DAILY RECORD-UNION

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 10, 1889

STATE AID TO EXPOSITIONS.

As nearly as can be ascertained, the State of California in the last twenty years has appropriated from its treasury $450,000 to secure annual exhibitions of its products, and to secure an exhibition of the same at the World's Fair held in New Orleans in 1885. This statement is derived from the Controller's books as nearly as could be, but there appears to be a break between the years 1873 and 1878 for the State Agricultural Society. In 1874, $15,000 was appropriated for the construction of a grand stand. In 1876, $16,141 89 was appropriated for the same purpose, but the appropriations for the support of the Society are not mentioned in the items obtained. Assuming that the years 1873 and 1878, a period of five years, received the average for the support of the State and District Societies, the sum will reach nearly $550,000, but if the average for the last few years only is to be taken into account, the same period to come will show appropriations exceeding $1,000,000; for instance, for the two years ending June, 1870, the State appropriated $8,000; for the two years ending June, 1872, $6,000; for the years 1870-1871, $10,000; the District Societies received $38,000 for 1872 and 1873, while for the year ending June 30, 1881, they received $13,700. Now let us see how the amounts have increased. The State Society received for the two years ending June, 1887, $30,000; for the two years ending June, 1889, $35,000; the District Societies received for the same periods, that is, for a term ending June, 1887, $43,300, and for the term ending June, 1889, $68,800. These figures aggregate to the State and District Societies $177,100 for the four years, or an average of $44,275 a year. Thus, looking forward to a period of twenty years, the aggregate will reach $885,500, and at the end of that time there will be no man with the hardihood to say that the money has not been well expended. As already noted, for the two years ending June, 1870, the Legislature appropriated from the State Treasury the meager sum of $8,000 to secure two annual exhibitions of the products of this State, and yet there were those to say at the time that the appropriation of $8,000 was an extravagance. For the two years ending June, 1889, the State expended from the Treasury $103,800 to secure annual State and district exhibitions, or mere than twelve times the amount it was willing to give in 1870. There are two reasons for this: first, the public have become convinced of the economy of the expenditures, and next, by reason of the former expenditures, the State was better able to give. In fact, the State Agricultural Society and the District Societies have returned to the Treasury of the State $10 for every dollar they have taken out, and they will continue to make this return. It follows, then, that the appropriation of $103,800 for the two years preceding 1889 was more wise and economical than the expenditure of $8,000 for the two years preceding 1870. Taking the last term, that is to say, the two years preceding 1889, as a criterion, with $103,800 as a basis, and it will only require ten such appropriations to make the respectable sum of $1,038,000. Thus the State has entered by precedent on the expenditure of a million dollars within a very short period of time for the purpose of educating its industrial classes in the possibility of the soil and the best methods of cultivation. Yet the State will be richer by these appropriations and poorer by withholding them. In like manner an appropriation of $50,000, $100,000, or any other reasonable or requisite sum for a London Exhibition will enrich rather than impoverish the Treasury. The success or failure of such an appropriation by the Legislature is not a matter of private concern to the RECORD-UNION, but its success or failure will measure the intelligence or the want of intelligence of the Legislature and the Executive who deal with the subject. Its failure will turn us back to the silurianism which opened its sleepy eyes with astonishment on an appropriation of $8,000 for two year's use of the State Agricultural Society, with nothing to the District Societies. There is quite enough at issue in the question to make and unmake a hundred political fortunes.

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.

Exigencies of space preclude extended comment upon Governor Waterman's message, sent to the Legislature yesterday. Nor is there need for it, since it is a plain, straightforward, business-like document, and not at all susceptible to misconception. It is exceeding voluminous, presenting much in detail the economy of nearly all the State departments and institutions without overloading with statistics. It is unmistakable in recommendations and suggestions concerning the needs of the State. Most of the subjects treated must come before the Legislature for action. As they are brought forward, adequate review of the many recommendations of the Executive as expressed in the message, will naturally be in order, and they may then be debated more fully than is possible now, and as is due to their importance. Readers of the message will be impressed by its trankness, and the earnestness of the Governor in considering the interests of the State, and in pressing upon Legislative attention reforms and the correction of crying abuses. The same earnestness and straightforwardness distinguishes the message in urging the practice of the economy that contemplates future benefits and concerns the growth, high character and manifest destiny of the State, rather than the limitations that are bounded by the narrow horizon of the present.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Early on Tuesday an earthquake shock was experienced throughout southern Illinois.

Jake Gaudaur has challenged William O'Connor to row three miles for $2,000 and the championship.

John McKinley, a carpenter, fell from a building in Ogden and crushed his skull. He leaves a family.

Louis McMullin, Appraiser at New York, was requested to resign. He refused. The President therefore directed his removal.

The Sugar Trust sued for the forfeiture of the charter of the North Sugar Refinery, which it had absorbed, but the Supreme Court decides against it.

The contending factions for the Governorship of the Chickasaw Nation have agreed to submit their claims for arbitration to Secretary Vilas, and abide by his decision.

Edward F. Honeywood and Minnie A. Ayres were married in jail at Newark, N. J., on Tuesday. Honeywood, who is a forger, is a son of Lady Honeywood, of England.

The United States Circuit Court in West Virginia has rendered an opinion which virtually declares Goff (Rep.) and McGinness (Rep.) elected Governor and Congressman, respectively.

Harry D Schall, Assistant Cashier in the Paymaster's office of the Northwestern Railroad, has disappeared with $11,500 of the company's funds and $2,500 belonging to the Clerks' and Mechanics' Building and Loan Association, of which he was Treasurer.

A CYCLONE HORROR.

Two Pennsylvania Cities in Mourning.

GREAT BUILDINGS LEVELED

And More Than Two Hundred People Buried in the Ruins.

SCENES OF HEARTRENDING AGONY.

The Ariel Monster Comes Without Warning.

BUILDINGS CRUSHED LIKE REEDS.

The Worst Calamity Ever Known in Pennsylvania—People Paralyzed With Horror.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

READING (Pa.), January 9th.—This was the saddest night in the history of Reading. A death-like pall hangs upon the city as the result of the most horrible disaster in its history. A hundred households are in mourning as the result of one of the greatest calamities known in Pennsylvania. A cyclone swept over the northern section of the city this afternoon, and laid waste everything within its reach, and with a terrible loss of life. The lives that have been sacrificed and the number that have been injured can only be estimated. The most reliable computation at 10 o'clock to night is that not less than sixty persons have been killed outright, and one hundred injured. How this terrible calamity occurred is as follows:

It was raining very hard all the morning. Toward noon it ceased almost entirely, and by 11 o'clock there was every indication of an entire cessation of the rain-storm. Half an hour afterwards the bright sun made every effort to penetrate the clouds. Tints of rainbow were seen in the eastern sky and there was a clear sky overhead. This continued for half an hour longer and the scene changed with a suddenness that was appalling. The fleecy clouds gave way to

OMINOUS SIGNS OF A COMING STORM.

Dark, heavy banks of clouds marshaled themselves toward the town, and soon the gloom seemed to have settled over the city. Then the wind whistled, roared and tore in mad confusion. The storm clouds grew heavier still, and louder roared the wind. In the western sky the storm was seen approaching with a thundering noise. The swath it cut was narrow, but its effect was terrible. Persons residing along the track of the storm say they saw the first signs of danger in a funnel-shaped maelstrom of wind and debris which seemed to gather up everything within its reach and cast it right and left. Out in the country, houses and barns were unroofed, buildings overturned, crops rooted up, and destruction spread in every direction.

IT STRIKES THE CITY.

The track of the destructive element was not more than 200 feet wide, and it is lucky it only touched the suburbs of the city. It came from the west, but passed along the northern border of Reading. First it touched the Mt. Pennsylvania Stove Works. Here the corner of the building was struck, and a portion of the roof was cut off as nicely as if done with a pair of scissors. Then the storm-cloud scurried across some fields, took off a portion of the roof of J. S. Steinberg's Rolling Mill, and a number of dwellings were unroofed as readily as if their tin roofs were of paper.

The storm then hurried across the property of the Reading Railroad Company and crossed the railroad. Here a passenger car was standing. This was overturned as quickly as if it had been a toy, and its splinters scattered in every direction. Meanwhile the rain poured down in torrents. The atmosphere became heavy and oppressive, and it was almost as dark as night.

RAILROAD SHOPS DEMOLISHED.

Directly on one side of the track of the Reading Railroad was situated the paint-shop of the company. It was a one-story building about 60x150 feet in size, and held about 300 men, who were employed in painting passenger-cars. There were eight or nine of the cars in the building. They had been built at the company's shops at a cost of $6,000 each. The building was struck squarely in the middle, and the bricks scattered about as if they were playthings. The cars were turned topsy-turvy, while the men were buried under the debris. The chamber of each of the passenger cars was already filled with gas, as they were ready to be taken out on the road in a few days. They exploded, one after another. Bang! bang! bang! bang! they resounded over the city, causing people to run out of their homes thinking it was the sound of an earthquake. There was a considerable quantity of gasoline in the building, and this added fuel to the flames.

A SHEET OF FLAME SHOT UPWARD

With the roar of musketry. Some twenty of the men had a chance to crawl out of the debris, but four of their companions were enveloped in the embrace of the flames. Their cries were heard for a moment by the terrified workmen, and then their voices were hushed forever. They were quickly roasted to death.

The fire from the nine burning cars lit up the heavens for miles around. It was a beautiful sight, and could have been enjoyed but for the awful calamity which accompanied it. In the meantime the fire department was called out, but its services were unavailing. The building and cars were consumed in fifteen minutes, and nothing left but blackened, smoking ruins, under which lay four human beings burned to a crisp. Their names are John Kaller, Albert Landberger, Sheridan Jones and George Schaffer.

It was rumored that several others had been killed, but these are the only ones who are known to have lost their lives. Aaron Dewalt, another employe in the paint shop, had an arm broken, and George Knabb was injured internally, no doubt fatally. The loss to the railroad company is fully $75,000.

ON WITH AWFUL FURY.

While this was all going on the storm was traveling forward with fearful rapidity. It must have traveled at the rate of 100 miles per hour. It struck some more private houses and unrooted a dozen residences. Huge sheets of tin were carried half a square away and deposited in a lot. Then the storm proceeded in its full fury.

Directly in its path, at the corner of Twelfth and Marion streets, stood the Reading Silk Mill. Here about 175 girls were working. The building was a huge structure, most substantially built, four stories in hight, and a basement besides. It occupied a block of ground. The size of the building itself was nearly 300 feet in length, and about 150 feet wide. It was surmounted by a massive tower fully 100 feet from the ground. The funnel shaped storm cloud struck the building directly in the center, on its broadest side, which faced the west. It fell to pieces as if composed of so many building-blocks.

NEARLY TWO HUNDRED HUMAN BEINGS WENT DOWN IN THE AWFUL WRECK.

The walls gave way, and the floors fell down, one on top of the other, and carried their great mass of human beings to the bottom. The bricks were piled up in the greatest confusion, while, amid the hurricane and the whistling, roaring winds, terrible cries for succor were sent up to heaven. It was a moment that tried men's souls. Almost simultaneously with the fall of the building came the awful cries for relief. Girls with blackened faces, bruised and broken limbs, their clothing tattered and torn, dragged themselves from the ruins. So, probably, 75 or 100 escaped or were dragged out by their friends. These, of course, worked on the upper floors, and were thrown near the top of the debris. At some places the bricks were piled twenty feet deep, and underneath these are lying to night human bodies by the score.

About 250 girls and young women are usually employed in the mills, but at 4 o'clock about 80 were relieved from duty for the day, and returned to their homes before the storm came.

The most reliable estimate to-night places the number in the building when it went down at in the neighborhood of 175, and, as before stated, 100 of these were rescued by friends or dragged themselves out immediately.

After the accident an alarm for relief was at once sent out, and in a short time thousands of citizens arrived to help out the dead and dying.

THE SCENE WAS A HARROWING ONE,

And beggars description. The mill is situated near the foot of Mt. Penn, a high mountain overlooking the city. When the people arrived everything was enveloped in darkness. Then huge bonfires were built, which cast a dismal glare on the surrounding scene. The fire companies left the burning paint shop and assisted in the rescue of the dead and dying. The entire police force was called out, also the ambulance and relief corps, and a thousand people were in among the debris carrying out bricks pulling away timbers, and assisting wherever they could, all at the same time. But their work was slow, compared with the demand for the rescue of victims of the disaster.

Here a young woman was taken out suffering from cuts and bruises. One body noticed as it was dragged out had its head cut off. Others were in various positions, living, and all suffering from the most terrible wounds, and some almost scared to death.

An Associated Press representative entered what was once the basement of the building, and groping his way through the debris notice 1 five bodies of young girls lying close together. He tried to pull them out, but they were pinned down, and it was impossible to get them out. They were dead and beyond all human aid.

Up to 10:30 to-night probably the bodies of a dozen dead have been taken out, while the greater portion of the remainder were still under the ruins. The work of rescue will be pushed all night, but it may be far into to-morrow before all the bodies are taken out. The reserves still have the greatest hope that some of those inside are still living.

All is chaos and confusion around the mill. The managers are missing, and the correct number is merely guess work. It may not be over 40, and then again, at this hour, there is a likelihood that it will reach 60 or 80. The sawmill was built about four years ago. The builders were Reading capitalists, and the cost of the structure was $63,000. The mill was leased to Grimshaw Bros., of Paterson, N. J., where they also operate similar mills, and they have been running it ever since. The machinery they put in the mill cost $45,000. This is a total loss.

THE RECOVERED DEAD.

When the Associated Press representative visited the scene of the wreck at 11 o'clock to-night he found everything in the greatest confusion. At that time about a dozen dead bodies had been taken out. Among those who are dead are the following: Henry Crocker, foreman of the silk mill, and married, 23 years old; head crushed in and neck and arm broken; from New London, Conn.; Laura Kershner, Eva Leeds, Lillie Grow, Katie Bowman, Kate Leas, Amelia Cristman, Sophia Winkleman, Ella Long, Willie Snyder, Wm. Robeson, Rebecca Pouse, Kate Reidenaver, Rose Clemmer.

These are all the dead who have been taken out. Clerk Autenbach stated at midnight that he believed that fully eighty bodies were in the ruins under the three floors. His list of employes is lost, and owing to the confusion in taking out the injured he was unable to furnish a list of the killed, but eighty is a conservative estimate of those who lost their lives.

THE FOREMAN TELLS HIS STORY.

Augustus E. Roscup was foreman of the first and second floors of the mill. A reporter interviewed him, and his statement is as follows: "It was about twenty minutes past 5 when I went to the second story to turn on the electric lights. After I had done this I stood looking about the floor for ten minutes. Suddenly I heard a loud, rushing noise, which I thought was a cyclone. The building then shook. I was standing in the southern end of the room, and before I could look out of a window I felt the building sink. Quick as lightning the portion of the room that I was in went down. The girls rushed about me crying and screaming and calling for help. They did not realize what was taking place. I cannot describe the scene. It was awful. I could not do anything, nor think of what I should do. Our end of the building went down first, and while the floor was sinking it seemed so me as if the girls in the other part of the room were on the top of a hill. That was the way it impressed me. While we were going down I saw other portions of the floor fall. In a minute all was over. The screams of the girls were heart-rending. I was knocked down under some heavy timbers and held fast by my feet. I could move every other part of my body, except my leg. I reached down with my knife and cut the shoe off my foot. In this way I became loosened and managed to arise. Amid the screams of the girls and falling beams and brick, I succeeded in escaping. I got out of the ruins on the east side of the building, but how I don't know. I called to the girls as loudly as I could. They were all terribly excited.

"I never witnessed anything so awful in my life. Many of them heard me, and worked themselves toward me. At some places it seemed as if the floor was closed as a solid mass, and the girls would creep around this, crawl over the machines and creep on their hands and knees until they got to the opening where I was. The machines saved many from being crushed to death, as they left spaces between the floor and debris to crawl out. I believe that fully 100 persons escaped with me. I remember seeing them run across the commons in different directions to their homes. Between 250 and 300 operatives were in the building. About 4 o'clock I allowed sixteen girls to go home. All the floors were in operation. The report that 100 girls went home at 4 o'clock is not true."

ANOTHER GREAT DISASTER.

Buildings Wrecked in Pittsburg, With Terrible Loss of Life.

PITTSBURG, January 9th.—A terrific storm of wind and hail, the worst known for many years, swept over the city shortly after noon to-day, carrying with it death and destruction. The storm formed with a suddenness that was overwhelming, and as the wind, accompanied by hail and torrents of rain, swept along the streets, pedestrians were hurled before it, and barely escaped being crushed under the vehicles passing along the thoroughfare. Suddenly, in the center of the city, there was a terrible crash, and a few minutes later the central fire-alarm sounded a call from the box on the corner of Diamond and Wood streets. Hundreds of people hurried to the scene, when it was found that the cyclone had caught a new building on Diamond street, owned by C. L. Willey, and hurled it to the earth, covering up two scores of

MANGLED HUMAN BODIES.

The building was in course of erection. It was 40x80 feet in dimensions, and was seven stories high. The front of the building had not yet been put in, and the wind seemed to enter from the open end. The high walls of bricks and undried mortar were parted, one falling each way and partly wrecking nearly a dozen surrounding buildings.

The main force of the crushing building was thrown against Welding & Co.'s bookstore on Wood street, and the barbershop of Fred. Schumacker, at No. 41 Wood street. The rear end of Welding's store was crushed in, and the front of the building was forced out into Wood street. The barber-shop was completely demolished. A leather-store next to the Willey building, occupied by W. H. Thomas, was also totally wrecked. The rear end of H. Watt & Co's bookstore was crushed in, while some of the falling structure struck Joseph Richland's building, fronting on First Avenue, breaking the windows and injuring a number of the employes.

A portion of the wall of a millinery-store next to Thomas' place was caved in and the windows and doors in a number of surrounding buildings were broken. The building of Rea Bros. & Co., stock-brokers, on the corner of Diamond and Wood streets, was partly wrecked, and the occupants barely escaped.

Within five minutes after the collapse of the building the streets were filled with an excited crowd, notwithstanding the fact that rain and hail were pouring down in a perfect deluge.

RESCUING THE VICTIMS.

With the arrival of the firemen the work of rescue was begun. Ladders were run up to the second and third stories of the Welding building, and the first one taken out was a young lady employed as a typewriter, who fortunately had escaped serious injury. At the time of the disaster about twenty-five men were at work on the building, and not one escaped without injury. In the barber-shop, next door, seven men were imprisoned, while half a dozen were buried beneath the debris of the Welding building. The hospitals were notified, and a short time later the clang of ambulance bells and patrol wagons were heard. The contractors had twenty-five wagons and carts on the scene inside of an hour, and private expressmen went with their wagons and lent their aid helping to rescue the victims.

Meantime the crowd continued to increase, until finally it was found necessary to call out the police and have the streets cleared. For a square both ways the streets were roped in, and no one was allowed about the ruins but those assisting in the rescue. The work was continued all the afternoon, and about 10 o'clock tonight a number of persons were known to be still under the debris. Up to that hour

FORTY MANGLED AND BRUISED BODIES

Had been taken from the ruins. Some were dead, others dying and many fatally injured. From the best information obtainable, eight were killed outright, or died in a short time, and all the others were injured. It is believed the list of dead will be greatly increased before morning.

Of the eight killed, only two have been identified so far. One was a little girl named McGione, who was walking along the street with her brother when the building fell, and the two were buried in the wreck. The little girl was killed instantly and her brother fatally injured.

The body of George Kirsch, a barber, was found in the cellar of the barber-shop. Five unknown men and one boy are now at the Morgue awaiting identification.

Dr. J. Reed, a prominent physician of Allegheny, was in Welding's at the time, and is still missing. It is feared he is dead.

THE INJURED.

Following is a list of wounded rescued up to 11 o'clock to-night: Daniel Courtney, Eugene E. Davis, Charles H. Pettorord, Weldon S. Mason, Alex. Cost, Bernard O'Connor, Frank D. Assett, Thomas Lemon, Alfred Lambert, Wamire Ardie, Jas. Watt, Michael Ryan, John Donnelly, Henry Faulkner, Thomas McKee, Oscar E. Smith, Elmer McGown, Martin Halloran, Geo. Mason, William Springer, William Nearker, John Gordon, Morris Kine, Owen Donnelly, George Thrisher, W. W. McKown, Samuel Brown, George reed, George Lang, J. E. Makin, Gus M. Lesmer, Bartley Cooley, Samuel Stringer, Willie McGlone.

It is impossible to say how many of them will die, but it is feared the majority of them will be unable to survive their wounds. Rev. Father Canevin, who was helping to rescue victims, narrowly escaped being killed by a falling wall

THE WRECKED PROPERTY.

It is almost impossible to-night to give a reliable estimate of the pecuniary damage, but it will probably be $75,000 or $100,000 in the immediate vicinity of the wrecked building. The cyclone wrought terrible destruction in other parts of the city, and out along the railroads centering here. A portion of the foundry of McIntosh, Hemphill & Co., on Thirteenth street, was wrecked, as was also a house in Allegheny.

At Wall's Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, a large brick building owned by the Westinghouse Air-brake Company, was partially demolished, and at Wilmerding a sea coal tipple was wrecked.

At Mecrsport houses were unroofed, trees blown down, and windows smashed. Three houses in course of erection were blown to pieces. On the river a number of boats were loosened from their moorings and cast adrift like corks, but they were secured before much damage was done.

The velocity of the wind was fifty miles an hour, the highest record for years. It is still blowing to-night, but it is growing colder, and the weather is clearing.

THE IDENTIFIED DEAD.

LATER—The list of dead identified up to 11 o'clock was as follows: Samuel Stringer, aged 16 years, a painter.

Thomas Jones, a bricklayer.

Charles Fritch, aged 16 years

George Mason, a carpenter.

A crowed boy named Fargoe, a bootblack.

George Kirsen, a barber, aged 18 years.

The little girl named McGione is not dead, as previously stated, but in a serious condition.

The remains of one man has not yet been identified.

The Inspector of Police stated at a late hour to night that he was of the opinion that from fifteen to twenty-five persons are yet in the ruins and he would not be surprised if the death list be increased to fifteen or twenty.

LATEST FROM THE SCENE.

Up to midnight no more victims had been recovered. At 6:45 o'clock this evening the voice of a boy named Gattman was heard, but the rescuers could not locate him. He said he was all right, if they could get at him. At 12 o'clock, however, he had not been reached, and no sound could be heard. It is feared he died of exhaustion.

The body of a colored boy was taken out of the ruins about 11 o'clock. He was terribly crushed and his intestines were protruding.

A number of narrow escapes were reported. Seven men were thrown from the seventh story to the ground and escaped with slight bruises. It is learned that the factory of Bontreger & Co., in the Seventeenth Ward, was blown down during the storm and a man named Hines killed.

IN OTHER PLACES.

Havoc Played Among Structures in the Oil Regions.

LIMA (O.), January 9th.—A heavy snow-storm lasted twelve hours here, accompanied by a high wind. Hundreds of derricks and pump-houses are blown down in the oil region, and several persons injured. The Court-house, churches and many residences are badly damaged.

RAILROADS BLOCKADED IN IOWA.

DUBUQUE (Ia.), January 9th.—A foot of snow has fallen here. It is badly drifted, and all railroads are snow-bound.

DAMAGES AT SUNBURY.

SUNBURY (Pa.), January 9th.—The wind storm to-day blew over two stacks of the Sunbury Nail Mills, which crushed through the slate roof, demolishing the puddling department mill. Thirty-five men employed were half-buried in the ruins. Two were killed and many wounded. Four men missing.

ANOTHER TOWN STRUCK.

YORK (Pa.), January 9th.—A tornado visited this place to-day. The handsome Eastern Market-house was demolished. The building cost $12,000.

SIGNS OF A BLIZZARD.

Chicago the Center of a Wide Area Threatened With a Cold Wave.

CHICAGO, January 9th.—A flurry of wet snow melting as it fell, began here this morning at noon and continues with increased severity. The Signal Service weather map for the day shows Chicago at the center of an extremely wide area of low barometer, extending in an irregular circle from Omaha to New York and the northern shore of Lake Superior to Knoxville Tennessee. The barometer here marks 28.96 inches, the lowest on record for this point. The temperature is 34. There is a high wind.

It is snowing or raining throughout the area of the low barometer. Telegraphic communication is almost paralyzed. A cold wave, with a blizzard accompanying it, developed in Montana and Dakota. It is expected here within 24 hours.

Don't hawk, hawk, blow, spit, and disgust everybody with your offensive breath, but use Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and end it.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Regular meeting of Court Sacramento, No. 6,861, A. O. F., THIS EVENING, at 7:30 o'clock. B. F. PARSONS, C. R.
JOHN MORRIS, R. S. 1t

Regular meeting Circle No. 2, L. of G. A. R., at Grangers' Hall, TO-NIGHT. Department Installing Officer, VENICE F. CUSHING, L. of G. A. R., will be present.
C. S. SHIRLAND, President.
BELLE S. HERR, Secretary. 1t*

Sumner Relief Corps, No. 11.—Regular meeting at Grangers' Hall THURSDAY, at 2:30 o'clk. M. ALICE STEPHENSON, President.
CAROLINE G. HANCOCK, Secretary. 1t*

WANTED — LIVE AGENTS FOR NEW works just selling; money-making. Mrs. H., room 12, 301 K street. ja10-3t*

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE (NO children) three or four unfurnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping. Address M. S., this office. 1t*

LOST—A PURSE CONTAINING MONEY AND wash tickets. Parties finding the same may keep the money, but please return the tickets to this office. 1t*

LOST—A GRAY-COVERED MEMORANDUM book, containing list of names. Return to RECORD-UNION office and receive reward. 1t*

TO LET—A FRONT SUITE OF ROOMS, suitable for gentleman. Apply to MRS. C. A. D. GRAY, 415½ K street. ja10-3t*

$30.—FURNISHED FLAT, FOR MAN AND wife, centrally located, no upstairs, double parlors, dressing-room, commodious closets, large dining kitchen. Reference required. Call at 722 Eighth street. ja10 3t*

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Sacramento, State of California. In the matter of the estate of CLARENCE PHELPS, deceased. S. B. SMITH, the Administrator of the estate of CLARENCE PHELPS, deceased, having presented a verified petition for an order of sale of real estate belonging to said estate, and it appearing therefrom that it is necessary to sell the whole of said real estate to pay the debts against deceased, and the debts, expenses and charges of administration, it is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before this Court, at the Court-room thereof, on FRIDAY, the 8th day of FEBRUARY, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., to show cause why an order should not be granted to said Administrator to sell so much of the real estate of decedent as may be necessary. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four successive weeks in the DAILY RECORD-UNION, a newspaper published in Sacramento county. W. C. VAN FLEET, Judge of Superior Court.
Sacramento, Cal., January 9, 1889.
Filed January 9, 1889.
W. B. HAMILTON, Clerk,
By L. P. SCOTT, Deputy Clerk.
CLINTON L. WHITE, Attorney for Administrator.
ja10 5t*h

CARD FROM D. J. SIMMONS.

THE PARTY WHO WROTE ME A LETTER, and signed it "Mum," will please call at my house, 917 Sixth street, between 6 and 8 o'clock THIS OR TO-MORROW EVENING. All matters will be kept secret, and will be strictly confidential [1t] D. J. SIMMONS.

CARD OF THANKS.

I HEREBY TENDER MY SINCEREST thanks to all those who showed me their sympathy during the sickness and at the death of my beloved wife, FERDINANDO CAMENZIND; also to all those who attended the funeral, to the donors of the many floral offerings, and to Rev. Dr. Carl Taubner for the impressive funeral sermon. FERDINANDO CAMENZIND.
Sacramento, January 9, 1889. 1t

A MORY HALL,
Corner Sixth and L streets,
Commencing Thursday Evening, January 10th, at 8 o'clock,
PROF. JOHN McKEOWN'S
UNEXCELLED HORSE TAMING EXHIBITION. Amusing, entertaining and instructive. Wild, vicious and runaway horses handled every night before the audience.
☞ Parties having Horses with any bad vices, viz: Kicking, biting, runaways, shying, halter-pull ing, bad to shoe, bolting, plunging, afraid of steam, music, fire-crackers, or any object, can have them handled and broken free of charge during the exhibition by calling at the hall. Gentlemen, bring out your ladies, and we will guarantee to please them, with nothing to endanger or offend.
Admission, 25 and 50 cents. ja10-6t*

MRS. A. SCHERMER,
Southeast Corner Seventh and I Streets
BEFORE COMMENCING THE ENLARGING of store, offers a choice line of LADIES' CHEMISE DRAWERS and CHILDREN'S fancy SHORT DRESSES. Also, a fine line of HAND-MADE LACE, by the yard and piece. All big bargains. 3pim

REPORT
—OF—
State Board of Examiners.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, OFFICE OF THE STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS, SACRAMENTO, January 9, 1889.
R. W. WATERMAN, GOVERNOR; WM. C. Hendricks, Secretary of State; G. A. Johnson, Attorney-General, comprising the State Board of Examiners, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 676 and 677 of the Political Code, do hereby publish and say that they have counted the money in the State Treasury, including the transactions of the said Department to the close of business on TUESDAY, January 9, 1889; that they ascertained the amount required to be on hand by an official statement of the Controller, and that they found the condition of the State Treasury to be as follows:

Amount of money that ought to be in the State Treasury (as shown by statement of Controller)		$1,757,098 18
Amount and kind of money "actually" therein (as shown by count):		
Gold	$1,748,336 00	
Silver	2,759 14	
Warrants paid (not refunded)	4,212,269 22	
January receipts	36,772 77	
Currency	3,846 70	
Excess on hand		1 95
Total	$1,757,000 18	$1,757,000 18

R. W. WATERMAN, Governor.
W. C. HENDRICKS, Secty of State.
G. A. JOHNSON, Attorney-General.
State Board of Examiners.
Subscribed and sworn to before me the 9th day of January, A. D. 1889. S. P. MASLIN, Secretary of the State Board of Examiners. 1t

IF YOU HAVE
no appetite, Indigestion, Flatulence, Sick Headache, "all run down," losing flesh, you will find
Tutt's Pills
the remedy you need. They tone up the weak stomach and
BUILD UP
the flagging energies. Sufferers from mental or physical overwork will find great relief from them. Elegantly sugar coated. Price, 25 cents per box.
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

ADVERTISEMENT OF HALE BROS. & CO.

We bunch Three Broken Lines of Misses' NEWMARKETS that have been selling for $10, $12 and $15, and will close them out at $7 EACH.

STRONG and RELIABLE.

FIGURES WON'T LIE!

Let the figures on our CLOTHING tell what we are doing in the way of bursting the big bubble of inflated prices. If our prices say anything they say it is possible to get a good articie at a low figure. We have no balloon clothing. Ours is Strong and Reliable.

Men's dark brown Overcoats, velvet collar.....$ 7 50
Men's fancy-striped Wool Cassimere Suits. Sizes, 35 to 40. Price.....$ 8 00
Men's fine Worsted Dress Sack Suits at $11 50, $12, $16, $19 50--all bargains.
Men's heavy Ulsters; color, gray; sizes, 34 to 40. Price.....$ 5 00
A new lot of Knee Pants for boys from 4 to 13. Price.....50 cents
Boys' School Pants, ages 9 to 16. Price.....$1 50

HALE BROS. & CO.
Corner of Ninth and K Streets, Sacramento.

AMUSEMENTS.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.
CHAS. P. HALL.....Proprietor and Manager
L. HENRY.....Business Manager
TWO NIGHTS ONLY.
Friday and Saturday, January 11th & 12th
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.
M. B. Leavitt's
GRAND
European Novelties!
Direct From Europe.
☞ A high-class Vaudeville organization, comprising the leading specialty artists carefully selected from the principal European theaters.
Each and every act absolutely a new and positive novelty.
☞ NOTE THE POPULAR PRICES ☜
50 and 75 Cents.
No extra charge for Reserved Seats. On sale Thursday. ja9-td

A SOCIAL PARTY
WILL BE GIVEN BY RISING STAR Rebekah Degree Lodge No. 8, I. O. O. F., at Turner Hall, THURSDAY EVENING, January 10, 1889. Tickets, admitting lady and gentleman, 50 Cents. Extra lady's ticket, 25 Cents. ja9-2t

DANCING.
LADIES' AND GENTS' CLASS EVERY THURSDAY evening, at Y. M. I. Hall, given by WALROTH, BILSE & MITCHELL'S Orchestra. Admission, 25 cents. ja9-2t*

Skating School
EVERY DAY AND EVENING.
MUSIC ON WEDNESDAYS AND SATURdays, and special attractions every evening. No disreputable persons admitted. Competent teachers employed. 1m

REAL ESTATE AGENCIES.
☞ FOR INFORMATION IN REGARD TO LANDS IN NORTHERN AND CENTRAL CALIFORNIA, THE "RECORD UNION" RECOMMENDS THE FOLLOWING AS BEING RESPONSIBLE AND RELIABLE REAL ESTATE FIRMS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE LOCALITIES.
J. M. MARTIN, President. J. W. CONGER, Secretary. G. N. FREMAN, Treasurer
FRESNO INVESTMENT CO
(INCORPORATED). Full line of City and Country Property.
FRESNO CITY, FRESNO COUNTY, CAL.
ROBERT JONES. B. M. BERRY
JONES & BERRY,
Real Estate Agents.....Newcastle
PLACER COUNTY..... CAL.
GEO. T. CONNER,
TULARE.....TULARE COUNTY, CAL.
Homesteads, Pre-emptions and Timber Claims in Tulare and Kern counties, from $200 to $1,000
FOR STOCK FARMS, GRAIN, VINE, FRUIT AND COLONY LANDS, ADDRESS THE
HONN LAND COMPANY
REDDING, SHASTA COUNTY, CAL.

B. RUHL,
The Bookbinder,
IS NOW LOCATED AT 409 J STREET, where he has just put in the latest and best machinery, consequently can do the best work at the most reasonable prices. 1m2p

People's Express and Transfer Ass'n
OFFICE, 1002 SEVENTH STREET, CORNER of J. Freight and baggage forwarded promptly. Trunks, merchandise and parcels transferred to and from all trains and boats, also from one part of the city to another. Furniture and pianos handled by careful and experienced men. Agents and wagons at depot on arrival of all trains. Telephone 276.
js-1m 1p FRED. J. DODGE, Manager.

AUCTIONS.

W. H. SHERBURN,
Auctioneer.
SALESROOM, 323 K STREET.
REGULAR SALESDAYS,
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS
☞ Owing to the great increase in my Auction business, I have determined to close out at private sale all of my large stock of CROCKERY-WARE, GLASSWARE, CUTLERY, etc., etc.
☞ Bedrock prices on Plates, Cups and Saucers, Goblets, Fruit Dishes, Hotel Ware, in fact everything in the above line. Call and get bargains.
No. 323 K Street.

CHINA * HALL,
629 J Street.
HAVING FINISHED TAKING STOCK,
WE ARE NOW OFFERING
Great Bargains
—IN—
Glassware * * Crockery,
LAMPS,
DINNER & TEA SETS
DECORATED AND PLAIN.
☞ ON MANY ARTICLES IN ☜
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE
Our prices have been reduced
50 PER CENT.
☞ These goods MUST BE SOLD, to make room for our large Spring importation.

CHINA HALL,
629 J Street. 2p1m
SAMUEL JONES. C. S. GIVENS.
Jones & Givens
Pacific Coast General Agents for the
Glidden Patent Steel Barb Fence Wire.
No. 221 Market street, San Francisco. No. 207 J street, Sacramento.
☞ Also, Pacific Coast General Agents for the HAMMOND TYPE-WRITER. 1m2p

L. L. LEWIS & CO.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!
$10 BUYS OUR BEAUTIFUL NO. 7 ECLIPSE $10
A COOK STOVE! REMEMBER, ONLY
FOR THIS ELEGANT COOK STOVE. THE NO. 7 ECLIPSE STOVE has four holes and ventilated oven doors, sliding front hearth and mottled iron finish. Over 1,000 sold in the past year.

THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS THE ECLIPSE COOK STOVE, AND IS A SPLENDID LIKENESS OF IT.
$6 BUYS A NO. 7 TOKEN PARLOR STOVE. $6
The TOKEN has two griddle holes, fancy sliding top, open front doors, and is very pretty. ☞ Our 100-page CATALOGUE now ready, and sent free upon application.
L. L. LEWIS & CO., 502 AND 504 J STREET, And 1009 Fifth st., Sacramento.

HUNTINGTON - * HOPKINS * COMPANY,
DEALERS IN GENERAL HARDWARE,
HOLIDAY PRESENTS!
IN PLAIN AND FANCY CARVING SETS, POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, SHOTGUNS AND RIFLES, ETC.
Sacramento.....[1p6TuThS].....San Francisco

WANTED—LOST—FOUND.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Lady as Stenographer (by machinery) and Type-writer. Salary reasonable. Address M. L. G., this office. ja9 3t*

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK for a man and invalid wife. Apply at office 1013 Fourth street. ja8 3t*

LOST—A SMALL CHILD'S BRACELET, somewhere in the vicinity of Sixth and J streets. Finder will leave at 1712 N street and be rewar