SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LX.--NO. 83. SACRAMENTO, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 26, 1888. WHOLE NO. 11,705

THIS WEEK!

Golden Drops from each Department! Every Day Something New! It will pay you well to read our Ad. each Morning!

We have one case Plain Red Flannel, all-wool, at 19 cents per yard.

One case Navy Blue Twilled Flannel, all-wool, at 25 cents per yard.

Gilt Hat Ornaments, 10 for 5 cents. MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Double-width Lace-work Scrim; three colors of hair-line stripe; 10 cents per yard.

Silk Velvets in Brocades and Stripes, at special Prices. SEE SHOW WINDOW.

19-inch Silk Plaid Velvet, 42 and 59 cents.

Silk-striped Black Velvet, 62 cents per yard.

Silk Brocade Velvets, 68 cents; extra fine, 98 cents.

New shades in silk stripes, 19 inches, $1 35.

24-inch fine Silk Plush, 99 cents per yard.

SEE SHOW WINDOW.

15 and 20-inch Ostrich Plames, 25 cents. Millinery Department.

Ladies' extra fine Dongola Kid button Shoes, flexible sole, opera toe, medium heels. The regular price of these Shoes is $3; we shall close this lot at $2 per pair.

New Shapes in Felt Hats, 44 cents. MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Men's extra heavy, all-wool, white Twilled Drawers; regular $2 goods; 60 pairs will be sold for $1 25 per pair.

Buckram Frames, 5 cents.....MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

One lot of Men's heavy Suits, Cheviot patterns, sizes 35 to 42, $5 75.

Ladies' Silk Umbrellas, with ebony handles and gold top, $4 25. For Christmas presents.

Men's heavy brown Chinchilla Overcoats, velvet collars, $5.

Blue Chinchilla Overcoats, velvet collars, neat and dressy, $6.

One lot of Storm Overcoats, $2 50 each.

RED HOUSE,

Nos. 714 and 716 J Street,

AND 713 and 715 OAK AVENUE..... SACRAMENTO, CAL.

See our Display of FANS in our West Show Window. They are Elegant.

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE 38-INCH GERMAN

DRESS SUITINGS!

Which went so fast last week, have just arrived. This lot comprises about a dozen different styles and colorings of neat Dress Plaids. We will place them on sale at the same price as before, 40 cents per yard. See them while we have some.

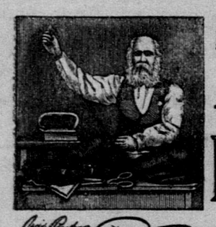
RUBBER GOODS.

The many, many people that we were unable to supply with Rubber Clothing, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers (through our miscalculation of the enormous trade which we had), can now be supplied at the same uniformly low price. We have again a vast assortment.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' STORE,

E. S. ELKUS, Proprietor,

922 and 924 J street (opposite the Plaza).



Lowest Prices! Latest Styles

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

420 J Street.

Nicoll, THE Tailor!

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF

Foreign and Domestic Woolens

FOR THE SEASON OF 1888. SAMPLES, WITH INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF-MEASUREMENT, SENT FREE.

PANTS (TO ORDER), FROM $5. SUITS (TO ORDER), FROM $20.

NICOLL, THE TAILOR,

420 J STREET.....SACRAMENTO

Branch of 816 Market Street, San Francisco.

Branches for the Coast: LOS ANGELES.....68 North Main street; SAN DIEGO.....658 Fifth street; PORTLAND.....126 First street

TANSY PILLS

are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Never fail to afford speedy and certain relief. More than 10,000 American women use them regularly. Guaranteed superior to all others or cash refunded. If your druggist don't keep "Wilcox's Compound Tansy Pills," accept no worthless nostrum said to be "just as good," but send 4c. for "Woman's Safe Guard," and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Phila., Pa.

MWF-1y

FOR MEN ONLY!

A NEW BOOK ON DEBILITY & ATROPHY

Explains easily methods to enlarge and strengthen all weak, stunted, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also quickest, surest cure for nervous, sexual and general physical debility and decay. The effects of early errors and later excesses, weakness of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, impotency, etc. CURED, strictly cured." Every condition of robust, noble manhood fully restored, no pass beyond human aid. Ten testify from 6 States and Territories and foreign countries. You can write them. Treatment is so absolutely unfailing at any human agency can be. This book mailed (sealed) free of charge. Address,

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

MWF&Sn1y

EBNER BROS.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES AND LIQUORS,

Nos. 116 and 118 K st., bet. Front and Second, Sac'to

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

SOMMERY AND GRENO CHAMPAGNE

1y1m

NOTICE TO CREDITORS. — ESTATE OF AMANDA M. EVANS, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, W. B. DEVINE administrator of the estate of AMANDA M. EVANS, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary affidavits or vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to said Administrator at the office of Taylor & Holl, 623½ J street, up stairs, Sacramento City.

Dated November 2, 1888.

TAYLOR & HOLL, Attorneys for Administrator.

n5-4w M

WHAT LATE BUYING WILL DO!

Sixty and More Dozens

—OF—

IMPORTED JERSEYS!

In the choicest styles and colors, were put in our way, and we bought the entire lot at a discount of one-half the regular price. This line of goods was held very firm to the price at the beginning of the season. We made an offer at that time to take our season's supply at an extra discount of five per cent, but were refusd, and had to buy at regular prices.

COME AND LOOK AT THEM MONDAY OR TUESDAY.

Sale will begin on them at a SPECIAL PRICE

NEXT WEDNESDAY MORNING AT 10 O'CLOCK.

DISPLAYED IN THE

Domestic Department.

In the same department, on sale

TO-DAY!

A big job of Ladies' Full-finished

MERINO VESTS!

Regular $1 Goods, for 50 cents each.

Buy your HOLIDAY RIBBONS at the NONPAREIL. It is pretty well known that we carry the best and only complete assortment in the city

JUST OPENED: A line of ALL-WOOL CACHEMERES in all the Art Shades.

THE NONPAREIL,

CORNER OF

FIFTH and J STREETS.

HOME AFFAIRS.

CHICAGO ANARCHISTS TRAINING THEIR CHILDREN.

Kuklux Outrages in Tennessee—The California Indians—O'Connor Defeats Teemer—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CALIFORNIA INDIANS.

The Round Valley Trespassers and their Rapacity—The Mission Tribes.

WASHINGTON, November 25th.—The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received reports from the agents at the Round Valley and Mission consolidated agencies in California. The agent at Round Valley, in his report, says: "The trespassers are gathering new courage over their success, and have been, in most cases, more insolent than before, seeming to think that the reservation belongs to them. The desperate efforts which these men put forth to resist the Government authorities, both civil and military, and to prevent the recovery of these lands from fraudulent occupation, call for most severe action. Their continued occupation of almost the entire reservation is a disgrace to the United States Government and should not be tolerated. The gross injustice done these defenseless Indians by the few men continuing to occupy almost the entire reservation is a shameful return for the hundreds of thousands of acres of land now owned by white men, and over which, forty years ago, the Indians held undisputed control. Now they are herded up like so many sheep on less than one-thirtieth of their lands, while their enemies, the trespassers, combining under the leadership of one or two men, are capable of taking all possible advantage of the leniency of our Government, which is also reluctant to resort to means that might be considered harsh or unnecessarily severe. These men are hoarding up their ill-gotten gains and keeping constantly prepared to use any means in their power to hold on to the lands so fraudulently occupied by them. Many times since I assumed charge of this agency the Indians have asked me whether or not they could expect any relief from the Government. It has been a hard question to answer satisfactorily to them. There are 535 Indians on the reservation."

THE MISSION TRIBES.

Mr. Preston, agent of the Mission tribes, says that they have been robbed of their lands by bad law, or by no law. He continues: "Every foot of the available land is bounced, and all risks and chances of the unscrupulous trader and gambler are taken, and the lands of the Indian seem to be an object of special cupidity. Tracts of land are settled on and are claimed, lines are changed by private surveys, known lines transgressed, and every art, trick and device of the unscrupulous land pirate is resorted to in order to secure lodgement. This, of course, increases the labor and responsibility of an agent already onerously burdened with official work. I have sought to impress all such that they cannot grab this land with impunity, but with what success the records and future will show. Quite a number of cases are in the immediate future, and considerable litigation and departmental support, therefore will be needed. Cases should be made at San Ysabel, San Ysidio, San Fillippi, San Pasgul, Pauma, Pala, and at other places. Additional appropriations for schools, farming implements and teachers of farming are requested."

TRAINING FOR THE GALLOWS.

How the Chicago Anarchists are Educating Their Children.

CHICAGO, November 25th.—The Executive Committee of the newly organized local Anarchist society, known as the Arbeiter Bund, has issued a circular calling a large mass meeting for next Sunday for the purpose of devising means by which to found Anarchist schools for children throughout the city.

The circular was freely distributed today. It invites all Anarchists to investigate the Society Sunday-schools, of which there are six in Chicago, each located in the rear of the basement of a saloon.

One of the schools, in the back room of Rochour Bros.' saloon at Lincoln avenue and Halstead street, was found to contain this afternoon 120 children, ranging from 5 to 14 years of age, seated on long benches and listening intently to what the teacher was explaining to them about Johann Most. The teacher told the children that Spies and Parsons had been murdered by the capitalists, and referred to the dead Anarchists as martyrs.

TYPHOID FEVER.

An Epidemic That is Seeking Its Victims Among the Upper-Tendom.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—Typhoid fever is almost epidemic in this city and Brooklyn. It seems to be confined to well-known and wealthy people. The death of Lasker H. Marvin, a prominent broker, occured ten days ago from this disease, and was soon followed by the deaths of Miss Martha Watson, a young society belle, and Mrs. Alma Stafford, a young bride of seventeen years. Coleman D. Drayton, son-in-law of William Astor, is dangerously ill, as also is Harry Alexander, the rich Cuban steamship man. Ex-Minister to Holland Isaac Bell is ill with typhoid fever at Newport, and Mrs. Augustus Whiting, a prominent society matron, died there on Saturday from the same disease.

SOME OF THE BREED LEFT.

Outrages Committed by Kentucky Ku-Klux in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, November 25th.—Reports come from Smith and Clay counties that much excitement exists over the depredations of a band of Ku-Klux having its headquarters at Tompkinsville, Ky. The operations of the gang are confined mainly to colored people. Notices to leave the county have been chalked on many doors, and several colored people severely whipped. One man was tarred and feathered, and another tied to a tree, tortured by fire, and then driven from his home.

IN TWO COUNTIES.

A Prize Fight that Spread Over a Large Area of Kansas Soil.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), November 25th.—Dan Agan, the "Montana Kid," and Billy Hennesey of Kansas City, fought thirty-two desperate rounds with skin-tight gloves in Leavenworth county, Kan., this afternoon. The fight began in Johnson county, near the Wyandotte county line, but the principals and spectators were driven off by the Sheriffs of the two counties, and the fight was finished in Leavenworth county. The fight was given to Hennesey. Both men were badly punished.

THAT MARRIAGE A FAILURE.

A New Jersey Wife Tells a Tale of Marital Suffering.

RUTHERFORD (N. J.), November 25th.—The sensation of the day here is the complaint made by the wife of Herr Frederick William Luttgen, godson of the late Emperor Frederick, in her suit for divorce. The complainant's maiden name was Anna Marshall, and she was married to Luttgen here eleven years ago. It is said that he expected to marry a fortune as well as a wife, and finding his error, has heaped all sorts of abuses and indignities upon his pretty wife. She says, among other things: "He came home in a fit of anger one night, and after getting me out of bed compelled me to walk all over the house on my hands and knees, like a dog. He said that hereafter he should treat me as a dog, because I was not his wife any longer. He frequently referred to the money which he thought I was to have as my dot, and was in a continual state of rage because I did not bring him some thousands of dollars.

"At length he said he had ascertained that the spirit of my sister's poor little dog, 'Dodo,' had by transfiguration entered my body, but when he demanded that I should bark I deemed it high time to be released from his dreadful influence, and I fled from the house."

Luttgen refuses to say anything. When the reporters and Court officers approach the place they are compelled to talk to the muzzle of a big revolver, and are discouraged.

A BEATEN CHAMPION.

O'Connor, the Canadian, Easily Defeats Oarsmen Teemer.

WASHINGTON, November 25th.—About 20,000 people lined the shores of the Potomac river yesterday to see William J. O'Connor, of Canada, win from William Teemer, of Pennsylvania, the championship of America as a single sculler and $2,500 besides.

After a delay of over an hour, during which the spectators shivered and stamped and swore, the referee's boat summoned the men to start. No provision had been made to give the press facilities for reporting the race, and correspondents had to hustle for themselves. O'Connor's colors were blue and white, and Teemer's red and black. The latter won the choice of position, and took the Virginia side of the river. There was considerable delay, but no false starting of the men, and at 4:30 the word was given.

O'Connor's boat jumped as he drove his blades in the water, and gained an advantage of several feet at the start. Both men were pulling a thirty-six stroke, and the time of the first quarter of a mile was rather slow. O'Connor maintained a slight lead to the half-mile, when Teemer spurted and came up with him. For the next quarter of a mile they were on even terms. At the mile O'Connor had gained a lead of one length. Approaching the stake-boat, he put on a tremendous spurt, and rounded very cleverly three lengths ahead of his opponent, and squared away for home.

Teemer made an indifferent turn and fouled the flag with an oar. He seemed to have lost his head, and pulled at times an uneven stroke. From the turn to home it was a procession. Teemer could not recover his lost ground, and O'Connor without exertion gained steadily. When within fifty yards of the finish he stopped rowing for a moment, and then with a spurt crossed the line twelve lengths ahead of Teemer. Time, 22:29. Teemer crossed ten seconds later.

GOING TO AUSTRALIA.

WASHINGTON, November 25th.—O'Connor, the oarsman, who defeated Teemer yesterday, will leave here about the middle of the week for San Francisco, whence he expects to sail for Australia to meet the crack rower of that country.

GO-AS-YOU-PLEASE.

Two Score Men Light Out for a Weary Six-Days' Tramp.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—Forty-one men started on a six-day tramp at Madison Square Garden to-night. Some 8,000 persons were present. The Marquis of Queensberry, Charley Mitchell, Jake Kilrain and "Parson" Davies were among the spectators. Queensberry gave the signal to start the contestants.

TWO HOURS LATER.

NEW YORK, November 26th.—At 2 o'clock this morning Littlewood led, having seventeen miles and a half to his credit, Herty being in the second place.

Guerrero, the Californian, was not among the starters, but Ike Weir, the "Belfast Spider" was.

PROBABLY A HOAX.

A Report that Seems Almost Too Good to be True.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—A *Tribune* special from Philadelphia says: An English-speaking Chinaman is authority for the statement that the Imperial Government has ordered the 1,800 Chinamen living in this city to return to China at once, since under the Exclusion Act signed by President Cleveland, the Chinese Government cannot in honor allow its subjects to remain in the United States.

The Chinaman further states that the Chinamen now here will not obey the order, as they could not live so well at home as in this country.

"TAKES THE CAKE."

The Solid South Scandalized by an Election Outrage.

RALEIGH (N. C.), November 25th.—It is learned that in Pitt county 100 negro women, dressed in men's clothing, went to the polls at the late election and voted the Republican ticket. The matter is being investigated.

More Cabinet Guessing.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—A Washington special to the *Herald* says prominent Republicans there regard three Cabinet positions as provided for. Ex-Senator Platt, of New York, will be Secretary of the Treasury, Russell A. Alger of Michigan Secretary of War, and John Wannamaker, the well-known Philadelphia merchant, Postmaster-General. It is not thought that either Blaine or Sherman will be in the Cabinet.

The Boston's Yellow Fever Victims.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—There is no change in the condition of the yellow fever invalids on board the cruiser Boston. No new cases have developed. A severe storm of snow and hail has prevented the transportation of the sick men to the hospital on Swinbourne Island. Surgeon Simon and seaman Mitchell are delirious, with small chances of their recovery. Sailors Thomas and Bassites are convalescent.

A Lake Erie Water Scheme.

CLEVELAND, (O.), November 25th.—An enterprise looking to the supplying of water from Lake Erie to the inland portion of the State is interesting capitalists of this city. They believe a pipe 500 miles long can be worked to advantage, and contemplate running a water-pipe line to Columbus and thence to Cincinnati, using pumping engines to force the water through.

Killed While Doing His Duty.

LEMARS (Iowa), November 25th.—City Marshal George Harrison was shot and instantly killed yesterday by John Gaynor, aged twenty-three. Gaynor and three companions were out for a lark, and all were intoxicated, and the Marshal undertook to arrest them. Gaynor fled the town, but has been captured.

Harrison Enjoys a Quiet Sunday.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 25th.—This has been the quietest day the President-elect has enjoyed since his election, if not since his nomination. In the forenoon he attended church, as usual, and after dinner went out for a long walk, coming down town in the course of his ramble. There were no visitors at his house to-day.

A Mother's Terrible Act.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), November 25th.—The *Journal's* special from Ozark, Mo., reports a horrible tragedy in Taney county. Mrs. Amanda Truitt killed two of her young children with a hatchet, and then cut her throat with a butcher-knife. No details are given, but it is supposed the unfortunate woman was demented.

The Emin Relief Expedition.

BERLIN, November 25th.—Fifty members of the Emin Relief Committee held a meeting to-day and unanimously decided to send Lieutenant Wissman as soon as possible to lead the first column. Dr. Peters will in the meantime prepare to equip a supporting column, of which he will have command.

Clearing-House Exchanges.

BOSTON, November 25th.—Dispatches to the *Post* from the managers of the leading clearing-houses in the United States report total gross exchanges for the week ending November 24, 1888, to be $1,054,184,302, an increase of 14.9 per cent. over corresponding period last year.

Staves and Barrel-Heads.

CHICAGO, November 25th.—Chairman Leeds of the Transcontinental Association announces that the rates on staves and barrel-headings from Detroit to Pacific coast points has been reduced to 85 cents.

California Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, November 25th.—The postoffices at Glamis, San Diego county, and Bitter Water, San Benito county, will be discontinued December 15th—the former because not needed, and the latter because nobody wants to be Postmaster.

Hendricks Memorial Services.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 25th.—The memory of Thomas A. Hendricks was honored to-day on the third anniversary of his death, by memorial services over his grave, conducted by the Hendricks Club of this city.

The Minstrel's Last Lay.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—Carl Rankin, the minstrel, died this morning of consumption, at Philadelphia, after a lingering illness.

STORM SWEPT.

A GREAT STORM VISITS THE NEW ENGLAND STATES.

Fierce Gales and Piles of Snow—An Awful Night Off the Coast—Vessels Wrecked.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

BOSTON, November 25th.—A violent snowstorm prevails throughout New England. The wind blows at the rate of forty miles an hour. The country highways are badly drifted and impassable in some sections.

VESSELS WRECKED—LOSS OF LIFE.

BOSTON, November 25th.—Scores of small vessels were driven ashore on the New England coast during to-day's gale, with much damage but no loss of life except at Gloucester, where an unknown schooner was wrecked on the reef of Norman's Woe. All but one of the crew were drowned.

THE STORM IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—The first snow-storm of winter, which has been raging in this city and along the seaboard of New England and the Middle States to-day, has been of blizzard vigor. In the harbor several ships dragged their anchors under the force of the storm, and were towed to safe anchorage with great difficulty.

A BARK WRECKED.

LEWES (Del.), November 25th.—The American bark Moro Castle, bound from Philadelphia for San Francisco with 610 tons of coal, arrived at the Delaware Breakwater last night shortly before midnight. At 9 o'clock this morning her cables parted and she was driven onto the Breakwater, where she went to pieces. The crew were safely landed.

ALONG THE JERSEY COAST.

ATLANTIC CITY (N. J.), November 25th.—The storm to-day brought in an extraordinary high tide, with a tremendous sea. A great deal of damage has been done along the ocean boulevard.

EIGHTY MILES AN HOUR.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—A dispatch from the Signal Office at Washington says the gale reached a velocity of eighty miles per hour at Block Island this afternoon.

IN THE CANAL COUNTRY.

CANAJOHARIE (N. Y.), November 25th.—At 7 o'clock to-night the Mohawk valley was four inches under snow, and the storm was still prevailing. The Erie canal is filled with boats stalled or fearing to move.

IN VERMONT AND NEW HAMPSHIRE.

BOSTON, November 25th.—Six inches of snow has fallen in eastern Massachusetts and is blown into drifts.

The wires are down in New Hampshire. Five inches of snow has fallen, and the same is true of Vermont.

THE WORST IN YEARS.

SALEM (Mass.), November 25th.—The storm here has been the worst for years.

A TERRIBLE NIGHT OFF MAINE.

PORTLAND (Me.), November 25th.—Captain Trundy, of the United States Life-Saving Station, reports: "No vessel has been sighted since morning. Last night we saw several running for shelter, as we supposed. The Lord help anything off the coast to-night."

Captain Trundy added that it had been the worst day he ever experienced.

TWELVE BARGES SUNK.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—A fleet of fifteen barges, heavily laden, was caught by the storm in Lower bay about 2 o'clock this morning. There were women and children on nearly every barge. Twelve of the craft went to the bottom. It is not yet known if any lives were lost. The cargoes were of coal. The tug Willie saved many lives.

AMONG THE SLOGGERS.

Sullivan and Mitchell Doing the Jaw-Bone Act in Style.

BOSTON, November 25th.—John L. Sullivan offers to make Charley Mitchell a present of $1,500 if he will stand up before him for eight rounds.

MITCHELL HEARD FROM.

PHILADELPHIA, November 25th.—Charley Mitchell, the English pugilist, who is now in this city, when shown the Boston dispatch announcing John L. Sullivan's offer of $1,500 to Mitchell in a public glove contest, said:

"I don't want to take advantage of the man. He is sick. He must have bad advisers. My advice to him would be to lay off for five years instead of five months, and by that time he might regain his old form. However, if he wants to have a go, I am willing to meet him, and what is more, I will give him $1,500 if he will stand up against me eight rounds."

CARNEY AND M'AULIFFE.

NEW YORK, November 25th.—"Dick" Roche, the backer of the light-weight champion, Jack McAuliffe, has posted £200 with Richard K. Fox to back McAuliffe against the English light-weight champion, "Jemmy" Carney, for £1,000 a side, the fight to take place in America, Carney to receive £100 expenses. This offer has been cabled to the London *Sporting Life*, which holds Carney's forfeit of £200.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

What the Internal Revenue Commissioner's Report Shows.

WASHINGTON, November 25th.—Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller has submitted his annual report for the fiscal year to the Secretary of the Treasury. The revenues from internal taxation during the current fiscal year are estimated at $125,000,000. The revenues for the year 1888 amounted to $124,326,475 32, as follows: Spirits, $69,306,166 41, tobacco $30,662,431 52, fermented liquors $23,324,218 48, oleomargerine $864,139 88, banks $4,202 55, miscellaneous $165,316 48.

The aggregate of collections made in the First California District was $1,892,647, and in the Fourth California District $306,767 33. The total collections made for the first three months of the current fiscal year amount to $31,214,718 54. The cost of collecting internal revenue taxes the last fiscal year was $3,978,283 39. During the year 1,074 violations of the law have been reported by Revenue Agents, 781 persons arrested, and property of the value of $132,744 35 reported for seizure. The estimated expenses of the Bureau for the next fiscal year are $4,135,280.

During the last fiscal year there were manufactured in California 137,293,535 cigars and 4,840,950 cigarettes. There were 29,617 persons in California and Nevada who paid special license taxes last year, and there were 246 fruit distilleries in operation in California last year.

In reference to the proposition to abolish the tax on brandy distilled from fruit, the Commissioner says: "It appears to be probable that the relief of this article from taxation would lead to the utilization of a large number of different fruits for the distillation of spirits, which might reasonable be expected to have an appreciable effect upon the tax paid on grain and molasses spirits, with which it would come in competition. Under the present law, which practically confines brandy products to the use of apples, peaches or grapes, and despite the endeavor to exercise as close supervision as it has been found practicable to apply to a business carried on by so many individuals, and scattered over so large an area, it is supposed that a considerable percentage of the product escapes taxation; and even this amount is the subject of complaint from distillers of whisky, who declare that it is perceptibly felt in some places. If, then, in addition to this fraudulent quantity the whole legitimate product of fruit brandy should be put upon the market tax free, and this should again be swollen by the unrestricted use not only of apples, peaches and grapes, but of any and all other fruits, under the inducement offered for competition with whisky and rum, loaded with a tax of 90 cents a gallon, I believe that the grievance of the whisky producers would prove not to be an imaginary one. A large quantity of free fruit brandy would surely be marketed in localities where the smaller grain distillers are mainly situated, and could not fail to seriously affect the business of the latter. The reduction in revenue by the abolition of the tax upon fruit brandy is not, therefore, I consider, to be measured by the subtraction of the present collections from that source. A considerably larger amount would in all probability be lost, while the mischief to the revenue and the increased difficulties in the enforcement of the law in regard to grain and molasses spirits would be out of all proportion to the amount of tax surrendered."

The quantity of spirits produced and deposited in the distillery warehouses during the fiscal year 1888 was 70,279,406 gallons, less than the production of 1877 by 7,552,993 gallons. Of grape brandy there remained in the special bonded warehouses in California at the end of the fiscal year, 845,061 gallons. Of the 864,704 gallons of grape brandy bonded during the fiscal year, 535,583 gallons were produced in the First District of California, 318,616 gallons in the Fourth District of California, 10,089 gallons in the Tenth District of Ohio, and 416 gallons in the Fifth of New Jersey. The total product bonded was 191,094 gallons more than in the previous year. The amount removed (tax paid) was 60,735 gallons more, and the loss resulting from regauge, under the Act of May 28, 1880, was 5,813 gallons more than in 1877.

It appears from the report that the average monthly production of olemargarine during the fiscal year was 2,860,460 pounds, and that the average monthly production for the twenty months during which the law was in operation, was 2,801,007 pounds.

A SCARED WARRIOR.

General Crook Quails Before a Mob of Chicago Street Arabs.

CHICAGO, November 25th.—General Crook was induced by the Directors of the Waifs' Sunday-school to address twelve hundred Chicago street urchins at a Thanksgiving dinner this afternoon. The subject of his address was to be his experience with the Indians. The result was amusing to all but the noted Indian fighter. Almost before he knew it the General had a very bad case of stage fright. The little street savages received him with such paralyzing yells and other like manifestations of deviltry that the subduer of redskins lost his voice completely, and was obliged to retire to his seat, looking as fatigued as though he had just came back from a six days' fight with the Indians. Nevertheless the dinner was the greatest success of the kind that ever took place in Chicago.

NEARING THE END.

Saturday's Doings by the Knights of Labor Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 25th. — The Knights of Labor yesterday elected Henry A. Berkmeyer of New York a member of the Co-operative Board. The Convention then passed a resolution favoring the Australian plan of voting and petitioning Congress to make the penalty fine and imprisonment for gambling in wheat.

At the afternoon session the Belgian delegate stated that the order is flourishing in Belgium, and its influence is beginning to be felt politically, having many representatives in arbitrative, legislative and trades bodies.

Powderly received a congratulatory telegram from Minister Taylor of Liberia, assuring him of the sympathy of two million blacks. The final adjournment will be had to-morrow.

RAILROAD RATES.

Progress of the Work of the Transcontinental Association.

CHICAGO, November 25th.—It is understood that the Transcontinental meeting which has been held at St. Louis the past week will adjourn to Chicago and finish its work here. A meeting of the Passenger Agents resulted in the establishment of passenger rates from the eastern terminals of the lines to Pacific coast points. The St. Paul, the Manitoba and Canadian Pacific, via Winnipeg, are allowed differentials of $10 on a first-class limited and $5 on second-class from St. Paul and Chicago to Puget Sound points, Portland, Sacramento, Stockton, Lathrop and San Francisco.

WEST VIRGINIA.

An Attempt to Keep Three Republicans Out of Congress.

WHEELING (W. Va.), November 25th.—When the Supreme Court of Appeals meets to-morrow at Charleston J. W. Striker will move for a writ enjoining the Governor from issuing certificates of election to G. W. Atkinson in the First Congressional District, J. H. McGinnis in the Third Congressional District and C. B. Smith in the Fourth Congressional District, Republican Congressmen-elect. A test case will be made in that of Smith. The grounds of the application are not made known.

Around the World by Rail.

Several years ago a newspaper Bohemian named Kent, who is now editing the Laramie *Boomerang*, the paper established by Bill Nye, the humorist, evolved the idea of an all-rail route around the world, or at least practically so. His plan was well thought of by some of the best railroaders in the country, among them high officials of the Union Pacific. Kent being at that time employed on an Omaha paper, and in daily communication with the Union Pacific headquarters, laid his plans before the officers of that company, and preliminary steps were taken to consummate the matter. It was first necessary to enlist the co-operation of the Russian Government, and Kent actually had personal correspondence with the Czar on the subject. A commission was appointed by the Russian Government to take further steps in the matter, when by the duplicity of some one connected with the Russian side of the arrangement, and the subsequent refusal of the Czar to subsidize the American company by terms similar to those which the United States granted to the Union Pacific Company, the matter fell through, and has since rested in abeyance.

The idea was to run a railway from the United States along the Pacific coast of British America and Alaska to Behring's strait, tunnel the strait, and continue on, overland, to St. Petersburg, connecting there with European railway systems through Germany and other countries to the English channel, and of course connecting with other systems en route, leading through Austria, and the Latin countries of Europe. It was a great idea, though not so colossal at the time comparatively, as was the transcontinental road in the United States at the time it was first projected; and it will yet be carried out. Thus the tide of travel to Europe will be turned westward. People will, instead of risking the dangers of an Atlantic trip, and the horrors of mal de mar, as well as for the purpose of saving time, leave New York for London via Portland and St. Petersburg, and thus will be exemplified more fully the great speech of Senator Benton, when, in pointing from Washington toward the Pacific, he exclaimed: "There lies the East; there lies India!"

There are now two lines of railway running eastward from St. Petersburg towards the Ural mountains, one terminating at Orenburg and the other at Ekaterinburg, and the Czar has lately approved of a plan to build a railway continuing from the Ural mountains to the Pacific ocean, a distance of about 7,000 miles, including the 1,500 miles already constructed from St. Petersburg to the Ural. This road will have its eastern terminus at Vladivostock, which is situated at the farthest southern extremity of Russian territory lying on the Pacific coast, on that side. This, of itself, will much shorten the trip from St. Petersburg to American Pacific coast ports, superinducing, as it will, a line of steamers from Vladivostock to American ports, across a much narrower portion of the Pacific ocean than that of the course of the steamers now plying between Vancouver and Yokohama. But in a little time, comparatively, the route will be all rail from St. Petersburg to New York. The generation now growing up will make the trip.—*Portland Oregonian.*

Visitor—"What a beautiful library you have. I really envy you." Retired Butcher—"Yes; and just look at the binding of them books." "I see; they are all bound in calf." "Just so; and I killed all them calves myself what furnished the leather." *Texas Siftings.*

FOREIGN TOPICS.

STANLEY AND THE WHITE PASHA ONE AND THE SAME.

Boulanger Makes a Speech—Spanish-American Revolutions—Bright No Better.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SUNDAY IN FRANCE.

De Roulde and General Boulanger Address the Patriotic League.

PARIS, November 25th.—M. De Roulde made a speech at the meeting of the Patriotic League to-day. He spoke in terms of warm praise of General Boulanger. Referring to the recent accident to the Russian Imperial train, he expressed sympathy with the Czar and rejoiced over his escape from harm. The speech was greatly applauded, and especially the reference to General Boulanger.

The meeting was held in a restaurant. Access to outsiders was barred by police, who prevented the proposed public reception. A few arrests were made, but the proceedings were in the main orderly.

At the conclusion of the banquet General Boulanger made a speech, in which he said: "I am more a patriot than a soldier. I ardently desire peace—not a peace which is demanded, but a peace imposed by a firm and dignified attitude. That is the only peace acceptable to French hearts."

He inveighed against a policy which divided the forces of the country, causing misleading appearances of weakness—misleading, because the least appeal to the country would cause all internal dissension to vanish like a bad dream. He strongly denounced Ferry for wasting the country's resources in Tonquin.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

Serious Outbreak in Venezuela—The Revolution in Bolivia.

PANAMA, November 25th.—A rumor, which the Venezuelan Consul at Colon has reason to credit, has reached here to the effect that a serious revolution has broken out in Venezuela. It is reported that General Crespo, supported by General Sergia Somargo, landed in the east, and now has an army of 5,000 men.

THE BOLIVIAN TROUBLE.

On October 6th President Arco of Bolivia arrived at Potosi with the northern division of the army. On his approach the revolutionists abandoned the city and proceeded toward Lagunillas.

A private letter written in Potosi the same day says: "The situation is not a bright one, as the Lucia rebels are marching on this place. Belesario, Salinas, Ricardo, Mejia, and a number of the best-known civil and military authorities are with them.

"Immediately after reaching Potosi President Arco adopted measures to prevent the advance of the rebels. We have over 220 men at Carachipampa, four leagues from Potosi, awaiting the advance of the revolutionists. Troops have arrived at La Paz from Huanchaca, while all suspects are to receive orders to leave La Paz on the evening of Sunday, October 8th. The revolutionary movement in La Paz was the cause of numerous fatalities. Flori, who headed the mutiny at Fiarilo, is not expected to recover from his wound."

THE AMERICAN HERO.

The "White Pasha" Said to be None Other Than Stanley.

LONDON, November 24th.—The Government learns that the "White Pasha" in the Bahr-El-Ghazel is identical with Henry M. Stanley, the explorer. It is also learned that Emin Pasha was with him. Both were alive and well last November. Stanley was then indomitably pushing ahead to the original destination of the expedition.

OF THE CHESTNUT ORDER.

Another Letter-Writer Claiming to be a Whitechapel Fiend.

LONDON, November 25th.—A private person living near Nottingham has received a letter signed "Jack, the Ripper's Pal," stating that both the writer of the letter and "Jack" committed the recent murders in the Whitechapel district. The writer says that "Jack" is a Bavarian, whom he first met aboard a ship returning from America, and who exercised a mesmeric influence.

MEXICO.

Heavy Rains Cause Considerable Damage—A Severe Gale.

CITY OF MEXICO, November 25th.—Heavy rains are reported throughout the country the last three days, causing considerable damage. A heavy norther is blowing at Vera Cruz.

The Germans in Africa.

BERLIN, November 25th.—The Directors of the East Africa Company met and unanimously resolved to inform the Government that the company will relinquish none of its rights in East Africa; that its intention is to strengthen Bagomayo and Darsalon with stone forts, and to attempt to reconquer the other stations under the protection of a blockading squadron. It has decided to ask the Reichstag for support.

Murdered and Robbed.

HAMBURG, November 25th. — A trunk containing the corpse of Herr H. Tellseborg, Forwarding Agent of the Hamburg-American Packet company, was discovered on Saturday. The skull was fractured. A watch worth $750 and his money were missing. A Steward named Dow was arrested at Cologne to-day and charged with being the murderer.

Boulanger's Domestic Dicker.

PARIS, November 25th.—Boulanger's wife is taking steps to obtain a divorce. It is stated that one of the richest widows in France is willing to marry Boulanger.

The Pope Congratulates Harrison.

ROME, November 25th.—The Pope has instructed Cardinal Gibbons to congratulate Mr. Harrison on his election to the Presidency.

Death of an Irish Ex-Member.

LONDON, November 25th.—Purcell O'Gorman, formerly Member of Parliament for Waterford city, is dead.

Bright No Better.

LONDON, November 25th.—John Bright is no better.

"What are you here for?" I asked of a colored man in jail at Huntsville, Ala. "Stealin' a pig, sah." "But you knew better than to steal." "I'll know better next time, sah. I won't steal nuffin' dat will squeal on me."—*Detroit Free Press.*

"Whut dis world needs now mo' dan anything else," said old Ephraim Bat, the colored preacher, lately, "am er few people dat am willin' ter gib ams in de dark ob de moon."—*Time.*

GENERAL NOTICES.

I suffered from a very severe cold in my head for months without relief. Was advised to use Ely's Cream Balm. It has worked like magic in its cure, after using it one week. I feel grateful for what it has done for me.—Samuel J. Harris (Wholesale Grocer), 119 Front St., New York.

A new idea embraced in Ely's Cream Balm. Catarrh is cured by cleansing and healing, not by drying up. The application is easy and agreeable. It is not a liquid or snuff. Price, 50 cents. MWF

Advice to Mothers.—Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at