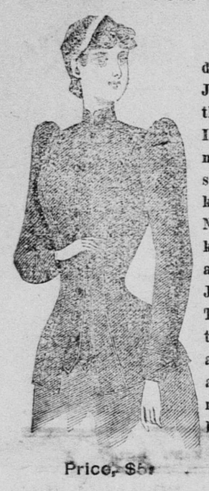
SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 73. SACRAMENTO, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 14, 1890. WHOLE NO. 12,314.

Our Winter Catalogue and Holiday Price List Mailed Free to any Address.

Ladies' Jersey Cloth Walking Jackets.



Measured by inches the difference between a Jacket that fits and one that slouches isn't much. It's an impassable gulf to most makers, just the same. Very likely you know it to your sorrow. No complaints of this kind are ever entered against our perfect-fitting Jersey Cloth Jackets. They are elastic and fit the form perfectly. They are designed for a fall and winter wrap, being nearly as heavy as beaver.

Price, $5 Price, $6 75.

Handsome heavy curl black English Astrakhan Shoulder Capes, $5.

HAND BAGS.

Ladies' Chatelaine Bag, ooze calf, tan or drab, oxidized silver frame, 75c.

Ladies' Chatelaine Bag, fancy leather, 50c and $1.

Ladies' Handbag, Satin and Leather, the latest, $1 and $1 40.

RUCHINGS.

A variety of novelties. You must see them to realize their beauties.

The only competition we have in BLANKETS is our own past. Last season we sold a Mission Gray, 3-4 wool, 11 1-2 pounds, for $8 50. This season we are selling a PURE CALIFORNIA WOOL, manufactured in Woodland, Cal., weight 11 1-2 pounds, for $8 50. Beat or meet this price you cannot elsewhere. Our whole Blanket stock leans this way. White, Red, Gray and Brown. All sizes and prices.

MORE GOOD NEWS FOR HOUSEKEEPERS:

ANOTHER CARLOAD OF BRIGHT NEW TINWARE.

C. H. GILMAN,

RED HOUSE } J Street, SACRAMENTO.....CAL.

FELTER, SON & CO.,

Wine, Liquor and Cigar Dealers,

1008 and 1010 Second St., Sacramento, Cal.

FRUITS, SEED, PRODUCE, ETC.

W. H. WOOD & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

California and Oregon Produce and Fruit,

POTATOES A SPECIALTY.

Nos. 117 to 125 J st., Sacramento.

S. GERSON & CO.,

—WHOLESALE—

Fruit, Produce & Commission Merchants,

SACRAMENTO, CAL.

P. O. Box 170.

CURTIS BROS. & CO.,

General Commission Merchants and Wholesale Dealers in

Fruit and Produce.

308, 310 and 312 K st., Sacramento.

Telephone 37. Postoffice Box 335. tf

W. R. STRONG COMPANY,

—WHOLESALE—

Fruit and Produce

DEALERS,

SACRAMENTO.....[1p].....CAL.

EUGENE J. GREGORY. FRANK GREGORY.

GREGORY BROS. CO.,

(Successors to GREGORY, BARNES & CO.)

Nos. 126 and 128 J Street.....Sacramento.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND Fruit. Full Stocks of Potatoes, Vegetables, Green and Dried Fruits, Beans, Alfalfa, Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Poultry, etc., always on hand. Orders filled at Lowest Rates. tf

SALE OF BONDS.

Anaheim Irrigation District, Orange County, California.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE Board of Directors of Anaheim Irrigation District that said Board will, at its office in the City of Anaheim, in the county of Orange, State of California, on the

Sixth Day of January,

In the year 1891, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, sell to the highest responsible bidder for cash, in gold coin of the United States, bonds of the said district to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars, being part of an issue of bonds aggregating the sum of six hundred thousand dollars. That sealed proposals for the purchase of said bonds will be received by said Board, at their office, till the day and hour aforesaid, at which time said Board will open the proposals and award the purchase of said bonds to the highest responsible bidder; but said Board reserves the right to reject all bids, and will in no event sell any of said bonds for less than ninety per cent. of the face value thereof. Said bonds are dated the first day of January, in the year 1890, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually. Any interest accruing between said date and the date of the sale and delivery of said bonds shall be credited, before delivery, on the first maturing coupons attached to said bonds.

J. S. GARDINER,
Secretary of said Board.

Anaheim, Cal., August 5, 1890 o23-2tf

J. McMORRY,

—DEALER IN—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, ETC.

Agent for the Celebrated

SARSAPARILLA AND IRON.

Corner Fourth and M sts., Sacramento

FRIEND & TERRY

Lumber Company.

Main yard and office.....1310 Second street.
Branch yard...Corner Twelfth and J streets

MISCELLANEOUS.

Instructions in BILLIARDS!

GOLDEN EAGLE BILLIARD PARLOR!

Scentific Branches Carefully Taught.

Proficiency acquired in a course of Six Lessons.

ALL LESSONS PRIVATE.

Class Opens November 20, 1890.

o16-tf By E. R. ROBBINS.

CONFECTIONERY!

H. FISHER & CO.,

508 and 510 J Street.

MANUFACTURERS and IMPORTERS.

LATEST NOVELTIES IN THE NEW

HOLIDAY GOODS

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

o25-tf

Proposals for Bids for Agricultural Park.

THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE will receive bids at the office of the Secretary, at the Exposition Building, in Sacramento, up to 3 o'clock P. M., TUESDAY, December 2, 1890, for the lease, from said date, for one or two years, of the following privileges at Agricultural Park, situate in said city, to wit: The dwelling, or boarding-house, restaurant, bar and other refreshment privileges within the premises, for the purpose and privilege of keeping a boarding-house, bars and restaurant, and for no other business whatever. Also, the pasture field. All of said property to be subject to the rules and orders of said Board of Agriculture. Full security to be given for total amount of lease. Rent payable monthly. All bids must be accompanied by cash, or a certified check, covering first month's rent. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHRIS. GREEN, President.

EDWIN F. SMITH, Secretary. n4-1m

NOTICE.

OWING TO IMITATIONS OF THE CELEbrated J. G. K. cigars, after this all boxes will have my picture on the label. Make no mistake and take no others. Largest WHITE LABOR factory in Sacramento, 902 K street.

o30-1mlp M. CLARK, Proprietor.

Waterhouse & Lester,

—DEALERS IN—

IRON, STEEL, CUMBERLAND COAL,

Wagon Lumber and Carriage Hardware,

709, 711, 713, 715 J street, Sacramento, Cal

A. MEISTER,

Carriages, Victorias, Phaetons, Buggies and Spring Wagons.

910, 912, 914 Ninth Street,

SACRAMENTO, CAL. p4

NEW TO-DAY.

Advertisements of Meeting Notices, Wants, Lost Found, For Sale, To Let and similar notices under this head are inserted for 5 cents per line the first time and 3 cents per line each subsequent time. All notices of this character will be found under this heading.

Mrs. Faville, 1512 O street, Magnetic Healer. n14-1w*

The Ladies' Benevolent Society will meet THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 1:30 o'clock, at K. of P. Hall, corner Ninth and I sts. 1t* MRS. GARDINER, Secretary.

Wanted—A few patients for magnetic treatment. MRS. FAVILLE, 1512 O st. n14-1w*

Members of Califia Parlor can obtain invitations for the "At Home" party on Monday and Wednesday at Eleventh and F streets; Tuesday and Friday at 617 Fifteenth street, from 3 to 5, and on Saturday from 9 to 2. 1t

Spiritual Test Meetings.—Sunday, at 2:30 and 7:30, at Pioneer Hall, by MR. and MRS. PERKINS, platform test mediums from San Francisco. n14-3t(Su)

Sample Rooms, 1014 Sixth street, between J and K. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. n14-tf JACOB KAERTH, Proprietor.

WANTED—A STRONG AND COMPETENT girl to do general housework; must be a good cook; wages, $20 per month. Call between 10 and 12 A. M. at 1511 seventh street, between O and P. n14-2t

WANTED—GERMAN OR SCANDINAVIAN girl for cooking and general housework; good wages; three in family. Apply at No. 1408 N street. n14-3t

YOUNG GENTLEMAN WISHES ROOM AND board in a private family, where home comforts can be enjoyed; state terms and full particulars. Address "Comfort," this office. 1t*

SITUATION WANTED BY A GOOD COOK in an American family. Address "21," this office. 1t*

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, SUITABLE for gentleman; first-class in every particular. Apply southeast cor. Tenth and L. n14-3t*

$13. TO LET—THREE FURNISHED ROOMS for housekeeping; for man and wife or two grown persons, at 616 P street. n14-2t*

FOR SALE—THE WEST HALF OF LOT NO. 7, in the block between R and S, Eighth and Ninth streets, in this city. Apply to ISAAC JOSEPH, 531 K street. n14-tf

WANTED—LOST—FOUND.

STRAYED—A SMALL BAY MARE CAME TO my place to-day (November 12th), Central Street Stables, J street, between Tenth and Eleventh; owner will please call and get animal and pay charges. n13-2t KING & NORSEWORTHY.

WANTED—HORSE BOYS TO DELIVER San Francisco papers. Apply 1016 Fourth street. n13-2t*

WANTED—BY A GOOD, STRONG, WILLING woman, a situation to do housework; is a fine cook and not afraid to work. Apply at 904 O street. n13-2t*

WANTED—BOOT AND SHOE SALESMAN. Apply to CHAS. E. PHIPPS, Superintendent Weinstock, Lubin & Co. n13-3t

LOST—BETWEEN TWENTY-FOURTH AND V streets and Freeport road, one satchel containing two watches, one bunch of keys and small articles. Finder will be rewarded with $5 by returning same to MR. DENELSON, Twenty-fourth street, between W and X. n13-2t*

WANTED—A MAN TO SOLICIT ORDERS and sell sewing machines; "Liberal terms made." THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 703 J street. n12-7t

STRAYED TO MY PLACE—3 HOGS. OWNER can have the same by proving property and paying charges. H. H. KING, corner Twenty-sixth and N streets. n12-3t*

ACCOUNTANT—BOOKS POSTED, EXAMined or kept. Charges reasonable. J. SCOTT, 1010 Fourth street. n2-1m

WANTED—A MAN WITH A GOOD RECord who thoroughly understands the fancy goods business; for such a man good wages will be paid. Apply to C. H. GILMAN, Red House. o25-tf

WANTED—GOOD RELIABLE MAN WITH teams and some money to rent fine foothill farm for a term of years. For further information call on EDWIN K. ALSIP & CO., Real Estate and Insurance Company, 1016 Fourth street, Sacramento. o25-tf

TEAMS WANTED.—20 FOUR, SIX OR eight-horse teams to haul kiln-dried lumber at once; are paying $12 per thousand for hauling; six-horse teams are earning $12 per day and over; steady work for two months; to commence immediately. EL DORADO MILL AND LUMBER CO., Diamond Springs, Cal. o17-tf

WANTED—MEN FOR FARMS, VINEYARDS, dairies and all kinds of labor. Women and girls for cooking and general housework. Plenty of work for desirable help. Apply at EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, Fourth st., K and L.

FOR SALE—TO LET—ETC.

MONEY TO LOAN—INQUIRE OF TAYLOR & HOLL, 628½ J street, up stairs. n13-7t*

TO LET—A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM, suitable for two, with board, if preferred, in a private family. Address 1307, this office. n13-3t*

719 L STREET—UPPER FLAT OF SEVEN rooms, with bath, basement and modern improvements; rooms newly papered. Inquire at 1317 K street, or up stairs. n13-tf

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOM; LARGE, front room; suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen; also, other rooms. 418 L st. n13-7t*

TO LET—A NICELY-FURNISHED COTTAGE containing three rooms and kitchen, with large cooking stove; also, wood-house; half a block from the railroad shops. Address MRS. K. W., this office. n13-3t*

TO RENT—A TWO-STORY HOUSE CONtaining six rooms; also, large yard. Apply at 518 O street. n13-3t*

TO LET—HOUSE, CENTRALLY LOCATED, one block from Eighth and K streets. Inquire at California Market, 712 K street. n13-3t

518 N STREET—4 ROOMS FOR HOUSEkeeping; also single rooms nicely furnished. n12-7t*

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE AND LEASE of the twelve-room lodging-house at 903 L street. n12-4t*

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN; bath and gas. Inquire at this office for A. S. K. n11-7t*

FARM FOR SALE—A GOOD ONE FOR GENeral farming; also, a fine vineyard; suburban land opposite the Louisiana tract, thirty acres or less. Inquire of STROBEL, 317 J. n9-11t*

FOR SALE—TWO THOROUGHBRED REGISTered Jersey cows, one fresh. HODSON, 521 J street. n9-7t*

TO LET—A NICELY-FURNISHED FRONT room in private family; suitable for one or two gentlemen; references required. Apply 912 G street. n7-tf

FOR SALE—PLUMBING AND TINNING business in Sacramento; well established and paying; owner's poor health compels selling. For further particulars inquire at 1116 J street. n6-tf

FOR SALE—A HOUSE AND LOT IN OAKland, only twenty-five minutes from San Francisco, and within half a block of a local train station. For full particulars inquire of JAMES GARZOLI at 712 K street. n6-1m

TO RENT—A SUITE OF FURNISHED FRONT rooms, with use of piano; also, a single room, furnished. Apply at 60 J street. n5-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—AN OLIVER SINGLE plow; also an iron harrow. Call at 1021 Tenth street. n4-tf

TO RENT—240 ACRES OF LAND NEAR Florin, in whole or in part, for a term of years. Inquire at this office. o15-tf

TO LET—SMALL TENEMENTS AND ALSO unfurnished rooms, cheap; suitable for housekeeping. Apply to D. Gardner, at woodyard, Fourth and I streets. my17-tf

FURNISHED ROOMS AT CENTRAL HOUSE from $5 per month upwards; also family rooms at low prices. HORNLEIN BROS., Proprietors. mr19-1y

FOR SALE—FIFTY HEAD BROKE AND unbroke horses. Apply to or address MAXON, ACKLEY & CO., 1014 Second street. s9-tf

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST AND largest saloons in the city; extra family entrance, best location; stock and lease. Inquire at this office. o5-tf

DRESSMAKING—MRS. MAY STEVENS, formerly with Mrs. Schirmer, has opened first-class dressmaking parlors at 916 Seventh street, back of Cooper's music store. Ladies', children's and infants' white underwear a specialty; plain sewing solicited. o22-tf

GENERAL NOTICES.

Perhaps no local disease has puzzled and baffled the medical profession more than nasal catarrh. While not immediately fatal it is among the most distressing and disgusting ills that flesh is heir to, and the records show very few or no cases of radical cure of chronic catarrh by any of the multitude of modes of treatment until the introduction of Ely's Cream Balm a few years ago. The success of this preparation has been most gratifying and surprising. MWF

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used over fifty years by mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes, and is for sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Twenty-five cents a bottle. MWF

THE "OLD ROMAN."

Brilliant Reception Tendered Judge Allan G. Thurman.

COLUMBUS IN GALA ATTIRE.

Leading Democrats Celebrate the Seventy-seventh Anniversary of the Ohio Statesman.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHE TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

COLUMBUS (O.), November 13th.—The Capital of Ohio in the events of this day has been a veritable Mecca of Democracy. To this city has come Democrats of the country at large to pay homage to the "Old Roman," Allen G. Thurman, on the occasion of his 77th birth-day. All day Mr. Thurman has been the recipient of attentions which few American statesmen have enjoyed after their acknowledged retirement from the arena of politics, and to every caller, high or low, he has extended with kindly smiles the genial hand of good-fellowship.

The magnificence of the celebration today and the banquet to-night is a token of the esteem in which Judge Thurman is held by the Democrats of Ohio and the country at large. Throughout the entire day every incoming train brought Democrats of prominence from all sections of the United States, and to-night the scene can be likened to no gathering more than a National Convention.

One of the first to arrive this morning was ex-President Cleveland. He was accorded a most enthusiastic reception by the citizens who gathered at the depot, his progress through the streets to the Executive mansion being followed by a shouting crowd. Throughout the day the ex-President shared with Judge Thurman the felicitations of the Democratic leaders who called to pay their respects.

The ex-President first went from the depot to the Executive mansion, and during the forenoon held a public reception at the State House, a Presidential salute of twenty-one guns being fired outside. From early morning the corridors of the State House were thronged with people.

Ex-Private Secretary Lamont, Governor Campbell and many prominent Democrats were present at the reception, in the course of which the enthusiasm of the people knew no bounds. The remark was often heard from men, while shaking hands with Mr. Cleveland, "You will be our next President."

At the conclusion of the reception Mr. Cleveland drove to Judge Thurman's residence and congratulated him on his seventy-seventh anniversary, assuring him that the Democracy of the nation were rejoiced at his continued vigor, and hoped that he might yet be spared for many years of usefulness.

Judge Thurman replied that no years or future sets of years could possibly increase the warmth of congratulations he had received to-day from all parts of the United States.

Mr. Cleveland then returned to Governor Campbell's mansion, where he and a few friends were entertained at luncheon.

The banquet hall to-night was decorated in a most beautiful manner. The celebration was under the auspices of the Thurman Club, which had charge of all arrangements. Noticeable among the decorations were large portraits of Cleveland and Thurman.

Seldom have so many distinguished men of any party assembled at one time in any place, except on the occasion of a National Convention. Among them were Senators and ex-Senators, ex-Congressmen and Congressmen-elect, Governors, ex-Governors and Governors elect, besides gentlemen who have distinguished themselves in various channels of public and private life.

Shortly after 8 o'clock ex-President Cleveland and Judge Thurman entered the room, Mr. Cleveland supporting his venerable companion, who, further assisted by a cane, walked slowly up the hall. A mighty cheer, repeated, greeted the two distinguished guests, continuing until the Chairman motioned the guests to take their seats. After the party was seated, every man arose again and waved the traditional red bandana handkerchief in honor of the Old Roman.

Mr. Thurman bowed slightly to his one thousand admirers, and Mr. Cleveland did likewise, as cheers for him rent the air.

At the conclusion of the banquet, Chairman Lentz, of the Thurman Club, made a brief speech, introducing the toast-maker, Congressman Outhwaite. When Mr. Outhwaite delivered a brief eulogy, Judge Thurman's guests arose to their feet again and the scene of wild enthusiasm was one that would have swelled with pride the heart of any human being.

It was five minutes before the ovation subsided sufficiently to allow Judge Thurman to respond.

JUDGE THURMAN'S SPEECH.

Judge Thurman responded to the toast, "Our Guests." He said, in the beginning, that he was not here to-night to make an elaborate speech. He was here to express his heartfelt appreciation of the honor they have so kindly seen fit to do him, to thank with his whole soul his neighbors, fellow-citizens of Ohio, and the distinguished gentlemen from other States, for their mark of friendship and esteem.

"I am here," said he, "at the age of 77, to repeat my testimony so often given of my confidence in the beneficent effects of free institutions and my firm belief of their duration on this continent, and their gradual but certain extension over other and larger portions of the globe. Short as has my life been, in comparison with the lives of nations, it has been long enough for me to see my native land, under free institutions, increase in population more than seven-fold; in wealth, in a very far greater degree; in extent of territory, more than double its own; in the general well-being and prosperity of the people and in educational advantages and religious privileges without rival in the world, while its magnificent works of internal improvement, its wonderful agricultural resources, its great mines and factories, and its marvelous means of communications, creations of science and skill, have surpassed anything before known by the human race, and in these same 77 years the constitution of nearly every Government in Europe has been ameliorated by the introduction of a more liberal principle.

"Central and South America have become Republics. Canada and Australia are substantially Republics, without the name. Even in the far East Japan becomes more free and liberal each year, and more marvelous yet, light seems to be breaking over benighted Africa, and men are predicting, without exciting ridicule, her redemption from her barbarous sleep of centuries. In a word, freedom seems to be gradually circumnavigating the globe, and a proud thought for us, the polar star of the navigation, is our own Republic of the United States."

Judge Thurman spoke feelingly of the uniform kindness and honors bestowed upon him by the people of Ohio from boyhood to old age, and spoke of all the distinguished lawyers and statesmen of Ohio and other sections of the country whom he had known during his career. In conclusion he said:

"Before I conclude, there is one statement which I feel it my duty to make. In one of our town papers a few days ago I saw my name suggested as that of a proper candidate for the Presidency or Vice-Presidency in 1892. I regretted very much to see the suggestion, for, appearing in a paper known to be very friendly to me, and published in the place of my residence, it might naturally be suspected by strangers that it was inspired, or at least approved by me. But such was not the fact. My friends, let me say to you in all sincerity, and without the least mental reservation, that I am not nor shall I ever again be a candidate for office. I have been sufficiently honored by my party, and neither ask nor desire any further honor than continued friendship and good will.

"Gentlemen, you have gladdened the heart and brightened the footsteps of an old man, your devoted friend, in his descent of the hill of life, where he has almost reached its foot. May God bless you all, is his earnest prayer."

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND.

Ex-President Clevland next responded to the toast, "American Citizenship." He said in part: "I follow the promptings of a heart full of devotion and veneration, as I tender from the Democrats of the great State of New York her tribute of affection for the man whom we honor to-night. I am commissioned to claim for my State her full share of the glory which has been shed upon the American name and character by one whose career and example cannot be pre-empted, and whose renown cannot be limited in ownership to the neighbors and friends of any locality. We rejoice in the example afforded on this occasion of genuine American citizenship, revealed to us as a safe and infallible interpreter of duty in all emergencies, of a long and honorable public career, and it is an unfailing guide to usefulness and fame.

"In the presence and atmosphere of these reflections we should not miss the lesson they commend to us, or fail to renew our appreciation of the value of this citizenship, and revive our apprehension of the sentiments and conditions in which it has its rise and growth. First of all, we should be profoundly grateful that the elements which make up the strength and vigor of American citizenship are so naturally related to our situation and are so simple. Here the plain people of the land are rulers. Their investiture of power is only accompanied with conditions that they should love their country; that they should jealously guard and protect its interests and fair fame, and that all the intelligence with which they are endowed should be devoted to an understanding of its needs and a promotion of its welfare.

"It should never be forgotten that the influence which more than all other things has made our people the safe depositaries of governmental power, and which has furnished the surest guarantee of the strength and perpetuity of a Republic, has its source in the American home. Here our patriotism is born and entwines itself with the growth of filial love, and here our children are taught the story of our freedom and independence. But above all, here in the bracing and wholesome atmosphere of uncomplaining frugality and economy, the mortal and moral attributes of our people have been firmly knit and invigorated. Never could it be said of any country so truly as of ours that the permanency of its institutions depends upon its homes.

"I have spoken of frugality and economy as important factors in American life. I find no fault with the accumulation of wealth, and am glad to see energy and enterprise receive their fair reward. But I believe our Government, in its natural integrity, is suited to a frugal and economical people, and I believe it is safest in the hands of those who have been made strong and self-reliant in their citizenship by self-denial and by the surrounding of enforced economy.

"When, therefore, men in high places of trust, charged with the responsibility of making and executing our laws, not only condemn but flippantly deride cheapness and economy within the homes of our people, and when the expenditures of the Government are reckless and wasteful, we may be sure that something is wrong with us, and that a condition exists which calls for a vigorous and resentful defense of Americanism by every man worthy to be called an American citizen.

"Upon the question of cheapness and economy, whether it relates to individuals or to operations of the Government, the Democratic party, true to its creed, will unalterably remain attached to our plain and frugal people when the question is raised whether our people shall have the necessaries of life at a cheaper rate. We are not ashamed to confess ourselves in full sympathy with the demand for cheaper coats, and we are not disturbed by the hint that this seems necessarily to involve a cheaper man or woman.

"When the promoters of a party measure which invades every home in the land with higher prices declares that the cheap and nasty go together, and that this whole system of cheap things is a badge of poverty—for cheap merchandise means cheap men, and cheap men means a cheap country—we indignantly repudiate such an interpretation of American sentiment. And when another one, high in party councils, who has become notorious as an advocate of a contrivance to perpetrate partisan supremacy by outrageous interference with the suffrages of the people, announces that the cry for cheapness is un-American, we scornfully reply that his speech does not indicate the slightest conception of true Americanism.

"I will not refer to other utterances of like import from similar sources. I content myself with recalling the most prominent and significant. The wonder is that these things were addressed by Americans to Americans. What was the occasion of these condemnations, these epithets? It is hard to speak patiently as we answer. Step by step a vast number of our people had been led on, following blindly in the path of the party. They have been filled with hate and sectional prejudice; they have been cajoled with misrepresentations and false promises; they have been corrupted with money and by appeals to their selfishness, and all these things led up to their final betrayal to satisfy demands of those who supplied the fund for their corruption. This betrayal was palpable, and it was impossible to deny or conceal the fact that the pretended relief tendered to the people in fulfillment of the promise to lighten the burdens of their life, made by the party intrusted with the Government, was but a scheme to pay debts incurred by the purchase of party success, while it increased the improverishment of the masses.

"The people were at last aroused and demanded an explanation. The leaders of the party which was caught in the act of robbery, and which was arraigned by the people for a violation of its trust, were forced by their sad predicament to a desperate expedient. To attempt to reverse the current of true Americanism, and to discredit it of the most honorably sentiments belonging to American manhood, were the disgraceful tasks of those who insulted our people by the announcement of the doctrine that to desire cheapness was to love nastiness, and to practice economy and frugality was un-American. Thus do we plainly see that when the path pointed out by patriotism and American citizenship is forsaken by the party in power for schemes of selfishness and unscrupulous conspiracies for partisan success, it course leads to unjust favoritism, neglect of the interests of the masses.

"But this is a time when faith in our countrymen should be fully re-established. The noise of the recent political revolution is still heard through the land. The people have just demonstrated that there was a point beyond where they cannot be led by blind partisanship, and that they are quite competent to examine and correctly decide political questions concerning their rights and their welfare. They have unmercifully resented every attack upon true American manhood, and have taught the party leaders that, though slow to anger, they take terrible revenge when betrayed. They permit us to forgive our honored guest for all the cheap coats he has ever worn, for they have declared them to be in fashion. They have also decreed that the decalogue has a place in our politics, for they have enforced the command, 'Thou shall not steal,' and have rendered emphatic verdict against those who have borne false witness.

"Who can now doubt our countrymen's appreciation of that trait so well illustrated in the character of Allen G. Thurman, which prompted him throughout his long career, at all times and in all circumstances, and without regard to personal consequences, to do things which his conscience and judgment approved, and which seemed to him to be in the interests of his country and in accordance with his Democratic faith?

"Our rejoicing and his are increased as we also celebrate to-night the triumph of the Democratic principles for which he fought and fell but two short years ago, and to complete our joy and his, we are permitted to indulge in true Democratic enthusiasm over the steadfastness and devotion to its creed exhibited by our party, which, knowing no discouragement, has fought to victory the people's cause.

"We shall fail in the obligation to our fellow countrymen if we stifle conscience and duty by ignoble partisanship, but shall meet every patriotic expectation if we follow the guidance of true and honest Democracy, illumined by the light of genuine American citizenship."

"THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY."

General Thomas Ewing responded to "The Democratic Party." In relation to future public economy, in the course of his speech he said: "Since the war the great industries of the country have been becoming concentrated in the hands of a few great corporations, created by the people and subject to their control. These vast powers are rapidly multiplying the millionaires and destroying the industrial independence of the masses.

"As Democrats, in the broadest sense, we must check this growing evil so far as the means lie within the legitimate powers of the Government. Our taxation, local and national, aggregates over eight hundred millions per year. To put an enormous tax burden on wealth instead of the labor of the country will tend strongly to the wholesome and just distribution of the annual net increases which labor and capital combined produce.

"We must go back to a rational tariff policy. The Republican party has enacted a tariff for protection only, leaving sixty-three millions of consumers to be plundered by protected manufacturers."

General Ewing further said that the Federal income and inheritance taxes should be, and he believed will be, restored by the Democracy. They should be imposed in raising revenues by both State and Federal governments. Small incomes and inheritances should be wholly exempt, and the tax should be graduated so as to increase with the amount of inheritance or income. Railroad and municipal corporations, he said, should be regulated by the States to rescue the masses from undue exaction.

OTHER TOASTS.

Ex-Senator McDonald responded to "The Senate." Congressman Breckenridge of Kentucky, to "The Democracy in America;" Hon. W. L. Wilson to "The House of Representatives;" Hon. Don M. Dickinson of Michigan, to "The Democracy of the Future," and Governor Campbell to "The State of Ohio." Several other addresses were made.

The messages and letters of congratulation received by Judge Thurman are almost innumerable. Many of them are from prominent Republican. Among some of the senders are ex-President Hayes, Governor Hill, Senator Evarts, ex-Secretary Bayard, Chief Justice Fuller, Justices Bradley and Brown, editor Childs, ex-Attorney-General Garland, ex-Commander Rea of the Grand Army of the Republic, General Butler, Carl Shurz, Fitzhugh Lee, Governor-elect Pattison and Senator Carlisle.

SUPREME COURT.

IN BANK.

SACRAMENTO, Thursday, November 13, 1890. Court met at 10 A. M. Present—Beatty, C. J., presiding; Thornton, J.; Sharpstein, J.; McFarland, J.; Paterson, J.; Spencer, Clerk; Washburn, Bailiff.

13,472—Murdock, administrator, vs. Clarke et al.—On motion of Goodwin, ordered appellant be allowed twenty days to file brief, respondent twenty days to reply, cause to be thereupon submitted.

13,977—Murdock, administrator, vs. Clarke et al. On motion of Hart, ordered submitted upon briefs on file.

13,819—Lassen County vs. Shinn. Continued for the term.

13,839—Cole vs. Segraves. On motion of Spencer, ordered motion to dismiss appeal, and cause to be submitted upon briefs on file.

14,075—Spect vs. Spect. By consent ordered appellant have twenty days to file brie, respondent twenty days to reply, appellant ten days to reply thereto, cause to be thereupon submitted.

13,776—Gardner vs. Stroever. On motion of Gray, ordered respondent have twenty days to file brief, appellant ten days to reply, cause to be thereupon submitted.

15,922—Logan et al. vs. McRose et al. On motion of Jones, ordered submitted upon briefs on file.

14,028—Davis vs. Baker. By consent ordered submitted upon briefs on file.

14,032—Tucker et al. vs. West et al. By consent ordered respondent have twenty days to file brief, appellant ten days to reply, cause to be thereupon submitted.

NOTE.—In all causes argued, counsel consent that in case no decision is made by the Court as it is at present constituted, that the newly elected Justices may participate in the decision.

13,816—Chester vs. Filed. Argued by Dibble for respondent, and submitted.

13,354 and 13,359—Davis vs. Sullivan. By consent ordered appellant have forty days to file brief, respondent twenty days to reply, cause to be thereupon submitted.

13,323—Dedmon et al. vs. Moffitt et al. On motion of Goodwin, ordered appellant have twenty days to file brief, respondent twenty days to reply, appellant ten days to reply thereto, cause to be thereupon submitted.

13,710—Preble et al. vs. Abrahams. Argued by Gale for respondent, and submitted.

13,764—Foreman et al. vs. Boyle et al. On motion of Gray, ordered cause be submitted upon briefs on file.

14,145—White vs. White. Motion to dismiss appeal argued by Highton for respondent Henley for appellant, and submitted. Motion denied.

Christensen vs. Miller—Ordered that the appeal herein be and the same is hereby dismissed without damages.

Adjourned until 10 A. M. to-morrow.

BRIEF NOTES.

The river marked nine feet yesterday, the lowest it has been within a year.

The Governor signed University vouchers yesterday amounting to $19,321 05.

Yesterday the Governor appointed Frank H. Dixon of San Diego, and Arthur J. Ingalls of Chicago Park, Nevada county, Notaries Public.

In Judge Van Fleet's Court yesterday Thomas H. H. Davis, a native of England, was admitted to citizenship on the testimony of M. Hughes and G. W. Nichols.

The case of J. H. Carder, who is charged with having burglarized a room in the American Eagle Hotel a few weeks ago, has been continued for examination in the Police Court until the 18th.

Yesterday Walter Denby was allowed to plead guilty in the Police Court to petit larceny, to which charge the one of grand larceny against him was reduced. Sentence will be passed upon him on the 22d.

The Pennsylvania Election.

HARRISBURG (Pa.), November 13th.—Completed returns, finished this evening, show that Pattison (Dem.) for Governor, has 16,554 plurality over Delamater (Rep.) Watres (Rep.) for Lieutenant Governor, has a plurality of 22,365 over Black (Dem.) Stewart (Rep.) for Secretary of State, has a plurality of 25,491 over Barclay (Dem.) The Prohibitionist vote reached 17,000, while the labor polled about 250 votes for their candidates.

GENERAL NOTICES.

Fast Time to the East.—The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad (Santa Fe route) is now twelve hours shorter to Kansas City and St. Louis, and twenty-four hours shorter to Chicago than formerly. Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars to Chicago every day without change. Personally conducted excursions every Thursday. GEO. W. RAILTON, Agent, 231 J street, Sacramento. MWF

The best place in California to have your printing done: A. J. JOHNSTON & CO.'S, 419 J street, Sacramento, Cal.

New and select importations of the finest sausages, swiss cheese, etc. Also, fresh butter and eggs received daily at F. BAUMLE'S, 723 J street.

Messengers furnished night or day. C. A. FISK, 408 J street. o17 tf

Painless Extraction of Teeth by use of local anesthetic. DR. WELDON, dentist, Eighth and J streets. je22-tf

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How many suffer torture day after day, making life a burden and robbing existence of all pleasure, owing to the secret suffering from Piles. Yet relief is ready to the hand of almost anyone who will systematically take Simmons Liver Regulator. It has permanently cured thousands. No drastic, violent purge, but a gentle assistant to nature.

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EAST OF THE ROCKIES.

Mrs. Alexander to Build a Memorial Hall for Princeton College.

IMPORTANT CENSUS BULLETIN.

Lengthy Report of Consul Connolly on Our Trade with the Colonies.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-UNION.]

THE ELEVENTH CENSUS.

An Interesting Bulletin Soon to be Issued by Mr. Porter.

WASHINGTON, November 13th.—One of the most interesting bulletins that will ever be issued by the Census Office will come out in a few days. It will give the population of cities having more than 8,000 inhabitants, and the list will embrace over 400. The grouping of this particular class of statistics will afford an opportunity for comparisons, and will furnish data for a number of valuable studies.

Mr. Porter says: "The most surprising fact that the forthcoming census will establish is the stupendous growth of the urban population—the migration of the agricultural population to the cities. The tendency of modern civilization is to mass the population. An individual often sinks his own will, his own property, his own happiness, present and prospective, in tenement houses of the city, when he might have been an independent man, with a fair competence, had he been content with rural life. The pre-eminent success of a few in the vast commercial enterprises, in the manufactures and in public affairs, tempts those in the scattered homes to go to the centers of population, and hopefulness keeps many of them there till they cannot get away. As the result of this tendency the eleventh census will show a tremendous gain in city population.

"During the past decade this gain has been no less than 60 per cent. In speaking roundly, it may be said that in 1790 one-thirtieth of the population was found in cities of more than 8,000 population; in 1800, one-twenty-fifth; in 1810, and also in 1820, one-twentieth; in 1830, one-sixteenth; in 1840, one-twelfth; in 1850, one-eighth; in 1860, one-seventh, 1870, more than one-fifth, in 1880, half-way between one-fifth and one-quarter, and in 1890, nearly three-tenths.

"The eleventh census will show that in the State of Massachusetts fully 75 per cent. of the population reside in cities.

"The phenomenal growth in population of our centers of industrial energy is indicative of the rise of our great manufacturing industries during the last decade, and illustrates the fact that this country is now the foremost manufacturing, as well as the leading agricultural nation, in the world."

Speaking of the effect of this urban movement, Mr. Porter said: "The growth of cities has undoubtedly decreased the rate of increase in our population, as the birth rate in our cities is notoriously low. The influence of immigration is made much of, though few seem to realize that the total during the last decade has been larger than ever before. The character of immigration has entirely changed in the last ten years. The immigration from the United Kingdom, Germany and Scandinavia, with their large families and love of comfortable homes, has remained stationary. The immigration from Italy, Hungary and Poland has doubled. Many of this class of immigrants save money for a return to their homes. Others come in gangs and establish no homes, as former immigrants have done. The effect of this addition to our population no one knows."

TRADE WITH AUSTRALIA.

Report of Consul Connolly Regarding Our Relations With the Colonies.

WASHINGTON, November 13th.—Consul J. D. Connolly, at Auckland, New Zealand, has submitted a report to the State Department in which he says: "The total value of imports from the United States during the year 1889