ALONG THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Anti-Mortem Statement of Cornelius A. Hubbs.

MRS. BARNEY HAS BEEN ARRESTED

Arid Lands—Earthquake at Susanville—Horticultural Society Meeting—Etc.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

ARID LANDS.

The Report to be Presented to the Congressional Committee.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27th.—Hon. M. M. Estee, of Napa, and General N. P. Chipman, of Tehama county, members of the Committee on Arid Lands appointed by the State Board of Trade to confer with the Senate committee that will shortly arrive in this city to investigate the same subject, met this morning as a sub-committee to revise the report that has been prepared. The report will not be ready for distribution for some time yet. The committee went over the work carefully, and some alterations were made in it. It is quite long, and treats with all the subjects extensively. The reports when printed and ready for distribution will be submitted to the Senatorial committee, and copies will be sent to all the members of Congress. The report as printed will treat of the following subjects:

"The Physical Condition of California and Its Adaptability to Irrigation."

"The Peculiar Topographical Advantages of California for Irrigation."

"The Peculiar Products of California."

"The Facilities of the State for an Ample Water Supply for Irrigation."

"The Names and Character of Streams That Can be Utilized for Irrigation."

"The Rainfall in Different Parts of the State."

"The Area of lands That Can be Successfully Irrigated in California."

"Is Irrigation Advantageous in the Northern Portion of the State?"

"The Amount of Water Necessary for Irrigation in California."

"The Results of Irrigation in California."

"Necessity for Irrigation in Portions of Northern California."

"Owens Valley, Inyo county."

"Irrigation in Los Angeles and Orange Counties."

"Irrigation and Storage Reservoirs in San Bernardino and San Diego Counties."

"The Amount of Land Not Irrigated in San Joaquin Valley."

"Will Irrigation Pay?"

"The Temperature of the West is Suited to Irrigation."

The closing subject is: "What Interest Has the National Government in Irrigation?"

The report closes with a declaration "that national life generates a surplus which in times has found war a congenial field for its expenditure. Modern statesmanship addresses itself to direct this national energy into channels of public enterprise. The field under consideration is broad and full of promise in the direction of promoting national prosperity and the perpetuation of peace."

The Senatorial Committee, of which Senator W. M. Stewart of Nevada is Chairman, will arrive in this city, it is expected, about the 25th of August.

CHICO'S TRAGEDY.

Two Young Lives Sacrificed on the Altar of Love—The Inquest.

CHICO, July 27th.—Neil Hubbs, the young man who died here this morning, a victim of yesterday's tragedy, is a grandson of Paul K. Hubbs, a pioneer of the State, who was State Senator from Tuolumne county, and in 1852 was elected State Superintendent of Public Instruction on the Democratic ticket. His father keeps a roadside inn at French Camp, near Stockton. Mrs. Barney was yesterday ordered to hold herself under arrest to await the finding of the Coroner's jury.

The ante-mortem statement made by Young does not materially change the story which was sent yesterday. It is as follows:

CHICO, July 27th.—I, Cornelius Abraham Hubbs, believing that I am about to depart this life on account of a wound from a pistol-ball this day inflicted on me by one Bierce, do make this my statement as to the occurrence incidental to said shooting. I went in company with my wife, Eva Hubbs, to the residence of my mother-in-law, E. A. Barney, in Chico, about 2 P. M., on Friday, July 26th, 1889. Mrs. Barney opened the door. I saw no other person except her. We had been there about fifteen minutes when Bierce came out of the room on the left of the sitting-room. He began quarreling with and abusing myself and wife. He seemed to want me to quarrel with him. After talking about fifteen minutes I told Mrs. Barney that we would not stay there and quarrel, and I started to go. Bierce stepped into the bed-room and closed the door. Just as I was about to open the front door he threw open the bed-room door and fired, giving me the wound which I believe to be mortal. I then fired at him and he at me. He fired, I think, four times. I rushed to my wife, saying: "For God's sake, Eva, let's get out of this." I felt myself growing weaker and rushed out to the front porch, supposing my wife was behind. On looking back I found she was not. I then started back, when Bierce slammed the door and locked it. I kicked the door in, as I heard my wife screaming and heard two shots fired. As I broke the door open I saw him grappling with my wife. I took hold of him and told my wife to go. I grappled with him until I felt my strength failing and knew I had to go for my life, when I threw him off and rushed out of doors. Mrs. Barney made no attempt, so far as I know, to stop him, but tried to get me to let him up when I was grappling with him.

His
(Signed) CORNELIUS ✕ ABRAHAM HUBBS.
Mark.

The Coroner's jury to inquire into the death of Raymond Bierce, which has been in session this afternoon, brought in a verdict that "he came to his death from a gunshot wound inflicted by some person to the jury unknown."

There seems to be a mystery connected with what is supposed to be the fatal wound.

The mystery of the wound in the head is that it shows to have entered on the left side of the head and came out on the right.

There is a doubt in the mind of the jury as to its being a self-inflicted wound, unless Bierce was left-handed. Even then he could not inflict such a wound without leaving powder burn marks on the left temple.

There are no powder marks visible where the ball entered, hence the mystery.

All the evidence went to show that Hubbs was not in the house when the fatal wound was given to Bierce.

The inquest on the death of Hubbs will be held on Monday.

Hubbs' father arrived this evening. The body will be shipped to Stockton. He will take Mrs. Hubbs with him.

ANAHEIM NEWS.

The Wright Irrigation Company's Investments—Field Fires.

ANAHEIM, July 27th.—The Anaheim Union Water Company held a special meeting this afternoon for the purpose of ascertaining the price to be fixed upon for stock to be sold to the Wright Irrigation District. Fifteen dollars per share was agreed upon, which price is yet to be ratified by another meeting two weeks hence.

There are 6,906 shares, which will bring $103,590. The debt of the old company is $48,500, making the total expenditures of the Wright Irrigation District $152,090

The meeting decided to place the amount at $160,000, subject to ratification at the coming meeting. Several stockholders desired to place the amount at $200,000.

Besides purchasing the franchises and the water right of the old company the Wright District must acquire like privileges from the Yorba Water Company, which has not been filed.

After the latter business has been perfected bonds will be voted upon, and the sum probably will be three or four hundred thousand dollars.

A fire on the Olinda ranch, north of Anaheim, last evening swept over a vast amount of territory, destroying Charles Conder's beeranch and wind-mill, barn and other property. The fire started from brush burning, which got beyond control. Loss, several thousand dollars.

SANTA ROSA.

Horticultural Society Meeting—Insect Pest Destroyers—Accidents.

SANTA ROSA, July 27th.—The county horticultural society met to-day with a full attendance of fruit-growers from all parts of the county. Secretary DeLong, of the State Board of Horticulture, and State Quarantine Officer Rice were present. The subjects most discussed were the means of destroying insects injurious to fruit trees.

Mr. DeLong brought several hundred specimens of the vedolia, a parasite which destroys the cottony cushion scale, and divided them into colonies to be placed in the different parts of the county affected by the scale.

A resolution was unanimously adopted asking the State Entomologist to send this county colonies of the aphelmus parasite, which destroys the San Jose scale.

P. Robinson, a brakeman on the San Francisco and North Pacific Railway, lost a thumb Wednesday by an accident while coupling freight cars in this city. His place was taken by John Bamber, who was run over by a freight car this morning and his foot so badly smashed that amputation was necessary.

JAMES TYE.

He Admits Having Set Fire to Buildings in San Bernardino.

SAN BERNARDINO, July 27th.—James Tye, of the party arrested on Thursday last, charged with setting fire to the Arizona saloon at the depot in January last, by which some twenty-two buildings were burned, made a confession this morning stating that Tyler and Myers hired him to fire the building, and were to pay him the sum of $250 for the business, but they have never paid him yet.

One week ago Tyler offered him $50 to set fire to the Calico saloon, which was burned on Tuesday last, but owing to an officer standing in front of the saloon early Tuesday morning he became frightened and did not set the building on fire.

Tyler and Myers went out to Rabee Springs and staid all night in order to prove an alibi, and came back in the morning to find the building had not been burned.

Tyler then set it on fire himself, after cursing Tye for cowardice.

The fire-bugs who set fire to the houses on First street Thursday night have not yet been apprehended, although the officers are on a hot trail and the arrest is now only a matter of a few hours.

TUSCARORA DISTRICT.

Mines Visited by Comstock Experts—Saloon Till Robbed.

TUSCARORA, July 27th.—R. P. Keating, Superintendent of the Savage; G. Kervin, Superintendent of the Belcher; J. Thomas, foreman of the Crown Point; J. Connor, assayer of the Chollar—all mining experts from Virginia City—who have been visiting the mines here for the past three days, left this evening. They were well pleased with the outlook and expressed themselves as thoroughly convinced at the ore bodies now opened, and prophesied a great future for our mines.

W. C. Price, Superintendent of the North Belle Isle and Navajo, left this afternoon for San Francisco.

Last night the Idaho Saloon safe was robbed of $820 in gold by some party at present unknown. There is no clue to the burglars.

Close Call for Santa Barbara.

SANTA BARBARA, July 27th.—A fire started on the mountains northeast of the city this afternoon. A strong wind was blowing and the fire spread rapidly. The Poor-house and several residences in the First Ward narrowly escaped being burned.

It is reported that two houses were burned at Ortega and the railroad bridge near the graveyard was on fire about 10 o'clock to-night, and it is thought that the track was burned near Ortega. The regular passenger train due here at 9:45 left Carpenteria on time but at 11 o'clock had not been heard from. The fire is still burning off in the foothills northeast of the city, and the heat is very oppressive.

Livermore Notes.

LIVERMORE, July 27th.—The assessed valuation of property in this township is $4,638,651, being nearly $100,000 increase over last year.

The highest type of the wine of 1886 vintage, Medoc and Sauterne, made at Cresta Blanca, is in demand, $2 50 per gallon being refused this week.

Eleven dollars per ton for 150 tons of grapes, mostly white, was paid to one of our vineyardists on Tuesday for this season's crop.

Fine Prospect.

CHICO, July 27th.—J. R. Lightford came down from the hills to-day, bringing with him a bottle of fine gold specimens from a ledge which he has discovered in the mountains above Inskep, at the head of Philbrook valley. The specimens are studded with the yellow metal, and will go at least $500 to the ton. He says he can trace the ledge, which is a foot thick, over one mile. A company has been formed to work it.

Another Coal-Oil Can Death.

SEATTLE, July 27th.—Mrs. Julia Calder, aged 33 years, was fatally burned this afternoon by the explosion of a gallon-can of coal oil, with which she was kindling a fire. The woman's clothes were soon a mass of flames, and before she was rescued she was terribly burned, nearly her whole body being blistered. The woman was alive at a late hour to-night, suffering a terrible agony, but she cannot recover.

Susanville Notes.

SUSANVILLE, July 27th.—E. R. Dodge and John McGrath have purchased the *Lassen Advocate*.

Five light earthquakes yesterday and several the day before.

The thermometer reached 100° to-day.

Body Recovered.

SAN DIEGO, July 27th.—To-day the body of Albert Osborne, who met his death by drowning at Ocean Berch, Sunday, was found three and a half miles up the coast. The verdict of the Coroner's jury was accidental death.

Ingratitude.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 27th.—Maria Marquart commenced suit against Gustav, her stepson, to recover $750, which he induced her to assign to him, after which he had her committed to an asylum for the insane.

Hot Day in Pasadena.

PASADENA, July 27th.—This is the hottest day of the season. The temperature is 97° to 104° in various parts of the city.

EASTERN TURF EVENTS.

Races at Monmouth Postponed on Account of the Rain—Other Events.

SARATOGA, July 27th.—Contrary to expectation, light rain fell during the progress of the races, but was not heavy enough to affect the track, and good time was made. Baldwin's Los Angeles was entered for the Adirondack handicap, and was a favorite in the pools, finishing second, Princess Bowling coming in first. The weather was not disagreeable enough to hinder a large attendance being present. The result of the races is as follows:

First race, Flash stakes, one-half of a mile, Protection won, Prince Howard second, Sam Doxey third. Time, 0:50¾.

Second race, one and one sixteenth miles, Newcastle won, Minnie Palmer second, King of Norfolk third. Time, 1:51¾.

Third race, Adirondack handicap, one and one-eighth miles, Princess Bowling won, Los Angeles second, King Crab third. Time, 1:57¼.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Geraldine won, Belle d'Or second, Blue Rock third. Time, 1:16¼

Fifth race, one mile, Royal Garter won, Cupid second, Vivid third. Time, 1:44½.

AT MONMOUTH.

NEW JERSEY, July 27th.—The races that were expected to take place to-day at Monmouth Park were postponed until Monday. The heavy rains interfered with the carrying out of the day's programme and no other alternative was presented. All entries and bets stand.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 27th.—There was pleasant weather and a fair attendance to-day at the races at West Side, the winners of which were as follows:

First race, seven-eighths of a mile, Billy Pinkerton won, The Deacon second, Brewster third. Time, 1:31.

Second race, one and one-eighth miles, St. Nick won, Hopedale second, Earnest Race third. Time, 1:51¾.

Third race, one and one-eighth miles, Guilford won, Champagne Charley second, Florenca E. third. Time, 1:43¾.

Fourth race, three-fourths of a mile, Carrigan won, McKenzie second, Lady Gay third. Time, 1:16¼.

Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile, Tom Stevens won, Lady Lea second, Waterbury third. Time, 1:17¾.

Sixth race, hurdle, one mile, Leman got of in the lead. McBowling cleared the first jump, followed by Winslow. On the second jump the positions remained the same. McBowling made the third leap three lengths in advance of Elphin, who wrested second place from Leman. Coming to the fourth jump McBowling still led, Elphin second, Leman third. At the finish Elphin came in winner, Leman second Bucephalus third. Time, 1:31½.

AT ST. PAUL.

ST. PAUL (Minn.), July 27th.—It was cloudy and cool to day and the track was good. The races were as follows:

First race, three-fourths of a mile, Castilian won, Alta second, Governor Ross third. Time, 1:18¾.

Second race, fifteen-sixteenths of a mile, Lotion won, Cora Fisher second, Roderick Dhu third. Time, 1:38¼.

Third race, five-eighths of a mile, Miss Belle won, Grace Ely second, Lena Barr third. Time, 1:03¼.

Fourth race, one mile, Stony Montgomery won, holding first place the entire distance; Castaway second, Somerset third. Time, 1:44.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES.

Brutal Murder by a Negro of a Wealthy Cincinnati Physician.

A STEAMBOAT GIVEN UP AS LOST.

Anaconda to be the Capital of Montana—Outrage by White Caps—Phenomenal Storm.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SHOCKING MURDER.

Another Doctor Assassinated and Hidden in a Man-hole.

CINCINNATI, July 27th.—Dr. A. E. Jones, an old resident of this city, well known as a local historian and an enthusiast in military matters, yesterday was mysteriously missing from his home on Walnut Hill. This morning his body was found in a manhole not far from his residence. He had been murdered and robbed.

The murder of Dr. A. E. Jones, familiarly known as "Colonel" Jones, is one of the most shocking occurrences that ever occurred in Cincinnati. The Colonel was in his seventy-seventh year, but was as active as a man of fifty. He had always had an inclination to a military life, and kept it up by holding a connection with the Ohio National Guard, serving for a long time as Surgeon of the First Regiment. Governor Foraker, who was his neighbor, appointed him a member of his staff as Surgeon-General. He had been active in public affairs, serving often in the Municipal Council, and had, besides, held several offices under appointment from the General Government. He was, perhaps, better known in Cincinnati than any other citizen.

Dr. Jones left his house about 1:30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, wearing no coat, with his feet in slippers, and went in the direction of his stable. That was the last seen of him alive. The family did not become alarmed until after night, and then prosecuted their search quietly until yesterday, when notice was given to the police. During the day yesterday a trail of blood was discovered opposite the doctor's stable, and being followed was traced to Park avenue, thence south two or three squares to the junction of Cypress street and Francis lane, where on the grass was quite a pool of blood. It was here, in the manhole of a sewer, that the body was found this morning. It was wrapped in a horse-blanket, or rather sewed up, so that it was drawn out by means of a rope fastened around it by a man who had been lowered for that purpose.

The body had been doubled up compactly, as if for convenience in carrying, and it was apparent that the trail of blood was that which trickled from his wounds as his murderer carried him to the place where he thought to conceal forever all trace of his crime, for he hoped the water would carry the body into the river. It was found that the doctor's gold watch and his money were gone. This must have been the motive for the murder, as the doctor had not an enemy in the world. The police are already making arrests, among them being Charles Eligh, a colored hostler, who had been with the Colonel about two months. There was but a slight wound on the back of the head, as if the blow had been given from behind. The theory now prevalent is that the murderer is Charles Bligh, the colored servant. Bligh was at the house all day yesterday and told of his last interview with the Colonel. When he left last night he said he would return at 5:30 this morning, but has not yet been found. A hoe in the stable bears marks pronounced to be blood stains.

Andrew Hudson, colored, who had formerly worked for Colonel Jones, and Richard Lee, colored, also a former employe, were arrested this afternoon on suspicion, but told such straightforward stories that the police later released them.

Frank Bufert, a bricklayer, in whose house Bligh and his wife boarded, was examined by the police and stated that Bligh treated him to drinks last night in a saloon and a large bill changed. The police believe Bligh committed the murder as the result of a quarrel.

10 P. M.—The negro servant Bligh, who was captured this evening at Madisonville, O., has confessed to the murder of Colonel Jones.

BLIGH'S CONFESSION.

Bligh said that on Thursday afternoon he was working near the stable pulling weeds, when Dr. Jones came out and scolded him for not working faster. Some words passed between them and the doctor struck Bligh with a light stick. He then, Bligh alleges, cursed him and said he wanted the work done.

Bligh became angry, and as the doctor passed by him he picked up an oak stick and struck the doctor on the back of his head. He fell and was speechless, but not dead. Bligh worked on in the garden until half past six, when he got a sack in the barn that had been used, and put Jones' body in it. The unfortunate man was still breathing. Bligh doubled up his legs, pushed the body in the sack and tied it with a hitching-strap, and then went into the house to supper.

The folks asked him if he had seen the doctor, and he said he had not.

After supper they sent him to the house of the doctor's son-in-law to see if he was there, and he returned and told them the doctor had not been there.

About 10 o'clock at night he took the sack on his shoulder and carried it down Park avenue and shoved it in the manhole. Friday he worked as usual, answering many questions about the doctor. Last night Andy Hudson (colored), a former employe of the doctor's, told Bligh detectives had been asking about him, and that he (Hudson) thought the officers were trying to connect Bligh with the disappearance.

This morning he got up, packed his valise and went to Fulton to take the train for Madisonville, but missed it and walked out.

The officers found him this afternoon. Bligh claims he did not take Dr. Jones' watch and money, but the authorities think differently.

Smith was greatly affected, and rising to his feet exclaimed: "I am innocent; I swear before my God, whom I am about to meet, I am innocent!" As he finished he raised his hand, and with a small pocket knife stabbed himself in the left breast.

He fell backwards on the floor, while his wife, who had been sitting beside him, screamed wildly.

"Oh, Jim, why did you do that?"

Doctors were hastily summoned, and found the wound an inch and a half deep, about three inches above the nipple. They do not think the would-be suicide will die. In his pocket was found a letter addressed to Judge McConnel, but the Judge was too much excited to read it to-night. Smith had always heretofore borne a good reputation, and was employed as a draughtsman in the railroad office here.

ILLINOIS OUTRAGE.

An Armed Band of White Caps that Should be Suppressed.

GILLESPIE (Ill.), July 27th. — While Henry Bokamp and his wife were riding near this town last Monday they were taken from their buggy by an armed band of White Caps, who took shameful liberties with the woman and strung Bokamp up to a tree three times, the last hanging proving so near fatal that he could only be revived by the administration of medicine. They then left him. The reason for the outrage is said to have been a mere suspicion that Bokamp had committed petit larceny. The case has been put into the hands of Colonel Oller, a lawyer of Litchfield, who says that while at Gillespie Thursday looking into the affair he was warned by a man, who claimed to be the Captain of the White Caps, that if he came nosing around there he would get a thicker rope than the one they gave to Bokamp. The Colonel says that he has spotted the perpetrators of the outrage and will prosecute them to the extent of the law.

PHENOMENAL STORM.

Chicago Streets Flooded—Houses Struck by Lightning.

CHICAGO, July 27th.—One of the heaviest rainfalls ever known in this section of the country did thousands of dollars of damage in this city to-night. The storm-cloud came from the northwest and meeting counter currents of air hovered over the city for two hours and a half, finally passing to the northeast.

Rain began falling about 6:30 and continued in blinding sheets until 9 o'clock. The violence of the wind at times almost reached the fury of a tornado.

In two hours and fifteen minutes there was a phenomenal rainfall of 4 12.

Basements and cellars were flooded all over the city, some to the depth of three or four feet. The water rushed down the incline into the LaSalle-street tunnel until it reached a depth of over three feet in the center, completely interrupting for a time the traffic on the cable cars.

On the west side, during the storm, a tree was blown down upon a passing street-car, crushing the roof and shaking up the passengers, but injuring none seriously.

In the outskirts of the city several houses were struck by lightning, the occupants being badly shaken up and scared, but, so far as known, no one was killed.

LATER.—It is reported late to-night that a house on Twenty-third street was blown down and several of the inmates killed.

The killed are Mrs. Amelia Buck, 69 years old; Annie Buck, 6 years old; Albert Buck, 6 years old; Cornelius Ferdnachec, blacksmith, 33 years old; Mrs. Areka Ferdnachec, his wife, 31 years old, and Cora, Allida and Lea, their children, aged respectively 5, 3 and 2 years.

The wounded are Charles Buck, husband of Mrs. Amelia Buck; Lulu Ferdnachec and Ada Ferdnachec.

Almost Completed.

SIOUX FALLS (Dak.), July 27th.—A dozen delegates met and adjourned to-day. An adjourned session was held last evening for incorporating the modified form of the Australian system of voting. The vote resulted in the defeat of the amendment by a vote of 27 to 34.

When the Convention adjourned last night its work was practically completed with the exception of the submission and adoption of the report of the Joint Commission now at Bismarck.

Most of the delegates have gone home to await the return of the Commission. Not more than two or three days' time will be required to conclude the work of the Convention.

Green to Wannamaker.

NEW YORK, July 27th.—President Norvin Green of the Western Union Telegraph Company this afternoon sent a letter to Postmaster-General Wannamaker protesting against the rate of one mill per word fixed by the latter as compensation to the former for sending Government messages. He declares that aside from the press associations and certain railroads from which it receives benefits in transportation, etc., the Western Union makes no special rates to anybody. He says the rates fixed are practically tantamount to exacting free service, and intimates that the Government can be compelled to pay equitable rates.

Two Deaths in a Well.

NEW YORK, July 27th.—Mrs. Sullivan, living in the upper part of the city, lost a bucket in a fifteen-foot well this evening. Her son James, 14 years old, climbed down to get it. Half way down he suddenly keeled over. Patrick Doyle was attracted by the woman's screams and went to the rescue. He also keeled over half way down. The boy's father had exactly the same experience. There was only two feet of water in the well. The father was taken out alive. The other two were dead. They were asphyxiated by gas.

Hurrah for Anaconda.

HELENA (Mont.), July 27th.—The Convention went into a Committee of the Whole to-day in consideration of State institutions and public buildings. When Section 2, relating to the capital, was taken up, every town in Montana was named for this honor. A vote was called for during the confusion and Anaconda received a plurality, which caused consternation and excitement throughout the city. The vote stood 32 to 24. Adjourned till Monday.

Railway Accident.

MEMPHIS (Tenn.), July 27th.—The west-bound passenger train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, due here at 10:05 A. M., was wrecked this morning at Brighton, Tenn., thirty miles north of Memphis, by the switch being left open. The killed are the engineer, fireman, baggagemaster and mail agent. The latter's name is Burnett, and he resided at Covington, Tenn. All the passengers were badly shaken up, but none were seriously injured.

The Chicago Times.

CHICAGO, July 27th.—Mr. James J. West, who has had control of the Chicago *Times* for eighteen months, retiers to-day from the management of that journal. The caption by James J. West, which during that period has stood at the head of the great paper founded by Mr. Storey, will be supplanted to-morrow by the words 'By the Chicago Times Company." Mr. H. A. Hinskamp, of Keokuk, Iowa, is the President of the company.

Murdered by an Indian.

OMAHA (Neb.), July 27th.—At Pender, Neb., about 6:30 this morning, while the eight-year-old son of a farmer named Benjamin was playing in his father's yard, about a mile east of town, a Winnebago Indian who was passing along the road asked him to get him a drink. The boy refused, whereupon the Indian, drawing a revolver, shot him dead. Armed men are pursuing the murderer.

Steamship Lost.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27th.—The marine insurance companies here fear the steamship Thetis, sugar laden from the Phillipine Islands for this port, has foundered at sea. She passed Gibraltar June 24th and was not heard from afterward. The vessel was valued at $120,000, the cargo at $350,000. She was commanded by Captain Cameron and had a crew of forty men. She is given up for lost by the consignees.

Talmage in Court.

ST. PAUL (Minn.), July 27th.—The Waseca Chautauquans have begun an action against Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage to recover $1,500 damages for failure to lecture before them last year as per contract. The famous divine is now in this city, and the Chautauquans took advantage of it to get service on him. The suit will be important as showing the value of a contract made by a lecturer.

Theatrical Attractions.

DENVER, July 27th.—John Maguire, manager of the Grand Opera House, San Francisco, and the Montana circuit, to-day signed contracts for the Pacific coast of the following attractions: Gilmore's Band, Mrs. Scott-Siddons and the Campanini Operatic Company. The latter includes Myron Whitney, Del Priente and Signora Del Vere as the principal artists.

Treachery Foiled.

NEW YORK, July 27th.—A correspondent of the *Times* at Port-au-Prince, under date of July 18th, writes that one of Legitime's Generals entered into plot with Hippolyte to surrender some of theworks on the outskirts of the city. The plot was discovered, and when Hippolyte's force was about to take possession they were ambuscaded and thirty men were killed. The plotting General was imprisoned and it is thought he has been put to death.

Montana Forest Fires.

HELENA (Mont.), July 27th.—The situation regarding forest fires remains unchanged in the mountains between Drummond and Phillipsburg. They are afire also between Bowlder and Butte, and in the direction of the Mullan tunnel enormous damage is being done. Eight thousand cords of cut wood in Byron canyon have been destroyed.

Fruit Sales.

CHICAGO, July 27th.—Richard M. Montgomery & Co. sold to-day four cars of fruit. Highland Bartlett pears $2 05@1 65, fancy Bartlett pears $3 20@2 95, Beurre Hardy pears $1 45@1 35, Gross prunes $1 20@1 05, yellow egg plums 95@55c., Magnum Bonum plums 85c., half box nectarines 30c., Early Crawford peaches 90@80c., Foster peaches, half boxes, 65c.

Walking the Waves.

BOSTON, July 27th.—C. W. Oldreive, of Chelsey, who has appliances enabling him to walk on the water, this afternoon walked on the water five and a half miles to-day. This cheered him to attempt a tramp of twenty miles to Boston. The last heard from him he was walking the waves towards this city, carrying a lighted lantern.

Kilrain's Requisition.

ANNAPOLIS (Md.), July 27th.—Although the State Department will give no definite information in regard to the Kilrain requisition from the Governor of Mississippi, the indications are that detective Norris has finally obtained a warrant from Governor Jackson for Kilrain's arrest.

Will Not Sell.

TAHLEQUAH (I. T.), July 27th.—Chief Mays says there is no use for the United States Commission to come there to treat with them for the sale of their lands, as they will not sell. In the first place they don't want to sell and in the second place their Constitution forbids it.

Terrific Storm.

BALTIMORE, July 27th.—A terrific storm on the eastern shore of Maryland, Virginia, and in lower Delaware, was raging to-day. The whole country is almost submerged. The loss to fruit and other crops is enormous.

Coke Workers' Strike.

SCOTDALE (Pa.), July 27th.—The convention of coke workers to-day decided, as they could not get any satisfaction from the operators, to order a general strike in Connellsville region, taking effect August 1st.

Fatal Explosion.

CHICAGO, July 27th.—It is reported that a boiler of a traction engine exploded to-day near Wabash, killing five men and wounding another.

IN FOREIGN LANDS.

Bismarck Arranges for a Meeting With the Czar at Berlin.

A ROYAL WEDDING IN ENGLAND.

Boulanger's Friends Claim That While War Minister He Was an Economist.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

BERLIN'S BUDGET.

Bismarck's Diplomacy—He Arranges a Meeting With the Czar.

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BERLIN, July 27th.—The greatest diplomatic triumph of Prince Bismarck's life will be achieved if he succeeds in his latest project, which is to arrange a meeting between the Czar, Emperor Frances Joseph and Emperor William in Berlin.

The news of the Czar's assent to a proposal that he should visit the German Court on August 3d was received at the Foreign Office Monday, causing the greatest satisfaction.

Bismarck immediately communicated with Count Kalnoky, calling his attention to the opportunity presented by the nearly coincident visits of the Czar and Emperor Frances Joseph, and proposing that an interview be held between the three monarchs, as well as conferences between himself, Count Kalnoky and M. De Giers, the object being to dissipate all misunderstandings.

Officials here have been instructed to maintain absolute silence. The semi-official press has been similarly directed, on the ground that criticism might alter the present favorable disposition of the Czar.

Official circles in Vienna are less observant of the secrecy, and discuss the chances of the interview. Count Kalnoky, it is stated, has placed himself in Bismarck's hands, but refuses to make any overtures to the Czar regarding the meeting with Emperor Frances Joseph.

If Prince Bismarck persuades the Czar to consent to an interview, the Austrian Emperor will postpone his coming until the 18th.

The Chancellor will return here on the 12th and remain throughout the visits of the Czar and Emperor Francis Joseph. He is supposed to be aiming not at a definite treaty of alliance involving Russia in the Central European League, but only to re-establish better relations between the three Empires and balk French negotiations for an oppensive and defensive alliance with Russia.

He has a foothold for renewed *entente* in the Czar's increased intensity of hatred for the Anarchists.

Recent communications with St. Petersburg regarding the plotting of the refugees in Switzerland leading to a common pressure upon the Swiss Government affords a basis for concerted action by the three Powers against Socialists, Anarchists and Nihilists.

A definite understanding as to this sphere of action would tend to modify existing enmities.

Kreuzzeitung has semi-official advices from St. Petersburg, saying: "The Czar, who has frequently altered his intentions regarding the return of the visit of Emperor William, has now assented, under the persistent entreaties of M. de Giers and M. Vischnagrandski. He will be accompanied to Berlin by the Empress and the whole Imperial family. The party will proceed to Copenhagen after leaving Berlin. *Novoe Vremya* declares that the Czar goes to Berlin simply as an act of courtesy, and that his visit will have no bearing upon the European situation unless Germany changes her policy by consenting to satisfy the legitimate operations of Russia.

Emperor William arrived at Williamshaven this morning. Soon after his arival he ordered the Admiralty to report on the arrest of the officials in connection with the naval frauds.

Several officers left Kiel to-night for Wilhelmshaven. Papers are obliged to maintain a reserve and only record the fact that the arrests extend to the contractors and marine officials at Dantzighamburg, Stettin, Wilhelmshaven and Berlin, and the wide ramifications of the frauds have senta thrill of indignation and shame throughout the empire.

To-day's talk in official circles represents the Emperor as furious. He is said to have sent telegrams to the highest officials regarding the matter.

Herr Cremier, a highly-placed official at Keil, is reported to have committed suicide after his arrest.

It is stated that he was found bleeding to death in his cell, having opened the veins in his arm, and died while being taken to the hospital.

Freissingnee *Zeitung* announces the arrest of the Chief Comptroller of the Kiel workshop and, of a prominent merchant of Mineen, who for many years had been supplying the stores for Kiel and Wilhelmshaven stations. They are imprisoned in Berlin.

ROYAL NUPTIALS.

Streets of London Brilliant With Flags and Decorations.

LONDON, July 26th.—All London turned out early this morning to witness as much of the royal wedding as possible, and though the weather was dull and the sun obscured, the streets in the vicinity of Buckingham Palace and those through which the bridal party were to pass were gay with thousands of people in holiday attire. Flags and decorations lent a festival appearance to public and private buildings. All the features of the ceremony occurred promptly as could be expected when so elaborate a programme was to be carried out.

The sons of ths Prince of Wales and party were the first to arrive at Buckingham Palace. Accompanied by the Crown Prince of Denmark, the Princes Albert, Victor and George of Wales and the magnificently uniformed officers of the Prince of Wales' household drove up to the Palace in State carriages drawn by richly caparisoned horses at 11:30. They were received with cheers by the throngs about the palace entrance, who awaited the Queen and the Earl of Fife with his cousin and best man, Horace Farquhar, who made their appearance at 11:50.

The Queen was attended by all the great officers of State and officers of her household, with the exception of Lord Chamberlain, who was excused from attendance on account of his bereavement by the loss of his third son. The Queen's party, with its escort of royal guards, made a brilliant spectacle.

The Earl of Fife, dressed in the full Highland costume of his clan, arrived at noon. The Prince of Wales, accompanied by the bride, drove up in the state carriage used by the Queen on occasions when she opens Parliament in person.

The procession to the chapel was quickly made up and moved in gorgeous array to the doors, which were thrown open at their approach. Inside the chapel the Queen was escorted to the royal seat prepared for her Majesty.

The Earl of Fife took position at the right of the altar and Princess Louise of Wales at the left, while the march from Tannhauser pealed from the great organ.

The chapel itself was elaborately decorated for the occasion. The stalls and seats for the bridal party were upholstered in rich crimson, while the walls were hung with blue and French-gray draperies. The doric pillars were garlanded and festooned with roses and flowers, and floral pieces were on every hand, these embellishments making an admirable background for the superb toilets of the court ladies and the brilliant uniforms and regalia of the officers of court.

DRESSES OF THE BRIDE AND BRIDESMAIDS.

The bride was dressed in white satin, with a duchesse train of the same material fastened to the corsage, the bodice cut V-shape and not long. The collar was of the Medici style. The sleeves, which reached to the elbow, were trimmed with rare old lace. A costly necklace of diamond solitaires, a gift of the groom, encircled her throat, while a miniature fan of sapphires and rubies glistened in her hair. A wreath of orange blossoms was fastened on the left shoulder and carried across below the right. About the waist, and serving as a decoration to the skirt of the gown, was another wreath of orange blossoms. The veil was point de gauze.

The bridesmaids' gowns were point faille of a delicate plush color.

THE SERVICE.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Dean of Windsor, the Bishops of London and St. Albans and the sub-Dean of the Chapel Royal, who were to officiate or assist in the ceremony, who had been waiting within the altar rails since 11:45, began service at 12:15.

The bride was given away by her father, the Prince of Wales. At the close of the ceremony the Archbishop addressed the newly-married pair in happy chosen words.

A full choral service was rendered. The music, included the new wedding anthem, expressly composed by Joseph D. Barnby, under general direction of Dr. Bridge, the organist of Westminster Abbey, assisted by Jekyell, organist of the Chapel Royal of St. James, and a choir of the latter church.

THE BREAKFAST.

At the close of the service the Queen and Princess of Wales advanced to the altar rails, meeting the newly married pair and kissing the bride. Then as the organ broke forth into Mendelssohn's "Wedding March" the procession again formed and proceeded to the drawing-room of the Palace, where the marriage register was signed, attested by the signatures of the royal party.

Breakfast followed. The guests were seated in the supper-room with the Earl of Fife and his bride, while the royal family breakfasted in a separate room with the Queen.

ENTHUSIASTIC GREETINGS.

When the guests rose the bride and bridegroom, escorted by the Prince and Princess of Wales, the King of Greece, the Crown Prince of Denmark and the officers of the household of the Prince of Wales, returned to Marlborough House via Constitutional Hill, Piccadilly and St. James street.

The streets through which the procession passed were packed to their utmost, and in every spot from which a view could be obtained, the vast throngs cheered the royal couple. En route the sun showed itself at intervals, which added enjoyment to the festivity of the occasion.

THE PRESENTS.

Mrs. Mackay's wedding gift to Princess Louise is a pair of diamond ear-rings, costing $15,000. All her wedding presents are valued at £200,000. Lord Fife's present to his bride is a tiara and two necklaces. The tiara is a mass of diamonds, the stones running around the entire front, and hanging in pear-shaped openings with inverted pendants, surrounded by beautiful fragile open-work, frosted with diamonds, the whole being one of the most artistic and valuable pieces of the kind in England. The necklaces were in the same casket. The larger one is a string of the purest diamonds—the smallest being the size of a pea and the largest as large as a sixpence. The inner necklace is of smaller, blue-stone diamonds—so rare and perfect that the necklace very probably vied with the other in value.

Boulanger an Economist.

PARIS, July 27th.—The *Concarde*, the Boulangist organ, publishes what it calls a first installment of the documents submitted to and the depositions made before the High Court of the Senate, which is to try General Boulanger.

The publication has caused a sensation. According to the publication of the *Concarde*, General Ferron, who succeeded General Boulanger as Minister of War, has made a deposition in which he states the secret service funds are intact, and that Boulanger effected economy in many directions in the War Office.

Charged With Fraud.

LONDON, July 27th.—William Broüie, the man who, while in a state bordering on delirum tremens, stated that he committed the murder and mutilations of the women in and about the White Chapel district, was to-day discharged from custody, there being no evidence on which to hold him, and the physicians pronounced him sane. He was immediately rearrested, however, on a charge of fraud.

Lost in Alaska.

WINNIPEG, July 27th.—United States Consul Taylor writes from Sitka, Alaska, that it is believed a young man named Bruce of Nebraska, a correspondent,