THE EVENING CRITIC.

Fourteenth Year--No. 4,024. | WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1881. | TWO CENTS.

EXCURSIONS.

LAST OPPORTUNITIES to VISIT OCCOQUAN FALLS. The steamer MARY WASHINGTON will leave her wharf for Occoquan on the following days only: Wednesday, Sept. 7; Sunday, Sept. 11; Monday, Sept. 12, and Wednesday, Sept. 14. Tickets, round-trip, 25c. Saturday, Sept. 10, last trip to Mount Vernon Springs. Fare, round-trip, 10c. Music and dancing on all trips except Sunday. se6 E. S. RANDALL, Manager.

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Steamer Lady of the Lake

Leaves Sixth-street wharf

Monday, Wednesday & Friday, 5.30 p. m.

Tickets and Staterooms can be secured at office

ALFRED WOOD, Secretary, my7-h 613 Fifteenth street

The Packet-Boat, Gen. M. C. Meigs, can be chartered at any time for the Great Falls. Apply to JOHN T. SCHRIVENER, Aqueduct Bridge, Georgetown, D. C.

SUMMER RESORTS.

Fauquier White Sulphur Springs HOTEL. This favorite resort will be OPENED JUNE 1st and Closed October 10th. Information as to rooms and terms of board may be obtained until June 1st at the National Hotel, Washington, after June 1st at Fauquier Springs, Va. F. TENNY & CO., Proprietors.

HARDWARE

HARDWARE SPECIALTIES FOR THE SEASON.

25 Feet Hose, Complete, with Nozzle, $2.75

LAWN MOWERS, LAWN SPRINKLERS, WIRE SCREENS, and the Celebrated

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SAM'L R. GITTINGS, 612 PENNA. AVENUE. jy7

LIVERY STABLES.

FADELEY & BRO., 423-24 Eighth Street, bet. D and E n. w. Close Carriages for Weddings, Calls and Receptions. Boarding and Livery Stables.

A. B. KEYES. J. L. SMITH. KEYES & CO., Close Carriages for Weddings, Calls and Receptions. Boarding and Livery Stable. Willard's Hotel Stables, corner 14th and E sts.

ACKER & CO., Stone Dealers, corner North Capitol and E streets, have just received a cargo of building marble from Vermont, sawed into steps, sills, slabs, &c., to suit the trade, and solicit the patronage of builders. This marble will be sold at about half the price usually charged for such material. Liberal discount to trade.

GEO. RYNEAL, JR., Wholesale and Retail Dealer in PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW AND PLATE GLASS LAMP GOODS, ETC. ARTISTS' AND WAX FLOWER MATERIALS. No. 418 Seventh St. N. W., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall. je13 Washington D. C.

T. W. MURPHY, 623 G street n. w. Practical horseshoer, has a full knowledge of the structure and formation of the horse's feet, and with an experience of thirty years in horseshoeing he guarantees to cure all diseases of the foot free of charge. de20

WIRE CLOTH FOR WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS, at F. SCHNEIDER & SON'S, Cor. Eighteenth st. and Pennsylvania avenue.

MAHONEY, THE PAPERHANGER, 315 PENNA. AVE., Capitol Hill, Has on hand all the new designs in Wall Papers, Window shades Picture Frames

ARTHUR B. SMITH, DEALER IN WOOD AND COAL. 611 NEW YORK AVE., Washington, D. C. je13

SPECIAL BULLETIN.

Fall and Winter 1881-82.

THE LATEST STYLES OF

Cloths, Cassimeres & Cheviots

For Fall and Winter Wear are now on our counters.

Suits to Order from - $17.00

Pants to Order from - - 4.50

Fashionable cut and perfect fit guaranteed in all cases. A call is respectfully solicited.

I. HAMBURGER & SONS

615 Pennsylvania Ave.,

UNDER METROPOLITAN HOTEL. sep14

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c., at manufacturers' prices, at D. SHANAHAN'S, 1919 Penna. Ave. sep12

NEW DEPARTURE.

Messrs. FENWICK & GARNER have opened a fine selection of GENT'S FURNISHINGS at 427 Seventh Street, which they are prepared to sell at prices that must give satisfaction to all. We solicit an examination of our goods. se10g

HAND-KNIT ZEPHYR SHAWLS. DAVIS', 1428 NEW YORK AVENUE. sep2

JOB PRINTING.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN JOB PRINTING OFFICE Is the Largest and Most Complete Job Office South of Philadelphia. There is no need of Going Out of the City to get your Printing done. Anything from a Small Card to the Largest Poster Printed in the Best Style of the Art. Prices Reasonable and Work First Class. Estimates Furnished. sep2

J. W. McKNIGHT & CO., 1406 Pa. Ave. Sole Agent D. C. for the Patent WOOD CARPET.

H. HOLLANDER, DEALER IN China, Glassware, and House-Furnishing Goods, 408 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST.

OFFICE OF THE Holman Liver and Ague Pad, RILEY'S BUILDING, Southeast Corner Ninth and E Streets Second Floor.

J. S. SWORMSTEDT, 928 F STREET, Real Estate and Insurance Agent and Broker HOUSES FOR SALE, LOTS FOR SALE, HOUSES FOR RENT, ROOMS FOR RENT. Houses and Lots Wanted for Purchasers. FIRE INSURANCE Placed to Any Amount. General Agent for the Charter Oak Life Insurance Company. New rates and new and desirable plans of insurance. je22

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IF YOU WANT THE VERY BIGGEST Bread buy "OUR NEW SOUTH," it is sure to please. For sale by all first-class Grocers, and wholesale by W. H. TENNEY & SONS, Dealers in Flour, Feed, Corn, Oats, Hay, Straw, &c., CAPITOL MILLS, je1 West Washington, D. C.

NOTICE—PARSONAGES.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, D. C., September 16, 1881. The attention of parties interested is hereby directed to the following act of Congress, approved March 3, 1881: "Be it enacted, &c., That upon the payment on or before the first day of October, 1881, of all taxes and assessments levied since the first day of July, 1874, upon church property used for parsonage purposes in the District of Columbia, all taxes and assessments levied upon said parsonage property prior to said 1st of July, 1874, together with any and all penalties, cost and interest that may have accrued thereon, shall be, and hereby are, remitted and released. Several of these parsonages have paid up and so obtained the benefit of the act. By order of the Commissioners D. C. ROBERT P. DODGE, se19-6t Assessor.

DANCING.—PROFESSOR SHELDON'S classes Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Particulars at hall, 1004 F, or residence, 919 12th st. northwest. se13-6m

THE LAW DEPARTMENT OF THE Howard University will open for the academic year 1881-'82 on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 14, 1881, at 6 p. m. The University has rented for the use of the department the hall formerly occupied as a chapel in the Young Men's Christian Association Building, at the corner of Ninth and D streets northwest. For circulars or further information apply to JAMES S. SMITH, Secretary, se10-6t 520 Eighth st. n. w., Le Droit Building.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF TAXES, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, WASHINGTON, Sept. 6, 1881. Tax-payers are hereby notified that the pamphlet containing the list of unpaid taxes for the year ending June 30, 1881, and other assessments previously due and in arrears, has been printed, and that a copy thereof will be delivered to any tax-payer applying therefor at this office, as provided by Act of Congress approved March 3, 1877. By order of the Commissioners D. C., Attest: JOHN F. COOK, se6-tu,fri,3w Collector Taxes D. C.

DIAMOND-POINTED MACKINNON PEN, the most durable, simply-constructed and best invented, taking precedence of all later imitations. Sold by Geo. R. Herrick, agent, 928 F st. se6

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY.

THE SCHOOL OF LAW Opens for the term of 1881-'82 WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, at 6 o'clock in the evening. Regular course of two years, Fifty Dollars per annum; Post-Graduate course, Twenty-five Dollars. Circulars at Morrison's and Anglim's or apply to WM. H. DENNIS, Secretary, se5-tf 915 F st. n. w., Washington City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE partnership lately subsisting between Henry Petersen and Henry Alschwee, of this city, in the keeping of saloon and bar at the corner of 4½ street and Penna. avenue northwest, under the firm name of "Petersen & Alschwee," was dissolved on the 1st day of September, 1881, by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to said firm are to be received by said Petersen, and all demands on said partnership are to be paid by him, he continuing the business in the future under the firm name and style of "Henry Petersen." HENRY PETERSEN, HENRY ALSCHWEE. My friends and the general public will find me at the old place, cor. 4½ street and Penna. avenue, always ready to minister to them comfort with the choicest of liquors, and the latest and best the market affords. HENRY PETERSEN. se3-eodtf

THE SCHOOL OF MUSIC, [Established 1877.] 707 EIGHTH ST. N. W. Piano, Organ, Voice, Violin, &c. Church organ for practice. au29

GREAT BARGAINS.

TRUNKS AND HARNESS. The largest assortment in the city of fine quality Ladies' Dress, Sole Leathers, Folio, Zinc and Packing Trunks, Ladies' and Men's Satchels and Traveling Bags, Pocketbooks, Shawl Straps, etc., at the established manufactory of K. KNEESSI, 422 SEVENTH ST. N. W., opp. Odd-Fellows' Hall. Over 150 Different Styles and Sizes of Trunks on hand. REPAIRING.—Trunks, Bags and Harness Repaired promptly and thoroughly at low rates by first-class workmen. je20e

SODA WATER 5 CENTS. GRANULATED ICE. WM. B. ENTWISLE'S PHARMACY, Corner Twelfth Street and Pennsylvania Avenue. PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS. je2

FRED'K FREUND, CATERER AND CONFECTIONER, 702 Ninth street n. w. Delicious Ice Cream and Strawberries constantly on hand. ap27

"LA PRINCESS" Is the name of our new 5-CENT CIGAR. It is the Best Cigar yet offered for the money. SICKLE'S CALIFORNIA CIGAR STORE, No. 1011 Penna. Ave., bet. Tenth and Eleventh sts.

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY. LAW DEPARTMENT CATALOGUES are now ready, and may be obtained of the Secretary, W. J. NEWTON, au27-tf 509 Seventh street.

ELECTRICITY, THE WONDERFUL CURATIVE AGENT. DR. WILLIAM HUNTER, No. 1425 New York Avenue, cures Catarrh, Bronchitis, Diseases of Lungs, Liver and Kidneys, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis and all Nervous Complaints. Consultation free mrl-g

STOVES, FURNACES, RANGES, &c. Tin plates, sheetiron work, fireplace stoves, ranges, furnaces repaired. Tin roofing, spouting, and all kinds of tin work promptly attended to. Send your order to B. H. G. BOUIS, 519 Eleventh st. n. w., near F st.

THE CELLULOID TRUSS. That never rusts, never breaks, never wears out, always clean, and can be worn while bathing, is for sale at CHAS. FISCHER'S, 633 Seventh st. northwest. Mrs. Fischer devotes her attention to the wants of lady patrons.

IF YOU WOULD AVOID CHILLS AND Fevers, Ague and Fevers, Bilious Fevers and other diseases incident to the season, take BROWNING'S BITTERS and you will surely escape them. BROWNING'S BITTERS have been in use for over twelve years, and no person was ever known to have chills or bilious fevers while using these Bitters. For sale by druggists and grocers generally. BROWNING & MIDDLETON, PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS, 610 Pennsylvania Avenue.

WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE LADIES to call and examine our fine imported goods. W. T. BALDUS, Pharmacist, Cor. Pennsylvania ave. and Nineteenth street.

J. L. WOLF, M. D., DENTIST, 1210 F STREET NORTHWEST.

SHIRTS! SHIRTS! SHIRTS! A Good Shirt for 50c. A Duvall Shirt for 63c.; finished, 75c. A Wamsutta Shirt for 75c.; finished, 90c. A Plaited Bosom Shirt for 85c.; finished, $1. Shirts to order a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed at S. B. ELLERY & CO.'S, je14 No. 1112 F street northwest.

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PAINTING. HOUSE PAINTING and DECORATIONS Every Variety. Pure Material, Good Work & Moderate Price MACNICHOL, 415 Tenth Street Northwest, next Gas Office.

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KEEP'S SHIRTS, 427 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST, BETWEEN D AND E. O. P. BURDETTE, Sole Agent. 427 SEVENTH ST. NORTHWEST. ly13

Last Night's Extra.

DEAD!

The Light Goes Out.

Death Conquers at Last.

The United States Loses Her Ruler

Mankind Deprived of One of Its Grandest Representatives.

The Death Comes Suddenly at Last

Details of the Event by Telegraph.

ELBERON, N. J., Sept, 10—11 p. m.

The President died at 10:48 o'clock this evening.

THE FATAL hour has come at last and the President of the country is dead. Bulletins to the contrary, he has been maintaining an unequal battle with death ever since the second day of July. It is too late now to discuss the method of his treatment. Authorities differ. Some contend that his life might have been saved by heroic treatment at the outset, but others think that the best possible has been done.

One thing we can rest assured of—the distinguished medical gentlemen called into the case had every earthly motive to save their patient, and would naturally exhaust all the resources of their skill. If they failed, let us charitably attribute it to the severe complications that arose.

The circumstances are sad and melancholy in the extreme. The first lady of the land is widowed while in the heroic act of defying even fate itself. She has battled against what seemed to be a manifest destiny, never losing heart or faith in the President's final recovery. Her confidence has been the pride and wonder of the people, and she will ever hold a warm place in the hearts of her countrymen, as a type of American womanhood that can "Suffer and be strong."

The shock came suddenly as a stroke of lightning. The attendants observed some unfavorable symptoms, and sent for the doctors. Before they could arrive the President was gone. So little reliance had been placed on the messages from the bedside that even the President's sons were not at Long Branch when the fatal hour arrived.

During all these solemn weeks, the country has been tested. Sympathy and patriotism have welled up from every section of the land. Republicanism has stood the strain. As we write there are mourning hearts and tolling bells, but in the language of the lamented dead, "The Government at Washington still lives."

LIKE A STROKE OF LIGHTNING.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 19.—The death of the President came like a stroke of lightning. There was scarcely any warning. About twenty minutes before the event he was found to be suddenly and swiftly sinking. Restoratives were sent for in all speed, and the attendants were summoned.

The Sad Details.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 19—11:21 p. m.—When the watchers found the President sinking they sent for the doctors and for medicines. It was too late. It was in vain. Almost before the full group and the medicine came he had

Breathed His Last.

The correspondents engaged the whole force of carriages and were driven pell-mell to the Elberon. They got there just in time.

In two minutes after this arrival on the stoop, Warren Young came slowly walking over to the hotel from the cottage.

"What's the news?" was asked.

"It's all over," he said.

He was dead. A. J. C.

—A Vermont man claims to have been chased seven miles by a snake forty feet long. They have either poor whisky or poor runners in that State.—*Detroit Free Press.*

—"The skolers tell Me you spel tissick with ph. Sich teachin' As this don't Goo and mus be immediately stopped," wrote an Arkansas school director to one of the teachers in his district.

—Of 689 missionaries in India, 117 are from the United States.

JAMES A. GARFIELD.

Sketch of an Eventful Life.

President James A. Garfield was a man of peculiarly American growth. He was, above all other men this country has produced, a type and example for young men's minds to contemplate and young men's manners to follow and be framed after; for he was himself a young man; boyish in every instinct, save where the calm, calculating power and man's brainwork was necessary, and youthful in the exuberance of splendid physical health and fresh, free spirits.

President Garfield was a typical American. By descent he was one of our most original citizens. His first American ancestor settled in Watertown, Mass., as early

OUR DEAD PRESIDENT.

as 1635. This was Edward Garfield, a native of Tuddington, Essex County—not of Wales as has been generally reported—but of England. He died in 1672. His grandson, Capt. Benjamin Garfield, was quite celebrated locally as a justice of the peace, and the most popular man in his section of the commonwealth. His grandson was the grandfather of the President—Mr. Solomon Garfield. He married Miss Sarah Stimson and removed to Otsego, N. Y. His son Abram was the father of President James A. Garfield.

Abram Garfield was a laboring man, of enormous physical strength, and though quiet and peaceful, was always physically as well as morally the leader of his associates in labor. He married Miss Eliza Ballou, of Mount Monadnock, N. H., and President Garfield was their fourth son, a descendant through the ninth generation of the original settler of the family in America. He was born in Orange, Cuyahoga County, State of Ohio, on the 19th of November, 1831.

A peculiar coincidence in this respect is that "Ruthiel," the celebrated Baltimore astrologist, and correspondent of THE CRITIC and *Capital*, of this city, in making up the horoscope of Garfield on that very day last year, prophesied the assassination, and at the same time predicted the bomb-bursting of the Czar of Russia in the March following.

The father of President Garfield died suddenly from a severe cold. He overworked himself, contracted a sore throat, which proved fatal. The last act of his life—we quote from Mr. A. G. Riddle's life of Garfield—was to say to his wife, "Eliza, I have planted four saplings (referring to his children) in these woods, I leave them in your care." He walked to the window, called his oxen by name, and died.

The blood and social relationship existent between Dr. Boynton and the Garfields arose from the fact: Amos Boynton was the half-brother of Abram Garfield, his father having married a widow lady, and the Garfield and Boynton families grew up together, isolated from others. By neighborhood, education and habits of life they were entirely dependent on each other for society, and grew up almost as one family.

Mrs. Garfield, the mother of the President, was the first tutor that he had, and being a lady of great natural ability and very fairly educated she was exceedingly able and successful. Garfield was not unlike the boys of the present generation. By some accident he got possession of a novel called "The Pirate's Own Book" when quite a lad, and after reading it until he had it by heart he decided that the best course for him to pursue in life was that of a scafaring man. His mother, however, discovered his purpose and prevented it.

Broken up in his first aspirations, Mr. Garfield turned his attention to other pursuits, and of an agricultural order, until he was 16 years of age. He was very precocious, physically as well as mentally, and when scarcely 18 years of age was as large and powerful as on the day that the beastly cur Guiteau fired upon him from behind.

He always had a hankering for marine life, and went to Cleveland to obtain employment as a hand on a schooner. The captain of the boat—drunk and profane—soon ran the boy off the schooner amid oaths and insults. Finding that he could not make a success as a sailor, Garfield turned his attention to canal-boating, and started in life as a driver. On his first trip he fell overboard fourteen times, and, being utterly unable to swim, his escapes were miraculous. Fever and ague settled upon him while canal-boating, and he gave up the scheme, and with what little money he had saved, and contributions from friends, entered the Geauga Seminary, at Chester, Ohio. He was a splendid Latin and Greek scholar, mastering the languages almost without an effort, and strangely enough, for it is rare that a classical scholar is apt at figures, was an excellent mathematician. He went from Chester to Williams College, where he outstripped all competitors, and was as popular as a comrade among the students as he was eminent as an intellectual giant among the professors.

Returning to Ohio he was appointed to a professorship at the Hiram Institute. About this time he began preaching. Politics followed, and in 1859 he was elected to the Ohio Senate. He was then but twenty-eight years of age. He entered when the leaders of slavery had so far changed the forms of resistance to the exercise of their constitutional rights by the Northern people, that the contest would inevitably escape from the forms of political action and assume those of war. It cannot be said that the North were not amply warned in time. But hardly a man of that region, a year later, believed the could be so divided by the single thing of slavery that they could have so misunderstood each other. So it was.

Garfield entered the army when Lincoln called for troops in the three months' service as a lieutenant-colonel. In 1862 he had 1,500 men under his command, and his fight was in Kentucky, where he defeated Humphrey Marshall.

He fought successfully throughout one of the most important campaigns of the war, and won his laurels through his keen capacity as military leader and a daring soldier. The victory at Chickamauga—the Stream of Death—one of the bloodiest combats in the present century, was due to Garfield. He was made a major-general "for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Chickamauga."

About this time James Trowbridge memorialized Garfield in a pleasant little novel, entitled "The Patriot Boy." He left the war for politics at the call of his people, and, at the special solicitation of Mr. Lincoln, was elected to Congress, entering that body in 1863.

President Garfield's ability as an orator and debater is well known. He was powerful in both respects; his language was incisive, terse, and powerful, his manner magnetic and his eloquence grand. Young, powerful and learned he was ever a master orator.

Few men were ever more popular than Garfield; no President was more generally beloved and humane, and the blood that flowed from the assassin's wound served to cement him to the country, enriching the affection the people bore for him and popularizing him to an extent greater than any man within the four corners of the earth had ever been before honored and beloved. It was as universal as the atmosphere that floats about the solid earth.

President Garfield's family consists of his mother, a dear little old lady, to whom he is most devotedly attached. It was a strikingly beautiful sight to see the great, large robust statesman of Sunday mornings walking to the plain little frame Campbellite Church in our city, with his aged mother on his arm, speaking sweet words of tenderness to her. He was her baby, her youngest born, and best-beloved. When the poor old lady heard of the cruel crime, she wept and cried, "Why do they want to kill my baby."

Gen. Garfield was married when quite a young man. His wife was a Miss Lucretia Rudolph, of Ohio, a lady of rare intelligence, grace, manner and graciousness of disposition, and to her much of Garfield's greatness is due. Their family consists of four sons, the eldest almost grown, and one daughter, Miss Mollie, who is about 16 years of age.

One of the most charming features of President Garfield's life was his domestic nature and lovely home disposition. He was a perfectly good man, a devoted husband, and loving father, as he had ever been a loving son. Though at times betrayed into harshness in the heat of political debate and factional fight, he was in heart and at home the purest type of a perfect Christian gentleman, imbued with all the manliness of an honest soul and perfectly balanced intellect.

The published speeches of the late President abound in sentences of peculiar force. The following quotation from Gen. Garfield's speech in Congress on the first anniversary of President Lincoln's death has a special significance just now:

"There are times in the history of men and nations when they stand so near the veil that separates mortals and immortals, time from eternity, and men from their God, that they can almost hear the breathings and feel the pulsations of the heart of the Infinite. Through such a time has this nation passed. When two hundred and fifty thousand brave spirits passed from the field of honor through that thin veil to the presence of God, and when at last its parting folds admitted the martyred President to the company of the dead heroes of the Republic, the nation stood so near the veil that the whispers of God were heard by the children of men. Grief-stricken by His voice, the American people knelt in tearful reverence and made a solemn covenant with God and each other that this nation should be saved from its enemies; that all its glories should be restored, and on the ruins of slavery and treason the temples of freedom and justice should be built and stand forever. It remains for us, consecrated by that great event and under that covenant with God, to keep the faith—to go forward in the great work until it shall be completed. Following the lead of that great man and obeying the high behests of God, let us remember—

"He has sounded forth His trumpet, that shall never call retreat;
He is sifting out the hearts of men before His judgment seat;
Be swift, my soul, to answer Him! be jubilant, my feet;
For God is marching on."

EXTRA

GOD REIGNS!

Clouds and Darkness May Surround Us,

But the Government at Washington Will Live.

The Sad Story from the Sea.

Particulars of the President's Death.

The Scene in the Death Chamber.

General Arthur Takes the Oath of Office.

A Quiet but Impressive Inauguration.

Sorrow and Grief Universal.

Special dispatch to THE EVENING CRITIC.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 20—8:00 a. m.—The flag on Francklyn cottage was hung with crape early this morning, and the same emblem of sorrow is on the Elberon Hotel. Flags on all other buildings are out half mast. Sorrow and grief is universal. Private Secretary Brown and Warren C. Young sat up with the President last night. Mr. Young says.

The President Looks Natural,

but rather thin and emaciated. The family and other attendants retired at 2 a. m. Mrs. and Miss Mollie Garfield bear the blow wonderfully well. They had nerved themselves for it. It came, however, sudden and unexpectedly.

The President Was Conscious

up to half an hour of his death. He complained twice to Gen. Swaim of pain over the heart, and so far as can be learned now,

His Last Words Were:

"Oh, Swaim!" upon saying which he fell into a swoon and passed quietly away. All the family and several of the Cabinet were with him at the time of his death. Mrs. Garfield received messages of condolence from all sources this morning, including one from Queen Victoria.

The Funeral Arrangements

are not quite complete, and are in the hands of a New York undertaker. The remains will be removed to Washington on Wednesday, and lay in the Capitol in state till Friday, when they will be removed to Cleveland, where he will be buried on Sunday. Gen. Arthur is expected here at 11 a. m. Gen. Grant is also coming.

Considerable interest is shown in the result of the autopsy to be held this afternoon. The Government has pre-empted the telegraph wire at Elberon, and all news dispatches have to be sent by messenger to West End, causing delay.

The Question of Holding an Inquest

will be determined by the result of the autopsy, to be held at 3 o'clock.

The Cabinet have been overwhelmed with applications for positions on the jury. Attorney-General MacVeagh was the only member of the Cabinet with the President at the time of his death. The others arrived there immediately after. The special train carrying the Vice-President is detained in New York for Secretary Blaine and Secretary Lincoln, who will accompany him here. Gen. Arthur

Notified the Cabinet

that he took the oath of office before Judge Brady in New York early this morning, and that he would notify them further of his intentions and when he would arrive.

The Garfield Boys.

Harry and James have been summoned from Williams College, and will arrive here to-day.

It has been decided not to send for the President's mother and the younger boys now in Ohio. Dr. Curtis, of Washington, was sent for to make the autopsy, and all the physicians who have been identified with the case, in any of its stages, have been invited to be present and assist at the examination. Dr. Bliss is probably the most dejected individual here. He is overcome with sorrow and disappointment and completely broken down. A. J. C.

The Guards About the Cottage.

Special Dispatch to THE EVENING CRITIC.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 20—10:10—The guards around the President's cottage and the adjoining one, occupied by Private Secretary Brown, have been doubled and no one is allowed to approach them except the doctors and the members of the Cabinet. Active preparations are in progress at each for the

Removal to Washington To-morrow,

and everything is being packed up and boxed for instant removal. John E. Lanning, prosecuting attorney for this corporation, had a conference this morning with the Attorney-General in reference to the proper steps to be taken in reference to the President's death. The funeral arrangements have been placed in charge of Charles A. Benedict, of New York, who arrived here this morning with two assistants. He will not take charge of the body until after the post mortem.

The details have not been arranged and cannot be perfected till after the autopsy.

The Body Embalmed.

The embalmer has taken charge of the body and embalmed it. It is believed that this process will improve his appearance by filling out the tissues and making the face fullea. A. J. C.

Dr. Agnew Not Surprised at the Death.

Special Dispatch to THE EVENING CRITIC.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 20—9:50 a. m.—Dr. Agnew said to a CRITIC reporter that he was not surprised at the death. A person in that depressed condition was liable to die at any moment. He thought that when the President placed his hand over his left breast and said:

"Swaim, Iv'e a Pain Here, Here!"

That he was suffering from a neuralgia attack of the heart, which was followed by a blood clot. In other words, that he died from angina pectoris. Further than this, Dr. Agnew refused to talk about the case. A. J. C.

General Arthur to the Cabinet.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20—8:40 a. m.—General Arthur has sent the following to the Cabinet at Long Branch:

"I have your message announcing the death of President Garfield.

"Permit me to renew through you the expression of sorrow and sympathy which I have already telegraphed to Attorney-General MacVeagh. In accordance with your suggestion

I Have Taken the Oath of Office

as President before the Hon. John R. Brady, a justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York. I will soon advise you further in regard to other suggestions in your telegram.

(Signed) "C. A. ARTHUR."

President Arthur Expected at Long Branch.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 20—8:10 a. m.—It is said that President Arthur will arrive here at 11 o'clock by a special train.

Queen Victoria to Mrs. Garfield.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 20.—The Queen of England cabled Mrs. Garfield at Long Branch as follows:

"Words cannot express the deep sympathy I feel with you at this terrible moment. May God support and comfort you, as He alone can. "THE QUEEN,

September 20, 1881. Balmoral Court."

A Guard of Honor For The Late President.

LONG BRANCH, Sept. 20.—Attorney-General MacVeagh has received the following from Trenton:

Hon. Wayne MacVeagh:

I am directed by Gov. Ludlow to tender you a guard of honor to the remains of President Garfield.

WM. S. STRIKER, *Adjt. Gen.*

Attorney-General MacVeagh answered stating that the offer would probably be accepted.

How Arthur was Inaugurated.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—Gen. Arthur was sworn in at 2:15 o'clock this morning at his house. Two judges of the New York Supreme Court had been sent for, J. R. Brady and Charles Donohue. Judge Brady arrived with Messrs. Rollins and Roat at 1:50, but the ceremony was out of courtesy deferred until Judge Donohue's arrival, at a little after two o'clock, with ex-Commissioner French. On Judge Donohue's arrival

Gen. Arthur Rose from His Seat

in the library and advanced to the front parlor. It is a large room, with large French windows. Oil paintings, by old masters, hang from the ceiling. Dispatches, books, and writing materials were scattered all over the large table that stands in the centre. Gen. Arthur stood behind this table, facing the window. He had regained his composure; his eye was clear, and his manner dignified. The gas in the library was burning dimly, and his fine, tall form stood out grandly from the dark background. Old allegorical pictures loomed out from the darkness. Pictures of conquests and of triumphs, of defeats and of despairs, and above all was a white marble bust of Henry Clay.

Judge Brady stood on the other side of the table, facing Gen. Arthur. Grouped around the two men were Judge Donohue, Elihu Root, Commissioner French, and Daniel G. Rollins and Gen. Arthur's son. Judge Brady slowly advanced a step and raised his right hand. Gen. Arthur did likewise.

A Moment of Impressive Silence Followed.

Gen. Arthur's features were almost fixed. Then Judge Brady administered the oath, Gen. Arthur speaking in a clear, ringing voice: "I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States." After this he remained standing a moment longer, his hand still raised. No one spoke, nor did the President afterward give expression to any emotion. Up to 3 o'clock he had not decided when to leave the city for Washington.

The Last Sad Scenes.

When the end came last night Dr. Boynton was at the Elberon, and was suddenly summoned from an interview with a reporter. The interview was being held in the main room of the Elberon, at a table likely to become historical, and on which, an hour before the death, Attorney-General MacVeagh had written the last uncertain evening bulletin to Minister Lowell. Dr. Boynton had not changed his opinion as to the President's chances, and was saying so at the moment he was summoned to the death bed. The hotel was almost deserted and he and the reporter were alone. The doctor reiterated his opinion of the morning, and even strengthened it somewhat, although it is the opinion which he had freely expressed for days, and for expressing which, something more than rumor says, fault was found. Allusions had been made to the fact, as stated by all the physicians, that the afternoon and evening had been spent quietly by the President, and Dr. Boynton said: "I do not, under the circumstances, regard the quiet and comfortable evening

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