STREET COVERINGS.

RELATIVE MERITS OF VARIOUS SUBSTANCES CONSIDERED.

Bituminous Rock Claimed to be Far Preferable to Gravel—Coal-Tar Not a Good Substitute for Cement.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: Concerning the suggestion in last Sunday's issue, for using coal-tar and gravel as a concrete base for streets, nothing is said of the manner of preparing it, and perhaps a few words in that direction may be acceptable. Coal-tar, as it comes from the gas works, is not adhesive to any great extent. It is somewhat penetrating, but even that property disappears rapidly under evaporation, like coal oil applied to wood; it has no lasting properties if left exposed to the atmosphere.

By cooking or boiling its penetrating properties become less, but its adhesiveness is greatly increased. Without the necessary amount of cooking, you cannot make it harden by the addition of any amount of sand, ashes or other matter. There must be an evaporation of the oils and volatile properties before it will harden.

These properties are got rid of quickest by cooking. When cooked or boiled sufficiently it is not necessary to add sand or ashes to make it harden, no more than it is to put something into maple syrup to make it harden into sugar. Coal tar can be cooked into any degree of crystallization. When the oils have thus been extracted its adhesiveness has greatly increased, and by adding stone or gravel you can have a concrete which, when cold, is very hard. In this manner it becomes useful.

Everybody knows that hundreds of miles of sidewalk have been laid in this State of this concrete, with one very important exception in the manner of preparation. Asphaltum, which is the residuum of what is called by some naphtha tar, after the oils have been extracted, either by distillation or evaporation, has much more adhesiveness than coal tar in any condition; it is also a heavier substance, more durable, and less easily destroyed by water or evaporation. Hence, in all sidewalks of this kind asphaltum was the principal ingredient, only a small proportion of coal tar being used, merely to hasten the process of liquifying the asphaltum, which in its marketable state is quite hard, the oils having evaporated during the long period since its outflow in the form of naphtha tar, or heavy-grade petroleum. Consequently these sidewalks were called asphaltum sidewalks.

"Santa Cruz bituminous rock" is formed by the overflowing of naphtha-tar springs, which has saturated large bodies of sand and gravel, and hardened as the oils evaporated. Its practicability for pavement was not generally known until a few years back. It is a natural concrete, requiring the addition of neither sand nor bitumen. It only needs cooking and thoroughly mixing, before laying, and costs on the car at Santa Cruz $3 50 to $4 per ton. This concrete is not so fine or so firm as the artificial one of the past, but is cheaper. It can be laid down in a more flexible state without being sticky, and is quite as durable; its decay being caused by the evaporation of the oils it contains, leaving the surface more brittle and more susceptible to damage by wear. Such a concrete makes a better covering for a street than cement and stone, as it is more flexible, less noisy, and cleaner; though not so good a foundation.

Stone and cement in suitable proportions make an imperishable concrete, and if four to six inches thick, is capable of bearing any weight that can be hauled on a truck, if the tires of the truck wheels have the proper width. Whether the adhesiveness of cement is less or greater than asphaltum the only way it could be damaged would be by a greater weight upon it than it could bear, as water would not affect it after it was once dry. The economy of road-building is in the foundation, as the surface can be more easily and cheaply repaired or renewed.

A rock and cement concrete four to six inches thick, laid roughly, simply pounded or rolled down, will cost less than one of equal strength of asphaltum, and undoubtedly is more secure and durable.

The suggestion in the article referred to, of putting a gravel covering over concrete, would never do in a town where the symmetry of a street is "a thing of beauty." It would do in a country lane where a good track the width of one wagon is all that is required, and, being placed on the center or crown of the street, would soon wear down hard, and to that extent would be better than clear mud.

Gravel will not stay where you put it, unless the surface is level, and the same may be truthfully said of cobbles. You cannot roll it down on a curved surface so it will stay; it will crawl from the crown to the gutter. As the result of forty years' experience in San Francisco and Oakland, the prevailing public sentiment is in favor of stone and cement concrete base covered with Santa Cruz bituminous rock. Oakland, however, had the advantage of hard-worn macadamized streets, which, to a great extent, took the place of the concrete base. One might ask why we could not use the stone here without the cement. If broken stone alone was used, it would require a depth of eight to twelve inches and rolled with heavy roller, and all traffic kept off until completed with the bituminous rock. The extra quantity of stone required and the expense of rolling down would more than equal the cost of the cement, and it would not be so good in many respects. F. B. BROWN.

GOOD SUGGESTION.

A Citizen Who Thinks the Cgain-Gang Might be Utilized.

EDS. RECORD-UNION: Having read an article in the RECORD-UNION by L. L. Lewis, giving his idea in regard to building a roadbed, I take the liberty to send you a rough sketch of the manner in which roads are built in a great many Eastern cities, especially the town where I was born, which has a population of only about three thousand. Said roads were built with a very small cost to the taxpayers, for the reason that most of the work was done by the chain-gang.

After giving a gentle curve to the street by sloping from the center to the curbing, the next plan was laying large pieces of limestone rock quite close to each other over the entire street; then filling in with hard river gravel; then another layer of smaller limestone, and then more gravel. The finish was given by covering the entire street with pulverized limestone, which, in the course of a few months, became as smooth and hard as the rock itself.

In this connection I will state that the rock for building our streets was all broken by the chain-gang inside the jail-yard.

I have lived in this city for several years, and it seems to me to be more than well supplied with the class of men who constituted the chain-gang in my native town. We have the railroads and plenty of granite in the mountains. H. H. LOVE.

THE PALMER CASE.

A Motion for the Discharge of the Defendant Denied.

The Palmer embezzlement case was resumed before Justice Devine yesterday. J. A. Angus, who had examined the books of the Reed ranch for Senator Fair, was placed on the stand and testified concerning his examination of the accounts and the failure to find any entry therein of the sale of the thirteen horses and mules sold in October, 1888. Entries of cash items were found for that month amounting to upward of $1,500, but their nature was not explained.

George A. Bigelow, who was one of the bookkeepers under the Palmer regime, testified that Palmer had never reported to him any such sale of horses, and that therefore he had made no entry thereof on the books.

Some further testimony was put in by the prosecution, and when it closed its case Mr. Johnson formally moved for the discharge of Palmer.

The motion was argued by Mr. Sprague, who held that the prosecution had made out no case against Palmer. They simply showed (which was not denied) that thirteen old horses and mules had been sold and that Palmer received the money therefor in October, 1888, amounting to $385. The books showed that in that month Palmer had accounted for various cash receipts amounting to $1,500. The prosecution had made no attempt to show that the books were not correct, or that they did not balance. In fact, it was not claimed that Palmer owed Senator Fair a dollar—simply that the books did not specify the horse transaction, although the money may have been included in the $1,500 turned in by Palmer for the month in question.

City Attorney Church, for the prosecution, opposed the motion to discharge the prisoner, and was followed by Charles T. Jones, also in opposition.

Grove L. Johnson closed the argument in behalf of his motion, which the Court denied, and the defense will therefore proceed with its side of the case to-day.

BRIEF NOTES.

The river marked 22 feet 8 inches last night, a rise of two inches since the preceding day.

There will be given a social dance at Y. M. I. Hall this evening by Parramore's Orchestra.

Judge Van Fleet yesterday appointed G. W. Harlow special administrator of the estate of E. Erich deceased.

The snow-shovelers are finding their way back to town in squads. Consequently the dives are booming, and the city prison is filling up again.

Officer McLaughlin is confined to his house by the injuries received in falling into a hole in an alley the other night while chasing a thief.

Judge Van Fleet yesterday sentenced C. Meyer, who was caught by officer McLaughlin in the act of burglarizing the New York Beer Hall, to three years at Folsom.

Last night officers Coffey and Higgins had a lively time getting a drunken Russian snow-shoveler to the police station. After they got him there he showed fight in earnest, and being a powerful fellow it took five or six officers to handle him.

Louis Myers and various other members of the Myers family have brought suit against John Lawton, executor of the estate of Silas Bumpus, and others, for the partition of lots 1, 2, 7 and 8 in the block bounded by W and X, Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, in which all have interests.

A class in the grammer school were debating as to the relative grandeur of the reigns of Cæsar and Napoleon. An urchin in the second grade said he thought Cæsar was a great man and so was Napoleon, but, in his opinion, just about this time the rain of Jupiter Pluvius was knocking out all previous records.

Weather and Temperature.

The rainfall for the storm yesterday was .16 of an inch, making 6.62 inches for this month, and 23.61 inches for the season, as against 9.61 inches to an equal date last year.

The temperature at 5 A. M. and 5 P. M. was 44° and 54°, and the dew-point 40° and 39°. The highest and lowest temperature was 58° and 44°, with partly cloudy weather prevailing during the day.

The barometer at 5 A. M. marked 30.26 inches, and at 5 P. M. 30.23 inches, showing a continued high barometer.

The highest and lowest temperature one year ago yesterday was 60° and 33°. The highest and lowest temperature one year ago to-day 62° and 32°.

Gripper Notes.

Judge Armstrong, who has had the grippe for a week, is convalescing.

E. W. Maslin, who has wrestled with la grippe for three weeks, managed to come out for the first time yesterday to greet the sun.

Even the apothecaries are not exempt, for F. E. Ray has had a bout with la grippe, but is able to be out now.

Police officer Rowland is confined to his room with the prevailing malady.

W. A. Gett, Sr., is just recovering from his attack of la grippe.

School Director Senatz is almost well enough to appear on the streets again.

A Successor to G. W. Hancock.

A telegram from San Bernardino yesterday says: "Governor Waterman will appoint Richard Gird, of San Bernardino, a Director of the State Agricultural Society, to succeed G. W. Hancock, whose term has expired. Mr. Gird will supersede Mr. Hancock as Manager of the State Citrus Fair for Southern California, which is to be held at Los Angeles in March. The appointment is satisfactory and the fruit-growers of San Bernardino county will assist in the State Citrus Fair. They refused to do so while Mr. Hancock had the management."

Delinquent Tax List.

The *Themis* was yesterday awarded the contract for printing the delinquent tax list of the county. The bids offered were as follows: RECORD-UNION, $1 50 per square (consisting of 150 ems of solid nonpareil) first insertion, 75 cents per square second insertion, 75 cents per square third insertion and 50 cents per square fourth insertion; *Bee*, $1 50 per square (consisting of 240 ems of nonpareil) first insertion and $1 20 per square each subsequent insertion; *Themis*, 75 cents per square (consisting of 240 ems of nonpareil) first insertion and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Alleged Inhuman Treatment of Horses.

A citizen who resides near the lower Stockton road, just beyond the city, complains bitterly of the alleged inhuman manner in which a number of horses are being treated in that vicinity. He says they have been turned out into an open lot, without shelter from the storm and with very little to eat; also, that the animals are poor in flesh and daily growing poorer.

Police Court.

In the Police Court yesterday James Kelly was fined $10 for making an unholy show of himself.

James McDonald and James Waite, charged with being drunk, were let off.

The forgery case of Mrs. Martha Smith was continued, and the defendant released on bail.

Assignee's Sale.

By order of B. U. Steinman, assignee of A. J. Steinman, Bell & Co. will to-day sell at auction, at 509 J street, at 2 o'clock P. M., the stock of boots, shoes, and slippers, and also the counters, show cases and fixtures contained in said store.

New Revenue Clerk.

Internal Revenue Collector Byington has been allowed an additional clerk by the Department at Washington from February 1st. He has appointed Mrs. Melissa Smith, who formerly held the position under ex-Collector Robert Barnett.

Paid Into the Treasury.

Settlements were yesterday made with the State Treasurer as follows: San Joaquin county, $245,814 92; San Bernardino, $121,663 14; Santa Cruz, $76,740 93; Orange, $52,432 23; Placer, $57,205 35.

Notaries Appointed.

The Governor yesterday appointed the following Notaries Public: H. M. Albery, Colusa; Thomas P. Harden, Maxwell; M. M. Bates, Westport, and John A. Nace, Santa Clara.

EMINENT physicians everywhere recommend Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as the most reliable remedy that can be had for colds, coughs, and all pulmonary disorders. Ask your druggist for Ayer's Almanac; it is the best publication of the kind, and full of information.

WHAT enhances the beauty of fine features more than a clear skin? Even plain features are made attractive by a good complexion. To secure this, purify your blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It has no equal. Price, $1. Six bottles, $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

FROM this date all music, including all copyrights, will be sold at Cooper's music store to teachers and our customers at and under Eastern and San Francisco prices. A reduction on all books, as well. All we ask for breaking the high prices is your patronage. *

EGGS.—Strictly fresh California eggs, 30 cents per dozen; butter, 25 cents per roll; cheese, 10 cents per pound. Pacific Market, 725 J street, A. D. Christianson. *

TOP NOTCH is the name applied to the best tonic now in the market, and which is a sure preventive of malaria and la grippe. Druggists and leading bars. *

STANDARD music from five to ten cents a copy. Catalogues of ten-cent music furnished on application. Hammer's Music Store, 820 J street. Sole agency Chickering & Son's pianos. *

ALWAYS on hand, the leading brands of *straight* Kentucky whiskies, including "Melwood," "J. B. Hume," "Old Crow," etc. Geo. W. Chesley & Co., 1021 and 1023 Front street, Sacramento, Cal. *

WHILE buying a sewing machine buy the best—the light-running Domestic. *

PEARS' toilet Soap is the most elegant adjunct.

STOLEN BOOKS.

HOW THE STATE AND CITY LIBRARIES WERE RAIDED.

Books Purloined and Shipped to Michigan, but Recovered—Some Neat Detective Work.

State Librarian Wallis has been doing a very neat bit of detective work. For some two months past he had been missing books from the State Library, but was for a long time unable to get any clue upon which to base suspicion upon any one in particular. Among the regular visitors to the library was a young man named Elmer Hagenbaugh. He seemed to be about the last person who would be guilty of stealing books, and was always seen to leave the library empty-handed. After a while, however, Mr. Wallis was forced to the belief that he must be the guilty person, and resolved to investigate.

He engaged the young man in conversation one day, and learned from him some facts about himself. He discovered that Hagenbaugh's relatives had departed for Michigan about the time the books began to disappear, and some other things that he learned rather served to strengthen his suspicion of the young man. One was that he had been a book agent at one period of his life.

In pursuing his investigation Mr. Wallis ascertained that quite recently Hagenbaugh had shipped two boxes, addressed to his father, in Michigan, and further ascertained that the car in which they had been shipped had not yet left the city, owing to the snow blockade on the mountains. Accordingly, he procured a search warrant and had the car opened, and sure enough there were the boxes. They were found to contain about $150 worth of State Library books, some $25 worth of City Free Library books and a number of volumes belonging to the Odd Fellows' Library in San Francisco.

Among the State Library books found was a complete set of Chambers' Encyclopedia. A few of the books had their title pages cut out, and all had been relieved of their labels. But in cataloguing the books in the State Library each had been given a certain private mark, and by these marks Mr. Wallis was able to identify the volumes without difficulty.

The City Library folks had not yet discovered the loss of their books until informed by Mr. Wallis.

The next thing to do was to find Hagenbaugh himself, but it was discovered day before yesterday that the book operator had fled the city. Librarian Wallis did not, however, give up the hunt, and learned during the day that letters addressed to him had been mailed for Los Gatos, Santa Clara county. Mr. Wallis then sought the services of Chief of Police Lee, who telegraphed to the officers there to ascertain whether or not Hagenbaugh was in that locality. Receiving an affirmative reply, a warrant for his arrest was telegraphed, and yesterday Mr. Wallis was informed that the youth was in the Santa Clara County Jail. An officer will be sent after him to-day.

Among other facts discovered by Mr. Wallis was one that showed how Hagenbaugh had managed to conduct his operations so smoothly as to avoid detection. He wore a loose-fitting overcoat provided with capacious inside pockets, like the game-bag of a hunter's coat, into which, Mr. Wallis says, the books were slipped one at a time.

VERDICT OF SUICIDE.

Inquest in the Matter of the Death of William F. Huntoon.

Coroner Clark held an inquest last evening in the case of William F. Huntoon, who committed suicide Wednesday evening by shooting himself through the heart.

Only three witnesses were examined: J. L. Huntoon, the deceased's father; Wm. Zoller and George B. Dean.

Mr. Huntoon, Sr., was called upon simply to formally identify the remains of his son.

William Zoller testified that he was with the deceased Wednesday, between 4 and 5 o'clock, in Bellmer's store, on the northeast corner of Eighth and M streets. "He came in about 4 o'clock," said the witness. "Mr. Dean and myself had just finished a conversation when the deceased came in from the back room of the grocery store. He had his hands in his pants pockets. He was looking at Mr. Bellmer. He pulled his hands from his pockets and brought them together. I thought he had a knife and was going to open it. Then the first I knew I heard him cock a pistol, and without saying a word he put the pistol to his left breast and fired. This happened in the front part of the store, and he was facing M street. After firing the shot he staggered forward, and if it had not been for Mr. Dean he would have fallen against the glass in the M-street door. I left immediately, but saw them carrying him on a stretcher to his home."

George B. Dean testified: "I knew Mr. Huntoon by sight only. I saw him Wednesday at Bellmer's store, about 4:20 P. M. I saw nothing wrong about him. Mr. Bellmer, Mr. Fuller, Bellmer's clerk, and myself were in the grocery when the deceased came in from the back room. He did not speak to any one, and was in the store at least ten minutes. He stood for at least five minutes near the door to the saloon, looking at Mr. Bellmer. He then came forward to the front of the store, nearly to the southeast corner. He then stood looking again at Mr. Bellmer, who was standing at his desk writing, his back being to the deceased. After standing there he took both hands out of his pockets, brought them forward in front of his body, and then threw his right hand over against his left breast and shot himself. I was standing about four feet from him. I did not see the pistol until after he shot himself. His hands dropped to his sides, and the pistol fell to the floor. He then stepped back and said: 'I'm gone, boys.' Perhaps at this time he was ten feet from the M-street door. He then stepped forward about four feet and backed up again. He then rushed forward as though he was going out doors. I caught him and turned him around. He carried me up against the door, and then sank to the floor. He was alive when we put him on the stretcher to carry him home. He lived about fifteen or twenty minutes, I think. I do not think he was intoxicated when I saw him."

The jury found "that William Frederick Huntoon, a native of Sacramento Cal., aged 33 years, 10 months and 4 days, came to his death from a pistol-shot wound in the left breast, inflicted by himself with suicidal intent, while laboring under a temporary attack of mental aberration."

The jury was composed of the following-named gentlemen: Jacob Kahl, Clarence Nelson, Thomas Kirkpatrick, Joseph Hoply, W. G. Scott, Joseph Hahn, Albert Kunz, F. M. Egan and A. M. Smith.

CRACK SHOTS.

The Coming Visit of Several Celebrated Trap-Shooters.

T. H. Keller, advance representative of the world's champion trap-shots, composed of an Eastern and Western team of six men each, was in the city yesterday arranging for an exhibition to be given at Agricultural Park on the 24th of next month. These teams have just started on a tour of the country, and gave an exhibition at St. Louis yesterday. To-day they appear in Memphis, Tenn., and from there will travel southward to New Orleans, and come to this coast by the Sunset route, shooting at all the larger cities on the way. They are composed of gentlemen selected by the United States Cartridge Company—under whose auspices they will make the journey—not only because they are first-class experts with the shotgun, but because they are all well-to-do business gentlemen and representative sportsman of the East and West, respectively. They are traveling in a special Pullman car, and sportsmen in various cities have arranged to give them receptions. Trophies amounting in value to several thousand dollars have been given for competitive matches in certain cities.

The personnel of the team is as follows: The East will be represented by H. McMurchy, of Syracuse, N. Y.; W. S. Perry, of Worcester, Mass.; H. B. Whitney, Phelps, N. Y.; W. E. Perry, Boston, Mass.: W. H. Wolstencroft, Philadelphia, Pa., and N. F. Quimby, of Newark, N. J., as substitute. Western team: C. W. Budd, Des Moines, Ia; James R. Stice, Omaha, Neb; R. O. Heikes, Dayton, O.; C. A. Cahoon, Freeport, Ill; J. A. Ruble, Beloit, Wis., with S. A. Tucker, of Davenport, Ia., as substitute.

At San Francisco it has been arranged to have ten of the visitors shoot a live bird match on Washington's Birthday against an equal number of Californians, and it is probable that Sacramento will have one or more representatives in the latter team. The exhibition shoots given by the visitors are at inanimate targets, but a few special matches will be shot at live birds. It had been the intention of the sportsmen of this city to arrange for a live bird match with the Eastern cracks, but Mr. Keller says their time is so limited that while here the team will not be able to alter their regular programme so as to accept of the proferred courtesy of Sacramento sportsmen.

One of the purposes of the tour is to awaken among the sportsmen of the country renewed interest in trap-shooting by the aid of inanimate targets.

UNREASONING CRITICISM.

The Stockton "Mail" States the Case Forcibly.

[From the Stockton Mail.]

It is unjust and childish to blame the railroad for the great snow blockade and the consequent hardship entailed upon the beleagured passengers. As well charge the newspapers with responsibility for the floods in the valleys. These extraordinary processes of nature cannot be foreseen. The San Francisco *Chronicle*, wise in retrospection, accuses the railroad people of sending trains forward into the snow region when they should have known what the result would be to the innocent passengers destined to be imprisoned for a week or more. Anybody can see now that it would have been better to hold the trains back, but who was gifted with the power of prophecy to foretell at the time what was going to happen? Did the *Chronicle* warn intending passengers not to buy tickets over the snow route? It was its duty as a newspaper to do so if it could see danger ahead. But it saw no danger. It knows about it now, just as we of Stockton know now that there was danger of a freshet in this city last Saturday night. But who knew a week ago that it was coming? "I told you so" wisdom is not the best thing is going, but the *Chronicle* cannot even lay claim to that. If Mr. De Young had intended going East a fortnight ago he would have started across the Sierra Nevada mountains fully confident of reaching his destination without any delay other than such as is usual during the winter season. He never would have paused and turning his eyes heavenward observed to his wondering servant: "I can see in the elements the portents of the greatest snowfall in the mountains and rains in the valleys that our State has witnessed for a quarter of a century. I will, therefore, deter my departure and hasten to the *Chronicle* office to tell the people everywhere to beware." On the contrary he would have purchased his ticket and got aboard of the cars just the same as the other passengers did who were subsequently held in the snow banks that piled up with unprecedented rapidity. Mr. De Young did not know that the Sierras were going to witness the greatest snowfall that any white man had ever seen. The oldest mountaineer did not know it. Everybody knows all about it now, though. The fact that Vice-President Crocker started East himself at the time when we all thought the storm must surely be about over, and was held a prisoner in the snow for over a week, shows pretty conclusively that the railroad people were not sending trains forward with a reckless disregard of consequences, or for the purpose of inflicting unnecessary hardship upon the passengers. If an ocean steamship should be wrecked and the passengers cast upon an inhospitable island, we presume the *Chronicle* would condemn the owners of the line for allowing the vessel to sail when they knew, or should have known, that a great storm would overtake her. It would be sure to do so if it cherished any animosity toward the company.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

W. C. Swain was down from Marysville yesterday.

Sheriff McMullen was able to be in his office yesterday.

Mrs. and Mrs. S. Runyon are up from their Courtland home.

Editor Boynton, of the Oroville *Register*, was in the city yesterday.

G. G. Davis is in Sierra Valley. He wouldn't be there if he could help it, but he cannot get out till the spring thaw sets in.

Mrs. James L. Goode and children returned Tuesday from Dalles, Tex., where they have been for a month visiting friends.

Arrivals at Golden Eagle Hotel yesterday: G. W. Beattie, San Bernardino; F. A. Glimore, T. H. Keller, New York; H. F. Krin, B. Bias, Santa Cruz; G. Y. Lublardt, Denver; H. Fried and wife, Auburn; F. H. Davis, R. E. Carter, E. J. Isham, J. H. Simpson, San Francisco.

Arrivals at the Capital Hotel yesterday: J. B. Hays, San Francisco; Frank Krunsting, Franklin; Charles Zermordt, San Francisco; R. C. Saufley and wife, Oakland; E. L. Bacon, Rocklin; John Butler, Auburn; J. M. Stephenson, Franklin; H. J. Huggins, Clarksburg; Sol Runyon and wife, George B. Greene, Courtland; Robert Barnett, San Francisco; Don Hackett, Truckee.

SUPREME COURT.

WEDNESDAY, January 29, 1890.

Tezmazzini vs. Morganti—Counsel for the respective parties consenting, it is ordered that the submission heretofore made in this case be and is hereby set aside and cause resubmitted this day. The Court.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Department Two—Van Fleet, Judge.

THURSDAY, January 30, 1890.

Estate of Bauquier, deceased—Contest over appointment of executrix continued.

A LATE LINE FROM HAYES.

The Corrective Properties of the Juices of California's Vegetable Alteratives Almost Sensational.

A lady formerly of 1221 Mission St., but now of 400 Hayes St., S. F., writes to the Edwin W. Joy Co. as follows: "Mrs. H. T. Beverly, of Seattle, resided with me last winter. She had long been a sufferer from dyspepsia and waterbrash. Her stomach was so weak that for months at a time she lived principally upon milk and the white of eggs. She tried one of the mineral sarsaparillas only to find that it gave her pains in the head and weak sinking spells. Having taken Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla myself with great benefit in stomach troubles, I induced her to discard the potash preparaiton and try your Vegetable compound. It began reinvigorating her stomach and in a short time helped her astonishingly. It improved her to that extent, that just before she left, she was beginning to return to solid food. She authorized me to write you this statement accordingly."

Birth, death, and marriage notices must be sent in by responsible parties, and paid for at the rate of 25 cents each; funeral notices, 25 cents.

BORN.

Sacramento, January 30—Wife of Herman C. Fisher, a son. *

DIED.

Sacramento, January 29—Wm. F. Huntoon, a native of Sacramento, 33 years, 10 months and 4 days.

[Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place this afternoon at 2 P. M., from the residence of his parents, 721 M street. Interment private.] *

Sacramento, January 28—Ernest Ehrich, a native of Germany, about 60 years.

[Friends are respect'ully invited to attend the funeral, from the undertaking parlors of J. Frank Clark, this (Friday) morning at 10 o'clock.] *

Sacramento, January 30—Emroy, only child of Frank L. and Emroy Gray, a native of Sacramento, 1 year, 4 months and 7 days. *

[Funeral private.]

Sacramento, January 30—Robert O. Mullane, beloved husband of Katie Mullane, a native of Connaught, Ireland, 38 years, 7 months and 20 days.

[Funeral notice hereafter.]

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

CARPETS!

ON ACCOUNT OF STOCK-TAKING WE will close out all REMNANTS of BRUSSELS and INGRAIN CARPETS at such prices as will sell them.

CALL AT ONCE FOR BARGAINS.

CHAS. M. CAMPBELL,
409 K street,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS.

TO-DAY, AT 10 A. M.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Fine Millinery Goods!

Which will include a variety of Felt Hats, Baby Bonnets, Wings, Birds and Breasts, Old Ladies' Caps, Pompons, Cocks' Plumes, Quills, Silk Ribbons and Ornaments. The following prices will describe more definitely the large reductions we have made, with a view to clearing out all odds and ends before receiving our importations of Spring Millinery:

LOT I.

Will comprise about ten of the leading shades in Stiff Wings at 1 cent each. Also a variety of Silk and Satin Ribbons, of different widths and makes, at 2 and 5 cents per yard, amongst which there are suitable colors for millinery and children's hair ribbon.

LOT II.

Assortment of medium and large sizes in stylish Cocks' Plumes, suitable for covering entire turbans, making fans and hat trimmings, at 5 cents each. Also a variety of Wings, Quills and Pompons (the former price of many of these was 65 cents), 5 cents.

LOT III.

Consists of choice novelties in Wings, which have been reduced from 50 cents, 75 cents and $1 25 to 10 cents each.

LOT IV.

Fine Feather Breasts, former prices $1 and $1 50, at 25 cents; several styles in white, and white and black. Old Ladies' Caps, former prices $1 and $2, at 25 cents. Also, this season's styles in colored Felt Hats, in a variety of shapes, for ladies' and children's wear, at 25 cents. All kinds of Ribbon, in bunches, at 25 cents each.

LOT V.

Something useful for the babies—Different styles of Plush and Silk Baby Bonnets. Also some Worsted Crochet Tam O'Shanters, reduced from 75 cents, $1, $1 25 and $1 50 to 49 cents.

LOT VI.

English and French Felt Hats, in the late fall styles and in new colors, for ladies' and children's wear, at 69 cents; former price, $1 25, $1 40, $1 75 and $2 25. Can be had in black, brown, grey, green, cardinal, navy, eiffel, plum and garnet.

Millinery Department.

WEINSTOCK, LUBIN & CO.,
Nos. 400 to 412 K Street, Sacramento.

It will be of Public Interest to WATCH THIS SPACE SATURDAY MORNING. An Unusual Announcement WILL be made.

Millinery Clearance Sale!

In order to make room for Spring Goods I will, for the next

THIRTY DAYS,

Sell Millinery at cost and less, in order to close out my Winter Millinery. Call early for the bargains.

Trimmed Hats from $1 upwards at

MRS. M. A. PEALER'S, 621 and 623 J street, Sacramento,
SUCCESSOR TO BARBER & PEALER.

PACIFIC OPTICAL INSTITUTE,
D. M. BISHOPP, Proprietor,
HAS REMOVED TO 806 J STREET. j11-tf

CONSERVATORY, HOUSE AND LAWN FLOWERING PLANTS and trees in large quantities and of finest varieties, at low prices. Call and examine our green-house, 813 Second street, near the depot. ja4-3mlp REED & VAN GELDER.

GUTHRIE BROS., PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, STEAM AND GAS Fitters. Roofing and Jobbing. Sipage water removed from basements at very low prices. Telephone, 165. 127 J Street ja26-tf

Clauss & Kraus, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS FRESH MEATS Bacon, Hams, Lard, Pressed Corned Beef and all kinds of Sausages; proprietors I-STREET MARKET, cor. Seventeenth and I sts. Free delivery to all parts of the city. d31-tf

HOUSEKEEPERS!

IF YOU DESIRE TO DEAL WITH A HOUSE THAT SAYS:

"If our goods are not satisfactory after being delivered we will take them back at our expense."

IF YOU DESIRE TO DEAL WITH A HOUSE THAT SAYS:

"After you have our goods and you find the prices are not lower or as low as any other house in California we will refund your money."

IF YOU DESIRE to deal with a house that has but one price, so that an out-of-town resident can order by mail and get the same prices as if ordering in person, then do your trading at

JOHN BREUNER'S, Furniture and Upholstery,
604, 606 and 608 K St., Sacramento, Cal.

Jas. G. Davis
411 and 413 K street, Sacramento.
WALL PAPER OF ALL KINDS. SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

FURNITURE
—AND—
CARPETS.

H. WACHHORST,
LEADING JEWELER OF SACRAMENTO
SIGN OF THE TOWN CLOCK.
No. 315 J Street [8ptf] Sacramento.

KLUNE & FLOBERG,
WATCHMAKERS and JEWELERS.....428 J St., bet. Fourth and Fifth
DEALERS IN WATCHES, JEWELRY and DIAMONDS. Repairing in all its branches a Specialty, under MR. FLOBERG. Agents for SANFORD WATCH COMPANY. 8p

CLEARANCE SALE!

10 Per Cent. Discount for the next

30 DAYS.

—Entire Stock of—

BOOTS and SHOES

—AT—

P. F. NOLAN & SONS, 603 J Street.

JOE POHEIM,
THE TAILOR,
—HAS NOW A—
Genuine Clearance Sale.
Suits made to order from $20,
Pants made to order from $5,
Other garments in proportion
This Sale is to Continue for SIXTY DAYS Only.
Perfect fit and best of workmanship guaranteed or no sale.
600 J street, cor. Sixth, Sacramento.

"Extra Star"
KEROSENE.
BEST AND SAFEST OIL MANUFACTURED.
STRICTLY WATER WHITE.
Guaranteed 150° Fire Test.
BUY THE BEST OILS, AS THEY ARE NOT only the SAFEST, but from their superior gravity and burning quality, are the CHEAPEST in the end.
No Oil has ever been offered to the public that fills all the requirements of SAFETY, ECONOMY and BRILLIANCY equal to our "EXTRA STAR KEROSENE."
It is manufactured by one refinery for our special use, and is made from the BEST CRUDE OIL that has yet been discovered.
Give This Oil a Trial, and You Will Use No Other.
Whittier, Fuller & Co.,
Sacramento and San Francisco. s17-tf3p

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
208 and 210 J street.
THE LEADING STATIONERS,
—PRINTERS—
And Lithographers
—AGENTS FOR—
CALIGRAPH TYPE-WRITER
And Supplies.
MANUFACTURERS OF BLANK BOOKS.
n17-tf&Su

Gold Ribbon Whiskey
THE FINEST WHISKEY FOR THE HOLIDAYS IS LINDLEY & CO.'S GOLD RIBBON. 3ptf

Night School
AT THE SACRAMENTO BUSINESS COLLEGE, Hale's Block, corner of Ninth and K streets. Thorough instruction in Penmanship, Bookkeeping, English Branches, Telegraphy, Shorthand and Type-writing. Foreigners taught to read and write the English language. Private instruction to persons of neglected education. For further information call at the College office.
o4-3ptf E. C. ATKINSON, Principal.

NEW CROCKERY STORE,
READY FOR BUSINESS.
Everything Marked in Plain Figures.
CONVINCE YOURSELVES REGARDING OUR STOCK AND PRICES.
—HEADQUARTERS FOR—
Bar, Hotel and Restaurant Supplies.
AT DENNERY'S OLD STAND,
Jos. Thieben Crockery Co.
j19-tf&Su

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES
AND PROVISIONS,
Flour, Hay, Grain, Wines and Liquors,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.
SCHADEN & TANQUARY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS,
Southeast corner Fourth and L streets,
SACRAMENTO, CAL. 1y

NEW PROCESS CORN MEAL.
NEUBOURG & LAGES, STAR MILLS AND Malt House, 1016 to 1020 Fifth street. Manufacturers of malt and all kinds of meal. Also, dealers in hops, corks, produce, grain, feed and brewers' supplies. Special attention is called to our new process corn meal and farina. Exchange sold on the principal cities of Europe. nl-tf

BEAR IN MIND
THAT AT W. D. COMSTOCK'S ARE BARGAINS in all descriptions of
Furniture.
All would save money by getting his prices. 4p

W. F. FRAZER,
Lumber Dealer,
FIFTH AND L STREETS.
A general assortment of Humboldt and regon Lumber direct from the mills. o16-tf

FELTER, SON & CO.,
1008 and 1010 Second st., J and K,
—DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN—
Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Mineral Waters and our special brand of GOLD CROWN WHISKY. 3p

FRIEND & TERRY
Lumber Company.
Main yard and office.....1310 Second street.
Branch yard...Corner Twelfth and J streets.

AMERICAN STEAM LAUNDRY,
Nineteenth and I Sts., Sacramento.
WHITE LABOR ONLY. LINEN POLISHED in the neatest manner. We guarantee satisfaction. All ordinary mending, sewing on buttons, etc., free of charge. Washing called for and delivered to any part of the city. Office, at Sawtelle's book store, 708 and 710 J street.
4plm E. H. GREEN, Proprietor.

The Greatest Medicine in the World.
Radam's Microbe Killer.
KNOWN ONLY TWO years, yet TEN FACTORIES in the United States busy supplying the every-increasing demand.
Miraculous Cures
Of hopeless diseases are constantly made where all other remedies have failed.
The Sick Cured at a Cost of $3 per month.
Cheapest Medicine in the World.
L. L. GODDARD & CO., Agents,
703 J Street, Sacramento, Cal. feb2tf

FOR THE best CIGARS
At the very Lowest Prices send your orders direct to the Largest and Leading Cigar House of the Pacific Coast.
A. COOLOT, Sacramento, Cal. s24-

Short Hand
BOLBOTIC!
THE SYSTEM TAUGHT BY ALL THE leading Colleges on the coast, viz: Heald's and the Pacific, of San Francisco; Woodbury's, of Los Angeles; De Pue's, of Oakland; Garden City, of San Jose; the Stockton College, of Stockton, and
BAINBRIDGE COLLEGE
OF SACRAMENTO.
Why? Because it can be learned in one-half the time required for the old moss-covered systems. o3-3p

SALE OF BONDS.

Central Irrigation District, Colusa County, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE Board of Directors of CENTRAL IRRIGATION DISTRICT, that said Board will, at its office in the town of Maxwell, in the county of Colusa, State of California, on the

Fourth Day of March, in the year 1890,

at 3 o'clock P. M. of said day, sell to the highest responsible bidder for cash in gold coin of the United States, four hundred and fifty bonds of the said District, to the amount of two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars being part of an issue of bonds aggregating the sum of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars; that sealed proposals for the purchase of said bonds will be received by said Board till the day and hour aforesaid, at which time said Board will open the proposals, and award the purchase of said bonds to the highest responsible bidder, but said Board reserves the right to reject all bids, and will in no event sell any of said bonds for less than ninety per cent of the face value thereof; said bonds are dated the first day of July, in the year 1888, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually; any interest accruing between said date and the date of the sale and delivery of said bonds, shall be credited before delivery on the first maturing coupons attached to said bonds. Said bonds will be delivered to the successful bidder and the money received theref