to November 12th. Wheeler says, that if his substitute is not adopted he will not make the point of no quorum against adjournment.

California Pensions.

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WASHINGTON, October 15th.—California pensions granted: Original invalid—Charles Feerber, San Francisco.

Mexican survivors—Charles Bales, Paso Robles; John Hickmott, Capistrano.

Mexican widows—Altha Gracia, widow of John E. Stohrs, San Francisco.

A $10,000,000 suit Compromised.

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WILKESBARRE (Pa.), October 15th.—The great coal land suit, involving $10,000,000, between Colonel C. M. Derringer, of Philadelphia, and ex-Senator Coxe, of Drifton, in litigation for sixteen years, was amicably settled to-day in Court. Derringer accepts half his original claim.

Hewitt Against Cleveland.

NEW YORK, October 15th.—George H. Forster, Tammany's candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, has created a sensation among politicians by declaring that Mayor Hewitt had assured him that under no circumstances will he vote for Cleveland. The speech was made when a committee waited upon him and notified him of his nomination.

Death of a Journalist.

ST. PAUL (Minn.), October 15th.—John M. Barrett, a veteran journalist, died suddenly in this city this evening of pneumonia. Mr. Barrett was for a long time the Washington correspondent of the New Orleans *Picayune*, and for the last ten years editorial writer for the San Francisco *Examiner*. He leaves a widow.

Death of a Prominent Southerner.

NEW ORLEANS, October 15th.—John Chaffee, one of the most prominent members of the Cotton Exchange, and one of the largest cotton planters in the United States, died to-day, aged 78 years. He was Funding Agent during the war for the Confederate Government.

Locomotive Engineers.

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RICHMOND (Va.), October 15th.—The twenty-fifth session of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers convenes here Wednesday. Grand Chief Arthur will deliver the annual address. The session will last two weeks.

It is Not a New One.

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PHILADELPHIA, October 15th.—A prominent member of the Catholic Church of this city says the congregations have been informed that Pope Leo had issued an edict forbidding cremation among Roman Catholics.

A Useful Career Ended.

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CHARLESTON (S. C.), October 15th.—Professor Frederick A. Porcher, for forty years Professor of English and Modern Languages in the Charleston College in this city, died this morning.

A Mongolian Beast Punished.

BALTIMORE, October 15th.—Dan Dan Kee, a Chinese laundrymn, was to-day sentenced by Judge Phelps to nine years in the penitentiary for an attempted felonious assault on Annie May Warte, a 10-year-old girl.

It Could Not Be Otherwise.

CHICAGO, October 15th.—Moy Loy Ming, a thoroughly Americanized Chinaman, who has amassed wealth as a dealer in teas and spices during a twelve years' residence in this country, applied for naturalization papers to-day, but was refused.

The Fever Dying Out.

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JACKSONVILE, October 15th.—Twenty-five new cases and three deaths were reported for the last twenty-four hours. The general belief is that the epidemic is fast nearing its end.

Tired of the Struggle.

NEW YORK, October 15th.—Rabbi M. Strauss, late of Cincinnati, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head in a closet in Central Park this afternoon. He left a letter to his young son at Cincinnati, saying that he was tired of the up-hill struggle.

Died on a Train.

READING (Penn.), October 15th.—Rev. Dr. Beale M. Schmucker, one of the most prominent theologians of the Lutheran Church, died this morning on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad train from heart disease. He was 62 years old.

A Foul Murder.

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PITTSFIELD (Mass.), October 15th.—John Watson, of Adams, was murdered last night by five or six men. He was followed to his house, struck down and died immediately. There were four arrests.

The Late Railway Horror.

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MAUCH CHUNK (Pa.), October 15th.—In the Coroner's inquest on the Mud Run railway horror, the testimony given seems to indicate that both engineers will be held responsible for the collision.

Suicide on the Ocean.

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NEW YORK, October 15th.—Robert Dandim, of Washington, a saloon passenger on the steamer Ethiopia, which arrived this morning, committed suicide in mid-ocean by jumping overboard.

Quite Sure of West Virginia.

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RHINECLIFF (N. Y.), October 15th.—Levi P. Morton was interviewed to-day. He expresses the utmost confidence in Republican success in West Virginia.

The Mill Running on Full Time.

CHICAGO, October 15th.—Some 1,500 men of various nationalities were naturalized here to-day. Seven Judges of the County Court and their clerks were kept busy most of the day.

PACIFIC COAST.

ARREST OF A NOTED OUTLAW IN ARIZONA.

Good Scores by the Nevada Rifle Team—Chinese Ordered Home—Fire in a Coal Mine—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

GO BACK, "JOHN."

The Exclusion Act Sustained by the Courts.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 15th.—Judge Sawyer, of the United States Circuit Court, to-day rendered his decision sustaining the constitutionality of the Scott Exclusion Act. Judge Hoffman concurred. The Court holds that the petitioners for writs of habeas corpus are not entitled to be landed. One of them held a return certificate, the other claimed to be a prior resident, both contended that the new law did not apply to them, because they were on the high seas when it was passed. The Court holds that the Act of October 1, 1888, was intended to exclude *all* Chinese laborers from entry from and after that date, and to void all certificates then out. The language is specific and admits of no doubt as to its meaning, and excepts none, neither certificate men nor prior residents nor those en route when the Act passed. It is no concern of the Courts that the law works hardships. The Courts do not make the law, and cannot take out of it its express commands. Congress intended no exceptions to its order, and it took all the responsibility. The law is constitutional, for it does not divest any one of an indefeisable right gained under the treaties and laws. The certificate to return is not a "contract," but merely an instrument of evidence. A contract is a meeting of two minds on the terms of an agreement, but the certificate-holder was not consulted in the matter at all. The being here with the right to remain, is one thing; the voluntary going away with the right to return, is quite another. Congress has the right to legislate so as to control and repeal the stipulations of treaties granting the latter class of rights, and the Supreme Court so held in Whitney vs. Robertson (124 U. S., 193-5). The Court points out that in all its former rulings it has been right, because Congress had not before so modified the existing treaties and laws as to justify the conclusion that it intended to wholly exclude Chinese laborers.

THE CAMPAIGN STUMP.

Ex-Senator Kellogg Firing the Republican Heart in Plumas County.

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

GREENVILLE, October 15th.—The largest and most enthusiastic Republican meeting held in Greenville during the past five years occurred on Saturday night. All of the Republican county candidates were present and made short speeches. The special feature of the evening was a rousing speech by ex-Senator Kellogg. He said the principle of protection was at stake, and showed by Cleveland's message and the Democratic platform that the success of the Democratic party meant a return to free trade. He claimed that the Mills bill was merely a red flag held up before the people to distract their attention from the real issue of the campaign—namely, whether the principle of protection shall be maintained in our national policy. He said that while General Harrison was fighting to preserve the Union, Thurman was drafting a resolution in the Democratic Convention of 1864 declaring the war a failure. Senator Kellogg riveted the attention of the large audience for nearly two hours, and it is admitted that he made the best speech delivered in the county this campaign.

REPUBLICAN ENTHUSIASM AT STOCKTON.

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STOCKTON, October 15th.—Stockton was to-night ablaze with Republicans. Hon. W. W. Williams, of Indiana, addressed the largest meeting of the campaign. Mr. Williams was received at the depot by a large delegation of the local Hoosier Club and escorted to his hotel. A large torchlight procession paraded the streets. The march was enlivened by bands of music, Roman candles, bombs, etc. Mr. Williams spoke from a stand on the Public Square, and 5,000 people were gathered within the radius of his voice. For an hour and three-quarters he held the large audience and kept it in a ferment of enthusiasm. The meeting adjourned amid loud and repeated cheering for Harrison and Morton and Williams.

WIGGINTON'S POLITICAL NOTIONS.

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FRESNO, October 15th.—Hon. P. D. Wigginton candidate for Vice-President on the American party ticket, addressed a fair-sized audience at Riggs' Opera House to-night. He took the stand that the only issue between the two old political parties was the spoils of office, and challenged any man to show any difference between the two. He also claimed that the tariff was a local and not a national question.

GRADY AT MARYSVILLE.

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MARYSVILLE, October 15th.—Thomas F. Grady, of New York, is addressing the Democrats this evening. There was a torchlight procession and display of fireworks by the Democracy, and the city was well illuminated, a number of Republicans lighting up their houses and places of business to help the appearance of the city to visitors. A small delegation came up from Wheatland.

SHORTRIDGE AT AUBURN.

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AUBURN, October 15th.—S. M. Shortridge, a Republican candidate for Presidential Elector, delivered one of the most eloquent addresses of the campaign this evening. It was eloquent and argumentative. He dealt with protection as a national policy in a masterly manner. Music was furnished by the Newcastle Glee Club, and the Harrison and Morton Club paraded before the address.

A MEETING AT GRASS VALLEY.

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GRASS VALLEY, October 15th.—Curtis H. Lindley addressed a large Democratic meeting at Van's Opera House this evening.

BIG MONEY.

A Baseball Game in Humboldt County for a $1,500 Purse

[Copyright, 1888, by the California Associated Press.]

EUREKA, October 15th.—Two thousand persons attended the match game of ball on Sunday between the Clippers, of Eureka, and the Springvilles, for a purse of $1,500. One-third of the spectators were ladies. The game was called at 2 o'clock, and lasted three hours. Five thousand dollars changed hands on the game. When the Clippers went to the bat in the sixth inning they were two behind, but they batted Eagan all over the field, securing six runs, and in the seventh secured six more.

The Springvilles became rattled and failed to make a run after the sixth inning. The game stood at the close 16 to 6 in favor of the Clippers. Neither club came up to their standard.

Another game is talked of for $1,000 a side, to take place within two weeks.

CONTEMPTIBLE BUSINESS.

A Colusite's Foul Attempt to Make Political Capital.

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COLUSA, October 15th.—A telegram appeared in the *Examiner* this morning, dated at Colusa, which stated that the Chinese were contributing to the Republican campaign fund, which is an unmitigated falsehood. The Chairman of the Republican County Committee has so informed the *Examiner* in a telegram to-night. It remains to be seen whether that paper has the fairness to publish the dispatch.

ARIZONA.

A Sacramento Detective Arrests a Desperado in Prescott.

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PRESCOTT, October 15th.—William Gould, a member of the Graham faction, of Pleasant Valley, in this county, was arrested here on Saturday night by Deputy Sheriff Hickey. There are two indictments against him for murder, but he has eluded the officers for several months. He had a Winchester rifle and a pair of pistols on his person when arrested, and was just preparing to leave town, having purchased a supply of cartridges for both. He is also suspected of being the man who held up the Jerome stage about ten days ago.

Cameron King's Successor.

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PHOENIX, October 15th.—Thomas E. Farrish of Phoenix has been appointed Commissioner of Immigration, vice Cameron H. King.

The Territorial Fair.

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PHOENIX, October 15th.—The fifth annual fair of the Arizona Industrial Association opened here to-day under the most favorable auspices. The opening address was made by Hon. T. J. Butler of Prescott. The attendance and display were better than ever witnessed on the first day.

NEVADA.

Sagebaush Riflemen Claim to Have Broken the Rifle-Shooting Record.

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VIRGINIA CITY, October 15th.—Yesterday the Nevada Rifle Association team of ten men, shooting ten shots each at both the 2 0 and 500-yards targets, with Winchester rifles, seven pounds trigger-pull, made a total score of 902 points, beating the world's record.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Fire in a Coal Mine—Narrow Escape of the Miners.

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VICTORIA, October 15th.—A fire occurred in the Vancouver Company's mine at Southfield, five miles from Nanaimo, this morning. The men at work barely escaped with their lives. Three were injured by a falling rock. The origin of the fire is believed to have been spontaneous combustion.

Four powerful streams of water are being played into the mine, and it is hoped to have the fire extinguished by to-morrow morning. About 350 men are out of employment.

A STEP TOWARD REFORM.

Ladies Nominated by Republicans for School Directors.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 15th.—[Special.]—At the Republican Municipal Convention to-night Drs. Whitcomb and McQuestion, nominated for Supervisors, tendered their resignations. They were accepted, and General John T. Cutting was nominated in place of McQuestion. The other vacancy is to be filled on Wednesday night.

An attempt was made to take down E. W. Thurman, on the ground that he is not a Republican. One delegate declared that Thurman sought a nomination from the Democrats three years ago. No action was taken.

The Convention, after discussion, adopted the report of the committee, that the delegates at large take part in the legislative nominations. The delegates are to be chosen in alphabetical order and assigned to each Assembly District in proportion to the regular delegates.

The Convention nominated six ladies and six men for School Directors.

Other nominations were as follows: For Mayor, Charles R. Story; Superior Judges—John T. Dare, C. K. Bonestell, R. H. Taylor and S. W. Holliday; for Police Judges—Hale Rix and J. C. Carey; for Justices of the Peace—H. L. Joachimsen, C. F. Wood, G. W. F. Cook, J. C. B. Hubbard and W. G. Brittan.

Adjourned till Wednesday.

OSGOOD'S SLAYER.

A Ray of Light Thrown Upon a Mysterious Murder.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 15th.—[Special.]—William Smith, boatswain of the Childawel, which arrived from Hongkong to-day, made a statement which throws some light upon the case of officer Osgood, who was murdered on the 13th of last December. He says that while on the ship James M. Blakeley, bound for Queenstown, had a row with Frank Norman. A sailor subsequently heard Norman say to Tom Long, another sailor, "Why did you not help me when I had trouble with Smith?" Long replied: "I got you out of enough of trouble when you got out of that scrape in killing a policeman in San Francisco." The police here have telegraphed to Cardiff to ascertain which port Norman sailed for.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Unprecedented Registration of Voters—An Official Change.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 15th.—[Special.]—The registration of voters closed at the central office to-night. The total number is 36,357, nearly 10,000 more than in 1886.

Dr. McAllister has been removed from the office of United States Commissioner of Immigration, and William H. Thormley, State Commissioner of Immigration, has been appointed to fill the vacancy. The change is made under the law which provides that no State officer shall hold a Federal appointment, so that there can be no conflict of authority.

OREGON.

A "Fresh" Constable Kills an Alleged Horse-thief Without Warning.

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PORTLAND, October 15th.—The news reached this city to-day that a fatal affray occurred at Eddy, twenty-eight miles from here, on Sunday night. A man named Wallace had a horse stolen, and was appointed a Constable by a Justice of the Peace in order to find the horse. While watching in the road, one Hodges, with ten others, passed. Hodges was on the stolen horse, and Wallace told Hodges he was under arrest, and was shot through the body in the region of the heart, by Wallace, and killed. Wallace gave himself up.

MEXICO.

Diaz' Election Formally Declared—Sickness at Vera Cruz.

CITY OF MEXICO, October 15th.—Congress today declared that General Porfirio Diaz had been elected President of the Republic.

To-day the first train, a mixed one, left Laredo and the City of Mexico simultaneously, a temporary bridge over the Metlac on the Vera Cruz railroad, having been finished.

An epidemic of typhus fever prevails at Vera Cruz, the result of the recent great floods.

Railroad Accident at Pinole.

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PINOLE, October 15th.—There was another smash-up here this morning at 7:30 o'clock. Sacramento freight train, No. 61, ran into the rear of a west-bound gravel train, one-half mile east of here, smashing several freight cars and throwing them into a ditch. The engineer and fireman of the freight train jumped off and were considerably bruised. The passenger trains were delayed one hour.

The Boy and the Shotgun Again.

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GRASS VALLEY, October 15th.—A sixteen-year-old son of the late Thomas Mooney, of Empire Ranch, fifteen miles below here, while hunting on Sunday accidentally shot himself in the hand. The charge tore the palm of the hand out, severely injured the wrist and caused such wounds that the doctor amputated the tops of two fingers on the right hand and the thumb of the left hand.

Railroad Surveying in Plumas.

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GREENVILLE, October 15th.—A large party of railroad surveyors supposed to be in the employ of the Union Pacific Company, are at work near Big Meadows. They are working in the direction of Wolf Creek Pass, indicating that the survey will go through Indian valley and down Indian creek (the east branch), and the North Fork of the Feather.

Senator Vrooman's Poor Health.

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SANTA ROSA, October 15th.—Senator Henry Vrooman has been conveyed from his residence in the edge of town to Calistoga, where he is camping out in the open air for the benefit of his health. His old ailment, heart disease, is giving him considerable trouble.

Chinese Ordered Home.

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NEEDLES, October 15th.—Every Chinaman in town received to-day notice from San Francisco representatives of the Chinese Government to return to China within three years. Many will depart at once. They are greatly excited.

Death of a Sutter Pioneer.

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MARYSVILLE, October 15th.—Colonel B. R. Spillman, one of the pioneers of Sutter county, died last night. He once represented Yuba and Sutter in the Assembly, and was a prominent Democrat.

Fire at Santa Rosa.

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SANTA ROSA, October 15th.—This morning at 4 o'clock a fire broke out in the residence of Mr. Campion, on Third and Washington streets, and caused damage to the extent of $200.

At the Point of Death.

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GRASS VALLEY, October 15th.—Henry B. Johnston, of the hardware firm of Peter Johnston & Son, is at the point of death. Isaac Carey of San Francisco is his brother-in-law.

The Y. M. C. A. Convention.

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FRESNO, October 15th.—The Y. M. C. A. Convention adjourned to-day after a meeting of the Secretaries of the different Associations of the State.

A PLUCKY LAD.

An Indiana Boy Saves His Father and Sister from Thugs.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 15th.—Jesse Mason, a rich farmer living in Hendricks county, was on Saturday paid a sum of money by a business man in the presence of several young men. That night as he was about to retire some one knocked at the door, and when Mason opened it two masked men demanded all the money in the house. He at once grappled with one of the robbers, and his daughter, who came to his assistance, was seized by the other rascal. The young son of Mason then came up with a shotgun, which he leveled over his sister's head, and blew the head off her assailant. The other at once made off in the darkness. The dead man was discovered to be the son of a well-to-do farmer named York, who lives in the neighborhood. No trace of the second robber has been obtained

KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Executive Board Enter Upon an Eventful Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, October 15th.—The regular monthly meeting of the Executive Board of the Knights of Labor began at the headquarters of the Order in this city to-day, with Messrs. Powderly, Maguire, Bailey, Alesworth and Hayes present. The other two members of the Board, Messrs. Carlton and Barry, have placed their resignations in the hands of the Board, and action upon them will constitute one of the most important events in the history of the meeting.

The Board had a very short session to-day, and very little outside of routine business was transacted.

SOFT SPOTS.

Democratic Officials Selecting Places Into Which to Fall.

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WASHINGTON, October 15th.—George L. Reeves,