JAPANESE LIFE.

Curios and Flowers as Seen by American Eyes.

A correspondent writing from Yokohama has much to tell of the curios of Japan. He says: "Out here there are little gods, big gods, good gods and bad gods. They can be had from 50 cents to $10,000 each. They are made from every material known to man, from clay to crystal and gold. Of course, the wood Buddhas, as they are called, are the oldest and most unique. Good old Buddhas can be had from $15 to $35 Mexican. These are prices here. It is always the best way to figure that an article costing, say twenty Mexican here, will cost the purchaser $20 gold landed in the United States.

"I think Japan is the most beautiful country in the world. The people are quaint and picturesque; the flowers are marvelous. At present writing I see before me two plum trees about twenty-four inches high, in full bloom, each tree about ten years old. A few days ago we had a little snow, and it was a sight to see roses, geraniums, plum and cherry blossoms, all in full bloom with snow on them. Next month we will have the camellias, which are now in bud. They are all out in the open air, and in April the large cherry trees, ranging in size from eight feet to forty, though many Japs assure me that there are cherry trees eighty feet high. I have never seen them, but it would not surprise me if it were true, as I firmly believe a Jap gardener can do most anything with trees and plants. I suppose youngsters will come that way some time in the future. In August we have the lotus flowers. These also are worth traveling thousands of miles to see. October and November the favorite flower, chrysanthemum, for a month. This is the flower show of the year.

"There is a little place called Dayozaka, near Tokio, where they have the chrysanthemum shows, and they are, for all the world, the same as old English fairs. Two criers at the door, clapping together two pieces of hard wood—this is to call attention to the show within—then you plank down two cents and get your ticket, which is a piece of wood about two inches wide, six inches long and half an inch thick; they are made this size so as to last a few years. I never tire visiting these quaint places. I have had several invitations to visit the Shibiya (theater) at Tokio when the great Danturo acts. This man is called the Booth of Japan; his pay is $10,000 for twenty-one nights.

"The costumes of the company are the most lovely things I ever saw; they are beyond description. I really came out here to form another Japanese village, together with a Japanese opera company composed entirely of Japanese ladies and gentlemen, with brass and string band combined. I am sure of all except the opera part, although there are sixty graduates from the Conservatory of Music (in our music), they cannot sing. My idea was to do 'The Mikado' with a Japanese company and proper costumes; not one of the companies at home every costumed the piece properly.

"The brocades one sees out here are perfect dreams, particularly old priests' robes. We have paid as high as $160 for a full suit. If I had come out here ten or fifteen years ago, I could have attained the finest collection in the world for my little money that would have been worth half a million at this moment. There are several men who came here twenty-five and thirty years ago who bought little 'odds and ends' from time to time at very small prices, and find now their collections to be worth from $150,000 to $300,000. Pieces of gold lacquer work that cost a mere trifle ten to twenty years ago are now worth hundreds of dollars each."

"MOTHERS" IN DICKENS' WORK.

None of Them to be Admired or Respected.

[From Temple Bar.]

"You are a student of Charles Dickens, are you not?"

"Certainly; I think you could scarcely mention a character of his with which I am unfamiliar."

"Very well, then, if you can point me out one mother in the whole of Dickens' novels, with any claim to education, who can be either admired or respected, I will own that I have wronged him. I am ready to admit that on the lower orders he is less severe."

Eager to prove that she misjudged my favorite, I began to search my memory. At the end of ten minutes I was still searching, but I had not spoken. The fact was I was terribly perturbed in spirit. I was most anxious not to be worsted in the argument, for it seemed to me that a grave slur had been cast upon Charles Dickens' character; therefore, to feel that I could only bring forward, as being worthy of respect, David Copperfield's childish mother was exceedingly mortifying. George's mother in "Bleak House" I could not mention, as, although she is undoubtedly a fine old dame, she certainly has no claim to gentle breeding; while in support of my friend's grievance there marshaled such a ghastly troupe of knaves and fools—if so masculine term as knave is admissible in these circumstances—that I was utterly discomfited.

"My memory is at fault," I muttered to myself, "I will go home and consult my Dickens."

Pleading a headache I made my excuses, but as I was leaving the room my old friend called after me:

"If you have a headache don't pursue this subject to-night. I warn you you are going to search for a needle in a bottle of hay, only"—somewhat grimly—"the needle is not there!"

I locked myself in my study and set to work. At the end of two hours, wiser and much sadder, I paused, and gazed blankly around at a formidable heap of volumes. I had selected the books haphazard, and had made a pencil note on each, with this result:

"Great Expectations." No parents of any importance. Slight character sketch of Herbert's mother (a decidedly blamable fool).

"Old Curiosity Shop." Old Mrs. Garland (weak). Kit's mother (lower orders). Mrs. Jiniwin (detestable).

"Hard Times." Mrs. Grandgrind (idiotic). Bounderby's mother (lower orders).

"Little Dorritt." Mrs. Glennam (criminal). Mrs. Merdle and Mrs. Gowan (worldly, heartless wretchess). Mrs. Meagles (nice, but very homely).

"Our Mutual Friend." Mrs. Wilfer (outrageous).

"Nicholas Nickleby." Mrs. Nickleby and Mrs. Kenwigs (lunatics). Mrs. Squeers (a horror).

"Dombey and Son." Mrs. Skewton (a disgrace to her sex). Alice's mother. "Good Mrs. Brown (an ogress). Pollie Toodles (lower orders).

"Martin Chuzzlewit." Mothers not in it, with the exception of character sketch "The Mother of the Gracchi" (a fool).

"Barnaby Rudge." Mrs. Varden (intensely objectionable). Mrs. Rudge (lower orders).

"David Copperfield." David's mother (amiable but weak minded). Mrs. Micawber (a caricature). Mrs. Creakle (a poor thing). Mrs. Steerforth (horrid). Mrs. Heep (hateful). "The old soldier" (worse).

"Bleak House." Lady Dedlock (well, well, the least said ——). Mrs. Jellyby (another culpable fool). Mrs. Pardiggle (an insupportable creature). Mrs. Guppy (abominable). George's mother (lower orders).

In "Oliver Twist," "Tale of Two Cities," and "Pickwick" the mothers are very much in the background, and taking Mrs. Bardell as a specimen of those who do appear, perhaps it is just as well they should be.

Mr. Lincoln and the "Swearing Boys."

A good old man in Virginia whose home was near the Army of the Potomac where for so long "all was quiet," came to Washington to see Mr. Lincoln. Secretary Stanton met him at the office door and strongly protested; but the kind-hearted tired President said, "He is an old man, I will see him."

Hat in hand, the old Virginian stood before Mr. Lincoln with the dignity of a Chief Justice:

"Mr. President, your boys over there," pointing to the Potomac, "do swear most terrible! I don't mind the stealin', nor the cuttin' things to pieces, if they would not hang round the place and call on God Almighty so flippant!"

"Well," said Mr. Lincoln, "can't you talk to them yourself, or speak to Colonel B—— about them? Let—me—see"—he shook the man's hand and added, "I'm going over there to-morrow; we'll see what can be done."

Next day the Secretary with Mr. Lincoln and Tad drove through the camp across the river. They met Chaplain Grey, who was stationed near Fairfax, and whose duties lay in Colonel B——'s regiment.

"Well, Mr. Grey, what success did you have with the Colonel after my suggestions to you a month ago? More complaints have reached me of the younger boys and their outrageous profanity," said the President.

"What can a man do, Mr. Lincoln," replied the Chaplain, "when Colonels, Generals and Brigadier-Generals swear worse than the boys? I called on Colonel B——, approaching, as I felt, the subject wisely. I said to him, 'You have a fine regiment, Colonel, one of the finest in the whole army, we hear.' 'Yes, Chaplain,' he replied, 'a —— fine regiment. Excuse me, Chaplain, pray be seated.' I went on without noticing the extra words: 'Colonel, do you pay close attention to the religious condition and instruction of your men?' 'Well, yes, I think so, but they are a —— wild lot —— ——,' and greatly given to profanity.' 'It seems terrible, Colonel,' I went on, 'to see young boys so given to oaths! Just across the river from you there has been a series of meetings held in Colonel Davis' regiment and twenty young soldiers have been baptized. The greatest interest prevails in the entire section!' 'Twenty, did you say?' asked Colonel B——, 'I had no idea such a thing was going on! —— —— ——! Sergeant Major! have twenty-five men detailed immediately for baptism! I'll —— —— —— excuse me, Mr. Grey. Now, Mr. Lincoln, there is little hope for our boys!"

The President leaned against the old tree near the tents, and with his eyes fixed on the blue coats of the soldier boys in the camp, he said tenderly and soberly: "The boys—yes, our boys! Chaplain, I have one far removed from temptation—in Paradise. My other two, I would rather see them die to-day than to have them grow up profane men."—*M. S. in April Wide Awake.*

The Cost of Royalty.

Royalty may be a very fine thing, but it comes high. There is a little book published every year in London, and known as "Whitaker's Almanac," which gives some interesting information concerning the cost of royalty in England. Counting the pound sterling as $5, the sums granted to the royal family last year were as follows: The Queen's salary, $1,925,000; revenues of the Queen as Duchess of Lancaster, $250,000; allowance to the Prince of Wales, $200,000; revenues of the Prince as Duke of Cornwall, $310,000; allowance to the Princess of Wales, $50,000; allowance to the children of the Prince of Wales, $180,000; allowance to other children of the Queen, $470,000; royal pensions not enumerated, $127,000, making a total of $3,312,200 for the royal family proper. The collateral branches have to be provided for, and thus it is that numerous petty princes have large salaries and nothing to do.

Besides all of these her Majesty has what is called the royal household, composed in part of Dukes, Earls and Marquises, who get big pay for going on parade occasionally, and the salaries of some of whom are much less than their perquisites. It should be mentioned that if by chance any work should fall to these people it is done by proxy and paid for by the Government. For instance, the master of the Queen's horse gets $12,500 a year. He has a nice easy job, for he does nothing and has numerous assistants. He has a crown equerry at $4,000 a year, seven equerries in ordinary who get from $2,500 to $3,000 each, and extra equerries and equerries honorary. Besides, he is provided with a superintendent of the royal mews, a clerk, storekeeper, two veterinary surgeons, a state coachman and an accountant. It appears that a few grooms do the real work.

The Grand Almoner gets $15,000 a year for distributing coronation medals on the day a sovereign is crowned, and he is "assisted" by a Lord High Almoner, The Master of the Buck Hounds gets $7,500 a year, but there hasn't been a royal stag hunt for several centuries. Likewise a royal hawk is a thing of the dim past, but the Grand Falconer gets $4,875 a year, and he probably grumbles because he has no assistant. It is out of the question to mention one-half of these sinecures, to say nothing of those outside of the royal household. There are 22 Dukes, 20 Marquises, 115 Earls, 27 Viscounts and 282 Barons who must be supported. Yes, royalty is a very fine thing for those who hold the sinecures, but it is bad for the middle classes, who pay the taxes. It is not surprising that republics are gaining in popularity.

SO EASY in its action, harmless and effectual in relieving is Simmons Liver Regulator

ST. JACOBS OIL
TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN
CURES PERMANENTLY
SCIATICA.
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From 1863 to 1885—about 22 years—I suffered with rheumatism of the hip. I was cured by the use of St. Jacobs Oil. T. C. DODD.
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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE COUNTY of Sacramento, State of California. In the matter of CHARLES JACOBS, an insolvent debtor. CHARLES JACOBS having filed in this Court his petition, schedule and inventory in Insolvency, by which it appears that he is an insolvent debtor, the said CHARLES JACOBS is hereby declared to be insolvent. The Sheriff of the said County of Sacramento is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal, of the said CHARLES JACOBS, debtor, except such as may be by law exempt from execution, and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and to keep the same safely until the appointment of an assignee of his estate. All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said insolvent, or to deliver any property belonging to him or to any person, firm or corporation or association for his use. The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property until the further order of this Court, except as herein ordered.

It is further ordered that all the creditors of said debtor be and appear before the Honorable Judge of the Superior Court of the County of Sacramento, in open Court, at the Court-room of said Court, on the 9th day of MAY, 1890, at 1:30 o'clock P. M. of that day, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of the estate of said debtor.

It is further ordered that the order be published in the SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION, a newspaper of general circulation published in the county of Sacramento, as often as the said paper is published before the said day set for the meeting of the creditors.

And it is further ordered that in the meantime all proceedings against the said insolvent be stayed.

Dated April 2, 1890.

JOHN W. ARMSTRONG,
Judge of the Superior Court.
ISAAC JOSEPH, Attorney for Insolvent. ap3-td

COMMERCIAL.

SACRAMENTO MARKET.

SACRAMENTO, April 18th.

FRUIT—Lemons—Sicily, $5 50@6 50 ₱ box: California, $2@3; Limes, $5@6 ₱ box, 75c@$1 ₱ 100; Bananas, $3@3 50 ₱ bunch for Island: Cocoanuts, $6@7: Apples, $1 25@2 50 ₱ box: Oranges—Riverside Navels, $4 @ 4 50; Riverside Seedlings, $2 25@2 50; Los Angeles Navels, $3@3 50 ₱ box; Apples, Eastern, ₱ bbl, $5 50@6.

DRIED FRUITS—New crop Apples, sliced, 5@7c ₱ lb; evaporated, 10@11c; do quartered, 4@5c; Pears, peeled, 6@7c; Plums, pitted, 4@5c; Peaches, 8@10c; do, peeled, 12@15c; Prunes, German, 6@7c; French, 8@10c; French Prunes, evaporated, 10@11c; Blackberries, 12@14c; Figs, California, 4@5c; Apricots, 8@11c; Nectarines, 8@9c; California Figs, ₱ 20-lb bx, $1 25; per pound in sks, 5c; Smyrna Ovals, 14c; Flats, 14@15c; Tubs, 9@10c; Dates, Fard, 50-lb bxs, 9½@10c; Dates, Persian, 6@7c; Dates, Cartoons, 11@12c.

TABLE FRUIT—Assorted, 2½-lb cans, ₱ doz, $1 70; Peaches, $1 90@2 Bartlett Pears, $1 87½; Plums, $1 50; Blackberries, $1 90; Gooseberries, $1 75; Strawberries, $2 55; Apricots, $1 50; Muscat Grapes, $1 50; Red Currants, $2; Cherries, $2 25.

VEGETABLES—Onions, $7 @ 8; Cabbage, $1 75@2; Carrots, 50@60c ₱ 100 lbs; Turnips, new, $1 25@1 50 ₱ sack; bunch vegetables, 12½ ₱ dozen: Parsnips, $1@1 50; Beets, 75c@$1; Horse Radish, 7@10c ₱ lb; Garlic, 50@75c; Artichokes, 50c ₱ doz.; Cauliflower, $1; Celery, 50@70c ₱ dozen; Dried Peppers, 12½c; Green Peas, common, 6@7c; do sweet, 8c; Rhubarb, 6@7c; Asparagus, common, 3c; Bouldin Island, 4c; Cucumbers, $1@1 50 ₱ doz; New Potatoes, 6c; Early Rose, $2 25; Peerless, $2@2 25; Burbanks, $2 25@2 50 ₱ ctl; Oregon Burbanks, $2@2 25; Nevada Snowflakes, $2 75@3 25; Eastern, $1 25@2 25 ₱ ctl; Spinach, 5c ₱ lb; Red Cabbage, 90c ₱ dozen; Winter Squash, 3c ₱ lb; Schrives, 15c ₱ bunch; Artichokes, 40c ₱ doz.

BREADSTUFFS—Flour, $4 25 ₱ bbl; Graham, 10-lb sack, 37½c ₱ lb, $8 55 100-lb sack; Cornmeal, white, $2 ₱ 25-lb sacks, $2 15 ₱ 10-lb sacks; yellow, $2 ₱ 25-lb sacks, $2 15 in 10-lb sacks; Cracked Wheat, $2 50, 10-lb sacks; $2 80, 100-lb sacks; Hominy, $3 25, 10-lb sack; $3 05 ₱ 100 lbs; Graham, $2 80, 10-lb sacks; $2 10, 100 lb sacks.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED—Oat Hay, $11@14 ₱ ton; Alfalfa do, $10@13 ₱ ton; Bran, $14 50 ₱ ton; Middlings, $19 ₱ ton; Barley, whole, paying 85c; rolled, $1 Cc; Wheat (choice milling), paying, $1 25@1 30 ₱ cwt; Rye, $1 15@1 25; Wild Oats, $1 25 ₱ 100 lbs; Tame Oats, $1 60@1 65; Corn, paying $1 10 ₱ cwt.

DAIRY PRODUCTS — Butter—Valley, 13@14c ₱ lb; Fancy Petaluma, 17@18c ₱ lb; Eastern Creamery Fancy, 14@16c; packed in firkins, choice, 15@17c, common, 8c. Cheese—California, 9@11c; Young America, 12@13c; Eastern Cream, 15@16c; Limburger, 18@18c; genuine Swiss, 29c; American Swiss, 21c; Martin's Cream, 17@18c; Eggs, 16@17c.

POULTRY—Dealers' prices: Live Turkeys, hens, 14@16c; gobblers, 13@15c; dressed, 17@18c; full-grown Chickens, $5@5 50 ₱ dozen; young Roosters, $4@5 ₱ dozen; broilers, $4@5; tame Ducks, $5@6; Pekin $6@7; Geese, $2@2 25 ₱ pair.

MEATS—Beef, 5@5½c; Mutton, 7c; Lamb, 9c; Veal, 7c; Hogs, 6c; dressed Pork, 9c; Hams—Eastern, 14@15c; California, 11½c; Bacon—Light medium, 9½c; selected, 11c; extra light, 12½c; extra light boneless, 13½@14½c.

MISCELLANEOUS—Seeds—Alfalfa, new crop, 9@10c; Timothy, Eastern, 6@7c ₱ lb; Pop Corn, Ear, 3@4c, Shelled, 4½ @ 5½c ₱ lb; Red Clover, 11@12½c ₱ lb; Red Top, 8@9c. Nuts—Chile Walnuts, new, 11@12c; California Walnuts, 9@10c; Almonds, new, 11@12½c; Peanuts, California, 6@7c; Eastern, 6@7c. Lard (California), cans, 8½@9; Eastern, 10½@11c. Hides, salt, light, 5c; medium steers, 6c; heavy steers, 8c; heavy cows, 5c; dry, 9c. Tallow, 3½c.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18th.

FLOUR—We quote: Net cash price for Family Extras, $4 10@4 20 ₱ bbl; Bakers' Extras, $4 05; Superfine, $2 80@3 10.

WHEAT—At a range of $1 28¾ to $1 30 ₱ ctl for desirable shipping grades, there is ready custom. Trade, however, is not of large proportions, as holders are not pressing sales.

BARLEY—The market is unchanged. Offerings are light and prices are firm at the figures reported. We quote: No. 1 Feed, 92½@93¾c; choice, 95c; common grades, 90c: Brewing, $97½@$1 for fair to good and $1 05@1 10 for choice.

OATS—Movement is fair, while rates remain in steady position. We quote prices: Surprise, $1 47½ @ 1 50; milling, $1 37½@1 40; choice feed, $1 35 @ 1 37½; No. 1, $1 32½; No. 2, $1 25@1 27½; Gray, $1 25@1 33; Black, common, 90c@$1 10; for Seed, $1 20@1 25 ₱ ctl.

CORN—White is neglected. Yellow does not meet with any special or positive inquiry, but still there is more or less demand, which keeps the market from being motionless. We quote: Large Yellow, $1 12½@1 15; Small Yellow, $1 10@1 12½; White, $1@1 02½ ₱ ctl.

CRACKED CORN — Quotable at $25@26 ₱ ton.

CORNMEAL—Millers quote feed at $25@26 ₱ ton; fine kinds for the table, in large and small packages, 36@37½c ₱ lb.

OILCAKE MEAL—Quotable at $25 ₱ ton.

SEEDS—We quote: Mustard, Brown, $2 50@3 25; Yellow, $2@2 15 ₱ ctl; Canary, 3½@3¾c; Hemp, 4½c; Rape, $2 50; Timothy, 5½@6½c; Alfalfa, 7½@8c ₱ lb; Flax, $3@3 25 ₱ ctl.

MIDDLINGS—Show good strength. Quotable at $18 50@19 50 ₱ ton.

CHOPPED FEED—Quotable at $20 50@21 50 ₱ ton.

HAY—We quote: Wheat, ordinary grades, $9@12; choice, $13 50@15; Wheat and Oat, $8@14; Wild Oat, $8@11 50; Barley, $7@9 50; Alfalfa, $10@12 ₱ ton.

STRAW—Quotable at 45@55c ₱ bale.

HOPS—Are inactive. Quotable at 9@13c ₱ lb.

BRAN—Receipts light. Prices steady. Quotable at $15@15 50 ₱ ton.

RYE—Stocks ample for all wants. Quotable at 92½@95c ₱ ctl.

POTATOES—New crop is coming in a little more freely, some 108 sacks arrived to-day, peing quotable at $2 50@3 50 ₱ ctl. Eastern product ranges from $1 25@2 25 ₱ ctl, one carload of choice bringing $2 40 this morning.

ONIONS—Quotable at $5@7 ₱ ctl.

BUCKWHEAT—Quotable at $1 75@2 ₱ ctl for California, and $2 10@2 15 for Eastern.

GROUND BARLEY — Quotable at $21@22 ₱ ton.

DRIED PEAS—We quote: Niles, $2@2 25 ₱ ctl.

BEANS—We quote: Bayos, $3 75@3 90; Butter, $1 75@1 90; Pink, $3@3 15; Red, —; Lima, $4 50@5; Pea, $2 05@2 30; Small White, $2 05@2 30 ₱ ctl.

VEGETABLES—Summer Squash has made its appearance for the first time this season, selling at 20c ₱ lb. Asparagus continues in liberal receipt, arrivals to-day footing up 925 boxes. Rhubarb is easy in price, owing to free supplies, the amount coming to hand to-day being 413 boxes. Green Peas are also declining under heavier shipments, the consignments this morning footing up 342 sacks. We quote prices: Cucumbers, 25c to $1 per doz: Asparagus, $1 to $1 50 ₱ box for ordinary and $1 75@2 25 for choice; Rhubarb, 50c @ $1 25; String Beans, 25@35c; Green Peas, 2@3c for common and 3½@5c for sweet; Marrowfat Squash, — ₱ ton; Turnips, $1 ₱ ctl; Beets, 75c @$1 ₱ sack; Carrots, feed, 40@50c; Parsnips, $1@1 25 ₱ ctl; Cabbage, $1 70@1 75 ₱ ctl; Garlic, 30@35c ₱ lb; Cauliflower, $1 ₱ dozen; Green Peppers, 15@20c ₱ lb; Dry Peppers, —c; Dry Okra, 17@20c ₱ lb.

FRUIT—Seven chests of Strawberries embrace all receipts to-day. We quote: Strawberries, $1@1 35 ₱ drawer; Apples, $1 50@2 for common and $2 25@3 ₱ box for good to choice; Riverside Seedlings, $2 @ 2 50; do, Navels, $3 50@4; Los Angeles Seedlings, $1 50@1 75; Los Angeles Navels, $2 25@2 50; Mexican Limes, $4@4 25 ₱ box; Lemons, Sicily, $5@6; Malaga Lemons, $4@6; Riverside Lemons, $2@2 50 ₱ box; San Diego Lemons, $1@1 50; Los Angeles Lemons, $1@1 50; Bananas, $1@2 ₱ bunch; Pineapples, $3 50@4 50 ₱ dozen.

DRIED FRUIT—We quote prices: Sun-dried Apples, 6½@7c ₱ lb for sliced and 5@6c for quartered; Apples, evaporated, 10@11c; Apricots, 13@16c, for bleached; do, sun-dried, 8@10c; do, evaporated, 15@17c ₱ lb; Blackberries, 10@12½c; Figs, 4@5c for pressed, 2@3c for unpressed; Smyrna Figs, 12½@14c for layers and 8@9c for sacks; Nectarines, sun-dried, 5@6c; bleached do, 12½@14c; Peaches, bleached, 14@16c; unbleached, 8@10c; do, evaporated, peeled, 20@22c ₱ lb: Pears, 3c for whole and 5@5½c for sliced, machine dried, 7@8c; Plums, 4½@5½c for pitted and 3½@4½c for unpitted; German Prunes, in sacks, 4@5c; French Prunes, 7½@10c in sacks, and 9@10½c ₱ lb in boxes; Raisins, London Layers, $1 60@2 ₱ box, with 25c to 75c advance for fractions; common, 85c@$1 40 ₱ box; dried Grapes, 3@3¾ ₱ lb.

HONEY — We quote: White Comb, 12@14c; Amber, 8@9c; white liquid, extracted, 6@6½c; Amber, colored and candied, 5@5½c ₱ lb.

BUTTER—The market is one-sided, being altogether in favor of consumers. We quote: Fancy, 16@16½c; choice, 14@15c; fair to good, 12½@13½c; store lots, 9@11c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—We quote: Good to choice new, 8½@9½c; common grades, 6@8c: Eastern, ordinary to fine, 8@14½c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Ranch parcels have steady tone. Quotable at 16@17c for ranch and 15@15½c ₱ dozen for store lots; Eastern, 14@15c ₱ dozen.

POULTRY—Trade is quiet, owing to light receipts. We quote: Live Turkeys—Gobblers, 19@21c; Hens, 19@21c; do, dressed, 19@21c ₱ lb; Roosters, $5 50@6 50 for old, $8@10 for young ₱ dz; Broilers, $8 50 for Fryers; Broilers, small, $5 50@6; do, large, $7@8: Hens, $6 50@7 50; Ducks, old, $5@7; young, $7 50@9 50 ₱ dozen; Geese, old, $1 75@2; Goslings, $2 25@3 ₱ pair; Pigeons, $2 50@3 ₱ dozen.

GAME—We quote: Hare, $1 25@1 50; Rabbits, $1 25@1 50 ₱ dozen.

PROVISIONS—Eastern Hams, 13@13½c; California refrigerator-cured Hams, 12@12½c: Eastern Breakfast Bacon, 13@13½c; California bacon, heavy and medium, 9@9½c; do light medium, 9½@10c; do light, 12@13c; do extra light, 13½@14½c; do, clear sides, 9½@9½c ₱ lb; Pork, extra prime, $15@15 50; do prime mess, $16@16 50; do, mess, $17@17 50; do, clear, $18 50@19 50; do, extra clear, $19 50@20 ₱ bbl; Pigs' Feet, $12 50@13 ₱ bbl; Beef, mess, bbls, $7 50 @8; do hf bbls, $4 @4 50; do, extra mess, bbls, $8 50@9; do, hf bbls, $5@5 50; do, family, $11 50@12 ₱ bbl; do, smoked, 11½@12c ₱ lb: Eastern Lard, tierces, 7¾@8¼c; do, pails, 8¼@9½c; California Lard, tierces, 8@8½c; do, hf bbls, 9@9½c: do, 10-lb tins, 9½@10c; do, 5-lb tins 10@10½c; do, 10-lb pails, 10@10½c: do, 5-lb pails, 10½@11c: do, 3-lb pails, 11@11½c ₱ lb.

HIDES AND SKINS—Quotable as follows:

			Sound.	Culls.
Heavy Steers, 57 lbs up, ₱ lb			8 @8½c	3 @ c
Medium steers, 46 to 56 lbs			5 @6	4 @5
Light, 40 to 45 lbs			—@5	3½@4
Medium Cows, over 46 lbs			—@5	3½@4
Light Cows, under 46 lbs			—@5	3½@4
Kips, 17 to 30 lbs			4 @4½	3 @3½
Veal Skins, 10 to 17 lbs			4 @4½	3 @3½
Calf skins, 5 to 10 lbs			4 @4½	3 @3½
Dairy Calf, 20@30c each; dry hides, usual selections, 8½@9c: dry kips, do, 6c ₱ lb; Calf Skins, do, 6c; Cull Hides, Kip and Calf, 4@5c; Pelts; shearling, 10@20c each; do, short, 30@50c each, do, medium, 65@90c each; do, long wool, 90c@$1 25 each; Deer Skins, summer, 35c; do good medium, 27@30c ₱ lb; do, thin, 20c ₱ lb; Goat Skins, 35c apiece for prime and perfect, 20@30c for medium. 10c each for small.				

WOOL—We quote:

San Joaquin and Southern, year staple, ₱ lb	12½@15c
Do, seven months	12 @17
Choice Foothill	16 @18

FRESH MEATS—Following are the rates for whole carcasses from slaughterers to dealers: Beef—First quality, 6@6½c; second quality, 5@5½c; third quality, 4½@5c ₱ lb. Veal—Quotable at 4@6c for large and 5@8c ₱ lb for small. Mutton — Quotable at 6@6½c ₱ lb. Lamb—Spring, 9@10c ₱ lb. Pork—Live Hogs, on foot, grain fed, heavy, 5@5¼c; light, 5¾@5⅞c; dressed Hogs, 8½@9c ₱ lb.

General Merchandise.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18, 1890.

BAGS—The feature of the week is the arrival on the 8th of the Dawpool, in a fine run of 101 days from Calcutta, with 2,000 bales of Jute and 5,000 bales Bags. This is the first considerable lot of Wheat Bags received this year for account of the growing crop. There is no spot business as yet, though the rates are 6¾@6⅞c, and for forward delivery 7c. The State factory has been holding its product at 7½c, but orders have been given to sell at least 200,000 at market prices. There are now two more vessels on the way here from Calcutta both of which will arrive in time to make their cargoes available for the season's trade, as one is 84 days out and the other 77. Two more have been entered out for this port, but they will not get here in time to have any effect on the market.

BRICK—Soft, $6; Red, $8 50; Hard, $10 per thousand.

CANDLES—Eastern brands are quoted at 6¾c to 13½c.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters, $1 10@1 65 for 1-lb tins and $1 90@2 65 for 2-lb tins; Clams, $1 50@2 90; Lobsters, $2 10@3 25; Chickens and Turkeys, $3; Green Peas, $1 25@1 40; Corn, $1 10@1 40; String Beans, $1@1 20; Lima Beans, $1 20@1 30; Asparagus, $2@2 25; Tomatoes, 87½@90c ₱ dozen.

CHICORY—California, 5½@6c; German, 6¼c to 7c.

CIGARS—Jobbing rates for California made are as follows: Seed, $16@40; Seed and Havana, $40@75; Clear Havana, $60@125 ₱ M.

COAL—Foreign Steam Coals, $7 50@8 50 on the spot and $7 50@8 50 to arrive; Southfield Steam, $9; Wellington, $9; Puget Sound Coals, $7; Coos Bay, $6.

COFFEE — 21 @ 21½c for prime Guatemala, Costa Rica and washed Salvador; 20½@21c for good descriptions of the same; 19½@20½c for fair Guatemala and Costa Rica; 17½@19c for medium do; 15@17c for ordinary do; 12½@14½c for inferior to common do; and 20c for good unwashed Salvador.

CORDAGE—The Tubbs Cordage Company turns out three styles, which are quotable as follows:

	New Process.	Duplex.	Manila.
1¼ inch	9c	12½c	16½c
12 thread	9½	13	17
6 and 9 thread	10	13½	17½
Bale rope	..	12½	15

Other descriptions of Manila are quoted as follows: Whale Line, Hawser-laid Rope for well boring, sand Pump Lines, 18c: Clothes Lines in hanks, 18½c; Sash Cord, 18¾c; Lanyard and Tarred Rope, 16c; Lath Yarn, 16c: Hop Twine, in balls, tarred, 16c; Grapevine Twine, 16½c in coils and 16½c in balls; Spring Twine, 18c; Binder Twine, 650 feet to the lb, 16½c.

DESICCATED COCOANUT—Schepp's (Eastern) is quoted as follows: 1-lb papers (in cake boxes, 15 lbs), 30c; 1-lb papers (in bread boxes, 30 lbs), 30c; 1-lb tin canisters (in wood case, 30 lbs), 31½c, 1-lb pails (in wood case, 30 lbs), 32½c ₱ lb. Pioneer (California) is quoted at 25c ₱ lb in assorted tins, 24c in 1-lb tins and 19@12c in bbls.

DRUGS—We quote: Bi-Carb Soda, 2¾@3¼c; Caustic Soda, 3½@4½c; Sal Soda, $1 10@1 15 for Pacific and $1 25@1 30 for English: Soda Ash, $1 80@2 25 California Crystals, 33@34c for refined and 34@35c ₱ lb for powdered.

DRY GOODS—Prints are generally jobbing at 4½@7c; Ginghams and Suitings, 7@12c; Lawns, 8½@12½c; Brown Cottons, 4¾@8c; Bleached Cottons, 6@18½c; Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, 11½@25c.

FISH—Pacific Codfish, 6¾c ₱ lb in 50-lb bdls, 7c for selected in 100-lb cases, and 8c for boneless; Canned Salmon, $1 55 to $1 60 for Oregon free on board in river; $1 45 to $1 50 for Sacramento river; $1 45@1 50 for British Columbia; Alaska, $1 25@1 30 free on board here.

LEATHER—Sole, 25@28c for good heavy, 20@23c for good medium and light; Buff, 10@12c ₱ foot; Side, 9½@10½c ₱ foot; Calf Skins, 80@40c ₱ lb; Kip Skins, $25@40 ₱ dozen; Harness Leather, 27@30c ₱ lb for heavy and 24@25c for No. 2.

LUMBER—Cargo lots of Pine or Fir at mill ports are quoted as follows: Rough Merchantable, 40 feet and under, $10; above 40 feet and up to 80 feet, $11@14; above 80 feet, $18@25; dressed tongued and grooved, $18; Shingles, $2 25; Laths, 4 feet, $2.

MALT LIQUORS—Tennent's Ale, $3 50@4; Tennent's Stout, $3 25@3 50; Guinness' Stout, $3 25@4; Falk's Milwaukee Beer, $16 50 ₱ cask for qts and $17 for pints; Conrad Seipp Brewing Company's Milwaukee Lager, $15 50 per 6 dozen quarts, and $16 per 6 dozen pints.

MATCHES—Eastern Parlor, $1 60; local percussion, 30@35c per gross.

METALS—Pig Iron, $28@35 to arrive and $27@35 for spot lots.

NAILS—200-keg lots, $3; smaller quantities, $3 20.

OIL—China Nut, 73@80c; Cocoanut, 40c in bbls and 50c in cases; California Linseed, 65c for raw and 67½c for boiled.

PAINTS—Pacific Rubber mixed, all house colors, $1 25@1 65; wagon colors, $2 60@3 65.

QUICKSILVER—$50.

RICE—Mixed China, $4 40@4 45; No. 1 do, $5 15@5 25; extra No. 1, $5 40@5 60 ₱ two mats; Hawaiian, 5¼@5½c ₱ lb.

RUBBER GOODS—The net prices for three-ply and four-ply Rubber Hose are 7@19c for ½ inch, 7@23c for ¾ inch, 16@31c for 1 inch, 20@39c for 1¼ inch, 24@47c for 1½ inch, 32@62½c for 2 inch, and 40c@$1 for 2 inch; Suction Hose, 37@50c for 1 inch, 56@82½c for 1½ inch, and 75c@$1 50 for 2 inch; Steam Fire Engine Hose, 80c@$1 25. These are the prices of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company.

SALT—$15@25 will cover all brands of English factory made.

SOAP — Pale and Chemical Olive, 4@5c; fancy kinds, 7@8c; Castile, 7@7½c for brown and 12@13c for white.

SPICES — Sago, 4½@4¾c; Tapioca, 4½@5; Citron, 25c; Ginger, 13@14½c.

STARCH—All kinds may be quoted at 6½@8½c in bxs.

SUGAR—Following is the price list of the California Refinery as made on the 18th for lots of 25 bbls: Crushed, Cube, Powdered and Fine Crushed 7½c; Dry Granulated, 6¾c; Confectioners' A, 6½c; Extra C, 5¾c; Golden C, 5½c.

SYRUP—Bbls, 25c; hf-bbls, 27½c; kegs, 32½c; tins, 42½c.

TEA—Good medium grades of Japan are jobbing at 25@35c.

TOBACCO—Plug, 33@72c; Smoking, 35c to 75c ₱ lb; Fine Cut Chewing, in foils and pails, $6 25@9.

WHISKY—We quote: High-proof, $1 75 to $2, and low-proof, $2@2 50; various brands of Bourbon, $2 25@5 50 ₱ gallon, according to age.

WINE—French Claret, $62@66 ₱ cask; Champagne, $16@32 ₱ basket; California bulk descriptions are quoted as follows: Angelica, $1 05@1 25; Claret, 50@75c; Port, $1@8 50; Sherry, $1 15@1 25; White, 45c@$1 50 ₱ gal.

WOODENWARE — The Pacific Woodenware and Cooperage Company's price list quotes 3 hoop Painted Pails at $3; varnished do, black hoop, $3 25; varnished do, galvanized hoop, $3 75; white do, galvanized hoop, $3 75@5, and brass bound do, $7 50@9 per dozen.

YEAST POWDERS—Standard brands of full weight, 16-ounce cans, $4 50 per dozen and other sized cans in proportion.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK SALES.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 18, 1890.

MORNING SESSION.

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