PARNELL VINDICATED.

PIGOTT CONFESSES TO FORGING THE LETTERS.

He Also Admits the Commission of Perjury—His Flight from Justice—Egan's Discovery.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

LONDON, February 26th.—When the Parnell Commission met this morning Russell stated that Pigott on Saturday night went the Labouchere's office, and, in the presence of George Augustus Sala, signed a confession that the Parnell letters were forgeries. Russell then made an application for a warrant for Pigott, which was granted.

Counsel for the *Times* said he was not ready with any other witness, and it would now be necessary to consider whether they would proceed with any part of the case.

Pigott in his confession admits that he forged all the letters ascribed to Egan, Parnell, Davitt and O'Kelly. He also admits that he perjured himself before the Commission.

A FOUL CONSPIRACY.

Attorney-General Webster stated that yesterday morning Shannon received a letter from Pigott, and he would call Shannon to prove it if Parnell's counsel desired.

Russell said he regretted he had not heard of the letter earlier. "Whatever course Webster takes," continued he, "we propose to pursue a thorough investigation of the matter. It is deliberately charged that behind Pigott and Houston there has been a foul conspiracy. Added to this is the fact of Pigott's escape."

THE "TIMES" AND PIGOTT.

Solicitor Soames, the *Times'* counsel, here emphatically denied that he had done anything to assist Pigott to escape. Counsel for the *Times* expressed ignorance of his whereabouts when questioned by the Court, but said he left his hotel at 11 o'clock last night.

Justice Hannen adjourned the Commission half an hour to give Pigott time to appear, with the understanding that if still absent all his papers would be seized.

WHAT PIGOTT CONFESSES.

Russell stated to the Court that he possessed letters and documents which fixed Pigott as the forger of the letters. He also said Pigott had confessed to Solicitor Lewis that he was the forger. Labouchere and Parnell, both of whom were present, would corroborate his statement regarding Pigott's confession. Pigott uninvited called at Labouchere's office on Saturday and stated that he desired to confess. Labouchere would not listen to him unless witnesses were present. Thereupon witnesses were called, including Mr. Sala, and Pigott made the confession as stated.

The confession of the forger was then produced.

Russell said that Pigott first confessed only that the Parnell letters were forged, but Parnell refused to accept this confession as satisfactory. On Monday Pigott wrote a letter to Solicitor Shannon declaring his confession to Labouchere and Sala false and making a new statement, in which he says Pat Casey forged the signatures, and he himself wrote the body of the Parnell letters in the first batch, and two of Parnell's letters, one of Davitt's and one of O'Kelly's in the second batch were treated in the same manner.

PIGOTT MISSING.

Pigott is missing. He is supposed to be on the Continent.

A bundle of Pigott's letters, captured at Anderton's Hotel, has been read privately by the Court in the pending case.

ASSISTED BY THE GUARDS.

Sir Charles added that Pigott had made his escape assisted by a body-guard consisting of an Irish constable and two Scotland Yard detectives, and demanded that the Court summon the constable and detectives who were with Pigott to explain the escape.

TAKING TESTIMONY.

Testimony was then taken. Solicitor Shannon testified that Sunday night Pigott gave him a written statement denying the statement made to Labouchere that he forged all the letters. Pigott said he believed the first batch genuine. In the second batch two Parnell letters were forged by himself and Casey; the third batch, consisting of letters from Messrs. Davitt and O'Kelly, were also forged by himself and Casey. Pigott added in his statement that, having now stated the truth and confessed before the world, the *Times* should deal leniently with him.

On cross-examination, Shannon said he had taken no steps to prevent Pigott bolting. He expected him to appear in Court.

Houston testified that Pigott had not taken any luggage. He produced the letters left for Pigott at Anderton's, but they contained nothing of importance. He also produced the letter Pigott addressed to him Saturday, asking for a balance, saying he was told he would be prosecuted for perjury, and wanted the money to send to his poor children.

A CONSULTATION WANTED.

After the testimony was received Russell stated he would prove by the agent at Glasgow that Pigott had committed a series of forgeries. The Court refused the testimony.

Webster asked the Commission to adjourn until to-morrow, in order to cable clients, consider their position and decide what part of the case will be abandoned; also ascertain whether Pigott is accessible. He would announce the course the *Times* intended to pursue to-morrow.

Hannen then adjourned the Court until to-morrow.

THE DISCOVERY.

Pigott's Forgeries—How They Were Discovered by Egan.

LONDON, February 26th.—From a gentleman high in authority in the prosecution of the Parnell-*Times* case a representative of the Associated Press to-day heard the true story of how the conspiracy against Parnell was detected. It constitutes one of the most romantic narratives in the history of politics. Without the evidence by which the conspiracy was exploded, the *Times* would have undoubtedly won its case, notwithstanding the spuriousness of the letters.

Up to July of last year Parnell, his counsel and colleagues were at sea, and every effort to solve the mystery of the forgery and get at the bottom of the case had proved futile. At this time the evidence was sent from the United States by a young Catholic priest, Rev. Father Dorney, of Chicago, to whom it had been intrusted by Patrick Egan and Alexander Sullivan, its compilers. Its value was inestimable, and no one was aware of its existence save Egan, Sullivan and Father Dorney, until it was delivered to Parnell in person. The discovery was made by Egan in Lincoln, Neb., while Parnell, his detectives and experts were vainly trying to find a clue in Great Britain. Egan was sorely perplexed by the forged letters, the *fac similes* of which he got in the London *Times*. The signatures of those attributed to him were remarkably good, and expressions and odd abbreviations peculiar to him were in the text. He considered everybody possible who could have been the forger, but could not arrive at a conclusion.

THE FIRST CLUE.

He remembered that Pigott had been in forgeries many years before, but the idea that he might be concerned in these seemed absurd. In scrutinizing the forged *fac similes*, however, he finally discovered that one signed with his own name was written avowedly at a certain address in Paris, and the recollection flashed upon him that Pigott was the only man to whom he had ever written it. Pigott had written him asking for a confidential address to which he might send important information, and Egan, concluding to learn what it was, secured this address, which proved

THE KEY TO THE FORGERIES.

Egan, who is methodical in habits, had saved his correspondence for years. He searched his volumes of letters, until he found Pigott's. By comparing them with the handwriting on the forged letters, he was sure he had the forger. He submitted letters written by Pigott to experts, together with *fac-similes* of the forged letters. They immediately detected characteristic peculiarities, which were confirmed under the microscope. Egan had Pigott's letters and the forgeries photographed, and started for Chicago, where he placed all the papers before his friend, Alexander Sullivan, who is also a solicitor. A brief was drawn up by him and Sullivan, in the latter's office in Chicago. It related the chief incidents in Pigott's career, and showed that

HE HAD BEEN A BORGER BEFORE.

Years before, when Pigott tried to sell the *Irishman* newspaper to Parnell and Egan, he furnished an inventory—apparently authenticated by well-known Dublin accountants—showing the value of the property. Egan proved that the inventory was false, and that Pigott had forged the accountants' signatures to it.

Pigott was also caught in another similar transaction, and these facts were committed to writing. He had meanwhile ascertained the process by which Pigott had made the spurious letters. He found among his papers some letters written by him in which entire sentences appeared that were also in the forged letters. Pigott had traced these sentences carefully, word for word. Then he interpolated or added other sentences or phrases, completely changing the meaning of the whole letter, while preserving the integrity of portions. Dates were also changed to make the criminal interpolations applicable to illegal events.

Egan also found letters by Parnell which had been similarly used. Photographs of all these, and of Pigott's begging and black-mailing letters, were inclosed with the originals in a package with memoranda recalling to Parnell all the circumstances attending the writing or reception of each. This was

THE PRECIOUS PIECE OF LUGGAGE.

The young priest conveyed to Parnell. Until it came the *Times'* case was as invulnerable as it was fraudulent. No hint of the contents of the package ever became public until Parnell himself, in the interview he had with Pigott in the presence of Labouchere and Lewis, asked Pigott certain questions, which disclosed to the culprit that evidence had been secured against him. Pigott either reported this to the *Times*, or was watched by its detectives and traced into Parnell's presence.

Then he had to partially confess to his employers and the Attorney-General, and his colleagues compelled LeCaron to testify and be as malignant as possible, swearing that Parnell declared he favored an armed revolution, and that Alexander Sullivan got him (LeCaron) into a secret revolutionary organization. This was for the purpose of breaking the force of Parnell's information about Pigott's antecedents, but Pigott had no suspicion of the overwhelming completeness of knowledge conveyed in the package to Parnell, and did not realize—until he got into Sir Charles Russell's clutches—that no calumny could impair the fatal effect upon him and on the *Times* case of what Parnell knew.

PARNELL'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Had Egan not made the discovery, the truth of the letters could only have been denied, but their falsehood could not have been demonstrated. The situation would have been a *Times* victory, and that a victory of the *Times* would be the ruin of Parnell, the Home Rule party and the indefinite discredit of the Liberals.

FORGERY AND PERJURY.

Two Charges Which Pigott is Wanted to Answer.

LONDON, February 26th.—The warrant issued for Pigott charges forgery and perjury. Parnell has now abandoned the appeal in the Scotch case against the *Times*.

ONE OF HIS LIES.

LONDON, February 26th.— Mrs. Mullett, in whose house Pigott alleged the bag was found which contained the Parnell letters, has written to the Dublin *Freeman's Journal* denying that she ever had any letters either of her husband's or any one else.

REJOICING IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 26th.—The Irish Nationalists here are greatly pleased with the result of the Parnell trial, and are rejoicing in the exposure of Pigott as a forger and perjurer.

A PRECIOUS RASCAL.

Pigott's Flight Causes a Stunning Sensation—His Foul Record.

LONDON, February 26th.—Pigott's confession and flight have produced a stunning sensation. The fugitive is believed to have fled to Rotterdam, and rumors of his suicide are not credited.

Sir Charles Russell is prepared to prove that Pigott was a systematic forger of bills of accommodation in 1578 and 1881, and that he forged a new acceptance for every renewal. He had also been an extensive dealer in obscene literature and photographs.

WHAT SALA SAYS.

The Confession Made Voluntarily and Freely by Pigott.

LONDON, February 26th.—George Augustus Sala writes to the *Telegraph* an article describing the interview on Saturday between Pigott and Labouchere. It confirms the statement that Pigott went to Labouchere's house voluntarily. The copy of the confession which Lewis obtained was, from beginning to end, literally and verbally the composition of Pigott, who confessed that he forged the Parnell letters, and minutely described the manner in which they were written. Pigott said he alone executed the forgeries. "Whether he is telling the truth, or another batch of lies," says Mr. Sala, "is not for me to determine, but to my mind he seemed to be confessing facts, and nothing but facts. No pressure has been put upon him, and no leading questions were asked."

THE "TIMES" STILL AT IT.

The *Times* continues to advertise its pamphlet on "Parnellism and Crime" with the alleged *fac simile* letter of Parnell.

AN ARTICLE OF CONDOLENCE.

The *News* says: "We condole with the great Pigottist party on the loss of its leader and the consequent difficulty in forging ahead. No more utter and hopeless collapse has occurred in the history of calumny. The case for the prosecution has gone to pieces at the first touch. Parnell is proved innocent by the only man the *Times* relied upon to prove him guilty. Whether the *Times* proceeds or not, Parnell will claim the right to disprove the other charges."

OUT OF WIND JUST NOW.

The "Times" Has Nothing to Say on the Subject Just Now.

LONDON, February 27th.—The *Times* says it is precluded from commenting on the Parnell Commission at this stage.

SILENCE NO LONGER POSSIBLE.

The *Standard* says: "The complete break down of Pigott's evidence, and his absence, render it no longer possible to refrain from comment. We feel ourselves obliged, in the public interest, to declare that the evidence on which the authenticity of the letters was supposed to rest has been completely discredited, and the sooner this is openly and formally admitted the better it will be from every point of view."

A BLOW AT ENGLISH JOURNALISM.

After blaming the *Times* for its extraordinary negligence, the *Standard* says: "The pomp and circumstance under which the publication occurred made it impossible to absolve those answerable for it from a grave breach of public duty. Whatever else is proved, the fact remains that deep injustice has been done to Parnell, and a blow, equally to be deplored, has been given to the character of English journalism."

PARNELL FULLY VINDICATED.

The *Daily Telegraph* says: "To all intents and purposes, the Parnell Commission may be regarded as ended to-day. We are glad to say that Parnell stands free and innocent of the damaging charge attributed to him with what we are sorrowfully compelled to call reckless and rash imprudence."

SHELTERED BY FRIENDS.

No Tidings from the Champion Forger Up to a Late Hour.

LONDON, February 26th.—At 10 o'clock to-night the police had not yet found any trace of Pigott. The latter had posted to his housekeeper in Dublin a blank check with which to obtain a balance of £5 at his banker's. Pigott has four sons, the youngest of whom is six years of age. His wife died 18 months ago. It is believed that Pigott has disguised himself and either fled to Antwerp or Rotterdam.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The jury in the case of Governor Larrabee, of Iowa, charged with libel, brought in a verdict of acquittal.

Willie Briggs, aged 10 years, saved a little girl from drowning at Omaha on Sunday. She had fallen through the ice.

A firm in New York has made a hat for General Harrison, and he will not have to wear his grandfather's title hereafter.

Jean Louis Sainsevain, the pioneer viticulturist, died in Los Angeles on Sunday. He had a sawmill at Santa Cruz in 1843.

A Chinaman named Hung Son Won Lung shot and killed Weng On Gung in a Chinese store at Bakersfield on Monday. The murderer was arrested.

Near Brewton, Ala., Miss Maddox disguised herself as a tramp to frighten her mother. The latter emptied a shotgun into the girl's body, killing her instantly.

The pretty Irish girl, Maud Tighe, who eloped from Dublin with her father's coachman, Henry O'Neil, is none other than second cousin to the present Duke of Richmond.

A well-educated colored girl of North Carolina, who went to Liberia with her parents captured the barbarous King of Ghola, is his chief wife, and is carrying things with a high hand.

Musical Hygiene.

It is a well-known fact that those nations which are given to the cultivation of vocal music are strong, vigorous races, with broad, expansive chests. Vocal music is a gymnastic exercise of the lungs by development of the lung-tissue itself. Phthisis generally begins at the apices of the lungs, because these parts are more inactive, and because the bronchial tubes are so arranged that they carry the inspired air with greater facility to the bases than to the apices. In singing, the amount of inspired air increases more than in walking, as to sing well requires all the capacity of the lungs.—*Dr. C. E. Busey, Lynchburg.*

When the liver fails to act, and you are bilious, and out of sorts, use Dr. Jayne's Sanative Pills to bring about a healthy action of the liver, and remove all distressing symptoms.

Prepare for Spring

Now is the time to prepare for spring, and your own system is of first importance. If you have not felt well during the winter, if you have been overworked or closely confined in badly ventilated rooms or shops, you need a good tonic and blood purifier like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Take it early, and you will ward off attacks of disease or escape the effects of impure blood and that tired feeling, so common in the spring. Do not delay.

"I wish to state the benefit I derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have used it in the spring for three years for debility, and can say that I gained in flesh and strength after using one bottle. It has also cured me of sick headache." MRS. F. H. ANDREWS, South Woodstock, Conn.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Juniper Berries and other well-known vegetable remedies, in such a peculiar manner as to derive the full medicinal value of each. It will cure, when in the power of medicine, scrofula, salt rheum sores, boils, pimples, all humors, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, general debility, catarrh, rheumatism, kidney and liver complaints. It overcomes that extreme tired feeling caused by change of climate, season or life.

"For five years I was sick every spring, but last year began in February to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I used five bottles, and have not seen a sick day since." G. W. SLOAN, Milton, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

HOME AFFAIRS.

A DAKOTA FARMER'S ATTEMPT TO BURN HIS CHILDREN.

Anarchist Neebe Claims to be a Good and Peaceable Citizen—Latest Pugilistic Palaver—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

COOING GENTLY NOW.

Neebe, One of the Haymarket Murderers, Wants a Pardon.

CHICAGO, February 26th.—Oscar Neebe, the Anarchist, now serving a fifteen-year sentence at Joliet, has written a letter to his brother, which is practically a reply to the statements of Judges Grinnell and Gary, that they would consider the question of signing a petition for his pardon after he had made a full confession of everything within his knowledge connected with the Haymarket riot and conspiracy, and all that led up to it.

In his letter he says: "I have nothing to confess, being innocent of any complicity whatever in the Haymarket tragedy or conspiracy."

He says that the Lehr and Wehr-Verein, which was an organization for teaching the use of arms and tactics of war, was disbanded after the passage of the prohibitory statute, and if ever reorganized he knew nothing of it. In conclusion, he declares that he has never advocated theories tending to produce revolution, but has always maintained that the wrongs of the workingmen could be repressed at the ballot, and not by force. He says his application for pardon is based on no other ground than absolute innocence.

BIG AND LITTLE.

Latest Talk in Pugilistic Circles—Sullivan in Earnest.

NEW YORK, February 26th.—John L. Sullivan will remain in Brooklyn until May 10th, when he will start for New Orleans to train for his battle. He says: "This fight will either make or break me, and when you hear of John L. going into the ring you can rest assured he will be in better condition than he ever was in his life."

"What do you think of the $10,000 purse offered by El Paso parties?"

"I don't take any stock in it. I am fighting for the championship and a stake of $20,000, but no gate money. The place is too far; I want to fight in the same place where I fought Paddy Ryan. In Mississippi City we can get all the protection we want."

WEIR AND MURPHY.

BOSTON, February 26th.—Ike Weir, the featherweight, has won a victory over his backers and secured the advance of money, the refusal of which led him to break his agreement to fight Frank Murphy, of England. For the past week Weir's backers have been retreating from their former stand. Negotiations have been resumed with the backers of Murphy, and the result was that steps were successfully taken to induce a New York club to give the men a purse to fight to a finish, the understanding being that $1,000 a side will be wagered on the result before the men enter the ring.

DEMPSEY AFTER BIG GAME.

BALTIMORE, February 26th.—Kilrain positively refuses to listen to any proposition for a glove contest for scientific points with Jack Dempsey. He says he is willing to meet Dempsey in private, where a decision could be reached, or he would fight twelve rounds for a purse, but he does not care for a public meeting, where there is always a chance of police interference and a draw.

FIEND OR MANIAC.

The Terrible Act of a Husband and Father in Dakota.

DICKINSON (Dak.), February 26th.—John Holler, a German farmer near here, chased his wife from home this morning and locked his five children in the house, which he fired. Then, taking a rifle, he went to a neighbors and killed his wife and himself. The children managed to escape from the burning house.

Earthquakes in Indiana.

HUNTINGTON (Ind.), February 26th.—Several severe earthquake shocks were felt throughout the entire county between 4 and 5 o'clock today. Each shock lasted several seconds, and was accompanied by a heavy rumbling sound, which greatly alarmed the inhabitants.

An Anarchist Who Wants Gore.

CHICAGO, February 26th.—Jens Christinsen, editor of the *Arbeiter Zeitung*, addressed a meeting of furniture-makers to-night, advocating a revolution of force and bloodshed. The peaceful overturning of the present system of society he declared impossible.

Railroad Managers in Session.

ST. LOUIS, February 26th.—A meeting of the Managers of the railroads comprised in the Interstate Commerce Railway Association convened here to-day for the purpose of perfecting arrangements to carry into effect the new agreement.

Close of a Great Horse Sale.

LEXINGTON (Ky.), February 26th.—W. T. Woodard's combination sale of trotting stock closed to-day. The total sales were 518 horses, for $301,140. During the present series of sales 987 horses changed hands at an average price of $489.

Proposed Wholesale Evictions.

FORT DODGE (Ia.), February 26th.—Seven hundred judgments in ejectment have been recovered by the attorneys for the heirs of the Litchfield river-land estate, and 4,000 settlers will be ejected early in March.

Chicagoans Going to Washington.

CHICAGO, February 26th.—The sale of tickets for the inauguration at Washington began today, and it is estimated that 10,000 were sold. At least 10,000 persons from Chicago will attend the ceremonies.

An Elevated Road for Chicago.

CHICAGO, February 26th.—The Meigs Elevated Railroad Company to-day filed a bond for $500,000 with the city, and will begin the construction of an elevated road on the west side at an early date.

Ives and Stayner Arraigned.

NEW YORK, February 26th.—Ives and Stayner were arraigned this afternoon. They pleaded not guilty, with the option of withdrawing the plea within a week. Woodruff was not arraigned.

Windom for the Treasury.

NEW YORK, February 26th.—William Windom left for Washington this afternoon. He stated positively to friends that he would be Secretary of the Treasury under the new Administration.

Heavy Lumber Failure.

DETROIT, February 26th.—Wm. M. Dwight & Co., lumber dealers, have suspended business and filed a mortgage aggregating $219,000. The amount of liabilities and assets are unknown.

A Man-slayer's Identity.

OMAHA, February 26th.—Lizzie Beechler, who shot and killed Harry King at a public row a few months ago, says her true name is Mrs. Elizabeth King.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

IN THE COMMONS.

The Government and Pigott—Debate on the Queen's Address.

LONDON, February 26th.—In the House of Commons this evening, Healy asked whether Home Secretary Matthews had ordered the arrest of Pigott, and if not, why he allowed Pigott to escape.

Matthews replied that an order had been issued against Pigott.

Healy then asked whether the Government had taken measures to prevent Pigott's escape.

Matthews admitted that as yet he had taken no steps in the matter. The knowledge of Pigott's disappearance had reached him within the last hour. He promises that the Government would do their utmost to capture the fugitive.

Major Saunderson (Conservative) resumed the debate on the address in reply to the Queen's speech. Referring to Healy's remarks last night, he charged that gentleman with ignoring the fact that crime in Ireland had lessened since the enforcement of the Crimes Act. The freedom of speech which the Parnellites wanted was not allowed because they advocated law-breaking, which led to murder

(Parnellite shouts of "Pigott!")

Well, Pigott had amply qualified himself to be a member of the first Home Rule Ministry. He could not find a reason why the Parnellites should not be sent to jail, nor why, when once there, they should ever be let out.

Dillon emphatically repudiated, as a calumny, any suggestion that he or his colleagues worked for the increase of crime. The decrease of crime was not due to the Coercion Act, but to the enormous concessions got for the tenants through the plan of campaign. It was also due to a knowledge of the increased sympathy of the English people. The declarations of Gladstone and his followers had more effect in stopping crime than all the Coercion Acts ever passed.

Sir G. O. Trevelyan, charged Balfour with causing Parnellites to be arrested in places and in a manner calculated to inflict the greatest possible outrage upon public feeling and opinion.

In the course of a speech in defense of the Government Edward Stanhope, a member of the Cabinet, asserted that wherever the plan of campaign existed the amount of crime was the greatest.

"There is not a word of truth in that!" exclaimed Dillon.

Cries of "Oh! Oh!" greated Dillon's remark, and Stanhope appealed to the Speaker, whereupon Dillon challenged him to prove his statement.

In reply, Stanhope adduced statistics showing improvement in the condition of Ireland, which he claimed was due to the Government's vigorous prosecution of the Crimes Act.

CANADA.

A Resolution that Caused Excitement in the House of Commons.

OTTAWA, February 26th.—The Liberals having decided on a vigorous policy in favor of closer relations with the United States, Hon. Milford Laurier this afternoon, in the House of Commons, moved a sweeping resolution, that Canada enter into negotiations for a new treaty with the United States, and that the *modus vivendi* be continued. The resolution created excitement among the members of the House.

Buckingham's Duchess Gets Left.

LONDON, February 26th.—The drawing-room at Buckingham Palace was marked by the largest attendance of the winter season. The dresses were mainly dark-toned in deference to the recent Court mourning. The Duchess of Bedford presented Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain and Mrs. White presented Mrs. McClellan, Miss McClellan and Miss Chandler. The Duchess of Marlborough was not presented.

Parnell's Libel Suit Dismissed.

EDINBURGH, February 26th.—The case of Parnell against Walter, of the London *Times*, for libel, which was dismissed by a single Judge on the first hearing, on the ground that no arrestments against Walter, as an individual, would be valid, came up to-day before the Judges of the First Division on the rehearing demanded by Parnell's counsel. The Court, by consent, dismissed the action with costs.

A Long Time Getting There.

LONDON, February 26th.—Advices from Afghanistan say the Ameer is marching upon the Russian frontier, and that a collision with the Russians is imminent. The Ameer persists in committing the cruelties.

A Long-haired Adventurer Comes to Grief

LONDON, February 26th.—"Mexican Joe's" circus was destroyed by fire at Manchester today. The large audience escaped without loss of life, but 11 trained horses were burned to death.

Of a Domestic Turn.

LONDON, February 26th.—A dispatch from Pekin announces that the Emperor of China was married to-day to his 13-year-old cousin. In addition, he is to have a harem composed of the daughters of nobles.

Emperor William's Mother.

LONDON, February 26th.—The Empress Frederick started for Germany to-day.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

S. Prouty to J. F. Still—One hundred and twenty-five one hundred and sixtieths of an acre in northeast quarter of section 27, township 5 north, range 6 east, Galt; $2 500.

John Donahue to Margaret Donahue—South half of lot 10, C and D, Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, and lots 9 and 10, block 49, town of Folsom; $5,000.

Frances D. Myers to Mrs. Elizabeth Green—Lot 3, block B, Highland Park tract; $10.

W. R. Strong to A. Frank Hogeboom—West half of lot 6 M and N, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets; $10.

P. J. O'Connell to P. M. Boylan—East 20 feet lot 2 and west 30 feet lot 3, P and Q, Sixth and Seventh streets; $1.

J. S. Gattmann to Frederick Mier—East half lot 6, N and O, Tenth and Eleventh streets; $10.

Milton Sherwood to Clinton Kirby—North half of southwest quarter, and all lying west of the Upper Stockton road, contained in southeast quarter section 35, township 7 north, range 5 east, containing 229 acres; $10,000

William Haller et al. to Asa Hill—Lots 1 and 2 in Haller's Addition to town of Galt; $300.

Gregory J. Phelan to Mrs. Cecilia Phelan—East half of south eighth of lot 4, J and K, Second and Third streets; love and affection.

M. S. Lavenson to Amos Norris et al.—Lot 3, P and Q, Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets; $10.

Oak Park Association to Henry Wirth—Lot 3, block 49, Oak Park Association; $10.

Grace Cook to Eli Mayo—South 20 feet lot 4, P and Q, Fifth and Sixth streets; $1.

Living Without Kidneys or Spleen.

The *Medical Record* summarizes (incredulously) from a Philadelphia report, the following: A patient suffered from disease of the right kidney, which, together with the spleen, was removed by laparotomy. After these two organs had been removed, it was found that he had no other kidney. At the end of a month the patient was still alive, and appeared to have an excellent prospect of recovery. The functions of the kidneys are now said to be performed by the skin, the respiration is reported to be "almost double" the normal amount, and the "water fairly drips from the skin." A number of other curious details are given, such as the growth of hair on a previously bald head.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, New York.

POND'S EXTRACT

VEGETABLE PAIN DESTROYER

INVALUABLE FOR ALL PAINS AND INFLAMMATIONS.

Sore Throat, Diphtheria. Use the Extract promptly. Delay is dangerous. Relief guaranteed.

Sores, Sprains, Bruises. It is cooling, cleansing, and Healing.

Catarrh. Pond's Extract is unsurpassed for Catarrh, Cold in the Head, &c. (See page 11, in Book of Directions wrapped around each bottle.)

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured more cases of the distressing complaints than Pond's Extract. Try it!

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped.

Piles. Pond's Extract is undoubtedly the best remedy known for Piles. The most distinguished treatment in connection with the Extract is highly recommended. (See p. 15, Book of Directions wrapped around each bottle.)

Female Complaints. In the majority of *female* diseases the Extract can be used, as is well known, with the greatest benefit. Full directions accompany each bottle.

Pond's Extract is Known Everywhere.

It is used in the household of the President as well as that of the humblest citizen; by members of the army and the navy, the Bar and the Bench, the pulpit and the press—all ranks and classes of people.

CAUTION.

Pond's Extract Has been imitated. The genuine has the words "Pond's Extract" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having Pond's Extract. Take no other preparation.

It is never sold in bulk or by measure.

Sold everywhere. Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75.

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., New York.

ELY'S Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.

TRY THE CURE

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD. CATARRH ROSE COLD HAY-FEVER DEAFNESS HEADACHE. PRICE 50 CENTS. ELY BRO'S, OWEGO, N.Y. U.S.A.

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price, 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York. MWFw&ly

The best place in California to have your printing done. A. J. Johnston & Co., 410 J street, Sacramento.

S.S.S. FOR THE BLOOD

Our little girl when but three weeks old broke out with eczema. We tried the prescription from several good doctors, but without any special benefit. We tried S. S. S., and by the time one bottle was gone, her head began to heal, and by the time she had taken six bottles she was completely cured. Now she has a full and heavy head of hair—a robust, healthy child. I feel it but my duty to make this statement.

H. T. SHOBE, Rich Hill, Mo.

Send for our Books on Blood and Skin Diseases and Advice to Sufferers, mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Spring Disorders

Shattered nerves, tired brain, impure blood, debilitated system, all are the natural outcome in the Spring. A medicine must be used, and nothing equals Paine's Celery Compound. We let others praise us—you cannot help believing a disinterested party.

Brigadier-General W. L. Greenleaf, Burlington, Vt., writes: "I have used Paine's Celery Compound on several occasions, and always with benefit. Last spring, being very much run down and debilitated, I commenced taking it. Two bottles made me feel like a new man. As a general tonic and spring medicine I do not know of its equal."

"I have used two bottles of your Paine's Celery Compound, and it has given entire satisfaction as an appetizer and blood purifier." T. L. BERNER, Watertown, Dakota.

Paine's Celery Compound

is prescribed by physicians, recommended by druggists, endorsed by ministers, praised by users, and guaranteed by the manufacturers, as a spring medicine which will do all that is claimed for it. Use it this spring, and see how quickly it tones you up.

Purifies the Blood.

Full accounts of wonderful cures made by Paine's Celery Compound after other medicines and the best physicians had failed, sent free. There's nothing like it.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.

Color Anything any Color. Simple, Durable, Economical. IT IS EASY TO DYE WITH DIAMOND DYES 36 Colors. 10 cents each.

Pears' Soap

Fair white hands. Bright clear complexion Soft healthful skin.

"PEARS'—The Great English Complexion SOAP,—Sold Everywhere."

COMMERCIAL.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

SACRAMENTO, February 26th.

FRUIT—Lemons—Sicily, $5 50@6 ₱ box. California, $3@4; Limes, $6 50@7 ₱ box, 75c@$1 00 ₱ 100; Bananas, $3@3 50 ₱ bunch for Island; Pineapples, $6 50@7 50; Cocoanuts, $7@8; Panama Oranges, $3 50@4; Los Angeles Oranges, $1 75@2; Riverside Oranges, $2 75@3; Riverside Navel, $4@4 50; Los Angeles Navel, $3@3 50; Apples, $1@1 75 ₱ box; Apricots, $1 50 ₱ box; Cranberries, ₱ bbl, $9@10; Eastern Apples, ₱ bbl., $3 50@4 50; Mountain Apples, $1 50 ₱ box.

DRIED FRUITS—New crop Apples, sliced, 4@6c ₱ lb; evaporated, 8@9c; do quartered, 3@4c; Pears, peeled, 6@7c; Plums, pitted, 6@7c; Peaches, 5@6c; do peeled, 10@12c; Prunes, German, 6@7c; French, 8@9c; French Prunes, evaporated, 9@10c; Blackberries, 12@14c; Figs, California, 4@5c; Apricots, 11@14c; Nectarines, 8@9c; California Figs, ₱ 20-lb box, $1 25; per pound in sks, 5c; Smyrna Ovals, 15c; Flats, 14@15c; Tubs, 9@10c; Dates, Fard, 50-lb bxs, 9½@10c; Dates, Persian, 6@7c; Dates, Cartoons, 11@12c.

TABLE FRUIT—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 90; Peaches, $2 10; Bartlett Pears, $2 25; Plums, $1 75; Blackberries, $2 20; Gooseberries, $1 85; Strawberries, $2 50; Apricots, $1 90; Muscat Grapes, $1 75; Red Currants, $2 35; Cherries, $2 50.

PIE FRUITS—2½-lb cans, Apples, $1 40; Apricots, $1 55; Blackberries, $1 80; Green Gages, $1 40; Gooseberries, $1 55; Grapes, $1 40; Peaches, $1 55 ₱ doz.

VEGETABLES—Green Peas, sweet, 18@20c; String Beans, 12@15c ₱ lb; Potatoes—Early Rose, 40@50c ₱ ctl; Onions, $1 25@1 50; Cabbage, 80c@$1; Carrots, 50@60c ₱ 100 lbs; Turnips, new, 75c@$1 ₱ sack; bunch vegetables, 10c ₱ doz; Parsnips, $1 @1 50; Beets, 75c@$1; Horse Radish, 10@12c ₱ lb; Garlic, 4@5c; Artichokes, 75@$1 ₱ dozen; Cauliflower, 75@90c; Celery, 60@70c ₱ doz; Cucumbers, $2 ₱ doz; Tomatoes, $1 50@2 per box; Egg Plant, 15c ₱ lb; Green Peppers, 18@20c ₱ lb; Asparagus, 30@35c ₱ lb.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $4 75 ₱ bbl; Oatmeal, 10-lb sack, 3½c ₱ lb, $3 30 100-lb sack; Cornmeal, white, $2 15 ₱ 50-lb sacks, $2 30 ₱ 50-lb sacks; yellow, $2 ₱ 25-lb sacks, $2 15 in 50-lb sacks; Cracked Wheat, $2 70, 10-lb sacks; $2 40, 100-lb sacks; Hominy, $3 25, 10-lb sack; $2 95 ₱ 100 lbs; Graham, $2 60, 10-lb sacks; $2 30, 100 lb-sacks.

POULTRY—Dealers' prices: Live Turkeys, hens, 14@15c; gobblers, 12@14c; dressed, 16@18c; full-grown Chickens, 85 50@6 ₱ dozen; young Roosters, $3 50@5 ₱ dozen; broilers, $4 50@5; tame Ducks, $5@6; Pekin, 18@9, Geese, $2@2 25 ₱ pair.

EGGS—California, 18@20c; Eastern, 10@11c ₱ dozen.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter—Valley, 20@21c ₱ lb; Fancy Petaluma, 22@23c ₱ lb; Eastern, packed in firkins, choice, 17@18c; common, 18c. Cheese—California, 14@15c; Young America, 14@15c; Eastern Cream, 15@16c; Limburger, 16@18c; genuine Swiss, 22c; American Swiss, 21c; Martin's Cream, 17@18c.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Oat Hay, $12@15 ₱ ton; Alfalfa do, $9@11 ₱ ton; Bran, $17 ₱ ton; Middlings, ₱ ton; Barley, rolled, 70@75c; rolled, $1; Wheat (choice milling), paying, $1 40 ₱ cwt; Rye, $2 25@2 75; Tame Oats, $1 75; Wild Oats, $2 25@2 50; Corn, paying $1 10 ₱ cwt.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, 11@12½c; Timothy, Eastern, 6½@7½c ₱ lb; Pop Corn, Ear, 3@4c, Shelled, 4½@5½c ₱ lb; Red Clover, 11@12½c ₱ lb; Alsike Top, 8@9c. Nuts—Chile Walnuts, new, 11@13c; California Walnuts, 10@12c; Soft Shell Almonds, new, 13@15c; Peanuts, California, 5½@6½c; Eastern, 6@7c. Lard (California), cans, 8½@9; Eastern, 10½@11c. Hides, salt, light and medium, 5c; heavy steers, 6½