SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LX.--NO. 58. SACRAMENTO, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1888. WHOLE NO. 11,680

PACIFIC COAST.

McAULIFFE STOPS CONLEY IN TWO ROUNDS.

Heavy Election Bets—Dr. Bowers on the Benhayon Tragedy—Political Meetings—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

UNDER THE GALLOWS.

A Wyoming Murderer Pays the Debt of His Terrible Crime.

RAWLINS (Wyo.), October 26th.—B. F. Carter was hanged here to-day for the unprovoked murder of a boy—John Jeffrey—in the fall of 1886. His neck was broken, and he died instantly.

THE MAN AND THE CRIME.

Carter's crime was of a character quite unusual in Wyoming. Knowing that his cowed victim was unarmed, the cruel bully shot him down as he would have ended the existence of a helpless dog. The tragedy occurred in a round-up camp on Sand creek, about twenty-five miles north of Rawlins. That Carter escaped a speedy and just retribution was due alone to his horsemanship and his knowledge of the country.

On the day of the killing the dead felon filled himself with liquor and became quarrelsome. As a target for his taunts, insults and blows he selected the inoffensive boy, John Jeffrey. He charged the latter with being a Stock Association spy, one detailed to report irregularities in branding, etc, to the powerful organization of cattle owners. Jeffrey indignantly denied the accusation, when Carter covered him with a six-shooter and struck him repeatedly, thoroughly terrorizing the boy. No one believed that the bully had the courage to shoot, and he was allowed to retain his weapon, although the cooler heads advised that he be disarmed. He was ordered by the foreman to desist, under the penalty of discharge, and for a time was quiet.

But the evil spirit was in Carter, and he continued to abuse Jeffrey at every opportunity during the day. At night Carter's four "bunkies," or sleeping companions, retired to their tent, and their burly mess-mate rode to a distant ranch where whisky was sold.

A FIENDISH PURPOSE.

The bad man returned with a fiendish purpose in possession of his whole being. At the ranch he intimated that he would "spill blood before morning," and he doubtless meditated the murder of Jeffrey.

Carter charged into the tent, making not a little unnecessary noise. He was drunk, but did not stagger. The effect of the liquor was counteracted by the thought of murder in his cowardly heart. By the light of a tallow candle fixed in a rude lantern his companions from their blankets saw Carter flourish his six-shooter. They realized their danger and dared not utter a word. The blustering ruffian discharged his weapon, sending a bullet whizzing over the heads of the prostrate occupants of the tent. To remonstrate with him would have been folly. Nothing was said. The bully was chief. All were at his mercy.

And now Carter turned his attention to the bloody task for which he had nerved himself—the ruthless slaughter of Jeffrey, who was then well nigh dead of terror.

THE MESSENGER OF DEATH.

The crime was committed in an instant. Carter ordered the boy to rise, with a curse changed the command to "lie down," and while Jeffrey was in a sitting posture, sent the messenger of death crashing through his skull. The lad's brains spattered against the canvas. He died without a moan or struggle.

Carter mounted his broncho and was away into the night like the wind. In half an hour fifty cowboys were on his trail, determined to avenge the unprovoked killing of their favorite. Reinforcements joined the chase at every ranch, and Carter's capture and early demise seemed certain. But the murderer had been cunning. He had selected a speedy horse with tested qualities of endurance, and traveled a route peculiarly adapted to his purpose.

THE EXCITING CHASE.

The exciting chase terminated when Carter sought shelter at the ranch of Tom Sun, a popular pioneer with prosaic ideas of justice—a man who dubbed disciples of Judge Lynch "strangling cowards," and who had previously emphasized his sentiments on this subject with death-dealing bullets. As Carter had supposed, Sun, who was in reality a Deputy Sheriff, accepted him as a prisoner, and threatened to shoot the first man who attempted to "infringe on the law," as he put it.

The disappointed cow-boys dispersed in bad temper. Carter was taken to Rawlins and in due time tried. His relatives employed able counsel, but the testimony was conclusive. Carter was adjudged guilty and sentenced to be hanged August 24th last. At earnest solicitation, Governor Moonlight granted a sixty-day reprieve to the condemned man, and the case was carried to the Supreme tribunal of the Territory. The judgment of the lower Court was affirmed in short order. Not a solitary palliating circumstance could be urged. The murder was, the Chief Justice said, premeditated and unprovoked.

HIS FATE SETTLED.

His fate settled, Carter, who had previously been hopeful, became despondent, lost his appetite and join the Episcopal Church. He was not an enthusiastic Christian, but rather a humble follower; not demonstrative, but a student of the prayer-book.

Carter was a giant in physique. He weighed 190 pounds, was an inch over six feet in hight, and splendidly proportioned. Born in a range country, Horton county, Tex., he was a cowboy from early youth and an adept at the business. Of surly disposition he was very bellicose when in his cups, but never before became involved in serious trouble. He had been in the Territory eight years and had worked for half a score of outfits.

SHERIFF HIGH.

Sheriff William High, who hanged Carter, is quite a character himself. He is a middle-aged, under-sized individual, whose quiet, but determined ways and known courage make him an officer to be respected. It is said that High is a killer himself, but he has nothing to say on the subject. It is certain, however, that he is one of the men who assisted in lynching the notorious Jack Slade at Virginia City, Mont. High, some time since, purchased the rope and black cap use at Carter's execution. The former is five-eights inch cord, fifteen feet long, and was made by the Chicago manufacturer who furnished the Anarchists' hempen coils. The cap was a long bag of the glossiest silk.

HEAVY LOSSES.

The Town of Colusa the Scene of a Destructive Fire.

COLUSA, October 26th.—A fire at about 11 o'clock last night in Steiner & Mogk's general merchandise store, corner of Fifth and Main streets, destroyed the building and contents. The second story of the building was occupied and owned by Masonic lodges, whose loss is $7,500; partially insured. The building was owned by S. Furth, of Maxwell, and the Winter sisters, of New York; their loss is $12,000; partially insured. Steiner & Mogk's loss is $50,000; insurance, $25,000.

SHORT AND SHARP.

McAuliffe Puts Conley to Sleep in the Second Round.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—The Conley-McAuliffe fight came off this evening in the presence of the largest crowd ever assembled in the California Athletic Club's rooms. In this fight the old style of calling time was dispensed with, and in lieu thereof a great gong sounded.

In the first round McAuliffe was rushed upon by Conley, who seemed determined to force the fight. He got in a few good blows on McAuliffe, but his manner did not show any science. There were several clinches, and the referee ordered them to break away, and each time Conley, in breaking, tried to get in blows on his opponent, who did not make any great show of resistance.

Second round—Conley again rushed at McAuliffe, who met him with a blow that staggered him, and following this up with a neck-blow, dazed him. After that Conley made another rush, when McAuliffe drove him into his own corner, where he dealt him a blow which sent him to grass, and when the gong rang he was unable to rise. Therefore the fight was awarded to McAuliffe.

Within a few minutes after the fight Conley walked to the dressing-room as if nothing had happened to him, and the only marks of punishment he shows is a black eye and a few scratches.

PIXLEY RETIRES.

The "Argonaut" Editor Bids Adieu to the American Party.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—Frank M. Pixley has tendered his resignation as a member of the State Committee of the American party. Many are surprised at his staying in as long as he has.

HE IS DISGUSTED.

In an interview with a reporter of an evening paper, Mr. Pixley is reported as follows:

"I am out of the fight. For the future I intend to devote part of the time to my own business and leave politics pretty much alone. I do not propose to continue with a movement which has been so badly managed that it will be ridiculous when the vote is counted. I am disgusted with the action of the Non-partisan Convention. They acted so foolishly that I would be a fool to continue to have anything more to do with them. Now, I don't care a d--n whether Cleveland or Harrison is elected, but Morrow has made a useful, serviceable member of Congress. I now see that the American party stands no show, and I have no desire to do anything to help the election of Bob Ferral."

POLITICAL EXHORTERS.

The Campaign Missionaries Still Abroad Among the Benighted.

MARYSVILLE, October 26th.—P. D. Wigginton, the American party's candidate for Vice-President, is addressing a large audience in the theater this evening.

At Sutter City a Republican meeting is in progress. The speakers are T. J. Sherwood, John A. Eagon, S. D. Woods, M. E. Sanborn and others.

CENTERVILLE REPUBLICANS.

CENTERVILLE, October 26th.—An enthusiastic Republican meeting was held here last night, George W. Patterson, of Centerville, presided. Judge A. B. Hunt, of Oakland, delivered an able and masterly address on the tariff issue.

FREE TRADE AND COLD WATER.

HALFMOON BAY, October 26th.—The Rev. George Morris, of the California *Voice*, delivered a free trade speech at this place last night, under the auspices of the Prohibition party, to a small audience.

A DEMOCRATIC RALLY.

TULARE, October 26th.—The town is full of Democrats to-night. A special train from Mussel Slough and Visalia brought hundreds. The torchlight procession had 450 in line, with four bands. An open-air meeting was held and addressed by Reel B. Terry and Grady of New York, who were attentively listened to by three or four thousand people.

A STRONG PROTECTION SPEECH.

MERCED, October 26th.—H. V. Morehouse, of Salinas, addressed a very large concourse of people here to-night, making the most effective speech of the campaign. He gave the history of the tariff principle of our Government from its foundation down to the present time. He showed the manufacturers how trade flourished, labor always well paid, and the nation advanced in wealth and population under the operation of the protective tariff, while under a low tariff commerce languished, labor was poorly paid, the country drained of its gold and silver, and every interest suffered from general stagnation.

The campaign warms up as the day of election approaches. The Republicans, though confident and determined, will continue to work until their cause is crowned with victory.

THE BENHAYON MYSTERY.

Dr. Bowers Charges Mrs. Benhayon with the Murder of Her Son.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—An interview with Dr. Bowers, convicted of poisoning his wife, is published this evening, in which he charges Mrs. Benhayon with having murdered her son, Henry Benhayon, in order to obtain the insurance on his life. Dr. Bowers claims to have proof of his charge.

LATER—THE STORY DENIED.

Dr. Bowers denies the story published in an evening paper that he had charged Mrs. Benhayon with murdering her son.

RACING AT THE BAY.

Senator Stanford's Colt, Montarth, Has a Walkover.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—The unfinished trot of yesterday was won in the first heat to-day by Hidalgo, Perihelion second, Haywood third. Time, 2:28¼.

The first regular event, the Stanford stakes, $1,225, was a walkover for Stanford's Montarth.

The second event was a match race between Stone to cart and Joe and Melrose in harness. Melrose won in three straight heats. Time, 2:39—2:37—2:38.

AN AGED VETERAN.

Death in Washington Territory of a Soldier of the War of 1812.

SEATTLE, October 26th.—Asa Coombs, aged 92 years, died in this city to-day. He was born in Maine in 1796. He cast his first vote for President Monroe, and took especial pride in the fact that he had voted at every Presidential election since that time. He enlisted in the war of 1812, at the age of 16 years.

State Horticultural Board's Election.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—The State Board of Horticulture has elected the following officers: President, E. W. Hilgard, of Berkeley; Vice-President, A. T. Hatch, of Suisun; Secretary, E. J. Wickson, of Berkeley; Treasurer, R. J. Trumbull, of San Rafael; Directors—T. A. Wilcox, of Santa Clara; L. Coates, of Napa, F. C. De Long, of Novato, W. C. Blackwood, of Haywards, and D. Lubin, of Sacramento.

San Diego Races.

SAN DIEGO, October 26th.—The regular races closed to-day. Altokere won the county stallion race. Best time, 2:33.

The three-quarter mile was won by Mikado in 1:15½.

The two-mile dash was won by Four Aces in 3:37.

Gladstone'e half-mile heat on Wednesday, in :48½, beats the record. Special events are to be given on the 27th and 28th.

Small-pox in the City Hospital.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—Six cases of small-pox have been discovered in the City and County Hospital. All of the victims have been in the hospital for several months, and it is a mystery how they became infected. All the cases have been isolated, and the matter will be investigated.

Bold Theft.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—A daring thief broke a $400 plate glass window in Robert Meyer's jewelry store at 637 Market street at midnight, and stole $50 worth of rolled gold watch chains. He was chased by several policemen and a crowd of citizens, but he managed to make his escape.

The Stationary Engineers.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—The Stationary Engineers this evening decided to apply to the next Legislature to pass a law requiring all stationary engineers to take out a license after passing an examination as to their qualifications.

Mitchell is Willing.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—Charley Mitchell, the English pugilist, has written to the President of the California Athletic Club signifying his willingness to meet Jack Dempsey in a fight under its auspices.

Heavy Election Betting.

SPOKANE FALLS, October 26th.—J. F. Warder, the owner of large mines, and Mr. Scott of Portland, have made a bet of $5,000 a side on the election. Warder bets on Harrison.

Wines and Brandies for Paris.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 26th.—The State Viticultural Commissioners decided to-day to send an exhibit of wines and brandies to the Paris Exhibition.

Simplicity is a virtue universally admired, but it is nowhere more in place than in religious worship.

HOME AFFAIRS.

BLOODY FAMILY FEUD DOWN IN MISSISSIPPI.

Admiral Porter on Naval Apprentices—Members of a Trust Indicted—Striker Shot.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

UNHAPPY COOLIES.

The Restriction Law Put Into Force on the Mexican Border.

EL PASO (Tex.), October 26th.—The suddenly announced enforcement of the Chinese restriction law at El Paso has cast great consternation over the Chinese colony here. Heretofore the Chinese inhabitants of El Paso have been in the habit of going across the Rio Grande to Paso Del Norte and all other portions of Chihuahua in the most unrestricted manner. In fact some in the big business have kept separate establishments on the Mexican and American sides of the river. A sudden stop was put on it to-day. The blow, being totally unexpected, was the more stunning. To-day all Chinese wanting to cross the Rio Grande into Mexico were readily allowed to go, but none were allowed to return to El Paso.

Among the leading Chinese here many are possessed of ample means and have quietly consulted eminent legal talent as to the means of evading the stringent clauses of the law, but met with no encouragement from that quarter. Applications to take out naturalization papers are promptly rejected by the Clerk of the Court. John Chinaman is very unhappy to-day.

OUR SISTER TERRITORY.

Governor Zulick's Report on the Condition of Arizona.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—C. W. Zulick, Governor of Arizona, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, states that there has been during the year steady progress in the growth and development of the Territory. The population has largely increased; the Indian depredations are a thing of the past; life and property are now safe, and law and order are supreme.

During the year 295,841 acres of public land were entered by settlers; 200 miles of canal for irrigation are in operation and 100 miles additional will be built during the present year.

The importance of Congress authorizing a hydrographic survey of the Territory to demonstrate the feasibility of artesian wells and water storage reservoirs is dwelt upon at great length.

The yield of gold and silver last year was $5,771,555.

The Governor renews the recommendation of last year for the necessary appointments for the survey of public lands in the Territory, and urges the settlement of private land grants and opposes the proposition before Congress to transfer these claims to a special Court created for that purpose.

A TRUST IN TROUBLE.

Members of the Jute Bagging Combination Indicted.

MEMPHIS, October 26th.—The Grand Jury has returned indictments against Benjamin Gratz, Anderson Gratz, L. W. Jones, Joel Wood and Mr. Warren, members of the firm of Warren, Jones & Gratz, of St. Louis, manipulators of the bagging trust. The indictments charge them with unlawfully agreeing and conspiring to buy all the bagging in the market, and the outputs of the mills for several months, and advance the prices double what they were before.

Requisition papers will be applied for at once, and the indicted individuals brought here for trial. The Attorney-General will prosecute the case with vigor, and thinks the indicted parties have clearly violated the law.

WHAT GRATZ SAYS.

ST. LOUIS, October 26th.—Referring to a dispatch from Memphis, Tenn., with reference to the indictment of members of the jute bagging combination, Benjamin Gratz said he did not know nor care anything about it. The firm of Warren, Gratz & Jones were only manufacturers and did not own a yard of bagging.

OVERLAND FREIGHTS.

The Interstate Commission and the New Transcontinental Tariffs.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—The Interstate Commerce Commission has made public the result of its examination of the new transcontinental tariffs which were put in effect September 1, 1888. It is held that discriminations are made and undue advantages are given by the special commodity tariffs which caused the complaints. The opinion further states that these conclusions were made known October 16th to representatives of the transcontinental lines at an interview arranged for that purpose, and were at once acceded to. The modified arrangement suggested by the Commission for west-bound business having gone into effect October 23d, the details of the opinion are substantially the same as furnished by Chairmen Leeds and Midgely, and reported in these dispatches some days ago.

NO HARM INTENDED.

Striking Carmen on Trial For Using Dynamite Bombs.

CHICAGO, October 26th.—Julius Kaseburg, Peter Thompson, Thomas Nicholson and John Magee were on trial to-day, charged with placing dynamite bombs on the tracks of the North Chicago Street Railway, during the recent strike of conductors and drivers. The policeman who arrested the prisoners testified and gave the statements made by defendants. These were, in effect, that the bombs were ordinary railway torpedoes, incapable of doing any damage, and that there was no intention of harming anyone, the object being merely to scare the new men.

THE RAHWAY MYSTERY.

A Ray of Light Thrown Upon a Long Hidden Crime.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—About one year ago Sophie Janson, a young and prepossessing woman, 25 years of age, left Sweden to visit her sister in Brooklyn. She arrived at Castle Garden, which she left for Schmidt's Hotel in this city. Since then all trace of her has been lost. Her married sister, whom she had come to visit, has also disappeared.

The mysterious disappearance of Miss Janson was not made known until a few days ago, when Mrs. Sandborg, residing at Erastina, Staten Island, returned from a visit to Sweden, where she met the young woman's parents, and learned that they had heard nothing of their daughter since she arrived in this country. Miss Janson, when she left home, had about $3,000, and wore considerable jewelry.

As the disappearance of the young woman occurred about the same time as the discovery of the murder of the young woman at Rahway, N. J., Mrs. Sandborg is inclined to believe that the murdered woman is Miss Janson. She will go to Rahway to-morrow, and, if possible, identify the clothing of the young murdered woman, which is in the possession of Rahway's authorities.

AMERICAN-BORN MARINES.

Admiral Porter Explains the Good Features of the Apprentice System.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—Admiral Porter, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Navy, says in regard to the apprentice system, that it is one of the best features of the navy, and in that connection the report runs thus: "The crews of our ships are generally made up of sailors from every part of the world, but mostly of the Scandinavian race—good reliable men in time of peace, who little care under what flag they sail. They have no sentiment for our flag or nationality, and possibly if it came to an action with a ship of their own or a neighboring nation, they would haul down the American colors and hoist their own. This is a contingency against which we should provide, and we have the means of doing so through the vast number of American boys who are roaming the streets at will, and who would consider Government employment a boon. What is required is a larger number of native-born apprentice boys and the enlargement of the conveniencies for their introduction into the service."

BEST MEANS OF DEFENSE.

On the subject of torpedoes the Admiral said: "The torpedo no doubt can be made a powerful adjunct to other naval appliances, but as matters now stand the torpedo would be comparatively useless against heavily-armored ships with powerful guns, which would hold their own notwithstanding they might be hampered with nets. Great ships with great guns will command the situation, and having once effected an entrance into a harbor can, by the aid of their electric lights, send divers to the bottom and cut the wires connecting the submerged mines.

"Our country, more than any other, stands in need of torpedo vessels of from 1,600 to 2,600 tons of displacements. Until we can get our new navy fairly started this class of vessels could be built much more rapidly than cruisers or ironclads. The batteries should not be not larger than six-inch rifles, and fitted with machine and rapid-firing guns. No matter whether we bring dynamite shells and torpedo vessels to perfection or not, our policy lies in building fast cruisers and heavy ironclads like the Puritan, Maine and Texas. These are like the heavy artillery which in battles have decided the contest and will continue to do so. The ingenuity of man will always contrive some means to protect the prime factors, the great ships, from the annoyance of the small fry."

NOT SO BAD.

Hall McAllister's Ailment Not Paralysis of the Brain.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—Regarding the condition of Hall McAllister, Frank Newlands dictates the following statement: "The reports which are in circulation regarding Hall McAllister's condition are exaggerated. Mr. McAllister went abroad six months ago for his health, in hope that rest would entirely restore it. Thus far he has received no benefit. The doctors of distinction whom he has consulted have discovered no organic disease. They say that his trouble is anæmia, or poverty of blood, caused by overwork. We are desirous that he shall remain here during the winter in order to avail himself of the medical treatment here, but the doctors think that the mild climate of the Pacific coast will be beneficial to him. He will return to California in a few days, but he will not resume work till he is in better condition, and his son, Hall McAllister, Jr., will accompany him in his journey west.

EVIDENTLY IN A SERIOUS CONDITION.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—Hall McAllister, of San Francisco, who has just been brought back from Europe in a critical condition of health, and who, it is believed, is suffering from a serious mental affection, is being cared for in the family of his son-in-law, J. E. Newlands, at the latter's residence, No. 13 Gramercy park, in this city. The family and friends of McAllister are very reticent, and their unwillingness to speak about him is the main reason for believing that his mental condition is serious. It is known positively that McAllister's physical health is extremely bad. His trip to Europe, which was undertaken expressly for the purpose of recuperating him by change of scene and withdrawal from all business cares in San Francisco, has had exactly the opposite effect. Instead of being benefited by the trip, he is in a much feebler condition than he was some months ago. It is doubtful whether the journey from New York to San Francisco with him can be continued at once, as was intended.

McAllister is now in his 62d year, and long illness has made him seem much older. When your correspondent called at Newlands' residence this evening he was not permitted to see McAllister. Newlands made no statement of his father-in-law's condition. He only said that McAllister was not so critically ill as reported. It is understood, however, that since McAllister's arrival the Newlands have not received company.

The invalid is a brother to Ward McAllister, the well-known society man of this city, who gained considerable notoriety by the statement in an interview that the elite of New York consisted of only four hundred.

Ward McAllister was seen at his residence, but was not inclined to give much definite information. "My brother is very weak," he said, "but the sensational reports of his immediate collapse, or the danger of it, are exaggerated. I understand that he will be taken to San Francisco in a day or two—at least in a few days. He is resting here. The members of his family, who accompanied him to Europe, are with him, and will return to San Francisco when he does."

"It is reported that Hall McAllister's mind has been seriously affected by his physical illness," said the correspondent. "Is this true?"

Ward McAllister said: "The reports are sensational."

"Is it not true, then, that his mental condition is serious?"

"My brother is simply stopping in New York to recover his strength for the journey to San Francisco," replied McAllister. "He is very weak."

No more direct statement could be elicited.

A FAMILY AFFAIR.

Two Mississippi Families Do a Little Shooting and Killing.

ROXY (Miss.), October 26th.—A desperate fight between the Rowland family and Dr. S. V. Parker and his brothers resulted in the killing of Dr. Parker and the seriously wounding of the other Parker. Some twenty shots were fired, and the shooting ceased only for lack of ammunition. The cause of the family quarrel was Parker marrying Rowland's daughter when he had a wife living. It is feared the difficulty is not ended.

INDIAN WAR TALK.

The Standing Rock Agency Prepared for Any Move of the Crows.

PIERRE (D. T.), October 26th.—About two hundred Sioux Indians, under White Ghost, from the Lower Brule Agency, passed up Bad river yesterday to re-enforce the Standing Rock Indians in the rumored coming fight with the Crow Indians. It is expected that Charger, with about 300 Indians, will join them at the Cheyenne Agency.

The Crows are out in force, and they expected to strike the blow while the Sioux chiefs were at Washington, but they were too late, as the latter have returned. That is the general rumor, but no one reasonably supposes there will be a conflict.

THE AQUEDUCT FRAUDS.

Army Officers Base Their Defense On Very Weak Grounds.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—The Army Court of Inquiry were in session for two hours to-day, and received the reports of Major Andrew and Lieutenant Townsend on the work of the tunnel; also numerous affidavits on both sides. The Court will inspect the work in the tunnel to-morrow. It is understood that the army officers will base their defense on the ground that employes, who have done bad work and were discharged, have instigated the charges in revenge.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.

A Chicago Car Conductor Shoots Down His Assailant.

CHICAGO, October 26th.—At an early hour this morning the grip car on Clark street, with new men at the posts, was boarded by a crowd of toughs, who assaulted the driver and conductor with stones and other missiles, whereupon Conductor Ashford drew a revolver and fired two shots into the crowd, one shot taking effect in one Bowman's head, inflicting a serious though not fatal wound.

A SHOCKING CRIME.

Robbers Murder a Man and Wife and Fire the House.

CLEVELAND, October 26th.—David Sellers and wife, living near Mount Gilead, were murdered last night and their farmhouse fired by the perpetrators of the crime. It is supposed to have been the work of burglars. A daughter and the hired man were awakened by the smoke and escaped with difficulty. A searching party is out now

Mysteriously Disappeared.

ST. LOUIS, October 26th.—Thomas A. Richardson, Advertising Manager of the St. Louis *Furniture Magazine*, is missing. It is feared he has become insane and wandered away, or perhaps committed suicide. His friends assert that he lost a large sum of money recently on land speculations.

A Very Fat Take.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—A special from St. John, Newfoundland, says: Governor Blake has been appointed Governor of Queensland, Australia, and has accepted. It is one of the richest plums in the gift of the Salisbury Government. The salary is $25,000 a year and the emoluments something enormous.

Educating Their Heels.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—In the fall games of Columbia College students to-day A. Vosburg beat the record for a mile run by one second. Time, 4:52 2 5. Moffatt, a Canadian, ran a half-mile in the fastest time this season in open competition—2:2-5.

For Uniform Reports.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—As many discrepancies occur in the reports of the kinds of spirits in distillery warehouses, the Treasury Department to-day issued a new set of instructions so that the reports would hereafter be uniform and correct.

California Pensions.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—California pensions granted: D. G. Mitchell, Perris; W. J. Williams and D. F. Fisher, San Francisco; D. J. Bering, Horsetown; Edwin Jones, Yuba City; John E. Burg, Oakland; H. N. Richie, San Francisco.

Suicide from Dementia.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—Mrs. J. P. Lynch, a young married woman of this city, suicided by jumping from the fourth story of a window in the Hotel Bristol this afternoon. She was demented by long illness.

Aged and Despondent.

BALTIMORE, October 26th.—Two old ladies, inmates of the Aged Women's Home, near this city, were found dead from gas suffocation. They were embraced in each other's arms.

Struck by a Train.

CEDAR RAPIDS (Ia.), October 26th.—Mrs. James Ditworth and Harry Pond were killed and Mrs. Isaac Larkin fatally injured to-day by their buggy being struck by a train of cars.

The Brotherhood Brakemen.

COLUMBUS, October 26th.—The Brotherhood of Railway Brakemen completed their session to-day, selecting St. Paul as the next place of meeting, October 18, 1889. The federation scheme was dropped.

High-Priced Affections.

BOSTON, October 26th.—Mrs. Mura Beats was awarded a verdict of $30,000 against Dr. Thompson Lowell as damages of alienating her husband's affection by writing letters.

Suicide in the South.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), October 26th.—J. B. Ball, of Kansas City, a railroad man, suicided this morning at the Windsor Hotel by taking a large dose of chloral-hydrate.

It Cannot Help Them.

ST. LOUIS, October 26th.—The Browns defeated the New Yorks to day, hitting George with ease. Score—St. Louis 14, New York 11. Pitchers—King and George.

The President in New York.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—The President and Mrs. Cleveland arrived this evening and were driven to the residence of Secretary Whitney.

Mrs. Blaine, Jr., in Danger.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—The physician in attendance on Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., to-night said that her life was hanging on a thread.

Good News for the Small Boy.

NORFOLK (Va.), October 26th.—The Peanut Trust, which controls 90 per cent. of the peanut trade of the country, is dissolved.

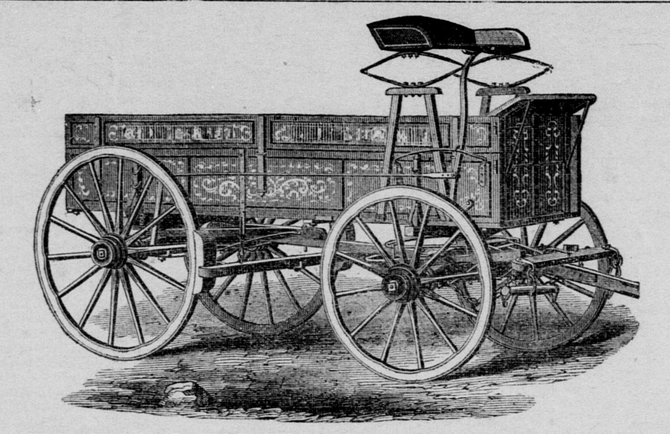
A Neck-Stretching Matinee.

COLUMBIA (S. C.), October 26th.—Ephraim Mays was hanged at Edgefield to-day for the murder last December of Jacob Burr.

Not a Bad Failure.

DOUGLAS (Kan.), October 26th.—Wilkies' Bank failed to-day. Its liabilities are $65,000 and assets $110,000.

Democrats have one advantage in navigating Salt river. They have "been there" so often they will need no pilot or map or chart.



THE CLEVELAND ADMINISTRATION CONVICT-MADE ARMY WAGON.

MR. CLEVELAND is fast demonstrating his great love for the workingmen and industries of this country. Last winter his Administration purchased 2,000 blankets in England for use of the American army, because, by not paying the duty that a private citizen is compelled to pay, the Government secured the blankets 30 cents cheaper per pair than they could be obtained at American mills. When this act of injustice and injury to the working men and industries of this country become known, it received a general expression of condemnation from all who were true to American labor and American interests.

It now transpires that within the last three months, since Mr. Cleveland's renomination, his Administration has purchased 1,400 wagons for the American army, made in Tennessee, by State convicts, working at 25 cents a day for contractors.

Within the present month Mr. Cleveland made a pocket veto of the bill to prohibit the employment of convict labor, or the use of any of its products in Government works, or supplies.

General Harrison, when United States Senator, supported the bill to prevent the employment of convict labor on public works, or the use of the products of such labor in filling supplies for Federal purposes, and is in favor of protecting American industries against foreign goods. [See the speeches of Congressman McKinley and Chairman I. W. Daniels of the Typographical Union, at the Labor Demonstration in Indianapolis, October 26, 1888, and the War Department and Congressional Records.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

James C. Flood, of California, is reported better.

The Provo, U. T., Grand Jury found 134 indictments in a thirty-four-days' session.

An engine was badly injured and a fireman killed in a railroad wreck at Evanston, Wyo. T.

Ex-Governor and ex-United States Senator William Hamilton, of Maryland, died of pneumonia yesterday.

In the races at San Diego, on Thursday, Gladstone broke the world's record for two half mile heats, running in :48¾.

It is denied that there are fifty cases of typhoid fever at Pasadena. The Health Officer says there are not half a dozen.

William R. McCreary, a Stockton lawyer, fled to avoid arrest for betraying a girl, and committed suicide on an Arizona train.

David Yeates, a barkeeper, killed his wife and himself, at Colfax, W. T., on Thursday. There was no witness to the tragedy.

A man going by the name of Rustig, representing himself as G. C. Caukin, drew a sum of money belonging to Caukin from a bank at Victoria.

The W. C. T. U. Superintendents concluded their labors yesterday at New York. It was decided to meet in San Francisco on September 28, 1889.

The Treasury Department has prohibited the importation of Mexican cattle into Arizona, except at Yuma and Noagles, where they can be inspected.

A royal proclamation has been issued in Servia, declaring that a new Constitution is necessary, and appealing to the parties to unite in the work of procuring it.

Jack Ashton, formerly of Sullivan's combination, and Jim Fell, of Grand Rapids—both heavy-weight pugilists—fought twelve rounds on Thursday, with small gloves, for a purse of $500. Ashton won, punishing Fell badly.

A. J. Alexander, proprietor of the Woodburn Stock Farm, has sold to W. H. Allen, of St. Louis, fourteen head of highbred trotters, aggregating $23,000. This is the largest private sale of trotting stock that ever took place in Kentucky.

At Spartansburg, S. C, R. Senn and Helen Boland, both white, were sentenced to be hanged December 14th, for the murder of Mrs. Senn two years ago. Senn was infatuated with Miss Boland, and poisoned his wife to get her out of the way.

A sensation has been created at Fort Dodge, Ia., by the discovery of the elopement of W. C. Payne, a well-known banker of that city, with his servant girl, Rose Connors. The young woman has been living in the family, which consisted of Payne, his wife and little daughter, for about six months.

While engaged in a game of cards at Thompsonville, Ill., Warren Jordan shot and killed John Davis, when Chase Davis, a brother of the murdered man, seized a hatchet and knocked out Jordan's brains. All concerned are prominent and men of families, and it is feared a factional war will be the result.

The Fruit Growers' Convention.

President Elwood Cooper, of the State Board of Horticulture, has sent out notice for the Fruit Growers' Convention at Chico, November 20th to 23d, inclusive, in which he says:

"The Butte County Horticultural Society, the citizens of Chico and the members of the State Board cordially invite fruit growers, shippers, packers, nurserymen and others interested in horticulture and kindred pursuits to be present at said Convention and participate in its deliberations. Every effort will be made to insure a large attendence, and it is to be hoped the meeting will be one of interest and profit to all. An exhibition of fruits, flowers, etc, will be made by the people of Chico and vicinity. All those having new fruits and inventions of value to horticulturists are requested to exhibit them at this meeting. The Southern Pacific will allow return tickets to all points on their lines from Chico—provided a receipt for the ticket purchased be taken at starting-point. This will be countersigned by the Secretary at the Convention, and entitle the holder to a return ticket at one-third the regular rate. An invitation has been sent to Governor Waterman, and it is expected that he will be present at the opening of the Convention. Many valuable papers on different subjects pertaining to horticulture will be presented, written by some of the most prominent and experienced horticulturists of the State."

Sessions will be held in the Chico Town Hall. General Bidwell will deliver the address of welcome.

The Gubernatorial Fight in New York.

The *Epoch*, a Democratic journal says: In an address delivered the other day at Ithaca, Warner Miller thus characterized his opponent, David B. Hill, and the methods which are being used to re elect him:

"For pettifogging by a high official I have never seen the like of that, and he has been pettifogging this temperance question all over the State. The sole and controlling reason why he vetoed the high license bill was because the liquor dealers demanded it.

"Now, as is natural, the liquor dealers boast that they control the Executive of the State. It is a shameful boast, and no greater infamy has ever come upon the State than that it could be possible that such a boast could be made. If the people of this State want that boast renewed next year by the Liquor Dealers' Association, they should elect David B. Hill as Governor and not myself. I have not come here begging your votes. I come as the representative of a cause, not as a personal candidate. If the people of New York desire the shame of the control of our State Government by the liquor dealers to continue, they don't want me, and I don't want to be Governor."

The *Epoch* adds: "Warner Miller does not exaggerate the situation and it would be a lasting disgrace to the Empire State to return D. B. Hill to the Executive Mansion at Albany for another term. The *Epoch* wishes success to the Republican nominee for Governor."

People don't grow famous in a hurry, and it takes a deal of hard work even to earn your bread and butter.—*Louisa M. Alcott.*

THE POLITICAL ARENA.

POWDERLY SAYS HE ALWAYS WAS FOR PROTECTION.

Minister West Hankering for a Cooler Climate—Dana Criticises Cleveland—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

REPUBLICAN VIGILANCE.

A New York Registration Inspector Checkmates a Fraud.

NEW YORK, October 26th.—The National Republican Committee, through the Reward Committee, Cornelius N. Bliss, Elihu Root and Daniel G. Rollins, deposited $25,000 in the Garfield National Bank as a reward for the arrest and conviction of persons guilty of illegal registration or voting. Yesterday they paid over to John Broderick $2,000 for causing the arrest and conviction of George Gordon, who falsely registered at one of the polling-places.

The discovery of the crime of Gordon was due to the vigilance of Broderick, who is a Republican Inspector of Elections in the Fifth Election District. The Republican National, State and County Committees urge every Republican Inspector of Election to be on the alert for colonized voters, and to report immediately any attempt to violate the election laws. The reward will be promptly paid in every instance.

POWDERLY IS SOLID.

The K. of L. Leader Proclaims Himself a Stanch Protectionist.

PITTSBURG, October 26th.—Secretary Coke of the Window-glass Workers' Association to-day gave out a portion of a private letter he had received from Terrence V. Powderly, in which the latter declared himself a protectionist. Mr. Coke says the letter was written in answer to one which National District Assembly No. 300 had sent to the General Master Workman, asking for his opinion as to the legality of their course in placing speakers in the field to advocate the cause of protection during the the present campaign. The following are the extracts from the letter which Coke gave out:

No explanation is necessary as to the course taken by Labor Assembly No. 300. If the members think they are right that is sufficient for me, so long as the action taken does not interfere with the working of the Assembly. I am not free to advocate either party, and have not done so by word, act or intimation. You are at perfect liberty to denounce me through the press if you catch any trace of my fingers in this campaign, except it be for some well-known friend of labor. I believe in protection, and never have bought a single article made across the ocean. It is my invariable practice to ask where an article was manufactured before I purchased it. If I cannot get a home-made article I will wait until I can. I would not allow an article to land that we can manufacture ourselves. I would not allow any workmen to come over and take the places of our own workmen. I am a protectionist, and in many respects differ from those who are preaching protection in this campaign. Were it not for the labor organizations there would be no protection for men who work. These things are facts, and yet I am accused of partiality for the Democratic party. I am neutral in this campaign, and intend to remain so until election day.

TOO HOT FOR HIM.

A Belief That Minister West Would Rather be in Russia.

WASHINGTON, October 26th.—No new developments are expected in relation to Minister West's unfortunate blunder until next week, and it is possible that Mr. Cleveland will take no further notice of the matter. The general opinion here is that, whether Lionel fell into a trap deliberately prepared for him, or whether his correspondent in Los Angeles was inspired by the sincerest motives in writing his letter, the future usefulness of the British Envoy to his Government in this country is at an end.

Should Mr.