DAILY NATIONAL WHIG.

TERMS.
Daily Paper $5 a year—Tri-Weekly Paper $4 a year—Weekly Paper $3 a year.
Payable in Advance.

MONDAY EVENING, SEPT'R 6, 1847

For President,

ZACHARY TAYLOR,

OF LOUISIANA.

Subject to the decision of the Whig National Convention.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

John V. Sullivan is no longer connected in any way or manner with the National Whig.

TELEGRAPHIC.

GEN. SCOTT AT AYOTLA.

NO BATTLE.

RICHMOND, Sept. 6.

The New Orleans papers of the 30th ult. are at hand. A Vera Cruz steamer arrived at that city on the day previous with dates from Vera Cruz to the 21st ult.

Gen. Scott left Puebla on the 7th of August and reached Ayotla, a town within 20 miles of the capital on the 15th of August without opposition.

It was anticipated that he would occupy the city without a battle.

Major Lally, on his march into the interior had several skirmishes with the guerillas, but he reached Jalapa with a loss of five men.

ITALY.

Some late numbers of *Il Mediterraneo* and the Malta Mail, which have just been received, furnish us with many particulars of interest in relation to the present state of affairs in Italy, which have not elsewhere come to our notice.

A letter in the *Mediterraneo*, speaking of the proceedings after the discovery of the late conspiracy at Rome, says:—

"As soon as the conspiracy was discovered, the great part of those implicated in it fled.—The people in general looked with an evil eye on those who have let the conspirators escape; they desired that the government should have shown more energy in this case.

"Monsignor Grassellini tried to get an audience of the Pope, to escape his merited punishment, but did not succeed. He received a note signed by the new Secretary of State, Cardinal Ferreti, containing the following intimation: The Abate Grassellini, will, in two hours, be on his way out of the Papal dominions. Three times he tried to see the Pope, but he would not receive him; he set off for Naples. Benvenuti, the right eye of Grassellini, is not to be found. The officers of carabiniers Freddi and Alai, have escaped from the hands of justice. In an hour it was determined to arm the civic guard, and for the moment to quarter them in the shops. On the 22d and afterwards, the people commanded, and showed a firmness and a dignity incredible, keeping order in the most exemplary manner. Their friendship with the troops is to be noted; they appeared as one body. On the eight of the 18th a most moving and popular scene took place, in the Piazza del Popolo. There was the band of the carabiners, who played the chorus of 16th June. The people came around in crowds, and sang to it. When the chorus was over, there was an universal cry of long live the Pius IX. long live the Union, long live the carabineers, and these replied, long live the people, and waved their white handkerchiefs; after this, the citizens prayed that the bands should play on. They then walked on towards Ripetta, followed by companies composed of carabineers, people and soldiers; when they reached Ripetta they returned to the Piazza, and began the cry of long live the acting Gov Morandi."

Since the publication of the law conceding additional immunities to the press, the increase in the number of newspapers has been very great, especially in Tuscany. The tone of these papers is represented as independent and expressive of the most marked and national patriotism. The following extract from the Roman advertiser affords an evidence of this statement.

"On the 4th of the month was pulished at Florence the first number of La Patria, to be brought out once a week, under the direction of Savagnoli, Ricasoli, and Raffaello Lambruschini, nephew to the Cardinal. Its programme is diffuse, and advances a theory of politics applied to the existent state of Italy, and the object of facilitating the union of the Peninsula in one fraternal alliance without violent means, but though the pacific triumphs of great and beneficent principles. The writer regards the security of freedom of discussion, as a measure placing the destinies of the country, in the hands of its citizens. "Violence (he says) has had its age, ours is the age of public reason. Liberty of the Press, become the fundamental principle of national right in the Tuscan and Roman States, is a new element for their generation, the fountain of great civil utility for all Italy." He considers that the emancipation from all unjust laws, the social progress of nations, is not to be effected by resistance to lawful power, but, (as the destinies of the world are now leading to a new era), by the cooperation of authorities with the interests of the people, their concesion to the reasonable demands of Society. "The subjects of absolute Princes have ceased to seek liberty by means of insurrection and violence; Kings have resolved to make those concessions that the age demands; and by which security, and a higher civil state are guaranteed. The Sovereign of the Roman States has conceded, and intimated the intention of conceding farther; so has the Grand Duke of Tuscany."

The following extracts from the order for the organization of the Civic Guard of Rome, will furnish some idea of the efficiency and energy that may be expected of this body of men.

The Civic Guard shall be composed of all Roman citizens or strangers legally domiciled in Rome, whose age is not below 21 and not exceeding 60 years.

All persons possesing fortune, proprietors, merchants, heads of industrial establishments, appertain to the Civic Guard.

The same obligation extends to the sons of the persons above named, when residing with their families, and being within the age prescribed.

All those are likewise bound to this service who exercise scientific or liberal professions, the public and private officials with salaries, and artizans who are at the head of shops.

Persons of servile condition, laborers and journeymen, and those who exercise sordid or other employments, are dispensed from the civic service.

All are in fine excluded from this service, who cannot give proof by documents of irreprehensible public and private conduct, and manifested attachment to the Pontific Government, especially those whose characters are in any manner stained with infamy.

The Civic Guard shall be divided into fourteen separate battelions, so that all the individuals belonging to the same Rioni, may concur with the composition of each battalion.

The formation of enrolments shall be accomplished in each Rioni, by a deputation of honest and able citizens, who shall have the care of drawing from the status of population all the individuals, uniting the conditions conveyed as above expressed, causing them to be inscribed on a register conformable to the relative model."

The following extract presents a picture of one of those scenes which have become more frequent in the city of Rome, and which illustrates the lively feelings of its inhabitants.

Late in the night of last Sunday a remarkable scene took place at Corso. The colossal statue of His Holiness, to be erected on a lofty triumpal structure in the Piazza del Popolo, was carried through the streets on a car drawn by forty or fifty laborers, preceded and followed by an immense multitude, headed by a band of several hundred bearing torches. The first notification to the inhabitants was the general cry of viva, viva! now become familiar on popular occasions of reunion in Rome. Then might be seen the whole extent of the Corso gradually kindling as if a life animated its architecture that sympathised with the joys of man.

The Caffee Nuovo and the Club of the Circoto Romano, are always most conspicuous in fusure. The effect had something of preternatural awe, as in the distant perspective was seen slowly advancing as if gliding across the ground and still more colossal to appearance in the dim light reflected from torches, whilst all was darkness beyond—the statue in full Pontific robes with the Triple Crown, and the arms partly extended as in the act of blessing those below.

'As it passed along loud applauses were raised at many parts of the street; and on reaching the Piazza, when after advancing with the face towards the scaffolding, it was moved round to be placed in a proper position for the elevation, and thus seemed to turn back upon the spectators, there was a general clapping of hands (a singular demonstration towards a statue) and loudly echoing vivas. The figure is about 30 palms high, executed in the style (very good in effect) frequently used at Rome when the object is to prepare within a few days, for some pageant in which statuary is required, the head and all other exposed parts being cast in plaster, he draperies of white cloth soaked in lime water, and thus reduced to a firm consistence, a seeming solidity. The torches extinguished, the statue remained towering like a colossal vision in the pale-starlight. The multitude dispersed with the greatest orderliness, after all had examined it sufficiently, and the day afforded one more evidence that the devotion of the Romans towards Pius IX, has in no way abated—that his throne is ever the hallowed circle toward which direct itself all hope and loyalty and love.'

But there is reason to fear that severe trials for the inhabitants of Italy are at hand. Austria, so jealous of the least degree of liberality on the part of the governments of Europe towards their subjects, has long been waiting an occasion to interfere in the affairs of the Peninsula, and from the news by the last steamer it is more than probable she has found a pretext. The Paris correspondent of the Scinnellpost writes as follows:

"I wrote you in my last that the Austrians were only waiting for an occasion to break into the states of the Church, and commence the work of reaction. We have to day received intelligence from Rome up to the 8th of August, which shows that the pretext is already found, and that a breach between Austria and the Papal Government is inevitable. Under the pretext that an Austrian officer had been insulted at night by the National Guard, the commander of the Austrian troops in Ferrara forbade the National Guard from patrolling in the city. But as they continued that duty, the Austrians came out of the citadel, occupied the city in true military fashion, and fired upon all the patrols of the National Guard. The Papal legate at Ferrara at once protested against this piece of violence, and sent off messengers to Rome. Probably the matter will come to yet worse conflicts. The old Metternich loves his shrewdness, and plays for all or nothing. But his false dice are known; all the world is watching him—and most likely he and his whole absolutist gaming-table will be overthrown and broken to pieces.

We find in the Malta Journal some particulars of an interesting antiquarian discovery which has recently been made on that island. It is thus mentioned:

"We understand that Wm. Winthrop, esq., United States Consul at this city, and Walter Lock, esq., of the royal artillery, have been engaged, during the past month, in excavating a Temple near Citta Vecchia, which, doubtless, owes its origin to the earliest inhabitants of this island, and may be considered a most remarkable relic. This curious Phœnician remain, or 'Church of the Saracens,' as the country people have already begun to call it, is situated in a pretty valley, not far from the small Church of Virtu, and can easily be found by those who, as antiquarians in search of tombs, have made themselves acquainted with that part of the island. Travellers, and others who take an interest in antiquarian researches, will be amply repaid for their trouble in visiting the Temple, which will carry their speculations back to the earliest ages, and be found wholly unlike any other place in Malta or Gozo, now known to exist. As it is intended that a full description of these large subterranean apartments, of which there are three in this Temple, shall be given hereafter, we purposely refrain from enlarging on the subject, or saying more than is necessary to note their discovery, and to call public attention towards them.

The following extract relates the amusing manner in which the feast of the Madonna del Carmine was celebrated on the Island of Malta:

"The celebration of the feast of the Madonna del Carmine, at Citta Vecchia, on Sunday last, was very numerously attended; and as many of the inhabitants of Valletta have establishments at the old city, they resorted thither on the occasion, which added to the gaiety of the town. In the principal street a fair was held, where some very pretty stalls were laid out with linens, silks, and ribbons, which appeared to attract the attention of the female contadini, though *Cobalt* was more eagerly bought up. The new married couples were 'monstrous' gay, being all attired in their wedding dresses. The whole wound up with a foot race, which caused much merriment. There were three heats, all well contested. At the tolling of the Ave Maria, calesses, open carriages, horses, mules, and asses, moved off in various directions, kicking up, as may be supposed, a pretty dust; there was a considerable majority of the donkey tribe.

The motto of the South must be, A Dissolution of the Union, as soon as the Wilmot Proviso is passed. Columbus S. Carolinian.

Traitor, hold thy tongue! Can there be any imaginable evil so great as a disolution of our Union? None, none, in the whole range of human possibility. Hold thy tongue, then!

We see some suggestions thrown out that possibly England may be questioned by our government touching the escape of Paredes into Mexico. Norfolk Herald.

Nonsense! The President has only to question himself and the answer is ready.

It is stated in the Boston papers that the Cunard steamers will hereafter leave that port at 12 o'clock M. on their days of sailing, peremptory orders to that effect having been received from the British Admiralty.

☞ The Cincinnati Signal says that Senator Crittenden has received a letter from General Taylor, stating that the Old Hero was opposed to the extension of slavery into territory already free. If this be true, the Wilmot Proviso people should cease their abuse of the old War Horse.

The death of Silas Wright, the "author and finisher" of the Wilmot proviso, will unite the democratic party and enable it to stem boldly, if not successfully, the "battle and the breeze" which will rage against it, from all quarters, at the next Presidential election. *Baltimore Sun.*

Fortunate party! A month ago it was united in the life of Mr. Wright. Now it is united in his death.

The loss to the speculators in human food in England exceeds twelve millions of dollars. In every view of the subject, the man who seeks to amass a fortune, by trading in breadstuffs in time of famine, deserves to be deprived of his unholy gains. It is a sure consequence of such a cause.

P. Francis Thomas the democratic nominee for Governor of Maryland is *for* repudiating the State debt. Mr. Goldsborough, the Whig candidate for the same office, is *against* such a wicked policy. Choose ye, Marylanders!

The Blind Leading the Blind.

We are indebted to the Springfield Gazette for the following incident in the President's tour—

The New York Evening Post says, that during the late visit of the President to that city, while he was at the Institution of the Blind, one of the pupils recited a 'Welcome to the President,' in twelve stanzas, of which the Post remembers only the following.

The name of Andrew Jackson
Will ne'er forgotten be,
The loved, the lost, thy kindred star
That rose on Tennessee.

Hark! one united burst of joy,
By heart and tongue is woke,
One chorus rends the listening air,
Hurrah! for James K. Polk!

We are authorized to say that the following elegant stanza supplies one of the missing numbers:

Hurrah for that most brilliant stroke,
Great Santa Ana's 'Pass,'
Which filled our enemies with joy,
And proved Jim Polk an——*uncommonly short man*

On the 1st of November next, all the continent clerks in the Treasury Department, nearly thirty in number, are to take their walking tickets, the fund, or appropriation under which they were employed having been nearly exhausted. Baltimore Sun.

And if all the non-contingent officials, from the President down to his attorney General could be made to take their walking tickets for the same reason, the country would be rid of a terrible incubus.

They have had a fresh rumor at Washington that Gen. Scott had taken the capital of Mexico. His loss was set down at 1,100 men. This time the story was started by "an intelligent Delaware Indian" in Richmond.—*N. O. Pic.*

The Richmond Republican accuses Mr. Vail of being this Indian.

Silas Wright was an able partisan, rather than a wise statesman; a dexterous debater, rather than a calm reasoner; a man made for party and not for mankind.—*Pittsburg Journal.*

The truth most happily expressed. A biography in a nut shell—perfect! complete!!!

One thousand laborers are wanted on the Central railroad, west of Kalamazoo, Mich. No one will be employed who indulges in the use of "whiskey." [*Cincinnati Chronicle, O. Reporter.*

Such a movement is better calculated to promote temperance, than any other measure that we know of. Let employers follow suit.

☞ The people of St. Louis offered Gen. Kearny a dinner last week, which he had the good sense to refuse. He is probably on his way now to Washington.

So strict are the precautions taken to guard the person of the King of the French, that 55 attendants, armed with double barrelled guns, mount guard every night in the royal apartments and from 500 to 600 soldiers and national guards, are posted in the other parts of the Tuilleries.

Well, Mary, said a lawyer to a witness, if I may credit what I hear, I may venture to address you by the name of Black Moll."

"Faith you may, mister lawyer," said she, "for I am always called so by the blackguards."

The time required for the electric fluid to travel from New York to Washington and back again, a distance of 450 miles, on the Telegraph, is so small a fraction of a second, that it is inappreciable to the most practical observer.—N. Y. Post.

There is no travelling of fluid in the case. This is a popular error. The wire is an electrified mass, connected with the earth, which is also electrified to the same degree, and the blow at any point of the wire is instantly felt along the whole circuit of the electrified mass, pretty much in the same way that a blow given to one end of a rod of wood ten feet long is instantly felt at the other end of it. So that the operations of the Magnetic Telegraph are nothing more than a series of pulsations given to a connected electrified mass. Such is the latest theory upon this subject in the European schools, and to our mind it is more philosophical than the notion of an absolute movement of a fluid along the wire from A to A.

We perceive that one or two Philadelphia houses are advertising in the N. Orleans papers. The N. Orleans merchants should reciprocate. The advantages of advertising are only beginning to be appreciated. A gentleman of this city who had occasion only a few weeks since to advertise an article, a large supply of which he had just received, was astonished at the result. He sold all he had within a week, whereas the merchandise had been in his store for nearly a month before, without a single offer. A few years since it was the custom to advertise only certain goods; but now money, situations, merchandise, shipping, agencies—everything in a business way—is advertised, and in a majority of cases with advantage as well to buyers as sellers.—*Philad. Inquirer.*

I have just seen the circular from the Taylor central committee for our State; I assure you that I am with you in the matter, and have long since declared myself for General Taylor for the next Presidency. He is emphatically THE man for the crisis. 'Go ahead,' I say, in the name of all that is brave, magnanimous, and republican; let the people understand what is to be done, and now done, and they will bring 'Old Zach' out without the usual political machinery, and then, when THEY trot the old hoss out, there is only one that can beat him for the Presidency, and that is the 'Fourth of July,' with the signers of the Declaration of Independence for an electoral ticket. (Letter to Harrisburg Argus.

However Mr. Polk and his friends may regard it, the people will not much longer endure this wretched drain upon their resources, and all to no purpose. They will demand either a vigorous prosecution of the war, or a speedy abandonment of it. The miserable trifling which has permitted the gallant Taylor to remain in idleness where he was so many months ago, and which finds Scott after his brilliant temporary successes still cooped up within striking distance of the Mexican capital for want of means to move forward, must be put an end to with the meeting of Congress, if not before; and upon the meeting of that body the nation will find by means of its investigating committees, what are the expenses of the abortive movements so strongly condemned by Taylor, Benton, and Dodgeman. Nashville Banner.

'A LITTLE MORE GRAPE.' The Sunbury American, the Jeffersonian, Union county, (German,), the Perry county Standard, the Digoneer Free Press, and the Westmoreland Intelligencer, all Democratic papers in Penn. have raised the name of Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. Harrisburg Argus.

NAVAL. The United States frigate Brandywine, Captain Babb, having taken on board her powder yesterday, and being ready for sea, will drop down to Hampton Roads to-morrow. She was visited yesterday by Commodore Kearney, and fired the usual salute on the occasion. The Brandywine is bound to Rio de Janeiro and Commodore Stringham goes out in her as the commander of the Brazil Station. Norfolk Herald 2d inst.

Telegraph to Petersburg, Va. The Southern telegraph is progressing slowly but surely towards the 'Crescent city.' The line between Richmond and Petersburg was opened on Saturday, and we yesterday received a despatch from the office in the latter city. From the Savannah papers we learn that the posts are are up to that city, and that the wires will soon be suspended. Baltimore Sun.

TROOPS. The St. Peters brought down from Galena, last evening, forty-three recruits, belonging to the sixteenth regiment, under command of Lieuts. Ramsey, Hunt and Lanphere. (St. Louis Rep. Aug. 30.

We can now look forward and embrace our great destiny without fear—shay, with confidence, and with an expansion of thought and a grandeur of sentiment suited to the sublime conception. *We are, and we are to be,* ONE PEOPLE, *now and henceforth.*—*Alexandria Gazette.*

Cordially concurring with public opinion in reference to Gen. Taylor's merits and qualifications, and having full confidence in his integrity and the sincerity of his pledge to adhere to a strict construction of the Constitution, we are constrained to yield to the force and demand of popular sentiment, and become the advocate for the elevation of Major Gen. Zachary Taylor to the office of President in 1848.—*Perry County Standard, Dem.*

ARRIVAL OF COL. FREMONT.—Last evening the steamer Martha arrived from Fort Leavenworth, bringing as passengers Col. Fremont and lady, and twenty three persons of the suite of Col. F. The lady of Col. Fremont met her husband at Kansas landing, on his way to St. Louis.—*St. Louis Reveille.*

We understand that some of the members of the city councils, who made a spirited survey of harbor improvements on Friday, were, on their return, in favor of a bill authorizing the widening of the sidewalks.—*St. Louis Reveille.*

Resolved, That we look upon General Taylor as the second Jackson, who will, ere long, crack hickory nuts, and be Ready to eat them, in the White House at Washington, when his brave soldiers will be hospitally entertained. *Lancaster County, Pa., Dem. Meeting, 28 Aug*

The Taylor meeting held in Union county, Pennsylvania, on the 21st instant, was largely attended. The most of the officers of the meeting were veteran Democrats, whose heads were silvered over with the frosts of many winters, and who left their homes to pay that respect to the brave hero who never lost a battle in defence of his country—and the man of their choice for President of the U. S.—*Harr. Argus.*

A great contest is at hand upon the points we have presented. The North is already peopling California, and the struggle will be to annex free territory. The South, we repeat it, must stand firm. On this point, at least, there must be, and there can be no division of opinion! We must settle this question in such a manner, that the "balance of power" between the States, as at present existing, shall not be interfered with to our prejudice. [*Vicksburg Whig.*

RUNAWAY SLAVES—PURSUER SHOT.—Passengers on the Daniel Boone, report that as five runaway slaves were about to cross the Ohio near Ripley, a Mr. Roberts, in pursuit, seized the rope of the skiff and attempted to prevent them. They ordered him to let go or they would shoot. He disregarded the threat. They fired several pistols, and one ball struck his forehead. He was not dead, but thought to be dying, at the last accounts.—*Cinc. Atlas.*

☞ The Young Men's Whig Committee of New York City have nominated, Mr. Clay for the Presidency.

The Wilmot Proviso.—Mr. Buchanan has come out "flat-footed" against the Wilmot Proviso. We consider this an important move for one standing as he does in the position of a candidate for the Presidency. It will insure him the support of the Southern Democrats; and although it may not be palatable to those of the North, they will swallow it rather than break up the party. Those dignitaries of the same party who are competitors with Mr. Buchanan for the nomination, will probably follow his lead, and in that case the fearful question, which has already begun to excite much uneasiness in the country will drop to the ground by default of issue—for the Whigs as a party will sustain no man who goes for it—not even "Old Zach" himself. It would be worse than fruitless therefore to agitate the question in the next Congress; and the patriotism of one who would lend a hand to do so, may well be doubted. [*Norfolk Herald.*

Judge French, elected to Congress in the 9th district of Kentucky, was president of the late Taylor meeting at Mount Sterling. As we are not aware that he has retracted the political opinions he expressed so strongly upon that occasion, we presume he professes to be for General Taylor still. If he does, why do the Locofoco organs claim him as a Democrat? Do they hold that a man can be a good Democrat and at the same time in favor of General Taylor for the Presidency?—*Prentice.*

DISTRESSING DEATH.—A Mr. Hatch, of this county, charged with being leagued with the Mormons, was notified to leave the county by a certain day. Not departing at the time specified, a number of persons one night of last week, attacked his house. He probably suspected violence, and fired at what he supposed to be the body of one of the assailants seen through a chink of the door. The ball entered the heart of his wife, who could only exclaim, "Pa! you have killed *me!*"—*Keokuk Reg.*

ANOTHER CONVENTION.—The citizens of the Southern part of this State hold a Convention at Bloomfield, in Stoddard county, on Wednesday next, to take measures to drain the swamps which operate to prevent the settlement of that section of Missouri. Delegates have been appointed in almost every county interested, and there can be no doubt that a great deal of information, of a very interesting character, will be elicited. No delegates have been appointed from St. Louis, but some of her citizens will, probably, consent to represent her in the Convention. (St. Louis Rep. 30th ult.

We saw a letter from a volunteer yesterday, addressed to Captain Hay, in which the writer bitterly complained of the War Department's assumption that it could cashier Volunteer officers for sickness-sake. If our volunteers will tamely submit to such treatment, they cannot certainly look for protection to the magnanimity of Mr. Polk and his Cabinet.—Never was there a more detestable injustice perpetrated, than that of drawing such distinctions between the volunteers and regulars, in favor of the latter. (Pittsburg Journal.

Resolved, That we are opposed to the election of a delegate to the next Presidential Convention, by the Carthage Convention because we wish to know who the Democratic candidates for President are, before we appoint our delegate. (Hamilton co. Ohio Democratic meeting, August 25.

Lieut. Col. Fremont arrived in this city on Saturday evening, from Fort Leavenworth. He is under arrest, on charges growing out of conduct in California, and is on his way to Washington, whither he has been ordered. (St. Louis Rep 30th ult.

Ohio Volunteers.—The following companies were mustered into service yesterday at Camp Ohio:—The Chillicothe company, Capt. McGinnis, 93 rank and file—Queen City Cadets, Captain Niles, 90—Columbus company, Captain Latham, 84. *Cincinnati Gazette, 2d inst.*

The following dialogue actually occurred between a clergyman and a small lad;

'Well, my lad, what is your name?'
'My father's name is W—.'
'And where do you live?'
'I live with father.'
'And where does your father live?'
'He lives with mother.'
'And where does your mother live?'
'Oh, she lives where my father does.'
'You little rogue, where do you all live?'
'I know, we live at our house when we are all at home.'

A Lawyer once wrote 'rascal' in the hat of a brother lawyer, who, on discovering it, entered a complaint in open court against the trespasser, who, he said, had not only taken his hat, but had written his own name in it.

☞ A younger brother had espoused an old ill-tempered wife, but extremely rich. He used to say—"Whenever I find my wife cross, and my own temper giving way, I retire to my library and console myself by reading her *marriage settlement.*

NEW FACT IN HISTORY.—An Ohio editor says that he knew Shakspeare when he lived in Pennsylvania, and that his name was not Shakespeare, but Wm Spear—that he afterwards moved into the State of Michigan, caught the fever and ague, and was ever afterwards nick-named *Shake* Speare.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4

The private letters of the steamer came to hand this morning. They are not less favorable than the first published accounts. A good deal of anxiety and apprehension has been felt in reference to the return of bills by the Caledonia, owing to the heavy failures and great money pressure in England. We are glad to learn, however, that no bills of moment drawn in Baltimore, have been returned by this arrival. Our merchants, so far as ascertained, have escaped most fortunately.

The flour market was dull. There were some few buyers of new Howard street at $5,37½, but sellers were not disposed to take it. Holders generally are asking $5 50; the market, however, stands with buyers at $5 37½ and sellers at $5 43¾. A sale of 200 bbls. Patapsco superfine, this morning, $5 75. City Mills generally held at $5 50, though sales were made yesterday at $5 43¾. The receipts of flour are light and the market heavy.

The receipts of Grain moderate. A sale of 1200 bushels red and white Wheat was made on 'change to-day at 100 to 115 cents round. Good to prime reds may be quoted at 108 to 109 cents, and white do 112a116 cents; white for family flour 120 125 cents. Corn is dull, and has declined with sales of about 5,000 bushels white at 63a65 cents; yellow is worth 64a67 cents. Oats 35a38 cents; rye 70 cts.

Provisions and Groceries unchanged—not much doing.

Whiskey 26½a27½ cents per gallon.

Was sold on 'change 1500 bags Rio Coffee at 7¼ cts. and 285 bags do at 7⅞ cts. per lb. [Balt. Patriot.

CITY AFFAIRS,

PETTIBONES. Those of our readers who want to get a first rate article of fuel at cheap prices should go to Mr. Pettibone's extensive yard. See his advertisement. Mr. P. does things in a wholesale way, and is one of our oldest dealers.

WATCH HOUSE.—*Arrested*—Jno. Brown, free colored, found in an uninhabitated house, paid costs and gave security. Wm. Priestman, white, found as above, committed to work house for 30 days. Wm. Rollins, white, brought in for lodging, discharged

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS UP TO 2 P. M.

Coleman's

P M Thompson Va
W Hodges lady and child do
W Knox Ala
H A Leeden N C
Mrs Cerwell N Y
Dr C H Smith Va
G Bradford do
Jas Harris Md
F C Griffith Va
Robt J Brasefield lady and servant Va
Jno H Ewing and lady Pa
Mrs Bell Pa
W Bleakley Geo
J Snider Jr Pa
J Elliot do
Mr Dowling Md
S R Spaulding Mass
Jas Grubb Ky
D Robinson N Y
P Hamilton do
T L Waddel do
Mrs A L Toley La
Miss Toley do
J W Bailey do
F Wharton Sen and servant do
J T Sutton Jr Va
L M Sutliff N C
H L Winton and lady N C
Wm Aye and lady Va
L Fletcher do
W H Peek do
H M Ronald do
G A Butler do
Jno Baskerville do
F M Adams S C
R Edmundson N C
C C Lockett Va
W H Collins Md
Jos R Anderson Tenn
J W Holt Va
Thos B Doe Va
W T Clark do
A C Peachy Washington City
W Taylor La
L Chalbeat do
Mr Topping N Y
H S Dexter do
Thos Smith do

Brown's

A T Gross La
Geo W Dent do
Mr Ashby Va
Miss Dallas Pa
Z Berry Md
M R Dudley La
G M Sadler Ala
T C Craig do
J S Coombs do
Hon Thos Ewing Ohio
Col Jos H Wheat P O Dept
A Cheatham Va
J D Kirby do
A Vail Washington City
G C Vail Wisconsin
Wm Baggett Va
Mr Berry Md
Jas H Bennet Brazil
Gen F H Mosely Ohio
N H S Wayne do
B M Johnson La
D Green Va
Col J M Farran do
W Bibb N C
W J McForral do
Dr Heath do
G W Johnson do
W B Thompson Mass
W R Bitting N C
J M Johnson do
C Alexander do
G S Edwards Md
W W Tinsley Va
Dr B Franklin do
Mr Hanking do
Jno N Swift Geo
W H Stroler N C
J S Barrow do
Wm Douglass Ala
H H Biscoe do
Jas M Toole Tenn
W Sangster do
E Levina do
W W Carter Ala
W Prior N C
Jno M Lisle Pa
E S Haines Ohio
H B Rice S C
W S Lawson Geo

Gadsby's.

J Byle Geo
Wm B Stockleford Md
Master J Orr Geo
D E Diggs Md
Wm B Bristol and son S C
Jas A Tolleers Va
A S Marshall do
Lieut Fitgerald do
J P Barbot La

WINE STORE.

JOHN H. BUTHMANN, Pennsylvania Avenue, south side, between 4½ and 6th streets, has received a lot of Superior Havana Cigars, "Silver" brand, also an Invoice of Claret in Cases and Casks, some of the very highest grade; also Haut Sauterne an Invoice of Sherry and Maderia in Casks, and a lot of fine old whiskey, all of which are offered for sale.
Sept 6—3tif

COAL DEPOT,

Lenox's Wharf, near the Long Bridge.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his patrons and the public that he is receiving daily the above article of its various kinds and qualities, [which will make his present stock equal to any in the District,] consisting of Butler, Red Ash, Pine Knot, Broad Mountain, Clover Hill, suitable for Cooking ranges, radiators, grates, furnaces, etc.

I have had, at considerable expense, my yard planked, and have erected a commodious shed for the preservation of the coal from the dust and weather, and would state to those persons who may obtain their stock of me in the fall that, in case the quanity purchased should be be found not sufficient for the season, [as is the case very frequently,] only a small advance will be made on the price to supply the deficiency.

I would request the citizens generally to call before making their purchases, as I am resolved to dispose of the article at reasonable rates.

N. B. Each load accompanied by the certificate of a sworn weigher.

Orders will be received at the "Butler Coal Office;" Mr. S. E. Massoletti's Drug Store, on Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Coleman's Hotel; or they may be left with Mr. John F. Callan, Drug Store, corner of 7th and E streets; [either of whom will receip for me;] through the post office; or at the Yard, on 13½ street, near the Long Bridge.

sep 6—2aw6w JOHN PETTIBONE.

CHINA, GLASS EARTHEN-WARE, BRITANNIA-WARE SOLAR, OIL & LARD LAMPS, &c. &c., Wholesale and retail, opposite Brown's Hotel, Pennsylvania Avenue.

T. Pursell anxious to reduce his extensive stock of the above articles, will sell at reduced prices for CASH. He solicts a call from his friends and the public generally, at his Store and Warehouse, Pennsylvania Avenue. THOS. PURSELL.
sep 3 d3m

"Smooth and Ready" Paint Shop.

Thankful for small Jobs and grateful for large ones.

W. BERON, PAINTER,

PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, between 9th and 10th street, south side, begs leave to inform the public, that he is prepared to execute the *Painting Business*, in all its various branches, such as *Houses, Signs, Banners, Transparencies, Fire-Screens, Graining Paper Varnishing and Glazing*; which will be attended to in any part of the city, without delay. He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage, and hopes to merit it by good work, close attention to business, and reasonable charges. He is confident that he can work at prices low enough to make it to the interest of all to give him a call.

N. B. I am also prepared to execute all kinds of plain and ornamented Japanning, Bronzing and Gilding, both in wood and metals, also that beautiful finish the WHITE POLISH
sep 3 1y W. BERON.

MASTERS OR MISTRESSES

HAVING a negro-woman Cook, and a negro-woman Nurse to hire, either by the year or by the month, can hear of a good home for them, by addressing A. B. through the Post Office, post-paid, and by stating particulars of disposition, qualifications, price, etc. sep 3 6t*

Agency for Claims.

WASHINGTON, January, 1847.

JOHN UNDERWOOD, late Chief Clerk in the Office of the First Auditor of the Tressury Department, in which he had been employed for thirty years, tenders his services to Collectors of Customs, United States Marshals, Merchants, and others having accounts to settle with any of the Executive Offices or claims on the Government.

For fidelity and prompt attention to any business committed to his charge, he respectfully refers to the following named gentlemen:

Hon. John Reed, Lieut. Gov. of Massachusetts.
Hon. E. Whittlesey, Ohio.
Hon. John Taliaferro, Virginia.
Hon. George Evans, Maine.
Hon. Walter Lowrie, late Secretary U. S. Senate, N. Y.
James W. McCulloh, Esq., First Comptroller of Treasury.
James N. Barker, Esq., late do do do
William Collins, Esq., First Auditor of Treasury.
M. St. Clair Clarke, Esq., late Clerk house of Reps.
Charles Treichel, Esq., Dep Col. Customs Philadelphia.
A. Martin, Esq., late Cashier do do
James H. Raymond, Esq., Austin Texas.

Office on Capitol Hill, second square south of Capitol.
sep 2—1 m

CABINET AND CHAIR MANUFACTORY

TOBIAS N. WOLTZ, *E. street, near the corner of 11th, south side.*—The subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he is now prepared to manufacture CABINET FURNITURE of every description; he will keep constantly in his employ first rate workman, so that all persons who order work from his establishment, can depend on receiving a well made article.

Those who have old Furniture, that they wish to have repaired would do well to give him a call.

He is constantly manufacturing Chairs of every description, and from his long experience in this branch of business, he is confident that he can please the most fastidious. Old Chairs will be repaired and repainted, and with small expense be made to look as well as new.

His terms will be made to suit the times.
aug 30 tf T. N. WOLTZ.

HOUSE FURNISHING AND

CABINET WARE-ROOMS.

RANDOLPH B. REEVES, 8th street, south of the General Post Office, would respectfully invite the attention of his friends, the citizens of Washington and its vicinity, to his stock of Furniture and Housekeeping articles; comprising in part—

Mahogany spring seat Sofas
" rocking and parlor Chairs
" centre, card, and dining Tables
" Bureaus, Sideboards, etc.
" and gilt Frames, Looking-glasses
Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Cribs, Cradles
Shuck, hair and straw Mattresses
Feather Beds, Sacking Bottoms, etc.

ALSO,

Glass, china, stone, earthen, and iron Ware
Knives and Forks, Brushes, and Wooden Ware

With numerous other articles in the Housekeeping line too numerous to mention.

He is prepared to manufacture all kinds of Furniture at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. He flatters himself that from his long experience in the cabinet business, all workmade by him will be done in a faithful and workman-like manner, and give entire satisfaction.

N. B.—Old Furniture, taken in exchange for new, sep 3 may 27 1y

HOUSE FURNISHING WAREROOMS.—We invite the attention of all persons wishing to furnish to our general assortment of goods, consisting of—

Furniture, Hardware, and Cutlery
China, Glass, and Crockery Ware
Plated, Albata, and German Silver ware
Wooden Ware, Willow Ware, Brushes and Brooms

And a great variety of miscellaneous and fancy articles

Girandoles, Lamps, Candlebras, &c.

Our stock embraces all the variety of housekeeping articles, and we pledge ourselves to sell at the very lowest prices for cash, or to punctual customers on time.

Rooms opposite the Centre Market, a few doors east of D. Clagett & Co., up stairs.
aug 28 BOTELER & MCGREGOR.

ROUGH AND READY LINE!!

STEAMBOAT OMNIBUS.

THE Steamboats having resumed their trips at the regularly advertised hours, the subscriber has again placed his Omnibus "ROUGH AND READY" on the route, and will always be found at the Steamboat wharf in Washington on the arrival of the boat from Alexandria, ready to convey passengers to any part of Pennsylvania Avenue, or its vicinity, for 12½ cents.—He will also leave the corner of the Avenue and 6th street, (opposite Coleman's,) at 8½, and 11 A. M., and 1½, 3½, and 5½, P. M., for the purpose of conveying passengers to the boat, at the same charge. He hopes that all in favor of uniform and reasonable charges will give him their uniform support. JEHU W. ELLIOTT.
aug 27 tf

CLOVER HILL COAL.—Just arrived, a cargo of this super or Bituminous Coal, which I am now prepared to deliver to families at a reasonable price. Persons in want of this description of Coal, would do well to call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell low cash. Also, daily expected, a cargo of the Peach Mountain Anthracite coal. WM. E. STUBBS,
12th street, just below Pennsylvania Avenue, east side. aug 27 eo2w

CITY LOTS FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER is authorized to sell the following Property—

Lot No. 145, on 3d street, Georgetown, D. C.
Lot No 11, in Square 16 on 26th street, West, between I and K. streets, Washington City.

JNO. W. BRONAUGH,
General Agent, Bridge street, Georgetown, D. C.
aug 26 2wd

JOHN W. BRONAUGH'S

LOTTERY, EXCHANGE, AND GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE, 6 doors west Union Hotel, Bridge street, Georgetown, D. C. Where all orders will be promptly and confidentially attended to. aug 26 tf

J. H. T. WERNER,

TURNER IN METALS & WOOD.

Canes Dressed and Mounted.

MACHINERY, LAMPS, COMPASSES, &c.

MADE AND REPAIRED.

Louisiana Avenue, between 6th and 7th Streets,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
aug 26

FUBKGER, dealer in Tobacco, Segars and Snuff, Wholesale and Retail, 12th street, between G. and H. aug 20 tf

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARRIAGEY, and all kinds of merchandise bought and sold on commission by W. B. LEWIS.

Having enlarged my store in order to accommodate the above branch of business, I would inform the public that I am now ready to receive consignments for public or private sales.

N. B. Persons having any amount of furniture to dispose of would do well to give me a call, at the clothing and furni