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LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

ESCAPED PRISONERS.

Two Thieves Make Bold Breaks for Liberty.

James W. Howard, who was sent to the County Jail to serve a term of seventy days for petit larceny, escaped from the chain-gang on Monday evening and has not yet been recaptured. The gang was at work near the County Hospital, in charge of Deputy Sheriff John Shellars and special officer Karcher.

James Stanley, another prisoner serving a seventy-day sentence for petit larceny, escaped from Jailer Newbert in the alley back of the County Jail yesterday. The Jailer had a large tub of swill which he desired put out into the alley, and called up Stanley to help take it out. Unlocking the large door which leads to the alley, Newbert and the prisoner passed into the alley. Stanley immediately sat down his side of the tub and made a break for Seventh street. The Jailer could not leave the door or the other prisoners would escape, so he drew his revolver and was about to open fire on the fugitive when a lady and a little girl crossed the sidewalk at the ent ance of the alley. Stanley kept himself in line with them, so that the officer could not fire, until he reached Seventh street, and then ran north and made his escape. Newbert says that during the eleven years he has been handling prisoners only one ever escaped before, and he recaptured him, and that he will get Stanley.

Howard had twenty-one days more to serve and Stanley should have remained twenty days longer.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

Albert M. Johnson was up from San Francisco yesterday.

J. J. Bartel will please call at the RECORD-UNION office.

Mrs. Israel Luce left yesterday for a visit to friends at the Bay.

Mrs. James Seadler has returned from an extended visit to Fresno.

Philip Cohen and wife, of Folsom, are visiting friends in Sacramento.

Miss Daisy Siddons left for San Francisco yesterday morning on a visit to friends.

Miss Annie Sullivan, of Santa Cruz, is the guest of Mrs. J. N. Larkin, of this city.

H. J. Small, the newly-appointed Master Mechanic, went East yesterday, to return with his family.

S. A. Wolfe left yesterday to attend the session of the Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., in San Francisco.

Mrs. J. Davidson and daughter Blanche, of San Francisco, are the guests of Mrs. R. Patterson, of Washington.

Dr. C. P. Nichols and wife (*nee* Locke) have returned from the East, and will make this city their permanent residence.

Judge Phil. W. Keyser, who presided in Department One of the Superior Court Monday, returned to his home in Marysville yesterday.

Mrs. David Grooms, Miss Hattie Maxwell and Miss Mamie Hotchkiss have returned from a two weeks' visit to Haywards, Alameda county.

Mrs. Catherine Bowling, of Woodlawn, Chicago (sister of B. T., S. D. and L. Bell, of this city), arrived here yesterday morning for an extended visit.

Dana Perkins, of Rocklin; J. G. Enright, of San Jose; Warden Aull, of Folsom; Paul Schoen, of Oakland, and T. E. Bevan, of Wheatland, were in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Sachs and Miss Pauline Fecheimer, of Cincinnati—who have been visiting B. D. Steinman and family for the past week—returned home to the East yesterday.

Philip Koerper, of St. Louis, arrived in this city Monday evening. He is visiting Sacramento for the first time since 1870. Mr. Koerper is interested in the matter of the estate of F. Appel, pending in the Superior Court of this county.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: Chas. D. Carter, San Francisco; Charles Aull, Folsom; Charles D. Hines, San Francisco; W. H. Culver and wife, Willows; Miss Nettie J. Myers, Woodland; J. W. Mickle, San Francisco; Miss McCune, Woodland; H. D. Gunvell, San Francisco; Louis Mativia, Auburn; F. A. Stevens, Red Bluff; J. N. Lear, city.

Arrivals at the Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: W. A. Thompson, manager Kate B. Chase; John Williams; Mrs. George S. Hill, Miss L. Hill, Maine; T. F. Johnson, Boston; J. H. Smith, Auburn; B. Browning, H. Hollido, Penryn; T. E. Matterson, New York; Philip B. Bekeart, Chicago; S. R. Muddock, Colusa; W. C. Byrne, London; E. Robbins, New York; W. H. Kinross, Oakland; W. L. Hunt, James A. Wolf, L. Liebman, H. F. Stevens, H. E. Samson, J. K. Vernon, James H. de Veine, San Francisco.

Number of Voters.

The number of registered voters in each of the precincts in the city, according to the new Great Register, is as follows:

FIRST SUPERVISOR DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 1	491
Precinct No. 2	602
Precinct No. 3	616
Precinct No. 4	429
Total	2,138

SECOND SUPERVISOR DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 1	482
Precinct No. 2	459
Precinct No. 3	514
Precinct No. 4	497
Precinct No. 5	476
Total	2,428

THIRD SUPERVISOR DISTRICT.

Precinct No. 1	461
Precinct No. 2	423
Precinct No. 3	329
Precinct No. 4	385
Precinct No. 5	386
Precinct No. 6	335
Total	2,300
Total number registered in the city	6,866

Auction Sales.

Bell & Co. will sell at public auction at 10 A. M. to-day, at their salesroom, No. 927 K street, a fine lot of furniture, consisting of a parlor set, ash and walnut sets, spring and top mattresses, beds, lounges, etc.

An auction sale of horses and mules will take place to-day at John Ehrhardt's ranch, four miles west of Elk Grove, on the Lower Stockton road. There will be sold thirty-two head of horses and mares from five to seven years old, and eight head of three year-old mules. There will be a free lunch. Mr. Toomey is the auctioneer.

D. J. Simmons & Co., will sell at auction at 12 o'clock to-morrow, on the premises, two valuable ranches belonging to Mrs. Openheim, one-half a mile above Florin, on the main road, together with all the farming implements of both ranches, horses, cows, carriages, buggies, harness and wagons. Trains leave the depot at 9:10 and 11:20 A. M.

M. Toomey will sell at auction at 10 A. M., to-morrow, at Edward Kelly's ranch, nine miles east of Sacramento and one mile west of Patterson's Station, on the line of the Sacramento Valley Railroad, a fine lot of horses, mares, wagons, and farming utensils. See advertisement.

Police Court Notes.

In the Police Court yesterday morning Wm. Arlington, charged with battery, was discharged. Annie Manning, the keeper of a house of ill-fame on L street, who swore to the complaint, testified that the defendant did not strike her.

L. C. Chandler and M. Dusenberry were charged with a misdemeanor in building a fence across Fourth street, near V. Chandler was discharged and Dusenberry convicted. He will receive his sentence on Saturday.

Harry Brown confessed to having robbed John McInnery of $13 on Front street late Sunday night. He was held to answer before the Superior Court on a charge of robbery.

Lawrence Bennett was convicted of disturbing the peace and sentenced to pay a fine of $10, or go to the county jail for 40 days. He was drunk and obnoxious on K street, between Third and Fourth, on Monday afternoon.

Ed. Fellows appeared to answer to the charge of being drunk and was given another chance.

Clunie Opera House.

Announcement is made of the appearance Friday evening next of the comedienne Hettie Bernard Chase in the musical comedy "Rags, the Wildcat of Woodland Farm." The company has not appeared in Sacramento before, and judgment as to its merits must be formed on expressions elsewhere made. The Chicago *Times*, Chicago *Herald*, San Francisco *Call* and San Francisco *Chronicle* are quoted as commending Miss Chase's performance. The Cleveland *Leader and Herald* is quoted as saying: "Miss Chase has a pleasing style as a soubrette, and sings and plays the banjo, and wins the good graces of her audience from the start. The play throughout is well acted." The Riverside *Press*, where the company recently appeared, says "the performance gave entire satisfaction, and sustained the reputation that preceded it."

Democratic Meeting To-night.

Hon. Benjamin Morgan, Democratic nominee for Congress in the Third Congressional District, and Hon. Charles A. Jenkins, nominee for Presidential Elector, will speak in the Clunie Opera House this evening. Seats will be reserved for ladies and their escorts. Mr. Morgan is reported to be a very eloquent and entertaining speaker, and it is expected that there will be a large turnout.

EVERY DAY, fresh spareribs, tenderloins and fresh sausages, at Mohr & Yoerk's. *

STATE BOARD OF TRADE.

SOME IMPORTANT REPORTS AND PAPERS.

A London Exhibition for California—Paper by David Lubin of Sacramento.

The State Board of Trade met yesterday in San Francisco, A. T. Hatch presiding. There was a very large attendance.

A. S. Hallidie spoke of the desirability of the State being represented in the Paris Exposition of 1889. He believed it wise to make an exhibit there, especially of our silk resources, and of our educational system. Chairman Hatch concurred in these views.

Mr. Byington proposed to have a committee of conference to consult with the American Commissioners and the suggestion was adopted.

David Lubin spoke upon the greater desirability of an exhibition being made in London.

On motion of William H. Mills a committee of three was ordered to consider Mr. Lubin's paper.

A general discussion of the advisability of making endeavors to induce the National Grange to hold its next meeting in California was then had.

A resolution was adopted unanimously, extending the Board's hearty thanks to Colonel C. F. Crocker, of the Southern Pacific Company, for his financial aid and moral support, in relation to the recent display made by California at Columbus, Ohio.

Mr. Lubin's paper, to which reference above was made, and which will be found to be of profound interest, is given in full below. He said:

The shores of the Mediterranean have produced the chief history-making races of the world. The palm of originality, too, must be granted to this region in almost every department of high attainment in human thought and action. The cause of this high development may be found in the adaptability of its soil and climate to the maintenance of life at a minimum expenditure of effort and in the derivation of the maximum of benefits. Sheltered alike from the extreme heat of the tropics and the rigorous cold of the north, the primitive emigrant found on the shores of the Mediterranean a realization of his ideal earthly paradise.

While it may be frankly admitted that other portions of the globe also possessed good soil and climatic advantages, yet no other region could produce as profitably those varied, prized and high-priced productions capable of being produced there. The vine, orange, fig, citron, peach, lemon, apricot and almond are a dainty race among the botanical world, and they will grow and thrive only in soil and climate to their own peculiar liking. These fastidious aristocrats among plants, while they stubbornly refuse to yield a profitable harvest in uncongenial soils and climates, yet freely return a shower of perpetual wealth to their cultivators where the conditions are favorable. While northern lands ordinarily produce a ton of hay to the acre, at a net valuation of $10, land on the shores of the Mediterranean, in olives, almonds, raisin grapes, peaches or apricots may be made to bring a net return of $100 or over to the acre.

There is but one other region on the face of the earth possessing the advantages of soil, climate and productions of the border countries of the Mediterranean, and that region is California. Granting the capability, the question may now be asked, what is its extent? It may be affirmed without fear of contradiction, that California contains a larger area of suitable soil and climate to produce semi-tropical fruits than is contained collectively in Spain and Italy. Let us look into this matter a moment. Spain contains 191,000 square miles; Italy 93,640, and California 188,881. The northern half of Spain is on a high plateau of from 2,600 to 3,000 feet high, and it is only after leaving Madrid that olive orchards are met with, and it is only when in the valley of Andalusia that we find soil, climate and productions of the semi-tropics. Andalusia, a part of Murcia and a part of Valencia, include almost all there is of the semi-tropics in Spain. Italy contains but little if any semi-tropical fruits above the lower boundaries of Tuscany. Even as far south as Caserta, I saw peach trees trained flat against the walls in the Government Horticultural School, and I asked the Professor in charge: "Will peaches grow here without training against a wall?" "Yes, they will grow here, but they will not ripen, or worse yet, the early spring frosts to which we are subject may destroy them." He gave me to understand that further south they could be raised in open rows. Now every Californian knows, or ought to know, that it would be useless to seek for semi-tropical fruit in a place where it is too cold for peaches to grow.

In contradistinction to Spain and Italy, I need only refer to the map of California to show from it that almost every portion of this great State is capable of producing the peach, the vine, the olive, the fig and the almond. It may be said that in order to do this we are obliged to resort to irrigation, but I assert that in California irrigation is less of an absolute necessity than in Italy and Spain. C. C. Chisholm, in the *Encyclopedia Britannica*, says of Spain: "Except in Leon and the provinces bordering on the Bay of Biscay and the Atlantic, irrigation is almost everywhere necessary for cultivation." The natural advantages indisputably preponderate in California, and it remains now a question of time or well directed energy, or both, to bring about a change of condition of affairs here the most singular and eventful since the landing of the Pilgrims on Plymouth Rock. How? We shall see presently.

Spain, containing about the same number of square miles as California, and with less than half of its semi-tropical soil and climatic conditions, nevertheless contains a population of seventeen millions. Italy, with less than half our area of square miles, and perhaps with less than one-third our area of semi-tropical soil and climatic advantages, contains a population of twenty-six millions, whereas California contains but a million. It may be replied that all European countries are densely populated, and that Spain and Italy are no exception to the general rule. Spain and Italy are, however, exceptions in this respect; while the northerly countries are as densely populated as the southern, they do not depend altogether on the resources of their lands, but on their manufacturing and export commercial interests; but the people of the South depend mainly on the produce of their land, hence it may be safe to infer that California, with her superior advantages, is capable of sustaining a population not only of 17,000,000, as Spain does, but of 26,000,000 like Italy, and even more than that. If this is possible—and I see no reason why it is not—then it is clear to be seen that California is destined to become one of the most important political factors and safeguards of the Union; for by a settlement of the State to mean or maximum capacity, it will render forever after the approach of an enemy on the Pacific side of the Union—a thing not to be feared. As to the lesser advantages, they are only secondary in rank, but not in importance.

We need scarce be told that great cities would spring up; that commerce and industry would flourish, and that a thousand other concurrent advantages would arise. We all understand this. The question now remains, what would be the best mode of bringing about such a desired state of affairs? I will answer it in my own way, for myself, and leave for your consideration the acceptance or rejection of the statement and plan herewith set forth. In my several trips to Europe in the last few years, I have made the following observations:

First—That there is a custom at the present time—and I was told from time immemorial—for a large portion of the well-to-do inhabitants of the northern countries to regularly visit the southern warm belt, and that in the summer the people of the southern countries visit the northern countries. So extensively is this migratory movement carried on that several great commercial companies find ample compensation in devoting their energies and capital to the business of expediting the movements of these tourists. In the foremost rank among these companies stand the well-known houses of Cook & Sons and Gaze & Co.

Second—Among the best-paying class and largest number of tourists who regularly visit the European, African and Asiatic shores of the Mediterranean, are the English, so much so that there is hardly a town in the region named that does not contain one or more "hotel de Inglettere" or "hotel de Gran Britain," "hotel de London," etc. English interpreters, and Cook's and Gaze's offices, are to be met with almost everywhere; and several thousands of hotels find it profitable to cater for this great migrating custom. Now the first thing in order would be to divert the channel of travel and induce these tourists to come to California, where we cannot alone give them a mild winter climate, but a delightful summer climate, as well.

Third—The next observation that I have made is the fact that while it is the universal custom for the hotels and restaurants to furnish preserved or canned semi-tropical fruits at dinner, and notwithstanding the proverbial cheapness of food in Europe, yet canned semi-tropical fruits are sold at a much higher price at wholesale and retail throughout Northern Europe, than are similar kinds grown and put up in California. I was shown one pound tins containing apricots from Lisbon by Cross & Blackwell for which they charge twenty-four shillings per dozen cans, or fifty cents per one pound tin cans.

Fourth—A number of European merchants are becoming aware of the fact that it is to their interest to supply themselves with California canned goods in place of the Mediterranean goods, but as we have an imperfect mode of distribution, and as there are many restrictive measures applied against the introduction of our goods, which the more watchful and more astute Mediterranean merchant has modified for him by his more efficient Consular intervention, we find as a result that notwithstanding our real advantages the field is for us but little more than barren of profitable results.

Fifth—It is almost needless for me to relate that capital in Europe (especially in England) as a general rule brings but what we consider here a very low rate of interest. Money on first-class security can be readily had at 3 to 4 per cent. per annum. Now, then, suppose we could convince the people of Europe that it would be to their interest to visit our State for health and investment. Would they not come? If they came, would it not tend to swell the number of our population materially? Again, suppose it were possible for us to establish a steady and profitable market for our canned goods, our wines, our hops, our honey, our wax, and even our Bartlett pears in the green state, throughout the northerly European countries, would it not pay us to do so? Certainly it would, and the question now remains, how can this best be done with a minimum effort and the greatest return? I answer as follows:

First—A competent Commission should be appointed, with ample power to act, whose duty it should be to visit the field for operation, and whose best endeavors should be directed toward straightening out the tangled webs of commercial intercourse.

Second—To aid them in their work, there should be held an exhibition in the city of London of samples of such products as we may wish to find a market for in Europe. I advise London, because it is the recognized chief commercial city in Europe, and because it is more centrally located for the purposes intended, and because the international and commercial relations between the Government of the United States and the Government of Great Britain are best suited to further a successful issue of an enterprise of this kind.

While in Vienna I forwarded a letter, which was published in the RECORD-UNION, advising the holding of an exhibition in London, in which is reported the opinion of the United States Consul, Hon. Edmund Jussen, on this subject, a portion of which I will herewith reproduce:

"I believe in it, if as I understand, you have a fine climate, beautiful scenery and ample hotel accommodations. You could evince that fact more readily by an exhibition than by any other means of which I know, and when this fact becomes generally known, you are liable to induce thereby a large traveling class to visit your coast. This would be a source of revenue. You should also find a large market here for honey and wax and possibly canned goods, especially salmon and apricots. Your wines, too, if properly introduced, would find a market in England and Russia."

On arriving in London I found my idea of an exhibition somewhat anticipated, not indeed by California, but by other sections. I found while there four foreign exhibitions going on at the same time. One was a Danish exhibition, the other an Irish exhibition, the third a French exhibition and the finest and by far the most extensive was the Italian exhibition, which covered many acres of land and contained a great exhibition hall, filled with examples of Italian industry and art, and which is more fully described in my letter to the Sacramento *Bee* of July 21st. Thus showing clearly that London is the recognized Mecca for great commercial and industrial enterprises such as is here spoken of.

In my letter stated above, I said the following: "If we can push our raisins in the markets of Chicago, New York, Boston and Philadelphia, can we not push them in England, Germany, Austria, Russia, France, Holland, Belgium, Denmark, Norway and Sweden? Do not the markets of the Eastern cities buy our raisins because they are better and cheaper than than those of Spain, Italy or Turkey?" If the markets of the East find it to their advantage to handle the California raisins, will not this same advantage find us a market in Europe? And so it has, for this very season a beginning was made in this direction; a large sale was made of California raisins to London and highly satisfactory prices were obtained.

In conclusion permit me to add that California is destined to attain a degree of historical splendor incomparably greater and grander than that attained by any other State of the Union or by any other country in the world. This is no idle boast, for all readers of history will readily admit the fact that while the snow countries produced the best commentators, the semi-tropical regions alone brought forth that peculiar genius of originality, which by development and the reason filtering process of the north, men become the guide, criterion, incentive and motive power of the civilized nations of the earth.

Let us not forget that ours is a semi-tropical State, destined to be populous with a great history-making race. Achievements are to be heralded and graven on the immortal tablets of history pregnant and fruitful in the cause of humane beneficence. We are destined to teach the arts of peace. Ours be the destiny to beat swords into plow-shares and spears into pruning-hooks, and proclaim throughout the earth that the age of liberation, liberty and peace is at hand. All honor to the sturdy band of heroic men and women who pioneered the path for us. Let us profit by their heroic example and continue the good work they have so auspiciously begun. Let each and every one of us do the best we can to add to the historical store of our State, whereby we may become worthy citizens of this great commonwealth.

I well know that there is a tendency in all well-meaning conservative men to look with suspicion on any new and untried enterprise, yet I would have none other than the thoughtful conservative approve the plan herein outlined. For ultimate success seldom comes from any other source except it be by those schooled in the channels of forethought and prudence. It is to this class, therefore, that I respectfully submit my plan of sending a Commission to Europe, for the purpose of forwarding our commercial interests, and for the holding of an exhibition in London of the products of California.

THE RALLY.

Hoosier Club—Committee Organization—The Ball Rolling.

The Indianians met last night at the office of J. W. Wilson, the President. There was a large attendance. After a debate as to ways and means, the club unanimously resolved to turn out on the Harrison and Morton parade on the 31st. The manner of appearance, the features to be adopted, etc., it was resolved must depend upon the financial condition of the club treasury. Those present subscribed $35 toward the fund for the display, and that twice as much more ought to be raised. It was also resolved that the club would appear in line in vehicles and on horseback, and with special floats, if possible. Messrs. Wilson, Heimiller, Parker, Pendery and Woodson were appointed a committee to lay out plans for the club features, ascertain cost, make contracts if they saw fit, and report at a meeting of the club to be held on the evening of the 25th inst., to which time the club adjourned. It is urgently requested by the officers that all Indianians by birth or adoption, who live in Sacramento, will send their names and address to the President, 818 K street.

The Chairmen of the several finance committees on the rally of the 31st inst. met yesterday and organized as an auditing committee, and arranged details for getting to work.

Several sub-committees yesterday began organization. Correspondence with the intended speakers and Presidents of the Day has been opened up. Parties to go along the lines of railroad and organize excursions have been selected, and will at once enter upon their duties.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A Republican mass meeting will be held this evening at C. Zimmerman's store, Twelfth and E streets.

Governor Waterman yesterday appointed I. P. Judson, of Georgetown, El Dorado county, a Notary Public.

There will be a Democratic mass meeting at C. Zimmerman's store, Twelfth and E streets, to-morrow evening.

Minnie Campos, a three-year-old daughter of Olympia Campos, was yesterday adopted, in the Superior Court, by Pedro and Maria Salgado.

A concert will be given on Wednesday evening, November 14th, at the Sixth-street M. E. Church, for the benefit of the pipe-organ fund.

In another column the Democratic County Central Committee announces the dates of meetings to be held in various places in the county.

Miss Ida K. Hinds, reciter and impersonator, will give an entertainment at the First Baptist Church on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, October 23d and 24th.

R. S. Carey yesterday shipped three car-loads of hogs to C. N. Edwards & Co., San Francisco. They were a splendid lot, and were raised on Mr. Carey's Yolo county farm.

Officer Green last night arrested three Chinamen for selling lottery tickets. He sent boys into their places of business to purchase tickets, and the plan worked in every instance.

The candidates for office on the Republican ticket are making a canvass of the county. Last night F. R. Gray, C. N. Post, Elwood Bruner, J. L. Huntoon, F. J. Johnson and Frank Clark spoke at Franklin.

The Relief Committee, I. O. O. F., have arranged to take their annual excursion next Sunday. A steamer has been chartered, and the members of the committee, their ladies and invited guests, will go on a trip to the mouth of Feather river.

The following arrests were recorded on the police slate last night: John Doe, common drunk, by officer Rowland; Frank Burdock and E. Burke, misdemeanor, by citizen Gotobed; J. G. Cross, misdemeanor, surrendered; Mong-o-g, Ah Coon and Gin Gee, selling lottery tickets, by officer Green.

G. W. Luce, son of Israel Luce, of this city, has been appointed General Pacific Coast Freight and Passenger Agent of the Texas and Pacific Railway and Cromwell Pacific Through Line, with headquarters at San Francisco. Mr. Luce is a Sacramento boy, and his many friends will be pleased to learn of his success and merited promotion.

It was reported last night that Governor Waterman had decided to pardon George Mathena, Charles Mausell and James Costello, the three men who were sentenced to six months in the County Jail for destroying railroad property. They have served about half their time. A petition for their pardon received numerous signatures.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department One—Armstrong, Judge.

TUESDAY, October 16, 1888.

Emma Epperson vs. John Epperson—Decree of divorce granted on the ground of desertion and failure to provide.

Department Two—Van Fleet, Judge.

TUESDAY, October 16, 1888.

Margaret Conrad vs. Charles H. Eldred—Argued and submitted.

Warmer than Normal.

The average signal service temperature yesterday was 68°, being 9° warmer than the normal for that day. The highest and lowest temperature was 74° and 48°. The lowest, 48°, is the first time the temperature has been so low since June 7th last, when it was 48°. The temperature at 5 A. M. was 50°; 12 M., 70°; 5 P. M., 66°, with southerly winds and a falling barometer.

A Double Help for the Bilious.

In addition to that chief remedial measure—the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters—persons suffering from an acute bilious attack will facilitate recovery by the use at first of milk and lime water and thin gruels, and by a very gradual return to the use of solid foods. Fatty substances should be excluded from the diet. Blue pill is a remedy of doubtful safety, particularly if there be nausea and vomiting, frequent concomitants of liver trouble. The Bitters, provided its reformatory action be not retarded and marred by gross indiscretions in diet, will soon restore the equilibrium of and action of the liver, stomach and bowels, all three disordered by biliousness. In all forms of malarial disease, which in every one of its phases presents indications of liver trouble, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the foremost of specifics. The light of over thirty years' experience also shows it to be a fine remedy for rheumatism, kidney troubles, dyspepsia, nervousness and debility.

Butter and Syrups.

Good roasted coffee, per pound, 20 cents; choice table syrup, per gallon, 25 cents; cranberries, two quarts for 25 cents; good butter, per pound, 30 cents. It pays to Ax Billy, 916 J street, opposite Plaza. *

Professor Von Esmarch, of Germany, is seriously ill in New York.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY.

Progress of Work on the Buildings—The Chapel Begun—A Mausoleum.

Foundations of the six large buildings which form the front half of the quadrangle in which the structures of the Leland Stanford University are grouped, are now completed, and work on their walls will go on rapidly. The six buildings, corresponding precisely in size and appearance, of the rear half of the quadrangle, are nearly all roofed, and interior work is in progress. The red roof tiling, the delicate coloring of the brown-yellow sandstone, the evergreen oaks and the ridge of hills behind, form an attractive picture. Hundreds of laborers are busily employed, stone-cutters and carpenters form a small army, and an architect, detailed for the service by the Eastern designers, watches daily the rearing of the structures of the great university. Portions of the facade of the chapel at the rear of the quadrangle have been put in place, but it is not intended to erect the chapel building at present—not until some of the class-room buildings are completed. The foundations of all the buildings are of coarse rubble unfaced, but above the ground lines the blocks are trimmed and faced. All the buildings are one story in height, and all are connected by a long roofed veranda, with arched openings and pillars, after the Mission style of architecture. Within less than six months some of the buildings will be ready for occupancy. A fact significant of the work projected by Senator Stanford about the University is that the San Jose quarry, from which all the stone for the buildings is taken, has been leased by him for ten years.

Toward the Stanford residence from the University buildings, on a beautiful site among the trees, a small structure of gray Vermont granite is being erected. Blocks of granite that form the front wall are already in place and they support a larger block on which are carved the names of Leland Stanford, Jane L. Stanford and Leland Stanford, Jr. This is the Mausoleum building, which is to be one of the most elaborate structures of the kind ever made.—*S. F. Bulletin, Oct. 15th.*

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ilma Di Murska is living in poverty in New York.

Tom Lees, of Australia, says he is anxious to meet Jack Dempsey in the ring.

A ministerial crisis is threatened in Spain over the question of army reform.

Thurman left Indianapolis yesterday afternoon for Fort Wayne, where he will speak today.

On Monday, Bill Harper shot Walter J. Murphy, near Prescott, A. T. The wound is a serious one.

Mayor Hewitt emphatically denies that he had said he would not vote for Cleveland for President.

It is thought that a large sum has been misappropriated by somebody in the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank at Pittsburg.

George McDonald, who trained Sullivan for his fight in Europe, says he can have him in better condition than ever in three months.

The warehouse of the Standard Oil Company and contents and oil train at Duluth were burned yesterday. Loss, $30,000; uninsured.

The postoffice at Lathrop was entered by burglars early yesterday morning and thoroughly ransacked. All they received was one ten-cent piece.

James Brown Potter has been notified by the Tuxedo Club, of New York, that Kyrle Bellew—Mrs. Potter's leading man—is not wanted at that club, on account of his notoriously immoral character.

T. B. Barry, late lecturer of the Knights of Labor, has sent a circular to the Knights of Toronto, stating that he and several others are to start a new independent Knights of Labor organization.

At Donaldson, Pa., on Sunday night a six-year-old boy got a loaded shotgun, rested it on a chair and shot his mother and a little babe in her arms. They may both die. The boy said he was playing cowboy.

STEEL CARS.

A Californian who Thinks he has Struck a Big Thing.

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CHICAGO, October 16th.—C. M. W. Smith, of San Francisco, is at the Grand Pacific, and will be there until Wednesday, when he will start for the Pacific coast. He brought here a patent force steel railroad coach, and is in a fair way to accomplish his mission, the organization of a company composed principally of Chicago people, for the manufacture of those cars. Mr. Smith says it is settled that before many months, within about five miles of this city, there will be in operation a company manufacturing railroad coaches constructed of steel. It is said they will not telescope, burn or crush.

A Family Reunion.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: There was a reunion of the Cross family at the old homestead in Morrill, Me., October 3d. Owing to the rain, there were only about sixty present. The address of welcome was an original poem by Mrs. Roscoe Cross, who with her husband and family are living on the old place, welcoming them all, but more especially Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cross, of Antelope, Sacramento county, Cal., who are spending a few weeks visiting their relatives and friends in Maine. The address was responded to by Mrs. J. F. Cross in a very feeling manner, showing how, after years of absence, the heart is made to rejoice by the warm greetings of friends.

After partaking of a real New England dinner, which consisted not only of the famous pork and beans, brown bread and pumpkin pie, but of all the good things to be thought of, among them a fruit-cake made in California, the remainder of the afternoon was spent in story-telling, music, recitations and games, not forgetting the good old game of "button," in which gray-haired men and women of threescore years joined with as much enthusiasm as when boys and girls, they gathered around the hearth in winter to eat apples and drink cider. It was decided that the next reunion should be held one year hence, and the following officers were chosen: Warren Cross, President; Ralph Cross, Vice-President; Robie Mears, Secretary. When the time came for separating, a vote of thanks was extended to Joshua E. Cross and wife, who opened their hearts and home for the reunion. May their lives be long and happy with their only remaining son, who, with his amiable wife, after years of absence in California, have come with their children to make the old home ring again with childish laughter.

Morrill, Me., October 4, 1888. R. F. M.

In Brief, and to the Point.

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember: No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

The discussion about marriage in England leads a lady thirty years married to make this criticism on the prayer book: "The Anglican service lowers the wife and sets the husband on a pedestal not at all suitable to him, filling him with notions of martial supremacy which are the cause of half the unhappiness of married life."

Hosford's Acid Phosphate.

For indigestion, dyspepsia and diseases incident thereto.

What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

MARRIED.

Sacramento, October 16—At the residence of the bride's parents, Calvin B. Brown, of Anderson, Shasta county, to Minnie Hartwell, of this city. *

DIED.

Sacramento, October 12—Captain Greenleaf P. Page, a native of Waterville, Maine, 54 years. [Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from his late residence, on the southeast corner Second and K streets (up stairs), this (Wednesday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.] *

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

We have recently bought at PUBLIC AUCTION the entire Fancy and Dry Goods stock of

J. J Kiley & Co.,

Who have retired from business. During the past few days we have been busy transferring this stock to our stores. The stock contains many broken lines that we do not care to place upon our shelves. These are being laid aside, and will be offered from time to time at SPECIAL SALES until all are sold.

In addition to the J. J. Kiley stock, our buyers have sent us many lines of goods bought at special prices, and which will be announced for sale at the same time.

The first sale will be to-morrow morning,

Thursday, 10 A. M.,

And will consist of Double-fold All-wool Dress Goods, as follows:

ALL-WOOL TRICOTS,
ALL-WOOL PLAID SUITINGS,
ALL-WOOL LADIES' CLOTH,
ALL-WOOL BASKETINES,
ALL-WOOL SERGES.

These goods are in desirable winter colors and weights. They were sold by J. J. Kiley & Co. at 50, 62½ and 75 cents a yard. We shall sell them at the uniform price of

25 Cents Per Yard.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.,
Nos. 400 to 410 K Street, Sacramento.

Special Fall and Winter OPENING.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, October 11th, 12th and 13th. Of Pattern Bonnets and Hats, the latest WINTER STYLES and COLORS. New shapes in Untrimmed Felt Hats and Bonnets. A so and full line of Ribbons, Feathers, etc. Requesting your attendance, I remain respectfully yours,

MRS. M. A. PEALER,
SUCCESSOR TO BARBER & PEALER,
621 and 623 J Street,
SACRAMENTO.....[ja6-tf].....CAL

FOR CASH ONLY! TO YOUR INTEREST!

THE CIGAR TRADE, DRUGGISTS, SALOONS, Groceries and Cigar Stands supplied at factory prices.

A. COOLOT,
Sole Agent for Pacific Coast. 3ptf

THE BELL CONSERVATORY CO. LEADING HORTICULTURISTS OF THE PACIFIC COAST HAVE OVER 22000 FEET UNDER GLASS MORE THAN ANY OTHER 5 NURSERIES IN CAL. SACRAMENTO SEND FOR CATALOGUE CALIFORNIA.

E. S. Crocker & Co.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
Fancy and Staple STATIONERY,
Blank-Book Manufacturers, Printers and Lithographers.

SOLE AGENTS FOR Crane's celebrated fine Papers and Envelopes; Marcus Ward's Irish Linen Papers and Envelopes; Chelmsford, Royal and Carrolton Notes, Letters and Legal; A. W. Faber's Rubber Bands and Lead Pencils; Gillott's and Esterbrook's Steel Pens; Leroy W. Fairchild's Gold Pens and Pencils; Carter's Inks and Mucilage; National Cabinet System of Letter Filing.

The Cyclostyle Duplicating Apparatus Will take 2,000 fac-simile copies in indelible ink of any circular, writing, drawing or music.

E. S. CROCKER & CO., Sole Agents
208 and 210 J street, Sacramento.

PARLOR SETS
IN STOCK AND TO ORDER.

BED LOUNGES, SOFA BEDS, NEW DESIGNS in Hall Hat Racks; elegant in style; see them. Toilet Chamber Sets, white and decorated. CARPETS, MATTINGS, WINDOW SHADES. New designs at lowest price.

CHAS. M. CAMPBELL,
409 K street,
OUR MOTTO: Good Goods; Low Prices.
UPHOLSTERY AND REPAIRING.

THE WAVERLY SCHOOL SHOE.

HEEL AND SPRING HEEL.—Sizes 5 to 7½, $1 25; sizes 8 to 10½, $1 50; sizes 11 to 2, $1 75; sizes 2½ to 7, $2 50.

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