

STATE FAIR HINTS!

- 10-4 White Blankets, 90c and \$1 20 per pair. Full-size Comforters, \$1, \$1 15, \$1 45. Full-size White Crochet Bed Spreads, 75c, \$1, \$1 25 and \$1 45. Towels, 5, 10, 12 1/2, 15 cents. Large Cakes of Fine Scented Toilet Soap, 5c. A Cardinal Satin Natural-wood Handle Parasol, for \$1. A Fancy Satin-striped Parasol, a \$6 50 quality, for \$4 25. A Fancy Satin-striped Parasol, a \$4 quality, for \$2 25. Ladies' Fancy Flannel Blouse Waists, \$1. Ladies' Fancy Batiste Cloth Blouse Waists, for 75 cents. Gentlemen's All-wool French Flannel Shirts, with fancy silk stripe, \$2 and \$3. Gentlemen's All-silk Fancy Striped Shirts, \$3 75 and \$3 90. Gentlemen's All-silk Plain White Shirts, \$3 50. Gentlemen's Windsor Scarfs, Four-in-hand Ties and Puff Scarfs, an elegant variety, 25, 35 and 50 cents.

EAST OF THE ROOKIES.

Advantages to be Derived From Reciprocity With Canada.

FATAL STREET FIGHT IN NEW YORK

California Fruits Handled With Despatch by the Eastern Agents—Etc.

(SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.)

RECIPROCIITY.

Advantages to be Gained from an Interchange with Canada.

WASHINGTON, September 7th.—Senator Sherman's scheme for reciprocity with Canada has found a great deal of favor. Congressman Hill, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, is enthusiastic in his favor. He said this morning: "The present Treaty Government of Canada has what it calls a standing offer of reciprocity, but it is limited to the list of agricultural products which they export to the United States and which we never send to Canada, and this is frequently held up to the Tory voters who desire to see the United States, which Sir John McDonald and his followers, by their ingenious device, can say that they offer and we reject. We would probably sell them with increased reciprocity, \$100,000,000 worth of our goods and products per annum, and that trade would go on increasing."

"We had a considered and unfair reciprocity under the treaty of 1854, which was so unsatisfactory that we terminated it, but even under that arrangement the trade with Canada increased by leaps and bounds. With reciprocity, the tariff in the meanwhile standing against Europe, we would sell them within the next five years nearly everything they get outside of their limits—that is, the majority of the products which we draw from the United States. On this side they would reap even greater advantages, entering upon a new prosperity, like one of our Western States."

CENTRAL AMERICAN STATES.

The Department at Washington Said to Have Confidence in Giner.

BALTIMORE, September 7th.—Samuel Kimbly, Secretary of the Legation to the Central American States and Consul-General of the United States at Guatemala, starts for his post to-morrow. Speaking of the affairs of the Central American States, Kimbly said:

"I think the Department at Washington has great confidence in Minister Mizner. The Guatemala case is an important one, and it would be wisest for us to move slowly. The Central Americans are desirous of having closer intercourse with the United States and they are showing a deep interest in the matter. Some little diplomatic complications may arise out of the Barrundia affair, but not of so serious a character as to create any serious concern. The whole matter will be soon straightened out."

CALIFORNIA FRUITS.

A Good Market in New York for All Varieties.

NEW YORK, September 7th.—The Tribune says: Although the California fruit sales were shortened a day by the Labor Day holiday last week, the dealers successfully handled fifty carloads of the usual varieties at satisfactory prices. E. L. Goodsell on Tuesday last closed out fifteen carloads. Besides the engagement of duty to twenty tons, he had to unload the cars and put the goods into shape for sale and delivery. Besides the regular buyers, about 200 fruit men from neighboring cities were here, and the result of the sales was given to about 100 California shippers twenty-four hours after the day's work.

Ripe figs were made the novelty for the week. Peaches will be wanted while the crop lasts on the coast. Grapes are doing well. The demand centered, as usual, upon the famous Tokays. California grapes will have a large market this year than last, by the heavy yield of Alameda or Malaga grapes. This foreign crop is estimated at 100,000 barrels heavier than usual.

CONGRESSIONAL MATTERS.

Programme Mapped Out for the Ensuing Week.

WASHINGTON, September 7th.—In the Senate voting on the amendments to the tariff bill will begin to-morrow and continue until all are disposed of. When that will be cannot be stated with exactness, but it is believed the final vote will be near the close of the week.

The conference report on the river and harbor bill will probably be agreed to to-morrow. The land grant forfeiture and anti-lottery bills will probably follow the tariff bill.

In the House, the Virginia contested election case of McLaughlin vs. Venable and the South Carolina case of Miller vs. Elliott will come up. The general committee propose to seat the colored Republican contestants. Later in the week the Appropriation Committee will call up the bill for the appropriation of the general deficiency and tariff bills may be received from the Senate.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

Little Doubt But That the Republicans Will Have Safe Majorities.

NEW YORK, September 7th.—The Tribune's Maine correspondent says that the Democrats are making no open fight except in Speaker Reed's district, but there are fears of a still fiercer contest in the Republican majority. Speaker Reed returned to his district on Thursday, and the active campaign he has made since then has largely neutralized the effects he feared from a Democratic "will hunt." There is little ground for a reasonable doubt that Governor Burleigh will be re-elected, and the Legislature will remain unchanged. Representatives Reed, Dingley, Miliken and Bottelle will also be returned by safe margins.

OUTRAGEOUS CONDUCT.

Complaint Made Against the Actions of the Cattlemen.

NEW YORK, September 7th.—The riotous conduct of the cattlemen on the ocean

STEAMSHIP RETURNING FROM EUROPE

has been the theme of many complaints made at the Barge Office. These men go to Europe to take care of the large consignments of cattle, and on the outward trip are kept busy and out of mischief, but when they return home, with nothing to do, trouble begins.

The latest case of disturbance raised by the cattlemen was on the steamship Amsterdam, which arrived to-day. There were sixteen in this crowd and their actions were outrageous. The steamship company has decided not to ship any more of them as passengers. The lines that sail from England have also boycotted them.

MORTALLY WOUNDED.

A Hebrew, while Defending a Friend, Receives a Bullet in the Head.

CHICAGO, September 7th.—"A pipel of whiskers" was the singular demand made upon the Hebrew by the young man passing through the Hebrew colony on South Union street this afternoon. The six made a dash to secure the whiskers, but were desperately resisted by Cohen and his wife, who were speedily reinforced by nearly a hundred other Hebrews. The leader of the reinforcements was Jacob Siff, a member of Cohen's first regiment from his ranch in Montana. The cowboy Hebrew made things lively for the hoodlums during the brief space, but the rashly Siff, a member of Cohen's first regiment, merely meant as a bluff. Attempting to completely vanquish the six, Siff received a bullet in the forehead. He was taken to the hospital in a dying condition. Four of the hoodlums, John Foss, Henry Clark, Frank Petzer and Frank Morgan were arrested, but the identity of the cowboy's slayer remains a mystery.

MINISTER PHELPS.

He is Preparing to Spend His Holiday in America.

NEW YORK, September 7th.—The Herald's Berlin special says: Minister Phelps is going home for a holiday on September 13th. With reciprocity, the tariff in the meanwhile standing against Europe, we would sell them within the next five years nearly everything they get outside of their limits—that is, the majority of the products which we draw from the United States. On this side they would reap even greater advantages, entering upon a new prosperity, like one of our Western States."

"What is his chance?" "Good," on account of our retaliation law, though that helps less here than anywhere else probably. It is so wise and just that I cannot imagine why we didn't let him stay here. He is a very good man for Whitelaw Reid to have. He is not so clearly, calmly and conveniently as he did."

A Murderous Husband.

MILWAUKEE, September 7th.—A shocking tragedy was enacted at Wautousa, a suburb of Milwaukee, this afternoon. Mrs. Edward Reininger had her husband on account of brutal treatment and returned to her mother's home. She and her mother were sitting on a porch to-day when the husband returned to her. He asked his wife if she would return to him. She refused, and without a moment's warning he pulled out a revolver and shot her in the chest, fatally wounding her. The mother interposed, but her husband shot twice. Mrs. Reininger's wounds may not prove fatal. Reininger was arrested.

The Presidential Party.

CRENSON SPRINGS (Pa.), September 7th.—The Presidential party, with the exception of the Republican ticket, were here this morning in the large parlor of the Mountain House, the services being conducted by Rev. George Rodgers, Episcopal minister from Verona, Pa. Miss Jeanette Halford, daughter of the President's Private Secretary, assisted in the singing, and sang as a solo the beautiful hymn, "Angel of Charity." Mrs. Harrison was somewhat indisposed, but she came out to the evening, and walked with the rest of the party to supper at the hotel.

Death of a Noted Lawyer.

PLIST (Mich.), September 7th.—Sumner Howard, one of the best known politicians in Michigan, died yesterday. He was a criminal lawyer of great ability. In 1876 he was appointed by President Grant as District Attorney for Utah, and conducted the trial of John D. Lee for the Mountain Meadow massacre. Subsequently he returned to Michigan. President Arthur appointed him Chief Justice of Arizona, which position he resigned in 1880.

Instantly Killed.

PLEASANT HILL (Mo.), September 7th.—John Parker and A. D. Wells, young farmers, in an application, late yesterday, for admission into a disreputable house, were forced their way into the house, and became engaged in a quarrel with seven other men. During the fracas, Parker was so drawn and instantly killed. Oliver Hughes was shot in the neck and mortally wounded, and six inmates of the house were arrested.

A Misplaced Switch.

ALBANY (N. Y.), September 6th.—Another wreck occurred on the upper bridge of the Champlain Canal, near the city of Albany. A freight train was coming over the bridge from the east, when another started east at the other end. A misplaced switch led the second train run upon the first, and the two trains crashed into each other near the western end of the bridge. The engines were damaged and three freight cars derailed. The bridge was closed for several days until late this afternoon.

Watches for Their Sweethearts.

NEW YORK, September 7th.—Maurice Gilbert of Butte City, Mont., and Frank Bernice of the same city, arrived on the steamer La Champlain from Havre to-day. Inspectors Brown and Donchue met them. The gentlemen were conducted to the seizer's room, and each had to give up a \$500 bond for their watches. The watches were drawn. Parker was shot through the head and instantly killed. Oliver Hughes was shot in the neck and mortally wounded, and six inmates of the house were arrested.

Charged With Wrecking a Train.

ALBANY (N. Y.), September 7th.—York Reed, who was a freight brakeman on the New York Central, was arrested to-day by detectives, and was closed all day in Superintendent Bassell's office. It is reported that he is suspected of complicity in the wreck of the Montreal express last Friday.

To-night L. Miller, a Knight of Labor and a striker, was arrested at Greenbush Hotel for complicity in the wreck.

Clearing-House Exchange.

BOSTON, September 7th.—The total gross exchanges for last week, as shown by dispatches from the leading clearing-houses in the United States and Canada, are \$1,044,720,790, an increase of 10 per cent as compared with the corresponding week of last year.

Funeral of Hon. E. F. Noyes.

CINCINNATI, September 7th.—The funeral services for the late General E. F. Noyes were very largely attended to-day. Among the honorary pall-bearers was ex-President Hayes. Eight members of the General's old regiment were active pall-bearers.

Vengeance Threatened.

WARRENTON (Ga.), September 7th.—Tom Adams (colored) was killed last night by W. J. Norris, proprietor of the Warrenton Hotel. The negroes threaten vengeance, but the citizens are prepared for the emergency.

Death of John L. Sullivan's Father.

BOSTON, September 7th.—Michael Sullivan, father of John L. Sullivan, the pugilist, died this morning of typhoid pneumonia.

Death of an Opera Singer.

BALTIMORE, September 7th.—William Grubb, the comic opera singer, died Saturday night.

The "Noon Rest" is the name of an institution devised for the benefit of the business women and girls of Indiana, and was very largely attended to-day. Among the honorary pall-bearers was ex-President Hayes. Eight members of the General's old regiment were active pall-bearers.

CALIFORNIA AND COAST.

An Alaska Exploring Party at the Point of Starvation.

THE SPOKANE FALLS EXPLOSION.

The Shasta Republicans Place a Strong County Ticket in the Field.

(SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.)

WITHOUT PROVISIONS.

Sad Experience of an Exploring Party in Alaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 7th.—News reached this city yesterday that the McGrath-Turner exploring party was still in Alaska, and would remain there during the winter. One section of the party is encamped on the Porcupine river and the other on the Yukon river, about 2,000 miles from its mouth. An account of the doings and experience of the explorers has been received by Dr. T. C. Mendenhall, Assistant Superintendent of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey. The party was first sent out by the United States Government. Its mission was to locate and determine the parallel boundary line between the United States and the British possessions in Alaska. McGrath arrived in Alaska in the beginning of June, 1889 and until recently no word was heard from him. He proceeded from Sitka northward a distance of over 1,500 miles, and camped in a barren and bleak district. It was expected that the steamer Arctic would take the exploring party a sufficient quantity of provisions. Relying on this help, very few stores were taken overland. Unknown to the campers the Arctic was wrecked on her voyage, and everything on board was jettisoned. Totally unacquainted of this fatality, the weary party kept daily vigil for the steamer. Their scanty supply of provisions commenced to thin out. Then the expiration of a few weeks the position became so serious that the rations to the men were halved, and later on they were quartered. The hope that the steamer would arrive was finally given up. The danger of starvation loomed up threateningly.

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After an absence of several weeks, during which the Yukon river froze over, McGrath and French were successful in securing several animals who had come down the river, and also on a sledge drawn by dogs, and set out for the camp in June. The principal provisions obtained were flour and beans. After traveling 350 miles and encountering a thousand set-backs, camp was finally reached. The scene which met the arrivals was pitiful. During the absence of the McGrath party the starving men had been reduced to a skeleton frame. They were lean, gaunt, white and despairing. Their only hope was centered in the success of the long-absent skimmers of furred animals and the sledge dogs were given the leather tops of the explorers' boots to eat. The return of McGrath and French was hailed with acclamations of joy. By careful feeding and nursing the entire party recovered health and strength.

McGrath writes that he will remain on the Yukon and pursue his investigations to a valuable collection of specimens.

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The Senatorial Convention also met and nominated R. C. Campbell, of Siskiyou, for Senator.

The entire ticket is considered a strong one, and the Republicans are enthusiastic.

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The Scene of the Accident Presents a Fearful Appearance.

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The scene of the explosion presented a fearful appearance. On top of the last rock where the unfortunate James McPherson was tamping the blast by the explosion of which so many were hurled into eternity, a deep hole was scooped out, and it is estimated that 2,500 cubic feet of rock and earth were hurled upon the unfortunate men directly beneath it.

The explosion was a terrible one, it being stated that 150 pounds of dynamite were in each of the two blasts discharged. Although a large force was kept at work until the blast was disclosed and the premature blast was removed, no more bodies were found. The number of dead found last night was fourteen. In addition to these one man died from the effects of his injuries at the hospital to-day, and it is also reported that two others who were badly injured died at their homes during

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There is nothing lacking Everything the finger of fashion points to is here. Fur Felts in every shape your thoughts lean to. Straw Goods--new things are jostling one another for recognition. A superb collection of Trimmed Hats. Newest ideas for evening and street wear. In Trimmings: Fancy Birds, Wings, Quills, Plumes, Tips, etc., nearly a perfect stock. All the novelties in Jaunty Caps and such like.

C. H. GILMAN,

RED HOUSE J Street, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

BLACK TIPS! BLACK TIPS!

3 FOR 40 CENTS. 3 FOR 50 CENTS. 3 FOR 60 CENTS. 3 FOR 75 CENTS. 3 FOR \$1 00. 3 FOR \$1 25. 3 FOR \$1 50. 3 FOR \$1 75. 3 FOR \$2 00.

THE FINEST LOT OF TIPS IN THE CITY FOR THE MONEY.

Will stand damp weather and retain their curl. Also, the finest stock of BIRDS and LONG PLUMES at prices that will meet the wants of any customer. CALL AND SEE THEM AT

MRS. M. A. PEALER 621 and 623 J STREET, SACRAMENTO, CAL.

A New Assortment of Fall Styles In All the Latest Novelties in MILLINERY GOODS

At MRS. G. PAMPINELLA and MISS B. PRIBORN, 619 J street, Sacramento

TIME FOR EVERYTHING.

YOU KNOW AS WELL AS WE KNOW THAT THERE IS ALWAYS A TIME FOR EVERYTHING. HOWEVER, YOU MAY NOT KNOW THAT NOW IS