SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

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CRONIN'S MURDER.

SENSATIONAL CHARGES IN THE DEAD MAN'S PAPERS.

Cottage Where the Murder Was Committed—Unearthing Work of Detectives and Reporters.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

CHICAGO, May 24th.—It was learned today that the police struck quite an important clue in the Cronin mystery. It seems beyond doubt that they have discovered the place where Cronin was murdered, a vacant cottage in Lake View. Apparently the authorities have had some information about the place for several days, and since the discovery of the body an officer has been constantly watching the suspected cottage. Reporters heard of this surveillance, but the police would not give them any information. Accordingly, this morning three reporters watched their opportunity, and when the officer was in the rear of the house

THEY FORCED AN ENTRANCE

Into the building at the front. Stains resembling blood were seen on the front steps, but when the reporters entered the front room or parlor they found undoubted blood-stains on the floor, also in the corner of the back parlor and in the hallway. The parlor floor is covered with bloody marks, although here the assassin evidently made strenuous efforts to destroy the stains, as the floor is daubed recklessly with brown paint, and it can be plainly seen that the work was not that of an expert. It was evidently done in such haste that several places were left where the

BLOOD STAINS ARE PERCEPTIBLE,

Notably in the center of the floor. In the paint were prints of bare feet. Evidently the person who made the marks was much excited, for the foot-prints are seen in every direction, indicating that the owner had rushed all over the room. The reporters had not completed their investigation before the arrival of the officer, who put a stop to their work.

Before breaking into the house the reporters had peered through the basement windows, and

DISCOVERED A SPADE

Standing against a post, and that the earth had been freshly turned up. It is said that the police found bloody clothing concealed in the house or basement, but on this point they refuse to talk. The cottage in question is situated within a few hundred feet of the home of P. O. Sullivan, the ice-man, whose card was presented to Dr. Cronin, and which led him to leave his home on the night of his disappearance. The man who presented the card said that one of Sullivan's employes had met with an accident and required Cronin's services.

The cottage belonge to a man named Carlson, who lives on the rear of the same lot. It appears that about seven weeks ago

A YOUNG WOMAN RENTED THE HOUSE,

Paying a month in advance. People were given to understand the woman had rented it for her brothers, who had been hired by Sullivan. Sullivan declares he did not hire any such men. Though the rent was paid the house remained unoccupied until about the time of Cronin's disappearance, when she came with what appeared to be a bundle of carpets. If they were preparing for Cronin's assassination this would have been a good way to smuggle into the house the large bundle of cotton batting found with the body.

Proceeding on the theory that

CRONIN WAS MURDERED HERE

It pointed out that the house is admirably located for that purpose as being near Sullivan's house. Cronin could be conducted to it without exciting suspicion, while at the same time it would furnish a perfect hiding place for them to spring upon him as soon as he would enter the place. It is also surmised that the carpet may have been used upon the hallway or other front room to give the place the appearance of being occupied. The attention of the police was directed to the house by Carlson, the owner. This afternoon it was visited by Inspector Ebersold and the Coroner. When Lieutenant Schuttler found that

REPORTERS HAD GAINED ENTRANCE

To the house he was very angry. He suspended the officer who had been on watch, and sent another to the place. The Lieutenant himself, however, was no more successful in keeping the secret, for a reporter succeeded in drawing from him some of the important admissions, among them that the police had a clue to the murderers. The most important admission was that the clothes of the dead man had been recovered and identified.

Late this afternoon Mrs. Carlson turned over to the police a letter signed "Frank Williams," which, she said, was written by one of the two strange men who occupied the cottage, and disappeared after the murder. The police would not divulge the date or contents of the note, but it is supposed to relate to the renting of the house.

The police officials appear to think tonight that Cronin's assassins may have imitated

BOODLER M'GARIGLE'S FAMOUS ESCAPE

Up Lake Michigan. It is said that men were noticed early the Sunday morning following Cronin's disappearance in a row-boat on the lake, making for the north pier. They were heading almost in a straight line from the beach in Lincoln Park near where the prisoner Woodruff said a halt had been made with the mysterious trunk. Since that night a row-boat has been missing from an establishment close by.

The suburban police have always declared that there were three men seen in the wagon supposed to contain the mysterious trunk. Woodruff from the first talked of two others besides himself. The police are very anxious to hear from the missing boat.

CRONIN'S PAPERS.

CHICAGO, May 24th.—A morning paper publishes what professes to be the papers left by Dr. Cronin. Following are extracts:

June 13, 1888.—John Devoy in the Convention of the U. B. made four charges with specifications against Alexander Sullivan, Michael Boland and Denis C. Feely. The charges were: 1. Violation of their oaths of membership and office. 2. Misappropriation of the funds of the U. B. 3. Betrayal of trust and of the interests of the U. B. 4. Malfeasance in office.

At the Clan Na Gael Convention in Chicago in August, 1881, the above named were elected members of the Executive Body, and by that body members of the Revolutionary Directory. It is charged that the three men named deceived and misled their colleagues on the Revolutionary Directory who represented the I. R. B. on that body, and through them deceived and misled the Supreme Council of the I. R. B., with whom they were sworn to act in union and to assist in revolutionary work, and by such deceit and misleading created misunderstandings and distrust between the two allied governing bodies of the Irish revolutionary movement.

They levied on the executive body of the United Brotherhood in the name of the revolutionary directory during the years 1881, 1882, 1883 and 1884, sums of money amounting in the aggregate to $128,000, received and expended the same, or ordered it expended, without the knowledge or consent of their colleagues of the revolutionary directory. It is alleged that they, together with O'Farrell of Leadville, subsequently audited their own accounts.

SULLIVAN OBJECTED TO CRONIN.

At a meeting of the committee appointed to try these charges, on August 20, 1888, in Buffalo, Dr. Cronin was present as one of the committee. Sullivan objected to Cronin's presence, as he was an enemy who was always trying to injure him. The committee consisted of six members. Four of these found Sullivan and his colleagues all right, but McCahey and Cronin made a minority report sustaining the charges.

HE INTENDED TO KILL HIM.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24th.—It was stated here in Irish circles last summer that a man well known to the Irish leaders made threats against Dr. Cronin and declared that he intended to kill him. The man left suddenly and was next heard of in Chicago. A letter announcing his arrival was received here by a prominent gentleman, in which the latter was asked as to the standing of the man. A reply was sent to Chicago to the effect that the fellow was considered harmless and that no attention should be paid to him. That man, whose name the leaders refuse to divulge, has not returned here, and they have not found a trace of him. His description, with his name, has been sent to Chicago.

Dr. Cronin's remains will be taken tomorrow to one of the large public halls on the lake front, where all who desires may gaze on the ghastly corpse.

On Sunday there will be a street procession from the hall to the Cathedral. After the services the remains will be taken by train to the Calvary Cemetery. Fifty cents will be charged each person going to the cemetery, an amount, it is estimated, will net the Committee of Arrangements thirty-five cents for each fare. The sum thus raised, it is announced, will be devoted to the discovery and prosecution of the Doctor's murderers.

A TELL-TALE KEY.

In the vacant cottage where the blood stains were discovered, and the place which the police had already decided was the scene of the murder of Dr. Cronin, there was found by a detective to-night a brand new key. The officers decided at once to try it on the lock of the mysterious trunk found by the roadside the morning after Cronin disappeared. The key fitted exactly, and all doubt now about the genuine connection between prisoner Woodruff and the doctor's dead body, the trunk and the blood-stained cottage, has been put beyond a question.

THE FINDING OF A BRUSH.

The Carlson cottage has been thoroughly ransacked. A new brush, such as painters ordinarily use in coarse work, was found in the attic. Its hairs were smeared with paint similar to that with which the blood stains had been partly obliterated. In the attic was also found a pot containing a quantity of the same sort of paint. Indications were that the painting had been done some time after the killing, possibly involving the return to the house by the murderers or their accomplices.

The son-in-law of old man Carlson tonight said the cottage was rented in March, and the rent paid in advance. The man who brought the bed, bureau and some rugs to the house told Mrs. Carlson that his

SISTER WAS IN THE HOSPITAL

Sick, and that before moving in he would wait until she was able to leave that institution. Afterwards he came back with another man and they informed the Carlsons they were brothers, and that their names was Williams. When the month was up on the 20th of April, they came around and paid another month's rent, saying their sister was still sick.

The old folks became suspicious after this, and determined there was something wrong and decided not to let the men have the house after this month. A singular thing is, that last Thursday another man, who had not been seen before, came to the house to pay the third month's rent. Mrs. Carlson refused to re-rent the house, saying they proposed to sell it. The man said he would return the next day to take the furniture away. He did not come, and it is in the house yet.

OTHER REASONS FOR THE MURDER.

The evidence of embezzlement by prominent officers of the Clan Na Gael, said to have been in the possession of Dr. Cronin, may not have been nearly as potent a factor in bringing about his death as the evidence of other offenses, which it is now claimed, Dr. Cronin had also in his possession.

It is stated that within the past few years at least twelve persons have been sent from this country to England charged with the performance of duties in connection with the Union Brotherhood which would jeopardize their lives. Michael Lomasney, who lost his life while about to blow up the London bridge, was one of these twelve. It is claimed that Cronin had evidence tending to show that three of the Directors of this Brotherhood, namely: Alexander Sullivan, Michael Boland and Denis O'Feehy, had imparted certain information to the Scotland Yard detectives, which led to the arrest of many of these twelve as soon as they touched British soil, and they are

NOW LYING IN BRITISH DUNGEONS.

Dr. Cronin was engaged in endeavoring to substantiate this charge against the United Brotherhood officers, and, it is alleged, had made substantial progress.

Dr. Cronin's private papers are not accessible, but it has been learned that he has possession of an affidavit made by a prominent Irish-American interested in certain disclosures, which says that Dr. Cronin must be removed. The maker of this affidavit will probably be arrested tomorrow.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR CRONIN'S FUNERAL

Are being made on an extensive scale. All the Catholic and Irish organizations will be represented by thousands in line. It is estimated that fully 25,000 people will attend the funeral. Extra trains will be run and a fee of fifty cents will be charged for each passenger. The latest theory in connection with the murder is that the crime was committed by foreigners who came from Europe.

DEATH OF A NOTED WOMAN

Deaf, Dumb and Blind from Two Years of Age.

BOSTON, May 24th.—Laura Bridgman, who was deaf, dumb and blind from two years of age, and made widely famous by Charles Dickens in his "American Notes," also by many public references to her wonderful intelligence, died to-day at South Boston Asylum, where she has long dwelt, aged 60.

[Laura Bridgman was a blind deaf mute, born in Hanover, N. H., December 21, 1829. Until two years old she possessed all the faculties. By illness lost her sense of sight, hearing and smell, and her taste was much impaired. At 8 she entered the Perkins' Institute, Boston, and soon became familiar with the building and wandered about it at will. Dr. S. G. Howe undertook to instruct her, a task never before accomplished with one so afflicted. He had to operate through the sense of touch. He gave her articles to handle with their names embossed in raised letters, and by repetition she came to understand that the raised parts bore a relation to the character of the object. Then the raised letters were given to her separately to feel; next, arranged as at first on the knife, or spoon, or hammer. Then she was guided to disturb and then rearrange the letters. From this process, by untiring perseverance, she was taught to express ideas through raised letters. Finally, the doctor gave her type and a board with holes to receive them, and thus she would "compose" words. Through this means she was taught the manual alphabet, and so on progress was made, until this girl, blind, deaf, without the sense of smell or taste, learned to write, to think orderly, to play the piano, to conquer in mathematics, to do needle work and household duties. She became devout, patient, loving, jealous of her own and others' rights and very tasteful in all things. She learned to make her own clothing, to run a sewing machine, to read from raised letters and work so prepared, and really came to enjoy life quite as much as other people.]

ON THE DIAMOND.

Result of Baseball Games in the East—Some Good Games.

PHILADELPHIA, May 24th.—The Philadelphias outbatted the Clevelands this afternoon, but a majority of their hits were wasted, while every hit of the visiting club contributed to run getting. The Clevelands won by a score of 5 to 4.

At St. Louis—The game with the Kansas City club was postponed to-day on account of the rain.

At Columbus—Columbus, 0; Cincinnati, 4.

At Washington—The game here this afternoon between the Washington and the Pittsburg was poorly played but exciting. The Senators batted hard and frequently, but it availed very little, their fielding being miserable. The score was: Washington, 7; Pittsburg, 9.

At Boston—Boston, 5; Indianapolis, 3.

At New York—The Giants won their second game from the Chicagos this afternoon. It was a lively battle and replete with interesting situations. The score was: New York, 9; Chicago, 7.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES.

THE GREED OF BISMARCK IS REALLY APPALLING.

Tripple Golden Wedding—Mormons Moving Northwest—Wrecked by Robbers—Turf Events.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

LUCKY ASPIRANTS.

Appointments by the President of a Judicial Character.

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—The following Presidential appointments have been made to-day:

W. R. Day, of Ohio, to be United States District Judge of the Northern District of Ohio.

Attorneys of the United States—Arial Lathrop, of South Carolina, for the District of South Carolina; Joseph N. Stripling, of Florida, for the Northern District of Florida; Harvey R. Jeffords, of Arizona, for the Territory of Arizona.

United States Marshals—John R. Migeil, of Florida, for the Northern District of Florida; Charles P. Hitch, of Illinois, for the Southern District of Illinois.

Samuel V. Holliday, of Pennsylvania, Commissioner of Customs.

Benjamin F. Gilkeson, of Pennsylvania, Second Comptroller of the Treasury.

David Martin, of Pennsylvania, Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of Pennsylvania.

Edward R. Gumby, of Florida, Collector of Customs for the District of Tampa, Fla.

Frederick E. Owen and Henry O. Slayton to be Second Assistant Engineers in the Revenue Service of the United States.

Charles S. Zane, of Utah, to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Utah.

John W. Herron, of Ohio, to be Attorney of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio.

HIS OPPORTUNITY.

A New York Wife's Request—"If You Love Me, Give Me a Divorce."

NEW YORK, May 24th.—The first favor Mrs. Sadie J. Core says she ever asked her husband, Francis R. Core, to grant was a most extraordinary one. The modest request was for permission to marry another man. This was the way she put the question to him, in a letter: "I have an offer of marriage from a man whom I have thought a great deal of for a long time, so what I write is to either give you a divorce or get one from you, for that is the only way I will ever be happy, and if that does not happen I shall only go from bad to worse. As you have been married three times I would rather let you have me get a divorce from you, but if you want the public to think you have left me you can have it the other way if you wish. You always said you would do anything in the world to make me happy, and now is your chance. This is the first time I have ever asked you a favor. What is the use of being linked to a woman who cares nothing for you?"

Mrs. Core was unreasonable enough to imagine that she could ask for something besides a divorce, and her husband declined to grant the little favor. Mrs. Core waited patiently for a while, and then began a suit for separation, which came up before Judge Sedgewick yesterday on a motion for heavy alimony. Core is a man of large income, well known in business circles.

DISCOVERED IN TIME.

A Plot for a General Jail Delivery Foiled.

JERSEY CITY (N. J.), May 24th.—A plot was unearthed this morning for a general delivery of the convicts confined in the Hudson county penitentiary at Snake Hill. The attention of two deputy Wardens being attracted by suspicious conferences of five long-term prisoners, search was made of the cells occupied by these convicts. The investigation resulted in the discovery of nineteen files, six knives, five saws, ten drills, a pair of compasses, and other articles. The files were smuggled into the prison from the outside, and the other tools were made by the convict blacksmith, now at liberty. A set of keys made of lead were found in the pocket of one of the convicts involved, which would have readily opened the doors of the cells and that of the corridors. The men were at once put in close confinement, and for some time will subsist on bread and water. Other prisoners are believed to be implicated and a searching investigation is now in progress.

TRIPLE GOLDEN WEDDING.

Three Brothers Celebrate their Fiftieth Wedding Anniversary.

SCOTTSVILLE (Ky.), May 24th.—The most remarkable event of the kind which ever occurred in this State, and probably in the history of the world, took place here yesterday. It was a triple golden wedding. In the beginning of the year 1839 there lived in Allen county, at the homestead of their father, S. J. Read, E. F. Read and F. A. Read, all single. On May 23d of that year E. F. Read married Miss Elizabeth Pulljam, F. A. Read married Miss Mary F. Cockrell; and S. J. Read married Miss Elizabeth Jane Berry. All are to-day alive and hearty, and are parents and grandparents of numerous children, some of whom are among the best known, and all among the most upright and respectable people in Kentucky. T. A. Read lives in Louisville. The event celebrated yesterday was the golden wedding of the three couples at the old homestead in Allen county, where S. J. Read still resides.

MORMONS LEAVING UTAH.

A Colony of Saints to be Established in the Northwest.

HELENA (Mont.), May 24th.—During last night a considerable number of emigrants passed through this city en route to the British possessions traveling by wagons. It has been ascertained they are Mormons from Utah and Idaho and their destination is the country through which the Galt railway passes. Some time ago Alberta, agent of the railway and coal company was approached by an agent of the Mormon hierarchy with a proposition to buy several thousand acres of the company's land in the Northwest Territory upon which to settle a colony of saints. Negotiations were finally completed about a month ago, but it is not known what consideration was paid nor just how much land was purchased. The deal was a large one, however, and the province is likely to have a very considerable Mormon population soon.

INTERNATIONAL RAILROAD.

Shipping Rails from El Paso for the Guaymas Railroad.

EL PASO (Tex.), May 24th.—Luis Huller, who received from the Mexican Government a concession for the building of a railroad from Deming, N. M., to Guaymas and Topolobampo, on the Pacific coast, with various important branches, is shipping to-day four hundred tons of steel rails for his railroad from El Paso to Chihuahua. From there the branch will be the main line on the Pacific slope. Seven miles of the grading has already been done from Chihuahua west. On these seven miles the rails just shipped will be laid. The grading is proceeding from Guaymas east at the rate of five miles per week. One of the projected branches will run from Los Palomas into El Paso.

PASSENGER AGENTS' ASSOCIATION.

Sioux City to be Regarded as a Missouri River Gateway.

CHICAGO, May 24th.—The General Passenger Agents of lines in the Western States Passenger Association concluded a seven days' session to-day. Measures were adopted for eliminating from the sale of tickets by circuitous routes that have hereto been used for scalping purposes. The quarrel between the Northern Pacific and Union Pacific roads with regard to ticketing to Puget Sound points was discussed, but action was deferred, pending a meeting to be held at Tacoma in July. Notice was given that inasmuch as the Union Pacific has completed its line from Sioux City west, forming connection with lines entering at Sioux City from the east, that point will hereafter be regarded as one of the Missouri river gateways.

WRECKED BY ROBBERS.

Train Thrown Down an Embankment—Number of Persons Injured.

ST. LOUIS, May 24th.—The west-bound train on the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad was wrecked seventy miles west of St. Louis. Not a passenger escaped unhurt. Forty-five are known to have been seriously injured, though no deaths are yet reported.

The train was running at a high rate of speed when suddenly, without warning, the track gave way. The locomotive, baggage car and five coaches went over the embankment. The trainmen and those only slightly injured at once set to work to prevent the additional horror of fire, in which they succeeded, and then turned their attention to the more unfortunate injured. In a short time forty-five passengers, all badly hurt, had been released from the debris.

A temporary hospital was improvised at Sullivan and the most serious injured taken there, while others were brought to St. Louis on a special train. It was about midnight when the accident occurred and most of the passengers were asleep. There is a curve in the road at the scene of the accident and the creek is crossed on a thirty-foot embankment.

The trainmen who arrived here say that the spikes and fish-plates had been removed from the track, for the evident purpose of wrecking the train. The supposition is that it was done by train robbers, though no attempt to rob the train was made, and it is presumed that something scared them off or that they threw the wrong train.

No deaths have as yet resulted from the effects of injuries received by the passengers, though several are in a precarious condition. General Manager Morrill has offered a reward of $1,000 for information which will lead to the detection of the party or parties who removed the bolts from the fish-plates and thus caused the wreck.

CRAFTY BISMARCK.

He Wants Samoa to Pay for the Lost German Vessels.

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—The interchange of telegrams between the Department of State and our Commissioner at Berlin are growing very numerous as the Conference draws to a close, and some information of difficulties in the way of settlement occasionally becomes public. It is stated here upon the best authority that the only difficulty standing now in the way of the final settlement is the question of indemnity, and in this matter Prince Bismarck's demands are said to have been exorbitant. He has insisted that in addition to indemnity for the killing of the German soldiers and despoiling of the German plantations, also for the loss of the German ships of war by the great hurricane. He bases this claim upon the ground that if the action of the Samoan Government had not compelled the German ships to do police duty (an unusual thing for foreign vessels to do in a harbor of a friendly nation), the catastrophe would not have happened.

Bismarck's purpose is said to be to saddle Samoa with so great a debt that she must repudiate and come to Germany with concessions, asking for repeated renewals of her indebtedness, thus giving Germany the same power over the islands that England has acquired over Turkey. Of course the Americans have opposed this demand stoutly and maintained that Samoa should pay merely a nominal indemnity. The matter is still unsettled, and is the subject of much cabling back and forth.

NOW FOR THAT CANAL.

The Nicaragua Company Ready to Start Work in Earnest.

NEW YORK, May 24th.—The Nicaragua Canal Company has announced the steamship Alvena to sail for Greytown, Nicaragua, at noon of May 25th. She will carry about fifty men and a qunatity of implements and stores for the Nicaragua Canal Construction Company, being the pioneer expedition for the commencement of the work of building the Nicaragua Inter-Oceanic Canal. Similar consignments of men and materials for the prosecution of the work will follow one another at short intervals.

Ten engineers of the surveying expedition of 1887 and 1888 have remained in Nicaragua in the service of the company, and will meet the construction party at Greytown. They have collected about 500 native laborers there in readiness to begin operations at once.

The first work to be done, and which will begin immediately, is railroad construction, building a pier at Greytown, erecting permanent quarters, hospitals, warehouses and shops, running telegraph wires along the line of the projected canal, dredging in Greytown harbor and clearing and dredging the first twelve miles of the canal from Greytown to the divide.

Preparations will be made for heavy work on rocky embankments. The company will send down with the expedition pole road locomotive, ten largest steel canoes, a steam launch for the Chief Engineer, two diamond drills, fifty tons of provisions, clothing for 500 laborers, six large pile-drivers, two large portable houses, four large rock drills, 150,000 feet of lumber for houses, 1,000,000 feet of piles and timbers, 200 hammocks, 200 cots, a large stock of engineers' instruments, 20,000 feet of galvanized iron roofing, tools (railroad carpenters', blacksmiths' and engineers'), about sixty tons of iron nails, telegraph and telephone materials, crockery, hardware, gunpowder, dynamite, oils, rope, 400 rubber blankets, furniture, drugs, etc.

Hard Luck for the Yantic.

NEW YORK, May 24th.—The United States steamer Yantic arrived to-day. On May 21st she was struck by a hurricane, thrown on her beam ends and lay in that condition for an hour. The ship launch and foremast were cut away, three small boats were lost and the main and mizzen top mast and part of the bowsprit were carried away. Some of the crew were slightly injured.

Lost Her Jibboom.

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—It is said at the Navy Department that the Yantic, which is reported to have been seen two days ago by the British steamer, minus her mast and jibboom, must have been in a collision with another vessel. She went out from New York a fortnight ago to blow up some wrecks, and from her position when seen by the steamer she should have arrived in New York to-day.

Canadian Application.

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—The Canadian Pacific Railway has applied to the Secretary of the Treasury to be bonded as a common carrier between certain parts of the United States. The application has been referred to the Solicitor of the Treasury for examination and report.

Given Discretionary Power.

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—The Secretary of the Navy has given the Commandant of the Mare Island Navy Yard discretionary powers as to the disposition of the officers from the Samoan wrecks.

Heavy Frost in Dakota.

GRAND FORKS (Dak.), May 24th.—There was a heavy white frost here last night. Information from points west say the farmers fear the frost will prove a set-back to crops now advanced.

PACIFIC COAST WIRINGS.

SAD ENDING OF A CARRIAGE RIDE AT BAKERSFIELD.

Alone and Blind in the Woods—Tossed by an Angry Bovine—The Terry Case—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

MASLIN'S DEFENDER.

Governor Waterman Expresses Himself on Men and Things.

SAN BERNARDINO, May 24th.—Governor Waterman arrived here this afternoon from San Diego, and was seen by a reporter. In regard to the San Quentin investigation, he said:

"I am not through with it yet, and will not for some time, having been compelled to adjourn the inquiry on account of other business. I find the condition of San Quentin excellent. All the talk about corruptness is groundless. The prison was never under better management. Everything about the place is clean and neat, and the food excellent. Warden McComb looks after the different departments in a satisfactory manner and is careful in the expenditures. The investigation was unnecessary, and I know it, but being forced on me I will take it through. Shanahan, who cried so much about intriguing, would not come forward, neither would Thomas. I sent officers to the depot after the latter but he would not return, and I had no process to compel him to. The *Examiner* said that the $10,000 appropriated is being thrown away. Not a cent is being squandered, and no more than is absolutely necessary will be used in getting to the bottom of the matter. I do not intend to see the people's money wasted, and I guess the people realize that fact by this time.

"As regards Mr. Maslin, he is a Democrat, but I retained him because he is a man of ability, and a more conscientious gentleman I never met. All the talk about corruptness is manufactured out of whole cloth, and the investigation is unnecessary. It is the same as the Yosemite investigation—a useless sum of money spent, and for nothing."

The Governor will remain here until the first of the week, when he leaves for Sacramento.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

Protecting the Name of Palo Alto—Suicide at Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24th.—The Episcopal Convention, by a vote of 63 for to 28 against, decided in favor of a division of the diocese.

Leland Stanford and wife to-day filed a petition in the Superior Court asking the Court to permanently enjoin the Cornall-Fitzhugh-Hopkins Company from using the name of Palo Alto for a town to be located near the University grounds, for the reason that such use would rob the University grounds of individuality.

Captain Speed, of the ship Alexander Gibson, while off Cape Blanco on his voyage from Seattle to this city, became insane, jumped overboard and was drowned. An effort was made to save him, but it was futile. He leaves a widow living in this city.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24th.—H. D. Milton, or Mellion, the opium fiend who threw himself from a third story window Thursday night, died this evening.

The Grape-Growers' and Wine-Makers Association met this evening and heard the report of the committee appointed to study the question of market for California dried wine grapes. The committee decided that our grapes, to meet ready sale in the French market, must be superior to those of other countries, and must be laid down at a less figure than that of our competitors. The committee suggested twenty-five tons of Zinfandel and twenty-five of Red Mission be sent to Bordeaux by the cheapest freight and at the earliest moment, and the returns on this shipment will determine if it pays to ship to France.

Interviews with shipmasters and signal service officers show that Kimberly had from forty-eight to sixty hours' warning of the approach of the storm at Apia, and wanted to ride out in the open ocean. He asked the German commander if he was going out, and he replied that he was going to stay. Then Kimberly decided to remain. It is the opinion of those interviews that if Kimberly had gone out the vessels could have safely ridden the storm.

TERRY MUST STAND TRIAL.

Judge Hoffman Overrules all the Technical Objections.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24th.—When Judge Terry and his wife were indicted for their famous fight in the purlieus of the Court of justice they entered pleas in abatement, urging that the Grand Jury was incompetent, not qualified and had not read the indictments before presenting them. To these pleas United States Attorney Carey demurred. To-day Judge Hoffman sustained the demurrer, set aside the pleas in abatement, and Judge Terry and his wife must plead to the indictments and go to trial. The opinion covers all the points raised.

SANTA ROSA.

A Murderer Captured—Arrest of Two Tramp Fire Bugs.

SANTA ROSA, May 24th.—James Turnsifa, alias James Prouz, the half-breed Indian who killed Joe Comanche, an Indian, at Healdsburg Sunday morning was arrested yesterday at Mt. Jackson, near Guerneville, by two Deputy Sheriffs.

James Barlow also arrested as an accessory to the crime. Barlow witnessed the homicide and assisted the murderer to escape, supplying him with a Winchester rifle and misleading the officers as to his whereabouts. Prouz was brought down from Guerneville and lodged in the jail to-day.

Mike Murphy and Jack Ryan, two tramps, recently discharged from the County Jail were arrested at Napa yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Breitenbach of Sonoma county, charged with having started the Sunday night's fire in this city. Murphy and Ryan were arrested last March on suspicion of having attempted to rob a painter near town, and held under a charge of vagrancy in order that the officials might hunt up evidence in connection with the robbery. This action made them revengeful and they told their fellow-prisoners they would burn the town.

STRANGE FISH.

Capture of an Immense Sea Monster Off the Mexican Coast.

GUAYMAS, May 24th.—Great excitement prevailed here to-day over the capture of a monstrous fish of the ray species, commonly called the Stingaree. The monster was seen in the bay two days ago and pursued by whalers, who harpooned it several times, and finally captured it after great efforts and landed it at the Pajaros Islands. Great crowds of people in boats and tugs visited the sea monster to-day. Such a wonderful fish was never seen here before. The length from mouth to tail is thirty-five feet; width, twenty-nine feet; thickness of the center, about two feet; mouth, thirty-one inches; length of fins, forty inches; color of the back, dark brown; belly, spotted and a whitish gray. The estimated weight is 1,200 pounds.

HONORING THE QUEEN.

Celebrating Her Majesty's Birthday at Victoria, British Columbia.

VICTORIA (B.C.), May 24th.—The Queen's seventieth birthday was celebrated to-day and was the most successful event ever held in this city. Thousands of strangers were present from all parts. Puget Sound was well represented.

The baseball game between the Victoria Amitys and the Port Townsends was a tie in the ninth inning. In the tenth inning the Amitys won. The bycicle race for professionals was won by Thompson of Tacoma. A regatta and races and a ball this evening ends the festivities of the day. To-morrow a naval sham battle will take place, also races and athletic sports. To-morrow night there will be a grand pyrotechnic display.

ROBERT A ROBBER.

Robert Cruse Arrested for Robbing D. A. Benjamin on the Street

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24th.—Robert Cruse was arrested early this morning by officer Minihan and charged with robbery. D. A. Benjamin was a visitor to a saloon at the corner of Fifth and Mission streets, and started to go home when he was approached by Cruse and a companion who insisted on going with him. Benjamin demurred, but by this time had reached the street, when the party with Cruse seized him around the body and held him while an attempt was made by the prisoner to go through his pockets. In the scuffle a ring valued at $10 was taken from Benjamin's finger, his watch chain torn from his vest and some money taken from his pockets. Officer Minihan then appeared upon the scene and the robbers started to flee. Pursuit was given and Cruse was overhauled, but his companion escaped. The prisoner is a young man. He states that he is a recent arrival from Sacramento. Some of the money taken from Benjamin was found in one of the side pockets of his coat when he was searched at the prison.

Bloodthirsty Butcher.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24th.—A *Call's* special says that Charles Hunter of Green River, a banker, and George Appel, a butcher, became involved in a quarrel in the latter's shop this evening. Appel seized a large knife and sliced off Hunter's nose and chin, frightfully hacked and all but decapitated him. His cheeks were laid open, the muscles in the neck were bared and the scalp was removed in Comanche style. Appel sat astride of his victim until knocked senseless by a blow with a shovel from a man in his employ.

Sad Accident.

BAKERSFIELD, May 24th.—A distressing accident occurred here this evening. W. H. Scribner, with his wife and three children, were out driving, when the horses became frightened at some dogs and ran away, overturning the surrey. Mrs. Scribner escaped with a few bruises. Mr. Scribner had three ribs broken and the youngest child had its skull fractured. The baby is not expected to live.

Went Blind While Traveling.

MARYSVILLE, May 24th.—A blind man, in a helpless condition, was found this afternoon in the brush on the south side of the Yuba river, opposite Marysville, and was removed to the County Hospital. He said he had walked from Roseville yesterday, and being taken sick had to lie down, when he became blind. He had been there since yesterday without food or drink.

Tossed by an Angry Bull.

SONOMA, May 24th.—This morning a vicious bull attacked Ed. Steiger on his farm at Ague Caliente, and, catching him on his horns, tossed him through a stout board fence, breaking one of his ribs and otherwise bruising him about the body.

The weather is very warm, and the indications are good for a heavy grape crop.

News from the Northwest.

SPOKANE FALLS, May 24th.—The British subjects gave a banquet at the Windsor Hotel this evening in honor of the Queen's birthday. There was a large attendance.

Work on the Seattle and Lake Shore road, it is announced, will commence shortly. The necessary money to push the road to completion has been secured in the East.

Don't Love Their Step-mother.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24th.—The children of the late Jimmy McGinn have filed a protest against Johanna McGinn, their step-mother, being appointed administrator of the estate on the ground that she is of unsound mind, ignorant, inexperienced and incompetent to carry on the business, and is hostile to the interests of the heirs at law.

Electric Railway.

ELLENSBURG (W. T.), May 24th.—Friends of Villard, who are connected with him in the Tacoma Electric Railway line, are in Ellensburg to-day for the purpose of securing a franchise for an electric motor line. The City Council will probably grant the franchise to-night, as most of the members are favorably inclined.

ON THE EASTERN TURF.

The Winning Horses on the Gravesend and Latonia Tracks.

NEW YORK, May 24th.—The races of the Brooklyn Jockey Club, at the Gravesend track to-day, resulted as follows:

First race, three-quarters of a mile, Sea Drift won, King Crab second, Young Duke third. Time, 1:15.

Second race, one and one-sixteenth miles, Inspector B. won, Ballston second, Tattler third. Time, 1:48¾.

Third race, one mile, Long Island won, Marauder second, Gray Dawn third. Time, 1:42½.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Cayuga won, Mamie B. second, Benefit third. Time, 1:16½.

Fifth race, one and one-eighth miles, Elkwood won, Bella B. second, Lucy H. third. Time, 1:55½.

IN KENTUCKY.

CINCINNATI, May 24th.—The races to-day at the Latonia track resulted as follows:

First race, three-fourths of a mile, Lakeview won, Kedar Kahn second, Festus third. Time, 1:17¼.

Second race, one-half mile, Samantha won, Lady Ali second, Lottie B. third. Time, 0:51¼.

Third race, one half mile, Daisy F. won, Teddy Venture second, Dilemma third. Time, 0:50.

Fourth race, fifteen-sixteenths of a mile, Castaway I. won, Cheeney second, Clamor third. Time, 1:39¾.

Fifth race, one and one-eighth miles, Maori won, Unlucky second, Caliente third. Time, 1:56½.

Sixth race, five-eighths of a mile, Phœnix won, Lady Peyton second, Major Nolan third. Time, 1:03¼.

Sixth race, three-fourths of a mile, Miracle won, Carnegie second, Theora third. Time, 1:15.

CALIFORNIA'S CROPS.

The Department of Agriculture Says They are Promising.

WASHINGTON, May 24th.—The Department of Agriculture to-day issued its quarterly report upon the condition of the spring crops in the United States.

Of California it says: "Crops look very fine, owing to abundance of rain and the mild weather of the past winter. Spring plowing about finished, except in most mountainous counties and districts where Indian corn will be planted. This is cultivated to some extent, especially in the southern counties. In the northern region the nights are too cool.

"Potatoes are raised to a considerable extent on salt marshes. They were planted early and were looking well. The wire-worm interferes somewhat with their quality, which otherwise is very good.

"Fruit of all kinds promises fair crops, though peaches and nectarines have suffered from curled leaf in many districts."

The average condition of winter grain is as follows: California—Wheat, 99; rye, 98; barley, 98. Oregon—Wheat, 99; rye, 98; barley, 97.

A Mining Horror.

WILKESBARRE (Pa.), May 24th.—The rope conveying an iron bucket and two tons of rock broke at the Pettibone shaft this evening, the bucket and contents, which fell down the shaft, 1,130 feet, crushing ten men who were working at the bottom. One man killed and five were atally and four slightly injured.

FROM FOREIGN PARTS.

ROMANISM SAID TO BE AN INTERNATIONAL QUESTION.

The Shah in St. Petersburg—Condition of Affairs at Panama—London News—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

DE LESSEPS' DITCH.

Dire Suffering Growing Out of the Discontinued Work.

PANAMA, May 24th.—The unfortunate consequences of the canal collapse are becoming more marked every day, and the deplorable condition of affairs has but one outlet, and that is by emigration.

The Commissioner sent by the Jamaican Government has already sent away 4,000 people and has issued tickets for 3,000 more. These will leave by the earliest steamers.

The people are congregated at the different depots with their tickets in their hands, but without food and almost without shelter, and the tropical wet season is in full energy.

After all the distressed foreigners shall have been removed there will still be much suffering and want here, which cannot be even ameliorated until the resumption of work in January next shall have put money in circulation.

When the City of Para leaves Colon there will be no steamer in that port, a circumstance almost unparalleled in the history of the port since it was first visited by steamers and became known as Aspinwall.

The Chilean Government, it is reported, has determined to order for immediate delivery ten 45-ton Krupp guns for defense of the coast.

HIS HOLINESS, THE POPE,

Finds Fault with the Action of the Italian Legislature.

ROME, May 24th.—The Pope in his allocation at the Consistory to-day protested against Italian legislation that is hostile to the charitable institutions of the Catholic Church. The proposal to erect a monument to the memory of Giordano Bruno, who was burned as a heretic at the end of the sixteenth century was denounced by the Pope as an outrage upon religion. His Holiness also referred to the recent Catholic Congresses, hol