CALIFORNIA AND COAST.

The Five Murderous Apaches are Overtaken at Salt River.

HEAVY SNOWFALL AT CASCADE.

Condition of the Mountain Streams —Land Slides in Nevada County —Crop Prospects.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

WEATHER NOTES.

Streams Higher in Many Places Than Ever Before Known.

MARYSVILLE, March 8th.—The Feather river rose about a foot last night, and marks over 18 feet this morning, which is the highest point reached for several years, and about one and a half feet below the extreme high-water mark. The Yuba is held up here to a hight of 16½ feet by the backwater from the Feather, but fell six inches last night some miles above Marysville. The Yuba is expected to rise again to-day, but there is no apprehension of danger here or at Yuba City. The levees at both places are very strong and high above the flood line. A southerly storm is prevailing to-day, with an occasional shower of rain. Owing to the back-water from the Feather river flooding the track north of the Marysville levees, the Oregon express trains were unable to get through last night. The mails, express matter and passengers are being transferred by wagon this morning across Feather river bridge, between Marysville and Yuba City. Word from Comptonville and other points in the mountains this morning is to the effect that the streams are higher than ever before known.

MARYSVILLE, March 8th.—The Yuba here has fallen several inches since morning. The Feather is likewise subsiding slowly. The weather is clear this afternoon in the valley, but the storm continues in the mountains.

NICOLAUS, March 8th.—The storm has continued all day with a very low barometer, with indications of the continuance of the storm. Half an inch of rain fell. The Feather river is now standing at 18 feet 3 inches here, and running over the top of two miles of levee below town. There is no fear of a break. The "Rideout" levee on the north broke to-day but as the land was already under water no further damage will be done. There is a large amount of stock there but they are on high ground.

OROVILLE, March 8th.—The river yesterday was within nine inches of the December flood. It has now fallen two feet. The rain has ceased and the weather is cooler. No mails came from below last night or to-day.

GRASS VALLEY, March 9th.—It re-commenced raining early this morning, and snow was falling from 11 o'clock to noon, when it ceased. More snow or rain is certain. Small bridges have been swept away, as has Farmer Cree's system of irrigating reservoirs. The mines are greatly troubled with seepage water.

CISCO, March 8th.—This is one of the roughest nights of the season. It is snowing hard and blowing a gale. The rotary plow is stalled at Cascade.

CAYUCOS, March 8th.—It commenced to rain at 8 o'clock Thursday evening and rained all night, cleared yesterday and rained again all last night. The result is 1 42 inches for the storm and 31.34 inches for the season. It is not raining now (12:30 P. M.), but it is threatening.

ANTIOCH, March 8th.—Since March 5th .48 of an inch of rain has fallen, and for the season 20.31 inches. It is storming now (10:30 A. M.), with a strong southeast wind. Summer-fallow grain is in good condition, but there is poor prospect of much late grain being sown.

NAPA, March 8th.—A terrific wind and rain storm prevailed a short time this morning. A large tree at the Court-house plaza was blown down. The storm appears to be broken.

SANTA ROSA, March 8th.—Rain fell at intervals throughout the day, mixed with hail. It is very cold to-night and the indications good for a storm. Crops will be almost a complete failure.

PETALUMA, March 8th.—A heavy rain is falling and the weather is cold, and with no prospect of cessation. The rainfall up to date is 42 inches.

GILROY, March 8th.—It is showery and changeable weather to day with occasional heavy downpours. An inch fell for the last twenty-four hours, making for the season over 36 inches, as against less than nine to the same date last year. The appearance of the sky to-night indicates a continuance of the rain.

TULARE, March 8th.—A gentle rain is falling to-day. The fall so far is .50 of an inch. This is very opportune, as many vineyards have just been planted.

PASADENA, March 8th.—It has been raining lightly all day. No signs of clearing at 6 P. M.

APACHE MURDERERS.

Two of Them Killed and the Other Three Captured.

WILCOX (A. T.), March 8th.—The foul murderers of George Herbert, the Mormon freighter, on Sunday last, were overtaken yesterday on Salt river, about thirty miles north of Globe, by the pursuing party and, as was expected, a fight followed, resulting in the killing of two of the renegades and the capture of the remaining three, one of whom was wounded.

This capture speaks volumes for the efficient young officer in command of the detachment, Lieutenant James W. Watson, of the Tenth Cavalry, who has not yet seen ten years of service. He is recognized as a most valuable Indian trailer, and for this purpose has permanent command of the Indian scouts at San Carlos.

To Lieutenant Clarke and the entire command is also due great credit for their determined efforts in the pursuit, having traveled over nearly three hundred miles of the roughest country in Arizona and for having shown superior skill during the skirmish, the whole command escaping without a scratch.

The killed were buried where they fell, and the three prisoners were brought to Globe to day, where they will be held in confinement until to-morrow, when they will be taken to San Carlos.

The successful termination of a military chase in pursuit of renegade Indians is the first one to record for many years and congratulations are modestly received by Lieutenants Watson and Clarke.

The murder having occurred in Graham county the prisoners will be taken charge of by the civil authorities of that county and justice will be meted out to them by a jury.

It is safe to say that their days of devilment are about ended until they reach the happy hunting-ground.

HOW THEY WERE CAPTURED.

GLOBE (A. T.), March 8th.—Lieutenant J. W. Watson, of San Carlos, in command of a detachment of Indian scouts and Lieutenant Clarke, of the Tenth Cavalry, with a detachment from K troop, and a Sergeant and detachment of the Fourth Cavalry arrived in Globe at noon to-day with three Indian prisoners who participated in the murder of freighter Herbert on Sunday last, nine miles west of Fort Thomas.

The renegades numbered five, two of whom were killed by the troops and scouts in the attempt to capture them after a persistent chase of 250 miles or more.

Lieutenants Watson and Clarke overtook the renegades on Salt river, about thirty miles north of Globe, in a rugged and almost impenetrable locality. The troops surprised the renegades at 1 o'clock P. M. on Friday, and after the first exchange of shots the renegades took to the rocks and began a determined fight for their lives.

The troops and scouts displayed great bravery, and although at a disadvantage succeeded in killing two of the renegades and wounding a third, when those surviving surrendered.

The troops and scouts suffered no casualties. The capture is considered the best piece of work ever accomplished in the pursuit of Indians in Arizona, and the greatest credit is due Lieutenants Watson and Clarke and those under them, especially Rowdy and the other scouts, who stuck doggedly to the trail until the fugitives were sighted.

THE STRIKE STILL ON.

The Molders' Union and Foundrymen Association Still Firm.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8th.—At a meeting of the Molders' Union last night resolutions were passed denying the statement made by McCormack Bros. against President Valentine, wherein the latter was accused of offering to obtain the influence of the Union in politics. The resolutions also state that the Union believes the statement of McCormack, above referred to, to be false in every particular, and that it knows the Union never has been in the past, and is not now, a political club, nor can it be connected with party politics.

The Union has also received the support of the Federated Trades, as at a meeting ing last night the strike of the molders was indorsed.

There were plenty of members of the Molders' Union at the headquarters of the Executive Committee this afternoon, and in response to the inquiry President Valentine stated that the outlook for an adjustment of the difficulty is practically the same as on the first day of the trouble.

JEALOUS HUSBAND.

He Peforates His Wife's Employer With Bullets.

SAN DIEGO, March 8th.—The details of a shooting affray which occurred at Loma Alto, about twelve miles from Oceanside, two or three days ago, have just reached this city. The trouble was between a man named Holland and Marcel Costeau, a rancher in that vicinity. Holland and his wife have lived at San Bernardino for a number of years. A few months ago they had a quarrel and separated, Mrs. Holland going to Oceanside, and then to Loma Alto, where she says she engaged to keep house for Costeau.

About two weeks ago Holland put in an appearance and wanted to forget the past and be husband and wife once more. Mrs. Holland, however, refused his overtures, and after several stormy scenes Holland returned home, disappointed and angry, threatening that if he came again there would be bloodshed.

On Monday night about 9:30 o'clock a noise was heard at Costeau's door. The latter went out and found Holland, who at once opened fire with a revolver. Three bullets were discharged at short range, one passing through the Frenchman's hat and grazing his skull, a second through his wrist, and the third penetrating his right thigh to the bone.

Holland then stopped shooting and calmly inquired for an officer, stating that he desired to surrender himself. He remained in the neighborhood until Tuesday, when Constable Wilson arrived and took him into custody. Costeau's wounds were found to be not very serious, and the examination of Holland has been set for Monday at Oceanside.

RAZZLE DAZZLE.

The Composer of the Popular Waltz Deserts His Family.

OAKLAND, March 8th.—There is a sensation in Oakland musical and social circles over the disappearance of P. A. Gilbert, the composer of the "Razzle Dazzle" waltz and other popular airs. Gilbert was a somewhat erratic genius, formerly in the employ of Kohler & Chase. Subsequently he engaged in teaching music and had a large number of pupils. He appeared to be doing well financially and spent money freely.

Gilbert resided with his wife, a prepossessing, dark-eyed brunette, in handsomely furnished apartments in the Playter block.

Saturday afternoon about 2 o'clock he informed his wife that he was going to attend a musical engagement in San Francisco. There was nothing peculiar in his manner or remarks, but he did not return and his wife has not seen him since. Monday a letter was received by a friend of Gilbert's in this city in which he inclosed a note to his wife. It was in a most melancholy strain. He said: "I think I am fulfilling your wishes in leaving."

Further on he writes: "I will leave behind all hopes of friendship, love and even fame. I am going to give up music as a deceiving and mercenary art. I will never in my (I hope short) life listen or turn to it again." In another place he says: "Anna, I bear you no ill will and I do not think you heartless or unkind. Do not try to come to me. If you do I shall shoot myself. I swear it."

All efforts to find any clew to the whereabouts of the missing man have failed. The wife is left with no provision for her support but her own efforts in teaching music. She says that she cannot account for the action of her husband unless he is temporarily insane.

MINING DISPUTE.

Great Damage Done to Property in Nevada County by the Storm.

NEVADA CITY, March 8th.—The dispute as to the boundary lines between the Idaho and Maryland quartz mines of Grass Valley, arising from the former working towards the latter at a great depth, resulted in the Idaho bringing suit in the Superior Court this afternoon to determine its rights.

It will take some days to remove the debris from the narrow-gauge railroad track, as the earth continues to slide and must be bulkheaded for a considerable distance. This afternoon there was another slide from a hill a thousand feet beyond the first, the soft earth running fifty yards before reaching the track and then burying it several feet deep.

The weather is variable this afternoon and still threatening. Much damage is being done to county wagon roads by the storm. Several washouts are reported. The Rock Creek bridge on Selby Flat, two miles above here, was carried away, and the wooden bridge across Deer creek, at the foot of Broad street, in this city, is undermined so as to be unsafe for teams.

ROBBERS ARRESTED.

Two Men Who Did Not Get Rich Off of Wells, Fargo & Co.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8th.—George W. Gregory and John R. Ewing were arrested to-day and charged with grand larceny for having robbed Wells, Fargo & Co. of $215. Gregory was formerly employed with Wells, Fargo & Co., and when he left them about two months ago he took with him two keys, one which opened all the money boxes, and another which opened all the express cars in the Western Division. He induced Ewing to become his confederate, and on January 5th, by means of one of these keys, they robbed a Wells-Fargo box during the temporary absence of those in charge of it, while it was being conveyed on the ferry boat from Oakland to this city. On their arrest they confessed to having made numerous plans for robbing express cars, but which were not carried out owing to their fear of detection.

Valuable Horse Attached.

OAKLAND, March 8th.—Sheriff Hale attached the $10,000 stallion Memo by order of the Superior Court of San Francisco. The horse is owned by James P. Kerr, proprietor of the *Breeder and Sportsman*, formerly cashier of the *Morning Call*. The attachment is the result of a suit for $25,000 of Ernest C. Stock, the managing editor of the *Call*, against Kerr.

Kerr is said to be a partner in the paper with John White, who, for twenty years, was business manager of the *Call*, and recently lost his position.

A Kicking Director.

VISALIA, March 8th.—Director Vannoy of the Alta Irrigation District is in town to-day, consulting lawyers in regard to the late alleged sale of the lands, ditches and water privileges of the Alta district. Vannoy opposed the sale, and says he will frustrate it yet if possible. He was offered a $2,000 bribe, and is satisfied as much boodle was used on the other Directors.

A great majority of the people of the district are with Vannoy, and condemn the Directors that made the purchase in unmeasured terms.

Heavy Damage Suit.

RED BLUFF, March 8th.—A suit for $5,000 damages for false imprisonment has been commenced against Marshal Robertson by Albert L. Kellogg. The latter was arrested as a vagrant and confined fourteen hours in jail, when he was released. He is a son of L. J. Kellogg, a wealthy resident of Hayfork valley, and deposited cash bail for his appearance at the time of his arrest.

Discharged From Custody.

PETALUMA, March 8th.—L. O. Walz, the slayer of Tanner, was this afternoon set at liberty by Judge Whallon, who held that there was an entire insufficiency of evidence to warrant him holding the prisoner to answer before the Superior Court.

Kidnaped Sailors.

LOS ANGELES, March 8th.—Harry Kemp and Louis Bush, two non-union sailors, who were abducted February 26th from the schooner Nettie Lundborg, lying at San Pedro, were found on Catalina island Friday by officers. Their two kidnapers are in the jail and will be tried.

Officials Elected.

NAPA, March 8th.—The Board of State Insane Asylum Directors to-day elected the following officers: President, Dr. Benjamin Shurtleff; Secretary and Treasurer, C. B. Seeley; Steward, J. M. Palmer.

The Rumors are False.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 8th.—Captain Tidd, the Government Timber Inspector for Indians, returned to-day from a trip to Red Lake and White Earth Indian agencies. He says the reports circulated about the destitution among the Indians on these reservations are false.

EAST OF THE ROCKIES.

A Southern Editor Presented With a Negro's Bloody Ear.

GEORGE H. PENDLETON'S FUNERAL

English Syndicate Buying Up American Shipyards—Dishonest Missouri Official.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

UNION PACIFIC.

Sidney Dillon on the Proposition Suggested by Secretary Windom.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—Sidney Dillon was interviewed concerning Secretary Windom's proposal to substitute for United States 4 per cent. bonds, which form part of the Sinking Fund of the Union Pacific Railroad, an equal amount of first-mortgage bonds of that railroad, bearing 6 per cent. interest.

He said the scheme would be favored by the company. The sale of the company's bonds would be an advantage, while the interest, although coming out of the road's earnings, would be applied toward the cancellation of the liability to the Government. Windom bases his proposition on a decision rendered by the Attorney-General under the Cleveland Administration.

"What the Government ought to do, however," said Dillon, "is to take the bonds of our branch roads in exchange for its bonds. These roads have been declared to be of benefit to the main line, and the substitution of their securities for the Government's would be of greater advantage to the road than even the proposed arrangement."

MONEY SQUANDERER.

What It Costs a Fast Young Man to Keep Up Appearances.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—How much does it cost a man about town to live in a becoming way in New York? This question was touched upon by the referee in the case of William Stow against the executors of the late Charles J. Osborn. The opinion is adverse to the plaintiff, who brought suit to recover about $60,000 loaned by him to Howell Osborn and for which he once got judgment.

Stow sued for the payment out of the income from a $500,000 trust fund set apart for Howell Osborn by his father's will. In his opinion the referee says that Stow visited Osborn while he was living with a woman not his wife and deliberately loaned him money to enable him to maintain his course of dissipation.

This woman was Fay Templeton, with whom he lived for a time in San Francisco. She cost him about $20,000 a year. Altogether he spent about $60,000 a year, and then complained that he did not have enough. He spent from $2,000 to $3,000 a year in clothes and from $2,000 to $3,000 in cab-hire. Even during his father's lifetime he spent from $2,000 to $3,000 a year in theaters, suppers and little things like that.

MINISTERIAL THIEF.

A Preacher Caught Stealing Gimlets and Corkscrews.

READING (Pa.), March 8th.—The Rev. Martin L. Fritch, one of the best known clergymen in this section, was arrested today on the charge of being a common thief. Mr. Fritch resides at Shillington, on the outskirts of the city. He is 45 years old and a college graduate, and belongs to three reformed denominations. He is pastor of three rural congregations, situated at Plow, Alleghney and Conglis village, over which he has been spiritual adviser for more than fifteen years. Eight hundred families are in his congregation. Everyone has regarded him as upright in his conduct. He has been a daily figure on the streets of Reading and enjoyed the respect of the entire community.

Recently he has been a frequent visitor to the large hardware store of Bard, Reber & Co., and after each repeated visit the firm missed numerous articles from the counters and showcases. They hardly dared to suspect the clergyman at first, but as the thefts became more frequent, it was finally determined to watch him. He was seen one day putting in his pocket articles which he took from the showcases. A member of the firm taxed him with the theft and the clergyman confessed and returned the stolen goods.

MUTINOUS SAILORS.

They Capture a Ship at Sea and Put Into Rio Janeiro.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—A story of mutiny is told by Captain William Pratley of the ship Riela, from Rio Janeiro, of the Reina, a rice ship from Calcutta, which put into Rio commanded by the second mate. There were nine sailors before the mast, and the Captain, first mate and five sailors were in irons. When several days out from Calcutta some bad pork was given to the sailors and during the night nine mutinied. When they complained of the food the Captain said he would starve them into submission. The men then armed themselves with pistols and old swords and headed by the second mate commanded the Captain to give them the key to the storeroom. The Captain refused and summoned the first mate and five seamen, but they only could find two pistols and a musket. Two of the sailors that stood by the Captain were shot down. The Captain, first mate and three sailors were placed in irons by the mutineers, who brought the ship to Rio. The British Consul has formed a naval Court, which convened and sent the mutineers to jail. They will probably be shipped to England.

HAPPY ENDING.

He Married the Girl and Appeased the Old Man's Wrath.

COLUMBIA (S. C.), March 8th.—A sensational affair is reported to-night from Blanden county, N. C. For some time Joseph Ellar has been very attentive to Miss Mamie Culbreth, a pretty and lovely girl, and about one month ago it was reported that they would soon be married. But suddenly Ellar ceased to visit Miss Culbreth, and when her father questioned her about the matter she told a tale which so enraged him that he swore vengeance against the young man. Placing two large revolvers in his pocket the father started in search of Ellar, but on the solicitation of a friend of the latter Culbreth agreed to fight a duel with Ellar with pistols instead of perforating him at sight. Ellar was found and agreed to this. Darlington county was selected as the battle-ground, and on Wednesday morning the two men reached the battle-field.

As the seconds were about to step off the space Ellar, looking Culbreth in the face, asked: "What is all this about?"

"You have deceived and ruined my daughter, sir."

"How have I deceived her?"

"In that you have proposed to her and now decline to marry her."

For a moment Ellar stood perfectly still, and then he said: "Mr. Culbreth, I love your daughter, and if you will forgive me I am ready to marry her, and will try to make her a good and faithful husband." This proposition was agreed to, and the two men fired their revolvers in the air, and then all parties again mounted their horses and rode back home. They arrived there about 9 o'clock, and Ellar and Miss Culbreth were made man and wife without further delay.

DAVID DUDLEY FIELD.

Compulsory Voting is as Necessary as Compulsory Education.

BOSTON, March 8th.—In a speech at the Massachusetts Reform Club dinner last night the Hon. David Dudley Field spoke on the subject of honest government, and said that the primaries for the choice of candidates were very unsatisfactory. In places where a registry was held each voter, when registering, should name his candidates. If there were no registry they should be called on to express their preference in writing, the ones having a plurality to be nominated. He would make as many voters as possible take part in the nomination, and would make all vote. Compulsory voting was as necessary as compulsory education.

GEORGE H. PENDLETON.

His Remains are Laid Away in Spring Grove Cemetery.

CINCINNATI, March 8th.—The funeral services over the remains of the Hon. George H. Pendleton were held this morning at Christ Church, and were attended by the family and friends only.

Meanwhile the cortege formed to escort the remains to Music Hall consisted of a detachment of police, the First Regiment of the Ohio National Guard, Governor Campbell of Ohio and staff. The hearse was surrounded in a hollow square by members of the old Woodward Club and was followed by a long line of civic associations and all the political clubs of both parties.

On the arrival at Music Hall the casket was borne to the catafalque in front of the stage. The hall was beautifully draped with the national emblems and palms. Conspicuous among the flowers was a wreath in German colors, placed there by C. Pollier, the German Consul at Cincinnati, as a token of the love of the German people for Pendleton.

After the services the casket was followed by the family and friends to Spring Grove Cemetery, where the interment was made.

They Still Live.

WILKESBARRE (Pa.), March 8th.—The fate of the eight men entombed in the South Wilbesbarre shaft five days ago, has not been sealed. Workmen engaged in laying pipe from the Stanton mine to the Hillman mine, were startled this evening by a loud knocking on the main water-pipe which runs through all the mines. The signal was from the imprisoned men. They were still alive. If they really do exist, their whereabouts must be on top of the left Hillman vein, where they are able to get air, and have probably subsisted on mule-flesh and drank mule-blood.

The news of the knocking on the pipes spread like wildfire, and large crowds collected about the mine. In order to reach the spot where the men are supposed to be, 250 tons of rock and debris will have to be moved.

Suffering in Pennsylvania.

SCRANTON (Pa.), March 8th.—There is much suffering among the miners in the Lackawanna region. Many families are on the verge of starvation, owing to the scarcity of work in the collieries. They are being relieved by the Citizens' Relief Committee, who have opened a store of supplies and established canvassers to learn the condition of the destitute applicants.

No such misery was ever known among the anthracite miners as now exists. Their time-checks invariably show them to be in debt to the operators for rent and other supplies. The miners are not working enough to give them a living. The cold weather adds to their distress.

Resisting Officers.

NEW CASTLE (Pa.), March 8th.—A Constable and two deputies went to the ranch of ten Italians near Wampum last night to arrest them for stealing coal. They refused to be arrested, and the Constable returned to town and organized a posse of twenty-five men. They went back and attempted to force the Italians to go to the lockup, when one of them fired a load from a shotgun into one of the posse. Firing then became general, and one Italian was fatally shot. The remainder of the Italians were then overpowered and locked up, but the people at Wampum fear a large mass of their countrymen, working near there, will attempt to rescue them.

An Abandoned Bark.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—The Anchor line steamship Caledonia reports encountering the derelict Norwegian barg Progress at sea. The only live thing in the vessel was a small pig and a dog. The latter attacked the Caledonia's seamen, being mad from lack of provisions and water. The Progress was burned by order of the Caledonia's master. The log-book of the Progress showed her to be bound from Monte Cristo to Altoona, a port near Hamburg. The crew are supposed to have arrived at Halifax, N. S., a vessel having reached there with a crew from a derelict with a similar name.

The Bonds Must Issue.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—Judge Wallace, in the Circuit Court to-day, gave a decision for the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company in its suit against the United States Trust Company. The action was brought to compel the trust company to countersign and deliver certain mortgage bonds to the railroad company for the purpose of building a certain branch of its road. The department contended that it was not authorized under the terms of its trust to do so unless the branches were more than ten miles in length, and then only for the part included in ten-mile sections.

Baseball Interests.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—Counsel for the New York Baseball Club has notified the President and other backers of the New York Brotherhood Club that players engaged by the latter are already under contract to the League Club, and naming Ewing, Gore, Richardson, Keefe, Connor, O'Day, Slattery, O'Rouke and Brown. A similar notice will be served on the backers of the Brooklyn Brotherhood Team. This is the second legal step in the fight between the rival organizations.

Grim Southern Humor.

BIRMINGHAM (Ala.), March 8th.—The city editor of the *Evening News*, a newspaper carried on by the colored men, has just received in his mail a letter containing a bloody ear, apparently of a negro, which had been cut off close to the head. A note accompanying it said: "Make notice of this in your paper and it may help the late owner to recover her lost property. If not called for forward it to Senator Chandler at Washington." The note was signed "A Drummer."

They Want More Pay.

OMAHA, March 8th.—The linemen of the city, about 125, decided last night to quit work until their demand for an increase in wages is conceded by their employers. Action was taken by the Union of the Order of Linemen, which includes the linemen employed by the electric company, Western Union, Union Pacific and telephone company. The companies interested refused to grant the increase, which is from $2 10 and $2 25 to $2 50 and $2 65 per day.

Railroad Lease.

CHIPPEWA FALLS (Wis.), March 8th.—President Oakes of the Northern Pacific, is here. He stated that the lease of the Wisconsin Central to the Northern Pacific will be signed very soon.

He denied the report that the Northern Pacific was negotiating for the control of the B. and O. Oakes and party left this morning for the Pacific slope.

What's the Matter Now?

NEW YORK, March 8th.—A private cablegram from Rio de Janeiro states that exchange fell to-day to 22¼d, a drop of 2d. It is the lowest point touched for five years. It is surmised that this indicates some sudden internal commotion in Brazil of which the cable is not allowed to speak. The dispatch also states that coffee and rubber are greatly excited.

Spotted Fever.

NASHVILLE, March 8th.—A great excitement prevails in the vicinity of Fountain Head, Sumner county, in this State, over the appearance of spotted fever or malignant, meningitis. In all there has been seven deaths and several new cases. Those who take it live only a very short time.

Buying Up Shipyards.

DETROIT (Mich.), March 8th.—The rumored sale of Congressman Wheeler's shipyards at Bay City to an English syndicate is confirmed. The plant will be capitalized at $3,500,000, and a rolling mill, blast furnace, boiler and engine works for making steel boats added.

Proud of Her Boy.

WILKESBARRE, March 8th.—Jack Heffernan and Jack Carter, local pugilists, fought twenty-four rounds in a prize-fight. Heffernan won. His mother, Bridget, was his second in the fight and cheered him on when he was tempted to throw up the sponge.

Dishonest Officials.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.), March 8th.—The committee appointed to investigate the affairs of the State Treasurer finished counting cash and found it $10,000 short. They express the opinion that the examination of books and papers will increase this to over $30,000.

Fined and Imprisoned.

LEBANON (Ohio), March 8th.—Ex-County Auditor Graham pleaded guilty this morning and was given eighteen years in the penitentiary and fined $126,000 for the embezzlement of county funds.

Murdered His Brother.

ALFRED (Me.), March 8th.—The verdict of the Coroner's jury in the Sawtelle murder case is that Hiram F. Sawtelle came to his death February 5th by a pistol shot by the hand of Isaac Sawtelle.

Died in a Lodging-House.

NEW YORK, March 8th.—Charles E. Arnold, once a leading member of the New York bar, and for some time a theatrical manager, died in a cheap Bowery lodging-house at an early hour this morning.

Death of an Aged Lady.

LOUISVILLE (Ky.), March 8th.—Matilda Ruby died at Raywick, Ky., yesterday, aged 123 years. The record of her age is authenticated in the family Bible in her possession.

An Insane Official.

CENIA, March 8th.—It is announced here that Attorney-General Towbridge will be compelled to resign his office on account of insanity.

Only Five Dollars.

KANSAS CITY, March 8th.—All the St. Louis lines have made the rate $5 from Kansas City to St. Louis.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Effort to Fix the Appropriations for Public Buildings.

SENATOR STANFORD ON LOANS.

He Aims a Blow at Banks and Shylocks—Bad Treatment of a Democratic Congressman.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

SENATOR STANFORD.

He Would Have the Government Loan Money to the People.

WASHINGTON, March 8th.—To have the currency of the country based on its landed wealth is the idea of Senator Stanford of California. This idea he has put in the form of a resolution, which he will introduce in the Senate Monday, instructing the Finance Committee to inquire if a loan may not be made by the Government upon local State mortgages to bear a low rate of interest, say from 1 to 2 per cent. per annum, and the Government to reserve the power to call in a reasonable amount of its loan at its discretion.

SENATOR STANFORD'S PLAN.

Senator Stanford said this evening, when spoken to regarding his plan, that it was the duty of the Government to issue currency upon the value of real property, or authorize the establishment of national banks with power to put legal tender notes in circulation upon such security, which would be guaranteed in their redemption by the Treasury of the United States. "If a national bank which purchases bonds issued by the Government and to the extent of 90 cents on the dollar is authorized to put notes in circulation as currency, which the General Government guarantees the payment of; if the bullion from the gold mines may be taken to the mint and have its value fixed by the impression of a die; if silver bullion may be accorded free coinage because of its standard and fineness, why may not the farms or town property of established, fixed and certain value be used as the basis of a sound and healthful currency?

AS GOOD AS GOLD.

"I can see no reason," Stanford went on, "why land or town property having attained a permanent value indicated by the Assessor's estimate, ascertained by impartial values, might not be used as a currency with as much confidence as the paper obligations of the Government, or as the metals produced from the mines. I have seen the financial world twice driven from its prosperity by the fear that the excessive production of metals would prove valueless for use as money. The best money is that based upon the wealth of the nation and the property and honor of all its people.

CHANCE FOR A TRUST.

"A currency that has for its security the real property of the country is more surely guaranteed than by the bullion produced from the mines and stamped at the national mints. The country owns no mines, and who shall say the time is far distant when private ownership shall hold in trust all the mines, and of what value will be the constitutional provision that gives the Government the right to coin money if it has neither gold nor silver to coin and stamp?

THE POWER OF TAXATION.

"To coin and issue money for circulation is not the most important function of the Government. When it is considered that Congress, the Legislatures of the several States and the municipal bodies of incorporated cities are armed with the powers of taxation, and individual assessors are clothed with the right of valuation for purposes of taxation; that for the non-payment of taxes the Tax Collector may sell property without judicial investigation or decree of Court, or without any reservation of the rights of minors, absent persons or persons of unsound mind, how much less significant seems the power to coin money and control its volume of circulation.

WOULD HELP BUSINESS.

"That a currency based upon real estate values, under limited estimates, would increase activity in all industrial employment, I have no doubt; nor do I think such a volume of currency properly limited by legislative restriction would recall the days of Georgia, reproduce the Mississippi bubble, or the follies of the tulip speculation. Why should a man who has mortgaged for one-half or one-quarter its value the accumulations of his life, be more careless in the expenditure of his resources than he would be if he had hypothecated his property under an interest-bearing mortgage to a usurer for coin, the interest upon which he must pay whether he uses his money or not?

NO FEAR OF A PANIC.

"Such an issue of national currency to a limited extent would have its first effect in quieting all apprehension of a panic or financial disaster that are sometimes more hard to bear and more ruinous in consequences than the resulting calamities would be possible to a financial panic. All disastrous probabilities would be made avoidable and all branches of business would have breathed into them new life. Danger of money panics locks the gold and silver (in coin or bullion) in the vaults of the banker and money-lender, and while gold and silver coin is unusable it is valueless. No man is rich and no community prosperous with hoarded gold. Money is like any other property, worthless until actively employed. I have gone over this in a general way with a number of Senators, who were all apparently well pleased with it.

NO ADVANTAGE TO THE WEALTHY.

"Apparently the plan would give an advantage to people who are possessed of considerable property, but this is not true. The man who owns a farm could only loan money at low rates, and even if he could do so at 6 per cent. he would be as much entitled to it as the capitalist who had millions to invest in Government bonds, and after depositing his bonds with the Government he would have $90,000 issued him in legal tender notes. The idea is to issue legal tenders for the amount of the mortgage, as in the case of the National banks.'

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Secretary Windom Begins to Purchase Railroad Bonds.

WASHINGTON, March 8th.—Acting under the opinion of the Attorney-General that he has discretionary power in the matter, Secretary Windom has begun the purchase of Pacific Railroad sinking fund bonds and the investment of the proceeds in first mortgage bonds of the subsidized roads.

The purchases for the present will be confined to Government 4 per cents., of which there are now available about four and one-half million dollars. The amount of these already purchased is $700,000, and the proceeds were invested in mortgage bonds of the Union and Central Pacific roads.

SAN FRANCISCO SUFFERERS.

Several appeals have been made to the Secretary of War by Wilters of San Francisco, who signs himself, "President of the Executive Committee of the Unemployed," for the issue of Government rations to a large number of persons in San Francisco represented as out of work and suffering from lack of the necessaries of life. Secretary Proctor referred him to the civil authorities with the statement that there is no fund at his disposal which can be used for that purpose.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

The Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds to-day decides to report favorably bills allowing Spokane Falls, Tacoma and Seattle, Wash., $100,000 each for the purchase of a site for public buildings. Bills had been introduced authorizing $300,000 for public buildings in each of the above towns.

WYOMING AND IDAHO.

The Wyoming and Idaho bills will come up in the House next week. The opposition to Idaho will be on party lines, and the Democrats will contend for the passage of the Springer omnibus bill for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona with the other two.

LIFE-SAVING STATION.

Representative Vandever to-day introduced a bill for the establishment of a life-saving station at Hueneme, Cal.

ANOTHER CRUISER.

Secretary Tracy this afternoon issued a notice that the Navy Department will, during the present month, by public advertisement, invite proposals which will be opened on or about June 1st next for the construction of a 7,500 tons cruiser.

FIGURES THAT STAGGER.

The service pension bill, arrearage bill, and dependent pension bills, which are all in a position that practically assures their being reported from the House Committee on Pensions, aggregate $662,500,000. The service pension bill is estimated at $144,000,000 annually. The dependent bill at $36,000,000 annually, and private bills aggregate of $11,500,000, and the arrearage bill $471,000,000 in a lump sum.

SOUTHERN CHIVALRY.

They Eschew the Society of an Arkansas Democrat.

WASHINGTON, March 8th.—It begins to look as though there was more than one bad disposition entertained by the Democrats in the House, and as if they are not only determined to rule or ruin, but to persecute those who do not follow their lead. The Bourbons were greatly incensed at the contestant in the Featherstone vs. Cate contested election case from Arkansas, which was determined this week in favor of the former. Both the contestant and contestee are Democrats, but the contestant is an independent Democrat, having refused to cooperate with the bloodthirsty element of the Bourbon party which took the lead in the assassination of Clayton, who was the contestant of Clifton H. Breckinridge's seat.

After Mr. Featherstone was sworn in the other day some of the irate Democrats began to sneer at him and show a disposition to persecute him at every opportunity. The surroundings became so unpleasant for Mr. Featherstone that he refused to sit on the Democratic side of the House, where are located the only vacant seats to be found in the House of Representatives, and he has, during the past day or two, stood around on the Republican side or occupied lounges or seats temporarily left vacant by absent Representatives.

This is the only instance of the kind on record. It would not have been believed by any one a week ago that such conduct was possible among even the most hostile Democrats. It is likely, however, that the stinging speeches of some of the Republicans wrought up the Bourbons to the pitch in which they find themselves now, and which is venting its spleen upon Mr. Featherstone. Two or three of the Republicans have offered to trade seats with Mr. Featherstone, among them Mr. Kelly of Kansas, and it is likely he will be given a seat on the Republican side by a trade.

CALIFORNIANS INVESTING.

Buying Up Choice Farms Near Washington.

WASHINGTON, March 8th.—The California syndicate which recently made large purchases of land along the line of Connecticut avenue, are extending their operations to farm lands lying along the Tennallytown Electrical Road beyond the district line. A few weeks ago John E. Beall purchased two large farms in that vicinity, and he has now sold one of them, the Belmont farm, to the California syndicate. This property contains 125 acres, and lies partly in Montgomery county and partly in the district. The price paid is understood to be $160,000. The Belmont farm adjoins Chevy Chase, which is owned by John S. Bullitt and others. It is stated that the California syndicate has about completed negotiations for the purchase of this property.

It is currently reported that the syndicate will also purchase the Mason farm and other pieces of property in the same locality. It is now the owner of Oakview, the former residence of ex President Cleveland, and it is stated to be its purpose to build improvements on its recent purchases in this section of the suburbs as will bring the property into market.

MONTANA SENATORS.

The Republican Senators Will Likely be Seated.

WASHINGTON, March 8th.—The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, after a long session to-day, finally reached a decision in the case of the contested Montana Senatorship, and by a party vote decided to recommend to the Senate that Powers and Saunders, the Republican Senators, be seated.

The ground upon which the majority of the committee takes its stand as a basis for its recommendation is that the Republican House of Montana was a legal House, as its members held certificates of election from the election officers and was recognized as a legal House by the State Senate.

The report of the committee will not be made for several days, as it will be a long document, discussing both the law and the facts in the case.

Gray, it is expected, will prepare a report for the minority. The presentation of the reports will be the signal for an extended debate, and it may be several weeks before the Senate will reach a vote on the subject.

Turpie is of the opinion that no election has been accomplished and the case should be remitted to the State of Montana for action. He may make an independent report to that effect.

CONGRESSIONAL.

IN THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 8th.—In the House to-day the morning hour was consumed in the discussion of the bill for the compulsory attendance of witnesses before the Registers and Receivers of United States Land Offices. The law authorizes Registers and Receivers to issue subpenas five days before the trial of a case. The mileage and fees shall be paid in advance. Should a witness fail to attend, he shall be reported to the Judge of the nearest United States District Court, who shall enter judgment for $100 against the delinquent and in favor of the party on whose side he was subpenaed. Depositions are allowed where witnesses reside at a distance. The bill was passed.

The House then, in Committee of the Whole, resumed the consideration of public building measures.

Blount proceeded to oppose the bill giving the Newark (N. J.) building an increase in the amount already appropriated for it.

Blount of Georgia and Cannon of Illinois again raised the point of order made on Thursday on the San Jose bill against a bill carrying its own appropriation.

After considerable debate the Chairman overruled the point of order and allowed the appropriation to stand.

The Los Angeles public building, asking for an increase of the former amount, is in the same shape, and this decision saves much time on that.

Stewart of Vermont re